1	PHYSICAL THERAPY PRACTICE ACT
2	2009 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
5	House Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill recodifies and amends the Physical Therapist Practice Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	► recodifies the "Physical Therapist Practice Act" as the "Physical Therapy Practice
14	Act";
15	 describes the membership and duties of the Physical Therapy Licensing Board;
16	requires the board to designate a member of the board to assist the division in
17	reviewing and investigating complaints of unlawful or unprofessional conduct;
18	 prohibits a person from practicing physical therapy in Utah, unless the person is
19	licensed to practice physical therapy in Utah or is exempt from the requirements of
20	this bill;
21	 describes the requirements for licensure as a physical therapist or a physical
22	therapist assistant;
23	• describes requirements relating to the term of a license, license renewal, exemption
24	from licensure, and denial of a license;
25	 describes the power of the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to
26	discipline a license holder and to issue a cease and desist order;
27	 describes the practice of physical therapy and the scope of a license for a physical
28	therapist and a physical therapist assistant;
29	 describes the function of a physical therapy aide;

30	 describes the duties of a physical therapist in relation to patient care and
31	management;
32	 describes the circumstances under which a physical therapist may administer
33	certain prescription medications;
34	 grants rulemaking authority to the Division of Occupational and Professional
35	Licensing;
36	 describes requirements relating to the practice of animal physical therapy;
37	 describes unlawful and unprofessional conduct relating to physical therapy;
38	 provides for confidentiality and immunity, under certain circumstances, for
39	reporting unlawful or unprofessional conduct;
40	• exempts a physical therapist assistant from licensure under the Massage Therapy
41	Practice Act;
42	• includes a physical therapist assistant as a health care provider covered under the
43	provisions of the Utah Health Care Malpractice Act; and
44	makes technical changes.
45	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
46	None
47	Other Special Clauses:
48	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2009.
49	Utah Code Sections Affected:
50	AMENDS:
51	16-11-2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 242
52	34A-2-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
53	48-2c-1502 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 280
54	58-28-307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 109
55	58-47b-304 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 309
56	78B-3-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
57	ENACTS:

58	58-24b-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
59	58-24b-102 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	58-24b-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	58-24b-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
62	58-24b-302 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
63	58-24b-303 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
64	58-24b-304 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
65	58-24b-305 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	58-24b-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
67	58-24b-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
68	58-24b-403 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
69	58-24b-404 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	58-24b-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	58-24b-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
72	58-24b-502 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73	58-24b-503 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	58-24b-504 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	REPEALS:
76	58-24a-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 237
77	58-24a-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 109
78	58-24a-103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 237
79	58-24a-104 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 237
80	58-24a-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 280
81	58-24a-106 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 237
82	58-24a-107 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 237
83	58-24a-108 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 297
84	58-24a-109 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 30
85	58-24a-110 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 297

86	58-24a-111, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 297
87	58-24a-112 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 222
88	58-24a-114, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 297
89	
90	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
91	Section 1. Section 16-11-2 is amended to read:
92	16-11-2. Definitions.
93	As used in this chapter:
94	(1) "Filed" means the division has received and approved, as to form, a document
95	submitted under the provisions of this chapter, and has marked on the face of the document a
96	stamp or seal indicating the time of day and date of approval, the name of the division, the
97	division director's signature and division seal, or facsimiles of the signature or seal.
98	(2) "Professional corporation" means a corporation organized under this chapter.
99	(3) "Professional service" means the personal service rendered by:
100	(a) a physician, surgeon, or doctor of medicine holding a license under Title 58,
101	Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of
102	medicine;
103	(b) a doctor of dentistry holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 69, Dentist and
104	Dental Hygienist Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of dentistry;
105	(c) an osteopathic physician or surgeon holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 68,
106	Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of
107	osteopathy;
108	(d) a chiropractor holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician
109	Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of chiropractic;
110	(e) a podiatric physician holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric
111	Physician Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of podiatry;
112	(f) an optometrist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry
113	Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of optometry;

114	(g) a veterinarian holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 28, Veterinary Practice
115	Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of veterinary medicine;
116	(h) an architect holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act,
117	and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of architecture;
118	(i) a public accountant holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 26a, Certified Public
119	Accountant Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of public
120	accounting;
121	(j) a naturopath holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 71, Naturopathic Physician
122	Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of naturopathy;
123	(k) a pharmacist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice
124	Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of pharmacy;
125	(l) an attorney granted the authority to practice law by:
126	(i) the Utah Supreme Court; or
127	(ii) the Supreme Court, other court, agency, instrumentality, or regulating board that
128	licenses or regulates the authority to practice law in any state or territory of the United States
129	other than Utah;
130	(m) a professional engineer registered under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional
131	Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
132	(n) a real estate broker or real estate agent holding a license under Title 61, Chapter 2,
133	Division of Real Estate, and any subsequent laws regulating the selling, exchanging,
134	purchasing, renting, or leasing of real estate;
135	(o) a psychologist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 61, Psychologist
136	Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of psychology;
137	(p) a clinical or certified social worker holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 60,
138	Part 2, Social Worker Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of social
139	work;
140	(q) a physical therapist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter [24a, Physical
141	Therapist] 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the

142	practice of physical therapy;
143	(r) a nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58,
144	Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act; or
145	(s) a landscape architect licensed under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects
146	Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating landscape architects.
147	(4) "Regulating board" means the board that is charged with the licensing and
148	regulation of the practice of the profession which the professional corporation is organized to
149	render. The definitions of Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act,
150	apply to this chapter unless the context clearly indicates that a different meaning is intended.
151	Section 2. Section 34A-2-111 is amended to read:
152	34A-2-111. Managed health care programs Other safety programs.
153	(1) As used in this section:
154	(a) (i) "Health care provider" means a person who furnishes treatment or care to
155	persons who have suffered bodily injury.
156	(ii) "Health care provider" includes:
157	(A) a hospital;
158	(B) a clinic;
159	(C) an emergency care center;
160	(D) a physician;
161	(E) a nurse;
162	(F) a nurse practitioner;
163	(G) a physician's assistant;
164	(H) a paramedic; or
165	(I) an emergency medical technician.
166	(b) "Physician" means any health care provider licensed under:
167	(i) Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
168	(ii) Title 58, Chapter [24a, Physical Therapist] 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act;
169	(iii) Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;

170	(iv) Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
171	(v) Title 58, Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental Hygienist Practice Act;
172	(vi) Title 58, Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act;
173	(vii) Title 58, Chapter 71, Naturopathic Physician Practice Act;
174	(viii) Title 58, Chapter 72, Acupuncture Licensing Act; and
175	(ix) Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician Practice Act.
176	(c) "Preferred health care facility" means a facility:
177	(i) that is a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2; and
178	(ii) designated under a managed health care program.
179	(d) "Preferred provider physician" means a physician designated under a managed
180	health care program.
181	(e) "Self-insured employer" is as defined in Section 34A-2-201.5.
182	(2) (a) A self-insured employer and insurance carrier may adopt a managed health care
183	program to provide employees the benefits of this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational
184	Disease Act, beginning January 1, 1993. The plan shall comply with this Subsection (2).
185	(b) (i) A preferred provider program may be developed if the preferred provider
186	program allows a selection by the employee of more than one physician in the health care
187	specialty required for treating the specific problem of an industrial patient.
188	(ii) (A) Subject to the requirements of this section, if a preferred provider program is
189	developed by an insurance carrier or self-insured employer, an employee is required to use:
190	(I) preferred provider physicians; and
191	(II) preferred health care facilities.
192	(B) If a preferred provider program is not developed, an employee may have free
193	choice of health care providers.
194	(iii) The failure to do the following may, if the employee has been notified of the
195	preferred provider program, result in the employee being obligated for any charges in excess of
196	the preferred provider allowances:
197	(A) use a preferred health care facility; or

198	(B) initially receive treatment from a preferred provider physician.
199	(iv) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsections (2)(b)(i) through (iii), a
200	self-insured employer or other employer may:
201	(A) (I) (Aa) have its own health care facility on or near its worksite or premises; and
202	(Bb) continue to contract with other health care providers; or
203	(II) operate a health care facility; and
204	(B) require employees to first seek treatment at the provided health care or contracted
205	facility.
206	(v) An employee subject to a preferred provider program or employed by an employer
207	having its own health care facility may procure the services of any qualified health care
208	provider:
209	(A) for emergency treatment, if a physician employed in the preferred provider
210	program or at the health care facility is not available for any reason;
211	(B) for conditions the employee in good faith believes are nonindustrial; or
212	(C) when an employee living in a rural area would be unduly burdened by traveling to:
213	(I) a preferred provider physician; or
214	(II) preferred health care facility.
215	(c) (i) (A) An employer, insurance carrier, or self-insured employer may enter into
216	contracts with the following for the purposes listed in Subsection (2)(c)(i)(B):
217	(I) health care providers;
218	(II) medical review organizations; or
219	(III) vendors of medical goods, services, and supplies including medicines.
220	(B) A contract described in Subsection (1)(c)(i)(A) may be made for the following
221	purposes:
222	(I) insurance carriers or self-insured employers may form groups in contracting for
223	managed health care services with health care providers;
224	(II) peer review;
225	(III) methods of utilization review:

226	(IV) use of case management;
227	(V) bill audit;
228	(VI) discounted purchasing; and
229	(VII) the establishment of a reasonable health care treatment protocol program
230	including the implementation of medical treatment and quality care guidelines that are:
231	(Aa) scientifically based;
232	(Bb) peer reviewed; and
233	(Cc) consistent with standards for health care treatment protocol programs that the
234	commission shall establish by rules made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
235	Administrative Rulemaking Act, including the authority of the commission to approve a health
236	care treatment protocol program before it is used or disapprove a health care treatment
237	protocol program that does not comply with this Subsection (2)(c)(i)(B)(VII).
238	(ii) An insurance carrier may make any or all of the factors in Subsection (2)(c)(i) a
239	condition of insuring an entity in its insurance contract.
240	(3) (a) In addition to a managed health care program, an insurance carrier may require
241	an employer to establish a work place safety program if the employer:
242	(i) has an experience modification factor of 1.00 or higher, as determined by the
243	National Council on Compensation Insurance; or
244	(ii) is determined by the insurance carrier to have a three-year loss ratio of 100% or
245	higher.
246	(b) A workplace safety program may include:
247	(i) a written workplace accident and injury reduction program that:
248	(A) promotes safe and healthful working conditions; and
249	(B) is based on clearly stated goals and objectives for meeting those goals; and
250	(ii) a documented review of the workplace accident and injury reduction program each
251	calendar year delineating how procedures set forth in the program are met.
252	(c) A written workplace accident and injury reduction program permitted under
253	Subsection (3)(b)(i) should describe:

254	(i) how managers, supervisors, and employees are responsible for implementing the
255	program;
256	(ii) how continued participation of management will be established, measured, and
257	maintained;
258	(iii) the methods used to identify, analyze, and control new or existing hazards,
259	conditions, and operations;
260	(iv) how the program will be communicated to all employees so that the employees are
261	informed of work-related hazards and controls;
262	(v) how workplace accidents will be investigated and corrective action implemented;
263	and
264	(vi) how safe work practices and rules will be enforced.
265	(d) For the purposes of a workplace accident and injury reduction program of an
266	eligible employer described in Subsection 34A-2-103(7)(f), the workplace accident and injury
267	reduction program shall:
268	(i) include the provisions described in Subsections (3)(b) and (c), except that the
269	employer shall conduct a documented review of the workplace accident and injury reduction
270	program at least semiannually delineating how procedures set forth in the workplace accident
271	and injury reduction program are met; and
272	(ii) require a written agreement between the employer and all contractors and
273	subcontractors on a project that states that:
274	(A) the employer has the right to control the manner or method by which the work is
275	executed;
276	(B) if a contractor, subcontractor, or any employee of a contractor or subcontractor
277	violates the workplace accident and injury reduction program, the employer maintains the
278	right to:
279	(I) terminate the contract with the contractor or subcontractor;
280	(II) remove the contractor or subcontractor from the work site; or
281	(III) require that the contractor or subcontractor not permit an employee that violates

282	the workplace accident and injury reduction program to work on the project for which the
283	employer is procuring work; and
284	(C) the contractor or subcontractor shall provide safe and appropriate equipment
285	subject to the right of the employer to:
286	(I) inspect on a regular basis the equipment of a contractor or subcontractor; and
287	(II) require that the contractor or subcontractor repair, replace, or remove equipment
288	the employer determines not to be safe or appropriate.
289	(4) The premiums charged to any employer who fails or refuses to establish a
290	workplace safety program pursuant to Subsection (3)(b)(i) or (ii) may be increased by 5% over
291	any existing current rates and premium modifications charged that employer.
292	Section 3. Section 48-2c-1502 is amended to read:
293	48-2c-1502. Definitions.
294	As used in this part:
295	(1) "Professional services company" means a limited liability company organized
296	under this part to render professional services.
297	(2) "Professional services" means the personal services rendered by:
298	(a) an architect holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act,
299	and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of architecture;
300	(b) an attorney granted the authority to practice law by the:
301	(i) Supreme Court of Utah; or
302	(ii) the Supreme Court, other court, agency, instrumentality, or regulating board that
303	licenses or regulates the authority to practice law in any state or territory of the United States
304	other than Utah;
305	(c) a chiropractor holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician
306	Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of chiropractic;
307	(d) a doctor of dentistry holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 69, Dentists and
308	Dental Hygienists Practice Act, and any subsequent laws, regulating the practice of dentistry;
309	(e) a professional engineer registered under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional

310	Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
311	(f) a naturopath holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 71, Naturopathic Physician
312	Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of naturopathy;
313	(g) a nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Title 58,
314	Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
315	(h) an optometrist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry
316	Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of optometry;
317	(i) an osteopathic physician or surgeon holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 68,
318	Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of
319	osteopathy;
320	(j) a pharmacist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act,
321	and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of pharmacy;
322	(k) a physician, surgeon, or doctor of medicine holding a license under Title 58,
323	Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of
324	medicine;
325	(l) a physical therapist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter [24a, Physical
326	Therapist] 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the
327	practice of physical therapy;
328	(m) a podiatric physician holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric
329	Physician Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of podiatry;
330	(n) a psychologist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 61, Psychologist
331	Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of psychology;
332	(o) a public accountant holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 26a, Certified Public
333	Accountant Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of public
334	accounting;
335	(p) a real estate broker or real estate agent holding a license under Title 61, Chapter 2,
336	Division of Real Estate, and any subsequent laws regulating the sale, exchange, purchase,
337	rental or leasing of real estate:

338	(q) a clinical or certified social worker holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 60,
339	Part 2, Social Worker Licensing Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of social
340	work;
341	(r) a mental health therapist holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental
342	Health Professional Practice Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of mental
343	health therapy; and
344	(s) a veterinarian holding a license under Title 58, Chapter 28, Veterinary Practice
345	Act, and any subsequent laws regulating the practice of veterinary medicine.
346	(3) "Regulating board" means the board or agency organized pursuant to state law that
347	is charged with the licensing and regulation of the practice of the profession that a company is
348	organized to render.
349	Section 4. Section 58-24b-101 is enacted to read:
350	CHAPTER 24b. PHYSICAL THERAPY PRACTICE ACT
351	Part 1. General Provisions
352	<u>58-24b-101.</u> Title.
353	This chapter is known as the "Physical Therapy Practice Act."
354	Section 5. Section 58-24b-102 is enacted to read:
355	<u>58-24b-102.</u> Definitions.
356	As used in this chapter:
357	(1) "Animal physical therapy" means practicing physical therapy or physiotherapy on
358	an animal.
359	(2) "Board" means the Utah Physical Therapy Licensing Board, created in Section
360	<u>58-24b-201.</u>
361	(3) "Consultation by telecommunication" means the provision of expert or
362	professional advice by a physical therapist who is licensed outside of Utah to a licensed
363	physical therapist or a health care provider by telecommunication or electronic
364	communication.
365	(4) "General supervision" means supervision and oversight of a person by a licensed

366	physical therapist when the licensed physical therapist is immediately available in person, by
367	telephone, or by electronic communication to assist the person.
368	(5) "Licensed physical therapist" means a person licensed under this chapter to engage
369	in the practice of physical therapy.
370	(6) "Licensed physical therapist assistant" means a person licensed under this chapter
371	to engage in the practice of physical therapy, subject to the provisions of Subsection
372	<u>58-24b-401(2)(a).</u>
373	(7) "Licensing examination" means a nationally recognized physical therapy
374	examination that is approved by the division, in consultation with the board.
375	(8) "On-site supervision" means supervision and oversight of a person by a licensed
376	physical therapist or a licensed physical therapist assistant when the licensed physical therapist
377	or licensed physical therapist assistant is:
378	(a) continuously present at the facility where the person is providing services;
379	(b) immediately available to assist the person; and
380	(c) regularly involved in the services being provided by the person.
381	(9) "Physical impairment" means:
382	(a) a mechanical impairment;
383	(b) a physiological impairment;
384	(c) a developmental impairment;
385	(d) a functional limitation;
386	(e) a disability;
387	(f) a mobility impairment; or
388	(g) a bodily malfunction.
389	(10) "Physical therapy aide" means a person who:
390	(a) is trained, on-the-job, by a licensed physical therapist; and
391	(b) provides routine assistance to a licensed physical therapist or licensed physical
392	therapist assistant, while the licensed physical therapist or licensed physical therapist assistant
393	practices physical therapy, within the scope of the licensed physical therapist's or licensed

394	physical therapist assistant's license.
395	(11) (a) "Physical therapy" or "physiotherapy" means:
396	(i) examining, evaluating, and testing an individual who has a physical impairment or
397	<u>injury;</u>
398	(ii) identifying or labeling a physical impairment or injury;
399	(iii) formulating a therapeutic intervention plan for the treatment of a physical
400	impairment, injury, or pain;
401	(iv) assessing the ongoing effects of therapeutic intervention for the treatment of a
402	physical impairment or injury;
403	(v) treating or alleviating a physical impairment by designing, modifying, or
404	implementing a therapeutic intervention;
405	(vi) reducing the risk of an injury or physical impairment;
406	(vii) providing instruction on the use of physical measures, activities, or devices for
407	preventative and therapeutic purposes;
408	(viii) promoting and maintaining health and fitness;
409	(ix) the administration of a prescription drug pursuant to Section 58-24b-403;
410	(x) subject to Subsection 58-28-307(12)(b), engaging in the functions described in
411	Subsections (11)(a)(i) through (ix) in relation to an animal, in accordance with the
412	requirements of Section 58-24b-405; and
413	(xi) engaging in administration, consultation, education, and research relating to the
414	practices described in this Subsection (11)(a).
415	(b) "Physical therapy" or "physiotherapy" does not include:
416	(i) diagnosing disease;
417	(ii) performing surgery;
418	(iii) performing acupuncture;
419	(iv) taking x-rays; or
420	(v) prescribing or dispensing a drug, as defined in Section 58-37-2.
421	(12) "Recognized accreditation agency" means an accreditation agency that:

422	(a) grants accreditation, nationally, in the United States of America; and
423	(b) is approved by the division, in consultation with the board.
424	(13) (a) "Testing" means a standard method or technique used to gather data regarding
425	a patient that is generally and nationally accepted by physical therapists for the practice of
426	physical therapy.
427	(b) "Testing" includes measurement or evaluation of:
428	(i) muscle strength, force, endurance, or tone;
429	(ii) cardiovascular fitness;
430	(iii) physical work capacity;
431	(iv) joint motion, mobility, or stability;
432	(v) reflexes or autonomic reactions;
433	(vi) movement skill or accuracy;
434	(vii) sensation;
435	(viii) perception;
436	(ix) peripheral nerve integrity;
437	(x) locomotor skills, stability, and endurance;
438	(xi) the fit, function, and comfort of prosthetic, orthotic, or other assistive devices;
439	(xii) posture;
440	(xiii) body mechanics;
441	(xiv) limb length, circumference, and volume;
442	(xv) biofeedback;
443	(xvi) thoracic excursion and breathing patterns;
444	(xvii) activities of daily living related to physical movement and mobility; and
445	(xviii) functioning in the physical environment at home or work, as it relates to
446	physical movement and mobility.
447	(14) "Therapeutic intervention" includes:
448	(a) therapeutic exercise, with or without the use of a device;
449	(b) functional training in self-care, as it relates to physical movement and mobility;

450	(c) community or work integration, as it relates to physical movement and mobility;
451	(d) manual therapy, including:
452	(i) soft tissue mobilization;
453	(ii) therapeutic massage; or
454	(iii) joint mobilization, as defined by the division, by rule;
455	(e) prescribing, applying, or fabricating an assistive, adaptive, orthotic, prosthetic,
456	protective, or supportive device;
457	(f) airway clearance techniques, including postural drainage;
458	(g) integumentary protection and repair techniques;
459	(h) wound debridement, cleansing, and dressing;
460	(i) the application of a physical agent, including:
461	(i) light;
462	(ii) heat;
463	(iii) cold;
464	(iv) water;
465	(v) air;
466	(vi) sound;
467	(vii) compression;
468	(viii) electricity; and
469	(ix) electromagnetic radiation;
470	(j) mechanical or electrotherapeutic modalities;
471	(k) positioning;
472	(1) instructing or training a patient in locomotion or other functional activities, with or
473	without an assistive device;
474	(m) manual or mechanical traction; and
475	(n) correction of posture, body mechanics, or gait.
476	Section 6. Section 58-24b-201 is enacted to read:
477	Part 2. Physical Therapy Licensing Board

478	58-24b-201. Physical Therapy Licensing Board Creation Membership
479	Duties.
480	(1) There is created the Physical Therapy Licensing Board, consisting of three licensed
481	physical therapists, one physical therapist assistant, and one member of the general public.
482	(2) Members of the board shall be appointed and serve in accordance with Section
483	<u>58-1-201.</u>
484	(3) The duties and responsibilities of the board are described in Subsection (4) and
485	Sections 58-1-201 through 58-1-203.
486	(4) The board shall designate a member of the board, on a permanent or rotating basis,
487	<u>to:</u>
488	(a) assist the division in reviewing complaints of unlawful or unprofessional conduct
489	of a licensee; and
490	(b) advise the division during the division's investigation of the complaints described
491	in Subsection (4)(a).
492	(5) A board member who has reviewed a complaint or been involved in an
493	investigation under Subsection (4) is disqualified from participating in an adjudicative
494	proceeding relating to the complaint or investigation.
495	Section 7. Section 58-24b-301 is enacted to read:
496	Part 3. Licensing
497	58-24b-301. Authority to practice physical therapy.
498	A person may not engage in the practice of physical therapy, unless the person is:
499	(1) licensed under this chapter and practices within the scope of that license; or
500	(2) exempted from the licensing requirements of this chapter under Section
501	<u>58-24b-304.</u>
502	Section 8. Section 58-24b-302 is enacted to read:
503	<u>58-24b-302.</u> Licensure.
504	(1) An applicant for a license as a physical therapist shall:
505	(a) be of good moral character;

506	(b) complete the application process, including payment of fees;
507	(c) submit proof of graduation from a professional physical therapist education
508	program that is accredited by a recognized accreditation agency;
509	(d) pass an open-book, take-home Utah Physical Therapy Law and Rule Examination
510	(e) after complying with Subsection (1)(c), pass a licensing examination;
511	(f) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English
512	language and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the
513	board; and
514	(g) meet any other requirements established by the division, by rule.
515	(2) An applicant for a license as a physical therapist assistant shall:
516	(a) be of good moral character;
517	(b) complete the application process, including payment of fees set by the division, in
518	accordance with Section 63J-1-303, to recover the costs of administering the licensing
519	requirements relating to physical therapist assistants;
520	(c) submit proof of graduation from a physical therapist assistant education program
521	that is accredited by a recognized accreditation agency;
522	(d) pass an open-book, take-home Utah Physical Therapy Law and Rule Examination
523	(e) after complying with Subsection (2)(c), pass a licensing examination;
524	(f) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English
525	language and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the
526	board; and
527	(g) meet any other requirements established by the division, by rule.
528	(3) An applicant for a license as a physical therapist who is educated outside of the
529	United States shall:
530	(a) be of good moral character;
531	(b) complete the application process, including payment of fees; and
532	(c) (i) provide satisfactory evidence that the applicant graduated from a professional
533	physical therapist education program that is accredited by a recognized accreditation agency;

534	<u>or</u>
535	(ii) (A) provide satisfactory evidence that the applicant graduated from a physical
536	therapist education program that prepares the applicant to engage in the practice of physical
537	therapy, without restriction;
538	(B) provide satisfactory evidence that the education program described in Subsection
539	(3)(c)(ii)(A) is recognized by the government entity responsible for recognizing a physical
540	therapist education program in the country where the program is located; and
541	(C) pass a credential evaluation to ensure that the applicant has satisfied uniform
542	educational requirements;
543	(d) pass an open-book, take-home Utah Physical Therapy Law and Rule Examination;
544	(e) after complying with Subsection (3)(c), pass a licensing examination;
545	(f) be able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English
546	language and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the
547	board; and
548	(g) meet any other requirements established by the division, by rule.
549	(4) The division shall issue a license to a person who holds a current unrestricted
550	license to practice physical therapy in a state, district, or territory of the United States of
551	America, other than Utah, if the person:
552	(a) is of good moral character;
553	(b) completes the application process, including payment of fees;
554	(c) passes an open-book, take-home Utah Physical Therapy Law and Rule
555	Examination; and
556	(d) is able to read, write, speak, understand, and be understood in the English
557	language and demonstrate proficiency to the satisfaction of the board if requested by the
558	board.
559	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 58-1-307(1)(c), an individual may not engage in
560	an internship in physical therapy, unless the person is:
561	(i) certified by the division; or

Enrolled Copy	S.B.	137
	2.2.	

562	(ii) exempt from licensure under Section 58-24b-304.
563	(b) The provisions of Subsection (5)(a) apply, regardless of whether the individual is
564	participating in the supervised clinical training program for the purpose of becoming a
565	physical therapist or a physical therapist assistant.
566	Section 9. Section 58-24b-303 is enacted to read:
567	58-24b-303. Term of license Renewal Temporary license for physical
568	therapist assistant.
569	(1) A license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year
570	renewal cycle established by rule. The division may, by rule, extend or shorten a license
571	renewal process by one year in order to stagger the renewal cycles that the division
572	administers.
573	(2) At the time of license renewal, the licensee shall provide satisfactory evidence that
574	the licensee completed continuing education competency requirements, established by the
575	division, by rule.
576	(3) If a license renewal cycle is shortened or extended under Subsection (1), the
577	division shall increase or reduce the required continuing education competency requirements
578	accordingly.
579	(4) A license issued under this chapter expires on the expiration date indicated on the
580	license, unless the license is renewed under this section.
581	(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the division may, by rule,
582	grant a temporary license, that expires on July 1, 2012, as a physical therapist assistant to an
583	individual who:
584	(a) was working as a physical therapist assistant in Utah before July 1, 2009; and
585	(b) complies with the requirements described in Subsections 58-24b-302(2)(a), (b),
586	(c), (f), and (g).
587	Section 10. Section 58-24b-304 is enacted to read:
588	58-24b-304. Exemptions from licensure.
589	(1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure described in Section 58-1-307, as

590	modified by Subsection 58-24b-302(5), a person may engage in acts that constitute the
591	practice of physical therapy without a license issued under this chapter if:
592	(a) the person is licensed under another law of the state to engage in acts that
593	constitute the practice of physical therapy if that person does not:
594	(i) claim to be a physical therapist;
595	(ii) claim to be a provider of any type of physical therapy that is outside of the scope
596	of practice of the license that is issued to the person; or
597	(iii) engage in any acts that constitute the practice of physical therapy that are outside
598	of the scope of practice of the license that is issued to the person;
599	(b) the person practices physical therapy, under federal law, in:
500	(i) the United States armed services;
501	(ii) the United States Public Health Service; or
502	(iii) the Veteran's Administration;
503	(c) the person is:
504	(i) licensed as a physical therapist in:
505	(A) a state, district, or territory of the United States, other than Utah; or
606	(B) a country other than the United States; and
507	(ii) (A) teaching, demonstrating, or providing physical therapy in connection with an
608	educational seminar, if the person engages in this conduct in Utah no more than 60 days per
509	calendar year;
510	(B) practicing physical therapy directly related to the person's employment with, or
511	contract with, an established athletic team, athletic organization, or performing arts company
512	that plays, practices, competes, or performs in Utah no more than 60 days per calendar year; or
513	(C) providing consultation by telecommunication to a physical therapist;
514	(d) the person:
515	(i) (A) is licensed as a physical therapist assistant under federal law; and
616	(B) practices within the scope of practice authorized by federal law for a physical
517	therapist assistant; or

618	(ii) (A) is licensed as a physical therapist assistant in:
619	(I) a state, district, or territory of the United States, other than Utah; or
620	(II) a country other than the United States; and
621	(B) (I) practices within the scope of practice authorized for a physical therapist
622	assistant by the jurisdiction described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A); and
623	(II) within the limitations for the practice of physical therapy described in Subsection
624	(1)(c)(ii); or
625	(e) the person:
626	(i) is a physician, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
627	(ii) is a physician, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
628	Practice Act; or
629	(iii) is a chiropractic physician, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic
630	Physician Practice Act.
631	(2) A person who is exempted from licensure under Subsection (1)(b) may practice
632	animal physical therapy without a license under this section if the person:
633	(a) is authorized to practice animal physical therapy under federal law; and
634	(b) practices animal physical therapy within the scope of practice authorized by
635	<u>federal law.</u>
636	(3) A person who is exempted from licensure under Subsection (1)(c) may practice
637	animal physical therapy without a license under this section if the person:
638	(a) is authorized to practice animal physical therapy in:
639	(i) a state, district, or territory of the United States, other than Utah; or
640	(ii) a country other than the United States; and
641	(b) practices animal physical therapy:
642	(i) within the scope of practice for the jurisdiction described in Subsection (3)(a)
643	where the person is authorized to practice animal physical therapy; and
644	(ii) within the limitations for the practice of physical therapy described in Subsection
645	(1)(c)(ii).

646	Section 11. Section 58-24b-305 is enacted to read:
647	58-24b-305. License denial Discipline Cease and desist order.
648	In accordance with Section 58-1-401, the division may:
649	(1) refuse to issue a license to an applicant;
650	(2) refuse to renew a license;
651	(3) revoke, suspend, or restrict a license;
652	(4) place a license on probation;
653	(5) issue a public or private reprimand to a licensee; or
654	(6) issue a cease and desist order.
655	Section 12. Section 58-24b-401 is enacted to read:
656	Part 4. Practice of Physical Therapy
657	58-24b-401. Authority and ethical standards of a licensed physical therapist and
658	licensed physical therapist assistant Function of a physical therapy aide.
659	(1) A licensed physical therapist:
660	(a) is fully authorized to practice physical therapy; and
661	(b) shall adhere to the standards of ethics described in:
662	(i) the American Physical Therapy Association's Code of Ethics and Guide for
663	Professional Conduct; and
664	(ii) rule.
665	(2) A licensed physical therapist assistant:
666	(a) is authorized to practice physical therapy:
667	(i) under the on-site supervision or general supervision of a licensed physical therapist;
668	<u>and</u>
669	(ii) within the scope of practice of a licensed physical therapist assistant, as described
670	in this chapter and by rule;
671	(b) shall adhere to the standards of ethics described in:
672	(i) the American Physical Therapy Association's Code of Ethics and Guide for
673	Professional Conduct; and

674	(ii) rule; and
675	(c) may not be supervised by any person other than a licensed physical therapist.
676	(3) (a) A physical therapy aide may not engage in the practice of physical therapy.
677	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a physical therapy aide may provide routine
678	assistance to:
679	(i) a licensed physical therapist while the licensed physical therapist engages in the
680	practice of physical therapy, if the physical therapy aide is under the on-site supervision of the
681	licensed physical therapist; or
682	(ii) a licensed physical therapist assistant while the licensed physical therapist
683	assistant engages in the practice of physical therapy, within the scope of the licensed physical
684	therapist assistant's license, if the physical therapy aide is:
685	(A) under the general or on-site supervision of a licensed physical therapist; and
686	(B) under the on-site supervision of the licensed physical therapist assistant.
687	Section 13. Section 58-24b-402 is enacted to read:
688	58-24b-402. Patient care and management.
689	(1) In practicing physical therapy, a licensed physical therapist shall:
690	(a) manage all aspects of the physical therapy of a patient under the licensed physical
691	therapist's care;
692	(b) perform the initial evaluation and documentation for each patient;
693	(c) perform periodic reevaluation and documentation for each patient;
694	(d) perform physical therapy interventions that require immediate and continuous
695	examination and evaluation throughout the intervention;
696	(e) perform all therapeutic intervention on a patient that is outside of the standard
697	scope of practice of a licensed physical therapist assistant or a physical therapy aide;
698	(f) determine the therapeutic intervention to be performed by a licensed physical
	(-/
699	therapist assistant under the on-site supervision or general supervision of the licensed physical
699 700	

702	(g) conduct the discharge of each patient and document for each patient, at the time of
703	discharge, the patient's response to therapeutic intervention; and
704	(h) provide accurate documentation of the billing and services provided.
705	(2) A physical therapist assistant or a physical therapy aide may not:
706	(a) perform a physical therapy evaluation or assessment;
707	(b) identify or label a physical impairment or injury;
708	(c) design a plan of care for a patient;
709	(d) perform the joint mobilization component of manual therapy; or
710	(e) perform the sharp selective debridement component of wound management.
711	(3) Subsection (2)(d) does not apply to:
712	(a) simple joint distraction techniques or stretching; or
713	(b) a stretch or mobilization that can be given as part of a home exercise program.
714	Section 14. Section 58-24b-403 is enacted to read:
715	58-24b-403. Administration of a prescription drug.
716	(1) A licensed physical therapist may purchase, store, and administer topical and
717	aerosol medications that require a prescription only as provided in this section.
718	(2) A licensed physical therapist may purchase, store, and administer:
719	(a) topically applied medicinal agents, including steroids and analgesics, for wound
720	care and for musculoskeletal treatment, using iontophoresis or phonorphoresis; and
721	(b) aerosols for pulmonary hygiene in an institutional setting, if a licensed respiratory
722	therapist is not available in, or within a ten mile radius of, the institution.
723	(3) A licensed physical therapist may only purchase, store, or administer a medication
724	described in this section pursuant to a written prescription issued by a practitioner who is
725	licensed to prescribe that medication.
726	(4) This section does not authorize a licensed physical therapist to dispense a
727	prescription drug.
728	Section 15. Section 58-24b-404 is enacted to read:
729	58-24b-404. Supervision of a licensed physical therapist assistant or a physical

730	therapy aide.
731	The division shall make rules that describe the circumstances under which general
732	supervision or on-site supervision of a physical therapist assistant or a physical therapy aide is
733	required.
734	Section 16. Section 58-24b-405 is enacted to read:
735	58-24b-405. Animal physical therapy.
736	(1) Subject to Subsection 58-28-307(12)(b), a licensed physical therapist may practice
737	animal physical therapy if the licensed physical therapist completes at least 100 hours of
738	animal physical therapy training and education, which shall include:
739	(a) 50 hours of on-the-job training under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian;
740	(b) completion of a quadruped anatomy course; and
741	(c) continuing education for the required hours remaining.
742	(2) Subject to Subsection 58-28-307(12)(b), a licensed physical therapist assistant
743	may practice animal physical therapy, within the scope of the licensed physical therapist
744	assistant's practice, if the licensed physical therapist assistant:
745	(a) is under the on-site supervision or general supervision of a physical therapist who
746	has complied with the requirements of Subsection (1); and
747	(b) completes at least 100 hours of animal physical therapy training and education,
748	which shall include:
749	(i) 50 hours of on-the-job training under the supervision of a licensed veterinarian;
750	(ii) completion of a quadruped anatomy course; and
751	(iii) continuing education for the required hours remaining.
752	Section 17. Section 58-24b-501 is enacted to read:
753	Part 5. Unlawful and Unprofessional Conduct
754	58-24b-501. Unlawful conduct.
755	In addition to the conduct described in Subsection 58-1-501(1), "unlawful conduct"
756	<u>includes:</u>
757	(1) practicing physical therapy, unless the person:

758	(a) is licensed under this chapter to practice physical therapy and practices within the
759	scope of that license; or
760	(b) is exempt from licensure under Section 58-24b-304;
761	(2) practicing animal physical therapy, unless the person is:
762	(a) authorized to practice animal physical therapy under Section 58-24b-405; or
763	(b) authorized to practice animal physical therapy under Subsection 58-24b-304(1)(a)
764	(2), or (3);
765	(3) representing oneself as, or using the title of, a physical therapist, unless the person
766	<u>is:</u>
767	(a) a licensed physical therapist; or
768	(b) (i) licensed as a physical therapist in a jurisdiction other than Utah;
769	(ii) does not represent oneself as being a physical therapist licensed in Utah; and
770	(iii) exempt from licensure under Section 58-24b-304;
771	(4) representing oneself as, or using the title of, a physical therapist assistant, unless
772	the person:
773	(a) is a licensed physical therapist assistant; or
774	(b) (i) is licensed as a physical therapist assistant in a jurisdiction other than Utah;
775	(ii) does not represent oneself as being a physical therapist assistant licensed in Utah;
776	<u>and</u>
777	(iii) is exempt from licensure under Section 58-24b-304; and
778	(5) conduct designated as "unlawful conduct" by the division, by rule.
779	Section 18. Section 58-24b-502 is enacted to read:
780	58-24b-502. Unprofessional conduct.
781	In addition to the conduct described in Subsection 58-1-501(2), "unprofessional
782	conduct" includes:
783	(1) using or employing the services of an individual to assist a person licensed under
784	this chapter in a manner that is not in accordance with:
785	(a) generally recognized practices, standards, or ethics of the profession for which the

786	person is licensed; or
787	(b) the requirements of this chapter or rule;
788	(2) failure by a person licensed under this chapter to confine the person's conduct to
789	that which:
790	(a) the person is competent to perform, by education, training, and experience; and
791	(b) is within the scope of practice permitted under this chapter or rule;
792	(3) failure to supervise a licensed physical therapist assistant or a physical therapy aide
793	in accordance with the requirements of this chapter or rule; and
794	(4) other conduct defined as "unprofessional conduct" by the division, by rule.
795	Section 19. Section 58-24b-503 is enacted to read:
796	58-24b-503. Lawful and unlawful use of titles and terms Unlawful advertising
797	or promotion.
798	(1) A person who is a licensed physical therapist shall use the letters "PT" in
799	connection with the person's name or business in order to indicate that the person is a licensed
800	physical therapist.
801	(2) A person who is a licensed physical therapist assistant shall use the letters "PTA"
802	in connection with the person's name or business in order to indicate that the person is a
803	licensed physical therapist assistant.
804	(3) It is unlawful for a person who is not a licensed physical therapist, a licensed
805	physical therapist assistant, or a person described in Subsection 58-24b-304(1)(e) to:
806	(a) use, in connection with the person's name or business, any of the following words
807	or abbreviations:
808	(i) physical therapy, except to the extent that the word is used to describe conduct that
809	a person is licensed to engage in under another law of the state;
810	(ii) physiotherapy; or
811	(iii) any other word, abbreviation, or insignia, indicating or implying, directly or
812	indirectly, that the person practices physical therapy; or
813	(b) offer, provide, or bill a person for:

814	(i) physical therapy services or anything that is characterized as physical therapy
815	services; or
816	(ii) physiotherapy services or anything that is characterized as physiotherapy services.
817	(4) It is unlawful for a person who is not a licensed physical therapist to:
818	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6), use, in connection with the person's name or
819	business, any of the following words or abbreviations:
820	(i) physical therapist;
821	(ii) physiotherapist;
822	(iii) PT;
823	(iv) DPT;
824	(v) MPT; or
825	(vi) any other word, abbreviation, or insignia, indicating or implying, directly or
826	indirectly, that the person is a physical therapist or physiotherapist;
827	(b) advertise that a person who is not a licensed physical therapist is a physical
828	therapist or physiotherapist; or
829	(c) promote a person who is not a licensed physical therapist as a physical therapist or
830	physiotherapist.
831	(5) It is unlawful for a person who is not a licensed physical therapist assistant to:
832	(a) use, in connection with the person's name or business, any of the following words
833	or abbreviations:
834	(i) physical therapist assistant;
835	(ii) physiotherapist assistant;
836	(iii) PTA; or
837	(iv) any other word, abbreviation, or insignia, indicating or implying, directly or
838	indirectly, that the person is a physical therapist assistant or a physiotherapist assistant;
839	(b) advertise that a person who is not a licensed physical therapist assistant is a
840	physical therapist assistant or a physiotherapist assistant; or
841	(c) promote a person who is not a licensed physical therapist assistant as a physical

842	therapist assistant or physiotherapist assistant.
843	(6) Subsection (4)(a) does not prohibit a person from using a word or abbreviation
844	described in Subsection (4)(a) in connection with the person's business, if the person employs
845	a physical therapist at the person's business.
846	Section 20. Section 58-24b-504 is enacted to read:
847	58-24b-504. Reporting unlawful or unprofessional conduct Immunity
848	Confidentiality.
849	(1) A person who is aware that a person who is licensed under this chapter has
850	violated a provision of this chapter, or a rule made pursuant to this chapter, shall report the
851	violation to the division.
852	(2) A person who makes a good faith report under Subsection (1) is immune from
853	direct or derivative civil liability for making the report.
854	(3) The division, the board, or a member of the division or the board, may not disclose
855	the identity of a person who makes a report under this section, unless the disclosure is:
856	(a) essential to the conduct of an investigation or hearing; or
857	(b) ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
858	Section 21. Section 58-28-307 is amended to read:
859	58-28-307. Exemptions from chapter.
860	In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307 this chapter does not
861	apply to:
862	(1) any person who practices veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry upon any
863	animal owned by him, and the employee of that person when the practice is upon an animal
864	owned by his employer, and incidental to his employment, except:
865	(a) this exemption does not apply to any person, or his employee, when the ownership
866	of an animal was acquired for the purpose of circumventing this chapter; and
867	(b) this exemption does not apply to the administration, dispensing, or prescribing of a
868	prescription drug, or nonprescription drug intended for off label use, unless the administration,
869	dispensing, or prescribing of the drug is obtained through an existing veterinarian-patient

870	relation	ship;
-----	----------	-------

(2) any person who as a student at a veterinary college approved by the board engages in the practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, and dentistry as part of his academic training and under the direct supervision and control of a licensed veterinarian, if that practice is during the last two years of the college course of instruction and does not exceed an 18-month duration;

- (3) a veterinarian who is an officer or employee of the government of the United States, or the state, or its political subdivisions, and technicians under his supervision, while engaged in the practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry for that government;
- (4) any person while engaged in the vaccination of poultry, pullorum testing, typhoid testing of poultry, and related poultry disease control activity;
- (5) any person who is engaged in bona fide and legitimate medical, dental, pharmaceutical, or other scientific research, if that practice of veterinary medicine, surgery, or dentistry is directly related to, and a necessary part of, that research;
- (6) veterinarians licensed under the laws of another state rendering professional services in association with licensed veterinarians of this state for a period not to exceed 90 days;
- (7) registered pharmacists of this state engaged in the sale of veterinary supplies, instruments, and medicines, if the sale is at his regular place of business;
- (8) any person in this state engaged in the sale of veterinary supplies, instruments, and medicines, except prescription drugs which must be sold in compliance with state and federal regulations, if the supplies, instruments, and medicines are sold in original packages bearing adequate identification and directions for application and administration and the sale is made in the regular course of, and at the regular place of business;
- (9) any person rendering emergency first aid to animals in those areas where a licensed veterinarian is not available, and if suspicious reportable diseases are reported immediately to the state veterinarian;
 - (10) any person performing or teaching nonsurgical bovine artificial insemination;

(11) any person affiliated with an institution of higher education who teaches nonsurgical bovine embryo transfer or any technician trained by or approved by an institution of higher education who performs nonsurgical bovine embryo transfer, but only if any prescription drug used in the procedure is prescribed and administered under the direction of a veterinarian licensed to practice in Utah;

- (12) (a) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of animal chiropractic by a chiropractic physician licensed under Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician Practice Act, who has completed an animal chiropractic course approved by the American Veterinary Chiropractic Association or the division;
- (b) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of animal physical therapy by a physical therapist licensed under Chapter [24a, Physical Therapist] 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act, who has completed at least 100 hours of animal physical therapy training, including quadruped anatomy and hands-on training, approved by the division;
- (c) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of animal massage therapy by a massage therapist licensed under Chapter 47b, Massage Therapy Practice Act, who has completed at least 60 hours of animal massage therapy training, including quadruped anatomy and hands-on training, approved by the division; and
- (d) upon written referral by a licensed veterinarian, the practice of acupuncture by an acupuncturist licensed under Chapter 72, Acupuncture Licensing Act, who has completed a course of study on animal acupuncture approved by the division;
- (13) unlicensed assistive personnel performing duties appropriately delegated to the unlicensed assistive personnel in accordance with Section 58-28-502;
 - (14) an animal shelter employee who is:

- (a) acting under the indirect supervision of a licensed veterinarian; and
- (b) performing animal euthanasia in the course and scope of employment; and
- (15) an individual providing appropriate training for animals, however, this exception does not include diagnosing any medical condition, or prescribing or dispensing any prescription drugs or therapeutics.

S.B. 137	Enrolled Copy
Section 22. Section 58-47b-304 is amended to read:	

926	Section 22. Section 58-47b-304 is amended to read:
927	58-47b-304. Exemptions from licensure.
928	(1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following
929	individuals may engage in the practice of massage therapy as defined under this chapter,
930	subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed, but may not
931	represent themselves as a massage therapist or massage apprentice:
932	(a) physicians and surgeons licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical
933	Practice Act;
934	(b) nurses licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or under Title 58,
935	Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
936	(c) physical therapists licensed under Title 58, Chapter [24a, Physical Therapist] 24b,
937	Physical Therapy Practice Act;
938	(d) physical therapist assistants licensed under Title 58, Chapter 24b, Physical
939	Therapy Practice Act, while under the general supervision of a physical therapist;
940	[(d)] (e) osteopathic physicians and surgeons licensed under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah
941	Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
942	[(e)] (f) chiropractic physicians licensed under Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic
943	Physician Practice Act;
944	[(f)] (g) hospital staff members employed by a hospital who practice massage as part
945	of their responsibilities;
946	[(g)] (h) athletic trainers who practice massage as part of their responsibilities while
947	employed by an educational institution or an athletic team that participates in organized sports
948	competition;
949	[(h)] (i) students in training enrolled in a massage therapy school approved by the
950	division;
951	[(i)] (j) naturopathic physicians licensed under Title 58, Chapter 71, Naturopathic
952	Physician Practice Act;
953	[(i)] (k) occupational therapist licensed under Title 58. Chapter 42a, Occupational

954	Therapy Practice Act; and
955	[(k)] (1) persons performing gratuitous massage.
956	(2) This chapter may not be construed to authorize any individual licensed under this
957	chapter to engage in any manner in the practice of medicine as defined by the laws of this
958	state.
959	(3) This chapter may not be construed to:
960	(a) create or require insurance coverage or reimbursement for massage therapy from
961	third party payors if this type of coverage did not exist on or before February 15, 1990; or
962	(b) prevent any insurance carrier from offering coverage for massage therapy.
963	Section 23. Section 78B-3-403 is amended to read:
964	78B-3-403. Definitions.
965	As used in this part:
966	(1) "Audiologist" means a person licensed to practice audiology under Title 58,
967	Chapter 41, Speech-language Pathology and Audiology Licensing Act.
968	(2) "Certified social worker" means a person licensed to practice as a certified social
969	worker under Section 58-60-205.
970	(3) "Chiropractic physician" means a person licensed to practice chiropractic under
971	Title 58, Chapter 73, Chiropractic Physician Practice Act.
972	(4) "Clinical social worker" means a person licensed to practice as a clinical social
973	worker under Section 58-60-205.
974	(5) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance as provided in Section
975	31A-2-102.
976	(6) "Dental hygienist" means a person licensed to <u>engage in the</u> practice <u>of</u> dental
977	hygiene as defined in Section 58-69-102.
978	(7) "Dentist" means a person licensed to <u>engage in the</u> practice <u>of</u> dentistry as defined
979	in Section 58-69-102.
980	(8) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing created

981

in Section 58-1-103.

(9) "Future damages" includes a judgment creditor's damages for future medical treatment, care or custody, loss of future earnings, loss of bodily function, or future pain and suffering.

- (10) "Health care" means any act or treatment performed or furnished, or which should have been performed or furnished, by any health care provider for, to, or on behalf of a patient during the patient's medical care, treatment, or confinement.
- (11) "Health care facility" means general acute hospitals, specialty hospitals, home health agencies, hospices, nursing care facilities, assisted living facilities, birthing centers, ambulatory surgical facilities, small health care facilities, health care facilities owned or operated by health maintenance organizations, and end stage renal disease facilities.
- (12) "Health care provider" includes any person, partnership, association, corporation, or other facility or institution who causes to be rendered or who renders health care or professional services as a hospital, health care facility, physician, registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, nurse-midwife, licensed Direct-entry midwife, dentist, dental hygienist, optometrist, clinical laboratory technologist, pharmacist, physical therapist, physical therapist assistant, podiatric physician, psychologist, chiropractic physician, naturopathic physician, osteopathic physician and surgeon, audiologist, speech-language pathologist, clinical social worker, certified social worker, social service worker, marriage and family counselor, practitioner of obstetrics, or others rendering similar care and services relating to or arising out of the health needs of persons or groups of persons and officers, employees, or agents of any of the above acting in the course and scope of their employment.
- (13) "Hospital" means a public or private institution licensed under Title 26, Chapter21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act.
- (14) "Licensed Direct-entry midwife" means a person licensed under the Direct-entry Midwife Act to <u>engage in the practice of direct-entry</u> midwifery as defined in Section 58-77-102.
- (15) "Licensed practical nurse" means a person licensed to practice as a licensed practical nurse as provided in Section 58-31b-301.

1037

1010	(16) "Malpractice action against a health care provider" means any action against a
1011	health care provider, whether in contract, tort, breach of warranty, wrongful death, or
1012	otherwise, based upon alleged personal injuries relating to or arising out of health care
1013	rendered or which should have been rendered by the health care provider.
1014	(17) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person licensed to practice as a marriage
1015	therapist or family therapist under Sections 58-60-305 and 58-60-405.
1016	(18) "Naturopathic physician" means a person licensed to engage in the practice
1017	[naturopathy] of naturopathic medicine as defined in Section 58-71-102.
1018	(19) "Nurse-midwife" means a person licensed to engage in practice as a nurse
1019	midwife under Section 58-44a-301.
1020	(20) "Optometrist" means a person licensed to practice optometry under Title 58,
1021	Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act.
1022	(21) "Osteopathic physician" means a person licensed to practice osteopathy under
1023	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
1024	(22) "Patient" means a person who is under the care of a health care provider, under a
1025	contract, express or implied.
1026	(23) "Periodic payments" means the payment of money or delivery of other property to
1027	a judgment creditor at intervals ordered by the court.
1028	(24) "Pharmacist" means a person licensed to practice pharmacy as provided in
1029	Section 58-17b-301.
1030	(25) "Physical therapist" means a person licensed to practice physical therapy under
1031	Title 58, Chapter [24a, Physical Therapist] 24b, Physical Therapy Practice Act.
1032	(26) "Physical therapist assistant" means a person licensed to practice physical
1033	therapy, within the scope of a physical therapist assistant license, under Title 58, Chapter 24b,
1034	Physical Therapy Practice Act.
1035	[(26)] (27) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery
1036	under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act.

[(27)] (28) "Podiatric physician" means a person licensed to practice podiatry under

1038	Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act.
1039	[(28)] (29) "Practitioner of obstetrics" means a person licensed to practice as a
1040	physician in this state under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or under Title
1041	58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act.
1042	[(29)] (30) "Psychologist" means a person licensed under Title 58, Chapter 61,
1043	Psychologist Licensing Act, to engage in the practice of psychology as defined in Section
1044	58-61-102.
1045	[(30)] (31) "Registered nurse" means a person licensed to practice professional
1046	nursing as provided in Section 58-31b-301.
1047	[(31)] (32) "Relative" means a patient's spouse, parent, grandparent, stepfather,
1048	stepmother, child, grandchild, brother, sister, half brother, half sister, or spouse's parents. The
1049	term includes relationships that are created as a result of adoption.
1050	[(32)] (33) "Representative" means the spouse, parent, guardian, trustee,
1051	attorney-in-fact, person designated to make decisions on behalf of a patient under a medical
1052	power of attorney, or other legal agent of the patient.
1053	[(33)] (34) "Social service worker" means a person licensed to practice as a social
1054	service worker under Section 58-60-205.
1055	[(34)] (35) "Speech-language pathologist" means a person licensed to practice
1056	speech-language pathology under Title 58, Chapter 41, Speech-language Pathology and
1057	Audiology Licensing Act.
1058	[(35)] (36) "Tort" means any legal wrong, breach of duty, or negligent or unlawful act
1059	or omission proximately causing injury or damage to another.
1060	[(36)] (37) "Unanticipated outcome" means the outcome of a medical treatment or
1061	procedure that differs from an expected result.
1062	Section 24. Repealer.
1063	This bill repeals:
1064	Section 58-24a-101, Short title.
1065	Section 58-24a-102, Definitions.

1066	Section 58-24a-103, Tests performed by physical therapists.
1067	Section 58-24a-104, Physical agents and physical activities.
1068	Section 58-24a-105, Administration of agents Limitation.
1069	Section 58-24a-106, Examinations and evaluations.
1070	Section 58-24a-107, Prohibitions.
1071	Section 58-24a-108, Licensing board.
1072	Section 58-24a-109, Authority to practice physical therapy Licensure.
1073	Section 58-24a-110, Exemption from licensure.
1074	Section 58-24a-111, Term of license Renewal expiration.
1075	Section 58-24a-112, Physical therapist supervisory authority and responsibility.
1076	Section 58-24a-114, Grounds for denial of license Disciplinary proceedings.
1077	Section 25. Effective date.
1078	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2009.