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LOCAL GOVERNMENT DISPOSAL OF REAL
PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY EXACTION
2008 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
House Sponsor: Michael T. Morley
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies county and municipal land use, development, and management
provisions.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• extends from five years to 15 years the period of time that a county or municipality
must own surplus real property acquired by exaction before the county or
municipality is no longer subject to a requirement that the county or municipality
offer to reconvey the property to the original owner.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
10-9a-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 291
17-27a-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 291
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 10-9a-508 is amended to read:
10-9a-508. Exactions Requirement to offer to original owner property acquired

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30	by exaction.
31	(1) A municipality may impose an exaction or exactions on development proposed in a
32	land use application if:
33	(a) an essential link exists between a legitimate governmental interest and each exaction;
34	and
35	(b) each exaction is roughly proportionate, both in nature and extent, to the impact of
36	the proposed development.
37	(2) (a) If a municipality plans to dispose of surplus real property that was acquired
38	under this section and has been owned by the municipality for less than [five] 15 years, the
39	municipality shall first offer to reconvey the property, without receiving additional
40	consideration, to the person who granted the property to the municipality.
41	(b) A person to whom a municipality offers to reconvey property under Subsection
42	(2)(a) has 90 days to accept or reject the municipality's offer.
43	(c) If a person to whom a municipality offers to reconvey property declines the offer,
44	the municipality may offer the property for sale.
45	(d) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to the disposal of property acquired by exaction by
46	a community development or urban renewal agency.
47	Section 2. Section 17-27a-507 is amended to read:
48	17-27a-507. Exactions Requirement to offer to original owner property
49	acquired by exaction.
50	(1) A county may impose an exaction or exactions on development proposed in a land
51	use application provided that:
52	(a) an essential link exists between a legitimate governmental interest and each exaction;
53	and
54	(b) each exaction is roughly proportionate, both in nature and extent, to the impact of
55	the proposed development.

(2) (a) If a county plans to dispose of surplus real property under Section 17-50-312

that was acquired under this section and has been owned by the county for less than [five] 15

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years, the county shall first offer to reconvey the property, without receiving additional consideration, to the person who granted the property to the county.

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- (b) A person to whom a county offers to reconvey property under Subsection (2)(a) has 90 days to accept or reject the county's offer.
- (c) If a person to whom a county offers to reconvey property declines the offer, the county may offer the property for sale.
- (d) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to the disposal of property acquired by exaction by a community development or urban renewal agency.