1	INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM PETITION AMENDMENTS
2	2008 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Brent H. Goodfellow
5	House Sponsor: Kevin S. Garn
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LONG TITLE

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General Description:

This bill modifies provisions that govern requirements for state and local initiative petitions and local referendum petitions.

Highlighted Provisions:

- This bill:
 - requires that a law that is proposed through a state or local initiative contain a title that clearly expresses the subject of the proposed law;
 - requires that a law proposed through a state or local initiative contain only one subject;
 - ► changes the deadline for submitting signature packets for statewide initiative petitions from June 1 to April 15;
 - changes the deadline for submitting signature packets for local initiatives and local referenda from 120 days before the election to April 15;
 - changes signature verification deadlines, circulation finance disclosure deadlines, and appeal deadlines to accommodate the change in the deadline for submitting the signature packets;
 - ► moves referenda provisions related to the imposition of a county option sales tax ordinance from Title 59, Revenue and Taxation, to the Election Code;



26	 provides that uniform signature verification timelines be applied to all local
27	referenda; and
28	makes technical changes.
29	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
30	None
31	Other Special Clauses:
32	None
33	Utah Code Sections Affected:
34	AMENDS:
35	20A-7-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 304
36	20A-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 304
37	20A-7-205.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 109
38	20A-7-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 80
39	20A-7-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 304
40	20A-7-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 278
41	20A-7-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 236
42	20A-7-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 78
43	20A-7-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 340
44	59-12-1102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 253
45 46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
47	Section 1. Section 20A-7-201 is amended to read:
48	20A-7-201. Statewide initiatives Signature requirements Submission to the
49	Legislature or to a vote of the people.
50	(1) (a) A person seeking to have an initiative submitted to the Legislature for approval
51	or rejection shall obtain:
52	(i) legal signatures equal to 5% of the cumulative total of all votes cast for all
53	candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected; and
54	(ii) from each of at least 26 Utah State Senate districts, legal signatures equal to 5% of
55	the total of all votes cast in that district for all candidates for governor at the last regular
56	general election at which a governor was elected.

- (b) If, at any time not less than ten days before the beginning of an annual general session of the Legislature, the lieutenant governor declares sufficient any initiative petition that is signed by enough voters to meet the requirements of this Subsection (1), the lieutenant governor shall deliver a copy of the petition and the cover sheet required by Subsection (1)(c) to the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House, and the director of the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
- (c) In delivering a copy of the petition, the lieutenant governor shall include a cover sheet that contains:
- (i) the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected;
- (ii) the total of all votes cast in each Utah State Senate district for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected;
 - (iii) the total number of certified signatures received for the submitted initiative; and
- (iv) the total number of certified signatures received from each Utah State Senate district for the submitted initiative.
- (2) (a) A person seeking to have an initiative submitted to a vote of the people for approval or rejection shall obtain:
- (i) legal signatures equal to 10% of the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected; and
- (ii) from each of at least 26 Utah State Senate districts, legal signatures equal to 10% of the total of all votes cast in that district for all candidates for governor at the last regular general election at which a governor was elected.
- (b) [If, at any time not less than four months before any regular general election,] If an initiative petition meets the requirements of this part and the lieutenant governor declares [sufficient any] the initiative petition [that is signed by enough legal voters to meet the requirements of this subsection] to be sufficient, the lieutenant governor shall submit the proposed law to a vote of the people at the next regular general election.
- (3) The lieutenant governor shall provide the following information from the official canvass of the last regular general election at which a governor was elected to any interested person:
 - (a) the cumulative total of all votes cast for all candidates for governor; and

88	(b) for each Utah State Senate district, the total of all votes cast in that district for all
89	candidates for governor.
90	Section 2. Section 20A-7-202 is amended to read:
91	20A-7-202. Statewide initiative process Application procedures Time to
92	gather signatures Grounds for rejection.
93	(1) Persons wishing to circulate an initiative petition shall file an application with the
94	lieutenant governor.
95	(2) The application shall contain:
96	(a) the name and residence address of at least five sponsors of the initiative petition;
97	(b) a statement indicating that each of the sponsors:
98	(i) is a resident of Utah; and
99	(ii) has voted in a regular general election in Utah within the last three years;
100	(c) the signature of each of the sponsors, attested to by a notary public;
101	(d) a copy of the proposed law[; and] that includes:
102	(i) the title of the proposed law, which clearly expresses the subject of the law; and
103	(ii) the text of the proposed law; and
104	(e) a statement indicating whether or not persons gathering signatures for the petition
105	may be paid for doing so.
106	(3) The application and its contents are public when filed with the lieutenant governor.
107	(4) (a) The sponsors shall qualify the petition for the regular general election ballot no
108	later than one year after the application is filed.
109	(b) If the sponsors fail to qualify the petition for that ballot, the sponsors must:
110	(i) submit a new application;
111	(ii) obtain new signature sheets; and
112	(iii) collect signatures again.
113	(5) The lieutenant governor shall reject the application and not issue circulation sheets
114	if:
115	(a) the law proposed by the initiative is patently unconstitutional;
116	(b) the law proposed by the initiative is nonsensical;
117	(c) the proposed law could not become law if passed; [or]
118	(d) the law contains more than one subject;

119	(e) the subject of the law is not clearly expressed in the law's title; or
120	[(d)] (f) the law proposed by the initiative is identical or substantially similar to a law
121	proposed by an initiative that was submitted to the county clerks and lieutenant governor for
122	certification and evaluation within two years preceding the date on which the application for
123	this initiative was filed.
124	Section 3. Section 20A-7-205.5 is amended to read:
125	20A-7-205.5. Initial disclosures Paid circulators.
126	(1) When petitions are being circulated by paid circulators, the sponsors of the
127	initiative shall file a report with the lieutenant governor on the [last] second Tuesday in [April]
128	March of the year of the regular general election and on the Tuesday before the regular general
129	election.
130	(2) The report shall contain:
131	(a) the names of the sponsors; and
132	(b) the name of the proposed measure for which petitions are being circulated by paid
133	circulators.
134	Section 4. Section 20A-7-206 is amended to read:
135	20A-7-206. Submitting the initiative petition Certification of signatures by the
136	county clerks Transfer to lieutenant governor.
137	(1) In order to qualify an initiative petition for placement on the regular general
138	election ballot, the sponsors shall deliver each signed and verified initiative packet to the
139	county clerk of the county in which the packet was circulated [by the June 1] no later than
140	April 15 before the regular general election.
141	(2) No later than [June 15] May 1 before the regular general election, the county clerk
142	shall:
143	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification for the initiative packet
144	to determine whether or not those persons are residents of Utah and are at least 18 years old;
145	and
146	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not
147	at least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
148	(3) No later than [July 1] May 15 before the regular general election, the county clerk
149	shall:

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verified signature sheet; and

150	(a) determine whether or not each signer is a registered voter according to the
151	requirements of Section 20A-7-206.3;
152	(b) certify on the petition whether or not each name is that of a registered voter; and
153	(c) deliver all of the packets to the lieutenant governor.
154	(4) In order to qualify an initiative petition for submission to the Legislature, the
155	sponsors shall deliver each signed and verified initiative packet to the county clerk of the
156	county in which the packet was circulated by the November 15 before the annual general
157	session of the Legislature.
158	(5) No later than December 1 before the annual general session of the Legislature, the
159	county clerk shall:
160	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification for the initiative packet
161	to determine whether or not those persons are Utah residents and are at least 18 years old; and
162	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not
163	at least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
164	(6) No later than December 15 before the annual general session of the Legislature, the
165	county clerk shall:
166	(a) determine whether or not each signer is a registered voter according to the
167	requirements of Section 20A-7-206.3;
168	(b) certify on the petition whether or not each name is that of a registered voter; and
169	(c) deliver all of the packets to the lieutenant governor.
170	(7) Initiative packets are public once they are delivered to the county clerks.
171	(8) The sponsor or their representatives may not retrieve initiative packets from the
172	county clerks once they have submitted them.
173	Section 5. Section 20A-7-207 is amended to read:
174	20A-7-207. Evaluation by the lieutenant governor.
175	(1) When each initiative packet is received from a county clerk, the lieutenant governor
176	shall check off from his record the number of each initiative packet filed.
177	(2) (a) After all of the initiative packets have been received by the lieutenant governor,
178	the lieutenant governor shall:

(i) count the number of the names certified by the county clerks that appear on each

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181 (ii) declare the petition to be sufficient or insufficient by [July 6] June 1 before the 182 regular general election. 183 (b) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet equals or 184 exceeds the number of names required by Section 20A-7-201, the lieutenant governor shall 185 mark upon the front of the petition the word "sufficient." 186 (c) If the total number of certified names from each verified signature sheet does not 187 equal or exceed the number of names required by Section 20A-7-201, the lieutenant governor 188 shall mark upon the front of the petition the word "insufficient." 189 (d) The lieutenant governor shall immediately notify any one of the sponsors of his finding. 190 191 (3) Once a petition is declared insufficient, the sponsors may not submit additional 192 signatures to qualify the petition for the pending regular general election. 193 (4) (a) If the lieutenant governor refuses to accept and file any initiative petition that a 194 sponsor believes is legally sufficient, any voter may, by [July 20] June 15, apply to the supreme 195 court for an extraordinary writ to compel the lieutenant governor to do so. 196 (b) The supreme court shall: 197 (i) determine whether or not the initiative petition is legally sufficient; and 198 (ii) certify its findings to the lieutenant governor by July 30. 199 (c) If the supreme court certifies that the initiative petition is legally sufficient, the 200 lieutenant governor shall file it, with a verified copy of the judgment attached to it, as of the 201 date on which it was originally offered for filing in his office. 202 (d) If the supreme court determines that any petition filed is not legally sufficient, the 203 supreme court may enjoin the lieutenant governor and all other officers from certifying or 204 printing the ballot title and numbers of that measure on the official ballot for the next election. 205 Section 6. Section **20A-7-502** is amended to read: 206 20A-7-502. Local initiative process -- Application procedures. 207 (1) Persons wishing to circulate an initiative petition shall file an application with the 208 local clerk.

(2) The application shall contain:

(b) a statement indicating that each of the sponsors:

(a) the name and residence address of at least five sponsors of the initiative petition;

212	(i) is a registered voter; and
213	(ii) (A) if the initiative seeks to enact a county ordinance, has voted in a regular general
214	election in Utah within the last three years; or
215	(B) if the initiative seeks to enact a municipal ordinance, has voted in a regular
216	municipal election in Utah:
217	(I) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B)(II), within the last three years; or
218	(II) within the last five years, if the sponsor's failure to vote within the last three years
219	is due to the sponsor's residing in a municipal district that participates in a municipal election
220	every four years;
221	(c) the signature of each of the sponsors, attested to by a notary public; and
222	(d) a copy of the proposed law[:] that includes:
223	(i) the title of the proposed law, which clearly expresses the subject of the law; and
224	(ii) the text of the proposed law.
225	(3) A proposed law submitted under this section may not contain more than one
226	subject.
227	Section 7. Section 20A-7-506 is amended to read:
228	20A-7-506. Submitting the initiative petition Certification of signatures by the
229	county clerks Transfer to local clerk.
230	(1) [No later than 120 days before any regular general election, for county initiatives,
231	or municipal general election, for municipal initiatives, the] The sponsors shall deliver each
232	signed and verified initiative packet to the county clerk of the county in which the packet was
233	circulated[-] no later than:
234	(a) for county initiatives, no later than the April 15 falling before the regular general
235	election; or
236	(b) for municipal initiatives, no later than the April 15 falling before the municipal
237	general election.
238	(2) No later than [90 days before any general election] May 1, the county clerk shall:
239	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification on the back of each
240	signature sheet to determine whether or not those persons are residents of Utah and are at least
241	18 years old; and
242	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not

243	at least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
244	(3) No later than [60 days before any general election] May 15, the county clerk shall:
245	(a) determine whether or not each signer is a voter according to the requirements of
246	Section 20A-7-506.3;
247	(b) certify on the petition whether or not each name is that of a voter; and
248	(c) deliver all of the packets to the local clerk.
249	Section 8. Section 20A-7-606 is amended to read:
250	20A-7-606. Submitting the referendum petition Certification of signatures by
251	the county clerks Transfer to local clerk.
252	(1) [No later than 120 days before any regular general election for county referenda,
253	or municipal general election for local referenda, the] The sponsors shall deliver each signed
254	and verified referendum packet to the county clerk of the county in which the packet was
255	circulated[-]:
256	(a) for county referenda, no later than the April 15 falling before the regular general
257	election;
258	(b) for municipal referenda, no later than the April 15 falling before the municipal
259	general election; or
260	(c) for referenda held in relation to the adoption of an ordinance imposing a county
261	option sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1102, no later than 100 days before the election
262	that the referendum qualifies for under Subsection 20A-7-609(2)(c).
263	(2) No later than [90 days before any general election] May 1, the county clerk shall:
264	(a) check the names of all persons completing the verification on the back of each
265	signature sheet to determine whether or not those persons are Utah residents and are at least 18
266	years old; and
267	(b) submit the name of each of those persons who is not a Utah resident or who is not
268	at least 18 years old to the attorney general and county attorney.
269	(3) No later than [60 days before any general election] May 15, the county clerk shall:
270	(a) determine whether or not each signer is a registered voter according to the
271	requirements of Section 20A-7-606.3;
272	(b) certify on the referendum petition whether or not each name is that of a registered
273	voter: and

274	(c) deliver all of the referendum packets to the local clerk.
275	Section 9. Section 20A-7-609 is amended to read:
276	20A-7-609. From of ballot Manner of voting.
277	(1) The local clerk shall ensure that the number and ballot title are printed upon the
278	official ballot with, immediately to the right of them, the words "For" and "Against," each word
279	followed by a square in which the elector may indicate his vote.
280	(2) (a) [Unless] Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), and unless the county
281	legislative body calls a special election, the county clerk shall ensure that <u>county</u> referenda that
282	have qualified for the ballot appear on the next regular general election ballot.
283	(b) Unless the municipal legislative body calls a special election, the municipal
284	recorder or clerk shall ensure that <u>municipal</u> referenda that have qualified for the ballot appear
285	on the next regular municipal election ballot.
286	(c) For referenda held in relation to the adoption of an ordinance imposing a county
287	option sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1102, the county clerk shall ensure that referenda
288	that have qualified for the ballot appear on the ballot at the earlier of:
289	(i) the next regular general election that is more than 155 days after the date of the
290	adoption of the ordinance; or
291	(ii) the next municipal general election that is more than 155 days after the date of the
292	adoption of the ordinance.
293	(3) Voters desiring to vote in favor of enacting the law proposed by the referendum
294	petition shall mark the square following the word "For," and those desiring to vote against
295	enacting the law proposed by the referendum petition shall mark the square following the word
296	"Against."
297	Section 10. Section 59-12-1102 is amended to read:
298	59-12-1102. Base Rate Imposition of tax Distribution of revenue
299	Administration Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice requirements.
300	(1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (5), and in addition to any other tax
301	authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax
302	of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).
303	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this
304	section on:

305 (A) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses 306 are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and 307 (B) any amounts paid or charged by a seller that collects a tax under Subsection 308 59-12-107(1)(b) unless all of the counties in the state impose a tax under this section. 309 (b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be 310 determined in accordance with Section 59-12-207. 311 (c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed: 312 (i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are 313 located within municipalities in the county; and 314 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of 315 January: 316 (A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the 317 ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or 318 (B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the 319 ordinance is adopted after May 25. 320 (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the county option sales and use tax under 321 this section shall be imposed: 322 (i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before 323 September 4, 1997; or 324 (ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997 325 but after September 4, 1997. 326 (2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a 327 county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in 328 the county. 329 (b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting 330 time of no earlier than 6 p.m. 331 (ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven 332 days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published. 333 (c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county 334 shall advertise in a newspaper of general circulation in the county:

(A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax;

336	(B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and
337	(C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments
338	regarding the proposed tax.
339	(ii) The advertisement shall be published once each week for the two weeks preceding
340	the earlier of the two public hearings.
341	(iii) The advertisement shall be no less than 1/8 page in size, and the type used shall be
342	no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
343	(iv) The advertisement may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal
344	notices and classified advertisements appear.
345	(v) Whenever possible:
346	(A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days a
347	week, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and
348	(B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the
349	community, and not one of limited subject matter.
350	(d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject
351	to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part
352	6, Local Referenda - Procedures[, except that:].
353	[(i) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-7-609(2)(a), the county clerk shall hold a
354	referendum election that qualifies for the ballot on the earlier of the next regular general
355	election date or the next municipal general election date more than 155 days after adoption of
356	an ordinance under this section;]
357	[(ii) for 1997 only, the 120-day period in Subsection 20A-7-606(1) shall be 30 days;
358	and]
359	[(iii) the deadlines in Subsections 20A-7-606(2) and (3) do not apply, and the clerk
360	shall take the actions required by those subsections before the referendum election.]
361	(3) (a) If the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and
362	use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population, the tax levied under
363	Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected.
364	(b) If the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use
365	tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state population:

(i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed to

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367	the county in which the tax was collected; and
368	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection
369	(1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax,
370	based on the total population of each county.
371	(c) If the amount to be distributed annually to a county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii),
372	when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not
373	equal at least \$75,000, then:
374	(i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall
375	be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under
376	Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and
377	(ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection
378	(3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under
379	Subsection $(3)(c)(i)$.
380	(d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under
381	Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).
382	(e) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (b), if a county imposes a tax under this
383	section on any amounts paid or charged by a seller that collects a tax in accordance with
384	Subsection 59-12-107(1)(b), the revenues generated by the tax shall be distributed as provided
385	in Subsection 59-12-103(3)(c).
386	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part
387	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
388	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
389	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
390	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
391	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
392	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to
393	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (7).

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the fee charged by the commission under

Section 59-12-206 shall be based on the distribution amounts resulting after all the applicable

distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made.

(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):

398	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
399	Annexation to County.
400	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
401	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
402	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:
403	(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or
404	(II) the repeal shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
405	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
406	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the county.
407	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
408	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
409	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);
410	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and
411	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
412	tax.
413	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection
414	(5)(c)(iii), the enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
415	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
416	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
417	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).
418	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection
419	(5)(c)(iii), the repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
420	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
421	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
422	of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
423	(iii) Subsections (5)(c)(i) and (ii) apply to transactions subject to a tax under:
424	(A) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(b);
425	(B) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(c);
426	(C) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(d);
427	(D) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(e);
428	(E) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f);

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429	(F) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(g);
430	(G) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(h);
431	(H) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
432	(I) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(j); or
433	(J) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(k).
434	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(b)(i), if a tax due under this chapter on a
435	catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an
436	enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect:
437	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
438	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
439	Subsection (5)(b)(i).
440	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
441	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
442	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
443	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
444	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
445	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
446	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
447	the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
448	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
449	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
450	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
451	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);
452	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
453	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A).
454	(f) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(e)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection
455	(5)(f)(iii), the enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
456	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
457	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
458	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).
459	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(e)(i), for a transaction described in Subsection

460	(5)(1)(111), the repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
461	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
462	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
463	of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
464	(iii) Subsections (5)(f)(i) and (ii) apply to transactions subject to a tax under:
465	(A) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(b);
466	(B) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(c);
467	(C) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(d);
468	(D) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(e);
469	(E) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f);
470	(F) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(g);
471	(G) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(h);
472	(H) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
473	(I) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(j); or
474	(J) Subsection 59-12-103(1)(k).
475	(g) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(e)(i), if a tax due under this chapter on a
476	catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an
477	enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
478	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
479	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
480	Subsection (5)(e)(i).
481	(ii) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
482	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

S.B. 54 1st Sub. (Green) - Initiative and Referendum Petition Amendments

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/28/2008, 10:15:11 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst