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CRIMINAL PENALTIES AMENDMENTS -
LEAVING THE SCENE OF AN ACCIDENT
2009 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Christopher N. Herrod
Senate Sponsor: Daniel R. Liljenquist
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Motor Vehicles Code by amending provisions relating to leaving
the scene of a motor vehicle traffic accident.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
• increases the penalty from a class A misdemeanor to a third degree felony for a
person who violates the requirement to stop the vehicle at the scene of an accident
and remain at the scene of the accident until the operator has fulfilled certain
requirements if the accident resulted in the injury or death of a person and the
person has previously been convicted of certain violations that were committed on
or after May 12, 2009; and
 makes technical changes.
Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:

41-6a-401.3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 132

41-6a-401.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 132

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30	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
31	Section 1. Section 41-6a-401.3 is amended to read:
32	41-6a-401.3. Accident involving injury Stop at accident Penalty.
33	(1) The operator of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to a person
34	shall:
35	(a) immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the accident or as close to it as
36	possible without obstructing traffic more than is necessary; and
37	(b) remain at the scene of the accident until the operator has fulfilled the requirements
38	of Section 41-6a-401.7.
39	(2) [A] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a person who violates the
40	provisions of Subsection (1) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than
41	\$750.
42	(b) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection (1) is guilty of a third degree
43	felony if:
44	(i) (A) the person has a prior conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2) for a
45	violation that was committed on or after May 12, 2009; and
46	(B) the prior conviction described in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) is within ten years of the
47	commission of the offense upon which the current conviction is based; or
48	(ii) the conviction for a violation of this section is at any time after a conviction for a
49	violation that was committed on or after May 12, 2009, of:
50	(A) automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207;
51	(B) a felony violation of Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this
52	state that would constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; or
53	(C) any conviction described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A) or (B) which judgment of
54	conviction is reduced under Section 76-3-402.
55	Section 2. Section 41-6a-401.5 is amended to read:
56	41-6a-401.5. Accident involving death Stop at accident Penalty.
57	(1) The operator of a vehicle involved in an accident resulting in the death of a person

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58	shall:
59	(a) immediately stop the vehicle at the scene of the accident or as close to it as
60	possible without obstructing traffic more than is necessary; and
51	(b) remain at the scene of the accident until the operator has fulfilled the requirements
52	of Section 41-6a-401.7.
53	(2) [A] (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a person who violates the
54	provisions of Subsection (1) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than
65	\$750.
66	(b) A person who violates the provisions of Subsection (1) is guilty of a third degree
57	felony if:
58	(i) (A) the person has a prior conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2); and
59	(B) the prior conviction described in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) is within ten years of the
70	commission of the offense upon which the current conviction is based; or
71	(ii) the conviction for a violation of this section is at any time after a conviction of:
72	(A) automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207;
73	(B) a felony violation of Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this
74	state that would constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502; or
75	(C) any conviction described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A) or (B) which judgment of
76	conviction is reduced under Section 76-3-402.