1	<b>IMMIGRATION AMENDMENTS</b>
2	2009 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Scott K. Jenkins
5	House Sponsor: Brad L. Dee
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	Committee Note:
9	The Immigration Interim Committee recommended this bill.
0	General Description:
l	This bill modifies provisions of the Identity Documents and Verification Act.
2	Highlighted Provisions:
3	This bill:
1	<ul> <li>defines a contract in relation to verification of the federal authorization status of a</li> </ul>
5	new employee as an agreement for the procurement of services that is awarded
5	through a request for proposals process with a public employer;
7	<ul> <li>provides an exception from verification of lawful presence in the country for an</li> </ul>
3	individual who is to receive a state public benefit under Title 49, Utah State
9	Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act; and
)	<ul> <li>makes certain technical changes.</li> </ul>
1	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
2	None
3	Other Special Clauses:
4	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2009.
5	Utah Code Sections Affected:
6	AMENDS:
7	63G-11-103 (Effective 07/01/09), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 26

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63G-11-104 (Effective 07/01/09), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 26
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 63G-11-103 (Effective 07/01/09) is amended to read:
63G-11-103 (Effective 07/01/09). Status verification system Registration and
use Performance of services Unlawful practice.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Contract" means an agreement for the procurement of goods or services that is
awarded through a request for proposals process with a public employer $\hat{S} \rightarrow and$ includes a sole
<u>source contract</u> ←Ŝ <u>.</u>
$[(a)]$ (b) "Contractor" means a subcontractor, contract employee, staffing agency, $\hat{S} \rightarrow [trade]$
union] $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ , or any contractor regardless of its tier.
[(b)] (c) "Public employer" means a department, agency, instrumentality, or political
subdivision of the state.
[(c)] (d) (i) "Status Verification System" means an electronic system operated by the
federal government, through which an authorized official of a state agency or a political
subdivision of the state may inquire by exercise of authority delegated pursuant to 8 U.S.C.,
Sec. 1373, to verify the citizenship or immigration status of an individual within the
jurisdiction of the agency or political subdivision for a purpose authorized under this section.
(ii) "Status Verification System" includes:
(A) the electronic verification of the work authorization program of the Illegal
Immigration Reform and Immigration Responsibility Act of 1996, 8 U.S.C., Sec. 1324a,
known as the Ŝ→ [Basic Pilot] E-verify ←Ŝ Program;
(B) an equivalent federal program designated by the United States Department of
Homeland Security or other federal agency authorized to verify the work eligibility status of a
newly hired employee pursuant to the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986;
(C) the Social Security Number Verification Service or similar online verification
process implemented by the United States Social Security Administration; or
(D) an independent third-party system with an equal or higher degree of reliability as
the programs, systems, or processes described in Subsection (1)[(c)](d)(ii)(A), (B), or (C).
[(d)] (e) "Unauthorized alien" means an alien as defined in 8 U.S.C., Sec. 1324a(h)(3).
(2) (a) Each public employer shall register with and use a Status Verification System to

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59 verify the federal employment authorization status of a new employee.

60 (b) This section shall be enforced without regard to race, religion, gender, ethnicity, or61 national origin.

62 (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 2009:

(i) a public employer may not enter into a contract for the physical performance of
services within the state with a contractor unless the contractor registers and participates in the
Status Verification System to verify the work eligibility status of the contractor's new
employees that are employed in the state[-]; and

67 (ii) a contractor shall register and participate in the Status Verification System in order68 to enter into a contract with a public employer.

(b) (i) For purposes of compliance with Subsection (3)(a), a contractor is individually
responsible for verifying the employment status of only new employees who work under the
contractor's supervision or direction and not those who work for another contractor or
subcontractor, except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).

(ii) Each contractor or subcontractor who works under or for another contractor shall
certify to the main contractor by affidavit that the contractor or subcontractor has verified
through the Status Verification System the employment status of each new employee of the
respective contractor or subcontractor.

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(c) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to a contract:

(i) entered into by the entities referred to in Subsection (3)(a) prior to July 1, 2009,

even though the contract may involve the physical performance of services within the state onor after July 1, 2009; or

81 (ii) that involves underwriting, remarketing, broker-dealer activities, securities
82 placement, investment advisory, financial advisory, or other financial or investment banking
83 services.

84 (4) (a) It is unlawful for an employing entity in the state to discharge an employee
85 working in Utah who is a United States citizen or permanent resident alien and replace the
86 employee with, or have the employee's duties assumed by, an employee who:

(i) the employing entity knows, or reasonably should have known, is an unauthorizedalien hired on or after July 1, 2009; and

89 (ii) is working in the state in a job category:

92 206 (d)(1), as the job category held by the discharged employee. 93 (b) An employing entity, which on the date of a discharge in question referred to in

94 Subsection (4)(a) is enrolled in and using the Status Verification System to verify the 95 employment eligibility of its employees in Utah who are hired on or after July 1, 2009, is

96 exempt from liability, investigation, or lawsuit arising from an action under this section.

97 (c) A cause of action for a violation of this Subsection (4) arises exclusively from the 98 provisions of this Subsection (4).

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Section 2. Section 63G-11-104 (Effective 07/01/09) is amended to read:

100 63G-11-104 (Effective 07/01/09). Receipt of state, local, or federal public benefits

101 -- Verification -- Exceptions -- Fraudulently obtaining benefits -- Criminal penalties --102 Annual report.

- 103 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3) or where exempted by federal law, an agency 104 or political subdivision of the state shall verify the lawful presence in the United States of an 105 individual at least 18 years of age who has applied for:
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(a) a state or local public benefit as defined in 8 U.S.C., Sec. 1621; or

107 (b) a federal public benefit as defined in 8 U.S.C., Sec. 1611, that is administered by an 108 agency or political subdivision of this state.

109 (2) This section shall be enforced without regard to race, religion, gender, ethnicity, or 110 national origin.

111 (3) Verification of lawful presence under this section is not required for:

112 (a) any purpose for which lawful presence in the United States is not restricted by law, 113 ordinance, or regulation;

114 (b) assistance for health care items and services that are necessary for the treatment of 115 an emergency medical condition, as defined in 42 U.S.C., Sec. 1396b(v)(3), of the individual 116 involved and are not related to an organ transplant procedure;

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(c) short-term, noncash, in-kind emergency disaster relief;

118 (d) public health assistance for immunizations with respect to immunizable diseases 119 and for testing and treatment of symptoms of communicable diseases whether or not the 120 symptoms are caused by the communicable disease;

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121	(e) programs, services, or assistance such as soup kitchens, crisis counseling and
122	intervention, and short-term shelter, specified by the United States Attorney General, in the
123	sole and unreviewable discretion of the United States Attorney General after consultation with
124	appropriate federal agencies and departments, which:
125	(i) deliver in-kind services at the community level, including through public or private
126	nonprofit agencies;
127	(ii) do not condition the provision of assistance, the amount of assistance provided, or
128	the cost of assistance provided on the income or resources of the individual recipient; and
129	(iii) are necessary for the protection of life or safety;
130	(f) the exemption for paying the nonresident portion of total tuition as set forth in
131	Section 53B-8-106; [and]
132	(g) an applicant for a license under Section 61-1-4, if the applicant is registered with
133	the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and files an application with the state Division of
134	Securities through the Central Registration Depository[-]; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [and] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
135	(h) a state public benefit to be given to an individual under Title 49, Utah State
136	<u>Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act</u> Ŝ→ [-] ;
136a	(i) a home loan that will be insured, guaranteed, or purchased by:
136b	(i) the Federal Housing Administration, the Veterans Administration, or any other
136c	<u>federal agency; or</u>
136d	(ii) an enterprise as defined in 12 U.S.C., Sec. 4502; and
136e	(j) a subordinate loan or a grant that will be made to an applicant in connection with a
136f	home loan that does not require verification under Subsection (3)(i). ←Ŝ
137	(4) An agency or political subdivision required to verify the lawful presence in the
138	United States of an applicant under this section shall require the applicant to certify under
139	penalty of perjury that:
140	(a) the applicant is a United States citizen; or
141	(b) the applicant is:
142	(i) a qualified alien as defined in 8 U.S.C., Sec. 1641; and
143	(ii) lawfully present in the United States.
144	(5) An agency or political subdivision shall verify a certification required under
145	Subsection (4) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (\underline{\mathbf{b}}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements Program,
145a	hereafter
146	referred to in this section as the "program," operated by the United States Department of
147	Homeland Security or an equivalent program designated by the Department of Homeland
148	Security.
149	(6) (a) An individual who knowingly and willfully makes a false, fictitious, or
150	fraudulent statement or representation in a certification under Subsection (4) is subject to the
151	criminal penalties applicable in this state for:

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### House Committee Amendments 3-2-2009 je/jlw Senate 2nd Reading Amendments 2-19-2009 rd/jlw

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152	(i) making a written false statement under Subsection 76-8-504(2); and
153	(ii) fraudulently obtaining public assistance program benefits under Sections 76-8-1205
154	and 76-8-1206 or unemployment compensation under Section 76-8-1301.
155	(b) If the certification constitutes a false claim of U.S. citizenship under 18 U.S.C.,
156	Sec. 911, the agency or political subdivision shall file a complaint with the United States
157	Attorney General for the applicable district based upon the venue in which the application was
158	made.
159	(7) An agency or political subdivision may adopt variations to the requirements of this
160	section which:
161	(a) clearly improve the efficiency of or reduce delay in the verification process; or
162	(b) provide for adjudication of unique individual circumstances where the verification
163	procedures in this section would impose an unusual hardship on a legal resident of Utah.
164	(8) It is unlawful for an agency or a political subdivision of this state to provide a state,
165	local, or federal benefit, as defined in 8 U.S.C., Sec. 1611 and Sec. 1621, in violation of the
166	provisions of this section.
167	(9) Each state agency or department that administers a program of state or local public
168	benefits shall:
169	(a) provide an annual report to the governor, the president of the Senate, and the
170	speaker of the House regarding its compliance with this section; and
171	(b) (i) monitor the program for application verification errors and significant delays;
172	(ii) provide an annual report on the errors and delays to ensure that the application of
173	the program is not erroneously denying a state or local benefit to a legal resident of the state;
174	and
175	(iii) report delays and errors in the program to the United States Department of
176	Homeland Security.
177	Section 3. Effective date.
178	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2009.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

# **Fiscal Note**

### S.B. 39 - Immigration Amendments

2009 General Session State of Utah

### **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

### Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/20/2009, 3:28:04 PM, Lead Analyst: Amon, R.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst