1	CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT PROGRAM	
2	AMENDMENTS	
3	2009 GENERAL SESSION	
4	STATE OF UTAH	
5	Chief Sponsor: Margaret Dayton	
6	House Sponsor:	
7 8	LONG TITLE	
9	General Description:	
10	This bill modifies concurrent enrollment programs provisions.	
11	Highlighted Provisions:	
12	This bill:	
13	 modifies requirements governing concurrent enrollment programs and courses; 	
14	 modifies the distribution of concurrent enrollment appropriations; 	
15	 requires the State Board of Regents to annually report to the Higher Education 	
16	Appropriations Subcommittee on concurrent enrollment participation and growth;	
17	 authorizes the State Board of Regents to establish a concurrent honors program and 	
18	charge student fees for participation in the program; and	
19	 makes technical corrections. 	
20	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:	
21	None	
22	Other Special Clauses:	
23	None	
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:	
25	AMENDS:	
26	53A-15-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 368	
27	53A-17a-120.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 368	



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28	ENACTS :

29	53B-8-112 , Utah Code Annotated	1953
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **53A-15-101** is amended to read:

53A-15-101. Higher education courses in the public schools -- Cooperation between public and higher education.

- (1) The State Board of Education in collaboration with the State Board of Regents shall implement:
- (a) a curriculum program and delivery system which allows students the option to complete high school graduation requirements and prepares them to meet college admission requirements at the conclusion of the eleventh grade, but does not preclude a student involved in accelerated learning programs from graduating at an earlier time;
- (b) a program of selected college credit courses in general and career and technical education which would be made available in cooperation with the State Board of Regents, as resources allow, through concurrent enrollment with one or more of the state's institutions of higher education;
- (c) a course of study for a student who decides to continue on through the twelfth grade that would allow the student to take courses necessary to graduate from high school, and at the student's option, to become better prepared for the world of work, or complete selected college level courses corresponding to the first and second year of course work at a university, college, or community college in the state system of higher education; and
- (d) a program for advanced placement which permits students to earn high school credits while qualifying to take advanced placement examinations for college credit.
- (2) The delivery system and curriculum program shall be designed and implemented to take full advantage of the most current available educational technology.
 - (3) The State Board of Regents shall adopt rules to ensure the following:
- (a) early high school graduates who are academically prepared and meet college admission requirements may be enrolled in one of the state's institutions of higher education;
- (b) college credit courses are taught in high school concurrent enrollment or advanced placement programs by college or university faculty or public school educators under the

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59	following conditions:
60	(i) an appropriate assessment is given to high school students prior to participation in
61	concurrent enrollment to ensure that students are prepared for college level work;
62	[(ii) public school educators in concurrent enrollment programs must first be
63	approved as adjunct faculty and supervised by a state institution of higher education;
64	[(iii)] (iii) teaching is done through live classroom instruction or telecommunications;
65	[and]
66	(iv) collaboration among institutions to provide opportunities for general education and
67	high demand career and technical education concurrent enrollment courses to be offered
68	statewide, including via technology;
69	[(iii)] (v) course content, procedures, and teaching materials in concurrent enrollment
70	programs are approved by the appropriate department or program at an institution of higher
71	education in order to ensure quality and comparability with courses offered on college and
72	university campuses; and
73	(vi) concurrent enrollment may not include high school courses that are typically
74	offered in grades 9 or 10; and
75	(c) college credits obtained under this section shall be accepted for transfer of credit
76	purposes as if they had been obtained at any public institution of higher education within the
77	state system.
78	(4) College-level courses taught in the high school carry the same credit hour value as
79	when taught on a college or university campus and apply toward graduation on the same basis
80	as courses taught at an institution of higher education to which the credits are submitted.
81	(5) The State Board of Education shall provide students in the public schools with the
82	option of accelerating their educational program and graduating at the conclusion of the
83	eleventh grade.
84	(6) (a) The State Board of Education and State Board of Regents shall work in close
85	cooperation in developing, implementing, and evaluating the program established under this
86	section.
87	(b) (i) Each high school shall receive its proportional share of concurrent enrollment
88	monies appropriated or allocated pursuant to Section 53A-17a-120.5 based upon the hours of

higher education course work undertaken by students at the school under Subsections (1)(b)

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90	and (1)(c) as compared to the state total.
91	(ii) School districts shall contract with institutions of higher education to provide the
92	higher education services required under this section.
93	(iii) (A) Higher education tuition and fees may not be charged for participation in this
94	program, except that each institution within the state's higher education system may charge a
95	one-time per student per institution admissions application fee for concurrent enrollment
96	course credit offered by the institution.
97	(B) Payment of the fee under Subsection (6)(b)(iii)(A) satisfies the general admissions
98	application fee requirement for a full-time or part-time student at an institution so that no
99	additional admissions application fee may be charged by the institution.
100	Section 2. Section 53A-17a-120.5 is amended to read:
101	53A-17a-120.5. Appropriation for concurrent enrollment.
102	(1) Money appropriated to the State Board of Education in Section 53A-17a-104 for
103	concurrent enrollment shall be allocated as follows:
104	(a) for courses that are taught by public school educators:
105	$[\underbrace{(a)}]$ (i) 60% of the monies shall be allocated to local school boards and charter
106	schools; and
107	(ii) 40% of the monies shall be allocated to the State Board of Regents; and
108	(b) for courses that are taught by college or university faculty:
109	(i) 40% of the monies shall be allocated to local school boards and charter schools; and
110	[(b) 40%] (ii) 60% of the monies shall be allocated to the State Board of Regents.
111	(2) The State Board of Education shall make rules providing that a school participating
112	in the concurrent enrollment programs offered under Section 53A-15-101 shall receive an
113	allocation from the monies described in Subsection $(1)[\frac{1}{2}]$ as provided in Section 53A-15-101.
114	(3) The State Board of Regents shall make rules providing that an institution of higher
115	education participating in the concurrent enrollment programs offered under [Sections] Sections

- (4) Each year the Legislature shall increase the money appropriated to the State Board of Education in Section 53A-17a-104 for concurrent enrollment based on:
- (a) enrollment growth in concurrent enrollment from additional students enrolled,

53A-15-101 and 53B-8-112 shall receive an allocation from the monies described in

Subsection (1)[(b)] as provided in the rules.

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121	courses offered, and credit hours taken; and
122	(b) the percentage increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit.
123	(5) (a) The State Board of Education and the State Board of Regents shall annually
124	report to the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee:
125	[(a)] (i) an accounting of the money appropriated for concurrent enrollment; and
126	[(b)] (ii) a justification of the split described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b).
127	(b) The State Board of Regents shall annually report to the Higher Education
128	Appropriations Subcommittee on concurrent enrollment participation and growth, including
129	data on what higher education tuition would have been charged for the hours of concurrent
130	enrollment credit granted.
131	(6) In order to qualify for funds under this section, a concurrent enrollment program
132	shall comply with the requirements described in Section 53A-15-101, including rules adopted
133	in accordance with Subsection 53A-15-101(3).
134	Section 3. Section 53B-8-112 is enacted to read:
135	53B-8-112. Concurrent honors program Fees Low income student
136	scholarship program.
137	(1) As used in this section, "program" means the concurrent honors program.
138	(2) The board may establish a concurrent honors program.
139	(3) The program:
140	(a) may initially be established as a pilot program in one or two high schools per
141	institution of higher education;
142	(b) shall include:
143	(i) offerings of the basic concurrent enrollment programs described under Section
144	53A-15-101; and
145	(ii) additional offerings, including an enhanced orientation to higher education course
146	counseling, summer experiences, field trips, and specialized courses;
147	(c) shall concentrate on science, technology, engineering, and mathematics; and
148	(d) may charge a fee for participation in the program.
149	(4) The board shall:
150	(a) approve each additional offering described under Subsection (3)(b)(ii);
151	(b) approve the fee for the program described under Subsection (3)(d); and

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(c) establish a scholarship program to assist low income student participation in the
 program.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-3-09 2:54 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

S.B. 81 - Concurrent Enrollment Program Amendments

Fiscal Note

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/9/2009, 11:23:04 AM, Lead Analyst: Leishman, B.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst