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# VICTIM RIGHTS AMENDMENTS

Representative R. Curt Webb proposes the following substitute bill:

2 2009 GENERAL SESSION 3 STATE OF UTAH 4 **Chief Sponsor: R. Curt Webb** Senate Sponsor: 5 6 7 LONG TITLE **General Description:** 8 9 This bill empowers the trial court judge hearing a criminal case to give the victim an 10 appropriate remedy for a violation of a victim's rights. **Highlighted Provisions:** 11 12 This bill: 13 • empowers the trial court judge hearing a criminal case to give the victim an 14 appropriate remedy for a violation of a victim's rights; and 15 expands the definition of "important juvenile justice hearings" or "important 16 criminal justice hearings" to include class A and B misdemeanors. 17 Monies Appropriated in this Bill: 18 None 19 **Other Special Clauses:** 20 This bill provides an immediate effective date. 21 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 22 AMENDS: 23 77-37-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 24 77-38-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 103

25 **77-38-11**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 79

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| 77-38-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 352  |
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| Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:   |
| Section 1. Section 77-37-5 is amended to read:   |
| 77-37-5. Remedies Victims' Rights Committee.   |
| (1) In each judicial district, the presiding district court judge shall appoint a person           |
| who shall establish and chair a victims' rights committee consisting of:                           |
| (a) a county attorney or district attorney;  |
| (b) a sheriff;   |
| (c) a corrections field services administrator;  |
| (d) an appointed victim advocate;  |
| (e) a municipal attorney;  |
| (f) a municipal chief of police; and   |
| (g) other representatives as appropriate.  |
| (2) The committee shall meet at least semiannually to review progress and problems                 |
| related to this chapter, Title 77, Chapter 38, Rights of Crime Victims Act, and Utah               |
| Constitution Article I, Section 28. Victims and other interested parties may submit matters of     |
| concern to the victims' rights committee. The committee may hold a hearing open to the public      |
| on any appropriate matter of concern and may publish its findings. These matters shall also be     |
| considered at the meetings of the victims' rights committee. The committee shall forward           |
| minutes of all meetings to the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice and the Office of       |
| Crime Victim Reparations for review and other appropriate action.                                  |
| (3) If a victims' rights committee is unable to resolve a complaint, it may refer the              |
| complaint to the Utah Council on Victims of Crime, established in Section 63M-7-601, for           |
| further consideration.   |
| (4) The Office of Crime Victim Reparations shall provide materials to local law                    |
| enforcement to inform every victim of a sexual offense of the right to request testing of the      |
| convicted sexual offender and of the victim as provided in Section 76-5-502.                       |
| (5) (a) If a person acting under color of state law willfully or wantonly fails to perform         |
| duties so that the rights in this chapter are not provided, an action for injunctive relief may be |
| brought against the individual and the government entity that employs the individual.              |

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| 57 | (b) For all other violations, if the committee finds a violation of a victim's right, it shall    |
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| 58 | refer the matter to the appropriate court for further proceedings consistent with Subsection      |
| 59 | <u>77-38-11(2).</u>   |
| 60 | (c) The failure to provide the rights in this chapter or Title 77, Chapter 38, Rights of          |
| 61 | Crime Victims Act, does not constitute cause for a judgment against the state or any              |
| 62 | government entity, or any individual employed by the state or any government entity, for          |
| 63 | monetary damages, [attorney's] attorney fees, or the costs of exercising any rights under this    |
| 64 | chapter.  |
| 65 | (6) The person accused of and subject to prosecution for the crime or the act which               |
| 66 | would be a crime if committed by a competent adult, has no standing to make a claim               |
| 67 | concerning any violation of the provisions of this chapter.                                       |
| 68 | Section 2. Section 77-38-2 is amended to read:  |
| 69 | 77-38-2. Definitions.   |
| 70 | For the purposes of this chapter and the Utah Constitution:                                       |
| 71 | (1) "Abuse" means treating the crime victim in a manner so as to injure, damage, or               |
| 72 | disparage.  |
| 73 | (2) "Dignity" means treating the crime victim with worthiness, honor, and esteem.                 |
| 74 | (3) "Fairness" means treating the crime victim reasonably, even-handedly, and                     |
| 75 | impartially.  |
| 76 | (4) "Harassment" means treating the crime victim in a persistently annoying manner.               |
| 77 | (5) "Important criminal justice hearings" or "important juvenile justice hearings" means          |
| 78 | the following proceedings in [felony] criminal cases involving a felony or class A or B           |
| 79 | misdemeanor, or cases involving a minor's conduct which would be a felony or class A or B         |
| 80 | misdemeanor if committed by an adult:   |
| 81 | (a) any preliminary hearing to determine probable cause;  |
| 82 | (b) any court arraignment where practical;  |
| 83 | (c) any court proceeding involving the disposition of charges against a defendant or              |
| 84 | minor or the delay of a previously scheduled trial date but not including any unanticipated       |
| 85 | proceeding to take an admission or a plea of guilty as charged to all charges previously filed or |
| 86 | any plea taken at an initial appearance;  |
| 87 | (d) any court proceeding to determine whether to release a defendant or minor and, if             |

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88 so, under what conditions release may occur, excluding any such release determination made at 89 an initial appearance; 90 (e) any criminal or delinquency trial, excluding any actions at the trial that a court 91 might take in camera, in chambers, or at a sidebar conference; 92 (f) any court proceeding to determine the disposition of a minor or sentence, fine, or 93 restitution of a defendant or to modify any disposition of a minor or sentence, fine, or 94 restitution of a defendant; and 95 (g) any public hearing concerning whether to grant a defendant or minor parole or other 96 form of discretionary release from confinement. 97 (6) "Reliable information" means information worthy of confidence, including any 98 information whose use at sentencing is permitted by the United States Constitution. 99 (7) "Representative of a victim" means a person who is designated by the victim or 100 designated by the court and who represents the victim in the best interests of the victim. (8) "Respect" means treating the crime victim with regard and value. 101 102 (9) (a) "Victim of a crime" means any natural person against whom the charged crime 103 or conduct is alleged to have been perpetrated or attempted by the defendant or minor 104 personally or as a party to the offense or conduct or, in the discretion of the court, against 105 whom a related crime or act is alleged to have been perpetrated or attempted, unless the natural 106 person is the accused or appears to be accountable or otherwise criminally responsible for or 107 criminally involved in the crime or conduct or a crime or act arising from the same conduct, 108 criminal episode, or plan as the crime is defined under the laws of this state. 109 (b) For purposes of the right to be present, "victim of a crime" does not mean any 110 person who is in custody as a pretrial detainee, as a prisoner following conviction for an 111 offense, or as a juvenile who has committed an act that would be an offense if committed by an 112 adult, or who is in custody for mental or psychological treatment.

(c) For purposes of the right to be present and heard at a public hearing as provided in
Subsection 77-38-2(5)(g) and the right to notice as provided in Subsection 77-38-3(7)(a),
"victim of a crime" includes any victim originally named in the allegation of criminal conduct

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- 116 who is not a victim of the offense to which the defendant entered a negotiated plea of guilty.
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Section 3. Section **77-38-11** is amended to read:

118 77-38-11. Enforcement -- Appellate Review -- No right to money damages.

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| 119 | (1) If a person acting under color of state law willfully or wantonly fails to perform               |
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| 120 | duties so that the rights in this chapter are not provided, an action for injunctive relief,         |
| 121 | including prospective injunctive relief, may be brought against the individual and the               |
| 122 | governmental entity that employs the individual.   |
| 123 | (2) [ <del>(a)</del> ] The victim of a crime or representative of a victim of a crime, including any |
| 124 | Victims' Rights Committee as defined in Section 77-37-5 may:   |
| 125 | [(i)] (a) bring an action for declaratory relief or for a writ of mandamus defining or               |
| 126 | enforcing the rights of victims and the obligations of government entities under this chapter;       |
| 127 | [and]  |
| 128 | [(ii)] (b) petition to file an amicus brief in any court in any case affecting crime                 |
| 129 | victims[-]; and  |
| 130 | (c) after giving notice to the prosecution and the defense, seek an appropriate remedy               |
| 131 | for a violation of a victim's right from the judge assigned to the case involving the issue as       |
| 132 | provided in Section 77-38-11.  |
| 133 | [(b) Adverse rulings on these actions or on a motion or request brought by a victim of a             |
| 134 | crime or a representative of a victim of a crime may be appealed under the rules governing           |
| 135 | appellate actions, provided that no appeal shall constitute grounds for delaying any criminal or     |
| 136 | juvenile proceeding.]  |
| 137 | [(c) An appellate court shall review all such properly presented issues, including issues            |
| 138 | that are capable of repetition but would otherwise evade review.]                                    |
| 139 | (3) (a) Upon a showing that the victim has not unduly delayed in seeking to protect the              |
| 140 | victim's right, and after hearing from the prosecution and the defense, the judge shall determine    |
| 141 | whether a right of the victim has been violated.   |
| 142 | (b) If the judge determines that a victim's right has been violated, the judge shall                 |
| 143 | proceed to determine the appropriate remedy for the violation of the victim's right by hearing       |
| 144 | from the victim and the parties, considering all factors relevant to the issue, and then awarding    |
| 145 | an appropriate remedy to the victim. The court shall reconsider any judicial decision or             |
| 146 | judgment affected by a violation of the victim's right and determine whether, upon affording         |
| 147 | the victim the right and further hearing from the prosecution and the defense, the decision or       |
| 148 | judgment would have been different. If the court's decision or judgment would have been              |
| 149 | different, the court shall enter the new different decision or judgment as the appropriate           |

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| 150  | remedy. If necessary to protect the victim's right, the new decision or judgment shall be  |
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| 151  | entered nunc pro tunc to the time the first decision or judgment was reached. In no event shall  |
| 152  | the appropriate remedy be a new trial, damages, attorneys' fees, or costs.   |
| 153  | (c) The appropriate remedy shall include only actions necessary to provide the victim  |
| 154  | the right to which the victim was entitled and may include reopening previously held   |
| 155  | proceedings. Subject to Subsection (3)(d), the court may reopen a sentence or a previously   |
| 156  | entered guilty or no contest plea only if doing so would not preclude continued prosecution or   |
| 157  | sentencing the defendant and would not otherwise permit the defendant to escape justice. Any   |
| 158  | remedy shall be tailored to provide the victim an appropriate remedy without violating any   |
| 159  | constitutional right of the defendant.   |
| 160  | (d) If the court sets aside a previously entered plea of guilty or no contest, and   |
| 161  | thereafter continued prosecution of the charge is held to be prevented by the defendant's having   |
| 162  | been previously put in jeopardy, the order setting aside the plea is void and the plea is  |
| 163  | reinstated as of the date of its original entry.   |
| 164  | (e) The court may not award as a remedy the dismissal of any criminal charge.  |
| 165  | (f) The court may not award any remedy if the proceeding that the victim is challenging  |
| 166  | occurred more than $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{one \ year}] \underline{six \ months} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ before the victim filed an action alleging the |
| 166a | violation of the right.  |
| 167  | [(3)] (4) The failure to provide the rights in this chapter or Title 77, Chapter 37,   |
| 168  | [Victims] Victims' Rights, shall not constitute cause for a judgment against the state or any  |
| 169  | government entity, or any individual employed by the state or any government entity, for   |
| 170  | monetary damages, [attorneys'] attorney fees, or the costs of exercising any rights under this   |
| 171  | chapter.   |
| 172  | Section 4. Section 77-38-12 is amended to read:  |
| 173  | 77-38-12. Construction of this chapter No right to set aside conviction,   |
| 174  | adjudication, admission, or plea Severability clause.  |
| 175  | (1) All of the provisions contained in this chapter shall be construed to assist the   |
| 176  | victims of crime.  |
| 177  | (2) This chapter may not be construed as creating a basis for $\hat{H} \rightarrow [f]$ dismissing []  |
| 177a | [ <del>a defendant</del>   |
| 178  | <b><u>to dismiss</u></b> ] $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ any criminal charge or delinquency petition, vacating any adjudication or conviction,                        |
| 179  | admission or plea of guilty or no contest, or for <u>a defendant to obtain</u> appellate, habeas corpus,   |
| 180  | [except in juvenile cases,] or other relief from a judgment in any criminal or delinquency case.   |
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| 181 | (3) This chapter may not be construed as creating any right of a victim to appointed               |
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| 182 | counsel at state expense.  |
| 183 | (4) All of the rights contained in this chapter shall be construed to conform to the               |
| 184 | Constitution of the United States.   |
| 185 | (5) (a) In the event that any portion of this chapter is found to violate the Constitution         |
| 186 | of the United States, the remaining provisions of this chapter shall continue to operate in full   |
| 187 | force and effect.  |
| 188 | (b) In the event that a particular application of any portion of this chapter is found to          |
| 189 | violate the Constitution of the United States, all other applications shall continue to operate in |
| 190 | full force and effect.   |
| 191 | (6) The enumeration of certain rights for crime victims in this chapter shall not be               |
| 192 | construed to deny or disparage other rights granted by the Utah Constitution or the Legislature    |
| 193 | or retained by victims of crimes.  |
| 194 | Ĥ➡ [ <del>Section 5. Effective date.</del>   |
| 195 | <u>If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect</u>  |
| 196 | <u>upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah</u>   |
| 197 | Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,   |
| 198 | <u>the date of veto override.</u> ] ←Ĥ   |