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1	CHARITABLE CARE AMENDMENTS	
2	2009 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
4	Chief Sponsor: Bradley G. Last	
5	Senate Sponsor: Ralph Okerlund	
6		
7	LONG TITLE	
8	General Description:	
9	This bill amends the Health Care Providers Immunity from Liability Act.	
10	Highlighted Provisions:	
11	This bill:	
12	makes technical amendments;	
13	 amends the definition of health care provider; and 	
14	 amends the definition of remuneration to clarify that a charitable contribution is not 	
15	considered payment to the facility.	
16	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:	
17	None	
18	Other Special Clauses:	
19	None	
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
21	AMENDS:	
22	58-13-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 239	
23		
24	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
25	Section 1. Section 58-13-3 is amended to read:	
26	58-13-3. Qualified immunity Health professionals Charity care.	
27	(1) (a) (i) The Legislature finds many residents of this state do not receive medical	
28	care and preventive health care because they lack health insurance or because of financial	
29	difficulties or cost.	

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30	(ii) The Legislature also finds that many physicians, charity health care facilities, and
31	other health care professionals in this state would be willing to volunteer medical and allied
32	services without compensation if they were not subject to the high exposure of liability
33	connected with providing these services.
34	(b) The Legislature therefore declares that its intention in enacting this section is to
35	encourage the provision of uncompensated volunteer charity health care in exchange for a
36	limitation on liability for the health care facilities and health care professionals who provide
37	those volunteer services.
38	(2) As used in this section:
39	(a) "Health care facility" means any clinic or hospital, church, or organization whose
40	primary purpose is to sponsor, promote, or organize uncompensated health care services for
41	people unable to pay for health care services.
42	(b) "Health care professional" means [individuals licensed under Title 58, Occupations
43	and Professions, as physicians and surgeons, osteopaths, physician assistants, podiatrists,
44	optometrists, chiropractors, dentists, dental hygienists, registered nurses, certified nurse
45	midwives, other nurses licensed under Section 58-31b-301, and licensed Direct-entry
46	midwives.] a person licensed under:
47	(i) Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
48	(ii) Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
49	(iii) Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
50	(iv) Chapter 24a, Physical Therapist Practice Act;
51	(v) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
52	(vi) Chapter 40, Recreational Therapist Practice Act;
53	(vii) Chapter 41, Speech-language Pathology and Audiology Licensing Act;
54	(viii) Chapter 42a, Occupational Therapy Practice Act;
55	(ix) Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
56	(x) Chapter 49, Dietician Certification Act;
57	(xi) Chapter 60, Mental Health Professional Practice Act;

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58	(xii) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
59	(xiii) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
60	(xiv) Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental Hygienist Practice Act;
61	(xv) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act; and
62	(xvi) Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician Practice Act.
63	(c) "Remuneration or compensation":
64	(i) (A) means direct or indirect receipt of any payment by [the physician and surgeon,
65	health care facility, other] a health care professional[,] or [organization,] health care facility or
66	behalf of the patient, including payment or reimbursement under medicare or medicaid, or
67	under the state program for the medically indigent on behalf of the patient; and
68	(B) compensation, salary, or reimbursement to the health care professional from any
69	source for the health care professional's services or time in volunteering to provide
70	uncompensated health care; and
71	(ii) does not mean:
72	(A) any grant or donation to the health care facility used to offset direct costs
73	associated with providing the uncompensated health care such as:
74	(I) medical supplies [or];
75	(II) drugs[:]; or
76	(III) a charitable donation that is restricted for charitable services at the health care
77	facility; or
78	(B) incidental reimbursements to the volunteer such as:
79	(I) food supplied to the volunteer;
80	(II) clothing supplied to the volunteer to help identify the volunteer during the time of
81	volunteer services;
82	(III) mileage reimbursement to the volunteer; or
83	(IV) other similar support to the volunteer.
84	(3) A health care professional who provides health care treatment at or on behalf of a
85	health care facility is not liable in a medical malpractice action if:

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(a) the treatment was within the scope of the health care professional's license under this title;

(b) neither the health care professional nor the health care facility received compensation or remuneration for the treatment;

- (c) the acts or omissions of the health care professional were not grossly negligent or willful and wanton; and
- (d) prior to rendering services, the health care professional disclosed in writing to the patient, or if a minor, to the patient's parent or legal guardian, that the health care professional is providing the services without receiving remuneration or compensation and that in exchange for receiving uncompensated health care, the patient consents to waive any right to sue for professional negligence except for acts or omissions which are grossly negligent or are willful and wanton.
- (4) A health care facility which sponsors, promotes, or organizes the uncompensated care is not liable in a medical malpractice action for acts and omissions if:
 - (a) the health care facility meets the requirements in Subsection (3)(b);
- (b) the acts and omissions of the health care facility were not grossly negligent or willful and wanton; and
- (c) the health care facility has posted, in a conspicuous place, a notice that in accordance with this section the health care facility is not liable for any civil damages for acts or omissions except for those acts or omissions that are grossly negligent or are willful and wanton.
- (5) Immunity from liability under this section does not extend to the use of general anesthesia or care that requires an overnight stay in a general acute or specialty hospital licensed under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act.