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INCOME TAXATION - REAL ESTATE
INVESTMENT TRUSTS
2008 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
House Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes chapter relating to real
estate investment trusts.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
defines terms;
 addresses the income taxation of a real estate investment trust or income from a real
estate investment trust; and
 makes technical changes.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill has retrospective operation for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2008.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 54
59-7-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 100
59-7-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 100



	59-7-116.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 311
	59-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 54
	59-10-117 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Fourth Special Session, Chapter 2
В	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-7-101 is amended to read:
	59-7-101. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
a	nd 59-7-106.
	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
tł	arough stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
re	equirements:
	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
C	ommon parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
a	nd
	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
C	orporations in the group.
	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business
b	ut are not otherwise doing business in this state.
	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which
is	s limited and preferred as to dividends.
	(3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of
re	elated expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
	(4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the
a	pportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
	(5) "Business income" is as defined in Section 59-7-302.
	(6) (a) "Captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust if:
	(i) the shares or beneficial interests of the real estate investment trust are not regularly
<u>t1</u>	raded on an established securities market; and
	(ii) more than 50% of the voting power or value of the shares or beneficial interests of

59	the real estate investment trust are directly, indirectly, or constructively:
60	(A) owned by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust; or
61	(B) controlled by a controlling entity of the real estate investment trust.
62	(b) "Captive real estate investment trust" does not include:
63	(i) a real estate investment trust, except for a captive real estate investment trust;
64	(ii) a qualified real estate investment subsidiary described in Section 856(i), Internal
65	Revenue Code, except for a qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary of a captive real
66	estate investment trust; or
67	(iii) a foreign real estate investment trust.
68	(c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
69	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
70	(7) (a) "Controlling entity of a captive real estate investment trust" means an entity
71	<u>that:</u>
72	(i) is subject to Chapter 1, Subchapter C, Internal Revenue Code;
73	(ii) is not exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(a), Internal Revenue
74	Code; and
75	(iii) directly, indirectly, or constructively holds more than 50% of:
76	(A) the voting power of a captive real estate investment trust; or
77	(B) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of a captive real estate investment
78	<u>trust.</u>
79	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
80	commission may make rules defining "established securities market."
81	$\left[\frac{(7)}{8}\right]$ (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of
82	more than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of:
83	(i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
84	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%;
85	(ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue
86	Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; or
87	(iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations
88	described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii), and one of which is:
89	(A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in

90	Subsection (2)(a)(1); and
91	(B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
92	(b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563,
93	Internal Revenue Code.
94	[(6)] (9) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.
95	[(8)] (10) "Corporation" includes:
96	(a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue
97	Code; and
98	(b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes
99	under the Internal Revenue Code.
100	[(9)] (11) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of
101	property, made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated
102	after December 31, 1930.
103	[(10)] (12) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business
104	by a domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate
105	business in this state.
106	(b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(2), "doing business" includes:
107	(i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification;
108	(ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and
109	(iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the
110	performance of which takes place in this state.
111	[(11)] (13) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or
112	organized under the laws of this state.
113	[(12)] (14) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
114	organization that is:
115	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of:
116	(I) farmers; or
117	(II) fruit growers; or
118	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association,
119	corporation, or organization described in Subsection $[(12)]$ (14) (a)(i)(A); and
120	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:

121	(A) (1) market the products of members of the cooperative of the products of other
122	producers; and
123	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
124	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or
125	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
126	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or
127	other persons; and
128	(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection [(12)]
129	(14)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or
130	other persons.
131	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection [(12)] (14)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection [(12)]
132	(14), the commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
133	Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define:
134	(A) the terms:
135	(I) "member"; and
136	(II) "producer"; and
137	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
138	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(14)}]$ $\underline{(14)}(a)(i)(A)$.
139	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection $[\frac{(12)}{(14)}]$ (b) shall be consistent with the
140	filing requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
141	[(13)] [15] "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or
142	organized under the laws of this state.
143	[(14)] (16) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation that:
144	(i) is incorporated in the United States; and
145	(ii) 80% or more of whose business activity, as determined under Section 59-7-401, is
146	conducted outside the United States.
147	(b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the
148	Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code.
149	(17) (a) "Foreign real estate investment trust" means a business entity organized
150	outside the laws of the United States if:
151	(i) at least 75% of the business entity's total asset value at the close of the business

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152	entity's taxable year is represented by:
153	(A) real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B), Internal Revenue Code;
154	(B) cash or cash equivalents; or
155	(C) one or more securities issued or guaranteed by the United States;
156	(ii) the business entity is:
157	(A) not subject to federal income taxation on amounts distributed to the business
158	entity's beneficial owners; or
159	(B) exempt from federal income taxation on an entity level;
160	(iii) the business entity distributes at least 85% of the business entity's taxable income,
161	as computed in the jurisdiction in which the business entity is organized, to the holders of the
162	business entity's:
163	(A) shares or beneficial interests; and
164	(B) on an annual basis;
165	(iv) (A) not more than 10% of the following is held directly, indirectly, or
166	constructively by a single person:
167	(I) the voting power of the business entity; or
168	(II) the value of the shares or beneficial interests of the business entity; or
169	(B) the shares of the business entity are regularly traded on an established securities
170	market; and
171	(v) the business entity is organized in a country that has a tax treaty with the United
172	States.
173	(b) "Foreign real estate investment trust" includes a listed Australian property trust.
174	(c) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
175	commission may make rules defining:
176	(i) "cash or cash equivalents";
177	(ii) "established securities market"; or
178	(iii) "listed Australian property trust."
179	[(15)] (18) "Income" includes losses.
180	[(16)] (19) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as
181	effective during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined.
182	$\left[\frac{(17)}{(20)}\right]$ "Nonbusiness income" is as defined in Section 59-7-302.

183	[(18)] (21) "Nonresident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who
184	on the last day of the taxable year of the S corporation, is:
185	(a) an individual not domiciled in Utah; or
186	(b) a nonresident trust or nonresident estate, as defined in Section 59-10-103.
187	(22) "Real estate investment trust" is as defined in Section 856, Internal Revenue Code.
188	[(19)] <u>(23)</u> "Related expenses" means:
189	(a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and
190	(b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness
191	and business income which bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or
192	other expense, determined without regard to this Subsection [(19)] (23), as the average amount
193	of the asset producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the
194	taxpayer within the taxable year.
195	[(20)] (24) "Resident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who is
196	not a nonresident shareholder.
197	[(22)] (25) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under
198	Section 168, Internal Revenue Code.
199	[(21)] (26) "S corporation" means an S corporation as defined in Section 1361, Internal
200	Revenue Code.
201	[(23)] (27) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of
202	Columbia [and "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia].
203	$[\frac{(24)}{28}]$ (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during
204	such calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.
205	(b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or
206	under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such
207	return is made.
208	[(25)] (29) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this
209	chapter.
210	[(26)] (30) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United
211	States equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined
212	under Section 59-7-401.

[(27)] (31) "Unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a

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214	separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue
215	Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions for dividends received.
216	[(28)] (32) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
217	(i) are related through common ownership; and
218	(ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent
219	jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as
220	demonstrated by the following factors:
221	(A) centralized management;
222	(B) functional integration; and
223	(C) economies of scale.
224	(b) "Unitary group" includes a captive real estate investment trust.
225	[(b)] (c) "Unitary group" does not include an S [corporations] corporation.
226	(33) "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia.
227	[(29)] (34) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net
228	loss deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
229	[(30)] (35) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other
230	taxable years that may be carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year in
231	accordance with Section 59-7-110.
232	[(31)] (36) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss
233	deduction less Utah net loss deduction.
234	(b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located
235	or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign
236	commerce.
237	[(32)] (37) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income
238	plus nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.
239	[(33)] (38) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income
240	and activities of:
241	(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
242	(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
243	corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
244	936. Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection [(33)] (38)(b); and

245	(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
246	threshold level of business activity; and
247	(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
248	59-7-402(2).
249	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
250	Rico and Possession Tax Credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
251	unitary group.
252	[(34)] (39) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and
253	activities of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the
254	corporations are incorporated or conduct business activity.
255	Section 2. Section 59-7-105 is amended to read:
256	59-7-105. Additions to unadjusted income.
257	In computing adjusted income the following amounts shall be added to unadjusted
258	income:
259	(1) interest from bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness issued by any state
260	of the United States, including any agency and instrumentality of a state of the United States;
261	(2) the amount of any deduction taken on a corporation's federal return for taxes paid
262	by a corporation:
263	(a) to Utah for taxes imposed by this chapter; and
264	(b) to another state of the United States, a foreign country, a United States possession,
265	or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for taxes imposed for the privilege of doing business, or
266	exercising its corporate franchise, including income, franchise, corporate stock and business
267	and occupation taxes;
268	(3) the safe harbor lease adjustment required under Subsections 59-7-111(1)(a) and
269	(2)(a);
270	(4) capital losses that have been deducted on a Utah corporate return in previous years:
271	(5) any deduction on the federal return that has been previously deducted on the Utah
272	return;
273	(6) the amount of contributions claimed as a tax credit pursuant to Section 59-7-602;
274	(7) the amount of the deduction taken pursuant to Section 59-7-603 for sophisticated
275	technological equipment;

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276	(8) charitable contributions, to the extent deducted on the federal return when
277	determining federal taxable income;
278	(9) the amount of gain or loss determined under Section 59-7-114 relating to a target
279	corporation under Section 338, Internal Revenue Code, unless such gain or loss has already
280	been included in the unadjusted income of the target corporation;
281	(10) the amount of gain or loss determined under Section 59-7-115 relating to
282	corporations treated for federal purposes as having disposed of its assets under Section 336(e),
283	Internal Revenue Code, unless such gain or loss has already been included in the unadjusted
284	income of the target corporation;
285	(11) adjustments to gains, losses, depreciation expense, amortization expense, and
286	similar items due to a difference between basis for federal purposes and basis as computed
287	under Section 59-7-107; [and]
288	(12) the amount withdrawn under Title 53B, Chapter 8a, Higher Education Savings
289	Incentive Program, from the account of a corporation that is an account owner as defined in
290	Section 53B-8a-102, for the taxable year for which the amount is withdrawn, if that amount
291	withdrawn from the account of the corporation that is the account owner:
292	(a) is not expended for higher education costs as defined in Section 53B-8a-102; and
293	(b) is subtracted by the corporation:
294	(i) that is the account owner; and
295	(ii) in accordance with Subsection 59-7-106(18)[-]; and
296	(13) the amount of the deduction for dividends paid, as defined in Section 561, Internal
297	Revenue Code, that is allowed under Section 857(b)(2)(B), Internal Revenue Code, in
298	computing the taxable income of a captive real estate investment trust, if that captive real estate
299	investment trust is subject to federal income taxation.
300	Section 3. Section 59-7-106 is amended to read:
301	59-7-106. Subtractions from unadjusted income.
302	In computing adjusted income the following amounts shall be subtracted from
303	unadjusted income:
304	(1) the foreign dividend gross-up included in gross income for federal income tax
305	purposes under Section 78, Internal Revenue Code;
306	(2) the net capital loss, as defined for federal purposes, if the taxpayer elects to deduct

307	the loss on the current Utah return. The deduction shall be made by claiming the deduction on
308	the current Utah return which shall be filed by the due date of the return, including extensions.
309	For the purposes of this Subsection (2) all capital losses in a given year must be:
310	(a) deducted in the year incurred; or
311	(b) carried forward as provided in Sections 1212(a)(1)(B) and (C), Internal Revenue
312	Code;
313	(3) the decrease in salary expense deduction for federal income tax purposes due to
314	claiming the federal jobs credit under Section 51, Internal Revenue Code;
315	(4) the decrease in qualified research and basic research expense deduction for federal
316	income tax purposes due to claiming the federal research and development credit under Section
317	41, Internal Revenue Code;
318	(5) the decrease in qualified clinical testing expense deduction for federal income tax
319	purposes due to claiming the federal orphan drug credit under Section 28, Internal Revenue
320	Code;
321	(6) any decrease in any expense deduction for federal income tax purposes due to
322	claiming any other federal credit;
323	(7) the safe harbor lease adjustment required under Subsections 59-7-111(1)(b) and
324	(2)(b);
325	(8) any income on the federal corporate return that has been previously taxed by Utah;
326	(9) amounts included in federal taxable income that are due to refunds of taxes
327	imposed for the privilege of doing business, or exercising a corporate franchise, including
328	income, franchise, corporate stock and business and occupation taxes paid by the corporation to
329	Utah, another state of the United States, a foreign country, a United States possession, or the
330	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico to the extent that the taxes were added to unadjusted income
331	under Section 59-7-105;
332	(10) charitable contributions, to the extent allowed as a subtraction under Section
333	59-7-109;
334	(11) (a) 50% of the dividends deemed received or received from subsidiaries which are
335	members of the unitary group and are organized or incorporated outside of the United States
336	unless such subsidiaries are included in a combined report under Section 59-7-402 or 59-7-403.
337	In arriving at the amount of the dividend exclusion, the taxpayer shall first deduct from the

dividends deemed received or received, the expense directly attributable to those dividends. Interest expense attributable to excluded dividends shall be determined by multiplying interest expense by a fraction, the numerator of which is the taxpayer's average investment in such dividend paying subsidiaries, and the denominator of which is the taxpayer's average total investment in assets;

- (b) in determining income apportionable to this state, a portion of the factors of a foreign subsidiary whose dividends are partially excluded under Subsection (11)(a) shall be included in the combined report factors. The portion to be included shall be determined by multiplying each factor of the foreign subsidiary by a fraction, but not to exceed 100%, the numerator of which is the amount of the dividend paid by the foreign subsidiary which is included in adjusted income, and the denominator of which is the current year earnings and profits of the foreign subsidiary as determined under the Internal Revenue Code;
- (12) (a) 50% of the adjusted income of a foreign operating company unless the taxpayer has elected to file a worldwide combined report as provided in Section 59-7-403. For purposes of this Subsection (12), when calculating the adjusted income of a foreign operating company, a foreign operating company may not deduct the subtractions allowable under this Subsection (12) and Subsection (11);
- (b) in determining income apportionable to this state, the factors for a foreign operating company shall be included in the combined report factors in the same percentage its adjusted income is included in the combined adjusted income;
- (13) the amount of gain or loss which is included in unadjusted income but not recognized for federal purposes on stock sold or exchanged by a member of a selling consolidated group as defined in Section 338, Internal Revenue Code, if an election has been made pursuant to Section 338(h)(10), Internal Revenue Code;
- (14) the amount of gain or loss which is included in unadjusted income but not recognized for federal purposes on stock sold, exchanged, or distributed by a corporation pursuant to Section 336(e), Internal Revenue Code, if an election under Section 336(e), Internal Revenue Code, has been made for federal purposes;
- (15) (a) adjustments to gains, losses, depreciation expense, amortization expense, and similar items due to a difference between basis for federal purposes and basis as computed under Section 59-7-107; and

(b) if there has been a reduction in federal basis for a federal tax credit where there is
no corresponding Utah tax credit, the amount of the reduction in basis shall be allowed as an
expense in the year of the federal credit;
(16) any interest expense not deducted on the federal corporate return under Section
265(b) or 291(e), Internal Revenue Code;
(17) 100% of the dividends received from subsidiaries which are insurance companies
exempt from this chapter under Subsection 59-7-102(1)(c) and are under "common ownership"
as defined by Subsection 59-7-101[(7)](8); [and]
(18) subject to Subsection 59-7-105(12), the amount of a qualified investment as
defined in Section 53B-8a-102 that:
(a) a corporation that is an account owner as defined in Section 53B-8a-102 makes
during the taxable year;
(b) the corporation described in Subsection (18)(a) does not deduct on a federal
corporation income tax return; and
(c) does not exceed the maximum amount of the qualified investment that may be
subtracted from unadjusted income for a taxable year in accordance with Subsections
53B-8a-106(1)(d) and (f)[-]; and
(19) for purposes of income included in a combined report under Part 4, Combined
Reporting, the entire amount of the dividends a member of a unitary group receives or is
considered to receive from a captive real estate investment trust.
Section 4. Section 59-7-116.5 is amended to read:
59-7-116.5. Real estate investment trusts.
(1) A real estate investment trust[, as defined in Section 856, Internal Revenue Code,]
that is not a captive real estate investment trust shall be taxed on the same income taxed for
federal purposes under the Internal Revenue Code.
(2) Any income taxable under this section shall be taxed at the same rate and in the
same manner provided for in this chapter.
Section 5. Section 59-7-402 is amended to read:
59-7-402. Water's edge combined report.
(1) Except as provided in Section 59-7-403, if any corporation listed in Subsection
59-7-101[(33)](38)(a) is doing business in Utah, the unitary group shall file a water's edge

400 combined report. 401 (2) (a) A group of corporations that are not otherwise a unitary group may elect to file a 402 water's edge combined report if each member of the group is: 403 (i) doing business in Utah; 404 (ii) part of the same affiliated group; and 405 (iii) qualified, under Section 1501, Internal Revenue Code, to file a federal 406 consolidated return. 407 (b) Each corporation within the affiliated group that is doing business in Utah must 408 consent to filing a combined report. If an affiliated group elects to file a combined report, each 409 corporation within the affiliated group that is doing business in Utah must file a combined 410 report. 411 (c) Corporations that elect to file a water's edge combined report under this section may 412 not thereafter elect to file a separate return without the consent of the commission. 413 Section 6. Section **59-10-117** is amended to read: 414 59-10-117. Adjusted gross income derived from Utah sources. (1) For purposes of Section 59-10-116, adjusted gross income derived from Utah 415 416 sources includes those items includable in adjusted gross income attributable to or resulting 417 from: 418 (a) the ownership in this state of any interest in real or tangible personal property, 419 including real property or property rights from which "gross income from mining," as defined 420 by Section 613(c), Internal Revenue Code, is derived; or 421 (b) the carrying on of a business, trade, profession, or occupation in this state. 422 (2) For the purposes of Subsection (1): 423 (a) income from intangible personal property, including annuities, dividends, interest, 424 and gains from the disposition of intangible personal property shall constitute income derived 425 from Utah sources only to the extent that such income is from property employed in a trade. 426 business, profession, or occupation carried on in this state; 427 (b) deductions with respect to capital losses, net long-term capital gains, and net 428 operating losses shall be based solely on income, gain, loss, and deduction connected with Utah

sources, under rules prescribed by the commission in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a,

Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, but otherwise shall be determined in the same manner as

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431	the corres	ponding f	ederal	deductions

- (c) salaries, wages, commissions, and compensation for personal services rendered outside this state shall not be considered to be derived from Utah sources;
- (d) a nonresident shareholder's distributive share of ordinary income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined under Section 59-10-118;
- (e) a nonresident, other than a dealer holding property primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the dealer's trade or business, may not be considered to carry on a trade, business, profession, or occupation in this state solely by reason of the purchase or sale of property for the nonresident's own account;
- (f) if a trade, business, profession, or occupation is carried on partly within and partly without this state, items of income, gain, loss, and deductions derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of Section 59-10-118;
- (g) a nonresident partner's distributive share of partnership income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined under Section 59-10-303;
- (h) the share of a nonresident estate or trust and nonresident beneficiaries of any estate or trust in income, gain, loss, and deduction derived from or connected with Utah sources shall be determined under Section 59-10-207; and
- (i) any dividend, interest, or distributive share of income, gain, or loss from a real estate investment trust, as defined in Section [59-7-116.5] 59-7-101, distributed or allocated to a nonresident investor in the trust, including any shareholder, beneficiary, or owner of a beneficial interest in the trust, shall be income from intangible personal property under Subsection (2)(a), and shall constitute income derived from Utah sources only to the extent the nonresident investor is employing its beneficial interest in the trust in a trade, business, profession, or occupation carried on by the investor in this state.

Section 7. **Retrospective operation.**

458 <u>This bill has retrospective operation for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,</u>
459 2008.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-5-08 2:59 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 204 - Income Taxation - Real Estate Investment Trusts

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Depending on the number of entities affected by this bill, corporate income tax revenue to the Education Fund may increase between \$5 - \$10 million annually.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Certain businesses could experience increased tax liability. Individuals and locals are likely unaffected.

2/14/2008, 3:27:34 PM, Lead Analyst: Young, T.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst