♣ Approved for Filing: P. Owen ♣ 01-28-08 3:01 PM ♣

1	ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES ON ELECTION DAY
2	2008 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Scott D. McCoy
5	House Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to when alcoholic beverages may be sold,
10	delivered, offered, served, or otherwise furnished.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 addresses operational restrictions related to certain package agencies, permits, and
14	licenses imposed on the basis that an action occurs on an election day; and
15	makes technical changes.
16	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	\$→ [None] This bill coordinates with H.B. 344, Alcoholic Beverage Enforcement
19a	<u>Provisions, by providing superseding amendments.</u> ←Ŝ
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	32A-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
23	32A-4-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 284, 329, and 341
24	32A-4-307 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 284, 329, and 341
25	32A-4-406 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 284, and 341
26	32A-5-107 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 284, 329, and 341
27	32A-7-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 284, and 341



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **32A-3-106** is amended to read:

32A-3-106. Operational restrictions.

- (1) (a) A package agency may not be operated until a package agency agreement has been entered into by the package agent and the department.
- (b) The agreement shall state the conditions of operation by which the package agent and the department are bound.
- (c) If the package agent violates the conditions, terms, or covenants contained in the agreement[5] or violates any provisions of this title, the department may take whatever action against the agent that is allowed by the package agency agreement.
- (d) Actions against the package agent are governed solely by the agreement and may include suspension or revocation of the agency.
- (2) (a) A package agency may not purchase liquor from any person except from the department.
- (b) At the discretion of the department, liquor may be provided by the department to a package agency for sale on consignment.
- (3) The department may pay or otherwise remunerate a package agent on any basis including sales or volume of business done by the agency.
- (4) Liquor may not be sold from any package agency except in a sealed package. The package may not be opened on the premises of a package agency.
- (5) All liquor sold shall be in packages that are properly marked and labeled in accordance with the rules adopted under this title.
- (6) A package agency may not display liquor or price lists in windows or showcases visible to passersby.
- (7) (a) An officer, agent, clerk, or employee of a package agency may not consume or allow to be consumed by any person any alcoholic beverage on the premises of a package agency.
 - (b) Violation of this Subsection (7) is a class B misdemeanor.
 - (8) Liquor may not be sold except at prices fixed by the commission.
 - (9) Liquor may not be sold, delivered, or furnished to any:

59	(a) minor;
60	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
61	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
62	(d) known interdicted person.
63	(10) (a) Subject to Subsection (10)(b), sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or
64	from the premises of any package agency nor may any package agency be kept open for the sale
65	of liquor:
66	(i) (A) on Sunday; or
67	[(ii)] (B) on [any] a state or federal legal holiday; and
68	[(iii) on any day on which any regular general election, regular primary election, or
69	statewide special election is held until after the polls are closed;]
70	[(iv) on any day on which any municipal, local district, special service district, or
71	school election is held until after the polls are closed, but only within the boundaries of the
72	municipality, local district, special service district, or school district holding the election and
73	only if the municipality, local district, special service district, or school district in which the
74	election is being held notifies the department at least 30 days prior to the date of the election;
75	or]
76	[(v)] (ii) except on days and during hours as the commission may direct by rule or
77	order.
78	(b) The restrictions in [Subsections] Subsection (10)(a)(i) [and (ii)] govern unless:
79	(i) the package agency is located at a winery licensed under Chapter 8, Manufacturing
80	Licenses;
81	(ii) the winery licensed under Chapter 8, Manufacturing Licenses, holds:
82	(A) a restaurant liquor license under Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses; or
83	(B) a limited restaurant license under Chapter 4, Part 3, Limited Restaurant Licenses;
84	(iii) the restaurant described in Subsection (10)(b)(ii) is located at the winery;
85	(iv) the restaurant described in Subsection (10)(b)(ii) sells wines produced at the
86	winery;
87	(v) the winery described in Subsection (10)(b)(i):
88	(A) owns the restaurant; or
89	(B) operates the restaurant:

90	(vi) the package agency only sells wine produced at the winery; and
91	(vii) the package agency's days and hours of sale are the same as the days and hours of
92	sale at the restaurant described in Subsection (10)(b)(ii).
93	(c) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (10)(a), the sale or delivery of
94	liquor may not be made on or from the premises of a package agency described in Subsection
95	(10)(c)(ii) and a package agency described in Subsection (10)(c)(ii) may not be open for the
96	sale of liquor until after the polls are closed:
97	(A) on a day on which is held:
98	(I) a regular general election;
99	(II) a regular primary election; or
100	(III) a statewide special election; or
101	(B) on a day on which is held a municipal, local district, special service district, or
102	school election if:
103	(I) the package agency is within the boundaries of the municipality, local district,
104	special service district, or school district holding the election; and
105	(II) the municipality, local district, special service district, or school district in which
106	the election is held notifies the department at least 30 days before the day on which the election
107	<u>is held.</u>
108	(ii) This Subsection (10)(c) applies to a package agency that contracts with the
109	department to sell liquor in a manner similar to a state store, whether or not the operator of the
110	package agency has a source of income that is not from the sale of liquor.
111	(iii) The commission may by rule made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
112	Administrative Rulemaking Act, define what constitutes a package agency that sells liquor "in
113	a manner similar to a state store."
114	(11) The package agency certificate issued by the commission shall be permanently
115	posted in a conspicuous place in the package agency.
116	(12) Each package agent shall display in a prominent place in the package agency a
117	sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a
118	serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
119	(13) (a) A package agency may not close or cease operation for a period longer than 72
120	hours, unless:

(i) the package agency notifies the department in writing at least seven days before the closing; and
(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (13)(a), in the case of emergency closure, immediate notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone.

- (c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period not to exceed 60 days.
- (ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon written request of the package agency and upon a showing of good cause.
- (iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval.
 - (d) The notice required by Subsection (13)(a) shall include:
 - (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;

126

127

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143

144

145

146

147

- (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
- (iii) the date on which the agency will reopen or resume operation.
- (e) Failure of the agency to provide notice and to obtain department authorization prior to closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic termination of the package agency contract effective immediately.
- (f) Failure of the agency to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall result in an automatic termination of the package agency contract effective on that date.
- (14) Liquor may not be stored or sold in any place other than as designated in the package agent's application, unless the package agent first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the package agency premises.
- (15) (a) Except to the extent authorized by commission rule, a minor may not be admitted into, or be on the premises of a package agency unless accompanied by a person who is:
 - (i) 21 years of age or older; and
 - (ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse.
- (b) Any package agent or employee of the package agency that has reason to believe that a person who is on the premises of a package agency store is under the age of 21 and is not accompanied by a person described in Subsection (15)(a) may:

(i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age;

- (ii) ask the person who accompanied the suspected minor for proof of age; and
 - (iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who accompanied the suspected minor for proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship.
 - (c) Any package agent or employee of a package agency shall refuse to sell liquor to the suspected minor and to the person who accompanied the suspected minor into the package agency if they fail to provide any of the information specified in Subsection (15)(b).
 - (d) Any package agent or employee of a package agency shall require the suspected minor and the person who accompanied the suspected minor into the package agency to immediately leave the premises of the package agency if they fail to provide any of the information specified in Subsection (15)(b).
 - (16) A package agency may not transfer its operations from one location to another without prior written approval of the commission.
 - (17) (a) A person, having been granted a package agency, may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the package agency to any other person, whether for monetary gain or not.
 - (b) A package agency has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition. Section 2. Section 32A-4-106 is amended to read:

32A-4-106. Operational restrictions.

Each person granted a restaurant liquor license and the employees and management personnel of the restaurant shall comply with the following conditions and requirements. Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel.

- (1) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by a restaurant liquor licensee except from state stores or package agencies.
- (b) Liquor purchased may be transported by the restaurant liquor licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
- (c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the commission.
- (2) A restaurant liquor licensee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered

dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted under this title, except that:

- (a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following restrictions:
- (i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of a primary spirituous liquor;
 - (ii) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
- 191 (iii) the restaurant liquor licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored 192 on the floor plan provided to the department; and
 - (iv) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
- (b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensingsystem if used:
 - (i) as a flavoring on desserts; and

185

186

187

188

189

190

193

196

197

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

- (ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts;
- 198 (c) each restaurant patron may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a 199 time; and
 - (d) each restaurant patron may have no more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before the patron.
 - (3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or in an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
 - (ii) An individual portion of wine may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
 - (iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under Subsection (7)(e).
 - (b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
 - (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 milliliters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
- 212 (c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the restaurant as 213 authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the restaurant.

214 (4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices 215 fixed by the commission. 216 (b) A service charge may be assessed by the restaurant as authorized by commission 217 rule for heavy beer purchased at the restaurant. 218 (5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a restaurant licensed to sell liquor may sell beer for on-premise consumption: 219 220 (A) in an open container; and 221 (B) on draft. 222 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does 223 not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of 224 container that exceeds one liter. 225 (b) A restaurant licensed under this chapter that sells beer pursuant to Subsection 226 (5)(a): 227 (i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the 228 commission; and 229 (ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer 230 Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are 231 inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part. 232 (c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer 233 Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the 234 restaurant's: 235 (i) state liquor license; and 236 (ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority. 237 (6) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as 238 designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives 239 approval from the department for a change of location within the restaurant. 240 (7) (a) (i) A patron may only make alcoholic beverage purchases in the restaurant from 241 and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell and serve 242 alcoholic beverages.

(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(i), a patron who has purchased bottled wine

from an employee of the restaurant or has carried bottled wine onto the premises of the

243

restaurant pursuant to Subsection (14) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.

- (b) Alcoholic beverages shall be delivered by a server to the patron.
- 248 (c) Any alcoholic beverage may only be consumed at the patron's table or counter.
 - (d) Alcoholic beverages may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a bar.
 - (e) Each restaurant patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the patron, subject to the limitation in Subsection (2)(d).
 - (8) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when liquor sales are authorized by law.
 - (9) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a restaurant [during the following days or hours: (i) until after the polls are closed on the day of any: (A) regular general election; (B) regular primary election; or (C) statewide special election; (ii) until after the polls are closed on the day of any municipal, local district, special service district, or school election, but only: (A) within the boundaries of the municipality, local district, special service district, or school district; and (B) if required by local ordinance; and (iii) on any [other] day after 12 midnight [and] or before 12 noon.
 - (b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, for on-premise beer licensees.
 - (10) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold except in connection with an order for food prepared, sold, and served at the restaurant.
 - (11) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
 - (a) minor;

245

246

247

249

250

251

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

271

272

- (b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
- (c) known habitual drunkard; or
- (d) known interdicted person.
- 270 (12) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
 - (ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
 - (b) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage to the licensee.
- 274 (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages 275 over consumption or intoxication.

(d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the restaurant's business day such as a "happy hour."

- (e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
- (f) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
- (g) A restaurant licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
 - (13) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of a restaurant by:
- 285 (a) the licensee; or

- (b) any employee or agent of the licensee.
- (14) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a restaurant liquor licensee any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the discretion of the licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of any restaurant liquor licensee for on-premise consumption.
- (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (14)(a), a restaurant liquor licensee or its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow:
- (i) a person to bring onto the restaurant premises any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption; or
 - (ii) consumption of any such alcoholic beverage on its premises.
- (c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server or other representative of the licensee upon entering the restaurant.
- (d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the restaurant as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
- (15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), a restaurant licensee and its employees may not permit a restaurant patron to carry from the restaurant premises an open container that:
 - (i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
 - (ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a restaurant patron may remove from the restaurant the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine purchased in the restaurant, or brought

307 onto the premises of the restaurant in accordance with Subsection (14), provided the bottle has 308 been recorked or recapped before removal. 309 (16) (a) A minor may not be employed by a restaurant licensee to sell or dispense 310 alcoholic beverages. 311 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (16)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be 312 employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device. 313 (17) An employee of a restaurant liquor licensee, while on duty, may not: 314 (a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or 315 (b) be intoxicated. 316 (18) Any charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of 317 liquor may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including: 318 (a) a set-up charge; 319 (b) a service charge; or 320 (c) a chilling fee. 321 (19) Each restaurant liquor licensee shall display in a prominent place in the restaurant: 322 (a) the liquor license that is issued by the department; 323 (b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated 324 metered dispensing system; and 325 (c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or 326 drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." 327 (20) A restaurant liquor licensee may not on the premises of the restaurant liquor licensee: 328 329 (a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, 330 Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling; 331 (b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, 332 Part 11, Gambling; or 333 (c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires 334 the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is 335 based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers

(21) (a) Each restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or record

only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.

336

330	showing in detail.
339	(i) quarterly expenditures made separately for:
340	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
341	(B) set-ups;
342	(C) liquor;
343	(D) food; and
344	(E) all other items required by the department; and
345	(ii) sales made separately for:
346	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
347	(B) set-ups;
348	(C) food; and
349	(D) all other items required by the department.
350	(b) The record required by Subsection (21)(a) shall be kept:
351	(i) in a form approved by the department; and
352	(ii) current for each three-month period.
353	(c) Each expenditure shall be supported by:
354	(i) delivery tickets;
355	(ii) invoices;
356	(iii) receipted bills;
357	(iv) canceled checks;
358	(v) petty cash vouchers; or
359	(vi) other sustaining data or memoranda.
360	(d) In addition to a ledger or record required under Subsection (21)(a), a restaurant
361	liquor licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as the department
362	may require.
363	(e) Any restaurant or person acting for the restaurant, who knowingly forges, falsifies,
364	alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or
365	other documents of the restaurant required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or
366	the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the department, or
367	any of their officials or employees, is subject to:
368	(i) the suspension or revocation of the restaurant's liquor license; and

369	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
370	(22) (a) A restaurant liquor licensee may not close or cease operation for a period
371	longer than 240 hours, unless:
372	(i) the restaurant liquor licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days
373	before the closing; and
374	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
375	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (22)(a), in the case of emergency closure, immediate
376	notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone.
377	(c) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period not
378	to exceed 60 days. The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon
379	written request of the restaurant licensee and upon a showing of good cause. A closure or
380	cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval.
381	(d) Any notice shall include:
382	(i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
383	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
384	(iii) the date on which the licensee will reopen or resume operation.
385	(e) Failure of the licensee to provide notice and to obtain department authorization
386	prior to closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic forfeiture of:
387	(i) the license; and
388	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective
389	immediately.
390	(f) Failure of the licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall
391	result in an automatic forfeiture of:
392	(i) the license; and
393	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
394	(23) Each restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total restaurant
395	business from the sale of food, which does not include mix for alcoholic beverages or service
396	charges.
397	(24) A restaurant liquor license may not be transferred from one location to another,
398	without prior written approval of the commission.

(25) (a) A person, having been granted a restaurant liquor license may not sell, transfer,

assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person whether for monetary gain or not.

- (b) A restaurant liquor license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
- (26) Each server of alcoholic beverages in a licensee's establishment shall keep a written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes alcoholic beverages on the premises. The beverage tab shall list the type and amount of alcoholic beverages ordered or consumed.
- (27) A person's willingness to serve alcoholic beverages may not be made a condition of employment as a server with a restaurant that has a restaurant liquor license.
 - Section 3. Section **32A-4-307** is amended to read:

32A-4-307. Operational restrictions.

400

401

402

403

404

405

406

407

408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

426

Each person granted a limited restaurant license and the employees and management personnel of the restaurant shall comply with the following conditions and requirements.

- Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel.
- (1) (a) Wine and heavy beer may not be purchased by a limited restaurant licensee except from state stores or package agencies .
- (b) Wine and heavy beer purchased in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) may be transported by the licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
- (c) Payment for wine and heavy beer shall be made in accordance with rules established by the commission.
- (2) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not sell, serve, or allow consumption of spirituous liquor on the premises of the restaurant.
 - (b) Spirituous liquor may not be on the premises of the restaurant except for use:
 - (i) as a flavoring on desserts; and
- (ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts.
- 427 (3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to 428 exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
- 429 (ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as 430 the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.

431	(iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under
432	Subsection (7)(e).
433	(b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices
434	fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
435	(ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 milliliters at prices
436	fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
437	(c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the limited
438	restaurant as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the limited restaurant.
439	(4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices
440	fixed by the commission.
441	(b) A service charge may be assessed by the limited restaurant as authorized by
442	commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the restaurant.
443	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a limited restaurant licensee may sell beer for
444	on-premise consumption:
445	(A) in an open container; and
446	(B) on draft.
447	(ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does
448	not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of
449	container that exceeds one liter.
450	(b) A limited restaurant licensee that sells beer pursuant to Subsection (5)(a):
451	(i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the
452	commission; and
453	(ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer
454	Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are
455	inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
456	(c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
457	Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the
458	restaurant's:
459	(i) limited restaurant license; and
460	(ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.

(6) Wine, heavy beer, and beer may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other

than as designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the restaurant.

- (7) (a) (i) A patron may only make alcoholic beverage purchases in the limited restaurant from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a)(i), a patron who has purchased bottled wine from an employee of the restaurant or has carried bottled wine onto the premises of the restaurant pursuant to Subsection (14) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.
 - (b) Alcoholic beverages shall be delivered by a server to the patron.
 - (c) Any alcoholic beverage may only be consumed at the patron's table or counter.
 - (d) Alcoholic beverages may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a bar.
- (e) Each restaurant patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the patron.
- (8) The alcoholic beverage storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when alcoholic beverage sales are authorized by law.
- (9) (a) Wine and heavy beer may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a limited restaurant [during the following days or hours: (i) until after the polls are closed on the day of any: (A) regular general election; (B) regular primary election; or (C) statewide special election; (ii) until after the polls are closed on the day of any municipal, local district, special service district, or school election, but only: (A) within the boundaries of the municipality, local district, special service district, or school district; and (B) if required by local ordinance; and (iii) on any [other] day after 12 midnight [and] or before 12 noon.
- (b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, for on-premise beer licensees.
- (10) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold except in connection with an order of food prepared, sold, and served at the restaurant.
- (11) Wine, heavy beer, and beer may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to [any] \underline{a} :
- 491 (a) minor;

492 (b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;

493	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
494	(d) known interdicted person.
495	(12) (a) (i) Wine and heavy beer may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

503

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

- (ii) Wine and heavy beer may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
- (b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverages to the licensee.
- (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages over consumption or intoxication.
- (d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the limited restaurant's business day such as a "happy hour."
- (e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
- (f) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
- (g) A limited restaurant licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
 - (13) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of the restaurant by:
 - (a) the licensee; or
 - (b) any employee or agent of the licensee.
- (14) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a limited restaurant licensee any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the discretion of the licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of any limited restaurant licensee for on-premise consumption.
- (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (14)(a), a limited restaurant licensee or its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow:
- (i) a person to bring onto the restaurant premises any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption; or
- (ii) consumption of any alcoholic beverage described in Subsection (14)(b)(i) on its premises.
- 522 (c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server 523 or other representative of the licensee upon entering the restaurant.

524	(d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the restaurant as
525	authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
526	(15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), a limited restaurant licensee and its
527	employees may not permit a restaurant patron to carry from the restaurant premises an open
528	container that:
529	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
530	(ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
531	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a patron may remove the unconsumed
532	contents of a bottle of wine if before removal the bottle has been recorked or recapped.
533	(16) (a) A minor may not be employed by a limited restaurant licensee to sell or
534	dispense alcoholic beverages.
535	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (16)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be
536	employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device.
537	(17) An employee of a limited restaurant licensee, while on duty, may not:
538	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
539	(b) be intoxicated.
540	(18) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of wine
541	or heavy beer may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including:
542	(a) a service charge; or
543	(b) a chilling fee.
544	(19) Each limited restaurant licensee shall display in a prominent place in the
545	restaurant:
546	(a) the license that is issued by the department; and
547	(b) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
548	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
549	(20) A limited restaurant licensee may not on the premises of the restaurant:
550	(a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
551	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
552	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10,
553	Part 11, Gambling; or
554	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires

555 the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is 556 based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers 557 only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value. 558 (21) (a) Each limited restaurant licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or record 559 showing in detail: 560 (i) quarterly expenditures made separately for: 561 (A) wine; 562 (B) heavy beer; 563 (C) beer; 564 (D) food; and 565 (E) all other items required by the department; and 566 (ii) sales made separately for: 567 (A) wine; 568 (B) heavy beer; 569 (C) beer; 570 (D) food; and 571 (E) all other items required by the department. 572 (b) The record required by Subsection (21)(a) shall be kept: 573 (i) in a form approved by the department; and 574 (ii) current for each three-month period. 575 (c) Each expenditure shall be supported by: 576 (i) delivery tickets; 577 (ii) invoices; 578 (iii) receipted bills; 579 (iv) canceled checks; 580 (v) petty cash vouchers; or 581 (vi) other sustaining data or memoranda. 582 (d) In addition to the ledger or record maintained under Subsections (21)(a) through 583 (c), a limited restaurant licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as 584 the department may require. 585 (e) Any restaurant or person acting for the restaurant, who knowingly forges, falsifies,

586 alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or 587 other documents of the restaurant required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or 588 the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or department, or any 589 of their officials or employees, is subject to: 590 (i) the suspension or revocation of the limited restaurant's license; and 591 (ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses. 592 (22) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not close or cease operation for a period 593 longer than 240 hours, unless: 594 (i) the limited restaurant licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days 595 before the closing; and 596 (ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department. 597 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (22)(a), in the case of emergency closure, immediate 598 notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone. 599 (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (22)(c)(iii), the department may authorize a closure or 600 cessation of operation for a period not to exceed 60 days. 601 (ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon: 602 (A) written request of the limited restaurant licensee; and 603 (B) a showing of good cause. 604 (iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without 605 commission approval. 606 (d) Any notice required by Subsection (22)(a) shall include: 607 (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation; 608 (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and 609 (iii) the date on which the licensee will reopen or resume operation. 610 (e) Failure of the licensee to provide notice and to obtain department authorization 611 before closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic forfeiture of:

612 (i) the license; and

613

614

615

- (ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective immediately.
- (f) Failure of the licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date [shall result] results in an automatic forfeiture of:

617	(i)	the	license;	and
017	(I)	uic	moonso,	anu

- (ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
 - (23) Each limited restaurant licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total restaurant business from the sale of food, which does not include service charges.
 - (24) A limited restaurant license may not be transferred from one location to another, without prior written approval of the commission.
 - (25) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person whether for monetary gain or not.
 - (b) A limited restaurant license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
 - (26) (a) Each server of wine, heavy beer, and beer in a limited restaurant licensee's establishment shall keep a written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes alcoholic beverages on the premises.
 - (b) The beverage tab required by Subsection (26)(a) shall list the type and amount of alcoholic beverages ordered or consumed.
 - (27) A limited restaurant licensee may not make a person's willingness to serve alcoholic beverages a condition of employment as a server with the restaurant.
 - Section 4. Section **32A-4-406** is amended to read:

32A-4-406. Operational restrictions.

Each person granted an on-premise banquet license and the employees and management personnel of the on-premise banquet licensee shall comply with this title, the rules of the commission, and the following conditions and requirements. Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel.

- (1) A person involved in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages under the on-premise banquet license shall:
 - (a) be under the supervision and direction of the on-premise banquet licensee; and
- (b) complete the seminar provided for in Section 62A-15-401.
- 646 (2) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by the on-premise banquet licensee except from 647 state stores or package agencies.

(b) Liquor purchased in accordance with Subsection (2)(a) may be transported by the on-premise banquet licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.

- (c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the commission.
- (3) Alcoholic beverages may be sold or provided at a banquet subject to the restrictions set forth in this Subsection (3).
- (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may sell or provide any primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted under this title, except that:
- (i) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following restrictions:
- (A) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of a primary spirituous liquor;
 - (B) the secondary ingredient may not be the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
 - (C) the on-premise banquet licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on the floor plan provided to the department; and
 - (D) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
 - (ii) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used:
 - (A) as a flavoring on desserts; and

- (B) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts;
- (iii) each attendee may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time before the attendee; and
- (iv) each attendee may have no more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time before the attendee.
 - (b) (i) (A) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
- (B) An individual portion may be served to an attendee in more than one glass as long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.

(C) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under Subsection (5)(c).

- (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed by the commission.
- (iii) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the on-premise banquet licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased on the banquet premises.
- (c) (i) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices fixed by the commission.
- (ii) A service charge may be assessed by the on-premise banquet licensee as authorized by commission rule for heavy beer purchased on the banquet premises.
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), beer may be sold and served for on-premise consumption:
 - (A) in an open container; and
- (B) on draft.

- (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (3)(d)(i) shall be in a size of container that does not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual attendee in a container size that exceeds one liter.
- (4) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as designated in the on-premise banquet licensee's application, except that additional locations in or on the premises of an on-premise banquet licensee may be approved in accordance with guidelines approved by the commission as provided in Subsection 32A-4-402(2).
- (5) (a) An attendee may only make alcoholic beverage purchases from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the on-premise banquet licensee to sell and serve alcoholic beverages.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), an attendee who has purchased bottled wine from an employee of the on-premise banquet licensee may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the attendee or others at the attendee's table.
- (c) Each attendee may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the attendee.
 - (6) The alcoholic beverage storage area shall remain locked at all times other than

710	those hours and days when alcoholic beverage sales are authorized by law.
711	(7) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), alcoholic Alcoholic beverages may
712	be offered for sale, sold, served, or otherwise furnished from 10 a.m. to 1 a.m. seven days a
713	week:
714	[(i)] (a) at a banquet; or
715	[(ii)] (b) in connection with room service.
716	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a sale or service of liquor may not occur at a
717	banquet or in connection with room service until after the polls are closed on the day of:]
718	[(i) a regular general election;]
719	[(ii) a regular primary election; or]
720	[(iii) a statewide special election.]
721	(8) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
722	(a) minor;
723	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
724	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
725	(d) known interdicted person.
726	(9) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
727	(ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
728	(b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage
729	to the licensee.
730	(c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages
731	over consumption or intoxication.
732	(d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain
733	hours of the on-premise banquet licensee's business day such as a "happy hour."
734	(e) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single
735	alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
736	(f) An on-premise banquet licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or
737	offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public.
738	(10) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for an attendee by:
739	(a) the on-premise banquet licensee; or

(b) any employee or agent of the on-premise banquet licensee.

741 (11) An attendee of a banquet may not bring any alcoholic beverage into or onto, or 742 remove any alcoholic beverage from the premises of a banquet.

- (12) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this title, the sale and service of alcoholic beverages by an on-premise banquet licensee at a banquet shall be made only for consumption at the location of the banquet.
- (b) The host of a banquet, an attendee, or any other person other than the on-premise banquet licensee or its employees, may not remove any alcoholic beverage from the premises of the banquet.
- (13) An on-premise banquet licensee employee shall remain at the banquet at all times when alcoholic beverages are being sold, served, or consumed at the banquet.
- (14) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may not leave any unsold alcoholic beverages at the banquet following the conclusion of the banquet.
- 753 (b) At the conclusion of a banquet, the on-premise banquet licensee or its employees, shall:
 - (i) destroy any opened and unused alcoholic beverages that are not saleable, under conditions established by the department; and
 - (ii) return to the on-premise banquet licensee's approved locked storage area any:
 - (A) opened and unused alcoholic beverage that is saleable; and
 - (B) unopened containers of alcoholic beverages.
 - (15) Except as provided in Subsection (14), any open or sealed container of alcoholic beverages not sold or consumed at a banquet:
 - (a) shall be stored by the on-premise banquet licensee in the licensee's approved locked storage area; and
 - (b) may be used at more than one banquet.
 - (16) An on-premise banquet licensee may not employ a minor to sell, serve, dispense, or otherwise furnish alcoholic beverages in connection with the licensee's banquet and room service activities.
 - (17) An employee of an on-premise banquet licensee, while on duty, may not:
- 769 (a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
- 770 (b) be intoxicated.

743

744

745

746

747

748

749

750

751

752

755

756

757

758

759

760

761

762

763

764

765

766

767

768

771 (18) An on-premise banquet licensee shall prominently display at each banquet at

which alcoholic beverages are sold or served:

- (a) a copy of the licensee's on-premise banquet license; and
- 774 (b) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or 775 drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
 - (19) An on-premise banquet licensee may not on the premises of the hotel, resort facility, sports center, or convention center:
 - (a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
 - (b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling; or
 - (c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
 - (20) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee shall maintain accounting and such other records and documents as the commission or department may require.
 - (b) An on-premise banquet licensee or person acting for the on-premise banquet licensee, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or other documents of the on-premise banquet licensee required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or department, or any of their officials or employees, is subject to:
 - (i) the suspension or revocation of the on-premise banquet license; and
 - (ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
 - (21) (a) For the purpose described in Subsection (21)(b), an on-premise banquet licensee shall provide the department with advance notice of a scheduled banquet in accordance with rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (b) The advance notice required by Subsection (21)(a) is required to provide any of the following the opportunity to conduct a random inspection of a banquet:
 - (i) an authorized representative of the commission or the department; or

803	(ii) a law enforcement officer.
804	(22) An on-premise banquet licensee shall maintain at least 50% of its total annual
805	banquet gross receipts from the sale of food, not including:
806	(a) mix for alcoholic beverages; and
807	(b) charges in connection with the service of alcoholic beverages.
808	(23) A person may not transfer an on-premise banquet license from one business
809	location to another without prior written approval of the commission.
810	(24) (a) An on-premise banquet licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange,
811	barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person, whether for
812	monetary gain or not.
813	(b) An on-premise banquet license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type
814	of disposition.
815	(25) (a) Room service of alcoholic beverages to a guest room of a hotel or resort
816	facility shall be provided in person by an on-premise banquet licensee employee only to an
817	adult guest in the guest room.
818	(b) Alcoholic beverages may not be left outside a guest room for retrieval by a guest.
819	(c) An on-premise banquet licensee may only provide alcoholic beverages for room
820	service in sealed containers.
821	Section 5. Section 32A-5-107 is amended to read:
822	32A-5-107. Operational restrictions.
823	Each club granted a private club license and the employees, management personnel, and
824	members of the club shall comply with the following conditions and requirements. Failure to
825	comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or other disciplinary action
826	taken against individual employees or management personnel.
827	(1) Each private club shall have a governing body that:
828	(a) consists of three or more members of the club; and
829	(b) holds regular meetings to:
830	(i) review membership applications; and
831	(ii) conduct any other business as required by the bylaws or house rules of the private
832	club.

(2) (a) Each private club may admit an individual as a member only on written

034	application signed by the applicant, subject to:
835	(i) the applicant paying an application fee as required by Subsection (4); and
836	(ii) investigation, vote, and approval of a quorum of the governing body.
837	(b) (i) Admissions shall be recorded in the official minutes of a regular meeting of the
838	governing body.
839	(ii) An application, whether approved or disapproved, shall be filed as a part of the
840	official records of the licensee.
841	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a private club, in its discretion, may admit an
842	applicant and immediately accord the applicant temporary privileges of a member until the
843	governing body completes its investigation and votes on the application, subject to the
844	following conditions:
845	(i) the applicant shall:
846	(A) submit a written application; and
847	(B) pay the application fee required by Subsection (4);
848	(ii) the governing body votes on the application at its next meeting which shall take
849	place no later than 31 days following the day on which the application was submitted; and
850	(iii) the applicant's temporary membership privileges are terminated if the governing
851	body disapproves the application.
852	(d) The spouse of a member of any class of private club is entitled to all the rights and
853	privileges of the member:
854	(i) to the extent permitted by the bylaws or house rules of the private club; and
855	(ii) except to the extent restricted by this title.
856	(e) The minor child of a member of a class A private club is entitled to all the rights
857	and privileges of the member:
858	(i) to the extent permitted by the bylaws or house rules of the private club; and
859	(ii) except to the extent restricted by this title.
860	(3) (a) Each private club shall maintain a current and complete membership record
861	showing:
862	(i) the date of application of each proposed member;
863	(ii) each member's address;
864	(iii) the date the governing body approved a member's admission;

865	(iv) the date initiation fees and dues were assessed and paid; and
866	(v) the serial number of the membership card issued to each member.
867	(b) A current record shall also be kept indicating when members are dropped or
868	resigned.
869	(4) (a) Each private club shall establish in the club bylaws or house rules application
870	fees and membership dues:
871	(i) as established by commission rules; and
872	(ii) which are collected from all members.
873	(b) An application fee:
874	(i) shall not be less than \$4;
875	(ii) shall be paid when the applicant applies for membership; and
876	(iii) at the discretion of the private club, may be credited toward membership dues if
877	the governing body approves the applicant as a member.
878	(5) (a) Each private club may, in its discretion, allow an individual to be admitted to or
879	use the club premises as a guest only under the following conditions:
880	(i) each guest must be previously authorized by one of the following who agrees to host
881	the guest into the club:
882	(A) an active member of the club; or
883	(B) a holder of a current visitor card;
884	(ii) each guest must be known by the guest's host based on a preexisting bonafide
885	business or personal relationship with the host prior to the guest's admittance to the club;
886	(iii) each guest must be accompanied by the guest's host for the duration of the guest's
887	visit to the club;
888	(iv) each guest's host must remain on the club premises for the duration of the guest's
889	visit to the club;
890	(v) each guest's host is responsible for the cost of all services extended to the guest;
891	(vi) each guest enjoys only those privileges derived from the guest's host for the
892	duration of the guest's visit to the club;
893	(vii) an employee of the club, while on duty, may not act as a host for a guest;
894	(viii) an employee of the club, while on duty, may not attempt to locate a member or
895	current visitor card holder to serve as a host for a guest with whom the member or visitor card

896	holder has no acquaintance based on a preexisting bonafide business or personal relationship
897	prior to the guest's arrival at the club; and
898	(ix) a club and its employees may not enter into an agreement or arrangement with a
899	club member or holder of a current visitor card to indiscriminately host members of the general
900	public into the club as guests.
901	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), previous authorization is not required if:
902	(i) the licensee is a class B private club; and
903	(ii) the guest is a member of the same fraternal organization as the private club
904	licensee.
905	(6) Each private club may, in its discretion, issue visitor cards to allow individuals to
906	enter and use the club premises on a temporary basis under the following conditions:
907	(a) each visitor card shall be issued for a period not to exceed three weeks;
908	(b) a fee of not less than \$4 shall be assessed for each visitor card issued;
909	(c) a visitor card shall not be issued to a minor;
910	(d) a holder of a visitor card may not host more than seven guests at one time;
911	(e) each visitor card issued shall include:
912	(i) the visitor's full name and signature;
913	(ii) the date the card was issued;
914	(iii) the date the card expires;
915	(iv) the club's name; and
916	(v) the serial number of the card; and
917	(f) (i) the club shall maintain a current record of the issuance of each visitor card on the
918	club premises; and
919	(ii) the record described in Subsection (6)(f)(i) shall:
920	(A) be available for inspection by the department; and
921	(B) include:
922	(I) the name of the person to whom the card was issued;
923	(II) the date the card was issued;
924	(III) the date the card expires; and
925	(IV) the serial number of the card.
926	(7) A private club may not sell alcoholic beverages to or allow any patron to be

927	admitted to or use the club premises other than:
928	(a) a member;
929	(b) a visitor who holds a valid visitor card issued under Subsection (6); or
930	(c) a guest of:
931	(i) a member; or
932	(ii) a holder of a current visitor card.
933	(8) (a) A minor may not be:
934	(i) a member, officer, director, or trustee of a private club;
935	(ii) issued a visitor card;
936	(iii) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of any lounge or bar area, as defined by
937	commission rule, of any private club except to the extent authorized under Subsection
938	(8)(c)(ii);
939	(iv) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of any class D private club:
940	(A) that operates as a sexually oriented business as defined by local ordinance; or
941	(B) when a sexually oriented entertainer is performing on the premises; or
942	(v) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club except to the
943	extent authorized under Subsections (8)(b) through (g).
944	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(a)(iv), at the discretion of a class D private
945	club, a minor may be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club under
946	the following circumstances:
947	(i) during periods when no alcoholic beverages are sold, served, otherwise furnished,
948	or consumed on the premises, but in no event later than 1 p.m.;
949	(ii) when accompanied at all times by a member or holder of a current visitor card who
950	is the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse; and
951	(iii) the private club has a full kitchen and is licensed by the local jurisdiction as a food
952	service provider.
953	(c) A minor may be employed by a class D private club on the premises of the club if:
954	(i) the parent or legal guardian of the minor owns or operates the class D private club;
955	or
956	(ii) the minor performs maintenance and cleaning services during the hours when the
957	club is not open for business.

958	(d) (i) Subject to Subsection (8)(d)(ii), a minor who is at least 18 years of age may be
959	admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a dance or concert hall if:
960	(A) the dance or concert hall is located:
961	(I) on the premises of a class D private club; or
962	(II) on the property that immediately adjoins the premises of and is operated by a class
963	D private club; and
964	(B) the commission has issued the class D private club a permit to operate a minor
965	dance or concert hall based on the criteria described in Subsection (8)(d)(iii).
966	(ii) If the dance or concert hall is located on the premises of a class D private club, a
967	minor must be properly hosted in accordance with Subsection (5) by:
968	(A) a member; or
969	(B) a holder of a current visitor card.
970	(iii) The commission may issue a minor dance or concert hall permit if:
971	(A) the club's lounge, bar, and alcoholic beverage consumption area is:
972	(I) not accessible to minors;
973	(II) clearly defined; and
974	(III) separated from the dance or concert hall area by walls, multiple floor levels, or
975	other substantial physical barriers;
976	(B) any bar or dispensing area is not visible to minors;
977	(C) no consumption of alcoholic beverages may occur in:
978	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
979	(II) any area of the club accessible to a minor;
980	(D) the club maintains sufficient security personnel to prevent the passing of beverages
981	from the club's lounge, bar, or alcoholic beverage consumption areas to:
982	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
983	(II) any area of the club accessible to a minor;
984	(E) there are separate entrances, exits, and restroom facilities from the club's lounge,
985	bar, and alcoholic beverage consumption areas than for:
986	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
987	(II) any area accessible to a minor; and
988	(F) the club complies with any other restrictions imposed by the commission by rule.

989 (e) A minor under 18 years of age who is accompanied at all times by a parent or legal 990 guardian who is a member or holder of a current visitor card may be admitted into, use, or be 991 on the premises of a concert hall described in Subsection (8)(d)(i) if: 992 (i) all requirements of Subsection (8)(d) are met; and 993 (ii) all signage, product, and dispensing equipment containing recognition of alcoholic 994 beverages is not visible to the minor. 995 (f) A minor under 18 years of age but who is 14 years of age or older who is not 996 accompanied by a parent or legal guardian may be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of 997 a concert hall described in Subsection (8)(d)(i) if: 998 (i) all requirements of Subsections (8)(d) and (8)(e)(ii) are met; and 999 (ii) there is no alcoholic beverage, sales, service, or consumption on the premises of the 1000 class D private club. 1001 (g) The commission may suspend or revoke a minor dance or concert permit issued to 1002 a class D private club and suspend or revoke the license of the class D private club if: 1003 (i) the club fails to comply with the restrictions in Subsection (8)(d), (e), or (f); 1004 (ii) the club sells, serves, or otherwise furnishes alcoholic beverages to a minor; 1005 (iii) the licensee or a supervisory or managerial level employee of the private club is 1006 convicted under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, on the basis of activities 1007 that occurred on: 1008 (A) the licensed premises; or (B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the 1009 1010 premises of and is operated by the class D private club; 1011 (iv) there are three or more convictions of patrons of the private club under Title 58, 1012 Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, based on activities that occurred on: 1013 (A) the licensed premises; or 1014 (B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the 1015 premises of and is operated by the class D private club; 1016 (v) there is more than one conviction:

1017

1018

1019

(A) of:

(I) the licensee;

(II) an employee of the licensee;

1020	(III) an entertainer contracted by the licensee; or
1021	(IV) a patron of the private club; and
1022	(B) made on the basis of lewd acts or lewd entertainment prohibited by this title that
1023	occurred on:
1024	(I) the licensed premises; or
1025	(II) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the
1026	premises of and is operated by the class D private club; or
1027	(vi) the commission finds acts or conduct contrary to the public welfare and morals
1028	involving lewd acts or lewd entertainment prohibited by this title that occurred on:
1029	(A) the licensed premises; or
1030	(B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins the
1031	premises of and is operated by the class D private club.
1032	(h) Nothing in this Subsection (8) shall prohibit a class D private club from selling,
1033	serving, or otherwise furnishing alcoholic beverages in a dance or concert area located on the
1034	club premises on days and times when the club does not allow minors into those areas.
1035	(i) Nothing in Subsections (8)(a) through (g) precludes a local authority from being
1036	more restrictive of a minor's admittance to, use of, or presence on the premises of any private
1037	club.
1038	(9) (a) Each private club shall maintain an expense ledger or record showing in detail
1039	all expenditures separated by payments for:
1040	(i) malt or brewed beverages;
1041	(ii) liquor;
1042	(iii) food;
1043	(iv) detailed payroll;
1044	(v) entertainment;
1045	(vi) rent;
1046	(vii) utilities;
1047	(viii) supplies; and
1048	(ix) all other expenditures.
1049	(b) The record required by this Subsection (9) shall be:
1050	(i) kept in a form approved by the department; and

1051	(ii) balanced each month.
1052	(c) Each expenditure shall be supported by:
1053	(i) delivery tickets;
1054	(ii) invoices;
1055	(iii) receipted bills;
1056	(iv) canceled checks;
1057	(v) petty cash vouchers; or
1058	(vi) other sustaining data or memoranda.
1059	(d) All invoices and receipted bills for the current calendar or fiscal year documenting
1060	purchases made by the club shall also be maintained.
1061	(10) (a) Each private club shall maintain a minute book that is posted currently by the
1062	club.
1063	(b) The minute book required by this Subsection (10) shall contain the minutes of all
1064	regular and special meetings of the governing body.
1065	(c) Membership lists shall also be maintained.
1066	(11) (a) Each private club shall maintain current copies of the club's current bylaws and
1067	current house rules.
1068	(b) Changes in the bylaws or house rules:
1069	(i) are not effective unless submitted to the department within ten days after adoption;
1070	and
1071	(ii) become effective 15 days after received by the department unless rejected by the
1072	department before the expiration of the 15-day period.
1073	(12) Each private club shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as
1074	the department may require.
1075	(13) Any club or person acting for the club, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters,
1076	cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes the entries in any of the books of account or other
1077	documents of the club required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of
1078	the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the department, or any of their
1079	officials or employees, is subject to:

(b) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.

(a) the suspension or revocation of the club's license; and

1080

(14) (a) Each private club shall maintain and keep all the records required by this section and all other books, records, receipts, and disbursements maintained or used by the licensee, as the department requires, for a minimum period of three years.

- (b) All records, books, receipts, and disbursements are subject to inspection by authorized representatives of the commission and the department.
- (c) The club shall allow the department, through its auditors or examiners, to audit all records of the club at times the department considers advisable.
 - (d) The department shall audit the records of the licensee at least once annually.
 - (15) Each private club shall own or lease premises suitable for the club's activities.
- (16) (a) A private club may not maintain facilities in any manner that barricades or conceals the club operation.
- (b) Any member of the commission, authorized department personnel, or any peace officer shall, upon presentation of credentials, be admitted immediately to the club and permitted without hindrance or delay to inspect completely the entire club premises and all books and records of the licensee, at any time during which the same are open for the transaction of business to its members.
- (17) Any public advertising related to a private club by the following shall clearly identify a club as being "a private club for members":
 - (a) the private club;

1082

1083

1084

10851086

1087

1088

1089

1090

1091

1092

1093

1094

1095

1096

1097

1098

1099

1100

1101

1102

1103

1104

1105

1106

1107

1108

1109

- (b) the employees or agents of the private club; or
- (c) any person under a contract or agreement with the club.
- (18) A private club must have food available at all times when alcoholic beverages are sold, served, or consumed on the premises.
- (19) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by a private club licensee except from state stores or package agencies.
- (b) Liquor purchased in accordance with Subsection (19)(a) may be transported by the licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
- (c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the commission.
- 1111 (20) A private club licensee may sell or provide any primary spirituous liquor only in a 1112 quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered

dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted under this title, except that:

- (a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following restrictions:
- (i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of a primary spirituous liquor;
 - (ii) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
- 1121 (iii) the private club licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on 1122 the floor plan provided to the department; and
 - (iv) all flavoring containers shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
- 1124 (b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used:
 - (i) as a flavoring on desserts; and

1115

1116

1117

1118

1119

1120

1123

1126

1127

1130

1131

1132

1133

1134

1135

1136

1137

1138

1139

1140

- (ii) in the preparation of flaming food dishes, drinks, and desserts; and
- 1128 (c) each club patron may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time 1129 before the patron.
 - (21) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
 - (ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
 - (iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under Subsection (25)(c).
 - (b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of four or more persons.
 - (ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 750 milliliters at prices fixed by the commission to tables of less than four persons.
 - (c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the private club as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the private club.
- 1142 (22) (a) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices fixed by the commission.

1144 (b) A service charge may be assessed by the private club for heavy beer purchased at the private club. 1145 1146 (23) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (23)(a)(ii), a private club licensed to sell liquor may 1147 sell beer for on-premise consumption: 1148 (A) in an open container; and 1149 (B) on draft. 1150 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (23)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does 1151 not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of 1152 container that exceeds one liter. 1153 (b) (i) A private club licensed under this chapter that sells beer pursuant to Subsection 1154 (23)(a): 1155 (A) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the 1156 commission: and 1157 (B) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer 1158 Retailer Licenses, that apply to on-premise beer retailers except when those restrictions are 1159 inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this chapter. 1160 (ii) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer 1161 Licenses, required by Subsection (23)(b)(i) may result in a suspension or revocation of the 1162 private club's: 1163 (A) state liquor license; and (B) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority. 1164 1165 (24) Alcoholic beverages may not be stored, served, or sold in any place other than as 1166 designated in the licensee's application, unless the licensee first applies for and receives 1167 approval from the department for a change of location within the private club. 1168 (25) (a) A patron may only make alcoholic beverage purchases in the private club from 1169 and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the licensee to sell, dispense, 1170 and serve alcoholic beverages. 1171 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (25)(a), a patron who has purchased bottled wine from 1172 an employee of the private club or has carried bottled wine onto the premises of the private

club pursuant to Subsection (31) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron or

1173

1174

others at the patron's table.

(c) Each club patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the patron.

- (26) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when liquor sales and service are authorized by law.
- (27) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a private club [during the following days or hours: (i) until after the polls are closed on the day of any: (A) regular general election; (B) regular primary election; or (C) statewide special election; (ii) until after the polls are closed on the day of any municipal, local district, special service district, or school election, but only: (A) within the boundaries of the municipality, local district, special service district, or school district; and (B) if required by local ordinance; and (iii) on any [other] day after 1 a.m. [and] or before 10 a.m.
- (b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, for on-premise beer licenses.
- (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections (27)(a) and (b), a private club shall remain open for one hour after the private club ceases the sale and service of alcoholic beverages during which time a patron of the club may finish consuming:
 - (A) any single drink containing spirituous liquor;
 - (B) a single serving of wine not exceeding five ounces;
 - (C) a single serving of heavy beer; or
- (D) a single serving of beer not exceeding 26 ounces.
- (ii) A club is not required to remain open:
- (A) after all patrons have vacated the premises; or
- 1197 (B) during an emergency.
- 1198 (d) Between the hours of 2 a.m. and 10 a.m. on any day a private club may not allow a patron to remain on the premises to consume alcoholic beverages on the premises.
- 1200 (28) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
- 1201 (a) minor;

1175

1176

1177

1178

1179

1180

1181

1182

1183

1184

1185

1186

1187

1188

1189

1190

1191

1192

- (b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
- 1203 (c) known habitual drunkard; or
- 1204 (d) known interdicted person.
- 1205 (29) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.

- (ii) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
- 1207 (b) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage 1208 to the licensee.
 - (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages over consumption or intoxication.
 - (d) The price of a single serving of a primary spirituous liquor shall be the same whether served as a single drink or in conjunction with another alcoholic beverage.
 - (e) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain hours of the private club's business day such as a "happy hour."
 - (f) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
 - (g) The sale or service of an indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages during any set period for a fixed price is prohibited.
 - (h) A private club licensee may not engage in a promotion involving or offering free alcoholic beverages to patrons of the club.
 - (30) Alcoholic beverages may not be purchased for a patron of the private club by:
 - (a) the licensee; or

1209

1210

1211

1212

1213

1214

1215

1216

1217

1218

1219

1220

1221

1222

1223

1224

1225

1226

1227

1228

1229

1230

1231

1232

1233

1234

- (b) any employee or agent of the licensee.
- (31) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a private club licensee any alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the discretion of the licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of any private club licensee for on-premise consumption.
- (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (31)(a), a private club or its officers, managers, employees, or agents may not allow:
- (i) a person to bring onto the private club premises any alcoholic beverage for consumption on the private club premises; or
- (ii) consumption of alcoholic beverages described in Subsection (31)(b)(i) on the premises of the private club.
- (c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server or other representative of the licensee upon entering the private club.
- 1236 (d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the private club

1237	as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
1238	(32) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (32)(b), a private club and its employees may
1239	not permit a patron of the club to carry from the club premises an open container that:
1240	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
1241	(ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
1242	(b) A patron may remove the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine if before
1243	removal the bottle has been recorked or recapped.
1244	(33) (a) A minor may not be employed by any class A, B, or C private club to sell,
1245	dispense, or handle any alcoholic beverage.
1246	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (33)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be
1247	employed by a class A or C private club to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales
1248	recording device.
1249	(c) Except to the extent authorized in Subsection (8)(c), a minor may not be employed
1250	by or be on the premises of any class D private club.
1251	(d) A minor may not be employed to work in any lounge or bar area of any class A, B,
1252	or C private club.
1253	(34) An employee of a private club, while on duty, may not:
1254	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
1255	(b) be intoxicated.
1256	(35) (a) A private club may not charge for the service or supply of glasses, ice, or
1257	mixers unless:
1258	(i) the charges are fixed in the house rules of the club; and
1259	(ii) a copy of the house rules is kept on the club premises and available at all times for
1260	examination by patrons of the club.
1261	(b) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor
1262	may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including:
1263	(i) a set-up charge;
1264	(ii) a service charge; or
1265	(iii) a chilling fee.

(36) Each private club licensee shall display in a prominent place in the private club:

(a) the private club license that is issued by the department;

1266

1268 (b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated 1269 metered dispensing system; and 1270 (c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or 1271 drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." 1272 (37) A private club may not on the premises of the private club: 1273 (a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, 1274 Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling; 1275 (b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, Chapter 10, 1276 Part 11, Gambling; or 1277 (c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires 1278 the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is 1279 based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers 1280 only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value. 1281 (38) (a) A private club may not close or cease operation for a period longer than 240 1282 hours, unless: 1283 (i) the private club licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days before 1284 the closing; and 1285 (ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department. 1286 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (38)(a), in the case of emergency closure, immediate 1287 notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone. 1288 (c) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period not to 1289 exceed 60 days. The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon 1290 written request of the private club and upon a showing of good cause. A closure or cessation of 1291 operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval. 1292 (d) The notice required by Subsection (38)(a) shall include: 1293 (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation; 1294 (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and 1295 (iii) the date on which the licensee will reopen or resume operation. 1296 (e) Failure of the licensee to provide notice and to obtain department authorization 1297 prior to closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic forfeiture of:

1298

(i) the license; and

1299	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective
1300	immediately.
1301	(f) Failure of the licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall
1302	result in an automatic forfeiture of:
1303	(i) the license; and
1304	(ii) the unused portion of the club's license fee for the remainder of the license year.
1305	(39) A private club license may not be transferred from one location to another,
1306	without prior written approval of the commission.
1307	(40) (a) A private club licensee, may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or
1308	attempt in any way to dispose of the license to any other person, whether for monetary gain or
1309	not.
1310	(b) A private club license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of
1311	disposition.
1312	Section 6. Section 32A-7-106 is amended to read:
1313	32A-7-106. Operational restrictions.
1314	(1) (a) Any organization granted a single event permit and any person involved in the
1315	storage, sale, or service of alcoholic beverages at the event for which the permit is issued, shall
1316	abide by:
1317	(i) this title;
1318	(ii) the rules of the commission; and
1319	(iii) the special conditions and requirements provided in this section.
1320	(b) Failure to comply with Subsection (1)(a):
1321	(i) may result in:
1322	(A) an immediate revocation of the permit;
1323	(B) forfeiture of the surety bond; and
1324	(C) immediate seizure of all alcoholic beverages present at the event; and
1325	(ii) disqualifies the organization from applying for a single event permit under this
1326	chapter, or a temporary special event beer permit under Chapter 10, Part 3, Temporary Special
1327	Event Beer Permits, for a period of three years from the date of revocation of the permit.
1328	(c) Any alcoholic beverages seized under this Subsection (1) shall be returned to the
1329	organization after the event if forfeiture proceedings are not instituted under Section

1330	32A-13-103.
1331	(2) Special conditions and requirements for single event permittees include the
1332	following:
1333	(a) (i) All persons involved in the storage, sale, or service of alcoholic beverages at the
1334	event do so under the supervision and direction of the permittee.
1335	(ii) All persons involved in the sale or service of alcoholic beverages at the event may
1336	not, while on duty:
1337	(A) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
1338	(B) be intoxicated.
1339	(b) (i) All liquor stored, sold, served, and consumed at the event shall be purchased by
1340	the permittee from a state store or package agency.
1341	(ii) All beer purchased by the permittee shall be purchased from:
1342	(A) a licensed beer wholesaler; or
1343	(B) a licensed beer retailer.
1344	(iii) All alcoholic beverages are considered under the control of the permittee during
1345	the event.
1346	(iv) Attendees of the event may not bring any alcoholic beverages onto the premises of
1347	the event.
1348	(c) A permittee may not charge more than the maximum amount set forth in the permit
1349	for any alcoholic beverage.
1350	(d) Each permittee shall post in a prominent place in the area in which alcoholic
1351	beverages are being sold, served, and consumed, a copy of the permit, together with a list of the
1352	operational restrictions and requirements of single event permittees set forth in this section.
1353	(e) Alcoholic beverages purchased for the event may not be stored, sold, served, or
1354	consumed in any location other than that described in the application and designated on the
1355	permit unless the permittee first applies for and receives approval from the commission for a
1356	change of location.
1357	(f) (i) A single event permittee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in a
1358	quantity not to exceed one ounce per beverage except that additional spirituous liquor may be
1359	used in a beverage if:

(A) used as a secondary flavoring ingredient;

	01 20 00 0001 1101
1361	(B) used in conjunction with the primary spirituous liquor;
1362	(C) the secondary ingredient is not the only spirituous liquor in the beverage; and
1363	(D) each attendee may have no more than 2.75 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time
1364	before the attendee.
1365	(ii) Spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
1366	system.
1367	(g) (i) (A) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion that does
1368	not exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
1369	(B) An individual portion may be served to an attendee in more than one glass as long
1370	as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
1371	(C) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under
1372	Subsection (2)(p).
1373	(ii) Wine may be sold and served in containers not exceeding 1.5 liters at prices fixed
1374	by the commission.
1375	(iii) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the single event
1376	permittee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the event.
1377	(h) (i) Heavy beer may be served in original containers not exceeding one liter at prices
1378	fixed by the commission.
1379	(ii) A service charge may be assessed by the single event permittee as authorized by
1380	commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the event.
1381	(i) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(i)(ii), beer may be sold for on-premise consumption:
1382	(A) in an open container; and
1383	(B) on draft.
1384	(ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (2)(i)(i) shall be in a size of container that does
1385	not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual attendee in a size of
1386	container that exceeds one liter.
1387	(j) (i) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or consumed between the hours of
1388	1 a.m. and 10 a.m.

(ii) This Subsection (2)(j) does not preclude a local authority from being more

restrictive with respect to the hours of sale, service, or consumption of alcoholic beverages at a

1389

1390

1391

temporary single event.

[(k) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished until after the

1393	polls are closed on the day of any:]
1394	[(i) regular general election;]
1395	[(ii) regular primary election; or]
1396	[(iii) statewide special election.]
1397	[(1)] (k) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to any:
1398	(i) minor;
1399	(ii) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
1400	(iii) known habitual drunkard; or
1401	(iv) known interdicted person.
1402	[(m)] (1) (i) (A) Liquor may be sold only at prices fixed by the commission.
1403	(B) Liquor may not be sold at discount prices on any date or at any time.
1404	(ii) Alcoholic beverages may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic beverage
1405	to the permittee.
1406	(iii) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a price that encourages over
1407	consumption or intoxication.
1408	(iv) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only
1409	certain hours of the day of the permitted event.
1410	(v) The sale or service of more than one alcoholic beverage for the price of a single
1411	alcoholic beverage is prohibited.
1412	(vi) The permittee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering free
1413	alcoholic beverages to the general public.
1414	[(n)] (m) A single event permittee and its employees may not permit an attendee to
1415	carry from the premises an open container that:
1416	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
1417	(ii) contains any alcoholic beverage.
1418	[(o)] (n) A minor may not sell, serve, dispense, or handle any alcoholic beverage at the
1419	event.
1420	[(p) Each] (o) An attendee may have no more than one alcoholic beverage of any kind
1421	at a time before the patron.
1422	(3) The permittee shall maintain an expense and revenue ledger or record showing:

1423	(a) expenditures made for liquor and beer, set-ups, and other ingredients and
1424	components of alcoholic beverages; and
1425	(b) the revenue from sale of alcoholic beverages.
1426	(4) A single event permit may not be transferred.
1427	(5) A single event permittee may not on the premises serviced by the single event
1428	permittee:
1429	(a) engage in or allow any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
1430	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
1431	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10,
1432	Part 11, Gambling; or
1433	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
1434	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is
1435	based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers
1436	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
1436a	\$→ Section 7. Coordinating S.B. 167 with H.B. 344 Superseding amendments.
1436b	If this S.B. 167 and H.B. 344, Alcoholic Beverage Enforcement Provisions, both pass, it
1436c	is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in
1436d	preparing the Utah Code database for publication shall have the amendments to:
1436e	(1) Subsection 32A-4-106(9)(a) in this bill supersede the amendments to Subsection
1436f	32A-4-106(9)(a) in H.B. 344;
1436g	(2) Subsection 32A-4-307(9)(a) in this bill supersede the amendments to Subsection
1436h	32A-4-307(9)(a) in H.B. 344; and
1436i	(3) Subsection 32A-5-107(27)(a) in this bill supersede the amendments to Subsection
1436i	32A-5-107(27)(a) in H R 344 ←\$

Legislative Review Note as of 1-25-08 9:43 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

- 47 -

S.B. 167 - Alcoholic Beverages on Election Day

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/30/2008, 5:50:12 PM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst