ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE AMENDMEN IS
RELATED TO MINORS
2009 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Curtis Oda
Senate Sponsor: Gene Davis
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act provisions related to driving
privileges, and addresses penalties and liability related to violations involving a minor.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies penalties for violations related to proof of age;
 modifies penalties related to suspension of driving privileges of a minor;
► makes a minor, or in certain circumstances, a parent or guardian of a minor, liable to
a retail licensee for a portion of monetary penalties imposed on a retail licensee for a
violation related to a minor; and
 makes technical and conforming amendments.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
32A-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 70
32A-1-305, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 23



28	32A-12-209 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
29	32A-12-209.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
30	53-3-220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3, 226, and 296
31	78A-6-606, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
32	ENACTS:
33	32A-12-223 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	32A-14b-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	32A-14b-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	32A-14b-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	32A-14b-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	32A-14b-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 32A-1-301 is amended to read:
42	32A-1-301. Unlawful transfer or use of proof of age False information.
43	(1) (a) It is unlawful for a person to transfer that person's proof of age to [any other]
44	another person to aid that person:
45	(i) in procuring <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products] beverage or product;
46	(ii) to gain admittance to a place where [alcoholic beverages or products are] an
47	alcoholic beverage or product is sold or consumed; or
48	(iii) to obtain [any] employment that under this title may not be obtained by a minor.
49	(b) $[Any]$ \underline{A} person who permits that person's proof of age to be used by another for
50	[any] a purpose stated in Subsection (1)(a) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
51	(2) (a) It is unlawful for a person to use a proof of age containing false information
52	with the intent to:
53	(i) procure <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products] <u>beverage or product;</u>
54	(ii) gain admittance to a place where <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products are] <u>beverage</u>
55	or product is sold or consumed; or
56	(iii) obtain [any] employment that under this title may not be obtained by a minor.
57	(b) [A] Except as provided in Section 32A-12-223, a person who violates this
58	Subsection (2) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

59	Section 2. Section 32A-1-305 is amended to read:
60	32A-1-305. Penalty.
61	Unless otherwise provided in this title, [any] including Section 32A-12-223, a person
62	who violates this part is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
63	Section 3. Section 32A-12-209 is amended to read:
64	32A-12-209. Unlawful purchase, possession, consumption by minors
65	Measurable amounts in body.
66	(1) Unless specifically authorized by this title, it is unlawful for $[any]$ \underline{a} minor to:
67	(a) purchase [any] an alcoholic beverage or product;
68	(b) attempt to purchase [any] an alcoholic beverage or product;
69	(c) solicit another person to purchase [any] an alcoholic beverage or product;
70	(d) possess [any] an alcoholic beverage or product;
71	(e) consume [any] an alcoholic beverage or product; or
72	(f) have measurable blood, breath, or urine alcohol concentration in the minor's body.
73	(2) It is unlawful for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise obtaining an alcoholic
74	beverage or product for a minor for:
75	(a) $[any]$ \underline{a} minor to misrepresent the minor's age; or
76	(b) any other person to misrepresent the age of a minor.
77	(3) It is unlawful for a minor to possess or consume [any] an alcoholic beverage while
78	riding in a limousine or chartered bus.
79	(4) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found
80	by a court to have violated this section, except as provided in Section 32A-12-223:
81	(a) if the violation is the minor's first violation of this section, the court may suspend
82	the minor's driving privileges; or
83	(b) if the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section, the
84	court shall suspend the minor's driving privileges.
85	(5) When a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found
86	by the court to have violated this section, [the provisions regarding suspension of the driver's
87	license under] Section 78A-6-606 [apply] applies to the violation.
88	(6) When [the] \underline{a} court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a
89	violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under

90 Section 53-3-219.

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- 91 (7) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a 92 person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to this 93 section, the [department] Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an 94 additional like period of time.
 - (8) This section does not apply to a minor's consumption of an alcoholic beverage or product in accordance with this title:
 - (a) for medicinal purposes if the alcoholic beverage or product is furnished by:
 - (i) the parent or guardian of the minor; or
 - (ii) the minor's physician or dentist; or
 - (b) as part of a church's or religious organization's religious services.
- Section 4. Section **32A-12-209.5** is amended to read:
- 32A-12-209.5. Unlawful admittance or attempt to gain admittance by minor.
- 103 (1) It is unlawful for a minor to gain admittance or attempt to gain admittance to the 104 premises of:
 - (a) a tavern; or
 - (b) a class D private club, except to the extent authorized by Subsection 32A-5-107(8).
- 107 (2) A minor who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
 - (3) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found by a court to have violated this section, except as provided in Section 32A-12-223:
 - (a) if the violation is the minor's first violation of this section, the court may suspend the minor's driving privileges; or
 - (b) if the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section, the court shall suspend the minor's driving privileges.
 - (4) When a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found by a court to have violated this section, [the provisions regarding suspension of the driver's license under] Section 78A-6-606 [apply] applies to the violation.
 - (5) When [the] <u>a</u> court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under Section 53-3-219.
- 120 (6) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a

121	person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to this					
122	section, the [department] Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an					
123	additional like period of time.					
124	Section 5. Section 32A-12-223 is enacted to read:					
125	32A-12-223. Minor's unlawful use of proof of age.					
126	(1) As used in this section, "proof of age violation" means a violation by a minor of:					
127	(a) Chapter 1, Part 3, Proof of Age; or					
128	(b) if as part of the violation the minor uses a proof of age in violation of Chapter 1,					
129	Part 3, Proof of Age:					
130	(i) Section 32A-12-209; or					
131	(ii) Section 32A-12-209.5.					
132	(2) If a court finds a minor engaged in a proof of age violation, notwithstanding the					
133	penalties provided for in the provisions listed in Subsection (1):					
134	(a) (i) for a first violation, the minor is guilty of a class B misdemeanor;					
135	(ii) for a second violation, the minor is guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and					
136	(iii) for a third or subsequent violation, the minor is guilty of a class A misdemeanor,					
137	except that the court may impose:					
138	(A) a fine of up to \$5,000;					
139	(B) screening, assessment, or substance abuse treatment, as defined in Section					
140	<u>41-6a-501;</u>					
141	(C) an educational series, as defined in Section 41-6a-501;					
142	(D) alcoholic beverage related community service or compensatory-service work					
143	program hours;					
144	(E) fees for restitution and treatment costs;					
145	(F) defensive driver education courses; or					
146	(G) a combination of these penalties; and					
147	(b) (i) for a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old:					
148	(A) the court shall forward to the Driver License Division a record of an adjudication					
149	under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for a violation under this section; and					
150	(B) the provisions regarding suspension of a driver's license under Section 78A-6-606					
151	apply; and					

152	(11) for a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old:				
153	(A) the court shall forward to the Driver License Division a record of conviction for a				
154	violation under this section; and				
155	(B) the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under Section				
156	<u>53-3-220.</u>				
157	(3) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of an				
158	individual for a driving offense committed while the individual's license is suspended pursuant				
159	to this section, the Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an additional				
160	like period of time.				
161	(4) A court may not fail to enter a judgment of conviction under this section under a				
162	plea in abeyance agreement.				
163	Section 6. Section 32A-14b-101 is enacted to read:				
164	CHAPTER 14b. MINOR LIABILITY ACT				
165	Part 1. General Provisions				
166	<u>32A-14b-101.</u> Title.				
167	This chapter is known as the "Minor Liability Act."				
168	Section 7. Section 32A-14b-102 is enacted to read:				
169	<u>32A-14b-102.</u> Definitions.				
170	As used in this chapter:				
171	(1) "Applicable fine" means the sum of the following imposed or assessed under this				
172	title by the commission for a violation related to a minor:				
173	(a) a fine; and				
174	(b) administrative costs of a disciplinary proceeding.				
175	(2) "Retail licensee" means a person licensed under this Ĥ→ [chapter] title ←Ĥ to sell				
175a	an alcoholic				
176	beverage at retail.				
177	(3) "Violation related to a minor" means a violation under this title:				
178	(a) that is, in whole or in part, based on a retail licensee, or an employee or agent of				
179	the retail licensee:				
180	(i) selling, serving, or otherwise furnishing an alcoholic product to a minor;				
181	(ii) purchasing or otherwise obtaining an alcoholic product for a minor;				
182	(iii) permitting a minor to consume an alcoholic product;				

183	(iv) permitting a minor to gain admittance to an area into which a minor is not
184	permitted under this title; or
185	(v) offering or providing employment to a minor that under this title may not be
186	obtained by a minor; and
187	(b) if as part of the violation the minor uses proof of age in violation of Chapter 1, Part
188	3, Proof of Age.
189	Section 8. Section 32A-14b-201 is enacted to read:
190	Part 2. Liability to Retail Licensee
191	32A-14b-201. Liability related to fine.
192	(1) A minor is liable to a retail licensee in an amount described in Subsection (2) if:
193	(a) the commission imposes an applicable fine against the retail licensee $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{on the basis}$
193a	of a violation related to a minor ←Ĥ ; Ĥ→ and ←Ĥ
194	(b) the minor $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{is involved}}]$, as part of the minor's involvement $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ in the violation
194a	Ĥ→ [related to a minor that is the basis for the
195	applicable fine; and
196	(c) as part of the facts that are the basis for the applicable fine, the minor attempts to:
197	(i) use] described in Subsection (1)(a), uses ←Ĥ proof of age in violation of Chapter 1,
197a	Part 3, Proof of Age $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [; \mathbf{or}]$
198	(ii) otherwise engage in an act that is a violation of this title for a minor to engage in $\leftarrow \hat{H}$.
199	(2) If the conditions of Subsection (1) are met, a minor is liable to a retail licensee for
200	an amount equal to the sum of:
201	(a) one-half of the amount of the applicable fine imposed against the retail licensee;
202	<u>and</u>
203	(b) the costs and attorney fees incurred by the retail licensee under Section
204	32A-14b-202 to collect the amount owed under this section.
205	Section 9. Section 32A-14b-202 is enacted to read:
206	32A-14b-202. Bringing an action.
207	(1) Ŝ→ [A] Subject to the other provisions of this section, a ←Ŝ retail licensee to whom a
207a	minor is liable under Section 32A-14b-201 may bring
208	an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to collect the amount described in Section
209	<u>32A-14b-201.</u>
210	(2) The action allowed under this section may be brought against:
211	(a) the minor; or
212	(b) if the minor is less than 18 years of age, a parent or guardian of the minor.
213	(3) An action under this chapter may not be commenced more than two years after the

214	day on which the applicable fine is imposed by the commission.				
215	(4) Nothing in this chapter precludes a cause of action or additional recovery against a				
216	minor under law other than this chapter.				
216a	Ŝ → (5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this part:				
216b	(a) the state or an agency of the state is not liable under this part when a state agency has legal or				
216c	protective custody of, or has guardianship of a minor at the time:				
216d	(i) the minor engages in conduct with regard to a violation related to a minor; or				
216e	(ii) an applicable fine is imposed on the retail licensee by the commission; and				
<u>216f</u>	(b) a retail liquor licensee may not bring an action against the state or an agency of the state under the				
<u>216f</u>	<u>circumstances described in Subsection (5)(a).</u> ←Ŝ				
217	Section 10. Section 32A-14b-203 is enacted to read:				
218	32A-14b-203. Action for contribution.				
219	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (2) and (3), a minor liable under Section 32A-14b-201				
220	against whom an award is made under this chapter, may bring a separate cause of action for				
221	contribution against a person causing the liability under Section 32A-14b-201.				
222	(b) The maximum amount for which a person described in Subsection (1)(a) may be				
223	liable to a minor seeking contribution is that percentage or proportion of the amount described				
224	in Section 32A-14b-201 equivalent to the percentage or proportion of fault attributed to that				
225	person causing the liability under Section 32A-14b-201.				
226	(2) An action for contribution under this section may not be brought against:				
227	(a) the retail licensee to whom the minor is liable; or				
228	(b) an employee or agent of the retail licensee.				
229	(3) An action for contribution under this section may not diminish the amount collected				
230	by a retail licensee under this chapter.				
231	Section 11. Section 53-3-220 is amended to read:				
232	53-3-220. Offenses requiring mandatory revocation, denial, suspension, or				
233	disqualification of license Offense requiring an extension of period Hearing				
234	Limited driving privileges.				
235	(1) (a) The division shall immediately revoke or, when this chapter or Title 41, Chapter				
236	6a, Traffic Code, specifically provides for denial, suspension, or disqualification, the division				
237	shall deny, suspend, or disqualify the license of a person upon receiving a record of the person's				
238	conviction for:				
239	(i) manslaughter or negligent homicide resulting from driving a motor vehicle, or				
240	automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207;				
241	(ii) driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the				
242	influence of alcohol, any drug, or combination of them to a degree that renders the person				
243	incapable of safely driving a motor vehicle as prohibited in Section 41-6a-502 or as prohibited				
244	in an ordinance that complies with the requirements of Subsection 41-6a-510(1):				

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- (iii) driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having a blood or breath alcohol content prohibited in Section 41-6a-502 or as prohibited in an ordinance that complies with the requirements of Subsection 41-6a-510(1);
- (iv) perjury or the making of a false affidavit to the division under this chapter, Title 41, Motor Vehicles, or any other law of this state requiring the registration of motor vehicles or regulating driving on highways;
 - (v) any felony under the motor vehicle laws of this state;
 - (vi) any other felony in which a motor vehicle is used to facilitate the offense;
- (vii) failure to stop and render aid as required under the laws of this state if a motor vehicle accident results in the death or personal injury of another;
- (viii) two charges of reckless driving, impaired driving, or any combination of reckless driving and impaired driving committed within a period of 12 months; but if upon a first conviction of reckless driving or impaired driving the judge or justice recommends suspension of the convicted person's license, the division may after a hearing suspend the license for a period of three months;
- (ix) failure to bring a motor vehicle to a stop at the command of a peace officer as required in Section 41-6a-210;
- (x) any offense specified in Part 4, Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, that requires disqualification;
- (xi) a felony violation of Section 76-10-508 or 76-10-508.1 involving discharging or allowing the discharge of a firearm from a vehicle;
- (xii) using, allowing the use of, or causing to be used any explosive, chemical, or incendiary device from a vehicle in violation of Subsection 76-10-306(4)(b);
- (xiii) operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having any measurable controlled substance or metabolite of a controlled substance in the person's body in violation of Section 41-6a-517;
- (xiv) until July 30, 2015, operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having any alcohol in the person's body in violation of Section 53-3-232;
- 273 (xv) operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having any 274 measurable or detectable amount of alcohol in the person's body in violation of Section 275 41-6a-530;

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276	(xvi) engaging in a motor vehicle speed contest or exhibition of speed on a highway in						
277	violation of Section 41-6a-606; or						
278	(xvii) operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state						
279	without an ignition interlock system in violation of Section 41-6a-518.2.						
280	(b) The division shall immediately revoke the license of a person upon receiving a						
281	record of an adjudication under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for:						
282	(i) a felony violation of Section 76-10-508 or 76-10-508.1 involving discharging or						
283	allowing the discharge of a firearm from a vehicle; or						
284	(ii) using, allowing the use of, or causing to be used any explosive, chemical, or						
285	incendiary device from a vehicle in violation of Subsection 76-10-306(4)(b).						
286	(c) Except when action is taken under Section 53-3-219 for the same offense, the						
287	division shall immediately suspend for six months the license of a person upon receiving a						
288	record of conviction for:						
289	(i) any violation of:						
290	(A) Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;						
291	(B) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;						
292	(C) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act;						
293	(D) Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act; or						
294	(E) Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act; or						
295	(ii) any criminal offense that prohibits:						
296	(A) possession, distribution, manufacture, cultivation, sale, or transfer of any substance						
297	that is prohibited under the acts described in Subsection (1)(c)(i); or						
298	(B) the attempt or conspiracy to possess, distribute, manufacture, cultivate, sell, or						
299	transfer any substance that is prohibited under the acts described in Subsection (1)(c)(i).						
300	(d) (i) The division shall immediately suspend for one year the license of a person upon						
301	receiving a record of:						
302	(A) conviction for a violation under Section 32A-12-223; or						
303	(B) an adjudication under Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile Court Act of 1996, for a						
304	violation under Section 32A-12-223.						
305	(ii) Upon receipt of a record under Subsection (1)(d)(i), the division shall:						
306	(A) impose a suspension for one year beginning on the date of conviction; or						

- (B) if the person is under the age of eligibility for a driver license, impose a suspension that begins on the date of conviction and continues for one year beginning on the date of eligibility for a driver license.
- (2) The division shall extend the period of the first denial, suspension, revocation, or disqualification for an additional like period, to a maximum of one year for each subsequent occurrence, upon receiving:
- (a) a record of the conviction of any person on a charge of driving a motor vehicle while the person's license is denied, suspended, revoked, or disqualified;
- (b) a record of a conviction of the person for any violation of the motor vehicle law in which the person was involved as a driver;
- (c) a report of an arrest of the person for any violation of the motor vehicle law in which the person was involved as a driver; or
 - (d) a report of an accident in which the person was involved as a driver.
- (3) When the division receives a report under Subsection (2)(c) or (d) that a person is driving while the person's license is denied, suspended, disqualified, or revoked, the person is entitled to a hearing regarding the extension of the time of denial, suspension, disqualification, or revocation originally imposed under Section 53-3-221.
- (4) (a) The division may extend to a person the limited privilege of driving a motor vehicle to and from the person's place of employment or within other specified limits on recommendation of the trial judge in any case where a person is convicted of any of the offenses referred to in Subsections (1) and (2) except:
 - (i) automobile homicide under Subsection (1)(a)(i);

with violating one or more of these sections or ordinances.

- (ii) those offenses referred to in Subsections (1)(a)(ii), (a)(iii), (a)(xii), (a)(xiii), (1)(b), and (1)(c); and
- (iii) those offenses referred to in Subsection (2) when the original denial, suspension, revocation, or disqualification was imposed because of a violation of Section 41-6a-502, 41-6a-517, a local ordinance which complies with the requirements of Subsection 41-6a-510(1), Section 41-6a-520, or Section 76-5-207, or a criminal prohibition that the person was charged with violating as a result of a plea bargain after having been originally charged
 - (b) This discretionary privilege is limited to when undue hardship would result from a

338	failure to grant the privilege and may be granted only once to any person during any single					
339	period of denial, suspension, revocation, or disqualification, or extension of that denial,					
340	suspension, revocation, or disqualification.					
341	(c) A limited CDL may not be granted to a person disqualified under Part 4, Uniform					
342	Commercial Driver License Act, or whose license has been revoked, suspended, cancelled, or					
343	denied under this chapter.					
344	Section 12. Section 78A-6-606 is amended to read:					
345	78A-6-606. Suspension of license for certain offenses.					
346	(1) This section applies to [minors who are] a minor who is at least 13 years of age					
347	when found by the court to be within its jurisdiction by the commission of [any] an offense					
348	under:					
349	[(a) Section 58-37-8;]					
350	[(b)] <u>(a)</u> Section 32A-12-209;					
351	[(c)] <u>(b)</u> Section 32A-12-209.5;					
352	(c) Section 32A-12-223;					
353	(d) Section 58-37-8;					
354	[(d)] (e) Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;					
355	[(e)] (f) Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act; or					
356	[(f)] <u>(g)</u> Subsection 76-9-701(1).					
357	(2) If the court hearing the case determines that the minor committed an offense under					
358	Section 58-37-8 or Title 58, Chapter 37a or 37b, the court shall prepare and send to the Driver					
359	License Division of the Department of Public Safety an order to suspend that minor's driving					
360	privileges.					
361	(3) [Hf] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), if the court hearing the case					
362	determines that the minor violated Section 32A-12-209[, Section] or 32A-12-209.5, or					
363	Subsection 76-9-701(1), and the violation is the minor's:					
364	[(a)] (i) first violation, the court may suspend the minor's driving privileges; or					
365	[(b)] (ii) second or subsequent violation, the court shall suspend the minor's driving					
366	privileges.					
367	(b) If a minor commits a proof of age violation, as defined in Section 32A-12-223:					
368	(i) the court shall forward a record of adjudication to the Department of Public Safety					

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369	for a first or subsequent violation; and
370	(ii) the minor's driving privileges will be suspended for a period of at least one year
371	under Section 53-3-220.
372	(4) A minor's license shall be suspended under Section 53-3-219 when a court issues
373	an order suspending the minor's driving privileges for a violation of:
374	(a) Section 32A-12-209;
375	(b) Section 32A-12-209.5;
376	(c) Section 58-37-8;
377	(d) Title 58, Chapter 37a or 37b; or
378	(e) Subsection 76-9-701(1).
379	(5) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a
380	person for a driving offense committed while [his] the person's license is suspended under this
381	section, the [department] Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for a like
382	period of time.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-26-09 6:00 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 129 - Alcoholic Beverage Amendments Related to Minors

Fiscal Note

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will require a one-time appropriation from the Transportation Restricted of \$3,000 in FY 2010, which could be handled within existing budget constraints. Additional revenue may be generated from reinstated licenses.

	2009 <u>Approp.</u>	2010 <u>Approp.</u>	2011 <u>Approp.</u>	2009	2010	2011
				D	Revenue	Revenue
Transportation Fund Restricted	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$0	N/1	\$0
Total	\$0	\$3,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
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Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for businesses, or local governments. Individuals may be impacted by the proposed change in statute.

2/4/2009, 4:36:20 PM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst