1	IDENTITY THEFT AMENDMENT						
2	2009 GENERAL SESSION						
3	STATE OF UTAH						
4	Chief Sponsor: Julie Fisher						
5	Senate Sponsor: Jon J. Greiner						
6 7	LONG TITLE						
8	General Description:						
9	This bill modifies the Criminal Code regarding the crime of identity fraud.						
10	Highlighted Provisions:						
11	This bill:						
12	 clarifies that the offense of identity fraud may include use of the fraud to obtain 						
13	employment.						
14	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:						
15	None						
16	Other Special Clauses:						
17	None						
18	Utah Code Sections Affected:						
19	AMENDS:						
20 21	76-6-1102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 361						
22	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:						
23	Section 1. Section 76-6-1102 is amended to read:						
24	76-6-1102. Identity fraud crime.						
25	(1) As used in this part, "personal identifying information" may include:						
26	(a) name;						
27	(b) birth date;						



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28	(c) address;
29	(d) telephone number;
30	(e) drivers license number;
31	(f) Social Security number;
32	(g) place of employment;
33	(h) employee identification numbers or other personal identification numbers;
34	(i) mother's maiden name;
35	(j) electronic identification numbers;
36	(k) electronic signatures under Title 46, Chapter 4, Uniform Electronic Transactions
37	Act; or
38	(1) any other numbers or information that can be used to access a person's financial
39	resources or medical information, except for numbers or information that can be prosecuted as
40	financial transaction card offenses under Sections 76-6-506 through 76-6-506.4.
41	(2) (a) A person is guilty of identity fraud when that person:
42	(i) obtains personal identifying information of another person whether that person is
43	alive or deceased; and
44	(ii) knowingly or intentionally uses, or attempts to use, that information with fraudulent
45	intent, including to obtain, or attempt to obtain, credit, goods, services, employment, any other
46	thing of value, or medical information.
47	(b) It is not a defense to a violation of Subsection (2)(a) that the person did not know
48	that the personal information belonged to another person.
49	(3) Identity fraud is:
50	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), a third degree felony if the value of the
51	credit, goods, services, employment, or any other thing of value is less than \$5,000; or
52	(b) a second degree felony if:
53	(i) the value of the credit, goods, services, employment, or any other thing of value is
54	or exceeds \$5,000; or
55	(ii) the use described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) of personal identifying information
56	results, directly or indirectly, in bodily injury to another person.
57	(4) Multiple violations may be aggregated into a single offense, and the degree of the
58	offense is determined by the total value of all credit, goods, services, or any other thing of

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59	value used,	or attempted to	be used,	through th	he multiple	violations.
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- (5) When a defendant is convicted of a violation of this section, the court shall order the defendant to make restitution to any victim of the offense or state on the record the reason the court does not find ordering restitution to be appropriate.
 - (6) Restitution under Subsection (5) may include:
- (a) payment for any costs incurred, including attorney fees, lost wages, and replacement of checks; and
 - (b) the value of the victim's time incurred due to the offense:
 - (i) in clearing the victim's credit history or credit rating;
- (ii) in any civil or administrative proceedings necessary to satisfy or resolve any debt, lien, or other obligation of the victim or imputed to the victim and arising from the offense; and
- (iii) in attempting to remedy any other intended or actual harm to the victim incurred as a result of the offense.

Legislative Review Note as of 12-5-08 2:03 PM

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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Fiscal Note

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/28/2009, 8:12:03 AM, Lead Analyst: Syphus, G.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst