¢	Appro	oved for Filing: R.H. Rees	¢
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1	ENFORCEMENT OF CARBON MONOXIDE		
2	DETECTOR REQUIREMENTS		
3	2009 GENERAL SESSION		
4	STATE OF UTAH		
5	Chief Sponsor: Kevin S. Garn		
6	Senate Sponsor: Sheldon L. Killpack		
7 8	LONG TITLE		
9	General Description:		
10	This bill enacts provisions relating to the enforcement of carbon monoxide detector		
11	requirements.		
12	Highlighted Provisions:		
13	This bill:		
14	 prohibits counties and municipalities from enforcing ordinances, rules, or 		
15	regulations requiring the installation or maintenance of carbon monoxide detectors		
16	in residential dwellings against anyone other than the occupant of the dwelling \$→, subject to an		
16a	exception for new construction ←\$; and		
17	 clarifies that local health department authority does not include the authority to 		
18	enforce ordinances, rules, or regulations requiring the installation or maintenance of		
19	carbon monoxide detectors in residential dwellings against anyone other than the		
20	occupant of the dwelling.		
21	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:		
22	None		
23	Other Special Clauses:		
24	None		
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:		
26	AMENDS:		
27	26A-1-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 339		



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28	ENACTS:
29	10-8-53.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	17-50-327 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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32	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
33	Section 1. Section 10-8-53.5 is enacted to read:
34	10-8-53.5. Regulation of carbon monoxide detectors Enforcement against
35	occupant only.
36	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{A}]$ (1) Subject to Subsection (2), a $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ municipality may not enforce an ordinance,
66a	rule, or regulation requiring the
37	installation or maintenance of a carbon monoxide detector in a residential dwelling against
38	anyone other than the occupant of the dwelling.
88a	Ŝ→ (2) Subsection (1) may not be construed to affect:
88b	(a) a [developer's] building permit applicant's obligation to comply with a building code
38c	that requires the installation of a carbon monoxide detector as part of new construction; or
88d	(b) a municipality's ability to require a [developer] building permit applicant to comply
88e	with a building code that requires the installation of a carbon monoxide detector as part of
38f	new construction. ←Ŝ
39	Section 2. Section 17-50-327 is enacted to read:
40	17-50-327. Regulation of carbon monoxide detectors Enforcement against
41	occupant only.
42	\$→ [A] (1) Subject to Subsection (2), a ←\$ county may not enforce an ordinance, rule, or
12a	regulation requiring the installation or
43	maintenance of a carbon monoxide detector in a residential dwelling against anyone other than
44	the occupant of the dwelling.
14a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{(2)}$ Subsection (1) may not be construed to affect:
l4b	(a) a [developer's] building permit applicant's obligation to comply with a
14c	building code that requires the installation of a carbon monoxide detector as part of new
l4d	construction; or
14e	(b) a county's ability to require a [developer] building permit applicant to
44f	comply with a building code that
14g	requires the installation of a carbon monoxide detector as part of new construction. ←Ŝ
45	Section 3. Section 26A-1-114 is amended to read:
46	26A-1-114. Powers and duties of departments.
47	(1) A local health department may:
48	(a) subject to the provisions in Section 26A-1-108, enforce state laws, local ordinances,
49	department rules, and local health department standards and regulations relating to public

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50	health and sanitation, including the plumbing code adopted by the Division of Occupational
51	and Professional Licensing under Section 58-56-4 and under Title 26, Chapter 15a, Food
52	Safety Manager Certification Act, in all incorporated and unincorporated areas served by the
53	local health department;
54	(b) establish, maintain, and enforce isolation and guarantine, and exercise physical

(b) establish, maintain, and enforce isolation and quarantine, and exercise physical control over property and over individuals as the local health department finds necessary for the protection of the public health;

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(c) establish and maintain medical, environmental, occupational, and other laboratory services considered necessary or proper for the protection of the public health;

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(d) establish and operate reasonable health programs or measures not in conflict with state law which:

- (i) are necessary or desirable for the promotion or protection of the public health and the control of disease; or
- (ii) may be necessary to ameliorate the major risk factors associated with the major causes of injury, sickness, death, and disability in the state;
- (e) close theaters, schools, and other public places and prohibit gatherings of people when necessary to protect the public health;
- (f) abate nuisances or eliminate sources of filth and infectious and communicable diseases affecting the public health and bill the owner or other person in charge of the premises upon which this nuisance occurs for the cost of abatement;
- (g) make necessary sanitary and health investigations and inspections on its own initiative or in cooperation with the Department of Health or Environmental Quality, or both, as to any matters affecting the public health;
 - (h) pursuant to county ordinance or interlocal agreement:
- (i) establish and collect appropriate fees for the performance of services and operation of authorized or required programs and duties;
- (ii) accept, use, and administer all federal, state, or private donations or grants of funds, property, services, or materials for public health purposes; and
- (iii) make agreements not in conflict with state law which are conditional to receiving a donation or grant;
- (i) prepare, publish, and disseminate information necessary to inform and advise the public concerning:
- (i) the health and wellness of the population, specific hazards, and risk factors that may adversely affect the health and wellness of the population; and
- (ii) specific activities individuals and institutions can engage in to promote and protect the health and wellness of the population;
 - (j) investigate the causes of morbidity and mortality;
 - (k) issue notices and orders necessary to carry out this part;
- (l) conduct studies to identify injury problems, establish injury control systems, develop standards for the correction and prevention of future occurrences, and provide public

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information and instruction to special high risk groups;

(m) cooperate with boards created under Section 19-1-106 to enforce laws and rules within the jurisdiction of the boards;

- (n) cooperate with the state health department, the Department of Corrections, the Administrative Office of the Courts, the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, and the Crime Victim Reparations Board to conduct testing for HIV infection of convicted sexual offenders and any victims of a sexual offense;
 - (o) investigate suspected bioterrorism and disease pursuant to Section 26-23b-108; and
- (p) provide public health assistance in response to a national, state, or local emergency, a public health emergency as defined in Section 26-23b-102, or a declaration by the President of the United States or other federal official requesting public health-related activities.
 - (2) The local health department shall:
- (a) establish programs or measures to promote and protect the health and general wellness of the people within the boundaries of the local health department;
- (b) investigate infectious and other diseases of public health importance and implement measures to control the causes of epidemic and communicable diseases and other conditions significantly affecting the public health which may include involuntary testing of convicted sexual offenders for the HIV infection pursuant to Section 76-5-502 and voluntary testing of victims of sexual offenses for HIV infection pursuant to Section 76-5-503;
- (c) cooperate with the department in matters pertaining to the public health and in the administration of state health laws; and
- (d) coordinate implementation of environmental programs to maximize efficient use of resources by developing with the Department of Environmental Quality a Comprehensive Environmental Service Delivery Plan which:
- (i) recognizes that the Department of Environmental Quality and local health departments are the foundation for providing environmental health programs in the state;
- (ii) delineates the responsibilities of the department and each local health department for the efficient delivery of environmental programs using federal, state, and local authorities, responsibilities, and resources;
- (iii) provides for the delegation of authority and pass through of funding to local health departments for environmental programs, to the extent allowed by applicable law, identified in

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the plan, and requested by the local health department; and

(iv) is reviewed and updated annually.

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- (3) The local health department has the following duties regarding public and private schools within its boundaries:
- (a) enforce all ordinances, standards, and regulations pertaining to the public health of persons attending public and private schools;
- (b) exclude from school attendance any person, including teachers, who is suffering from any communicable or infectious disease, whether acute or chronic, if the person is likely to convey the disease to those in attendance; and
- (c) (i) make regular inspections of the health-related condition of all school buildings and premises;
- (ii) report the inspections on forms furnished by the department to those responsible for the condition and provide instructions for correction of any conditions that impair or endanger the health or life of those attending the schools; and
 - (iii) provide a copy of the report to the department at the time the report is made.
- (4) If those responsible for the health-related condition of the school buildings and premises do not carry out any instructions for corrections provided in a report in Subsection (3)(c), the local health board shall cause the conditions to be corrected at the expense of the persons responsible.
- (5) The local health department may exercise incidental authority as necessary to carry out the provisions and purposes of this part.
- (6) Nothing in this part may be construed to authorize a local health department to enforce an ordinance, rule, or regulation requiring the installation or maintenance of a carbon monoxide detector in a residential dwelling against anyone other than the occupant of the dwelling.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-16-09 12:41 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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H.B. 402 - Enforcement of Carbon Monoxide Detector Requirements

Fiscal Note

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals or businesses. Where applicable local governments would need to change their laws that are in conflict with this legislation.

2/19/2009, 11:28:59 AM, Lead Analyst: Frandsen, R.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst