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26	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
27	Section 1. Section 53A-3-402 is amended to read:
28	53A-3-402. Powers and duties generally.
29	(1) Each local school board shall:
30	(a) implement the core curriculum utilizing instructional materials that best correlate to
31	the core curriculum and graduation requirements;
32	(b) administer tests, required by the State Board of Education, which measure the
33	progress of each student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and State Board of
34	Education to assess results and create plans to improve the student's progress which shall be
35	submitted to the State Office of Education for approval;
36	(c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and
37	students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local
38	resources to implement remediation;
39	(d) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
40	(e) work with the State Office of Education to establish a library of documented best
41	practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts; [and]
42	(f) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic
43	management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff
44	management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help
45	every child achieve optimal learning in core academics[-]; and
46	(g) develop policies that $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \Rightarrow [$ provide that favor or preferential treatment may not be given
47	to one parent group over another parent group] promote involvement by all parent groups that
17a	wish to participate ←Ĥ within the school district and its schools.
48	(2) Local school boards shall spend minimum school program funds for programs and
49	activities for which the State Board of Education has established minimum standards or rules
50	under Section 53A-1-402.
51	(3) (a) A board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings,
52	and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.
53	(b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on board resolution
54	affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members.
55	(4) (a) A board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a school
56	attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either

within or outside the state.

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58 (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall: 59 (i) be signed by the president of the board of each participating district; 60 (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and 61 (iii) be filed with the State Board of Education. 62 (5) A board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied 63 technology schools. 64 (6) A board may enroll children in school who are at least five years of age before 65 September 2 of the year in which admission is sought. 66 (7) A board may establish and support school libraries. (8) A board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of school property. 67 (9) A board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children and their 68 69 parents or guardians prior to, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools. 70 (10) (a) A board shall administer and implement federal educational programs in 71 accordance with Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9, Implementing Federal Programs Act. 72 (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Title 73 53A, Chapter 19, School District Budgets. 74 (11) (a) A board may organize school safety patrols and adopt rules under which the 75 patrols promote student safety. 76 (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least ten years old and have written 77 parental consent for the appointment. 78 (c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion 79 of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use. 80 (d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a 81 safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting 82 the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol. 83 (12) (a) A board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational institution for 84 which the board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, loans, gifts, endowments, 85 devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes. 86 (b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature. 87 (13) (a) A board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance officer to issue

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Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.

88	citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2).
89	(b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the
90	person's consent.
91	(c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
92	(14) A board shall adopt bylaws and rules for its own procedures.
93	(15) (a) A board shall make and enforce rules necessary for the control and
94	management of the district schools.
95	(b) All board rules and policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public
96	access.
97	(16) A board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
98	(17) (a) Each board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety
99	committee to implement this Subsection (17).
100	(b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
101	(i) the schools within the district;
102	(ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
103	(iii) the municipality or county;
104	(iv) state or local law enforcement; and
105	(v) state or local traffic safety engineering.
106	(c) The committee shall:
107	(i) receive suggestions from parents, teachers, and others and recommend school traffic
108	safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and school traffic safety program
109	measures;
110	(ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected
111	municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior
112	high school within the district;
113	(iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and
114	provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade six, within the district, on
115	school crossing safety and use; and
116	(iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of

(d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing

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its duties under Subsection (17)(c).

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- (e) The board shall require the school community council of each elementary, middle, and junior high school within the district to develop and submit annually to the committee a child access routing plan.
- (18) (a) Each school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency response plan to prevent and combat violence in its public schools, on school grounds, on its school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
 - (b) The board shall implement its plan by July 1, 2000.
- 127 (c) The plan shall:
 - (i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
 - (ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school districts under Title 53A, Chapter 11, Part 9, School Discipline and Conduct Plans;
 - (iii) require inservice training for all district and school building staff on what their roles are in the emergency response plan; and
 - (iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities referred to in Subsection (18)(a).
 - (d) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public instruction, shall develop comprehensive emergency response plan models that local school boards may use, where appropriate, to comply with Subsection (18)(a).
 - (e) Each local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the State Board of Education that its plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by its teachers, administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public safety representatives.
 - (19) (a) Each local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the treatment of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events.
 - (b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a sports program for students.
 - (c) The plan may:
- (i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergencyequipment components;

150	(ii) require inservice training on the emergency response plan for school personnel who
151	are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and
152	(iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who:
153	(A) are not employees of the school district; and
154	(B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while
155	participating in sports events.
156	(d) The board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection (19)(b), may
157	review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or enhance the plan.
158	(e) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
159	instruction, shall provide local school boards with an emergency plan response model that local
160	boards may use to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (19).
161	(20) A board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance, prosperity, and
162	success of the schools and the promotion of education.
163	(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a board shall:
164	(i) hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103; and
165	(ii) provide public notice of the public hearing, as specified in Subsection (21)(b).
166	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a) shall:
167	(i) indicate the:
168	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
169	(B) date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
170	(ii) at least ten days prior to the public hearing, be:
171	(A) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
172	(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality or on the district's
173	official website.

S.B. 199 3rd Sub. (Ivory) - Equal Recognition of School Parent Groups

Fiscal Note

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

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