DEATH CERTIFICATE PROCEDURE			
AMENDMENTS			
2008 GENERAL SESSION			
STATE OF UTAH			
Chief Sponsor: Jon J. Greiner			
House Sponsor:			
LONG TITLE			
General Description:			
This bill amends the Vital Statistics Act.			
Highlighted Provisions:			
This bill:			
 requires the custodial funeral service director to file with the registrar the 			
information related to personal data for the certificate of death;			
 requires the custodial funeral service director to deliver the certificate of death to 			
the physician to complete the medical part of the certificate of death;			
 requires the physician to file the medical portion of the certificate of death with the 			
registrar rather than return the medical portion of the certificate of death to the			
custodial funeral service director who would then file it with the registrar; and			
makes technical amendments.			
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:			
None			
Other Special Clauses:			
This bill coordinates with H.B. 276, Health Professional Authority - Death Certificate			
and Disability, by changing terminology.			



AMENDS:

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Utah Code Sections Affected:

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:					
Section 1. Section 26-2-13 is amended to read:					
26-2-13. Certificate of death Execution and registration requirements.					
(1) (a) A certificate of death for each death which occurs in this state:					
(i) shall be filed with:					
(A) the local registrar of the district in which the death occurs[7]; or					
(B) as otherwise directed by the state registrar[-,]; and					
(ii) shall be filed:					
(A) within five days after death; and					
(B) prior to:					
(I) the decedent's interment[;];					
(II) any other disposal[;] of the decedent; or					
(III) removal of the decedent from the registration district where the death occurred.					
(b) A certificate of death shall be registered if it is completed and filed in accordance					
with this chapter.					
(2) (a) If the place of death is unknown but the dead body is found in this state, the					
certificate of death shall be completed and filed in accordance with this section.					
(b) The place where the dead body is found shall be shown as the place of death.					
(c) If the date of death is unknown, the date shall be determined by approximation.					
(3) (a) When death occurs in a moving conveyance in the United States and the					
decedent is first removed from the conveyance in this state:					
(i) the certificate of death shall be filed with:					
(A) the local registrar of the district where the decedent is removed; or					

- (B) a person designated by the state registrar; and

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- (ii) the place where the decedent is removed shall be considered the place of death. 54
- 55 (b) When a death occurs on a moving conveyance outside the United States and the decedent is first removed from the conveyance in this state: 56
 - (i) the certificate of death shall be filed with:
- (A) the local registrar of the district where the decedent is removed; or 58

59	(B) a person designated by the state registrar; and					
60	(ii) the certificate of death shall show the actual place of death to the extent it can be					
61	determined.					
62	[(4) (a) The custodial funeral service director shall sign the certificate of death.]					
63	[(b)] (4) The custodial funeral service director or an agent of the custodial funeral					
64	service director:					
65	(a) shall[: (i) file the certificate of death prior to any disposition of a dead body or					
66	fetus; and (ii)] obtain the decedent's personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified					
67	person or source available including the decedent's Social Security number, if known;					
68	[however, the certificate of death]					
69	(b) may not include the decedent's Social Security number[-] on the certificate of death;					
70	(c) shall complete the information on the certificate of death, except for the medical					
71	section required by Subsection (5);					
72	(d) shall sign and submit the information required by Subsection (4)(a) in accordance					
73	with Subsection (1)(a); and					
74	(e) shall deliver to the physician the certificate of death to be completed by the					
75	physician in accordance with Subsection (5).					
76	(5) (a) The medical section of the certificate of death shall be completed, signed, and					
77	returned to the [funeral service director] registrar in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) within					
78	72 hours after death by the physician who was in charge of the decedent's care for the illness or					
79	condition which resulted in death, except when inquiry is required by Title 26, Chapter 4, Utah					
80	Medical Examiner Act.					
81	(b) In the absence of the physician or with the physician's approval, the certificate of					
82	death may be completed and signed by an associate physician, the chief medical officer of the					
83	institution in which death occurred, or a physician who performed an autopsy upon the					
84	decedent, provided the person has access to the medical history of the case, views the decedent					
85	at or after death, and death is not due to causes required to be investigated by the medical					
86	examiner.					
87	(6) When death occurs more than 30 days after the decedent was last treated by a					
88	physician, the case shall be referred to the medical examiner for investigation to determine and					
89	certify the cause, date, and place of death.					

of death;

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90	(7) When inquiry is required by Title 26, Chapter 4, Utah Medical Examiner Act, the						
91	1 medical examiner shall make an investigation and complete and sign the medical section of the						
92	certificate of death within 72 hours after taking charge of the case.						
93	(8) If the cause of death cannot be determined within 72 hours after death:						
94	(a) the medical section of the certificate of death shall be completed as provided by						
95	department rule;						
96	(b) the attending physician or medical examiner shall give the funeral service director						
97	notice of the reason for the delay; and						
98	(c) final disposition of the decedent may not be made until authorized by the attending						
99	physician or medical examiner.						
100	(9) (a) When a death is presumed to have occurred within this state but the dead body						
101	cannot be located, a certificate of death may be prepared by the state registrar upon receipt of						
102	an order of a Utah district court.						
103	(b) The order described in Subsection (9)(a) shall include a finding of fact stating the						
104	name of the decedent, the date of death, and the place of death.						
105	(c) A certificate of death prepared under Subsection (9)(a) shall:						
106	(i) show the date of registration; and						
107	(ii) identify the court and date of the order.						
107a	\$→ Section 2. Section 26-2-16 is amended to read:						
107b	26-2-16. Certificate of death Duties of a custodial funeral service director or agent						
107c	Medical certification Records of funeral service director Information filed with local						
107d	registrar Unlawful signing of certificate of death.						
107e	(1) The custodial funeral service director shall sign the certificate of death prior to any						
107f	disposition of a dead body or dead fetus.						
107g	(2) The custodial funeral service director or an agent of the custodial funeral service						
107h	director shall:						
107i	(a) obtain personal and statistical information regarding the decedent from the						
107j	available persons best qualified to provide the information;						
107k	(b) present the certificate of death to the attending physician, if any, or to the medical						
1071	examiner who shall certify the cause of death and other information required on the certificate						

(c) provide the address of the custodial funeral service director; and

(e) file the certificate of death with the state or local registrar } . ←Ŝ

(d) certify the date and place of burial {; and

Ŝ→ (3) A funeral service director, embalmer, or other person who removes from the place
of death or transports or is in charge of final disposal of a dead body or dead fetus, shall keep
a record identifying the dead body or dead fetus, and containing information pertaining to
receipt, removal, and delivery of the dead body or dead fetus as prescribed by department
rule.

- (4) (a) Not later than the tenth day of each month, every licensed funeral service establishment shall send to the local registrar and the department a list of the information required in Subsection (3) for each casket furnished and for funerals performed when no casket was furnished, during the preceding month.
- (b) The list described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be in the form prescribed by the state registrar.
- (5) Any person who intentionally signs the portion of a certificate of death that is required to be signed by a funeral service director under Subsection (1) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor, unless the person:
 - (a) is a funeral service director; and
- 107af (b) is employed by a licensed funeral establishment. ←Ŝ
 - Section 2. Coordinating S.B. 175 with H.B. 276 -- Changing terminology.
 - 109 If this S.B. 175 and H.B. 276, Health Professional Authority Death and Disability,
 - both pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General
 - 111 Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace the word "physician" in
 - Subsection 26-2-13(4)(e) with the word "health care professional".

Legislative Review Note as of 1-29-08 8:45 AM

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 175 - Death Certificate Procedure Amendments

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this Legislation will require \$43,000 ongoing and \$16,800 one-time General Fund to the Department of Health.

	FY 2008 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2009 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2010 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2008 Revenue	Pevenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$0	\$43,000	\$43,000		(1/4)	\$0
General Fund, One-Time	\$0	\$16,800	\$0	**	3 0	\$0
Total	\$0	\$59,800	\$43,000	\$0	\$0	S0

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/5/2008, 8:33:10 AM, Lead Analyst: Frandsen, R.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst