

**Representative Aaron Tilton** proposes the following substitute bill:

**EQUALIZATION OF SCHOOL CAPITAL**

**OUTLAY FUNDING**

2008 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Dan R. Eastman**

House Sponsor: Aaron Tilton

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill amends the Public Education Capital Outlay Act and the Property Tax Act to modify school capital outlay funding.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- ▶ defines terms;
- ▶ requires certain divided school districts to impose a capital outlay levy at a specified rate and allocates the revenue generated under the capital outlay levy to school districts located within the qualifying divided school district;
- ▶ changes the allocation methodology for the Capital Outlay Foundation Program;
- ▶ appropriates funding to the State Board of Education for the Capital Outlay Foundation Program and the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program;
- ▶ requires each school district in a county of the first class to levy a capital outlay property tax at a specified rate and allocates the revenue generated under the capital outlay levy to school districts located in a county of the first class;
- ▶ amends truth in taxation notice and hearing requirements for school districts imposing the mandatory portion of the capital outlay levy;



- 26 ▶ amends the calculation of the certified tax rate with respect to the capital outlay
- 27 levy; and
- 28 ▶ makes technical corrections.

29 **Monies Appropriated in this Bill:**

30 This bill appropriates:

- 31 ▶ as an ongoing appropriation subject to future budget constraints, \$27,288,900 from
- 32 the Uniform School Fund for fiscal year 2008-09 to the State Board of Education;
- 33 and
- 34 ▶ \$15,000,000 from the Uniform School Fund for fiscal year 2008-09 only to the
- 35 State Board of Education.

36 **Other Special Clauses:**

37 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2008.

38 This bill coordinates with H.B. 1, Minimum School Program Base Budget  
39 Amendments, by providing superseding amendments.

40 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

41 AMENDS:

- 42 **11-13-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 108
- 43 **17-34-3**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 9
- 44 **17C-1-408**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
- 45 **53A-2-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 301
- 46 **53A-2-114**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 326
- 47 **53A-2-115**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 326
- 48 **53A-2-117**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 215 and 297
- 49 **53A-16-106**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 12
- 50 **53A-16-107**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 332
- 51 **53A-16-110**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 371
- 52 **53A-17a-133**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 26
- 53 **53A-19-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 92
- 54 **53A-19-105**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 122
- 55 **53A-21-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 199 and 320
- 56 **59-2-908**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 278

- 57           **59-2-913**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 107
- 58           **59-2-914**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 278
- 59           **59-2-918**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapters 26 and 104
- 60           **59-2-924**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 107 and 329
- 61           **59-2-1330**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapters 196 and 240

62 ENACTS:

- 63           **53A-2-118.3**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 64           **53A-16-107.1**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 65           **53A-21-101.5**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 66           **53A-21-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 67           **53A-21-202**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 68           **53A-21-301**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 69           **53A-21-302**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 70           **59-2-924.2**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 71           **59-2-924.3**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 72           **59-2-924.4**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

73 RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:

- 74           **53A-21-401**, (Renumbered from 53A-21-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007,
- 75 Chapter 344)
- 76           **53A-21-501**, (Renumbered from 53A-21-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007,
- 77 Chapter 2)

78 REPEALS:

- 79           **53A-21-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 320
- 80           **53A-21-103.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapters 171 and 184



82 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

83           Section 1. Section **11-13-302** is amended to read:

84           **11-13-302. Payment of fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax by certain energy**  
85 **suppliers -- Method of calculating -- Collection -- Extent of tax lien.**

86           (1) (a) Each project entity created under this chapter that owns a project and that sells  
87 any capacity, service, or other benefit from it to an energy supplier or suppliers whose tangible

88 property is not exempted by Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 3, from the payment of ad  
89 valorem property tax, shall pay an annual fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax as provided in  
90 this section to each taxing jurisdiction within which the project or any part of it is located.

91 (b) For purposes of this section, "annual fee" means the annual fee described in  
92 Subsection (1)(a) that is in lieu of ad valorem property tax.

93 (c) The requirement to pay an annual fee shall commence:

94 (i) with respect to each taxing jurisdiction that is a candidate receiving the benefit of  
95 impact alleviation payments under contracts or determination orders provided for in Sections  
96 11-13-305 and 11-13-306, with the fiscal year of the candidate following the fiscal year of the  
97 candidate in which the date of commercial operation of the last generating unit, other than any  
98 generating unit providing additional project capacity, of the project occurs, or, in the case of  
99 any facilities providing additional project capacity, with the fiscal year of the candidate  
100 following the fiscal year of the candidate in which the date of commercial operation of the  
101 generating unit providing the additional project capacity occurs; and

102 (ii) with respect to any taxing jurisdiction other than a taxing jurisdiction described in  
103 Subsection (1)(c)(i), with the fiscal year of the taxing jurisdiction in which construction of the  
104 project commences, or, in the case of facilities providing additional project capacity, with the  
105 fiscal year of the taxing jurisdiction in which construction of those facilities commences.

106 (d) The requirement to pay an annual fee shall continue for the period of the useful life  
107 of the project or facilities.

108 (2) (a) The annual fees due a school district shall be as provided in Subsection (2)(b)  
109 because the ad valorem property tax imposed by a school district and authorized by the  
110 Legislature under Section 53A-17a-135 represents both:

111 (i) a levy mandated by the state for the state minimum school program under Section  
112 53A-17a-135; and

113 (ii) local levies for capital outlay, maintenance, transportation, and other purposes  
114 under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-107, 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-126, 53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-133,  
115 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, and 53A-17a-145~~[, and 53A-21-103]~~.

116 (b) The annual fees due a school district shall be as follows:

117 (i) the project entity shall pay to the school district an annual fee for the state minimum  
118 school program at the rate imposed by the school district and authorized by the Legislature

119 under Subsection 53A-17a-135(1); and

120 (ii) for all other local property tax levies authorized to be imposed by a school district,  
121 the project entity shall pay to the school district either:

122 (A) an annual fee; or

123 (B) impact alleviation payments under contracts or determination orders provided for  
124 in Sections 11-13-305 and 11-13-306.

125 (3) (a) An annual fee due a taxing jurisdiction for a particular year shall be calculated  
126 by multiplying the tax rate or rates of the jurisdiction for that year by the product obtained by  
127 multiplying the fee base or value determined in accordance with Subsection (4) for that year of  
128 the portion of the project located within the jurisdiction by the percentage of the project which  
129 is used to produce the capacity, service, or other benefit sold to the energy supplier or suppliers.

130 (b) As used in this section, "tax rate," when applied in respect to a school district,  
131 includes any assessment to be made by the school district under Subsection (2) or Section  
132 63-51-6.

133 (c) There is to be credited against the annual fee due a taxing jurisdiction for each year,  
134 an amount equal to the debt service, if any, payable in that year by the project entity on bonds,  
135 the proceeds of which were used to provide public facilities and services for impact alleviation  
136 in the taxing jurisdiction in accordance with Sections 11-13-305 and 11-13-306.

137 (d) The tax rate for the taxing jurisdiction for that year shall be computed so as to:

138 (i) take into account the fee base or value of the percentage of the project located  
139 within the taxing jurisdiction determined in accordance with Subsection (4) used to produce the  
140 capacity, service, or other benefit sold to the supplier or suppliers; and

141 (ii) reflect any credit to be given in that year.

142 (4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the annual fees required by this  
143 section shall be paid, collected, and distributed to the taxing jurisdiction as if:

144 (i) the annual fees were ad valorem property taxes; and

145 (ii) the project were assessed at the same rate and upon the same measure of value as  
146 taxable property in the state.

147 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), for purposes of an annual fee required by  
148 this section, the fee base of a project may be determined in accordance with an agreement  
149 among:

150 (A) the project entity; and  
151 (B) any county that:  
152 (I) is due an annual fee from the project entity; and  
153 (II) agrees to have the fee base of the project determined in accordance with the  
154 agreement described in this Subsection (4).  
155 (ii) The agreement described in Subsection (4)(b)(i):  
156 (A) shall specify each year for which the fee base determined by the agreement shall be  
157 used for purposes of an annual fee; and  
158 (B) may not modify any provision of this chapter except the method by which the fee  
159 base of a project is determined for purposes of an annual fee.  
160 (iii) For purposes of an annual fee imposed by a taxing jurisdiction within a county  
161 described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(B), the fee base determined by the agreement described in  
162 Subsection (4)(b)(i) shall be used for purposes of an annual fee imposed by that taxing  
163 jurisdiction.  
164 (iv) (A) If there is not agreement as to the fee base of a portion of a project for any  
165 year, for purposes of an annual fee, the State Tax Commission shall determine the value of that  
166 portion of the project for which there is not an agreement:  
167 (I) for that year; and  
168 (II) using the same measure of value as is used for taxable property in the state.  
169 (B) The valuation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) shall be made by the State Tax  
170 Commission in accordance with rules made by the State Tax Commission.  
171 (c) Payments of the annual fees shall be made from:  
172 (i) the proceeds of bonds issued for the project; and  
173 (ii) revenues derived by the project entity from the project.  
174 (d) (i) The contracts of the project entity with the purchasers of the capacity, service, or  
175 other benefits of the project whose tangible property is not exempted by Utah Constitution  
176 Article XIII, Section 3, from the payment of ad valorem property tax shall require each  
177 purchaser, whether or not located in the state, to pay, to the extent not otherwise provided for,  
178 its share, determined in accordance with the terms of the contract, of these fees.  
179 (ii) It is the responsibility of the project entity to enforce the obligations of the  
180 purchasers.

181 (5) (a) The responsibility of the project entity to make payment of the annual fees is  
182 limited to the extent that there is legally available to the project entity, from bond proceeds or  
183 revenues, monies to make these payments, and the obligation to make payments of the annual  
184 fees is not otherwise a general obligation or liability of the project entity.

185 (b) No tax lien may attach upon any property or money of the project entity by virtue of  
186 any failure to pay all or any part of an annual fee.

187 (c) The project entity or any purchaser may contest the validity of an annual fee to the  
188 same extent as if the payment was a payment of the ad valorem property tax itself.

189 (d) The payments of an annual fee shall be reduced to the extent that any contest is  
190 successful.

191 (6) (a) The annual fee described in Subsection (1):

192 (i) shall be paid by a public agency that:

193 (A) is not a project entity; and

194 (B) owns an interest in a facility providing additional project capacity if the interest is  
195 otherwise exempt from taxation pursuant to Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3; and

196 (ii) for a public agency described in Subsection (6)(a)(i), shall be calculated in  
197 accordance with Subsection (6)(b).

198 (b) The annual fee required under Subsection (6)(a) shall be an amount equal to the tax  
199 rate or rates of the applicable taxing jurisdiction multiplied by the product of the following:

200 (i) the fee base or value of the facility providing additional project capacity located  
201 within the jurisdiction;

202 (ii) the percentage of the ownership interest of the public agency in the facility; and

203 (iii) the portion, expressed as a percentage, of the public agency's ownership interest  
204 that is attributable to the capacity, service, or other benefit from the facility that is sold by the  
205 public agency to an energy supplier or suppliers whose tangible property is not exempted by  
206 Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, from the payment of ad valorem property tax.

207 (c) A public agency paying the annual fee pursuant to Subsection (6)(a) shall have the  
208 obligations, credits, rights, and protections set forth in Subsections (1) through (5) with respect  
209 to its ownership interest as though it were a project entity.

210 Section 2. Section **17-34-3** is amended to read:

211 **17-34-3. Taxes or service charges.**

212 (1) (a) If a county furnishes the municipal-type services and functions described in  
213 Section 17-34-1 to areas of the county outside the limits of incorporated cities or towns, the  
214 entire cost of the services or functions so furnished shall be defrayed from funds that the county  
215 has derived from:

216 (i) taxes that the county may lawfully levy or impose outside the limits of incorporated  
217 towns or cities;

218 (ii) service charges or fees the county may impose upon the persons benefited in any  
219 way by the services or functions; or

220 (iii) a combination of these sources.

221 (b) As the taxes or service charges or fees are levied and collected, they shall be placed  
222 in a special revenue fund of the county and shall be disbursed only for the rendering of the  
223 services or functions established in Section 17-34-1 within the unincorporated areas of the  
224 county or as provided in Subsection 10-2-121(2).

225 (2) For the purpose of levying taxes, service charges, or fees provided in this section,  
226 the county legislative body may establish a district or districts in the unincorporated areas of  
227 the county.

228 (3) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to authorize counties to impose  
229 or levy taxes not otherwise allowed by law.

230 ~~[(4)(a) A county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4) to provide advanced life~~  
231 ~~support and paramedic services to the unincorporated area of the county and that previously~~  
232 ~~paid for those services through a countywide levy may increase its levy under Subsection~~  
233 ~~(1)(a)(i) to generate in the unincorporated area of the county the same amount of revenue as the~~  
234 ~~county loses from that area due to the required decrease in the countywide certified tax rate~~  
235 ~~under Subsection 59-2-924(2)(k)(i).]~~

236 ~~[(b) An increase in tax rate under Subsection (4)(a) is exempt from the notice and~~  
237 ~~hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]~~

238 ~~[(5)]~~ (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a county providing fire,  
239 paramedic, and police protection services in a designated recreational area, as provided in  
240 Subsection 17-34-1(5), may fund those services from the county general fund with revenues  
241 derived from both inside and outside the limits of cities and towns, and the funding of those  
242 services is not limited to unincorporated area revenues.



243 Section 3. Section **17C-1-408** is amended to read:

244 **17C-1-408. Base taxable value to be adjusted to reflect other changes.**

245 (1) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (1), "qualifying decrease" means:

246 (A) a decrease of more than 20% from the previous tax year's levy; or

247 (B) a cumulative decrease over a consecutive five-year period of more than 100% from  
248 the levy in effect at the beginning of the five-year period.

249 (ii) The year in which a qualifying decrease under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurs is the  
250 fifth year of the five-year period.

251 (b) If there is a qualifying decrease in the minimum basic school levy under Section  
252 59-2-902 that would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid to an  
253 agency:

254 (i) the base taxable value of taxable property within the project area shall be reduced in  
255 the year of the qualifying decrease to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide the  
256 agency with approximately the same amount of tax increment that would have been paid to the  
257 agency each year had the qualifying decrease not occurred; and

258 (ii) the amount of tax increment paid to the agency each year for the payment of bonds  
259 and indebtedness may not be less than what would have been paid to the agency if there had  
260 been no qualifying decrease.

261 (2) (a) The amount of the base taxable value to be used in determining tax increment  
262 shall be:

263 (i) increased or decreased by the amount of an increase or decrease that results from:

264 (A) a statute enacted by the Legislature or by the people through an initiative;

265 (B) a judicial decision;

266 (C) an order from the State Tax Commission to a county to adjust or factor its  
267 assessment rate under Subsection 59-2-704(2);

268 (D) a change in exemption provided in Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 2, or  
269 Section 59-2-103; or

270 (E) an increase or decrease in the percentage of fair market value, as defined under  
271 Section 59-2-102; and

272 (ii) reduced for any year to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide an  
273 agency with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without

274 a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:

275 (A) in that year there is a decrease in the county's certified tax rate under Subsection  
276 [~~59-2-924(2)(c) or (d)(i)~~] 59-2-924.2(2) or (3)(a);

277 (B) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the  
278 previous year; and

279 (C) the decrease would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid  
280 to the agency.

281 (b) Notwithstanding an increase or decrease under Subsection (2)(a), the amount of tax  
282 increment paid to an agency each year for payment of bonds or other indebtedness may not be  
283 less than would have been paid to the agency each year if there had been no increase or  
284 decrease under Subsection (2)(a).

285 Section 4. Section **53A-2-103** is amended to read:

286 **53A-2-103. Transfer of property to new school district -- Rights and obligations**  
287 **of new school board -- Outstanding indebtedness -- Special tax.**

288 (1) On July 1 following the approval of the creation of a new school district under  
289 Section 53A-2-102, the local school boards of the former districts shall convey and deliver all  
290 school property to the local school board of the new district. Title vests in the new board. All  
291 rights, claims, and causes of action to or for the property, for the use or the income from the  
292 property, for conversion, disposition, or withholding of the property, or for any damage or  
293 injury to the property vest at once in the new board.

294 (2) The new board may bring and maintain actions to recover, protect, and preserve the  
295 property and rights of the district schools and to enforce contracts.

296 (3) The new board shall assume and be liable for all outstanding debts and obligations  
297 of each of the former school districts.

298 (4) All of the bonded indebtedness, outstanding debts, and obligations of a former  
299 district, which cannot be reasonably paid from the assets of the former district, shall be paid by  
300 a special tax levied by the new board as needed. The tax shall be levied upon the property  
301 within the former district which was liable for the indebtedness at the time of consolidation. If  
302 bonds are approved in the new district under Section 53A-18-102, the special tax shall be  
303 discontinued and the bonded indebtedness paid as any other bonded indebtedness of the new  
304 district.

305 (5) Bonded indebtedness of a former district which has been refunded shall be paid in  
306 the same manner as that which the new district assumes under Section 53A-18-101.

307 (6) State funds received by the new district under Section [~~53A-21-103~~] 53A-21-202  
308 may be applied toward the payment of outstanding bonded indebtedness of a former district in  
309 the same proportion as the bonded indebtedness of the territory within the former district bears  
310 to the total bonded indebtedness of the districts combined.

311 Section 5. Section **53A-2-114** is amended to read:

312 **53A-2-114. Additional levies -- School board options to abolish or continue after**  
313 **consolidation.**

314 (1) If a school district which has approved an additional levy under Section  
315 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-133, 53A-17a-134, or 53A-17a-145[~~, or 53A-21-103~~] is consolidated  
316 with a district which does not have such a levy, the board of education of the consolidated  
317 district may choose to abolish the levy, or apply it in whole or in part to the entire consolidated  
318 district.

319 (2) If the board chooses to apply any part of the levy to the entire district, the levy may  
320 continue in force for no more than three years, unless approved by the electors of the  
321 consolidated district in the manner set forth in Section 53A-16-110.

322 Section 6. Section **53A-2-115** is amended to read:

323 **53A-2-115. Additional levies in transferred territory -- Transferee board option**  
324 **to abolish or continue.**

325 If two or more districts undergo restructuring that results in a district receiving territory  
326 that increases the population of the district by at least 25%, and if the transferred territory was,  
327 at the time of transfer, subject to an additional levy under Section 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-133,  
328 53A-17a-134, or 53A-17a-145[~~, or 53A-21-103~~], the board of education of the transferee  
329 district may abolish the levy or apply the levy in whole or in part to the entire restructured  
330 district. Any such levy made applicable to the entire district may continue in force for no more  
331 than five years, unless approved by the electors of the restructured district in the manner set  
332 forth in Section 53A-16-110.

333 Section 7. Section **53A-2-117** is amended to read:

334 **53A-2-117. Definitions.**

335 As used in Sections 53A-2-117 through 53A-2-121:

336 (1) "Divided school district," "existing district," or "existing school district" means a  
337 school district from which a new district is created.

338 (2) "New district" or "new school district" means a school district created under  
339 Section 53A-2-118 or 53A-2-118.1.

340 (3) "Remaining district" or "remaining school district" means an existing district after  
341 the creation of a new district.

342 Section 8. Section **53A-2-118.3** is enacted to read:

343 **53A-2-118.3. Imposition of the capital outlay levy in qualifying divided school**  
344 **districts.**

345 (1) For purposes of this section:

346 (a) "Qualifying divided school district" means a divided school district:

347 (i) located within a county of the second through sixth class; and

348 (ii) with a new school district created under Section 53A-2-118.1 that begins to provide  
349 educational services after July 1, 2008.

350 (b) "Qualifying taxable year" means the calendar year in which a new school district  
351 begins to provide educational services.

352 (2) Beginning with the qualifying taxable year, in order to qualify for receipt of the  
353 state contribution toward the minimum school program described in Section 53A-17a-104, a  
354 school district within a qualifying divided school district shall impose a capital outlay levy  
355 described in Section 53A-16-107 of at least .0006 per dollar of taxable value.

356 (3) The county treasurer of a county with a qualifying divided school district shall  
357 distribute revenues generated by the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy required in  
358 Subsection (2) to the school districts located within the boundaries of the qualifying divided  
359 school district as follows:

360 (a) 25% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's  
361 percentage of the total enrollment growth in all of the school districts within the qualifying  
362 divided school district that have an increase in enrollment, calculated on the basis of the  
363 average annual enrollment growth over the prior three years in all of the school districts within  
364 the qualifying divided school district that have an increase in enrollment over the prior three  
365 years, as of the October 1 enrollment counts; and

366 (b) 75% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's

367 percentage of the total current year enrollment in all of the school districts within the qualifying  
 368 divided school district, as of the October 1 enrollment counts.

369 (4) If a new school district is created or school district boundaries are adjusted, the  
 370 enrollment and average annual enrollment growth for each affected school district shall be  
 371 calculated on the basis of enrollment in school district schools located within that school  
 372 district's newly created or adjusted boundaries, as of October 1 enrollment counts.

373 (5) On or before December 31 of each year, the State Board of Education shall provide  
 374 a county treasurer with audited enrollment information from the fall enrollment audit necessary  
 375 to distribute revenues as required by this section.

376 (6) On or before March 31 of each year, a county treasurer in a county with a  
 377 qualifying divided school district shall distribute, in accordance with Subsection (3), the  
 378 revenue generated within the qualifying divided school district during the prior calendar year  
 379 from the capital outlay levy required in Subsection (2).

380 Section 9. Section **53A-16-106** is amended to read:

381 **53A-16-106. Annual certification of tax rate proposed by local school board --**  
 382 **Inclusion of school district budget -- Modified filing date.**

383 (1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall certify to the county  
 384 legislative body in which the district is located, on forms prescribed by the State Tax  
 385 Commission, the proposed tax rate approved by the local school board.

386 (2) A copy of the district's budget, including items under Section 53A-19-101, and a  
 387 certified copy of the local school board's resolution which approved the budget and set the tax  
 388 rate for the subsequent school year beginning July 1 shall accompany the tax rate.

389 (3) If the tax rate approved by the board is in excess of the "certified tax rate" as  
 390 defined under Subsection 59-2-924[(2)] (3)(a), the date for filing the tax rate and budget  
 391 adopted by the board shall be that established under Section 59-2-919.

392 Section 10. Section **53A-16-107** is amended to read:

393 **53A-16-107. Capital outlay levy -- Maintenance of school facilities -- Authority to**  
 394 **use proceeds of .0002 tax rate -- Restrictions and procedure.**

395 (1) [(a) A] Subject to Subsection (3), a local school board may annually impose a  
 396 capital outlay levy [a tax not to exceed .0024 per dollar of taxable value for debt service and  
 397 capital outlay:] not to exceed .0024 per dollar of taxable value to be used for:

- 398           (a) capital outlay;
- 399           (b) debt service; and
- 400           (c) subject to Subsection (2), school facility maintenance.

401           ~~[(b) Each]~~ (2) (a) A local school board may utilize the proceeds of a maximum of  
 402 .0002 per dollar of taxable value of [its] the local school board's annual capital outlay levy for  
 403 the maintenance of school [plants] facilities in [its] the school district.

404           ~~[(2)]~~ (b) A local school board that uses the option provided under Subsection [(1)(b)]  
 405 must do the following] (2)(a) shall:

406           ~~[(a)]~~ (i) maintain the same level of expenditure for maintenance in the current year as it  
 407 did in the preceding year, plus the annual average percentage increase applied to the  
 408 maintenance and operation budget for the current year; and

409           ~~[(b)]~~ (ii) identify the expenditure of capital outlay funds for maintenance by a district  
 410 project number to ensure that the funds [were] are expended in the manner intended.

411           ~~[(3)]~~ (c) The State Board of Education shall establish by rule the expenditure  
 412 classification for maintenance under this program using a standard classification system.

413           (3) Beginning January 1, 2009, in order to qualify for receipt of the state contribution  
 414 toward the minimum school program described in Section 53A-17a-104, a local school board  
 415 in a county of the first class shall impose a capital outlay levy of at least .0006 per dollar of  
 416 taxable value.

417           (4) (a) The county treasurer of a county of the first class shall distribute revenues  
 418 generated by the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy required in Subsection (3) to school  
 419 districts within the county in accordance with Section 53A-16-107.1.

420           (b) If a school district in a county of the first class imposes a capital outlay levy  
 421 pursuant to this section which exceeds .0006 per dollar of taxable value, the county treasurer of  
 422 a county of the first class shall distribute revenues generated by the portion of the capital outlay  
 423 levy which exceeds .0006 to the school district imposing the levy.

424           Section 11. Section **53A-16-107.1** is enacted to read:

425           **53A-16-107.1. School capital outlay in counties of the first class -- Allocation.**

426           (1) The county treasurer of a county of the first class shall distribute revenues  
 427 generated by the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy required in Subsection 53A-16-107(3)  
 428 to school districts located within the county of the first class as follows:

429 (a) 25% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's  
430 percentage of the total enrollment growth in all of the school districts within the county that  
431 have an increase in enrollment, calculated on the basis of the average annual enrollment growth  
432 over the prior three years in all of the school districts within the county that have an increase in  
433 enrollment over the prior three years, as of the October 1 enrollment counts; and

434 (b) 75% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's  
435 percentage of the total current year enrollment in all of the school districts within the county, as  
436 of the October 1 enrollment counts.

437 (2) If a new school district is created or school district boundaries are adjusted, the  
438 enrollment and average annual enrollment growth for each affected school district shall be  
439 calculated on the basis of enrollment in school district schools located within that school  
440 district's newly created or adjusted boundaries, as of October 1 enrollment counts.

441 (3) On or before December 31 of each year, the State Board of Education shall provide  
442 a county treasurer with audited enrollment information from the fall enrollment audit necessary  
443 to distribute revenues as required by this section.

444 (4) On or before March 31 of each year, a county treasurer in a county of the first class  
445 shall distribute the revenue generated within the county of the first class during the prior  
446 calendar year from the capital outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107.

447 Section 12. Section **53A-16-110** is amended to read:

448 **53A-16-110. Special tax to buy school building sites, build and furnish**  
449 **schoolhouses, or improve school property.**

450 (1) (a) A local school board may, by following the process for special elections  
451 established in Sections 20A-1-203 and 20A-1-204, call a special election to determine whether  
452 a special property tax should be levied for one or more years to buy building sites, build and  
453 furnish schoolhouses, or improve the school property under its control.

454 (b) The tax may not exceed .2% of the taxable value of all taxable property in the  
455 district in any one year.

456 (2) The board shall give reasonable notice of the election and follow the same  
457 procedure used in elections for the issuance of bonds.

458 (3) If a majority of those voting on the proposition vote in favor of the tax, it is levied  
459 in addition to [~~those~~] a levy authorized under [~~Sections~~] Section 53A-17a-145 [~~and~~

460 53A-21-103] and computed on the valuation of the county assessment roll for that year.

461 (4) (a) Within 20 days after the election, the board shall certify the amount of the  
462 approved tax to the governing body of the county in which the school district is located.

463 (b) The governing body shall acknowledge receipt of the certification and levy and  
464 collect the special tax.

465 (c) It shall then distribute the collected taxes to the business administrator of the school  
466 district at the end of each calendar month.

467 (5) The special tax becomes due and delinquent and attaches to and becomes a lien on  
468 real and personal property at the same time as state and county taxes.

469 Section 13. Section **53A-17a-133** is amended to read:

470 **53A-17a-133. State-supported voted leeway program authorized -- Election**  
471 **requirements -- State guarantee -- Reconsideration of the program.**

472 (1) An election to consider adoption or modification of a voted leeway program is  
473 required if initiative petitions signed by 10% of the number of electors who voted at the last  
474 preceding general election are presented to the local school board or by action of the board.

475 (2) (a) (i) To establish a voted leeway program, a majority of the electors of a district  
476 voting at an election in the manner set forth in Section 53A-16-110 must vote in favor of a  
477 special tax.

478 (ii) The tax rate may not exceed .002 per dollar of taxable value.

479 (b) The district may maintain a school program which exceeds the cost of the program  
480 referred to in Section 53A-17a-145 with this voted leeway.

481 (c) In order to receive state support the first year, a district must receive voter approval  
482 no later than December 1 of the year prior to implementation.

483 (3) (a) Under the voted leeway program, the state shall contribute an amount sufficient  
484 to guarantee \$17.54 per weighted pupil unit for each .0001 of the first .0016 per dollar of  
485 taxable value.

486 (b) The same dollar amount guarantee per weighted pupil unit for the .0016 per dollar  
487 of taxable value under Subsection (3)(a) shall apply to the board-approved leeway authorized  
488 in Section 53A-17a-134, so that the guarantee shall apply up to a total of .002 per dollar of  
489 taxable value if a school district levies a tax rate under both programs.

490 (c) (i) Beginning July 1, 2005, the \$17.54 guarantee under Subsections (3)(a) and (b)



491 shall be indexed each year to the value of the weighted pupil unit by making the value of the  
492 guarantee equal to .008544 times the value of the prior year's weighted pupil unit.

493 (ii) The guarantee shall increase by .0005 times the value of the prior year's weighted  
494 pupil unit for each succeeding year until the guarantee is equal to .010544 times the value of  
495 the prior year's weighted pupil unit.

496 (d) (i) The amount of state guarantee money to which a school district would otherwise  
497 be entitled to under this Subsection (3) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the district's  
498 levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924  
499 pursuant to changes in property valuation.

500 (ii) Subsection (3)(d)(i) applies for a period of two years following any such change in  
501 the certified tax rate.

502 (4) (a) An election to modify an existing voted leeway program is not a reconsideration  
503 of the existing program unless the proposition submitted to the electors expressly so states.

504 (b) A majority vote opposing a modification does not deprive the district of authority to  
505 continue an existing program.

506 (c) If adoption of a leeway program is contingent upon an offset reducing other local  
507 school board levies, the board must allow the electors, in an election, to consider modifying or  
508 discontinuing the program prior to a subsequent increase in other levies that would increase the  
509 total local school board levy.

510 (d) Nothing contained in this section terminates, without an election, the authority of a  
511 school district to continue an existing voted leeway program previously authorized by the  
512 voters.

513 (5) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-918, a school district may budget an increased  
514 amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed under this  
515 section in addition to revenue from new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924[~~(2)~~] (4),  
516 without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of Section 59-2-918, if the  
517 voted leeway is approved:

518 (a) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and

519 (b) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school  
520 district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from  
521 the voted leeway.

522 (6) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-919, a school district may levy a tax rate under this  
523 section that exceeds the certified tax rate without having to comply with the advertisement  
524 requirements of Section 59-2-919 if:

525 (a) the levy exceeds the certified tax rate as the result of a school district budgeting an  
526 increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from a voted leeway imposed  
527 under this section; and

528 (b) if the voted leeway was approved:

529 (i) in accordance with Section 53A-16-110 on or after January 1, 2003; and

530 (ii) within the four-year period immediately preceding the year in which the school  
531 district seeks to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue derived from  
532 the voted leeway.

533 Section 14. Section **53A-19-102** is amended to read:

534 **53A-19-102. Local school boards budget procedures.**

535 (1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall adopt a budget and  
536 make appropriations for the next fiscal year. If the tax rate in the proposed budget exceeds the  
537 certified tax rate defined in [Subsection] Section 59-2-924[(2)], the board shall comply with  
538 Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 in adopting the budget, except as provided by Section  
539 53A-17a-133.

540 (2) Prior to the adoption of a budget containing a tax rate which does not exceed the  
541 certified tax rate, the board shall hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103, on the  
542 proposed budget. In addition to complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings  
543 Act, in regards to the hearing, the board shall do the following:

544 (a) publish the required newspaper notice at least ten days prior to the hearing; and

545 (b) file a copy of the proposed budget with the board's business administrator for public  
546 inspection at least ten days prior to the hearing.

547 (3) The board shall file a copy of the adopted budget with the state auditor and the  
548 State Board of Education.

549 Section 15. Section **53A-19-105** is amended to read:

550 **53A-19-105. School district interfund transfers.**

551 (1) A school district shall spend revenues only within the fund for which they were  
552 originally authorized, levied, collected, or appropriated.

553 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, school district interfund transfers of  
554 residual equity are prohibited.

555 (3) The State Board of Education may authorize school district interfund transfers of  
556 residual equity when a district states its intent to create a new fund or expand, contract, or  
557 liquidate an existing fund.

558 (4) The State Board of Education may also authorize school district interfund transfers  
559 of residual equity for a financially distressed district if the board determines the following:

560 (a) the district has a significant deficit in its maintenance and operations fund caused  
561 by circumstances not subject to the administrative decisions of the district;

562 (b) the deficit cannot be reasonably reduced under Section 53A-19-104; and

563 (c) without the transfer, the school district will not be capable of meeting statewide  
564 educational standards adopted by the State Board of Education.

565 (5) The board shall develop standards for defining and aiding financially distressed  
566 school districts under this section in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah  
567 Administrative Rulemaking Act.

568 (6) (a) All debt service levies not subject to certified tax rate hearings shall be recorded  
569 and reported in the debt service fund.

570 (b) Debt service levies under Subsection 59-2-924[~~(2)(a)(v)(C)~~] (3)(e)(iii) that are not  
571 subject to the certified tax rate hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 may  
572 not be used for any purpose other than retiring general obligation debt.

573 (c) Amounts from these levies remaining in the debt service fund at the end of a fiscal  
574 year shall be used in subsequent years for general obligation debt retirement.

575 (d) Any amounts left in the debt service fund after all general obligation debt has been  
576 retired may be transferred to the capital projects fund upon completion of the budgetary hearing  
577 process required under Section 53A-19-102.

578 Section 16. Section **53A-21-101.5** is enacted to read:

579 **Part 1. General Provisions**

580 **53A-21-101.5. Definitions.**

581 As used in this chapter:

582 (1) "ADM" or "pupil in average daily membership" is as defined in Section  
583 53A-17a-103.

584 (2) "Combined capital levy rate" means a rate that includes the sum of the following  
585 property tax levies:

586 (a) the capital outlay levy authorized in Section 53A-16-107;

587 (b) the portion of the 10% of basic levy described in Section 53A-17a-145 that is  
588 budgeted for debt service or capital outlay;

589 (c) the debt service levy authorized in Section 11-14-310; and

590 (d) the voted capital outlay leeway authorized in Section 53A-16-110.

591 (3) "Derived net taxable value" means the quotient of:

592 (a) the total current property tax collections from April 1 through the following March  
593 31 for a school district; divided by

594 (b) the school district's total tax rate for the calendar year preceding the March 31  
595 referenced in Subsection (3)(a).

596 (4) "Highest combined capital levy rate" means the highest combined capital levy rate  
597 imposed by any school district within the state for a fiscal year.

598 (5) "Property tax yield per ADM" means:

599 (a) the product of:

600 (i) a school district's derived net taxable value; and

601 (ii) the highest combined capital levy rate for the fiscal year of the March 31 referenced  
602 in Subsection (3)(a); divided by

603 (b) the school district's ADM for the same fiscal year.

604 Section 17. Section **53A-21-102** is amended to read:

605 **53A-21-102. Capital outlay programs -- Use of funds.**

606 [~~(1) The Capital Outlay Foundation Program and the Enrollment Growth Program are~~  
607 ~~established to provide revenues to school districts for the purposes of capital outlay bonding,~~  
608 ~~construction, and renovation.]~~

609 [~~(2) The Capital Outlay Loan Program is established to provide:]~~

610 [~~(a) short-term help to school districts to meet district needs for school building~~  
611 ~~construction and renovation; and]~~

612 [~~(b) assistance to charter schools to meet school building construction and renovation~~  
613 ~~needs.]~~

614 [~~(3) School districts shall] A school district may only use the monies provided [to~~

615 ~~them] under [the programs established by this section solely]~~ this chapter for school district  
616 capital outlay and debt service purposes.

617 Section 18. Section **53A-21-201** is enacted to read:

618 **Part 2. Capital Outlay Foundation Program**

619 **53A-21-201. Capital Outlay Foundation Program -- Creation -- Definitions.**

620 (1) There is created the Capital Outlay Foundation Program to provide capital outlay  
621 funding to a school district based on a district's local property tax effort and property tax yield  
622 per student compared to a foundation guarantee funding level.

623 (2) As used in this part:

624 (a) "Foundation guarantee level per ADM" means a minimum revenue amount per  
625 ADM generated by the highest combined capital levy rate, including the following:

626 (i) the revenue generated locally from a school district's combined capital levy rate; and

627 (ii) the revenue allocated to a school district by the State Board of Education in  
628 accordance with Section 53A-21-202.

629 (b) "Qualifying school district" means a school district with a property tax yield per  
630 ADM less than the foundation guarantee level per ADM.

631 Section 19. Section **53A-21-202** is enacted to read:

632 **53A-21-202. Capital Outlay Foundation Program -- Distribution formulas --**  
633 **Allocations.**

634 (1) For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2008, the State Board of Education  
635 shall determine the foundation guarantee level per ADM that fully allocates the funds  
636 appropriated to the State Board of Education for distribution under this section.

637 (2) By June 1, a county treasurer shall report to the State Board of Education the actual  
638 collections of property taxes in the school districts located within the county treasurer's county  
639 for the period beginning April 1 through the following March 31 immediately preceding that  
640 June 1.

641 (3) If a qualifying school district imposes the highest combined capital levy rate in the  
642 prior year, the State Board of Education shall allocate to the qualifying school district an  
643 amount equal to the product of the following:

644 (a) the qualifying school district's prior year ADM; and

645 (b) an amount equal to the difference between the following:

646 (i) the foundation guarantee level per ADM for that fiscal year, as determined in  
647 accordance with Subsection (1); and

648 (ii) the qualifying school district's prior year property tax yield per ADM.

649 (4) If a qualifying school district imposes a prior year combined capital levy rate less  
650 than the highest combined capital levy rate, the State Board of Education shall allocate to the  
651 qualifying school district an amount equal to the product of the following:

652 (a) the qualifying school district's prior year ADM;

653 (b) an amount equal to the difference between the following:

654 (i) the foundation guarantee level per ADM for that fiscal year, as determined in  
655 accordance with Subsection (1); and

656 (ii) the qualifying school district's prior year property tax yield per ADM; and

657 (c) a percentage equal to:

658 (i) the qualifying school district's prior year combined capital levy rate; divided by

659 (ii) the highest combined capital levy rate.

660 Section 20. Section **53A-21-301** is enacted to read:

661 **Part 3. Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program**

662 **53A-21-301. Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program - Definitions.**

663 (1) There is created the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program to provide capital  
664 outlay funding to school districts experiencing net enrollment increases.

665 (2) As used in this part:

666 (a) "Average annual net enrollment increase" means the quotient of:

667 (i) (A) enrollment in the current year, based on October 1 enrollment counts; minus

668 (B) enrollment in the year three years prior, based on October 1 enrollment counts;

669 divided by

670 (ii) three.

671 (b) "Eligible district" or "eligible school district" means a school district that:

672 (i) has an average annual net enrollment increase; and

673 (ii) has a prior year property tax base per student that is less than two times the prior  
674 year statewide average property tax base per student.

675 (c) "Property tax base per student" means the quotient of:

676 (i) a school district's derived net taxable value; divided by

677 (ii) the school district's ADM.

678 (d) "Statewide average property tax base per student" means the quotient of:

679 (i) the sum of all school districts' derived net taxable value; divided by

680 (ii) the sum of total school district ADM statewide for the same year.

681 Section 21. Section **53A-21-302** is enacted to read:

682 **53A-21-302. Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program -- Distribution**

683 **formulas -- Allocations.**

684 (1) For fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2008, the State Board of Education  
685 shall annually allocate appropriated funds to eligible school districts in accordance with  
686 Subsection (2).

687 (2) The State Board of Education shall allocate to an eligible school district an amount  
688 equal to the product of:

689 (a) the quotient of:

690 (i) the eligible school district's average annual net enrollment increase; divided by

691 (ii) the sum of the average annual net enrollment increase in all eligible school  
692 districts; and

693 (b) the total amount appropriated for the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program in  
694 that fiscal year.

695 Section 22. Section **53A-21-401**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-21-104 is  
696 renumbered and amended to read:

697 **Part 4. Capital Outlay Loan Program**

698 **[53A-21-104]. 53A-21-401. Capital Outlay Loan Program -- School**

699 **Building Revolving Account -- Access to the account.**

700 (1) There is created:

701 (a) the "Capital Outlay Loan Program" to provide:

702 (i) short-term help to school districts to meet district needs for school building  
703 construction and renovation; and

704 (ii) assistance to charter schools to meet school building construction and renovation  
705 needs; and

706 (b) a nonlapsing "School Building Revolving Account" administered within the  
707 Uniform School Fund by the state superintendent of public instruction in accordance with rules

708 adopted by the State Board of Education.

709 (2) ~~[Monies received by a school district]~~ The State Board of Education may not  
710 allocate funds from the School Building Revolving Account ~~[may not]~~ that exceed ~~[the]~~ a  
711 school district's bonding limit minus its outstanding bonds.

712 (3) In order to receive monies from the account, a school district ~~[must do the~~  
713 ~~following]~~ shall:

714 (a) levy a ~~[tax of]~~ combined capital levy rate of at least .0024 ~~[for capital outlay and~~  
715 ~~debt service]~~;

716 (b) contract with the state superintendent of public instruction to repay the monies,  
717 with interest at a rate established by the state superintendent, within five years of ~~[their]~~ receipt,  
718 using future state ~~[building monies or]~~ capital outlay allocations, local revenues, or both;

719 (c) levy sufficient ad valorem taxes under Section 11-14-310 to guarantee annual loan  
720 repayments, unless the state superintendent of public instruction alters the payment schedule to  
721 improve a hardship situation; and

722 (d) meet any other condition established by the State Board of Education pertinent to  
723 the loan.

724 (4) (a) The state superintendent shall establish a committee, including representatives  
725 from state and local education entities, to:

726 (i) review requests by school districts for loans under this section; and

727 (ii) make recommendations regarding approval or disapproval of the loan applications  
728 to the state superintendent.

729 (b) If the committee recommends approval of a loan application under Subsection  
730 (4)(a)(ii), the committee's recommendation shall include:

731 (i) the recommended amount of the loan;

732 (ii) the payback schedule; and

733 (iii) the interest rate to be charged.

734 (5) (a) There is established within the School Building Revolving Account the Charter  
735 School Building Subaccount administered by the State Board of Education, in consultation  
736 with the State Charter School Board, in accordance with rules adopted by the State Board of  
737 Education.

738 (b) The Charter School Building Subaccount shall consist of:



- 739 (i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
- 740 (ii) money received from the repayment of loans made from the subaccount; and
- 741 (iii) interest earned on monies in the subaccount.
- 742 (c) The state superintendent of public instruction shall make loans to charter schools
- 743 from the Charter School Building Subaccount to pay for the costs of:
- 744 (i) planning expenses;
- 745 (ii) constructing or renovating charter school buildings;
- 746 (iii) equipment and supplies; or
- 747 (iv) other start-up or expansion expenses.
- 748 (d) Loans to new charter schools or charter schools with urgent facility needs may be
- 749 given priority.
- 750 (6) (a) The State Board of Education shall establish a committee, which shall include
- 751 individuals who have expertise or experience in finance, real estate, and charter school
- 752 administration, one of whom shall be nominated by the governor to:
- 753 (i) review requests by charter schools for loans under this section; and
- 754 (ii) make recommendations regarding approval or disapproval of the loan applications
- 755 to the State Charter School Board and the State Board of Education.
- 756 (b) If the committee recommends approval of a loan application under Subsection
- 757 (6)(a)(ii), the committee's recommendation shall include:
- 758 (i) the recommended amount of the loan;
- 759 (ii) the payback schedule; and
- 760 (iii) the interest rate to be charged.
- 761 (c) The committee members may not:
- 762 (i) be a relative, as defined in Section 53A-1a-518, of a loan applicant; or
- 763 (ii) have a pecuniary interest, directly or indirectly, with a loan applicant or any person
- 764 or entity that contracts with a loan applicant.
- 765 (7) The State Board of Education, in consultation with the State Charter School Board,
- 766 shall approve all loans to a charter [schools] school under this section.
- 767 (8) [~~Loans~~] The term of a loan to a charter [schools] school under this section may not
- 768 exceed [~~a term of~~] five years.
- 769 (9) The State Board of Education may not approve loans to charter schools under this

770 section that exceed a total of \$2,000,000 in any year.

771 Section 23. Section **53A-21-501**, which is renumbered from Section 53A-21-105 is  
772 renumbered and amended to read:

773 **Part 5. Fiscal Matters**

774 ~~[53A-21-105].~~ **53A-21-501. State contribution to capital outlay programs.**

775 (1) As an ongoing appropriation subject to future budget constraints, there is  
776 appropriated from the Uniform School Fund for fiscal year ~~[2007-08]~~ 2008-09, \$27,288,900 to  
777 the State Board of Education for the capital outlay programs created in ~~[Section 53A-21-102]~~  
778 this chapter.

779 (2) Of the monies appropriated in Subsection (1), the State Board of Education shall  
780 distribute:

781 (a) \$24,358,000 in accordance with the Capital Outlay Foundation Program ~~[described~~  
782 ~~in Section 53A-21-103]~~ pursuant to Section 53A-21-202; and

783 (b) \$2,930,900 in accordance with the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program  
784 ~~[described in Section 53A-21-103.5]~~ pursuant to Section 53A-21-302.

785 Section 24. Section **59-2-908** is amended to read:

786 **59-2-908. Single aggregate limitation -- Maximum levy.**

787 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), each county shall have a single aggregate  
788 limitation on the property tax levied for all purposes by the county. Except as provided in  
789 Section 59-2-911, this limitation may not exceed the maximum set forth in this section. The  
790 maximum is:

791 (a) .0032 per dollar of taxable value in all counties with a total taxable value of more  
792 than \$100,000,000; and

793 (b) .0036 per dollar of taxable value in all counties with a total taxable value of less  
794 than \$100,000,000.

795 (2) (a) Beginning January 1, 1995, a county may impose a tax rate in excess of the  
796 limitation provided in Subsection (1) if the rate established under Subsection (1)(a) or (b)  
797 generates revenues for the county in an amount that is less than the revenues that would be  
798 generated by the county under the certified tax rate established in ~~[Subsection]~~ Section  
799 59-2-924[(2)].

800 (b) A county meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) may impose a tax rate that

801 does not exceed the certified tax rate established in [~~Subsection~~] Section 59-2-924[(2)].

802 Section 25. Section **59-2-913** is amended to read:

803 **59-2-913. Definitions -- Statement of amount and purpose of levy -- Contents of**  
804 **statement -- Filing with county auditor -- Transmittal to commission -- Calculations for**  
805 **establishing tax levies -- Format of statement.**

806 (1) As used in this section, "budgeted property tax revenues" does not include property  
807 tax revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:

808 (a) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

809 (b) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

810 (2) (a) The legislative body of each taxing entity shall file a statement as provided in  
811 this section with the county auditor of the county in which the taxing entity is located.

812 (b) The auditor shall annually transmit the statement to the commission:

813 (i) before June 22; or

814 (ii) with the approval of the commission, on a subsequent date prior to the date  
815 established under Section 59-2-1317 for mailing tax notices.

816 (c) The statement shall contain the amount and purpose of each levy fixed by the  
817 legislative body of the taxing entity.

818 (3) For purposes of establishing the levy set for each of a taxing entity's applicable  
819 funds, the legislative body of the taxing entity shall calculate an amount determined by dividing  
820 the budgeted property tax revenues, specified in a budget which has been adopted and  
821 approved prior to setting the levy, by the amount calculated under Subsections  
822 ~~59-2-924[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(D) through (H)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(A) through (C).

823 (4) The format of the statement under this section shall:

824 (a) be determined by the commission; and

825 (b) cite any applicable statutory provisions that:

826 (i) require a specific levy; or

827 (ii) limit the property tax levy for any taxing entity.

828 (5) The commission may require certification that the information submitted on a  
829 statement under this section is true and correct.

830 Section 26. Section **59-2-914** is amended to read:

831 **59-2-914. Excess levies -- Commission to recalculate levy -- Notice to implement**

832 **adjusted levies to county auditor.**

833 (1) If the commission determines that a levy established for a taxing entity set under  
834 Section 59-2-913 is in excess of the maximum levy permitted by law, the commission shall:

835 (a) lower the levy so that it is set at the maximum level permitted by law;

836 (b) notify the taxing entity which set the excessive rate that the rate has been lowered;

837 and

838 (c) notify the county auditor of the county or counties in which the taxing entity is  
839 located to implement the rate established by the commission.

840 (2) A levy set for a taxing entity by the commission under this section shall be the  
841 official levy for that taxing entity unless:

842 (a) the taxing entity lowers the levy established by the commission; or

843 (b) the levy is subsequently modified by a court order.

844 (3) (a) Subject to the provisions of Subsections (1) and (2), beginning January 1, 1995,  
845 a taxing entity may impose a tax rate in excess of the maximum levy permitted by law if the  
846 rate established by the taxing entity for the current year generates revenues for the taxing entity  
847 in an amount that is less than the revenues that would be generated by the taxing entity under  
848 the certified tax rate established in [~~Subsection~~] Section 59-2-924[~~(2)~~].

849 (b) A taxing entity meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) may impose a tax  
850 rate that does not exceed the certified rate established in [~~Subsection~~] Section 59-2-924[~~(2)~~].

851 Section 27. Section **59-2-918** is amended to read:

852 **59-2-918. Advertisement of proposed tax increase -- Notice -- Contents.**

853 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a taxing entity may not budget an  
854 increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from new growth as defined  
855 in Subsection 59-2-924[~~(2)~~] (4) unless it advertises its intention to do so at the same time that it  
856 advertises its intention to fix its budget for the forthcoming fiscal year.

857 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the  
858 advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if:

859 (A) the taxing entity:

860 (I) collected less than \$15,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year;

861 or

862 (II) is expressly exempted by law from complying with the requirements of this

863 section; or

864 (B) the increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue results from a tax rate increase that  
865 is exempted under Subsection 59-2-919(1)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and hearing  
866 requirements of Section 59-2-919.

867 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the  
868 advertisement requirements of this section if Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to  
869 budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue without having to comply with  
870 the advertisement requirements of this section.

871 (2) (a) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the  
872 advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement required by  
873 Section 59-2-919.

874 (b) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,  
875 the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type, placement, and frequency  
876 requirements established under Section 59-2-919.

877 (3) The form of the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type,  
878 placement, and frequency requirements established under Section 59-2-919 and shall be  
879 substantially as follows:

880 "NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE

881 (NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)

882 The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.

883 ● If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of \_\_\_\_\_% above  
884 the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.

885 ● The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence  
886 in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would  
887 increase from \$\_\_\_\_\_ to \$\_\_\_\_\_, which is \$\_\_\_\_\_ per year.

888 ● The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having  
889 the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business  
890 would increase from \$\_\_\_\_\_ to \$\_\_\_\_\_, which is \$\_\_\_\_\_ per year.

891 All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.

892 PUBLIC HEARING

893 Date/Time: (date) (time)

894 Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)

895 To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name  
896 of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."

897 (4) If a final decision regarding the budgeting of an increased amount of ad valorem tax  
898 revenue is not made at the public hearing described in Subsection (3), the taxing entity shall  
899 announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of  
900 the proposed budget increase.

901 (5) (a) Each taxing entity operating under the January 1 through December 31 fiscal  
902 year shall by March 1 notify the county of the date, time, and place of the public hearing at  
903 which the budget for the following fiscal year will be considered.

904 (b) The county shall include the information described in Subsection (5)(a) with the tax  
905 notice.

906 (6) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6  
907 p.m.

908 Section 28. Section **59-2-924** is amended to read:

909 **59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission --**  
910 **Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies -- Certified tax rate -- Calculation of certified**  
911 **tax rate -- Rulemaking authority -- Adoption of tentative budget.**

912 (1) ~~(a)~~ Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to  
913 the county auditor and the commission the following statements:

914 ~~(i)~~ (a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable property in each  
915 taxing entity; and

916 ~~(ii)~~ (b) a statement containing the taxable value of any additional personal property  
917 estimated by the county assessor to be subject to taxation in the current year.

918 ~~(b)~~ (2) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body  
919 of each taxing entity:

920 ~~(i)~~ (a) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a)~~(i)~~ and ~~(ii)~~ (b);

921 ~~(ii)~~ (b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;

922 ~~(iii)~~ (c) the certified tax rate; and

923 ~~(iv)~~ (d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.

924 ~~(2)~~ (3) (a) ~~(i)~~ The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad

925 valorem property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were budgeted by that taxing entity for the  
926 prior year.

927 ~~[(ii)]~~ (b) For purposes of this Subsection ~~[(2)]~~(3), "ad valorem property tax revenues"  
928 do not include:

929 ~~[(A)]~~ (i) collections from redemptions;

930 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) interest;

931 ~~[(C)]~~ (iii) penalties; and

932 ~~[(D)]~~ (iv) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:

933 ~~[(F)]~~ (A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;

934 and

935 ~~[(H)]~~ (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

936 ~~[(iii)-(A)]~~ (c) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall  
937 be calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted for the prior year by  
938 the taxing entity by the amount calculated under Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)]~~ (3)(c)(ii).

939 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(A)]~~ (3)(c)(i), the legislative body of a  
940 taxing entity shall calculate an amount as follows:

941 ~~[(F)]~~ (A) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:

942 ~~[(Aa)]~~ (I) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and

943 ~~[(Bb)]~~ (II) any redevelopment adjustments for the current calendar year;

944 ~~[(H)]~~ (B) after making the calculation required by Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(F)]~~

945 (3)(c)(ii)(A), calculate an amount determined by increasing or decreasing the amount  
946 calculated under Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(F)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(A) by the average of the percentage net  
947 change in the value of taxable property for the equalization period for the three calendar years  
948 immediately preceding the current calendar year;

949 ~~[(H)]~~ (C) after making the calculation required by Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]~~

950 (3)(c)(ii)(B), calculate the product of:

951 ~~[(Aa)]~~ (I) the amount calculated under Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(B); and

952 ~~[(Bb)]~~ (II) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years

953 immediately preceding the current calendar year; and

954 ~~[(IV)]~~ (D) after making the calculation required by Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]~~

955 (3)(c)(ii)(C), calculate an amount determined by subtracting from the amount calculated under

956 Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(C) any new growth as defined in this section:

957       ~~[(Aa)]~~ (I) within the taxing entity; and

958       ~~[(Bb)]~~ (II) for the current calendar year.

959       ~~[(C)]~~ (iii) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(F)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(A), the aggregate

960 taxable value of all property taxed:

961       ~~[(F)]~~ (A) except as provided in Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(C)(H)]~~ (3)(c)(iii)(B), includes the

962 total taxable value of the real and personal property contained on the tax rolls of the taxing

963 entity; and

964       ~~[(H)]~~ (B) does not include the total taxable value of personal property contained on the

965 tax rolls of the taxing entity that is:

966       ~~[(Aa)]~~ (I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;

967 and

968       ~~[(Bb)]~~ (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

969       ~~[(D)]~~ (iv) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years

970 beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the value of taxable property does not include the value

971 of personal property that is:

972       ~~[(F)]~~ (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part

973 3, County Assessment; and

974       ~~[(H)]~~ (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

975       ~~[(E)]~~ (v) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iii)(B)(H)(Bb)]~~ (3)(c)(ii)(C)(II), for

976 calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the percentage of property taxes collected

977 does not include property taxes collected from personal property that is:

978       ~~[(F)]~~ (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part

979 3, County Assessment; and

980       ~~[(H)]~~ (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

981       ~~[(F)]~~ (vi) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking

982 Act, the commission may prescribe rules for calculating redevelopment adjustments for a

983 calendar year.

984       ~~[(iv)-(A)]~~ (d) (i) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative

985 Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules determining the calculation of ad valorem

986 property tax revenues budgeted by a taxing entity.



987           ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(iv)(A)]~~ (3)(d)(i), ad valorem property tax  
 988 revenues budgeted by a taxing entity shall be calculated in the same manner as budgeted  
 989 property tax revenues are calculated for purposes of Section 59-2-913.

990           ~~[(v)]~~ (e) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection  
 991 ~~[(2)(a)(v)]~~ (3)(e) shall be calculated as follows:

992           ~~[(A)]~~ (i) except as provided in Subsection ~~[(2)(a)(v)(B)]~~ (3)(e)(ii), for new taxing  
 993 entities the certified tax rate is zero;

994           ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax  
 995 rate is:

996           ~~[(F)]~~ (A) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for  
 997 municipal-type services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and

998           ~~[(H)]~~ (B) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general  
 999 county purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified  
 1000 in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and

1001           ~~[(E)]~~ (iii) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the  
 1002 actual levy imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies  
 1003 shall be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:

1004           ~~[(F)]~~ (A) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110,  
 1005 ~~[53A-17a-125;]~~ 53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-133, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, and 53A-17a-145;  
 1006 ~~and 53A-21-103~~]; and

1007           ~~[(H)]~~ (B) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or  
 1008 administrative orders under Section 59-2-906.3.

1009           ~~[(vi)(A)]~~ (f)(i) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 shall  
 1010 be established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy  
 1011 one or more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.

1012           ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not  
 1013 be considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.

1014           (g) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the capital outlay levy described  
 1015 in Section 53A-16-107 within a taxing entity in a county of the first class:

1016           (i) may not be considered in establishing the school district's aggregate certified tax  
 1017 rate; and

1018 (ii) shall be included by the commission in establishing a certified tax rate for that  
1019 capital outlay levy determined in accordance with the calculation described in Subsection  
1020 59-2-913(3).

1021 ~~[(b)(i)]~~ (4)(a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor  
1022 shall use the taxable value of property on the assessment roll.

1023 ~~[(ii)]~~ (b) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(b)(i)]~~ (4)(a)(i), the taxable value of real  
1024 property on the assessment roll does not include:

1025 ~~[(A)]~~ (i) new growth as defined in Subsection ~~[(2)(b)(iii); or]~~ (4)(c); or

1026 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) the total taxable value of personal property contained on the tax rolls of the  
1027 taxing entity that is:

1028 ~~[(F)]~~ (A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;  
1029 and

1030 ~~[(H)]~~ (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

1031 ~~[(iii)]~~ (c) "New growth" means:

1032 ~~[(A)]~~ (i) the difference between the increase in taxable value of the taxing entity from  
1033 the previous calendar year to the current year; minus

1034 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection ~~[(2)(b)(v)]~~  
1035 (4)(e).

1036 ~~[(iv)]~~ (d) For purposes of Subsection ~~[(2)(b)(iii)]~~ (4)(c)(ii), the taxable value of the  
1037 taxing entity does not include the taxable value of personal property that is:

1038 ~~[(A)]~~ (i) contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity if that property is assessed by a  
1039 county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

1040 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

1041 ~~[(v)]~~ (e) Subsection ~~[(2)(b)(iii)(B)]~~ (4)(c)(ii) applies to the following increases in  
1042 taxable value:

1043 ~~[(A)]~~ (i) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values  
1044 resulting from factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or

1045 ~~[(B)]~~ (ii) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the  
1046 commission under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the  
1047 taxable value prescribed by:

1048 ~~[(F)]~~ (A) the Legislature;

1049           ~~[(H)]~~ (B) a court;

1050           ~~[(HH)]~~ (C) the commission in an administrative rule; or

1051           ~~[(IV)]~~ (D) the commission in an administrative order.

1052           ~~[(c) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from~~  
1053 ~~uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,~~  
1054 ~~59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter~~  
1055 ~~12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax~~  
1056 ~~rate to offset the increased revenues.]~~

1057           ~~[(d) (i) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under~~  
1058 ~~Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:]~~

1059           ~~[(A) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax~~  
1060 ~~revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and]~~

1061           ~~[(B) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue~~  
1062 ~~from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,~~  
1063 ~~59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection~~  
1064 ~~(2)(d)(i)(A).]~~

1065           ~~[(ii) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for~~  
1066 ~~purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(i).]~~

1067           ~~[(e) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort~~  
1068 ~~communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be~~  
1069 ~~decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of~~  
1070 ~~estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under~~  
1071 ~~Section 59-12-402.]~~

1072           ~~[(f) (i) (A) For fiscal year 2000, the certified tax rate of each county required under~~  
1073 ~~Subsection 17-34-1(4)(a) to provide advanced life support and paramedic services to the~~  
1074 ~~unincorporated area of the county shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce~~  
1075 ~~revenues in that fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county~~  
1076 ~~budgeted in its 2000 fiscal year budget for advanced life support and paramedic services~~  
1077 ~~countywide and the amount the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for those services,~~  
1078 ~~excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services.]~~

1079           ~~[(B) For fiscal year 2001, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection~~

1080 ~~(2)(f)(i)(A) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal~~  
1081 ~~year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2000 for advanced life support and~~  
1082 ~~paramedic services countywide, excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for~~  
1083 ~~those services.]~~

1084 ~~[(ii) (A) A city or town located within a county of the first class to which Subsection~~  
1085 ~~(2)(f)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary to generate within~~  
1086 ~~the city or town the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from that city or~~  
1087 ~~town if the decrease under Subsection (2)(f)(i) did not occur.]~~

1088 ~~[(B) An increase under Subsection (2)(f)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal~~  
1089 ~~year or spread over multiple fiscal years, is not subject to the notice and hearing requirements~~  
1090 ~~of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]~~

1091 ~~[(g) (i) The certified tax rate of each county required under Subsection 17-34-1(4)(b) to~~  
1092 ~~provide detective investigative services to the unincorporated area of the county shall be~~  
1093 ~~decreased:]~~

1094 ~~[(A) in fiscal year 2001 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year~~  
1095 ~~by at least \$4,400,000; and]~~

1096 ~~[(B) in fiscal year 2002 by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that fiscal year~~  
1097 ~~by an amount equal to the difference between \$9,258,412 and the amount of the reduction in~~  
1098 ~~revenues under Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).]~~

1099 ~~[(ii) (A) (I) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2002, a city or town located within a~~  
1100 ~~county to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate~~  
1101 ~~within the city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during~~  
1102 ~~county fiscal year 2001 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(A).]~~

1103 ~~[(H) Beginning with municipal fiscal year 2003, a city or town located within a county~~  
1104 ~~to which Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies may increase its certified tax rate to generate within the~~  
1105 ~~city or town the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected during county~~  
1106 ~~fiscal year 2002 from within the city or town except for Subsection (2)(g)(i)(B).]~~

1107 ~~[(B) (I) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(B)(H), an increase in the city or~~  
1108 ~~town's certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(g)(ii)(A), whether occurring in a single fiscal year~~  
1109 ~~or spread over multiple fiscal years, is subject to the notice and hearing requirements of~~  
1110 ~~Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.]~~

1111 ~~[(H) For an increase under this Subsection (2)(g)(ii) that generates revenue that does~~  
1112 ~~not exceed the same amount of revenue as the county would have collected except for~~  
1113 ~~Subsection (2)(g)(i), the requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 do not apply if the~~  
1114 ~~city or town:]~~

1115 ~~[(Aa) publishes a notice that meets the size, type, placement, and frequency~~  
1116 ~~requirements of Section 59-2-919, reflects that the increase is a shift of a tax from one imposed~~  
1117 ~~by the county to one imposed by the city or town, and explains how the revenues from the tax~~  
1118 ~~increase will be used; and]~~

1119 ~~[(Bb) holds a public hearing on the tax shift that may be held in conjunction with the~~  
1120 ~~city or town's regular budget hearing.]~~

1121 ~~[(h) (i) This Subsection (2)(h) applies to each county that:]~~

1122 ~~[(A) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part~~  
1123 ~~13, Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection~~  
1124 ~~17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and]~~

1125 ~~[(B) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section~~  
1126 ~~17A-2-1322.]~~

1127 ~~[(ii) (A) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (2)(h) applies~~  
1128 ~~shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of~~  
1129 ~~revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service~~  
1130 ~~district.]~~

1131 ~~[(B) Each decrease under Subsection (2)(h)(ii)(A) shall occur contemporaneously with~~  
1132 ~~the levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.]~~

1133 ~~[(i) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(i):]~~

1134 ~~[(A) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within~~  
1135 ~~a fire district by annexation.]~~

1136 ~~[(B) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a~~  
1137 ~~fire district by annexation.]~~

1138 ~~[(C) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:]~~

1139 ~~[(f) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the~~  
1140 ~~property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire~~  
1141 ~~protection, paramedic, and emergency services:]~~

1142           ~~[(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and]~~  
1143           ~~[(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and]~~  
1144           ~~[(H) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (2)(i)(i)(C)(I) for all~~  
1145 ~~participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the~~  
1146 ~~aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:]~~  
1147           ~~[(Aa) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;~~  
1148 ~~and]~~  
1149           ~~[(Bb) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.]~~  
1150           ~~[(D) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service~~  
1151 ~~Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection~~  
1152 ~~17B-1-214(3)(c).]~~  
1153           ~~[(E) "Fire protection tax rate" means:]~~  
1154           ~~[(f) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property~~  
1155 ~~in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the~~  
1156 ~~costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the~~  
1157 ~~unincorporated area of the county; and]~~  
1158           ~~[(H) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property~~  
1159 ~~tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection,~~  
1160 ~~paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.]~~  
1161           ~~[(F) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included~~  
1162 ~~within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.]~~  
1163           ~~[(G) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a~~  
1164 ~~fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.]~~  
1165           ~~[(ii) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each~~  
1166 ~~participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of~~  
1167 ~~the equalized fire protection tax rate.]~~  
1168           ~~[(iii) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each~~  
1169 ~~annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax~~  
1170 ~~rate.]~~  
1171           ~~[(iv) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied~~  
1172 ~~by:]~~

1173 ~~[(A) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's~~  
 1174 ~~tax limitation under Section 59-2-908; and]~~

1175 ~~[(B) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of~~  
 1176 ~~the municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a~~  
 1177 ~~city.]~~

1178 ~~[(j) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing~~  
 1179 ~~entity's certified tax rate shall be adjusted by the amount necessary to offset any change in the~~  
 1180 ~~certified tax rate that may result from excluding the following from the certified tax rate under~~  
 1181 ~~Subsection (2)(a) enacted by the Legislature during the 2007 General Session:]~~

1182 ~~[(i) personal property tax revenue:]~~

1183 ~~[(A) received by a taxing entity;]~~

1184 ~~[(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and]~~

1185 ~~[(C) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or]~~

1186 ~~[(ii) the taxable value of personal property:]~~

1187 ~~[(A) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;]~~

1188 ~~[(B) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and]~~

1189 ~~[(C) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.]~~

1190 ~~[(3)]~~ (5) (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative  
 1191 budget.

1192 (b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county  
 1193 auditor of:

1194 (i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and

1195 (ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.

1196 (c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the  
 1197 certified tax rate in accordance with Subsection 59-2-919~~[(2)]~~ (3).

1198 ~~[(4)(a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be~~  
 1199 ~~reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal~~  
 1200 ~~agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community~~  
 1201 ~~Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the~~  
 1202 ~~agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:]~~

1203 ~~[(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or~~

1204 ~~(2)(d)(i);]~~

1205 ~~[(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of~~  
1206 ~~the previous year; and]~~

1207 ~~[(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under~~  
1208 ~~Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.]~~

1209 ~~[(b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any~~  
1210 ~~year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with~~  
1211 ~~approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an~~  
1212 ~~increase in the certified tax rate that year if:]~~

1213 ~~[(i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to~~  
1214 ~~a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or (2)(d)(i); and]~~

1215 ~~[(ii) The certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service~~  
1216 ~~district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.]~~

1217 ~~[(c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or~~  
1218 ~~(2)(d)(i), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community~~  
1219 ~~development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local~~  
1220 ~~Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of~~  
1221 ~~bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that~~  
1222 ~~amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2)(c) or~~  
1223 ~~(2)(d)(i).]~~

1224 Section 29. Section **59-2-924.2** is enacted to read:

1225 **59-2-924.2. Adjustments to the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate.**

1226 (1) For purposes of this section, "certified tax rate" means a certified tax rate calculated  
1227 in accordance with Section 59-2-924.

1228 (2) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from  
1229 uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,  
1230 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter  
1231 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax  
1232 rate to offset the increased revenues.

1233 (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under  
1234 Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:



1235 (i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax  
1236 revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and

1237 (ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from  
1238 uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,  
1239 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection  
1240 (3)(a)(i).

1241 (b) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for  
1242 purposes of Subsection (3)(a).

1243 (4) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort  
1244 communities sales tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be  
1245 decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of  
1246 estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under  
1247 Section 59-12-402.

1248 (5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies to each county that:

1249 (i) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Part 13,  
1250 Utah Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection  
1251 17A-2-1304(1)(a)(x); and

1252 (ii) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section  
1253 17A-2-1322.

1254 (b) (i) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (5) applies shall be  
1255 decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues  
1256 that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.

1257 (ii) Each decrease under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall occur contemporaneously with the  
1258 levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17A-2-1322.

1259 (6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):

1260 (i) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a  
1261 fire district by annexation.

1262 (ii) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a fire  
1263 district by annexation.

1264 (iii) "Equalized fire protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:

1265 (A) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the

1266 property tax revenue necessary to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire  
1267 protection, paramedic, and emergency services:  
1268 (I) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and  
1269 (II) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and  
1270 (B) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) for all  
1271 participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the  
1272 aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:  
1273 (I) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;  
1274 and  
1275 (II) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.  
1276 (iv) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service  
1277 Area Act, in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection  
1278 17B-1-214(3)(c).  
1279 (v) "Fire protection tax rate" means:  
1280 (A) for an annexing county, the property tax rate that, when applied to taxable property  
1281 in the unincorporated area of the county, generates enough property tax revenue to cover all the  
1282 costs associated with providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services in the  
1283 unincorporated area of the county; and  
1284 (B) for an annexing municipality, the property tax rate that generates enough property  
1285 tax revenue in the municipality to cover all the costs associated with providing fire protection,  
1286 paramedic, and emergency services in the municipality.  
1287 (vi) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included  
1288 within a fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.  
1289 (vii) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a  
1290 fire district at the time of the creation of the fire district.  
1291 (b) In the first year following creation of a fire district, the certified tax rate of each  
1292 participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount of  
1293 the equalized fire protection tax rate.  
1294 (c) In the first year following annexation to a fire district, the certified tax rate of each  
1295 annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by the fire protection tax  
1296 rate.

1297 (d) Each tax levied under this section by a fire district shall be considered to be levied  
1298 by:

1299 (i) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax  
1300 limitation under Section 59-2-908; and

1301 (ii) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the  
1302 municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a  
1303 city.

1304 (7) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing  
1305 entity's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, shall be adjusted by  
1306 the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from  
1307 excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3) enacted by the  
1308 Legislature during the 2007 General Session:

1309 (a) personal property tax revenue:

1310 (i) received by a taxing entity;

1311 (ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

1312 (iii) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or

1313 (b) the taxable value of personal property:

1314 (i) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;

1315 (ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

1316 (iii) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.

1317 (8) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be  
1318 reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal  
1319 agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community  
1320 Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the  
1321 agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate, calculated in  
1322 accordance with Section 59-2-924, if:

1323 (i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a);

1324 (ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the  
1325 previous year; and

1326 (iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under  
1327 Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.

1328 (b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any  
1329 year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with  
1330 approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an  
1331 increase in the certified tax rate that year if:

1332 (i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to  
1333 a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a); and

1334 (ii) the certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service  
1335 district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.

1336 (c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a),  
1337 the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community  
1338 development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local  
1339 Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of  
1340 bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that  
1341 amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or  
1342 (3)(a).

1343 Section 30. Section **59-2-924.3** is enacted to read:

1344 **59-2-924.3. Adjustment of the calculation of the certified tax rate for a school**  
1345 **district imposing a capital outlay levy in a county of the first class.**

1346 (1) As used in this section:

1347 (a) "Capital outlay increment" means the amount of revenue equal to the difference  
1348 between:

1349 (i) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value  
1350 within a school district during a fiscal year; and

1351 (ii) the amount of revenue the school district received during the same fiscal year from  
1352 the distribution described in Subsection 53A-16-107.1(1).

1353 (b) "Contributing school district" means a school district in a county of the first class  
1354 that in a fiscal year receives less revenue from the distribution described in Subsection  
1355 53A-16-107.1(1) than it would have received during the same fiscal year from a levy imposed  
1356 within the school district of .0006 per dollar of taxable value.

1357 (c) "Receiving school district" means a school district in a county of the first class that  
1358 in a fiscal year receives more revenue from the distribution described in Subsection

1359 53A-16-107.1(1) than it would have received during the same fiscal year from a levy imposed  
1360 within the school district of .0006 per dollar of taxable value.

1361 (2) For fiscal year 2009-10, a receiving school district shall decrease its capital outlay  
1362 certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3)(g)(ii) by an amount required to offset the  
1363 receiving school district's estimated capital outlay increment for the current fiscal year.

1364 (3) Beginning with fiscal year 2010-11, a receiving school district shall decrease its  
1365 capital outlay certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3)(g)(ii) by the amount required to  
1366 offset the receiving school district's capital outlay increment for the prior fiscal year.

1367 (4) For fiscal year 2009-10, a contributing school district is exempt from the public  
1368 notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 for the school district's  
1369 capital outlay levy certified tax rate calculated pursuant to Subsection 59-2-924(3)(g)(ii) if:

1370 (a) the contributing school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem property  
1371 tax revenue exclusive of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(4) for the capital  
1372 outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107; and

1373 (b) the increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue described in Subsection  
1374 (4)(a) is less than or equal to that contributing school district's estimated capital outlay  
1375 increment for the current fiscal year.

1376 (5) Beginning with fiscal year 2010-11, a contributing school district is exempt from  
1377 the public notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 for the school  
1378 district's capital outlay levy certified tax rate calculated pursuant to Subsection  
1379 59-2-924(3)(g)(ii) if:

1380 (a) the contributing school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem property  
1381 tax revenue exclusive of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(4) for the capital  
1382 outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107; and

1383 (b) the increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue described in Subsection  
1384 (5)(a) is less than or equal to that contributing school district's capital outlay increment for the  
1385 prior year.

1386 (6) Beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, a contributing school district is exempt from  
1387 the public notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 for the school  
1388 district's capital outlay levy certified tax rate calculated pursuant to Subsection  
1389 59-2-924(3)(g)(ii) if:

1390 (a) the contributing school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem property  
1391 tax revenue exclusive of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(4) for the capital  
1392 outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107; and

1393 (b) the increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue described in Subsection  
1394 (6)(a) is less than or equal to the difference between:

1395 (i) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value  
1396 imposed within the contributing school district during the current taxable year; and

1397 (ii) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value  
1398 imposed within the contributing school district during the prior taxable year.

1399 (7) Regardless of the amount a school district receives from the revenue collected from  
1400 the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy required in Subsection 53A-16-107(3), the revenue  
1401 generated within the school district from the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy required in  
1402 Subsection 53A-16-107(3) shall be considered to be budgeted ad valorem property tax  
1403 revenues of the school district that levies the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy for  
1404 purposes of calculating the school district's certified tax rate in accordance with Subsection  
1405 59-2-924(3)(g)(ii).

1406 Section 31. Section **59-2-924.4** is enacted to read:

1407 **59-2-924.4. Adjustment of the calculation of the certified tax rate for certain**  
1408 **divided school districts.**

1409 (1) As used in this section:

1410 (a) "Capital outlay increment" means the amount of revenue equal to the difference  
1411 between:

1412 (i) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value  
1413 within a qualifying divided school district during a fiscal year; and

1414 (ii) the amount of revenue the qualifying divided school district received during the  
1415 same fiscal year from the distribution described in Section 53A-2-118.3.

1416 (b) "Contributing divided school district" means a school district located within a  
1417 qualifying divided school district that in a fiscal year receives less revenue from the distribution  
1418 described in Subsection 53A-16-107.1(1) than it would have received during the same fiscal  
1419 year from a levy imposed within the school district of .0006 per dollar of taxable value.

1420 (c) "Divided school district" means a school district from which a new school district is

1421 created.

1422 (d) "New school district" means a school district:

1423 (i) created under Section 53A-2-118.1;

1424 (ii) that begins to provide educational services after July 1, 2008; and

1425 (iii) located in a qualifying divided school district.

1426 (e) "Qualifying divided school district" means a divided school district:

1427 (i) located within a county of the second through sixth class; and

1428 (ii) with a new school district created under Section 53A-2-118.1 that begins to provide

1429 educational services after July 1, 2008.

1430 (f) "Qualifying fiscal year" means the first fiscal year that a new school district begins

1431 to provide educational services.

1432 (g) "Receiving divided school district" means a school district located within a

1433 qualifying divided school district that in a fiscal year receives more revenue from the

1434 distribution described in Section 53A-2-118.3 than it would have received during the same

1435 fiscal year from a levy imposed within the school district of .0006 per dollar of taxable value.

1436 (2) A receiving divided school district shall decrease its certified tax rate calculated in

1437 accordance with Section 59-2-924 by the amount required to offset the receiving divided

1438 school district's capital outlay increment for the prior fiscal year.

1439 (3) Beginning with the fiscal year after the qualifying fiscal year, a contributing divided

1440 school district is exempt from the public notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918

1441 and 59-2-919 for the contributing divided school district's certified tax rate calculated pursuant

1442 to Section 59-2-924 if:

1443 (a) the contributing divided school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem

1444 property tax revenue exclusive of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(4) for the

1445 capital outlay levy required in Section 53A-2-118.3; and

1446 (b) the increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue described in Subsection

1447 (3)(a) is less than or equal to that contributing divided school district's capital outlay increment

1448 for the prior year.

1449 (4) Beginning with the fiscal year after the qualifying fiscal year, a contributing divided

1450 school district is exempt from the public notice and hearing requirements of Sections 59-2-918

1451 and 59-2-919 for the contributing divided school district's certified tax rate calculated pursuant

1452 to Section 59-2-924 if:

1453 (a) the contributing divided school district budgets an increased amount of ad valorem  
1454 property tax revenue exclusive of new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(4) for the  
1455 capital outlay levy described in Section 53A-2-118.3; and

1456 (b) the increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue described in Subsection  
1457 (4)(a) is less than or equal to the difference between:

1458 (i) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value  
1459 imposed within the contributing divided school district during the current taxable year; and

1460 (ii) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value  
1461 imposed within the contributing divided school district during the prior taxable year.

1462 (5) Regardless of the amount a school district receives from the revenue collected from  
1463 the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy described in Section 53A-2-118.3, the revenue  
1464 generated within the school district from the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy described  
1465 in Section 53A-2-118.3 shall be considered to be budgeted ad valorem property tax revenues of  
1466 the school district that levies the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy for purposes of  
1467 calculating the school district's certified tax rate in accordance with Section 59-2-924.

1468 Section 32. Section **59-2-1330** is amended to read:

1469 **59-2-1330. Payment of property taxes -- Payments to taxpayer by state or taxing**  
1470 **entity -- Refund of penalties paid by taxpayer -- Refund of interest paid by taxpayer --**  
1471 **Payment of interest to taxpayer -- Judgment levy -- Objections to assessments by the**  
1472 **commission -- Time periods for making payments to taxpayer.**

1473 (1) Unless otherwise specifically provided by statute, property taxes shall be paid  
1474 directly to the county assessor or the county treasurer:

1475 (a) on the date that the property taxes are due; and

1476 (b) as provided in this chapter.

1477 (2) A taxpayer shall receive payment as provided in this section if a reduction in the  
1478 amount of any tax levied against any property for which the taxpayer paid a tax or any portion  
1479 of a tax under this chapter for a calendar year is required by a final and unappealable judgment  
1480 or order described in Subsection (3) issued by:

1481 (a) a county board of equalization;

1482 (b) the commission; or



1483 (c) a court of competent jurisdiction.

1484 (3) (a) For purposes of Subsection (2), the state or any taxing entity that has received  
1485 property taxes or any portion of property taxes from a taxpayer described in Subsection (2)  
1486 shall pay the taxpayer if:

1487 (i) the taxes the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) are collected by an  
1488 authorized officer of the:

1489 (A) county; or

1490 (B) state;

1491 (ii) the taxpayer obtains a final and unappealable judgment or order:

1492 (A) from:

1493 (I) a county board of equalization;

1494 (II) the commission; or

1495 (III) a court of competent jurisdiction;

1496 (B) against:

1497 (I) the taxing entity or an authorized officer of the taxing entity; or

1498 (II) the state or an authorized officer of the state; and

1499 (C) ordering a reduction in the amount of any tax levied against any property for which  
1500 a taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of a tax under this chapter for the calendar year.

1501 (b) The amount that the state or a taxing entity shall pay a taxpayer shall be determined  
1502 in accordance with Subsections (4) through (7).

1503 (4) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount the state shall pay to a taxpayer  
1504 is equal to the sum of:

1505 (a) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference  
1506 between:

1507 (i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Subsection (2); and

1508 (ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the state after the reduction in the  
1509 amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable  
1510 judgment or order described in Subsection (3);

1511 (b) if the difference described in this Subsection (4)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference  
1512 between:

1513 (i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Section 59-2-1331;

1514 and

1515 (ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the state in accordance with  
1516 Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the property in  
1517 accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (3);

1518 (c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with  
1519 Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (4)(a) and (4)(b); and

1520 (d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:

1521 (i) Subsection (4)(a);

1522 (ii) Subsection (4)(b); and

1523 (iii) Subsection (4)(c).

1524 (5) For purposes of Subsections (2) and (3), the amount a taxing entity shall pay to a  
1525 taxpayer is equal to the sum of:

1526 (a) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference  
1527 between:

1528 (i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Subsection (2); and

1529 (ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the taxing entity after the reduction in  
1530 the amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable  
1531 judgment or order described in Subsection (3);

1532 (b) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference  
1533 between:

1534 (i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Section  
1535 59-2-1331; and

1536 (ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the taxing entity in  
1537 accordance with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the  
1538 property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order described in  
1539 Subsection (3); and

1540 (c) as provided in Subsection (6)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with  
1541 Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b); and

1542 (d) as provided in Subsection (6)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in:

1543 (i) Subsection (5)(a);

1544 (ii) Subsection (5)(b); and

- 1545 (iii) Subsection (5)(c).
- 1546 (6) Except as provided in Subsection (7):
- 1547 (a) interest shall be refunded to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection
- 1548 (4)(c) or (5)(c) in an amount equal to the amount of interest the taxpayer paid in accordance
- 1549 with Section 59-2-1331; and
- 1550 (b) interest shall be paid to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (4)(d) or
- 1551 (5)(d):
- 1552 (i) beginning on the later of:
- 1553 (A) the day on which the taxpayer paid the tax in accordance with Subsection (2); or
- 1554 (B) January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year for which
- 1555 the tax was due;
- 1556 (ii) ending on the day on which the state or a taxing entity pays to the taxpayer the
- 1557 amount required by Subsection (4) or (5); and
- 1558 (iii) at the interest rate earned by the state treasurer on public funds transferred to the
- 1559 state treasurer in accordance with Section 51-7-5.
- 1560 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6):
- 1561 (a) the state may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on any
- 1562 tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax levied
- 1563 by the state for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section 59-2-1317; and
- 1564 (b) a taxing entity may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (6) on
- 1565 any tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (2) that exceeds the amount of tax
- 1566 levied by the taxing entity for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by Section
- 1567 59-2-1317.
- 1568 (8) (a) Each taxing entity may levy a tax to pay its share of the final and unappealable
- 1569 judgment or order described in Subsection (3) if:
- 1570 (i) the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued no later than 15 days prior to
- 1571 the date the levy is set under Subsection 59-2-924[~~(2)~~] (3)(a);
- 1572 (ii) the amount of the judgment levy is included on the notice under Section 59-2-919;
- 1573 and
- 1574 (iii) the final and unappealable judgment or order is an eligible judgment, as defined in
- 1575 Section 59-2-102.

1576 (b) The levy under Subsection (8)(a) is in addition to, and exempt from, the maximum  
1577 levy established for the taxing entity.

1578 (9) (a) A taxpayer that objects to the assessment of property assessed by the  
1579 commission shall pay, on or before the date of delinquency established under Subsection  
1580 59-2-1331(1) or Section 59-2-1332, the full amount of taxes stated on the notice required by  
1581 Section 59-2-1317 if:

1582 (i) the taxpayer has applied to the commission for a hearing in accordance with Section  
1583 59-2-1007 on the objection to the assessment; and

1584 (ii) the commission has not issued a written decision on the objection to the assessment  
1585 in accordance with Section 59-2-1007.

1586 (b) A taxpayer that pays the full amount of taxes due under Subsection (9)(a) is not  
1587 required to pay penalties or interest on an assessment described in Subsection (9)(a) unless:

1588 (i) a final and unappealable judgment or order establishing that the property described  
1589 in Subsection (9)(a) has a value greater than the value stated on the notice required by Section  
1590 59-2-1317 is issued by:

1591 (A) the commission; or

1592 (B) a court of competent jurisdiction; and

1593 (ii) the taxpayer fails to pay the additional tax liability resulting from the final and  
1594 unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) within a 45-day period after  
1595 the county bills the taxpayer for the additional tax liability.

1596 (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), a payment that is required by this  
1597 section shall be paid to a taxpayer:

1598 (i) within 60 days after the day on which the final and unappealable judgment or order  
1599 is issued in accordance with Subsection (3); or

1600 (ii) if a judgment levy is imposed in accordance with Subsection (8):

1601 (A) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is \$5,000 or more, no later  
1602 than December 31 of the year in which the judgment levy is imposed; and

1603 (B) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is less than \$5,000, within  
1604 60 days after the date the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued in accordance with  
1605 Subsection (3).

1606 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (10)(a), a taxpayer may enter into an agreement:

1607 (i) that establishes a time period other than a time period described in Subsection  
1608 (10)(a) for making a payment to the taxpayer that is required by this section; and

1609 (ii) with:

1610 (A) an authorized officer of a taxing entity for a tax imposed by a taxing entity; or

1611 (B) an authorized officer of the state for a tax imposed by the state.

1612 **Section 33. Repealer.**

1613 This bill repeals:

1614 **Section 53A-21-103, Qualifications for participation in the foundation program --**

1615 **Distribution of monies -- Distribution formulas.**

1616 **Section 53A-21-103.5, Qualifications for participation in the Enrollment Growth**

1617 **Program -- State Board of Education rules -- Distribution formula.**

1618 **Section 34. Appropriation.**

1619 In addition to the amounts appropriated in Section 53A-21-501, there is appropriated  
1620 from the Uniform School Fund for fiscal year 2008-09 only:

1621 (1) \$7,500,000 to the State Board of Education for the Capital Outlay Foundation  
1622 Program for allocation pursuant to Section 53A-21-202; and

1623 (2) \$7,500,000 to the State Board of Education for the Capital Outlay Enrollment  
1624 Growth Program for allocation pursuant to Section 53A-21-302.

1625 **Section 35. Effective date.**

1626 This bill takes effect on July 1, 2008.

1627 **Section 36. Coordinating S.B. 48 with H.B. 1 -- Superseding amendments.**

1628 If this S.B. 48 and H.B. 1, Minimum School Program Base Budget Amendments, both  
1629 pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the amendments to Section 53A-21-501, renumbered  
1630 from Section 53A-21-105, in this bill supersede the amendments to Section 53A-21-105 in  
1631 H.B. 1 when the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel prepares the Utah Code  
1632 database for publication.