I	LICENSING OF SECURITY SERVICES
2	2008 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Dan R. Eastman
5	House Sponsor: Stephen E. Sandstrom
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to the licensing of persons who provide security
0	services.
1	Highlighted Provisions:
2	This bill:
3	 modifies definitions related to the licensing of contract security companies and
4	private security officers by establishing new classifications for armored car
5	companies and armored car security officers;
6	 modifies the composition of the Security Services Licensing Board by including in
7	its membership an individual who is an officer or owner of a licensed armored car
8	company;
9	 provides for the licensing of armored car companies and armored car security
0	officers as new classifications;
1	 establishes qualifications for licensure as an armored car company and armored car
2	security officer;
3	 provides that it is unlawful conduct for an armored car company to employ the
4	services of an unlicensed armored car security officer, with certain exceptions; and
5	 provides unprofessional conduct and penalty provisions related to armored car
6	companies and armored car security officers.



Monies Appropriated in this Bill:

28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	31A-22-1301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 10
34	58-63-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 307
35	58-63-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 228
36	58-63-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 271
37	58-63-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 81
38	58-63-306 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 215
39	58-63-307 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 215
40	58-63-308 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 271
41	58-63-310 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 271
42	58-63-501 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 308
43	58-63-502 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 271
44	58-63-503 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 308
45	
46	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
47	Section 1. Section 31A-22-1301 is amended to read:
48	31A-22-1301. Liability insurance for armored car companies and contract
49	security companies.
50	Section 58-63-302 applies to liability insurance for armored car companies and contract
51	security companies.
52	Section 2. Section 58-63-102 is amended to read:
53	58-63-102. Definitions.
54	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
55	(1) "Armed courier service" means a person engaged in business as a contract security
56	company who transports or offers to transport tangible personal property from one place or
57	point to another under the control of an armed security officer employed by that service.
58	(2) "Armed private security officer" means an individual:

59	(a) employed by a contract security company;
60	(b) whose primary duty is [that of]:
61	(i) guarding personal or real property[-,]; or
62	(ii) providing protection or security to the life and well being of humans or animals;
63	and
64	(c) who wears, carries, possesses, or has immediate access to a firearm [at any time] in
65	the performance of the individual's duties.
66	(3) "Armored car [service"] company" means a person engaged in business [as a
67	contract security company] under contract to others who transports or offers to transport
68	tangible personal property, currency, valuables, jewelry, food stamps, or any other high value
69	items, that require secured delivery from one place [or point] to another under the control of ar
70	[armed or unarmed private] armored car security officer employed by the company using a
71	specially equipped motor vehicle offering a high degree of security.
72	(4) "Armored car security officer" means an individual:
73	(a) employed by an armored car company;
74	(b) whose primary duty is to guard the tangible property, currency, valuables, jewelry,
75	food stamps, or other high value items that require secured delivery from one place to another;
76	<u>and</u>
77	(c) who wears, carries, possesses, or has immediate access to a firearm in the
78	performance of the individual's duties.
79	[(4)] (5) "Board" means the Security Services Licensing Board created in Section
80	58-63-201.
81	[(5)] (6) "Contract security company" means a person engaged in business to provide
82	security or guard services to another person [for the purpose of protecting tangible personal
83	property, real property, or the life and well being of human or animal life by assignment of
84	security officers employed by the company and the use of specialized resources, motor
85	vehicles, or equipment] on a contractual basis by assignment of an armed or unarmed private
86	security officer.
87	[(6)] (7) "Identification card" means a personal pocket or wallet size card issued by the
88	division to each armored car and armed or unarmed private security officer licensed under this
89	chapter.

90	[(7)] (8) "Officer" means a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, or other
91	officer of a corporation or limited liability company listed as an officer in the files with the
92	Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
93	[(8)] (9) "Owner" means a proprietor or general partner of a proprietorship or
94	partnership, a lessee or assignee of the owner, the manager of the facility, or the event operator
95	[(9)] (10) "Peace officer" means a person who:
96	(a) is a certified peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
97	Classifications; and
98	(b) derives total or special law enforcement powers from, and is an employee of, the
99	federal government, the state, or [any] a political subdivision, agency, department, branch, or
100	service of either, of [any] a municipality, or [of any other] a unit of local government.
101	[(10)] (11) "Regular basis" means at least 20 [or more] hours per month.
102	[(11)] (12) (a) "Security officer" means an individual who is licensed as an armed or
103	unarmed private security officer under this chapter and who:
104	(i) is employed by a contract security company securing, guarding, or otherwise
105	protecting tangible personal property, real property, or the life and well being of human or
106	animal life against:
107	(A) trespass or other unlawful intrusion or entry;
108	(B) larceny;
109	(C) vandalism or other abuse;
110	(D) arson or [any] other criminal activity; or
111	(E) personal injury caused by another person or as a result of [acts] an act or
112	[omissions] omission by another person;
113	(ii) is controlling, regulating, or directing the flow of movements of [individuals] an
114	individual or [vehicles] vehicle; or
115	(iii) providing street patrol service.
116	(b) "Security officer" does not include an individual whose duties are limited to
117	custodial or other services even though the presence of that individual may act to provide
118	[some of the services] a service set forth under Subsection [(11)] (12)(a).
119	(c) (i) "Security officer" does not include an individual whose duties include taking
120	admission tickets, checking credentials, ushering, or checking bags, purses, backpacks, or other

materials [to be carried] going into a facility as described in Subsection [(11)] (12)(c)(ii) if:

(A) the individual carries out these duties without the use [or aid] of [anv] specialize

- (A) the individual carries out these duties without the use [or aid] of [any] specialized equipment;
- (B) the authority of the individual is limited to denying entry or passage of a person into or within the facility; and
- (C) the individual is not authorized to use physical force in the performance of the <u>individual's</u> duties under this Subsection [(11)) (12)(c).
- (ii) As used in this Subsection [(11)] (12)(c), "facility" means a sports, concert, or theatrical venue or [any], a convention center, fairgrounds, public assembly facility, or mass gathering location.
- [(12)] (13) "Security system" means equipment, [devices] <u>a device</u>, or [instruments] <u>an</u> instrument installed for [the purpose of]:
- (a) detecting and signaling entry or intrusion by [some] an individual into or onto, or exit from the premises protected by the system; or
- (b) signaling the commission of [a robbery or other] criminal activity at the election of an individual having control of the features of the security system.
- [(13)] (14) "Specialized [resources] resource, motor [vehicles] vehicle, or equipment" means [items] an item of tangible personal property specifically designed for use in law enforcement or in providing security or guard services, or that [have been] is specially equipped with [devices] a device or [features specifically] feature designed for use in providing law enforcement, security, or guard services, but [do] does not include:
- (a) standardized clothing, whether or not bearing a company name or logo, if the clothing does not bear the words "security" or "guard"; or
- (b) [items] an item of tangible personal property, other than [firearms] a firearm or nonlethal [weapons] weapon, that may be used without modification in providing security or guard services.
- [(14)] (15) "Street patrol service" means a [person engaged in business as a] contract security company [who] that provides patrols by means of foot, vehicle, or other method of transportation using public streets, thoroughfares, or property in the performance of [their] the company's duties and responsibilities.
- [(15)] (16) "Unarmed private security officer" means an individual:

152	(a) employed by a contract security company;
153	(b) whose primary duty is [that of] guarding personal or real property[7] or providing
154	protection or security to the life and well being of humans or animals;
155	(c) who [never wears, carries, possesses, or has] does not wear, carry, possess, or have
156	immediate access to a firearm [at any time] in the performance of [his] the individual's duties;
157	and
158	(d) who wears clothing of distinctive design or fashion bearing [any] a symbol, badge,
159	emblem, insignia, or other device that identifies [or tends to identify] the [wearer] individual as
160	a security officer.
161	[(16)] (17) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-63-501.
162	[(17)] (18) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-63-502
163	and as may be further defined by rule.
164	Section 3. Section 58-63-201 is amended to read:
165	58-63-201. Board Duties.
166	(1) There is created the Security Services Licensing Board consisting of:
167	(a) [three] two individuals who are officers or owners of \underline{a} licensed contract security
168	[companies] company;
169	(b) one individual who is an officer or owner of a licensed armored car company:
170	[(b)] (c) one individual from among nominees of the Utah Sheriff's Association;
171	[(c)] (d) one individual from among nominees of the Utah Chief's of Police
172	Association; and
173	[(d)] (e) one individual representing the general public.
174	(2) (a) The [board shall be appointed and serve] executive director shall appoint board
175	members in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
176	(b) A board member serves in accordance with Section 58-1-201.
177	(3) (a) The [duties and responsibilities of the] board shall [be] carry out its duties and
178	responsibilities in accordance with Sections 58-1-202 and 58-1-203. [In addition, the]
179	(b) The board shall designate one of its members on a permanent or rotating basis to:
180	[(a)] (i) assist the division in reviewing [complaints] a complaint concerning the
181	unlawful or unprofessional conduct of a [licensee] person licensed under this chapter; and
182	[(b)] (ii) advise the division in its investigation of [these complaints] the complaint.

183	(4) A board member who, under Subsection (3), has reviewed a complaint or advised
184	in its investigation is disqualified from participating with the board when the board serves as a
185	presiding officer in an adjudicative proceeding concerning the complaint.
186	Section 4. Section 58-63-301 is amended to read:
187	58-63-301. Licensure required License classifications.
188	(1) A license is required to engage in the practice of a contract security company, an
189	armored car company, an armored car security officer, armed private security officer, or
190	unarmed private security officer, except as [specifically] otherwise provided in Section
191	58-63-304, 58-63-310, or 58-1-307.
192	(2) The division shall issue to a person who qualifies under this chapter a license in the
193	following classifications:
194	(a) contract security company;
195	(b) armored car company;
196	(c) armored car security officer;
197	[(b)] (d) armed private security officer; or
198	[(c)] <u>(e)</u> unarmed private security officer.
199	Section 5. Section 58-63-302 is amended to read:
200	58-63-302. Qualifications for licensure.
201	(1) Each applicant for licensure as an armored car company or a contract security
202	company shall:
203	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
204	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
205	(c) have a qualifying agent who:
206	(i) (A) is a resident of the state and an officer, director, partner, proprietor, or manager
207	of the applicant [who:]; and
208	[(i)] (B) passes an examination component established by rule by the division in
209	collaboration with the board; and
210	(ii) (A) demonstrates 6,000 hours of experience as a manager, supervisor, or
211	administrator of an armored car company or a contract security company; or
212	(B) demonstrates 6,000 hours of supervisory experience acceptable to the division in
213	collaboration with the board with a federal, United States military, state, county, or municipal

214 law enforcement agency;

- (d) if a corporation, provide:
- (i) the names, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers of all corporate officers, directors, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state; and
- (ii) the names, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers, of all shareholders owning 5% or more of the outstanding shares of the corporation, [except this may not be required] unless waived by the division if the stock is publicly listed and traded;
 - (e) if a limited liability company, provide:
- (i) the names, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers of all company officers, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state; and
- (ii) the names, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers of all individuals owning 5% or more of the equity of the company;
- (f) if a partnership, the names, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers of all general partners, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state;
- (g) if a proprietorship, the names, addresses, dates of birth, and Social Security numbers of the proprietor, and those responsible management personnel employed within the state or having direct responsibility for managing operations of the applicant within the state;
- (h) [be of] have good moral character in that officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel have not been convicted of:
 - (i) a felony[,];
 - (ii) a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude[;]; or [any other]
- (iii) a crime that when considered with the duties and responsibilities of a contract security company [is considered] or an armored car company by the division and the board [to indicate] indicates that the best interests of the public are not served by granting the applicant a license;
- (i) document that none of the applicant's officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), partners, proprietors, and responsible management personnel:

245	(i) have been declared by [any] a court of competent jurisdiction incompetent by reason
246	of mental defect or disease and not been restored; and
247	(ii) currently suffer from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or dependence;
248	(j) file and maintain with the division evidence of:
249	(i) comprehensive general liability insurance in <u>a</u> form and in amounts [to be]
250	established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board;
251	(ii) workers' compensation insurance that covers employees of the applicant in
252	accordance with applicable Utah law;
253	(iii) registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code; and
254	(iv) registration as required by applicable law with the:
255	(A) Unemployment Insurance Division in the Department of Workforce Services, for
256	purposes of Title 35A, Chapter 4, Employment Security Act;
257	(B) State Tax Commission; and
258	(C) Internal Revenue Service; and
259	(k) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or board.
260	(2) Each applicant for licensure as an armed private security officer shall:
261	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
262	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
263	(c) [be of] have good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of:
264	<u>(i)</u> a felony[,];
265	(ii) a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude[;]; or [any other]
266	(iii) a crime that when considered with the duties and responsibilities of an armed
267	private security officer [is considered] by the division and the board [to indicate] indicates that
268	the best interests of the public are not served by granting the applicant a license;
269	(d) not have been declared <u>incompetent</u> by [any] a court of competent jurisdiction
270	[incompetent] by reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
271	(e) not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
272	dependence;
273	(f) successfully complete basic education and training requirements established by rule
274	by the division in collaboration with the board;
275	(g) successfully complete firearms training requirements established by rule by the

276	division in collaboration with the board;
277	(h) pass the examination requirement established by rule by the division in
278	collaboration with the board; and
279	(i) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or the board.
280	(3) Each applicant for licensure as an unarmed private security officer shall:
281	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
282	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
283	(c) [be of] have good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of:
284	(<u>i</u>) a felony[,];
285	(ii) a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude[5]; or [any other]
286	(iii) a crime that when considered with the duties and responsibilities of an unarmed
287	private security officer [is considered] by the division and the board [to indicate] indicates that
288	the best interests of the public are not served by granting the applicant a license;
289	(d) not have been declared incompetent by [any] a court of competent jurisdiction
290	[incompetent] by reason of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
291	(e) not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
292	dependence;
293	(f) successfully complete basic education and training requirements established by rule
294	by the division in collaboration with the board;
295	(g) pass the examination requirement established by rule by the division in
296	collaboration with the board; and
297	(h) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or board.
298	(4) Each applicant for licensure as an armored car security officer shall:
299	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
300	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63-38-3.2;
301	(c) have good moral character in that the applicant has not been convicted of:
302	(i) a felony;
303	(ii) a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; or
304	(iii) a crime that when considered with the duties and responsibilities of an armored car
305	security officer by the division and the board indicates that the best interests of the public are
306	not served by granting the applicant a license;

307	(d) not have been declared incompetent by a court of competent jurisdiction by reason
308	of mental defect or disease and not been restored;
309	(e) not be currently suffering from habitual drunkenness or from drug addiction or
310	dependence;
311	(f) successfully complete basic education and training requirements established by rule
312	by the division in collaboration with the board;
313	(g) successfully complete firearms training requirements established by rule by the
314	division in collaboration with the board;
315	(h) pass the examination requirements established by rule by the division in
316	collaboration with the board; and
317	(i) meet with the division and board if requested by the division or the board.
318	[(4)] (5) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
319	Act, the division may make [rules] a rule establishing when the division shall request a Federal
320	Bureau of Investigation [records shall be checked] records' review for [applicants] an applicant
321	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6) To determine if an applicant meets the qualifications of Subsections (1)(h),
322	(2)(c), [and] (3)(c), and (4)(c), the division shall provide an appropriate number of copies of
323	fingerprint cards to the Department of Public Safety with the division's request to:
324	(a) conduct a search of records of the Department of Public Safety for criminal history
325	information relating to each applicant for licensure under this chapter and each applicant's
326	officers, directors, shareholders described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), partners, proprietors, and
327	responsible management personnel; and
328	(b) forward to the Federal Bureau of Investigation a fingerprint card of each applicant
329	requiring a check of records of the F.B.I. for criminal history information under this section.
330	[(6)] (7) The Department of Public Safety shall send [to] the division:
331	(a) a written record of criminal history, or certification of no criminal history record, as
332	contained in the records of the Department of Public Safety in a timely manner after receipt of
333	a fingerprint card from the division and a request for review of Department of Public Safety
334	records; and
335	(b) the results of the F.B.I. review concerning an applicant in a timely manner after
336	receipt of information from the F.B.I.
337	$[\frac{7}{2}]$ (8) (a) The division shall charge each applicant a fee, in accordance with Section

338	63-38-3.2, equal to the cost of performing the records reviews under this section.
339	(b) The division shall pay the Department of Public Safety the costs of all records
340	reviews, and the Department of Public Safety shall pay the F.B.I. the costs of records reviews
341	under this chapter.
342	[(8) Information obtained by the division]
343	(9) The division shall use or disseminate the information it obtains from the reviews of
344	criminal history records of the Department of Public Safety and the F.B.I. [shall be used or
345	disseminated by the division] only [for the purpose of determining] to determine if an applicant
346	for licensure under this chapter is qualified for licensure.
347	Section 6. Section 58-63-306 is amended to read:
348	58-63-306. Replacement of qualifying agent.
349	If the qualifying agent of an armored car company or a contract security company
350	ceases to perform the agent's duties on a regular basis, the licensee shall:
351	(1) notify the division within 15 days by registered or certified mail[7]; and [shall]
352	(2) replace the qualifying agent within $[30]$ $\underline{60}$ days after the time required for
353	notification to the division.
354	Section 7. Section 58-63-307 is amended to read:
355	58-63-307. Use of firearms.
356	(1) An individual licensed as an <u>armored car security officer or an</u> armed private
357	security officer may carry a firearm only while acting as an armored car security officer or an
358	armed private security officer in accordance with this chapter and rules made under this
359	chapter.
360	(2) An individual licensed as an <u>armored car security officer or an</u> armed private
361	security officer is exempt from the provisions of [Sections] Section 76-10-505 and [53-5-704]
362	Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Weapon Act, while acting as an armored car security
363	officer or an armed private security officer in accordance with this chapter and rules made
364	under this chapter.
365	Section 8. Section 58-63-308 is amended to read:
366	58-63-308. Evidence of licensure.
367	An individual licensed as an armed private security officer, armored car security officer,
368	or unarmed private security officer shall:

369	(1) carry a copy of the individual's license on the individual's person at all times while
370	acting as a licensee; and
371	(2) display the license upon the request of a peace officer, a representative of the
372	division, or a member of the public.
373	Section 9. Section 58-63-310 is amended to read:
374	58-63-310. Interim permits.
375	(1) [Upon receipt of a complete application for licensure in accordance with Section
376	58-63-302,] The division may issue an interim permit to an applicant for licensure as an armed
377	private security officer, armored car security officer, or unarmed private security officer [may
378	be issued an interim permit] upon receipt of a complete application for licensure in accordance
379	with Section 58-63-302.
380	(2) (a) Each interim permit [shall expire] expires 90 days after it is issued or on the
381	date on which the applicant is issued a license, whichever is earlier.
382	(b) The division may reissue an interim permit if the delay in approving a license is
383	beyond the control or influence of the interim permit holder.
384	(3) An interim permit holder may engage in the scope of practice defined for the
385	license classification that the interim permit holder is seeking.
386	Section 10. Section 58-63-501 is amended to read:
387	58-63-501. Unlawful conduct.
388	"Unlawful conduct" includes:
389	(1) a contract security company employing the services of an unlicensed armed private
390	security officer or unarmed private security officer, except as provided under Section
391	58-63-304 or 58-63-310;
392	(2) an armored car company employing the services of an unlicensed armored car
393	security officer, except as provided under Section 58-63-304 or 58-63-310;
394	[(2)] (3) filing with the division fingerprint cards for an applicant $[which]$ that are not
395	those of the applicant, or are in any other way false or fraudulent and intended to mislead the
396	division in its consideration of the qualifications of the applicant for licensure; [and]
397	[(3)] (4) practicing or engaging in, or attempting to practice or engage in, activity for
398	which a license is required under this chapter, unless the individual:
300	(a) holds the appropriate license under this chapter; or

400	(b) is exempted from licensure as provided under Section 58-63-304 or 58-63-310[:];
401	<u>and</u>
402	(5) knowingly employing another person to engage in or practice or attempt to engage
403	in or practice an occupation or profession licensed under this chapter, if the employee:
404	(a) is not licensed to do so under this chapter; or
405	(b) is not exempt from licensure.
406	Section 11. Section 58-63-502 is amended to read:
407	58-63-502. Unprofessional conduct.
408	"Unprofessional conduct" includes:
409	(1) failing as an armored car company or a contract security company to notify the
410	division of the cessation of performance of its qualifying agent or failing to replace its
411	qualifying agent, as required under Section 58-63-306;
412	(2) failing as an armed private security officer, armored car security officer, or unarmed
413	private security officer, to carry or display a copy of the licensee's license as required under
414	Section 58-63-308;
415	(3) employment by an armored car company or a contract security company of a
416	qualifying agent, armed private security officer, armored car security officer, or unarmed
417	private security officer knowing that the individual has engaged in conduct that is inconsistent
418	with the duties and responsibilities of a licensee under this chapter; and
419	(4) failing to comply with operating standards established by rule.
420	Section 12. Section 58-63-503 is amended to read:
421	58-63-503. Penalties.
422	(1) Unless Subsection (2) applies, an individual who commits an act of unlawful
423	conduct under Section 58-63-501 or who fails to comply with a citation issued under this
424	section after it becomes final is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
425	(2) The division may immediately suspend a license issued under this chapter of a
426	person who is given a citation for violating Subsection $58-63-501(1)$, (2) , (4) , or $[(3)]$ (5) .
427	(3) (a) If upon inspection or investigation, the division determines that a person has
428	violated Subsection 58-63-501(1), (2) , (4) , or $[(3)]$ or any rule made or order issued under
429	those subsections, and that disciplinary action is warranted, the director or the director's
430	designee within the division shall promptly issue a citation to the person and:

431	(i) attempt to negotiate a stipulated settlement; or
432	(ii) notify the person to appear for an adjudicative proceeding conducted under Title
433	63, Chapter 46b, Administrative Procedures Act.
434	(b) (i) The division may fine a person who [is in violation of] violates Subsection
435	58-63-501(1), (2) , (4) , or $[(3)]$ (5) , as evidenced by an uncontested citation, a stipulated
436	settlement, or a finding of a violation in an adjudicative proceeding held under Subsection
437	(3)(a)(ii), or order the person to cease and desist from the violation, or do both.
438	(ii) Except for a cease and desist order, the division may not impose the licensure
439	sanctions listed in Section 58-63-401 through the issuance of a citation under this section.
440	(c) The <u>written</u> citation shall:
441	(i) [be in writing and] describe the nature of the violation, including a reference to the
442	allegedly violated statute, rule, or order [alleged to have been violated];
443	(ii) state the recipient must notify the division in writing within 20 calendar days of
444	issuance of the citation if the recipient wants to contest the citation at the adjudicative
445	proceeding referred to in Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and
446	(iii) explain the consequences of failure to timely contest the citation or to make
447	payment of [any fines] a fine assessed under the citation with the time specified in the citation.
448	(d) (i) [A] The division may serve a citation issued under this section, or a copy of the
449	citation, [may be served] upon [any person upon whom a summons may be served] an
450	individual who is subject to service of a summons under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
451	(ii) (A) The division may serve the individual [may be served] personally or [service
452	may be made upon] serve the individual's agent[, and in either case the service can be made].
453	(B) The division may serve the summons by a division investigator, by a person
454	designated by the director, or by mail.
455	(e) (i) If within 20 days from the service of a citation the person to whom the citation
456	was issued fails to request a hearing to contest the citation, the citation becomes the final order
457	of the division and is not subject to further agency review.

(ii) The division may grant an extension of the 20-day period for cause.

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- (f) The division may refuse to issue or renew, suspend, revoke, or place on probation the license of a licensee who fails to comply with a citation after it becomes final.
 - (g) The division may not issue a citation for an alleged violation under this section

462 after the expiration of six months following the occurrence of the alleged violation. 463 (h) The director or the director's designee may assess fines under this section as 464 follows: 465 (i) for a first offense under Subsection (3)(a), a fine of up to \$1,000; 466 (ii) for a second offense under Subsection (3)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000; and 467 (iii) for [any] a subsequent offense under Subsection (3)(a), a fine of up to \$2,000 for 468 each day of continued violation. 469 (i) (i) For purposes of issuing a final order under this section and assessing a fine under 470 Subsection (3)(h), an offense is a second or subsequent offense if: 471 (A) the division previously issued a final order determining that a person committed a 472 first or second offense in violation of Subsection 58-63-501(1) or $[\frac{(3)}{(3)}]$ (4); or 473 (B) (I) the division initiated an action for a first or second offense; 474 (II) no final order has been issued by the division in an action initiated under 475 Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(I); 476 (III) the division determines during an investigation that occurred after the initiation of 477 the action under Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(I) that the person committed a second or subsequent 478 violation of Subsection 58-63-501(1) or $[\frac{(3)}{(3)}]$ (4); and 479 (IV) after determining that the person committed a second or subsequent offense under 480 Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(III), the division issues a final order on the action initiated under 481 Subsection (3)(i)(i)(B)(I). 482 (ii) In issuing a final order for a second or subsequent offense under Subsection 483 (3)(i)(i), the division shall comply with the requirements of this section. 484 (4) (a) [A] The division shall deposit a fine imposed by the director under Subsection 485 (3)(h) [shall be deposited] in the General Fund as a dedicated [credits to be used] credit for use 486 by the division for the purposes listed in Section 58-63-103. 487 (b) The director may collect a Subsection (3)(h) fine which is not paid by: 488 (i) referring the matter to the Office of State Debt Collection or a collection agency; or

- (ii) bringing an action in the district court of the county in which the person resides or in the county where the office of the director is located.

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(c) The director may seek legal assistance from the attorney general or the county or district attorney of the district in which the action is brought to collect the fine.

(d) The court shall award reasonable [attorney's] attorney fees and costs to the division for successful actions under Subsection (4)(b)(ii).

Legislative Review Note as of 11-8-07 9:22 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 98 - Licensing of Security Services

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

12/31/2007, 11:07:47 AM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst