1	PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATION
2	LICENSING ACT
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
6	Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies provisions related to the Insurance Code and Occupations and
11	Professions to change the regulation of professional employer organizations from
12	registration under the Division of Occupations and Professional Licensing to licensure
13	under the Insurance Department.
14	Highlighted Provisions:
15	This bill:
16	<ul> <li>repeals the Professional Employer Organization Registration Act;</li> </ul>
17	• enacts the Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act, including:
18	• defining terms;
19	<ul> <li>addressing the duties of the Insurance Department, including rulemaking;</li> </ul>
20	<ul> <li>providing for confidentiality of certain information;</li> </ul>
21	<ul> <li>outlining enforceable rights and obligations in a coemployment relationship;</li> </ul>
22	<ul> <li>discussing covered employees;</li> </ul>
23	<ul> <li>outlining rights and obligations affected or unaffected by the act;</li> </ul>
24	<ul> <li>establishing financial requirements;</li> </ul>
25	<ul> <li>addressing issues such as insurance, taxation, benefit plans, workers'</li> </ul>
26	compensation, unemployment compensation insurance, and employment related
27	economic incentives;



28	• imposing licensing requirements and procedures, including grandfathering; and
29	<ul> <li>providing for enforcement; and</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming amendments.</li> </ul>
31	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
36	AMENDS:
37	34A-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 295
38	34A-2-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 71
39	35A-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 22
40	<b>49-12-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 260
41	<b>49-13-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 260
42	ENACTS:
43	<b>31A-40-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
44	<b>31A-40-102</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
45	<b>31A-40-103</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
46	<b>31A-40-104</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
47	<b>31A-40-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
48	<b>31A-40-202</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	<b>31A-40-203</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	<b>31A-40-204</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	<b>31A-40-205</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	<b>31A-40-206</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	<b>31A-40-207</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	<b>31A-40-208</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	<b>31A-40-209</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	<b>31A-40-210</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	<b>31A-40-211</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	<b>31A-40-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

59	<b>31A-40-302</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	<b>31A-40-303</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	<b>31A-40-304</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
62	<b>31A-40-305</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
63	<b>31A-40-306</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
64	<b>31A-40-401</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
65	<b>31A-40-402</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	REPEALS:
67	58-59-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 260
68	58-59-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 134
69	58-59-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 260
70	<b>58-59-302</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 134
71	58-59-302.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 134
72	58-59-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 260
73	58-59-303.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 134
74	58-59-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 134
75	58-59-306.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 134
76	58-59-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 102
77	58-59-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 131 and 260
78 70	<b>58-59-503</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 260
79 80	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
81	Section 1. Section 31A-40-101 is enacted to read:
82	CHAPTER 40. PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATION LICENSING ACT
83	Part 1. General Provisions
84	31A-40-101. Title.
85	This chapter is known as the "Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act."
86	Section 2. Section 31A-40-102 is enacted to read:
87	31A-40-102. Definitions.
88	As used in this chapter:
89	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), "administrative fee" means a fee

90	charged to a client by a professional employer organization for a professional employer service.
91	(b) "Administrative fee" does not include an amount or a fee received by a professional
92	employer organization that is:
93	(i) compensation of a covered employee;
94	(ii) a benefit for a covered employee;
95	(iii) a payroll-related tax;
96	(iv) an unemployment insurance contribution;
97	(v) withholding of compensation for a covered employee;
98	(vi) a workers' compensation premium; or
99	(vii) another assessment paid by a professional employer organization to or on behalf
100	of a covered employee under a professional employer agreement.
101	(2) "Assurance organization" means a person designated as an assurance organization
102	in accordance with Section 31A-40-303.
103	(3) "Client" means a person who enters into a professional employer agreement with a
104	professional employer organization.
105	(4) "Coemployer" means:
106	(a) a client; or
107	(b) a professional employer organization.
108	(5) "Coemployment relationship" means a relationship:
109	(a) that is intended to be ongoing rather than a temporary or project specific
110	relationship; and
111	(b) wherein the rights and obligations of an employer that arise out of an employment
112	relationship are allocated between coemployers pursuant to:
113	(i) a professional employer agreement; or
114	(ii) this chapter.
115	(6) Notwithstanding Section 31A-1-301, "controlling person" means a person who,
116	individually or acting in concert with one or more persons, owns, directly or indirectly, 10% or
117	more of the equity interest in a professional employer organization.
118	(7) "Covered employee" means an individual who has a coemployment relationship
119	with a client and a professional employer organization if the conditions of Section 31A-40-203
120	are met.

121	(8) (a) "Employment related economic incentive" means:
122	(i) (A) a credit against or exemption from taxes due the state or a political subdivision
123	of the state; or
124	(B) an economic inducement, including a loan or a grant; and
125	(ii) if the credit, exemption, or economic inducement described in Subsection (8)(a)(i):
126	(A) is offered by the state or a political subdivision of the state; and
127	(B) has an eligibility requirement that relates in whole or in part to employment
128	including:
129	(I) the number of employees; or
130	(II) the nature of the employment.
131	(9) "Guarantee" means to assume an obligation of another person if that person fails to
132	meet the obligation.
133	(10) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this chapter.
134	(11) "Professional employer agreement" means a written contract by and between a
135	client and a professional employer organization that provides for:
136	(a) the coemployment of a covered employee;
137	(b) with respect to a covered employee, the allocation of a right or obligation of an
138	employer between:
139	(i) the client; and
140	(ii) the professional employer organization; and
141	(c) the assumption of the obligations imposed by this chapter by:
142	(i) the client; or
143	(ii) the professional employer organization.
144	(12) (a) Subject to Subsection (12)(b), "professional employer organization" means a
145	person engaged in the business of providing a professional employer service.
146	(b) "Professional employer organization" does not include:
147	(i) a person that:
148	(A) does not:
149	(I) have as a principal business activity the entering into of a professional employer
150	arrangement; or
151	(II) hold the person out as a professional employer organization; and

152	(B) shares an employee with a commonly owned company within the meaning of
153	Internal Revenue Code, Sections 414(b) and (c);
154	(ii) an independent contractor arrangement by which a person:
155	(A) assumes responsibility for the product produced or service performed by the person
156	or the person's agent; and
157	(B) retains and exercises primary direction and control over the work performed by an
158	individual whose service is supplied under the independent contractor arrangement; or
159	(iii) a person providing temporary help service.
160	(13) "Professional employer organization group" means two or more professional
161	employer organizations that are majority owned or commonly controlled or directed by the
162	same one or more persons.
163	(14) "Professional employer service" means the service of entering into a
164	coemployment relationship under this chapter under which all or a majority of the employees
165	who provide a service to a client, or a division or work unit of a client, are covered employees.
166	(15) "Qualified actuary" means an individual who:
167	(a) is a member in good standing of a professional actuarial accreditation organization
168	designated by the department by rule;
169	(b) is qualified to sign a statement of actuarial opinion or annual statement for a
170	professional employer organization in accordance with the qualification standards for an
171	actuary signing an opinion or annual statement as provided by the professional actuarial
172	accreditation organization designated under Subsection (15)(a);
173	(c) is familiar with the valuation requirements applicable to a professional employer
174	organization;
175	(d) has not been found by the commissioner, or if so found has subsequently been
176	reinstated as a qualified actuary, following appropriate notice and hearing to have:
177	(i) violated a provision of, or an obligation imposed by, statute or other law in the
178	course of the actuary's dealings as a qualified actuary;
179	(ii) been found guilty of a fraudulent or dishonest practice;
180	(iii) demonstrated the actuary's incompetency, lack of cooperation, or
181	untrustworthiness to act as a qualified actuary;
182	(iv) submitted to the commissioner during the past five years, pursuant to this rule, an

183	actuarial opinion or memorandum that the commissioner rejected because it did not meet the
184	provisions of rule; or
185	(v) resigned or been removed as an actuary within the past five years as a result of an
186	act or omission indicated in an adverse report on examination or as a result of failure to adhere
187	to a generally acceptable actuarial standard; and
188	(e) has not failed to notify the commissioner of an action taken by any commissioner of
189	another state similar to that under Subsection (15)(d).
190	(16) "Temporary help service" means a service consisting of a person:
191	(a) recruiting and hiring the person's own employee;
192	(b) finding another person that wants the services of that employee;
193	(c) assigning the employee to:
194	(i) perform services at or for the other person to support or supplement the other
195	person's employees;
196	(ii) provide assistance in a special work situation such as:
197	(A) an employee absence;
198	(B) a skill shortage; or
199	(C) a seasonal workload; or
200	(iii) perform a special assignment or project; and
201	(d) customarily reassigning the employee to another organization when the employee
202	finishes an assignment.
203	(17) "Working capital" means the current assets minus the current liabilities of a
204	professional employer organization determined in accordance with generally accepted
205	accounting principles.
206	Section 3. Section 31A-40-103 is enacted to read:
207	31A-40-103. Duties of the commissioner.
208	(1) (a) The commissioner shall maintain a list of professional employer organizations
209	that are licensed under this chapter.
210	(b) The commissioner shall make the list required by this Subsection (1) available to
211	the public by electronic or other means.
212	(2) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
213	commissioner:

214	(a) shall make rules to prescribe the requirements for forms required under this chapter;
215	<u>and</u>
216	(b) may make rules to prescribe the requirements for the review and submission of a
217	financial statement under Section 31A-40-305:
218	(i) that are consistent with generally accepted accounting principles; and
219	(ii) including the timeliness of a financial statement.
220	(3) A rule in effect on May 5, 2008 under the repealed Title 58, Chapter 59,
221	Professional Employer Organization Registration Act, shall be:
222	(a) renumbered as a rule made under this chapter; and
223	(b) remain in effect until such time as the commissioner modifies or repeals the rule.
224	(4) The commissioner shall report to the Business and Labor Committee by no later
225	than the November 2009 interim meeting as to whether the commissioner recommends that the
226	working capital requirements of Section 31A-40-205 be modified.
227	Section 4. Section <b>31A-40-104</b> is enacted to read:
228	31A-40-104. Confidentiality Cooperation with other agencies.
229	(1) Notwithstanding Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
230	Management Act, and except as provided in Subsection (2), (3), or (4), the commissioner or
231	department may not disclose information obtained from a professional employer organization
232	under this chapter.
233	(2) The commissioner or department may disclose information on an aggregate basis
234	that does not identify an individual professional employer organization or client.
235	(3) The commissioner or department may disclose information obtained from a
236	professional employer organization under this chapter to a government entity if the government
237	entity requires the information to perform the government entity's duties.
238	(4) (a) The commissioner shall coordinate the commissioner's administration of this
239	chapter and share information with:
240	(i) the Department of Workforce Services;
241	(ii) the Labor Commission; and
242	(iii) the State Tax Commission.
243	(b) An agency listed in Subsection (4)(a) shall treat the information obtained under this
244	section as confidential unless disclosure of the information is required in accordance with:

245	(i) this title; or
246	(ii) Title 63, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
247	Section 5. Section 31A-40-201 is enacted to read:
248	Part 2. Coemployment Relationship and Professional Employer Services
249	31A-40-201. Enforceable rights and obligations.
250	(1) In a coemployment relationship under a professional employer agreement:
251	(a) a professional employer organization:
252	(i) may only enforce a right of an employer that is specifically allocated to the
253	professional employer organization under the professional employer agreement or this chapter;
254	<u>and</u>
255	(ii) is subject only to an obligation of an employer specifically allocated to the
256	professional employer organization by the professional employer agreement or this chapter;
257	<u>and</u>
258	(b) a client:
259	(i) may enforce a right of an employer:
260	(A) allocated to the client in the professional employer agreement or this chapter; or
261	(B) not specifically allocated to the professional employer organization under the
262	professional employer agreement or this chapter; and
263	(ii) is subject to an obligation of an employer:
264	(A) allocated to the client by the professional employer agreement or this chapter; or
265	(B) not specifically allocated to a professional employer organization by the
266	professional employer agreement or this chapter.
267	(2) A right or obligation of a professional employer organization as a coemployer of a
268	covered employee is limited to a right or obligation arising pursuant to the professional
269	employer agreement and this chapter during the term of coemployment of the covered
270	employee by the professional employer organization.
271	Section 6. Section 31A-40-202 is enacted to read:
272	31A-40-202. Professional employer agreement Specific responsibilities.
273	(1) Except as specifically provided in this chapter, a coemployment relationship
274	between a client and a professional employer organization, and between each coemployer and a
275	covered employee, is governed by a professional employer agreement.

276	(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2), unless a professional employer organization
277	expressly agrees to assume liability for the payment in a professional employer agreement, the
278	term "compensation to a covered employee" does not include an obligation between a client
279	and a covered employee for a payment beyond or in addition to the covered employee's salary,
280	draw, or regular rate of pay, such as:
281	(i) a bonus;
282	(ii) a commission;
283	(iii) severance pay;
284	(iv) deferred compensation;
285	(v) profit sharing; or
286	(vi) pay for vacation, sick, or other paid time off.
287	(b) A professional employer agreement shall include the following:
288	(i) the allocation of a right or obligation consistent with Section 31A-40-201;
289	(ii) a requirement that the professional employer organization shall:
290	(A) pay compensation to a covered employee; and
291	(B) withhold, collect, report, and remit one or more of the following:
292	(I) a payroll-related tax; and
293	(II) an unemployment insurance contribution; and
294	(C) to the extent that the professional employer organization assumes responsibility in
295	the professional employer agreement, make payments for an employee benefit of a covered
296	employee;
297	(iii) that the professional employer organization has a right to hire, discipline, or
298	terminate a covered employee to the extent necessary to fulfill the professional employer
299	organization's obligations under the professional employer agreement and this chapter;
300	(iv) that the client has a right to hire, discipline, and terminate a covered employee; and
301	(v) the responsibility of the client or professional employer organization related to
302	obtaining workers' compensation coverage for a covered employee in a manner consistent with
303	Section 31A-40-209.
304	(3) A professional employer organization shall provide written notice to a covered
305	employee of the general nature of the coemployment relationship between and among the
306	professional employer organization, the client, and the covered employee.

307	(4) (a) Except to the extent otherwise expressly provided by the professional employer
308	agreement:
309	(i) a client is solely responsible for the quality, adequacy, or safety of a good or service
310	produced or sold in the client's business;
311	(ii) a client is solely responsible for directing, supervising, training, and controlling the
312	work of a covered employee with respect to:
313	(A) a business activity of the client;
314	(B) the discharge of a fiduciary responsibility of the client; or
315	(C) compliance with a licensure, registration, or certification requirement applicable to
316	the client or to the covered employee;
317	(iii) a client is solely responsible for an act, error, or omission of a covered employee
318	with regard to a circumstance described in Subsection (4)(a)(ii);
319	(iv) a client is not liable for an act, error, or omission of:
320	(A) a professional employer organization; or
321	(B) a covered employee, if the covered employee is acting under the express direction
322	and control of the professional employer organization; and
323	(v) a professional employer organization is not liable for an act, error, or omission of:
324	(A) a client; or
325	(B) a covered employee, if the covered employee is acting under the express direction
326	and control of the client.
327	(b) This Subsection (4) may not be interpreted to limit a contractual liability or
328	obligation specifically provided in a professional employer agreement.
329	(c) (i) Unless the conditions of Subsection (4)(c)(ii) are met, a covered employee is not,
330	solely as the result of being a covered employee of a professional employer organization, an
331	employee of the professional employer organization for purposes of one or more of the
332	following carried by the professional employer organization:
333	(A) general liability insurance;
334	(B) a fidelity bond;
335	(C) a surety bond;
336	(D) an employer liability that is not covered by workers' compensation; or
337	(E) liquor liability insurance.

338	(ii) A covered employee is considered an employee of the professional employer
339	organization for a purpose described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) if the covered employee is included
340	by specific reference for that purpose in:
341	(A) the professional employer agreement; and
342	(B) a prearranged employment contract, insurance contract, or bond.
343	Section 7. Section 31A-40-203 is enacted to read:
344	31A-40-203. Covered employee.
345	(1) (a) An individual is a covered employee of a professional employer organization if
346	the individual is coemployed pursuant to a professional employer agreement subject to this
347	chapter.
348	(b) An individual who is a covered employee under a professional employer agreement
349	is a covered employer, whether or not the professional employer organization provides the
350	notice required by Subsection 31A-40-202(3), the earlier of the day on which:
351	(i) the employee is first compensated by the professional employer organization; or
352	(ii) the client notifies the professional employer organization of a new hire.
353	(2) An individual who is an officer, director, shareholder, partner, or manager of a
354	client is a covered employee:
355	(a) to the extent that the client and the professional employer organization expressly
356	agree in the professional employer agreement that the individual is a covered employee;
357	(b) if the conditions of Subsection (1) are met; and
358	(c) if the individual acts as an operational manager or performs day-to-day an
359	operational service for the client.
360	Section 8. Section 31A-40-204 is enacted to read:
361	31A-40-204. Rights and obligations unaffected Licensed, registered, or certified
362	occupations or professions.
363	(1) This chapter does not and a professional employer agreement may not affect,
364	modify, or amend a:
365	(a) collective bargaining agreement; or
366	(b) right or obligation of a client, professional employer organization, or covered
367	employee under:
368	(i) the federal National Labor Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 151 et seq.;

369	(ii) the federal Railway Labor Act, 45 U.S.C. Sec. 151 et seq.; or
370	(iii) a state law similar to a federal law described in this Subsection (1)(b).
371	(2) (a) A professional employer agreement may not:
372	(i) diminish, abolish, or remove a right of a covered employee to a client or an
373	obligation of the client to a covered employee that exists on or before the day on which the
374	professional employer agreement takes effect;
375	(ii) affect, modify, or amend a contractual relationship or restrictive covenant between
376	a covered employee and a client in effect on the day on which the professional employer
377	agreement takes effect; or
378	(iii) prohibit or amend a contractual relationship or restrictive covenant that is entered
379	into between a covered employee and a client after the day on which the professional employer
380	agreement takes effect.
381	(b) A professional employer organization is not responsible or liable in connection
382	with, or arising out of, a contractual relationship or restrictive covenant described in Subsection
383	(2)(a) unless the professional employer organization specifically agrees to be responsible in
384	writing.
385	(3) This chapter does not and a professional employer agreement may not create an
386	enforceable right of a covered employee against a professional employer organization that is
387	not specifically provided by the professional employer agreement or this chapter.
388	(4) (a) Except as provided in this Subsection (4), this chapter does not and a
389	professional employer agreement may not affect, modify, or amend a state, local, or federal
390	license, registration, or certification requirement applicable to a client or a covered employee.
391	(b) If a covered employee is required by federal or state law to be licensed, registered,
392	or certified, the covered employee is considered to be solely an employee of the client for
393	purposes of the license, registration, or certification requirement.
394	(c) A professional employer organization is not considered to engage in an activity that
395	is subject to licensing, registration, or certification by a local, state, or federal government or is
396	regulated by a local, state, or federal government solely by entering into or maintaining a
397	coemployment relationship with a covered employee who is:
398	(i) subject to licensing, registration, or certification; or
399	(ii) regulated by the local, state, or federal government.

400	(d) A client has the sole right to direct or control a professional, licensed, registered, or
401	certified activity of:
402	(i) a covered employee; and
403	(ii) the client's business.
404	(e) Notwithstanding this chapter, a covered employee and client remain subject to
405	regulation by the local, state, or federal government responsible for licensing, registration, or
406	certification of the covered employee or client.
407	Section 9. Section <b>31A-40-205</b> is enacted to read:
408	31A-40-205. Financial capability.
409	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (4), as of the day a person applies for
410	licensure or renewal of a license and at all times while licensed, a professional employer
411	organization or collectively a professional employer organization group shall:
412	(a) have at least \$100,000 in working capital as determined by generally accepted
413	accounting principles; or
414	(b) provide to the commissioner one of the following in an amount equal to or greater
415	than an amount calculated by subtracting the amount of working capital of the professional
416	employer organization or professional employer organization group from \$100,000:
417	(i) a bond;
418	(ii) an irrevocable letter of credit;
419	(iii) one or more credits or securities as determined by the market value of the credits
420	or securities; or
421	(iv) a combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iii).
422	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the license of a professional employer
423	organization or professional employer organization group terminates 180 days from the day on
424	which the commissioner finds that the professional employer organization has less than
425	\$100,000 in working capital, unless the professional employer organization or professional
426	employer organization group eliminates the deficiency within 180 days of the day on which the
427	commissioner makes the finding.
428	(b) During the 180-day period described in Subsection (2)(a), the professional
429	employer organization or professional employer organization group shall submit quarterly to
430	the commissioner:

431	(1) a quarterly financial statement; and
432	(ii) an attestation that:
433	(A) is signed by:
434	(I) the chief executive officer or a controlling person of the professional employer
435	organization; or
436	(II) for a professional employer organization group, the chief executive officer or chief
437	financial officer of each member of the professional employer organization group; and
438	(B) states that all of the following are paid for a covered employee when due by the
439	professional employer organization or each member of the professional employer organization
440	group:
441	(I) compensation;
442	(II) a benefit;
443	(III) a payroll-related tax;
444	(IV) an unemployment insurance contribution;
445	(V) withholding of compensation for a covered employee;
446	(VI) workers' compensation premium; or
447	(VII) another assessment paid by a professional employer organization to or on behalf
448	of a covered employee under a professional employer agreement.
449	(c) The license of a professional employer organization or professional employer
450	organization group terminates on the day on which the commissioner finds that the professional
451	employer organization:
452	(i) has negative working capital; and
453	(ii) (A) is incapable of continued operations; or
454	(B) poses an immediate threat to the public welfare.
455	(3) A bond, letter of credit, or security described in Subsection (1) shall:
456	(a) be held as designated by the commissioner; and
457	(b) secure payment by the professional employer organization or the professional
458	employer organization group of the following payments or other entitlements due to or with
459	respect to a covered employee, if the professional employer organization or each member of the
460	professional employer organization group does not make a payment when due:
461	(i) compensation of a covered employee;

462	(ii) a benefit for a covered employee;
463	(iii) payroll-related taxes;
464	(iv) unemployment insurance contributions; and
465	(v) workers' compensation premiums.
466	(4) A professional employer organization is exempt from this section if the
467	professional employer organization is licensed:
468	(a) through an assurance organization in accordance with Section 31A-40-303; or
469	(b) under this chapter with a small operation license in accordance with Section
470	31A-40-304.
471	Section 10. Section 31A-40-206 is enacted to read:
472	31A-40-206. Professional employer service not insurance.
473	(1) A professional employer organization licensed under this chapter is not considered
474	engaged in the sale of insurance or as acting as a third party administrator when the
475	professional employer organization engages in one or more of the following with respect to a
476	professional employer service:
477	(a) offering:
478	(b) marketing;
479	(c) selling;
480	(d) administering; or
481	(e) providing.
482	(2) Subsection (1) applies to a professional employer service that includes an employee
483	benefit plan for a covered employee.
484	Section 11. Section <b>31A-40-207</b> is enacted to read:
485	31A-40-207. Taxation.
486	(1) (a) A covered employee whose service is subject to a sales or use tax under Title
487	59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, is considered the employee of the client for purposes of
488	imposing and collecting the sales or use tax on the service performed by the covered employee.
489	(b) This chapter may not be interpreted to relieve a client of a sales or use tax liability
490	with respect to a good or service of the client.
491	(2) (a) If the amount of a tax or fee described in Subsection (2)(b) is determined on the
492	basis of the gross receipts of a professional employer organization, only an administrative fee

493	collected by the professional employer organization is considered gross receipts.
494	(b) This Subsection (2) applies to:
495	(i) a tax on a professional employer service;
496	(ii) a business license fee; or
497	(iii) another fee or charge.
498	(3) A taxing entity shall assess a tax assessed on a per capita or per employee basis:
499	(a) on a client for a covered employee; and
500	(b) on the professional employer organization for an employee of the professional
501	employer organization who is not a covered employee coemployed with a client.
502	(4) If a tax is imposed or calculated on the basis of total payroll, the professional
503	employer organization is eligible to apply a small business allowance or exemption available to
504	the client for a covered employee for the purpose of computing the tax.
505	Section 12. Section 31A-40-208 is enacted to read:
506	31A-40-208. Benefit plan.
507	(1) A client and a professional employer organization licensed under this chapter shall
508	each be considered an employer for purposes of sponsoring a retirement or welfare benefit plan
509	for a covered employee.
510	(2) A fully insured welfare benefit plan offered to a covered employee of a single
511	professional employer organization licensed under this chapter:
512	(a) is to be treated as a single employer welfare benefit plan for purposes of this title
513	and rules made under this title;
514	(b) may not be considered an employer welfare fund or plan, as described in Section
515	31A-13-101; and
516	(c) the single professional employer organization that sponsors the fully insured
517	welfare plan is exempt from the registration requirements under this title for:
518	(i) an insurance provider; or
519	(ii) an employer welfare fund or plan.
520	(3) For purposes of Chapter 30, Individual, Small Employer, and Group Health
521	Insurance Act:
522	(a) a professional employer organization licensed under this chapter is considered the
523	employer of a covered employee; and

524	(b) all covered employees of one or more clients participating in a health benefit plan
525	sponsored by a single professional employer organization licensed under this chapter are
526	considered employees of that professional employer organization.
527	(4) A professional employer organization licensed under this chapter may offer to a
528	covered employee a health benefit plan that is not fully insured by an authorized insurer, only
529	<u>if:</u>
530	(a) the professional employer organization has operated as a professional employer
531	organization for at least one year before the day on which the professional employer
532	organization offers the health benefit plan; and
533	(b) the health benefit plan:
534	(i) is administered by a third-party administrator licensed to do business in this state;
535	(ii) holds all assets of the health benefit plan, including participant contributions, in a
536	trust account;
537	(iii) has and maintains reserves that are sound for the health benefit plan as determined
538	by an actuary who:
539	(A) uses generally accepted actuarial standards of practice; and
540	(B) is an independent qualified actuary, including not being an employee or covered
541	employee of the professional employer organization;
542	(iv) provides written notice to a covered employee participating in the health benefit
543	plan that the health benefit plan is self-insured or is not fully insured; and
544	(v) consents to an audit:
545	(A) on a random basis; or
546	(B) upon a finding of a reasonable need by the commissioner.
547	(5) The cost of an audit described in Subsection (4)(b)(v) shall be paid by the
548	sponsoring professional employer organization.
549	(6) A plan of a professional employer organization described in Subsection (4) that is
550	not fully insured:
551	(a) is subject to the requirements of this section; and
552	(b) is not subject to another licensure or approval requirement of this title.
553	Section 13. Section <b>31A-40-209</b> is enacted to read:
554	31A-40-209. Workers' compensation.

555	(1) In accordance with Section 34A-2-103, a client is responsible for securing workers'
556	compensation coverage for a covered employee.
557	(2) Subject to the requirements of Section 34A-2-103, if a professional employer
558	organization obtains or assists a client in obtaining workers' compensation insurance pursuant
559	to a professional employer agreement:
560	(a) the professional employer organization shall ensure that the client maintains and
561	provides workers' compensation coverage for a covered employee in accordance with
562	Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and rules of the Labor Commission, made in accordance with
563	Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
564	(b) the workers' compensation coverage may show the professional employer
565	organization as the named insured through a multiple coordinated policy, if:
566	(i) the client is shown as an insured by means of an endorsement for each individual
567	client;
568	(ii) the experience modification of a client is used; and
569	(iii) the insurer files the endorsement with the Division of Industrial Accidents as
570	directed by a rule of the Labor Commission, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a,
571	<u>Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;</u>
572	(c) at the termination of the professional employer agreement, if requested by the
573	client, the insurer shall provide the client records regarding the loss experience related to
574	workers' compensation insurance provided to a covered employee pursuant to the professional
575	employer agreement; and
576	(d) the insurer shall notify a client if the workers' compensation coverage for the client
577	<u>is terminated.</u>
578	(3) In accordance with Section 34A-2-105, the exclusive remedy provisions of Section
579	34A-2-105 apply to both the client and the professional employer organization under a
580	professional employer agreement regulated under this chapter.
581	(4) Notwithstanding the other provisions in this section, an insurer may choose whether
582	to issue:
583	(a) a policy for a client; or
584	(b) a multiple coordinated policy with the client shown as an additional insured by
585	means of an individual endorsement.

586	Section 14. Section <b>31A-40-210</b> is enacted to read:
587	31A-40-210. Unemployment compensation insurance.
588	(1) For purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act, a covered
589	employee of a professional employer organization licensed under this chapter is considered the
590	employee of the professional employer organization.
591	(2) The professional employer organization described in Subsection (1) shall pay a
592	contribution, penalty, or interest required under Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security
593	Act, on wages, as defined in Section 35A-4-208, paid by the professional employer
594	organization to the covered employee during the term of the professional employer agreement.
595	(3) A professional employer organization shall report and pay a required contribution
596	to the unemployment compensation fund when due using the state employer account number
597	and the contribution rate of the professional employer organization.
598	(4) Unless a client is otherwise eligible for an experience rating, the Unemployment
599	Insurance Division of the Department of Workforce Services shall treat a client as a new
600	employer without a previous experience record beginning on the day on which:
601	(a) a professional employer agreement between the client and a professional employer
602	organization terminates; or
603	(b) the professional employer organization fails to submit a report or make a tax
604	payment when due as required by this chapter.
605	Section 15. Section 31A-40-211 is enacted to read:
606	31A-40-211. Employment related economic incentives Employment information
607	Client's status.
608	(1) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, for purposes of determining
609	eligibility for an employment related economic incentive, a covered employee is considered
610	only an employee of the client.
611	(2) (a) If eligibility for an employment related economic incentive relates to a covered
612	employee, the client is entitled to the employment related economic incentive if the client is
613	otherwise eligible for the employment related economic incentive.
614	(b) A professional employer organization is not eligible for an employment related
615	economic incentive described in Subsection (2)(a).
616	(3) If eligibility for or the amount of an employment related economic incentive is

01/	determined on the basis of the number of employees, a cheft is treated as employing only.
618	(a) a covered employee coemployed by the client under the professional employer
619	agreement; or
620	(b) an employee solely employed by the client.
621	(4) Subject to a confidentiality provision in federal or state law, a professional
622	employer organization shall provide employment information:
623	(a) upon the request of:
624	(i) the client; or
625	(ii) the governmental entity administering an employment related economic incentive;
626	<u>and</u>
627	(b) reasonably required for:
628	(i) administration of an employment related economic incentive; or
629	(ii) necessary to support any of the following by a client seeking an employment related
630	economic incentive:
631	(A) a request;
632	(B) a claim;
633	(C) an application; or
634	(D) another action.
635	(5) With respect to a bid, contract, purchase order, or agreement entered into with the
636	state or a political subdivision of the state, the fact that the client enters into a professional
637	employer agreement does not affect the client's status or certification as a:
638	(a) small business;
639	(b) minority-owned business;
640	(c) disadvantaged business;
641	(d) woman-owned business; or
642	(e) historically underutilized business.
643	Section 16. Section 31A-40-301 is enacted to read:
644	Part 3. Licensing Requirements
645	31A-40-301. Licensing required.
646	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, a person may not engage in the
647	following before the day on which the person is licensed under this chapter:

648	(a) providing a professional employer service in this state;
649	(b) advertising that the person provides a professional employer service in this state; or
650	(c) holding itself out as providing a professional employer service in this state.
651	(2) A person described in Subsection (1) is subject to this chapter regardless of whether
652	the person uses one of the following terms with or without the term "registered" or "licensed":
653	(a) "administrative employer";
654	(b) "employee leasing company";
655	(c) "professional employer organization";
656	(d) "PEO";
657	(e) "staff leasing company"; or
658	(f) another name.
659	Section 17. Section 31A-40-302 is enacted to read:
660	31A-40-302. Licensing process Grandfathering.
661	(1) To apply for an initial or renewal license under this chapter, a person shall:
662	(a) (i) file an application with the commissioner on a form and in a manner the
663	commissioner shall determine by rule made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
664	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
665	(ii) pay a license fee determined in accordance with Section 31A-3-103 that is not
666	refunded if the application:
667	(A) is denied; or
668	(B) if incomplete, is never completed by the person filing the application; or
669	(b) comply with Section 31A-40-303.
670	(2) In the application described in Subsection (1)(a), the person shall provide:
671	(a) any name under which the professional employer organization will engage in a
672	professional employer service;
673	(b) the address of the principal place of business of the professional employer
674	organization;
675	(c) the address of each location the professional employer organization maintains in
676	this state;
677	(d) the professional employer organization's federal taxpayer or employer identification
678	number;

679	(e) the following information by jurisdiction of each name under which the
680	professional employer organization operated in the five years preceding the day on which the
681	person files the application:
682	(i) the name;
683	(ii) an alternative name, if any;
684	(iii) a name of a predecessor; and
685	(iv) if known, a successor business entity;
686	(f) a statement of ownership that includes the name and evidence of the business
687	experience of a person that, individually or acting in concert with one or more other persons,
688	owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the equity interests of the professional
689	employer organization;
690	(g) a statement of management that includes the name and evidence of the business
691	experience of a person who:
692	(i) serves as president of the professional employer organization;
693	(ii) serves as chief executive officer of the professional employer organization; or
694	(iii) may act as a senior executive officer of the professional employer organization;
695	<u>and</u>
696	(h) a financial statement that:
697	(i) sets forth the financial condition of:
698	(A) the professional employer organization; or
699	(B) a professional employer organization group in which the professional employer
700	organization is a member;
701	(ii) states whether or not the professional employer organization complies with Section
702	31A-40-205; and
703	(iii) complies with Section 31A-40-305.
704	(3) A professional employer organization that is registered by the Division of
705	Occupations and Professional Licensing as of May 4, 2008 shall comply with this section by no
706	later than November 5, 2008. An initial license obtained under this Subsection (3) is valid
707	until the end of the professional employer organization's first full fiscal year that immediately
708	follows the day on which the initial license application is filed.
709	(4) Within 180 days after the day on which a professional employer organization's

710	fiscal year ends, a professional employer organization shall renew its license by complying
711	with Subsection (1).
712	Section 18. Section 31A-40-303 is enacted to read:
713	31A-40-303. Licensed through an assurance organization.
714	(1) (a) A person may comply with Section 31A-40-302 by:
715	(i) filing with the commissioner:
716	(A) a certification that an assurance organization certifies the qualifications of the
717	professional employer organization;
718	(B) the information required by Subsections 31A-40-302(2)(a) through (d) and
719	31A-40-302(2)(h); and
720	(C) any changes to the information required by Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) within 30 days
721	of the day on which the information changes; and
722	(ii) paying a license fee determined in accordance with Section 31A-3-103.
723	(b) A professional employer organization that meets the requirements of Section
724	31A-40-302 by complying with this section is not required to:
725	(i) renew its license until the day on which the assurance organization no longer
726	certifies the qualifications of the professional employer organization;
727	(ii) provide the information in Subsections 31A-40-302(2)(e) through (g); or
728	(iii) comply with Section 31A-40-205.
729	(c) If a professional employer organization that meets the requirements of Section
730	31A-40-302 by complying with this section receives a new or renewed certification by the
731	assurance organization, the professional employer organization shall file with the
732	commissioner a new certification within 30 days from the day on which the professional
733	employer organization receives the new or renewed certification from the assurance
734	organization.
735	(d) (i) If a professional employer organization authorizes an assurance organization to
736	act on behalf of the professional employer organization for purposes of licensure under this
737	section, the commissioner shall accept the assurance organization's filing of the information
738	required by Subsection (1)(a) or (1)(c) if the information otherwise complies with this section
739	and commission rules.
740	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(d)(i), if the assurance organization fails to make a

741	required filing under this section, the commissioner may not accept, not renew, or terminate the
742	professional employer organization's license.
743	(2) The commissioner shall designate one or more assurance organizations by rule:
744	(a) consistent with this section;
745	(b) made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
746	Act; and
747	(c) that requires that an assurance organization designated by the commissioner be
748	licensed by one or more states other than Utah to certify the qualifications of a professional
749	employer organization.
750	(3) The qualifications certified by an assurance organization designated by the
751	commissioner shall include at a minimum that a professional employer organization:
752	(a) ensure that each controlling person of the professional employer organization:
753	(i) be competent to manage a professional employer organization;
754	(ii) be responsible in the controlling person's finances; and
755	(iii) not have a history of or be engaged in unlawful activities;
756	(b) has a history that is verifiable that the professional employer organization:
757	(i) complies with regulatory requirements; and
758	(ii) engages in financially responsible conduct;
759	(c) has or is able to obtain audited financial statements;
760	(d) has an adjusted net worth equal to or in excess of the greater of:
761	(i) \$100,000; or
762	(ii) 5% of total adjusted liabilities;
763	(e) has liquid assets that are sufficient to pay short-term liabilities as demonstrated by a
764	ratio determined by dividing current assets by current liabilities or a similar formula;
765	(f) has on its books adequate financial reserves for all local, state, and federal
766	self-insurance and any insurance policy or plan in which the final cost of coverage is affected
767	by claim losses;
768	(g) operates in conformity with all applicable laws and regulations including those laws
769	and regulations in addition to this chapter;
770	(h) does not engage in deceptive trade practices or misrepresentations of an employer's
771	obligation or liability;

772	(i) has a written professional employer agreement with each client;
773	(j) has or is willing to obtain a written acknowledgment, as part of an existing form or
774	separately, from each covered employee stating that the covered employee understands and
775	accepts the nature, terms, and conditions of the coemployment relationship;
776	(k) establishes and maintains a coemployment relationship by assuming key employer
777	attributes with respect to covered employees as demonstrated by the professional employer
778	agreement and employment forms, policies, and procedures;
779	(l) provides all covered employees with a written copy of the professional employer
780	organization's employment policies and procedures;
781	(m) ensures that all covered employees are covered in a regulatory compliant manner
782	by workers' compensation insurance;
783	(n) does not knowingly use the coemployment relationship to assist a client to evade or
784	avoid the client's obligations under:
785	(i) the National Labor Relations Act, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 151 et seq.;
786	(ii) the federal Railway Labor Act, 45 U.S.C. Sec. 151 et seq.; or
787	(iii) any collective bargaining agreement;
788	(o) except through a licensed insurance agent, does not:
789	(i) represent or imply that it can sell insurance;
790	(ii) attempt to sell insurance; or
791	(iii) sell insurance;
792	(p) markets and provides, or is willing to market and provide professional employer
793	service under a separate and distinct trade name from any affiliated professional employer
794	organization that is not certified by the assurance organization;
795	(q) does not allow any person not certified by the assurance organization to use the
796	professional employer organization's trade name in the sale or delivery of the professional
797	employer organization's professional employer service;
798	(r) does not guarantee, participate in, transfer between, or otherwise share liabilities
799	with any other professional employer organization that is not certified by the assurance
800	organization:
801	(i) in the employment of covered employees; or
802	(ii) in any employee benefit or insurance policy or plan that is not fully insured and

803	fully funded; and
804	(s) has the ability to provide a regulatory agency or insurance carrier upon request with:
805	(i) a client's name, address, and federal tax identification number;
806	(ii) payroll data by:
807	(A) client;
808	(B) (I) client SIC Code of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the
809	federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; or
810	(II) client classification under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System
811	of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; and
812	(C) workers' compensation classification;
813	(iii) the names of covered employees by:
814	(A) the worksite of a client; and
815	(B) workers' compensation classification; and
816	(iv) workers' compensation certificates of insurance.
817	(4) This section does not modify the commissioner's authority or responsibility to
818	accept, renew, or terminate a license.
819	Section 19. Section 31A-40-304 is enacted to read:
820	31A-40-304. Small operation license.
821	(1) A professional employer organization may obtain a small operation license under
822	this chapter if the professional employer organization:
823	(a) files an application for a small operation license with the commissioner:
824	(i) on a form and in a manner the commissioner shall determine by rule made in
825	accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
826	(ii) that includes the information and documentation the commissioner determines is
827	necessary to show that the professional employer organization qualifies for a small operation
828	license;
829	(b) pays a small operation license fee determined in accordance with Section
830	31A-3-103, that is not refunded if the application:
831	(i) is denied; or
832	(ii) if incomplete, is never completed by the person filing the application;
833	(c) is domiciled outside of this state;

834	(d) is licensed or registered as a professional employer organization in another state;
835	(e) does not maintain an office in this state or directly solicit a client that:
836	(i) is domiciled in this state; or
837	(ii) maintains a location within this state;
838	(f) does not have at any time more than 50 covered employees employed or domiciled
839	in this state; and
840	(g) is not owned or directed by another professional employer organization operating in
841	the state.
842	(2) (a) A small operation license is valid for one year.
843	(b) A professional employer organization may annually renew a small operation
844	license.
845	(3) A professional employer organization with a small operation license under this
846	chapter is not subject to Section 31A-40-205.
847	Section 20. Section 31A-40-305 is enacted to read:
848	31A-40-305. Financial statements required for licensing.
849	(1) (a) A person that files a financial statement with an application for an initial license
850	under Section 31A-40-302 shall file the professional employer organization's most recent audit
851	as of the day the application is filed, except that the financial statement may not be older than
852	ten months from the day on which the application is filed.
853	(b) A person that files a financial statement to renew a license shall file the most recent
854	financial statement of the professional employer organization as of the day the application for
855	renewal is filed with the commission.
856	(c) (i) The person filing an application may apply for an extension with the
857	commissioner if the request for an extension is accompanied by a letter from the person
858	conducting the audit for the financial statement stating:
859	(A) the reason for the delay; and
860	(B) the anticipated date on which the audit will be completed.
861	(ii) If a person complies with Subsection (1)(c)(i), the commissioner may grant an
862	extension up to 30 days from the day on which the financial statement is due under this section.
863	(d) A professional employer organization may file a combined or consolidated
864	financial statement if:

865	(i) the professional employer organization is owned by or in common control with
866	another person; and
867	(ii) the combined or consolidated financial statement clearly identifies the following of
868	the professional employer organization:
869	(A) its working capital;
870	(B) its assets; and
871	(C) its liabilities.
872	(2) A financial statement required by this chapter shall be:
873	(a) prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
874	(b) audited by an independent certified public accountant licensed to practice in the
875	jurisdiction in which the person conducting the audit is located; and
876	(c) without qualification as to the going concern status of the professional employer
877	organization.
878	(3) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the commissioner shall license
879	a professional employer organization that does not have sufficient operating history to have an
880	audited financial statement on the basis of at least 12 months if:
881	(a) the professional employer organization complies with the other requirements for
882	licensure, including Section 31A-40-205; and
883	(b) the person filing the application for license files a financial statement that is
884	reviewed by a certified public accountant.
885	Section 21. Section 31A-40-306 is enacted to read:
886	31A-40-306. Professional employer organization group.
887	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), a professional employer organization that is a member of
888	a professional employer organization group may comply with Section 31A-40-205 or Sections
889	31A-40-302 through 31A-40-305 on a combined or consolidated basis if each member of the
890	professional employer organization group guarantees the obligations under this chapter of each
891	other member of the professional employer organization group.
892	(2) The controlling entity of a professional employer organization group shall
893	guarantee the obligations of a professional employer organization under this chapter if the
894	professional employer organization group files a combined or consolidated audited financial
895	statement that includes a person that is not:

896	(a) a professional employer organization; or
897	(b) a member of the professional employer organization group.
898	Section 22. Section 31A-40-401 is enacted to read:
899	Part 4. Enforcement
900	31A-40-401. Prohibited acts.
901	(1) A person may not:
902	(a) offer or provide a professional employer service if the person is not licensed under
903	this chapter;
904	(b) use one of the following names if the person is not licensed under this chapter:
905	(i) "administrative employer";
906	(ii) "employee leasing";
907	(iii) "PEO";
908	(iv) "professional employer organization";
909	(v) "staff leasing"; or
910	(vi) other name that represents the provision of a professional employer service;
911	(c) knowingly provide false or fraudulent information to the commissioner:
912	(i) in conjunction with an application to be licensed or to renew a license under this
913	chapter; or
914	(ii) in a report required under this chapter;
915	(d) knowingly make a material misrepresentation to the commissioner or other
916	governmental agency;
917	(e) fail to make a filing with a state agency that is required by this chapter or the
918	professional employer agreement within 30 days of the day on which the filing is due;
919	(f) fail to make a payment to a state agency that is required by this chapter or the
920	professional employer agreement within 30 days of the day on which the payment is due;
921	(g) (i) offer a covered employee a self-funded medical plan unless the self-funded
922	medical plan is maintained for the sole benefit of covered employees;
923	(ii) misrepresent that a self-funded medical plan it offers is other than self-funded; or
924	(iii) offer to a covered employee a self-funded or partially self-funded medical plan
925	without delivering to a plan participant a summary plan description that accurately describes
926	the terms of the plan, including disclosure that the plan is self-funded or partially self-funded;

927	(h) subject to Subsection (2), divert to another purpose or use other than as designated
928	funds paid by a client to the professional employer organization and designated for:
929	(i) compensation of a covered employee;
930	(ii) a benefit of a covered employee;
931	(iii) a payroll-related tax;
932	(iv) an unemployment insurance contribution;
933	(v) withholding of compensation for a covered employee;
934	(vi) a workers' compensation premium; or
935	(vii) another assessment paid by a professional employer organization to or on behalf
936	of a covered employee under a professional employer agreement;
937	(i) provide a covered employee to a client under a provision, term, or condition that is
938	not contained in a professional employer arrangement between the professional employer
939	organization and client;
940	(j) engage in a willful, fraudulent, or deceitful act that:
941	(i) is by a professional employer organization, caused by a professional employer
942	organization, or at a professional employer organization's direction; and
943	(ii) causes material injury to a client or covered employee;
944	(k) fail to comply with a federal law or state law, to the extent state law is not
945	preempted by federal law, regarding an employee benefit offered to an employee; or
946	(l) willfully or recklessly violate this chapter or an order or rule issued by the
947	commissioner under this chapter.
948	(2) If a client defaults on a professional employer agreement or otherwise fails to pay a
949	professional employer organization, the professional employer organization is not in violation
950	of this section if the professional employer organization allocates the deficient payment to the
951	portions of an invoice.
952	Section 23. Section 31A-40-402 is enacted to read:
953	31A-40-402. Disciplinary action.
954	(1) Notwithstanding Section 31A-2-308, in accordance with this section the
955	commissioner may take action against a person if the commissioner finds that the person:
956	(a) is violating or has violated Section 31A-40-401; or
957	(b) (i) is a:

958	(A) professional employer organization licensed under this chapter; or
959	(B) controlling person of a professional employer organization licensed under this
960	chapter; and
961	(ii) is convicted of a crime that relates to:
962	(A) the operation of a professional employer organization;
963	(B) fraud or deceit; or
964	(C) the ability of the professional employer organization or a controlling person of the
965	professional employer organization to operate a professional employer organization.
966	(2) After notice and an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with Title 63, Chapter
967	46b, Administrative Procedures Act, if the commissioner makes a finding described in
968	Subsection (1), the commissioner may:
969	(a) deny an application for a license;
970	(b) revoke, restrict, or refuse to renew a license;
971	(c) place a licensee on probation for the period and subject to conditions specified by
972	the commissioner;
973	(d) impose an administrative penalty in an amount not to exceed \$2,500 for each
974	violation; or
975	(e) issue a cease and desist order.
976	Section 24. Section <b>34A-2-103</b> is amended to read:
977	34A-2-103. Employers enumerated and defined Regularly employed
978	Statutory employers.
979	(1) (a) The state, and each county, city, town, and school district in the state are
980	considered employers under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
981	(b) For the purposes of the exclusive remedy in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
982	Occupational Disease Act prescribed in Sections 34A-2-105 and 34A-3-102, the state is
983	considered to be a single employer and includes any office, department, agency, authority,
984	commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, or other instrumentality of the
985	state.
986	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), each person, including each public utility
987	and each independent contractor, who regularly employs one or more workers or operatives in
988	the same business, or in or about the same establishment, under any contract of hire, express or

989	implied, oral or written, is considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
990	Occupational Disease Act.
991	(b) As used in this Subsection (2):
992	(i) "Independent contractor" means any person engaged in the performance of any work
993	for another who, while so engaged, is:
994	(A) independent of the employer in all that pertains to the execution of the work;
995	(B) not subject to the routine rule or control of the employer;
996	(C) engaged only in the performance of a definite job or piece of work; and
997	(D) subordinate to the employer only in effecting a result in accordance with the
998	employer's design.
999	(ii) "Regularly" includes all employments in the usual course of the trade, business,
1000	profession, or occupation of the employer, whether continuous throughout the year or for only a
1001	portion of the year.
1002	(3) (a) The client [company in an employee leasing arrangement] under a professional
1003	employer organization agreement regulated under Title [58, Chapter 59] 31A, Chapter 40,
1004	Professional Employer Organization [Registration] Licensing Act[-;]:
1005	(i) is considered the employer of [leased employees] a covered employee; and
1006	(ii) subject to Section 31A-40-209, shall secure workers' compensation benefits for
1007	[them] a covered employee by complying with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and
1008	commission rules.
1009	[(b) An insurance carrier may underwrite workers' compensation secured in accordance
1010	with Subsection (3)(a) showing the leasing company as the named insured and each client
1011	company as an additional insured by means of individual endorsements.]
1012	[(c) Endorsements shall be filed with the division as directed by commission rule.]
1013	[(d)] (b) The division shall promptly inform the [Division of Occupation and
1014	Professional Licensing within the Department of Commerce] Insurance Department if the
1015	division has reason to believe that [an employee leasing company] a professional employer
1016	organization is not in compliance with Subsection 34A-2-201(1) or (2) and commission rules.
1017	(4) A domestic employer who does not employ one employee or more than one
1018	employee at least 40 hours per week is not considered an employer under this chapter and
1019	Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.

1020	(5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5):
1021	(i) (A) "agricultural employer" means a person who employs agricultural labor as
1022	defined in Subsections 35A-4-206(1) and (2) and does not include employment as provided in
1023	Subsection 35A-4-206(3); and
1024	(B) notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), only for purposes of determining who is a
1025	member of the employer's immediate family under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), if the agricultural
1026	employer is a corporation, partnership, or other business entity, "agricultural employer" means
1027	an officer, director, or partner of the business entity;
1028	(ii) "employer's immediate family" means:
1029	(A) an agricultural employer's:
1030	(I) spouse;
1031	(II) grandparent;
1032	(III) parent;
1033	(IV) sibling;
1034	(V) child;
1035	(VI) grandchild;
1036	(VII) nephew; or
1037	(VIII) niece;
1038	(B) a spouse of any person provided in Subsection (5)(a)(ii)(A)(II) through (VIII); or
1039	(C) an individual who is similar to those listed in Subsections (5)(a)(ii)(A) or (B) as
1040	defined by rules of the commission; and
1041	(iii) "nonimmediate family" means a person who is not a member of the employer's
1042	immediate family.
1043	(b) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an
1044	agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a member of the employer's immediate
1045	family.
1046	(c) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an
1047	agricultural employer is not considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if:
1048	(i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all
1049	nonimmediate family employees was less than \$8,000; or
1050	(ii) (A) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll

for all nonimmediate family employees was equal to or greater than \$8,000 but less than \$50,000; and

- (B) the agricultural employer maintains insurance that covers job-related injuries of the employer's nonimmediate family employees in at least the following amounts:
  - (I) \$300,000 liability insurance, as defined in Section 31A-1-301; and
- (II) \$5,000 for health care benefits similar to benefits under health care insurance as defined in Section 31A-1-301.
- (d) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, an agricultural employer is considered an employer of a nonimmediate family employee if:
- (i) for the previous calendar year the agricultural employer's total annual payroll for all nonimmediate family employees is equal to or greater than \$50,000; or
- (ii) (A) for the previous year the agricultural employer's total payroll for nonimmediate family employees was equal to or exceeds \$8,000 but is less than \$50,000; and
- (B) the agricultural employer fails to maintain the insurance required under Subsection (5)(c)(ii)(B).
- (6) An employer of agricultural laborers or domestic servants who is not considered an employer under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, may come under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, by complying with:
  - (a) this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act; and
  - (b) the rules of the commission.
- (7) (a) If any person who is an employer procures any work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor over whose work the employer retains supervision or control, and this work is a part or process in the trade or business of the employer, the contractor, all persons employed by the contractor, all subcontractors under the contractor, and all persons employed by any of these subcontractors, are considered employees of the original employer for the purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
- (b) Any person who is engaged in constructing, improving, repairing, or remodelling a residence that the person owns or is in the process of acquiring as the person's personal residence may not be considered an employee or employer solely by operation of Subsection (7)(a).
  - (c) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship is not considered an

employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the employer who procures work to be done by the partnership or sole proprietorship obtains and relies on either:

- (i) a valid certification of the partnership's or sole proprietorship's compliance with Section 34A-2-201 indicating that the partnership or sole proprietorship secured the payment of workers' compensation benefits pursuant to Section 34A-2-201; or
- (ii) if a partnership or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the partnership or owner of the sole proprietorship, a workers' compensation policy issued by an insurer pursuant to Subsection 31A-21-104[(8)](9) stating that:
- (A) the partnership or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
- (B) the partner or owner personally waives the partner's or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership or sole proprietorship.
- (d) A director or officer of a corporation is not considered an employee under Subsection (7)(a) if the director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection 34A-2-104(4).
- (e) A contractor or subcontractor is not an employee of the employer under Subsection (7)(a), if the employer who procures work to be done by the contractor or subcontractor obtains and relies on either:
- (i) a valid certification of the contractor's or subcontractor's compliance with Section 34A-2-201; or
- (ii) if a partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship with no employees other than a partner of the partnership, officer of the corporation, or owner of the sole proprietorship, a workers' compensation policy issued by an insurer pursuant to Subsection 31A-21-104[(8)](9) stating that:
- (A) the partnership, corporation, or sole proprietorship is customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession, or business; and
- (B) the partner, corporate officer, or owner personally waives the partner's, corporate officer's, or owner's entitlement to the benefits of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, in the operation of the partnership's, corporation's, or sole proprietorship's enterprise under a contract of hire for services.

1113	(f) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (7)(f), "eligible employer" means a person who:
1114	(A) is an employer; and
1115	(B) procures work to be done wholly or in part for the employer by a contractor,
1116	including:
1117	(I) all persons employed by the contractor;
1118	(II) all subcontractors under the contractor; and
1119	(III) all persons employed by any of these subcontractors.
1120	(ii) Notwithstanding the other provisions in this Subsection (7), if the conditions of
1121	Subsection (7)(f)(iii) are met, an eligible employer is considered an employer for purposes of
1122	Section 34A-2-105 of the contractor, subcontractor, and all persons employed by the contractor
1123	or subcontractor described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(B).
1124	(iii) Subsection (7)(f)(ii) applies if the eligible employer:
1125	(A) under Subsection (7)(a) is liable for and pays workers' compensation benefits as an
1126	original employer under Subsection (7)(a) because the contractor or subcontractor fails to
1127	comply with Section 34A-2-201;
1128	(B) (I) secures the payment of workers' compensation benefits for the contractor or
1129	subcontractor pursuant to Section 34A-2-201;
1130	(II) procures work to be done that is part or process of the trade or business of the
1131	eligible employer; and
1132	(III) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury
1133	reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d):
1134	(Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program;
1135	(Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at
1136	which the eligible employer procures work; and
1137	(Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the
1138	terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program; or
1139	(C) (I) obtains and relies on:
1140	(Aa) a valid certification described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) or (7)(e)(i);
1141	(Bb) a workers' compensation policy described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii) or (7)(e)(ii); or
1142	(Cc) proof that a director or officer is excluded from coverage under Subsection
1143	34A-2-104(4);

1144 (II) is liable under Subsection (7)(a) for the payment of workers' compensation benefits 1145 if the contractor or subcontractor fails to comply with Section 34A-2-201; 1146 (III) procures work to be done that is part or process in the trade or business of the 1147 eligible employer; and 1148 (IV) does the following with regard to a written workplace accident and injury 1149 reduction program that meets the requirements of Subsection 34A-2-111(3)(d): 1150 (Aa) adopts the workplace accident and injury reduction program; 1151 (Bb) posts the workplace accident and injury reduction program at the work site at 1152 which the eligible employer procures work; and 1153 (Cc) enforces the workplace accident and injury reduction program according to the 1154 terms of the workplace accident and injury reduction program. 1155 Section 25. Section **34A-2-105** is amended to read: 34A-2-105. Exclusive remedy against employer, and officer, agent, or employee of 1156 1157 employer. 1158 (1) The right to recover compensation pursuant to this chapter for injuries sustained by an employee, whether resulting in death or not, [shall be] is the exclusive remedy against the 1159 1160 employer and [shall be] is the exclusive remedy against any officer, agent, or employee of the 1161 employer and the liabilities of the employer imposed by this chapter [shall be] is in place of any 1162 and all other civil liability whatsoever, at common law or otherwise, to the employee or to the employee's spouse, widow, children, parents, dependents, next of kin, heirs, personal 1163 1164 representatives, guardian, or any other person whomsoever, on account of any accident or 1165 injury or death, in any way contracted, sustained, aggravated, or incurred by the employee in 1166 the course of or because of or arising out of the employee's employment, and [no] an action at 1167 law may not be maintained against an employer or against any officer, agent, or employee of 1168 the employer based upon any accident, injury, or death of an employee. Nothing in this 1169 section[, however, shall prevent] prevents an employee, or the employee's dependents, from 1170 filing a claim for compensation in those cases in accordance with Chapter 3, Utah Occupational 1171 Disease Act. 1172 (2) The exclusive remedy provisions of this section apply to both the client [company]

and the [employee leasing company in an employee leasing arrangement] professional

employer organization in a coemployment relationship regulated under Title [58] 31A, Chapter

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1175 [59] 40, Professional Employer Organization [Registration] Licensing Act. 1176 (3) (a) For purposes of this section: (i) "Temporary employee" means an individual who for temporary work assignment is: 1177 (A) an employee of a temporary staffing company; or 1178 1179 (B) registered by or otherwise associated with a temporary staffing company. (ii) "Temporary staffing company" means a company that engages in the assignment of 1180 individuals as temporary full-time or part-time employees to fill assignments with a finite 1181 1182 ending date to another independent entity. 1183 (b) If the temporary staffing company secures the payment of workers' compensation in 1184 accordance with Section 34A-2-201 for all temporary employees of the temporary staffing 1185 company, the exclusive remedy provisions of this section apply to both the temporary staffing 1186 company and the client company and its employees and provide the temporary staffing 1187 company the same protection that a client company and its employees has under this section for 1188 the acts of any of the temporary staffing company's temporary employees on assignment at the 1189 client company worksite. 1190 Section 26. Section **35A-4-202** is amended to read: 1191 35A-4-202. Employing units. 1192 As used in this chapter: 1193 (1) (a) "Employing unit" means: 1194 (i) any individual or type of organization that has or subsequent to January 1, 1935, had 1195 one or more individuals performing services for it within the state including any: 1196 (A) partnership; 1197 (B) association; 1198 (C) trust; 1199 (D) estate; 1200 (E) joint stock company: 1201 (F) insurance company; 1202 (G) limited liability company; 1203 (H) limited liability partnership; 1204 (I) joint venture: 1205 (J) corporation, whether domestic or foreign;

1206	(K) the receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee or successor of any entity listed in
1207	Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (J);
1208	(L) the legal representative of a deceased person; or
1209	(M) a tribal unit; or
1210	(ii) any properly and legally registered professional employer organization[, commonly
1211	known as an employee leasing company,] as defined by Section [58-59-102] 31A-40-102.
1212	(b) The department may adopt rules specific to a professional employer organization
1213	pursuant to Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1214	(c) All individuals performing services within this state for any employing unit that
1215	maintains two or more separate establishments within this state are considered to be
1216	performing services for a single employing unit for all the purposes of this chapter.
1217	(d) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in performing the work of any
1218	person in the service of an employing unit is considered to be engaged by the employing unit
1219	for all the purposes of this chapter whether the individual was hired or paid directly by the
1220	employing unit or by the person, provided the employing unit had actual or constructive
1221	knowledge of the work.
1222	(2) "Hospital" means an institution that is licensed, certified, or approved by the
1223	Department of Health as a hospital.
1224	(3) "Institution of higher education," for the purposes of this section, means an
1225	educational institution that:
1226	(a) (i) admits, as regular students only, individuals having a certificate of graduation
1227	from a high school or the recognized equivalent of a certificate;
1228	(ii) is legally authorized in this state to provide a program of education beyond high
1229	school;
1230	(iii) provides:
1231	(A) an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's or higher degree;
1232	(B) a program that is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's or higher degree;
1233	(C) a program of postgraduate or postdoctoral studies; or
1234	(D) a program of training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized
1235	occupation; and
1236	(iv) is a public or other nonprofit institution.

1237	(b) All colleges and universities in this state are institutions of higher education for
1238	purposes of this section.
1239	Section 27. Section 49-12-102 is amended to read:
1240	49-12-102. Definitions.
1241	As used in this chapter:
1242	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), "compensation" means the total
1243	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
1244	rendered to the participating employer, including:
1245	(i) bonuses;
1246	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
1247	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to Social
1248	Security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
1249	deduction under Social Security law;
1250	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
1251	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
1252	(v) member contributions.
1253	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
1254	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
1255	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
1256	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
1257	equipment;
1258	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
1259	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
1260	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
1261	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
1262	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments; or
1263	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
1264	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
1265	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs.
1266	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
1267	(1) falls within the definition of compensation.

(2) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest five years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (2)(a), (b), (c), and (d).

- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the percentage increase in annual compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board.
- (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the office, the limitation in Subsection (2)(a) may be exceeded if:
  - (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or
  - (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position.

- (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only.
- (d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of service credit.
- (3) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation requirements of Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202.
- (4) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
  - (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
- (i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more;
- 1297 (ii) a classified school employee whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;

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or other benefits authorized by federal law.

1299	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns during the first full month of the term
1300	of office \$500 or more, indexed as of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-12-407;
1301	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
1302	considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
1303	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (4) who
1304	performs services for a participating employer through [an employee leasing] a professional
1305	employer organization or similar arrangement.
1306	(5) "System" means the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System created
1307	under this chapter.
1308	(6) "Years of service credit" means:
1309	(a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
1310	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
1311	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
1312	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
1313	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
1314	provided by this chapter; or
1315	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
1316	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
1317	Section 28. Section 49-13-102 is amended to read:
1318	49-13-102. Definitions.
1319	As used in this chapter:
1320	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), "compensation" means the total
1321	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
1322	rendered to the participating employer, including:
1323	(i) bonuses;
1324	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
1325	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to Social
1326	Security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
1327	deduction under Social Security law; and
1328	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral

1330 (b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed 1331 under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17). 1332 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 1333 (i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of 1334 equipment; 1335 (ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer; (iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee 1336 1337 otherwise ineligible for service credit; 1338 (iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave 1339 payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments; or 1340 (v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the 1341 participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs, 1342 housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs. 1343 (d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection 1344 (1) falls within the definition of compensation. 1345 (2) "Final average salary" means the amount computed by averaging the highest three 1346 years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to the following: 1347 (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the percentage increase in annual 1348 compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by 1349 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power 1350 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor 1351 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 1352 (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 1353 office, the limitation in Subsection (2)(a) may be exceeded if: 1354 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 1355 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 1356 (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 1357 employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the 1358 member is considered to have been in service at his last rate of pay from the date of the

(3) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation

termination of employment to the effective date of retirement.

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1361	requirements	of Sections	49-13-201	and 49-13-202

- (4) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the participating employer.
  - (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
- (i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more;
- (ii) a classified school employee whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
- (iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns during the first full month of the term of office \$500 or more, indexed as of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-13-407;
- (iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
- (v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (4) who performs services for a participating employer through [an employee leasing] a professional employer organization or similar arrangement.
  - (5) "System" means the Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement System.
  - (6) "Years of service credit" means:
  - (a) a period, consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
- (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as provided by this chapter; or
- (c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
- 1389 Section 29. **Repealer.**
- This bill repeals:
- 1391 Section **58-59-101**, **Short title**.

1392	Section 58-59-102, Definitions.
1393	Section 58-59-301, Registration required.
1394	Section 58-59-302, Registration process.
1395	Section 58-59-302.5, Assurance organization.
1396	Section 58-59-303, Term of registration Expiration Renewal.
1397	Section 58-59-303.5, Information to be filed by PEO.
1398	Section 58-59-306, Financial requirements, contractual relations, and allocation of
1399	rights, duties, and obligations Taxes and fees.
1400	Section 58-59-306.5, Employment related economic incentives Employment
1401	information Client's status.
1402	Section 58-59-308, No guarantee.
1403	Section 58-59-501, Unlawful conduct.
1404	Section 58-59-503, Penalty for unlawful conduct.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-23-08 5:24 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

## H.B. 159 - Professional Employer Organization Licensing Act

## **Fiscal Note**

2008 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will reduce the Commerce Service Fund appropriation to the Department of Commerce by \$150,000 and increase the General Fund appropriation to the Insurance Department by \$150,000. Offsetting amounts of revenue will similarly shift from the Commerce Service Fund to the General Fund.

	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2010 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010
				Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$0	\$150,000	\$150,000	\$0	\$150,000	\$150,000
Commerce Service Fund	\$0	(\$150,000)	(\$150,000)	\$0	(\$150,000)	
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/29/2008, 3:57:31 PM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst