1	U	TAH PUBLIC NOTICE WE	EBSITE
2		AMENDMENTS	
3		2009 GENERAL SESSION	
4		STATE OF UTAH	
5	C	hief Sponsor: Stephen H. U	rquhart
6		House Sponsor: Kevin S. C	Garn
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Cosponsors: Gregory S. Bell Curtis S. Bramble D. Chris Buttars Allen M. Christensen Margaret Dayton Brent H. Goodfellow	Jon J. Greiner David P. Hinkins Scott K. Jenkins Sheldon L. Killpack Daniel R. Liljenquist Mark B. Madsen	Karen W. Morgan Wayne L. Niederhauser Ralph Okerlund Luz Robles Howard A. Stephenson Michael G. Waddoups
14			
15	LONG TITLE		
16	General Description:		
17	This bill amends prov	visions of the Utah Public Notice We	ebsite.
18	Highlighted Provisions:		
19	This bill:		
20	amends provision	s of the Utah Public Notice Website	e to include posting legal
21	notices; and		
22	makes technical c	orrections.	
23	Monies Appropriated in th	is Bill:	
24	None		
25	Other Special Clauses:		
26	This bill coordinates	with H.B. 67, Public Hearings on Pr	roperty Tax Increases by
27	providing substantive and tec	chnical changes.	



28	This bill coordinates with S.B. 65, Amendments to Property Tax Notice, Public
29	Hearing, and Resolution Provisions, by providing substantive, superseding, and
30	technical changes.
31	This bill coordinates with S.B. 73, Unincorporated Areas Amendments, by providing
32	substantive and technical changes
33	This bill coordinates with S.B. 209, Land Use, Development, and Management Act
34	Amendments, providing substantive and technical changes.
35	Utah Code Sections Affected:
36	AMENDS:
37	3-1-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 204
38	4-17-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1985, Chapter 18
39	4-30-5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
40	6-1-5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
41	7-1-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
42	7-1-706, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 91
43	7-1-709, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 49
14	7-2-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 200
45	7-7-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 327
46	8-5-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 123
1 7	9-3-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
48	9-8-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 241
19	10-2-108, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
50	10-2-111, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
51	10-2-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
52	10-2-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 1
53	10-2-116 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389
54	10-2-125, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 16 and 19
55	10-2-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
56	10-2-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 211
57	10-2-415, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 206
58	10-2-418 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 329 and 378

59	10-2-419, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
60	10-2-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 279
61	10-2-502.5, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 279
62	10-2-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
63	10-2-703, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
64	10-2-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48
65	10-3-818, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 250
66	10-5-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 178
67	10-6-113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 26
68	10-6-152, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 4
69	10-7-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 90
70	10-7-19 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	10-8-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3 and 382
72	10-9a-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
73	10-9a-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
74	10-9a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240
75	10-18-203, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 83
76	10-18-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
77	10-18-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 83
78	11-13-219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
79	11-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 83
80	11-14-315, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 83
81	11-14-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 83
82	11-14-318, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 21
83	11-14a-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
84	11-17-16, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Third Special Session, Chapter 1
85	11-27-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 43
86	11-27-5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 43
87	11-30-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 84
88	11-32-10, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 143
89	11-32-11, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 143

90	11-39-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
91	11-42-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
92	11-42-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
93	11-42-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
94	11-42-404, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
95	11-42-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
96	13-31-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 349
97	13-44-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 343
98	16-4-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 367
99	16-4-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 367
100	16-4-312, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 367
101	16-6a-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300
102	16-6a-704, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300
103	16-6a-814, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 228
104	16-6a-1407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 364
105	16-10a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 364
106	16-10a-1407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 364
107	16-16-1209, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 363
108	17-27a-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
109	17-27a-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
110	17-27a-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240
111	17-27a-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 250
112	17-27a-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
113	17-30-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 234
114	17-36-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 62
115	17-36-25 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 22
116	17-36-26 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1975, Chapter 22
117	17-36-40 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 73
118	17-41-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 194
119	17-41-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 194
120	17-41-405 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 194

121	17-52-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 241
122	17-53-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 192
123	17A-3-914, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 5
124	17A-3-915, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 186
125	17B-1-211, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
126	17B-1-304, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
127	17B-1-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 54, 182, and 360
128	17B-1-313, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
129	17B-1-413, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
130	17B-1-417, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
131	17B-1-512, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
132	17B-1-609, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
133	17B-1-643, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
134	17B-1-1204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
135	17B-1-1307, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
136	17C-1-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
137	17C-2-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
138	17C-2-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
139	17C-3-107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
140	17C-3-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
141	17C-4-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
142	17C-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 364
143	17C-4-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 359
144	17D-1-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
145	17D-2-601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
146	17D-3-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
147	19-2-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 112
148	19-5-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 112
149	19-6-712, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 283
150	20A-3-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 326
151	20A-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 53

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 208

03-11-09 12:39 PM

152	20A-3-604 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 264
153	20A-5-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapters 238 and 329
154	20A-5-405 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 75
155	20A-7-204.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 236
156	20A-9-203 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 13, 19, and 225
157	23-21-1.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 218
158	24-1-4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 296
159	26-8a-405.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
160	26-8a-406 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 213
161	26-19-6 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 72
162	31A-2-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 161
163	31A-27a-406 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
164	38-2-3.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
165	38-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1984, Chapter 66
166	38-13-204 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 187
167	39-1-15 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
168	40-6-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
169	40-8-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 194
170	40-8-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 161
171	40-8-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 35
172	40-10-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
173	40-10-17 (Subsect (2)(t)(ii) Repeal 09/30/09), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004,
174	Chapter 230
175	40-10-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 135
176	41-1a-1103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 56
177	47-2-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 75
178	48-2c-1306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 364
179	52-4-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 234 and 360
180	53A-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 375
181	53A-3-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 92
182	53A-18-104 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 2

183	53A-19-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 61, 231, and 236
184	53A-19-104 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 2
185	53B-3-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 116
186	53B-7-101.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 186
187	54-4-27 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
188	54-7-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 161
189	54-8-10 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1969, Chapter 157
190	54-8-16 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1969, Chapter 157
191	54-8-23 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1969, Chapter 157
192	57-1-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 209
193	57-11-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 86
194	59-2-918, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 61, 231, and 236
195	59-2-919, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 231 and 301
196	59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 61, 118, 231, 236, 330, 360,
197	and 382
198	59-2-926 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 330
199	59-2-1303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 207
200	59-2-1309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 360
201	59-2-1310 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 198
202	59-2-1332 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 143
203	59-2-1332.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 30
204	59-2-1351 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 75
205	59-12-402 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
206	59-12-1001, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
207	59-12-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 237, 382, and 384
208	63B-1-317, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 86
209	63B-1a-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 2
210	63B-2-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
211	63B-2-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
212	63B-3-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
213	63B-3-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105

214	63B-4-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
215	63B-5-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
216	63B-6-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
217	63B-6-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
218	63B-6-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
219	63B-7-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
220	63B-7-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
221	63B-7-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
222	63B-8-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
223	63B-8-216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
224	63B-8-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
225	63B-10-116 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
226	63B-11-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
227	63B-11-216 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
228	63B-11-316, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
229	63B-11-516 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
230	63C-7-306 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 136
231	63G-6-401 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
232	63G-9-303 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
233	63H-1-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
234	63H-1-701 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
235	63H-1-801 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 23
236	67-4a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 18
237	67-4a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 18
238	72-3-108 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 324
239	72-5-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 101
240	72-6-108 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
241	73-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 380 and 382
242	73-1-16 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
243	73-3-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 99
244	73-3-12 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 52 and 311

245	73-3a-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 99
246	73-4-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 136
247	73-4-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 136
248	73-4-9 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
249	73-5-14 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
250	73-5-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 360 and 382
251	73-6-2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
252	75-1-401 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 194
253	75-3-801 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 179
254	75-7-508, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 64
255	76-8-809 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
256	76-10-530, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 203
257	77-24a-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 126
258	78A-6-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
259	78B-5-613, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
260	ENACTS:
261	45-1-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
262	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
263	45-1-201 , (Renumbered from 45-1-1, Utah Code Annotated 1953)
264	45-1-202, (Renumbered from 45-1-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter
265	292)
266	45-1-301 , (Renumbered from 45-1-4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 108)
267	45-1-302 , (Renumbered from 45-1-5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 108)
268	45-1-303 , (Renumbered from 45-1-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 108)
269	45-1-304 , (Renumbered from 45-1-7, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1971, Chapter 108)
270	
271	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
272	Section 1. Section 3-1-7 is amended to read:
273	3-1-7. Amendments to articles of incorporation.
274	(1) An association may amend its articles of incorporation by the affirmative vote of a
275	majority of the members voting at:

276	(a) a regular meeting; or
277	(b) a special meeting called for that purpose.
278	(2) Written notice of the proposed amendment and of the time and place of the meeting
279	shall be provided to the members of the association by any one of the following procedures:
280	(a) by mail at the last-known address at least ten days prior to the meeting;
281	(b) by personal delivery at least ten days prior to the meeting; or
282	(c) by publication not less than ten days or more than 60 days prior to the meeting:
283	(i) in a periodical published by or for the association, to which substantially all of its
284	members are subscribers[;] or;
285	(ii) in a newspaper or newspapers whose combined circulation is general in the
286	territory in which the association operates[-]; and
287	(iii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
288	(3) In addition to one of the means set forth in Subsection (2), the association may give
289	notice by any method established pursuant to the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the
290	association.
291	(4) The bylaws may require that the notice period be longer than ten days.
292	(5) An amendment affecting the preferential rights of any outstanding preferred stock
293	may not be adopted until the written consent of the holders of a majority of the outstanding
294	preference shares has been obtained.
295	(6) After an amendment has been adopted, articles of amendment shall be:
296	(a) prepared, in duplicate, setting forth the amendment and the fact of the adoption;
297	(b) signed and acknowledged by the president, chair, vice president, or vice chair and
298	by the secretary or treasurer; and
299	(c) filed in the same manner as the original articles of incorporation.
300	Section 2. Section 4-17-7 is amended to read:
301	4-17-7. Notice of noxious weeds to be published annually in county Notice to
302	particular property owners to control noxious weeds Methods of prevention or control
303	specified Failure to control noxious weeds considered public nuisance.
304	(1) Each county weed control board before May 1 of each year shall post a general
305	notice of the noxious weeds within the county in at least three public places within the county
306	and publish the same notice on:

307	(a) at least three occasions in a newspaper or other publication of general circulation
308	within the county[-]; and
309	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
310	(2) If the county weed control board determines that particular property within the
311	county requires prompt and definite attention to prevent or control noxious weeds, it shall serve
312	the owner or the person in possession of the property, personally or by certified mail, a notice
313	specifying when and what action should be taken on the property. Methods of prevention or
314	control may include definite systems of tillage, cropping, use of chemicals, and use of
315	livestock.
316	(3) An owner or person in possession of property who fails to take action to control or
317	prevent the spread of noxious weeds as specified in the notice is maintaining a public nuisance.
318	Section 3. Section 4-30-5 is amended to read:
319	4-30-5. Hearing on license application Notice of hearing.
320	(1) Upon the filing of an application, the chairman of the Livestock Market Committee
321	shall set a time for hearing on the application in the city or town nearest the proposed site of the
322	livestock market and cause notice of the time and place of the hearing together with a copy of
323	the application to be forwarded by mail, not less than 15 days before the hearing date, to the
324	following:
325	(a) each licensed livestock market operator within the state; and
326	(b) each livestock or other interested association or group of persons in the state that
327	has filed written notice with the committee requesting receipt of notice of such hearings.
328	(2) Notice of the hearing shall be published 14 days before the scheduled hearing date:
329	(i) in a daily or weekly newspaper of general circulation within the city or town where
330	the hearing is scheduled[-]; and
331	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
332	Section 4. Section 6-1-5 is amended to read:
333	6-1-5. Notice of assignment.
334	The assignee shall forthwith give notice of such assignment [by publication in some]:
335	(1) (a) by publication once a week for six weeks:
336	(i) in a newspaper published in the county[;]; or[; if none;]
337	(ii) if there is not a newspaper as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), in a newspaper

338	[having] of general circulation [therein, which notice shall be published at least once a week
339	for six weeks; and shall forthwith send a notice] in the county; and
340	(b) by publication as required in Section 45-1-101 for six weeks; and
341	(2) by mail to each creditor of whom he shall be informed, directed to his usual place
342	of residence, requiring such creditor to present to him within three months thereafter his claims
343	under oath.
344	Section 5. Section 7-1-704 is amended to read:
345	7-1-704. Authorization required to engage in business Exemptions
346	Procedure.
347	(1) (a) An institution subject to the jurisdiction of the department may maintain an
348	office in this state or engage in the activities of a financial institution in this state only if it is
349	authorized to do so by the department.
350	(b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to:
351	(i) any person who is lawfully engaging in the activities of a financial institution in this
352	state on July 1, 1981, unless the institution was not subject to the jurisdiction of the department
353	before that date;
354	(ii) an application to establish a branch or additional office; or
355	(iii) the establishment of a service corporation or service organization.
356	(2) An applicant for authorization to become an institution subject to the jurisdiction of
357	the department shall pay to the department the appropriate filing fee, as provided in Section
358	7-1-401, and shall file with the commissioner:
359	(a) its undertaking to pay all expenses incurred in conducting any administrative
360	proceedings forming part of the department's consideration of the application;
361	(b) its proposed articles of incorporation and by-laws;
362	(c) an application in a form prescribed by the commissioner that includes all
363	information the commissioner requires about the source of the proposed original capital and
364	about the identity, personal history, business background and experience, financial condition,
365	and participation in any litigation or administrative proceeding of the organizers, the proposed
366	members of the board of directors, and the principal officers; and
367	(d) any other information the commissioner requires.
368	(3) In addition to the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures

- 369 Act, the commissioner shall, at the expense of the applicant:
 - (a) (i) give notice of the application by publication in three successive issues of a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the principal place of business is to be established; and
 - (ii) give notice of the application by publication as required in Section 45-1-101; and
 - (b) give notice of the application to other institutions subject to the jurisdiction of the department in a manner and to an extent the commissioner considers appropriate;
 - (c) cause the appropriate supervisor to make a careful investigation and examination of the following:
 - (i) the character, reputation, and financial standing and ability of the organizers;
 - (ii) the character, financial responsibility, experience, and business qualifications of those proposed as officers;
 - (iii) the character and standing in the community of those proposed as directors, principal stockholders, or owners;
 - (iv) the need in the service area where the institution would be located, giving particular consideration to the adequacy of existing financial facilities and the effect the proposed institution would have on existing institutions in the area;
 - (v) the ability of the proposed service area to support the proposed institution, including the extent and nature of existing competition, the economic history and future prospects of the community, and the opportunity for profitable employment of financial institution funds; and
 - (vi) other facts and circumstances bearing on the proposed institution that the supervisor considers relevant.
 - (4) (a) The supervisor shall submit findings and recommendations in writing to the commissioner.
 - (b) The application, any additional information furnished by the applicant, and the findings and recommendations of the supervisor may be inspected by any person at the department's office, except those portions of the application or report the commissioner declares to be confidential, pursuant to the applicant's request, in order to prevent a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy.
 - (5) (a) If a hearing is held, the applicant shall publish notice of the hearing at the

applicant's expense:

- (i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county where the proposed institution is to be located at least once a week for three successive weeks before the date of hearing[-]; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101 for three weeks before the date of the hearing.
- (b) The notice shall include the date, time, and place of the hearing and any other information required by the commissioner.
- (c) The commissioner shall act on the record before him within 30 days after receipt of the transcript of the hearing.
- (6) If no hearing is held, the commissioner may, within 90 days of acceptance of the application as complete, approve or disapprove the application based on the papers filed with him, together with the supervisor's findings and recommendations.
- (7) (a) The commissioner may not approve the application unless the commissioner finds that the applicant has established by the preponderance of the evidence that:
- (i) in light of the need for financial services in the area, the adequacy of existing facilities, and the effect the proposed institution would have on existing institutions in the area, the public need and convenience will be promoted by the establishment of the proposed institution;
- (ii) in light of the ability of the proposed service area to support the proposed institution, including the extent and nature of existing competition, the economic history and future prospects of the community, and the opportunity for profitable employment of financial institution funds, conditions in the service area in which the proposed institution would transact business afford reasonable promise of a successful operation;
- (iii) the institution is being formed only for legitimate purposes allowed by the laws of this state;
- (iv) the proposed capital equals or exceeds the required minimum and is adequate in light of current and prospective conditions;
- (v) if the applicant is seeking authority to accept deposits, the deposits will be insured or guaranteed by an agency of the federal government;
- (vi) the proposed officers and directors have sufficient experience, ability, and standing to afford reasonable promise of a successful operation;

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431	(vii) the name of the proposed financial institution does not resemble the name of any
432	other institution transacting business in this state so closely as to cause confusion;
433	(viii) the applicants have complied with all of the provisions of law; and
434	(ix) no properly managed and soundly operated existing institutions offering
435	substantially similar services in the service area to which the application relates will be unduly
436	injured by approval of the application.
437	(b) The commissioner may condition approval of the application on the institution's
438	acceptance of requirements or conditions with respect to insurance that the commissioner
439	considers necessary to protect depositors.
440	(8) (a) The commissioner shall provide written findings and conclusions on the
441	application.
442	(b) Upon approving an application, the commissioner shall:
443	(i) endorse the approval on the articles of incorporation;
444	(ii) file one copy with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
445	(iii) retain one file copy; and
446	(iv) return one copy to the applicant within ten days after the date of the
447	commissioner's decision approving the application.
448	(c) Upon disapproving an application, the commissioner shall mail notice of the
449	disapproval to the applicant within ten days.
450	(d) The commissioner may approve an application subject to conditions the
451	commissioner considers appropriate to protect the public interest and carry out the purposes of
452	this title.
453	(e) The commissioner shall give written notice of the decision to all persons who have
454	filed a protest to the application.
455	(9) Upon approval of an application for authorization to conduct a business subject to
456	the jurisdiction of the department, the commissioner shall issue a license, permit, or other
457	appropriate certificate of authority if:
458	(a) except in the case of credit unions, all of the capital of the institution being formed
459	has been paid in; and
460	(b) all the conditions and other requirements for approval of the application have been

- (10) (a) Any approval by the commissioner of an application under this section is considered revoked unless the business is open and operating within one year from the date of the approval.
- (b) The commissioner, on written application made before the expiration of that period, and for good cause shown, may extend the date for activation for additional periods not to exceed six months each.
- (11) No person may obtain, for the purpose of resale, a certificate of approval to operate any institution under the jurisdiction of the department.
- (12) The commissioner may approve an application without any notice to other financial institutions to respond to an emergency arising from the insolvency of an existing institution or to prevent the failure of an existing institution if the commissioner makes the findings required by Subsection (7).
 - Section 6. Section **7-1-706** is amended to read:

7-1-706. Application to commissioner to exercise power -- Procedure.

- (1) Except as provided in Sections 7-1-704 and 7-1-705, by filing a request for agency action with the commissioner, any person may request the commissioner to:
 - (a) issue any rule or order;
 - (b) exercise any powers granted to the commissioner under this title; or
 - (c) act on any matter that is subject to the approval of the commissioner.
- (2) Within ten days of receipt of the request, the commissioner shall, at the applicant's expense, cause a supervisor to make a careful investigation of the facts relevant or material to the request.
- (3) (a) The supervisor shall submit written findings and recommendations to the commissioner.
- (b) The application, any additional information furnished by the applicant, and the findings and recommendations of the supervisor may be inspected by any person at the office of the commissioner, except those portions of the application or report that the commissioner designates as confidential to prevent a clearly unwarranted invasion of privacy.
- (4) (a) If a hearing is held concerning the request, the commissioner shall publish notice of the hearing at the applicant's expense:
 - (i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county where the applicant is

493	located at least once a week for three successive weeks before the date of the hearing[:]; and
494	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101 for three weeks before the date of the hearing.
495	(b) The notice required by Subsection (4)(a) shall include the information required by
496	the department's rules.
497	(c) The commissioner shall act upon the request within 30 days after the close of the
498	hearing, based on the record before the commissioner.
499	(5) (a) If no hearing is held, the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the request
500	within 90 days of receipt of the request based on:
501	(i) the application;
502	(ii) additional information filed with the commissioner; and
503	(iii) the findings and recommendations of the supervisor.
504	(b) The commissioner shall act on the request by issuing findings of fact, conclusions,
505	and an order, and shall mail a copy of each to:
506	(i) the applicant;
507	(ii) all persons who have filed protests to the granting of the application; and
508	(iii) other persons that the commissioner considers should receive copies.
509	(6) The commissioner may impose any conditions or limitations on the approval or
510	disapproval of a request that the commissioner considers proper to:
511	(a) protect the interest of creditors, depositors, and other customers of an institution;
512	(b) protect its shareholders or members; and
513	(c) carry out the purposes of this title.
514	Section 7. Section 7-1-709 is amended to read:
515	7-1-709. Branches Discontinuance of operation.
516	(1) A Utah depository institution or out-of-state depository institution authorized to do
517	business in this state may discontinue operation of a branch upon resolution of its board of
518	directors.
519	(2) Upon adopting the resolution, the institution shall file an application with the
520	commissioner specifying:
521	(a) the location of the branch to be discontinued;
522	(b) the date of the proposed discontinuance;
523	(c) the reasons for closing the branch; and

524	(d) the extent to which the public need and convenience or service to members would
525	still be adequately met.
526	(3) (a) Upon filing its application with the commissioner, the institution shall publish
527	notice of the discontinuance:
528	(i) in a newspaper serving the area once a week for two consecutive weeks[-]; and
529	(ii) as required by Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
530	(b) The commissioner may approve the application after a reasonable comment period
531	following publication.
532	(4) An out-of-state depository institution with a branch in Utah is not subject to the
533	requirements of this section if the branch to be closed is located outside of Utah.
534	Section 8. Section 7-2-6 is amended to read:
535	7-2-6. Possession by commissioner Notice Presentation, allowance, and
536	disallowance of claims Objections to claims.
537	(1) (a) Possession of an institution by the commissioner commences when notice of
538	taking possession is:
539	(i) posted in each office of the institution located in this state; or
540	(ii) delivered to a controlling person or officer of the institution.
541	(b) All notices, records, and other information regarding possession of an institution by
542	the commissioner may be kept confidential, and all court records and proceedings relating to
543	the commissioner's possession may be sealed from public access if:
544	(i) the commissioner finds it is in the best interests of the institution and its depositors
545	not to notify the public of the possession by the commissioner;
546	(ii) the deposit and withdrawal of funds and payment to creditors of the institution is
547	not suspended, restricted, or interrupted; and
548	(iii) the court approves.
549	(2) (a) (i) Within 15 days after taking possession of an institution or other person under
550	the jurisdiction of the department, the commissioner shall publish a notice to all persons who
551	may have claims against the institution or other person to file proof of their claims with the
552	commissioner before a date specified in the notice.
553	(ii) The filing date shall be at least 90 days after the date of the first publication of the
554	notice.

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- (iii) The notice shall be published:
- (A) (I) in a newspaper of general circulation in each city or county in which the institution or other person, or any subsidiary or service corporation of the institution, maintains an office[. The notice shall be]; and
- (II) published again approximately 30 days and 60 days after the date of the first publication[-]; and
 - (B) as required in Section 45-1-101 for 60 days.
- (b) (i) Within 60 days of taking possession of a depository institution, the commissioner shall send a similar notice to all persons whose identity is reflected in the books or records of the institution as depositors or other creditors, secured or unsecured, parties to litigation involving the institution pending at the date the commissioner takes possession of the institution, and all other potential claimants against the institution whose identity is reasonably ascertainable by the commissioner from examination of the books and records of the institution. No notice is required in connection with accounts or other liabilities of the institution that will be paid in full or be fully assumed by another depository institution or trust company. The notice shall specify a filing date for claims against the institution not less than 60 days after the date of mailing. Claimants whose claims against the institution have been assumed by another depository institution or trust company pursuant to a merger or purchase and assumption agreement with the commissioner, or a federal deposit insurance agency appointed as receiver or liquidator of the institution, shall be notified of the assumption of their claims and the name and address of the assuming party within 60 days after the claim is assumed. Unless a purchase and assumption or merger agreement requires otherwise, the assuming party shall give all required notices. Notice shall be mailed to the address appearing in the books and records of the institution.
- (ii) Inadvertent or unintentional failure to mail a notice to any person entitled to written notice under this paragraph does not impose any liability on the commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him beyond the amount the claimant would be entitled to receive if the claim had been timely filed and allowed. The commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him are not liable for failure to mail notice unless the claimant establishes that it had no knowledge of the commissioner taking possession of the institution until after all opportunity had passed for obtaining payment through filing a claim with the commissioner,

receiver, or liquidator.

- (c) Upon good cause shown, the court having supervisory jurisdiction may extend the time in which the commissioner may serve any notice required by this chapter.
- (d) The commissioner has the sole power to adjudicate any claim against the institution, its property or other assets, tangible or intangible, and to settle or compromise claims within the priorities set forth in Section 7-2-15. Any action of the commissioner is subject to judicial review as provided in Subsection (9).
- (e) A receiver or liquidator of the institution appointed by the commissioner has all the duties, powers, authority, and responsibilities of the commissioner under this section. All claims against the institution shall be filed with the receiver or liquidator within the applicable time specified in this section and the receiver or liquidator shall adjudicate the claims as provided in Subsection (2)(d).
- (f) The procedure established in this section is the sole remedy of claimants against an institution or its assets in the possession of the commissioner.
- (3) With respect to a claim which appears in the books and records of an institution or other person in the possession of the commissioner as a secured claim, which, for purposes of this section is a claim that constitutes an enforceable, perfected lien, evidenced in writing, on the assets or other property of the institution:
- (a) The commissioner shall allow or disallow each secured claim filed on or before the filing date within 30 days after receipt of the claim and shall notify each secured claimant by certified mail or in person of the basis for, and any conditions imposed on, the allowance or disallowance.
- (b) For all allowed secured claims, the commissioner shall be bound by the terms, covenants, and conditions relating to the assets or other property subject to the claim, as set forth in the note, bond, or other security agreement which evidences the secured claim, unless the commissioner has given notice to the claimant of his intent to abandon the assets or other property subject to the secured claim at the time the commissioner gave the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
- (c) No petition for lifting the stay provided by Section 7-2-7 may be filed with respect to a secured claim before the claim has been filed and allowed or disallowed by the commissioner in accordance with Subsection (3)(a).

- 617 (4) With respect to all other claims other than secured claims:
 - (a) Each claim filed on or before the filing date shall be allowed or disallowed within 180 days after the final publication of notice.
 - (b) If notice of disallowance is not served upon the claimant by the commissioner within 210 days after the date of final publication of notice, the claim is considered disallowed.
 - (c) The rights of claimants and the amount of a claim shall be determined as of the date the commissioner took possession of the institution under this chapter. Claims based on contractual obligations of the institution in existence on the date of possession may be allowed unless the obligation of the institution is dependent on events occurring after the date of possession, or the amount or worth of the claim cannot be determined before any distribution of assets of the institution is made to claimants having the same priority under Section 7-2-15.
 - (d) (i) An unliquidated claim against the institution, including claims based on alleged torts for which the institution would have been liable on the date the commissioner took possession of the institution and any claims for a right to an equitable remedy for breach of performance by the institution, may be filed in an estimated amount. The commissioner may disallow or allow the claim in an amount determined by the commissioner, settle the claim in an amount approved by the court, or, in his discretion, refer the claim to the court designated by Section 7-2-2 for determination in accordance with procedures designated by the court. If the institution held on the date of possession by the commissioner a policy of insurance that would apply to the liability asserted by the claimant, the commissioner, or any receiver appointed by him may assign to the claimant all rights of the institution under the insurance policy in full satisfaction of the claim.
 - (ii) If the commissioner finds there are or may be issues of fact or law as to the validity of a claim, liquidated or unliquidated, or its proper allowance or disallowance under the provisions of this chapter, he may appoint a hearing examiner to conduct a hearing and to prepare and submit recommended findings of fact and conclusions of law for final consideration by the commissioner. The hearing shall be conducted as provided in rules or regulations issued by the commissioner. The decision of the commissioner shall be based on the record before the hearing examiner and information the commissioner considers relevant and shall be subject to judicial review as provided in Subsection (9).
 - (e) A claim may be disallowed if it is based on actions or documents intended to

deceive the commissioner or any receiver or liquidator appointed by him.

- (f) The commissioner may defer payment of any claim filed on behalf of a person who was at any time in control of the institution within the meaning of Section 7-1-103, pending the final determination of all claims of the institution against that person.
- (g) The commissioner or any receiver appointed by him may disallow a claim that seeks a dollar amount if it is determined by the court having jurisdiction under Section 7-2-2 that the commissioner or receiver or conservator will not have any assets with which to pay the claim under the priorities established by Section 7-2-15.
- (h) The commissioner may adopt rules to establish such alternative dispute resolution processes as may be appropriate for the resolution of claims filed against an institution under this chapter.
- (i) In establishing alternative dispute resolution processes, the commissioner shall strive for procedures that are expeditious, fair, independent, and low cost. The commissioner shall seek to develop incentives for claimants to participate in the alternative dispute resolution process.
- (j) The commissioner may establish both binding and nonbinding processes, which may be conducted by any government or private party, but all parties, including the claimant and the commissioner or any receiver appointed by him, must agree to the use of the process in a particular case.
 - (5) Claims filed after the filing date are disallowed, unless:
- (a) the claimant who did not file his claim timely demonstrates that he did not have notice or actual knowledge of the proceedings in time to file a timely proof of claim; and
- (b) proof of the claim was filed prior to the last distribution of assets. For the purpose of this subsection only, late filed claims may be allowed if proof was filed before the final distribution of assets of the institution to claimants of the same priority and are payable only out of the remaining assets of the institution.
 - (c) A late filed claim may be disallowed under any other provision of this section.
- (6) Debts owing to the United States or to any state or its subdivisions as a penalty or forfeiture are not allowed, except for the amount of the pecuniary loss sustained by the act, transaction, or proceeding out of which the penalty or forfeiture arose.
 - (7) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection 7-2-15(1)(a), interest accruing on any

claim after the commissioner has taken possession of an institution or other person under this chapter may be disallowed.

- (8) A claim against an institution or its assets based on a contract or agreement may be disallowed unless the agreement: (a) is in writing; (b) is otherwise a valid and enforceable contract; and (c) has continuously, from the time of its execution, been an official record of the institution. The requirements of this Subsection (8) do not apply to claims for goods sold or services rendered to an institution in the ordinary course of business by trade creditors who do not customarily use written agreements or other documents.
- (9) (a) Objection to any claim allowed or disallowed may be made by any depositor or other claimant by filing a written objection with the commissioner within 30 days after service of the notice of allowance or disallowance. The commissioner shall present the objection to the court for hearing and determination upon written notice to the claimant and to the filing party. The notice shall set forth the time and place of hearing. After the 30-day period, no objection may be filed. This Subsection (9) does not apply to secured claims allowed under Subsection (3).
- (b) The hearing shall be based on the record before the commissioner and any additional evidence the court allowed to provide the parties due process of law.
- (c) The court may not reverse or otherwise modify the determination of the commissioner with respect to the claim unless it finds the determination of the commissioner to be arbitrary, capricious, or otherwise contrary to law. The burden of proof is on the party objecting to the determination of the commissioner.
- (d) An appeal from any final judgment of the court with respect to a claim may be taken as provided by law by the claimant, the commissioner, or any person having standing to object to the allowance or disallowance of the claim.
- (10) If a claim against the institution has been asserted in any judicial, administrative, or other proceeding pending at the time the commissioner took possession of the institution under this chapter or under Chapter 19, <u>Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies</u>, the claimant shall file copies of all documents of record in the pending proceeding with the commissioner within the time for filing claims as provided in Subsection (2). Such a claim shall be allowed or disallowed within 90 days of the receipt of the complete record of the proceedings. No application to lift the stay of a pending proceeding shall be filed

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until the claim has been allowed or disallowed. The commissioner may petition the court designated by Section 7-2-2 to lift the stay to determine whether the claim should be allowed or disallowed.

- (11) All claims allowed by the commissioner and not disallowed or otherwise modified by the court under Subsection (9), if not paid within 30 days after allowance, shall be evidenced by a certificate payable only out of the assets of the institution in the possession of the commissioner, subject to the priorities set forth in Section 7-2-15. This provision does not apply to a secured claim allowed by the commissioner under Subsection (3)(a).
 - Section 9. Section **7-7-10** is amended to read:

7-7-10. Meetings of mutual association members -- Voting -- Notice.

- (1) (a) An annual meeting of the members of each mutual association shall be held at the time and place fixed in the bylaws of the association.
 - (b) Special meetings may be called as provided in the bylaws.
- (2) (a) The members entitled to vote at any meeting of the members shall be those who are members of record at the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of the meeting of members, except those who have ceased to be members.
- (b) The number of votes that a member is entitled to cast shall be determined in accordance with the books on the date determinative of entitlement to vote.
- (3) In the determination of all questions requiring action by the members, each member shall be entitled to cast:
- 730 (a) one vote; and
 - (b) any additional vote that the member may cast under the bylaws of the association.
- 732 (4) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(a)(ii), at any meeting of the members, voting may be:
- 734 (A) in person; or
- 735 (B) by proxy.
- 736 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a proxy is not eligible to be voted at any
 737 meeting unless the proxy has been filed with the secretary of the association, for verification, at
 738 least five days before the date of the meeting.
- 739 (b) Every proxy shall:
- 740 (i) be in writing;

741	(ii) be signed by the member or the member's duly authorized attorney in fact; and
742	(iii) continue in force from year to year:
743	(A) when filed with the secretary;
744	(B) if so specified in the proxy; and
745	(C) until:
746	(I) revoked by a writing duly delivered to the secretary; or
747	(II) superseded by subsequent proxies.
748	(5) (a) At an annual meeting or at any special meeting of the members, any number of
749	members present in person or by proxy eligible to be voted constitutes a quorum.
750	(b) A majority of all votes cast at any meeting of members shall determine any
751	question unless this chapter specifically provides otherwise.
752	(6) (a) No notice of annual meetings of members need be given to members.
753	(b) Subject to Subsection (6)(c), notice of each special meeting of members shall:
754	(i) state:
755	(A) the purpose for which the meeting is called;
756	(B) the place of the meeting; and
757	(C) the time when the meeting shall convene; and
758	(ii) (A) be published:
759	(I) once a week for two consecutive calendar weeks (in each instance, on any day of the
760	week) before the date on which the special meeting shall convene[; and (II)], in a newspaper of
761	general circulation in the county in which the home office of the association is located; and
762	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101 for two calendar weeks before the date on which
763	the special meeting shall convene; and
764	(B) be posted in a conspicuous place in all offices of the association during the 30 days
765	immediately preceding the date on which the special meeting convenes.
766	(c) No notice need be given of a meeting if all the members entitled to vote, vote in
767	favor of an action at the meeting of the members.
768	Section 10. Section 8-5-6 is amended to read:
769	8-5-6. Alternative council or board procedures for notice Termination of
770	rights.
771	(1) As an alternative to the procedures set forth in Sections 8-5-1 through 8-5-4, a

- municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board may pass a resolution demanding that the owner of a lot, site, or portion of the cemetery, which has been unused for burial purposes for more than 60 years, file with the county recorder, city recorder, or town clerk notice of any claim to the lot, site, or portion of the cemetery.
- (2) The municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board shall then cause a copy of the resolution to be personally served on the owner in the same manner as personal service of process in a civil action. The resolution shall notify the owner that the owner shall, within 60 days after service of the resolution on the owner, express interest in maintaining the cemetery lot, site, or portion of the cemetery and submit satisfactory evidence of an intention to use the lot, site, or portion of the cemetery for a burial.
- (3) If the owner cannot be personally served with the resolution of the municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board as required in Subsection (2), the municipal council or cemetery maintenance district board shall publish its resolution:
- (a) (i) for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the county; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks; and
- (b) mail a copy of the resolution within 14 days after the publication to the owner's last known address, if available.
- (4) If, for 30 days after the last date of service or publication of the municipal council's or cemetery maintenance district board's resolution, the owner or person with a legal interest in the cemetery lot fails to state a valid interest in the use of the cemetery lot, site, or portion of the cemetery for burial purposes, the owner's rights are terminated and that portion of the cemetery shall be vested in the municipality or cemetery maintenance district.
 - Section 11. Section **9-3-409** is amended to read:
- 9-3-409. Actions on validity or enforceability of bonds -- Time for bringing action.
- (1) In any suit, action, or proceeding involving the validity or enforceability of any bond issued under this chapter or the security for them, any such bond reciting in substance that it has been issued by the authority in connection with the Utah Science Center shall be conclusively [deemed] considered to have been issued for that purpose.
 - (2) (a) After receiving notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), a person may contest:

803	(i) (A) the legality of a resolution;
804	(B) notice of bonds to be issued; or
805	(C) a provision made for the security and payment of the bonds; and
806	[(2) For] (ii) for a period of 30 days after the publication of the resolution authorizing
807	the bonds, or a notice of bonds to be issued by the authority containing those items described in
808	Section 11-14-316 <u>:</u>
809	(A) in a newspaper having general circulation in the area of operation[, any person may
810	contest the legality of the resolution authorizing any bonds, notice of bonds to be issued, or any
811	provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds.]; or
812	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
813	(b) After the 30-day period no one has any cause of action to contest the regularity,
814	formality, or legality of the notice of bonds to be issued or the bonds for any cause whatsoever.
815	Section 12. Section 9-8-805 is amended to read:
816	9-8-805. Collecting institutions Perfecting title Notice.
817	(1) (a) Any collecting institution wishing to perfect title in any reposited materials held
818	by it shall send, by registered mail, a notice containing the information required by this section
819	to the last-known address of the last-known owner of the property.
820	(b) The collecting institution shall publish a notice containing the information required
821	by this section [at least once per week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
822	circulation in the county where the collecting institution is located if]:
823	<u>(i) if:</u>
824	[(i)] (A) the owner or the address of the owner of the reposited materials is unknown;
825	[(ii)] (B) the mailed notice is returned to the collecting institution without a forwarding
826	address; or
827	[(iii)] (C) the owner does not claim the reposited materials within 90 days after the
828	notice was mailed[:]; and
829	(ii) (A) by publication at least once per week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper
830	of general circulation in the county where the collection institution is located; and
831	(B) by publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
832	(2) The notices required by this section shall include:
833	(a) the name, if known, and the last-known address, if any, of the last-known owner of

834	the reposited materials;
835	(b) a description of the reposited materials;
836	(c) the name of the collecting institution that has possession of the reposited materials
837	and a person within that institution whom the owner may contact; and
838	(d) a statement that if the reposited materials are not claimed within 90 days from the
839	date that the notice is published [in the newspaper for the second time] in accordance with
840	Subsection (1)(b), the reposited materials are considered to be abandoned and become the
841	property of the collecting institution.
842	(3) If no one has claimed the reposited materials within 90 days after the date that the
843	notice is published [in the newspaper for the second time,] in accordance with Subsection
844	(1)(b), the reposited materials are considered to be abandoned and are the property of the
845	collecting institution.
846	Section 13. Section 10-2-108 is amended to read:
847	10-2-108. Public hearings on feasibility study results Notice of hearings.
848	(1) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the
849	requirements of Subsection 10-2-109(3), the county legislative body shall, at its next regular
850	meeting after receipt of the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study,
851	schedule at least two public hearings to be held:
852	(a) within the following 60 days;
853	(b) at least seven days apart;
854	(c) in geographically diverse locations within the proposed city; and
855	(d) for the purpose of allowing:
856	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and
857	(ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results and to ask
858	questions about those results of the feasibility consultant.
859	(2) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of the public hearings required under
860	Subsection (1):
861	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
862	circulation within the proposed city[-]; and
863	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
864	(ii) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) shall be at

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865	least three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection (1).
866	(b) (i) If, under Subsection (2)(A)(i)(A), there is no newspaper of general circulation
867	within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the hearings per
868	1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most likely to give
869	notice of the hearings to the residents of the proposed city.
870	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(b)(i) at least seven days before
871	the first hearing under Subsection (1).
872	(c) The notice under Subsections (2)(a) and (b) shall include the feasibility study
873	summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is
874	available for inspection and copying at the office of the county clerk.
875	Section 14. Section 10-2-111 is amended to read:
876	10-2-111. Incorporation election.
877	(1) At the next special election date under Section 20A-1-204 more than 45 days after
878	the county legislative body's receipt of the certified petition or certified modified petition under
879	Subsection 10-2-110(1)(b)(i), the county legislative body shall hold an election on the proposed
880	incorporation.
881	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
882	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the area proposed to be incorporated at
883	least once a week for three successive weeks[-]; and
884	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
885	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
886	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
887	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
888	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
889	and
890	(iv) the feasibility study summary under Subsection 10-2-106(3)(b) and a statement
891	that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the county
892	clerk.

- (c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least one day but no more than seven days before the election.
 - (d) (i) [H-] In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general

circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed city.

- (ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before the election under Subsection (1).
 - Section 15. Section 10-2-114 is amended to read:

10-2-114. Determination of number of council members -- Determination of election districts -- Hearings and notice.

- (1) If the incorporation proposal passes, the petition sponsors shall, within 25 days of the canvass of the election under Section 10-2-111:
- (a) if the voters at the incorporation election choose the council-mayor form of government, determine the number of council members that will constitute the council of the future city;
- (b) if the voters at the incorporation election vote to elect council members by district, determine the number of council members to be elected by district and draw the boundaries of those districts, which shall be substantially equal in population;
 - (c) determine the initial terms of the mayor and members of the city council so that:
- (i) the mayor and approximately half the members of the city council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(1); and
- (ii) the remaining members of the city council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2); and
- (d) submit in writing to the county legislative body the results of the sponsors' determinations under Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c).
- (2) (a) Before making a determination under Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c), the petition sponsors shall hold a public hearing within the future city on the applicable issues under Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c).
- 924 (b) (i) The petition sponsors shall publish notice of the public hearing under Subsection 925 (2)(a):
- 926 (A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the future city at least once a week for

927	two successive weeks before the hearing[:]; and
928	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks before the hearing.
929	(ii) The last publication of notice under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) shall be at least three
930	days before the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a).
931	(c) (i) [Hf] In accordance with Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of
932	general circulation within the future city, the petition sponsors shall post at least one notice of
933	the hearing per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most
934	likely to give notice of the hearing to the residents of the future city.
935	(ii) The petition sponsors shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(c)(i) at least seven
936	days before the hearing under Subsection (2)(a).
937	Section 16. Section 10-2-115 is amended to read:
938	10-2-115. Notice of number of commission or council members to be elected and
939	of district boundaries Declaration of candidacy for city office.
940	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under
941	Subsection 10-2-114(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish [in a newspaper of general circulation
942	within the future city a], in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing:
943	(i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city;
944	(ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a
945	description of the boundaries of those districts as designated by the petition sponsors under
946	Subsection 10-2-114(1)(b);
947	(iii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those
948	seeking to become candidates for mayor or city commission or council; and
949	(iv) information about the length of the initial term of each of the city officers, as
950	determined by the petition sponsors under Subsection 10-2-114(1)(c).
951	(b) The notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall be published:
952	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the future city at least once a week for
953	two successive weeks[-]; and
954	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
955	(c) (i) [H] In accordance with Subsection (1)(b)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
956	circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice per 1,000
957	population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely to give notice to the

958 residents of the future city.

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- 959 (ii) The notice under Subsection (1)(c)(i) shall contain the information required under 960 Subsection (1)(a).
 - (iii) The petition sponsors shall post the notices under Subsection (1)(c)(i) at least seven days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (2).
 - (2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-203(2)(a), each person seeking to become a candidate for mayor or city commission or council of a city incorporating under this part shall, within 45 days of the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111, file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk of the county in which the future city is located.
 - Section 17. Section **10-2-116** is amended to read:

10-2-116. Election of officers of new city.

- (1) For the election of city officers, the county legislative body shall:
- 970 (a) unless a primary election is prohibited by Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a primary election; and
- 972 (b) hold a final election.
 - (2) Each election under Subsection (1) shall be:
 - (a) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation election;
 - (b) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect commission or council members by district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as determined by the petition sponsors; and
 - (c) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of commission or council members to be elected and the length of their initial term.
 - (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held at the earliest of the next:
 - (i) regular general election under Section 20A-1-201;
 - (ii) municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404;
- 985 (iii) municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202; or
- 986 (iv) special election under Section 20A-1-204.
- 987 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a) may not be held until 75 days after the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111.

989	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the final election under Subsection (1)(b)
990	shall be held at the next special election date under Section 20A-1-204:
991	(a) after the primary election; or
992	(b) if there is no primary election, more than 75 days after the incorporation election
993	under Section 10-2-111.
994	(5) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) and (4), the county legislative body may hold the
995	primary and final elections required under Subsection (1) on the dates provided for the next
996	municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404 and the next municipal general election
997	under Section 20A-1-202, respectively, after the incorporation election, if:
998	(a) with the results under Subsection 10-2-114(1)(d), the petition sponsors submit to
999	the county legislative body a written request to that effect; and
1000	(b) the incorporation election under Section 10-2-111 took place in February or May of
1001	an odd-numbered year.
1002	(6) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of an election under this section:
1003	(A) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
1004	within the future city[-]; and
1005	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
1006	(ii) The later notice under Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall be at least one day but no more
1007	than seven days before the election.
1008	(b) (i) [H] In accordance with Subsection (6)(a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of
1009	general circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
1010	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely
1011	to give notice of the election to the voters.
1012	(ii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (6)(b)(i) at least seven
1013	days before each election under Subsection (1).
1014	(7) Until the city is incorporated, the county clerk is the election officer for all purposes
1015	in an election of officers of the city approved at an incorporation election.
1016	Section 18. Section 10-2-125 is amended to read:
1017	10-2-125. Incorporation of a town.
1018	(1) As used in this section:
1019	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the

1020	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
1021	59-2-503.
1022	(b) "Financial feasibility study" means a study to determine:
1023	(i) the projected revenues for the proposed town during the first three years after
1024	incorporation; and
1025	(ii) the projected costs, including overhead, that the proposed town will incur in
1026	providing governmental services during the first three years after incorporation.
1027	(c) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on a
1028	countywide basis.
1029	(d) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
1030	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of
1031	at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
1032	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
1033	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
1034	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
1035	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
1036	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
1037	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:
1038	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
1039	(ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county clerk's
1040	certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
1041	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a request for a
1042	public hearing with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
1043	(b) Each request for a public hearing under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
1044	(i) be signed by the owners of at least five separate parcels of private real property,
1045	each owned by a different owner, located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
1046	(ii) be accompanied by an accurate map or plat depicting the boundary of the proposed
1047	town.
1048	(c) Within ten days after a request for a public hearing is filed under Subsection (3)(a),
1049	the county clerk shall, with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk

requests assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of

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- (d) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) fails to comply with the requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall reject the request and deliver written notice of the rejection to the signers of the request.
- (e) (i) If the clerk determines that a request under Subsection (3)(a) complies with the requirements of Subsection (3)(b), the clerk shall:
 - (A) schedule and arrange for a public hearing to be held:
 - (I) (Aa) at a public facility located within the boundary of the proposed town; or
- (Bb) if there is no public facility within the boundary of the proposed town, at another nearby public facility or at the county seat; and
- 1061 (II) within 20 days after the clerk provides the last notice required under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B); and
- 1063 (B) subject to Subsection (3)(e)(ii), give notice of the public hearing on the proposed incorporation by:
 - (I) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county has an Internet website; and
 - (II) (Aa) (Ii) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; [or] and
 - (IIii) publishing notice of the public hearing in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks; or
 - (Bb) in accordance with Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Aa)(Ii), if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed town.
 - (ii) The posting of notice required under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(I) and, if applicable, Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Bb) and the first publishing of notice required under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II)(Aa), if applicable, shall occur no later than ten days after the clerk determines that a request complies with the requirements of Subsection (3)(b).
 - (iii) Each public hearing under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(A) shall be conducted by the chair of the county commission or council, or the chair's designee, to:
 - (A) introduce the concept of the proposed incorporation to the public;
- (B) allow the public to review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;

1082 (C) allow the public to ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and 1083 1084 (D) allow the public to express their views about the proposed incorporation, including 1085 their views about the boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated. 1086 (4) (a) At any time within three months after the public hearing under Subsection 1087 (3)(e), a petition to incorporate the area as a town may be filed with the clerk of the county in 1088 which the area is located. 1089 (b) Each petition under Subsection (4)(a) shall: 1090 (i) be signed by: 1091 (A) the owners of private real property that: 1092 (I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; 1093 (II) covers a majority of the total private land area within the area; 1094 (III) is equal in assessed value to more than 1/2 of the assessed value of all private real 1095 property within the area; and 1096 (IV) consists, in number of parcels, of at least 1/3 of the number of all parcels of 1097 private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated; and 1098 (B) a majority of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a 1099 town, according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the 1100 petition is filed; 1101 (ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the 1102 petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of 1103 each owner signing as a sponsor; 1104 (iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a 1105 licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and 1106 (iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form: 1107 PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed 1108 town) 1109 To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which 1110 the proposed town is located) County, Utah: 1111 We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area 1112 described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body for the area described

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- in this petition to be incorporated as a town. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has
 personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property or a registered voter residing
 within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written
 after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a town is described as follows:
 (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

 (c) A petition under this Subsection (4) may not describe an area that includes some or
 - (c) A petition under this Subsection (4) may not describe an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
 - (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and
 - (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed.
 - (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town.
 - (e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection (4) may withdraw or, after withdrawn, reinstate the signer's signature on the petition:
 - (i) at any time until the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection (6); and
 - (ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk.
 - (5) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection (4)(a) proposing to incorporate as a town an area located within a county of the first class, the county clerk shall deliver written notice of the proposed incorporation:
 - (i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and
 - (ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed.
 - (b) A private real property owner described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) may exclude all or part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing a notice of exclusion:
 - (i) with the county clerk; and
 - (ii) within ten calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection (5)(a).
 - (c) The county legislative body shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection (5)(b) if:
- 1142 (i) the property:
- 1143 (A) is nonurban; and

refiled.

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1144 (B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and 1145 (ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town. 1146 (d) If the county legislative body excludes property from the area proposed to be 1147 incorporated as a town, the county legislative body shall send written notice of the exclusion to 1148 the contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion. 1149 (6) Within 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (4), the county clerk 1150 shall: 1151 (a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests 1152 assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (4); 1153 and 1154 (b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with those requirements: 1155 (A) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body; 1156 and 1157 (B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to: 1158 (I) the contact sponsor; 1159 (II) if applicable, the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any 1160 part of the area proposed for incorporation is located; and 1161 (III) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or 1162 (ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those 1163 requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and 1164 the reasons for the rejection. 1165 (7) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection (6)(b)(ii) may be amended to 1166 correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county clerk. 1167 (ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection (4)(a) may be used toward 1168 fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (4)(b) for the same petition that is amended 1169 under Subsection (7)(a)(i) and then refiled with the county clerk. 1170 (b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection (7)(a)(i) after having been 1171 rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (6)(b)(ii): 1172 (i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and 1173 (ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is

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1175 (8) (a) (i) The legislative body of a county with which a petition is filed under 1176 Subsection (4) may, at its option and upon the petition being certified under Subsection (6), 1177 commission and pay for a financial feasibility study. 1178 (ii) If the county legislative body chooses to commission a financial feasibility study, 1179 the county legislative body shall: 1180 (A) within 20 days after the incorporation petition is certified, select and engage a 1181 feasibility consultant; and 1182 (B) require the feasibility consultant to complete the financial feasibility study and 1183 submit written results of the study to the county legislative body no later than 30 days after the 1184 feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the financial feasibility study. 1185 (b) The county legislative body shall approve a petition proposing the incorporation of 1186 a town and hold an election for town officers, as provided in Subsection (9), if: 1187 (i) the county clerk has certified the petition under Subsection (6); and 1188 (ii) (A) (I) the county legislative body has commissioned a financial feasibility study 1189 under Subsection (8)(a); and 1190 (II) the results of the financial feasibility study show that the average annual amount of 1191 revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) does not exceed the average annual amount of costs 1192 described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 10%; or 1193 (B) the county legislative body chooses not to commission a financial feasibility study. 1194 (c) (i) If the county legislative body commissions a financial feasibility study under 1195 Subsection (8)(a) and the results of the financial feasibility study show that the average annual 1196 amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) exceeds the average annual amount of 1197 costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by more than 10%, the county legislative body may: 1198 (A) deny the petition, subject to Subsection (8)(c)(ii), if the results of the financial 1199 feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection 1200 (1)(b)(i) exceeds the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) by 25% 1201 or more; 1202 (B) approve the petition and hold an election for town officers, as provided in 1203 Subsection (9); or

(C) (I) with the consent of the petition sponsors:

(Aa) impose conditions to mitigate the fiscal inequities identified in the financial

1206 feasibility study; or

- (Bb) alter the boundaries of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town to approximate the boundaries necessary to prevent the average annual amount of revenues described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) from exceeding the average annual amount of costs described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
- (II) approve the incorporation petition and hold an election for town officers, as provided in Subsection (9).
- (ii) A county legislative body intending to deny a petition under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(A) shall deny the petition within 20 days after the feasibility consultant submits the written results of the financial feasibility study.
- (d) Each town that incorporates pursuant to a petition approved after the county legislative body imposes conditions under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(C)(I) shall comply with those conditions.
- (9) (a) The legislative body of the county in which the proposed new town is located shall hold the election for town officers provided for in Subsection (8) within:
 - (i) 45 days after the petition is certified, for an election under Subsection (8)(b)(ii)(B);
- (ii) 45 days after the feasibility consultant submits the written results of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(b)(ii)(A) or (8)(c)(i)(B); or
- (iii) 60 days after the feasibility consultant submits the written results of the financial feasibility study, for an election under Subsection (8)(c)(i)(C).
 - (b) The officers elected at an election under Subsection (9)(a) shall take office:
- (i) at noon on the first Monday in January next following the election, if the election is held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
- (ii) at noon on the first day of the month next following the effective date of the incorporation under Subsection (12), if the election of officers is held on any other date.
- (10) Each newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
- (11) (a) Within seven days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Subsection (9), the mayor-elect of the new town shall file at least three copies of the articles of incorporation of the new town with the lieutenant governor.
 - (b) The articles of incorporation shall meet the requirements of Subsection

1237	10-2-119(2).
1238	(12) A new town is incorporated:
1239	(a) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
1240	entity creation for the town under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
1241	Subsection (9) is held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
1242	(b) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
1243	certificate of entity creation for the town under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town
1244	officers under Subsection (9) is held on any other date.
1245	(13) For each petition filed before March 5, 2008:
1246	(a) the petition is subject to and governed by the law in effect at the time the petition
1247	was filed; and
1248	(b) the law in effect at the time the petition was filed governs in all administrative and
1249	judicial proceedings relating to the petition.
1250	Section 19. Section 10-2-406 is amended to read:
1251	10-2-406. Notice of certification Publishing and providing notice of petition.
1252	(1) After receipt of the notice of certification from the city recorder or town clerk under
1253	Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i), the municipal legislative body shall:
1254	(a) (i) publish a notice:
1255	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks, beginning no later than ten days
1256	after receipt of the notice of certification, in a newspaper of general circulation within:
1257	[(A)] (I) the area proposed for annexation; and
1258	[(B)] (II) the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation;
1259	[or] <u>and</u>
1260	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for three weeks, beginning no later than ten
1261	days after receipt of the notice of certification; and
1262	(ii) in accordance with Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of general
1263	circulation within those areas, post written notices in conspicuous places within those areas
1264	that are most likely to give notice to residents within those areas; and
1265	(b) within 20 days of receipt of the notice of certification under Subsection
1266	10-2-405(2)(c)(i), mail written notice to each affected entity.
1267	(2) (a) The notice under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall:

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local district:

1268 (i) state that a petition has been filed with the municipality proposing the annexation of 1269 an area to the municipality; 1270 (ii) state the date of the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification 1271 under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i); 1272 (iii) describe the area proposed for annexation in the annexation petition; 1273 (iv) state that the complete annexation petition is available for inspection and copying 1274 at the office of the city recorder or town clerk; 1275 (v) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipality may grant the petition 1276 and annex the area described in the petition unless, within the time required under Subsection 1277 10-2-407(2)(a)(i)(A), a written protest to the annexation petition is filed with the commission 1278 and a copy of the protest delivered to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing 1279 municipality; 1280 (vi) state the address of the commission or, if a commission has not yet been created in 1281 the county, the county clerk, where a protest to the annexation petition may be filed; 1282 (vii) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will also 1283 automatically be annexed to a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and 1284 emergency services, as provided in Section 17B-1-416, if: 1285 (A) the proposed annexing municipality is entirely within the boundaries of a local 1286 district: 1287 (I) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and 1288 (II) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 1289 17B-1-214(3)(c); and 1290 (B) the area proposed to be annexed to the municipality is not already within the 1291 boundaries of the local district; and 1292 (viii) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will be 1293 automatically withdrawn from a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and 1294 emergency services, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-502(2), if:

(A) the petition proposes the annexation of an area that is within the boundaries of a

(I) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and

(II) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection

1299	1/B-1-214(3)(c); and
1300	(B) the proposed annexing municipality is not within the boundaries of the local
1301	district.
1302	(b) The statement required by Subsection (2)(a)(v) shall state the deadline for filing a
1303	written protest in terms of the actual date rather than by reference to the statutory citation.
1304	(c) In addition to the requirements under Subsection (2)(a), a notice under Subsection
1305	(1)(a) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class shall include a
1306	statement that a protest to the annexation petition may be filed with the commission by
1307	property owners if it contains the signatures of the owners of private real property that:
1308	(i) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for
1309	annexation;
1310	(ii) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area
1311	within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
1312	(iii) is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the unincorporated
1313	area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation.
1314	Section 20. Section 10-2-407 is amended to read:
1315	10-2-407. Protest to annexation petition Township planning commission
1316	recommendation Petition requirements Disposition of petition if no protest filed.
1317	(1) (a) A protest to an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 may be filed by:
1318	(i) the legislative body or governing board of an affected entity; or
1319	(ii) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class, the owners
1320	of private real property that:
1321	(A) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for
1322	annexation;
1323	(B) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area
1324	within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
1325	(C) is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the unincorporated
1326	area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation.
1327	(b) (i) A planning commission of a township located in a county of the first class may
1328	recommend to the legislative body of the county in which the township is located that the
1329	county legislative body file a protest against a proposed annexation under this part of an area

located within the township.

- (ii) (A) The township planning commission shall communicate each recommendation under Subsection (1)(b)(i) in writing to the county legislative body within 30 days of the city recorder or town clerk's certification of the annexation petition under Subsection 10-2-405(2) (c)(i).
- (B) At the time the recommendation is communicated to the county legislative body under Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A), the township planning commission shall mail or deliver a copy of the recommendation to the legislative body of the proposed annexing municipality and to the contact sponsor.
 - (2) (a) Each protest under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
- 1340 (i) be filed:
 - (A) no later than 30 days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i); and
 - (B) (I) in a county that has already created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with the commission; or
 - (II) in a county that has not yet created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with the clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located; and
 - (ii) state each reason for the protest of the annexation petition and, if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a specified county, justification for the protest under the standards established in this chapter;
 - (iii) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a specified county, contain other information that the commission by rule requires or that the party filing the protest considers pertinent; and
 - (iv) the name and address of a contact person who is to receive notices sent by the commission with respect to the protest proceedings.
 - (b) The party filing a protest under this section shall on the same date deliver or mail a copy of the protest to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality.
 - (c) Each clerk who receives a protest under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B)(II) shall immediately notify the county legislative body of the protest and shall deliver the protest to the boundary commission within five days of its creation under Subsection 10-2-409(1)(b).
 - (d) Each protest of a proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first

1361	class under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall, in addition to the requirements of Subsections (2)(a) and
1362	(b):
1363	(i) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
1364	signing the protest; and
1365	(ii) designate one of the signers of the protest as the contact person and state the
1366	mailing address of the contact person.
1367	(3) (a) (i) If a protest is filed under this section:
1368	(A) the municipal legislative body may, at its next regular meeting after expiration of
1369	the deadline under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) and, for a proposed annexation of an area located in
1370	a county of the first class, except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iii), deny the annexation
1371	petition; or
1372	(B) if the municipal legislative body does not deny the annexation petition under
1373	Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), the municipal legislative body may take no further action on the
1374	annexation petition until after receipt of the commission's notice of its decision on the protest
1375	under Section 10-2-416.
1376	(ii) If a municipal legislative body denies an annexation petition under Subsection
1377	(3)(a)(i)(A), the municipal legislative body shall, within five days of the denial, send notice of
1378	the denial in writing to:
1379	(A) the contact sponsor of the annexation petition;
1380	(B) the commission;
1381	(C) each entity that filed a protest; and
1382	(D) if a protest was filed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) for a proposed annexation of an
1383	area located in a county of the first class, the contact person.
1384	(iii) A municipal legislative body may not deny an annexation petition proposing to
1385	annex an area located in a county of the first class if:
1386	(A) the petition contains the signatures of the owners of private real property that:
1387	(I) is located within the area proposed for annexation;
1388	(II) covers a majority of the private land area within the area proposed for annexation;
1389	and
1390	(III) is equal in value to at least 1/2 of the value of all private real property within the
1391	area proposed for annexation;

1392 (B) the population in the area proposed for annexation does not exceed 10% of the 1393 population of the proposed annexing municipality; 1394 (C) the property tax rate for municipal services in the area proposed to be annexed is higher than the property tax rate of the proposed annexing municipality; and 1395 1396 (D) all annexations by the proposed annexing municipality during the year that the 1397 petition was filed have not increased the municipality's population by more than 20%. 1398 (b) (i) If no timely protest is filed under this section, the municipal legislative body 1399 may, subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), grant the petition and, by ordinance, annex the area that is 1400 the subject of the annexation petition. 1401 (ii) Before granting an annexation petition under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the municipal 1402 legislative body shall: 1403 (A) hold a public hearing; and 1404 (B) at least seven days before the public hearing under Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A): 1405 (I) (Aa) publish notice of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the 1406 municipality and the area proposed for annexation; or 1407 [(H)] (Bb) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in those areas, post written notices of the hearing in conspicuous places within those areas that are most likely to give 1408 1409 notice to residents within those areas[-]; and 1410 (II) publish notice of the hearing in accordance with Section 45-1-101. 1411 Section 21. Section **10-2-415** is amended to read: 1412 10-2-415. Public hearing -- Notice. 1413 (1) (a) (i) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet 1414 the requirements of Subsection 10-2-416(3) with respect to a proposed annexation of an area 1415 located in a county of the first class, the commission shall hold a public hearing within 30 days 1416 of receipt of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study results. 1417 (ii) At the hearing under Subsection (1)(a)(i), the commission shall: 1418 (A) require the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study and, if applicable, the supplemental feasibility study; 1419 1420 (B) allow those present to ask questions of the feasibility consultant regarding the study 1421 results; and

(C) allow those present to speak to the issue of annexation.

1423	(111) (A) The commission shall:
1424	(I) publish notice of each hearing under Subsection (1)(a)(i):
1425	(Aa) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general
1426	circulation within the area proposed for annexation, the surrounding 1/2 mile of unincorporated
1427	area, and the proposed annexing municipality; and
1428	(Bb) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks; and
1429	(II) send written notice of the hearing to the municipal legislative body of the proposed
1430	annexing municipality, the contact sponsor on the annexation petition, each entity that filed a
1431	protest, and, if a protest was filed under Subsection 10-2-407(1)(a)(ii), the contact person.
1432	(B) [Hf] In accordance with Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A)(I)(Aa), if there is no newspaper of
1433	general circulation within the areas described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A)(I)(Aa), the
1434	commission shall give the notice required under that subsection by posting notices, at least
1435	seven days before the hearing, in conspicuous places within those areas that are most likely to
1436	give notice of the hearing to the residents of those areas.
1437	(C) The [notices] notice under Subsections (1)(a)(iii)(A) and (B) shall include the
1438	feasibility study summary under Subsection 10-2-413(2)(b) and shall indicate that a full copy
1439	of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the commission.
1440	(b) (i) Within 30 days after the time under Subsection 10-2-407(2) for filing a protest
1441	has expired with respect to a proposed annexation of an area located in a specified county, the
1442	boundary commission shall hold a hearing on all protests that were filed with respect to the
1443	proposed annexation.
1444	(ii) (A) At least 14 days before the date of each hearing under Subsection (1)(b)(i), the
1445	commission chair shall cause notice of the hearing to be published in a newspaper of general
1446	circulation within the area proposed for annexation.
1447	(B) Each notice under Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A) shall:
1448	(I) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
1449	(II) briefly summarize the nature of the protest; and
1450	(III) state that a copy of the protest is on file at the commission's office.
1451	(iii) The commission may continue a hearing under Subsection (1)(b)(i) from time to
1452	time, but no continued hearing may be held later than 60 days after the original hearing date.
1453	(iv) In considering protests, the commission shall consider whether the proposed

1454	annexation:
1455	(A) complies with the requirements of Sections 10-2-402 and 10-2-403 and the
1456	annexation policy plan of the proposed annexing municipality;
1457	(B) conflicts with the annexation policy plan of another municipality; and
1458	(C) if the proposed annexation includes urban development, will have an adverse tax
1459	consequence on the remaining unincorporated area of the county.
1460	(2) (a) The commission shall record each hearing under this section by electronic
1461	means.
1462	(b) A transcription of the recording under Subsection (2)(a), the feasibility study, if
1463	applicable, information received at the hearing, and the written decision of the commission
1464	shall constitute the record of the hearing.
1465	Section 22. Section 10-2-418 is amended to read:
1466	10-2-418. Annexation of an island or peninsula without a petition Notice
1467	Hearing.
1468	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(2), a municipality may annex an
1469	unincorporated area under this section without an annexation petition if:
1470	(i) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or
1471	unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality;
1472	(B) the majority of each island or peninsula consists of residential or commercial
1473	development;
1474	(C) the area proposed for annexation requires the delivery of municipal-type services;
1475	and
1476	(D) the municipality has provided most or all of the municipal-type services to the area
1477	for more than one year; or
1478	(ii) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or
1479	unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality, each of which has fewer than 800
1480	residents; and
1481	(B) the municipality has provided one or more municipal-type services to the area for
1482	at least one year.
1483	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(1)(b)(iii), a municipality may annex a

portion of an island or peninsula under this section, leaving unincorporated the remainder of

1485	the unincorporated island or peninsula, if:
1486	(i) in adopting the resolution under Subsection (2)(a)(i), the municipal legislative body
1487	determines that not annexing the entire unincorporated island or peninsula is in the
1488	municipality's best interest; and
1489	(ii) for an annexation of one or more unincorporated islands under Subsection
1490	(1)(a)(ii), the entire island of unincorporated area, of which a portion is being annexed,
1491	complies with the requirement of Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(A) relating to the number of residents.
1492	(2) (a) The legislative body of each municipality intending to annex an area under this
1493	section shall:
1494	(i) adopt a resolution indicating the municipal legislative body's intent to annex the
1495	area, describing the area proposed to be annexed;
1496	(ii) [(A)] publish notice:
1497	(A) (I) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
1498	circulation within the municipality and the area proposed for annexation; or
1499	$[\overline{(B)}]$ (II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the areas described in
1500	Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), post at least one notice per 1,000 population in places within those
1501	areas that are most likely to give notice to the residents of those areas; and
1502	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks;
1503	(iii) send written notice to the board of each local district and special service district
1504	whose boundaries contain some or all of the area proposed for annexation and to the legislative
1505	body of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located; and
1506	(iv) hold a public hearing on the proposed annexation no earlier than 30 days after the
1507	adoption of the resolution under Subsection (2)(a)(i).
1508	(b) Each notice under Subsections (2)(a)(ii) and (iii) shall:
1509	(i) state that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating its intent
1510	to annex the area proposed for annexation;
1511	(ii) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(iv);
1512	(iii) describe the area proposed for annexation; and
1513	(iv) except for an annexation that meets the property owner consent requirements of

Subsection (3)(b), state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will

annex the area unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(iv), written

protests to the annexation are filed by the owners of private real property that:

- (A) is located within the area proposed for annexation;
- 1518 (B) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for annexation; and
 - (C) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the entire area proposed for annexation.
 - (c) The first publication of the notice required under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A) shall be within 14 days of the municipal legislative body's adoption of a resolution under Subsection (2)(a)(i).
 - (3) (a) Upon conclusion of the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(iv), the municipal legislative body may adopt an ordinance annexing the area proposed for annexation under this section unless, at or before the hearing, written protests to the annexation have been filed with the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, by the owners of private real property that:
 - (i) is located within the area proposed for annexation;
 - (ii) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for annexation; and
 - (iii) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the entire area proposed for annexation.
 - (b) (i) Upon conclusion of the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(iv), a municipality may adopt an ordinance annexing the area proposed for annexation under this section without allowing or considering protests under Subsection (3)(a) if the owners of at least 75% of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for annexation, representing at least 75% of the value of the private real property within the entire area proposed for annexation, have consented in writing to the annexation.
 - (ii) Upon adoption of an annexation ordinance under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the area annexed shall be conclusively presumed to be validly annexed.
 - (4) (a) If protests are timely filed that comply with Subsection (3), the municipal legislative body may not adopt an ordinance annexing the area proposed for annexation, and the annexation proceedings under this section shall be considered terminated.
 - (b) Subsection (4)(a) may not be construed to prohibit the municipal legislative body

1347	from excluding from a proposed annexation under Subsection (1)(a)(n) the property within an
1548	unincorporated island regarding which protests have been filed and proceeding under
1549	Subsection (1)(b) to annex some or all of the remaining portion of the unincorporated island.
1550	Section 23. Section 10-2-419 is amended to read:
1551	10-2-419. Boundary adjustment Notice and hearing Protest.
1552	(1) The legislative bodies of two or more municipalities having common boundaries
1553	may adjust their common boundaries as provided in this section.
1554	(2) (a) The legislative body of each municipality intending to adjust a boundary that is
1555	common with another municipality shall:
1556	(i) adopt a resolution indicating the intent of the municipal legislative body to adjust a
1557	common boundary;
1558	(ii) hold a public hearing on the proposed adjustment no less than 60 days after the
1559	adoption of the resolution under Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
1560	(iii) (A) publish notice:
1561	(I) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
1562	circulation within the municipality; or
1563	[(B)] (II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the municipality, post at
1564	least one notice per 1,000 population in places within the municipality that are most likely to
1565	give notice to residents of the municipality[-]; and
1566	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
1567	(b) The notice required under Subsection (2)(a)(iii) shall:
1568	(i) state that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating the
1569	municipal legislative body's intent to adjust a boundary that the municipality has in common
1570	with another municipality;
1571	(ii) describe the area proposed to be adjusted;
1572	(iii) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing required under Subsection
1573	(2)(a)(ii);
1574	(iv) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will adjust
1575	the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), written
1576	protests to the adjustment are filed by the owners of private real property that:
1577	(A) is located within the area proposed for adjustment;

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1578 (B) covers at least 25% of the total private land area within the area proposed for adjustment; and 1579 1580 (C) is equal in value to at least 15% of the value of all private real property within the 1581 area proposed for adjustment; [and] 1582 (v) state that the area that is the subject of the boundary adjustment will, because of the 1583 boundary adjustment, be automatically annexed to a local district providing fire protection, 1584 paramedic, and emergency services, as provided in Section 17B-1-416, if: 1585 (A) the municipality to which the area is being added because of the boundary 1586 adjustment is entirely within the boundaries of a local district: 1587 (I) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and 1588 (II) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 1589 17B-1-214(3)(c); and 1590 (B) the municipality from which the area is being taken because of the boundary 1591 adjustment is not within the boundaries of the local district; and 1592 (vi) state that the area proposed for annexation to the municipality will be 1593 automatically withdrawn from a local district providing fire protection, paramedic, and 1594 emergency services, as provided in Subsection 17B-1-502(2), if: 1595 (A) the municipality to which the area is being added because of the boundary 1596 adjustment is not within the boundaries of a local district: 1597 (I) that provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and 1598 (II) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 1599 17B-1-214(3)(c); and 1600 (B) the municipality from which the area is being taken because of the boundary 1601 adjustment is entirely within the boundaries of the local district. 1602 (c) The first publication of the notice required under Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) shall be 1603 within 14 days of the municipal legislative body's adoption of a resolution under Subsection 1604 (2)(a)(i). (3) Upon conclusion of the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the municipal 1605

legislative body may adopt an ordinance adjusting the common boundary unless, at or before

the hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), written protests to the adjustment have been filed with

the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, by the owners of private real property that:

1009	(a) is located within the area proposed for adjustment;
1610	(b) covers at least 25% of the total private land area within the area proposed for
1611	adjustment; and
1612	(c) is equal in value to at least 15% of the value of all private real property within the
1613	area proposed for adjustment.
1614	(4) The municipal legislative body shall comply with the requirements of Section
1615	10-2-425 as if the boundary change were an annexation.
1616	(5) An ordinance adopted under Subsection (3) becomes effective when each
1617	municipality involved in the boundary adjustment has adopted an ordinance under Subsection
1618	(3) and as determined under Subsection 10-2-425(5) if the boundary change were an
1619	annexation.
1620	Section 24. Section 10-2-501 is amended to read:
1621	10-2-501. Municipal disconnection Definitions Request for disconnection
1622	Requirements upon filing request.
1623	(1) As used in this part "petitioners" means persons who:
1624	(a) own title to real property within the area proposed for disconnection; and
1625	(b) have signed a request for disconnection proposing to disconnect that area from the
1626	municipality.
1627	(2) (a) Petitioners proposing to disconnect an area within and lying on the borders of a
1628	municipality shall file with that municipality's legislative body a request for disconnection.
1629	(b) Each request for disconnection shall:
1630	(i) contain the names, addresses, and signatures of the owners of more than 50% of the
1631	real property in the area proposed for disconnection;
1632	(ii) give the reasons for the proposed disconnection;
1633	(iii) include a map or plat of the territory proposed for disconnection; and
1634	(iv) designate between one and five persons with authority to act on the petitioners'
1635	behalf in the proceedings.
1636	(3) Upon filing the request for disconnection, petitioners shall:
1637	(a) cause notice of the request to be published:
1638	(i) once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
1639	within the municipality; and

1640	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks;
1641	(b) cause notice of the request to be mailed to each owner of real property located
1642	within the area proposed to be disconnected; and
1643	(c) deliver a copy of the request to the legislative body of the county in which the area
1644	proposed for disconnection is located.
1645	Section 25. Section 10-2-502.5 is amended to read:
1646	10-2-502.5. Hearing on request for disconnection Determination by municipal
1647	legislative body Petition in district court.
1648	(1) Within 30 calendar days after the last publication of notice required under
1649	Subsection 10-2-501(3)(a), the legislative body of the municipality in which the area proposed
1650	for disconnection is located shall hold a public hearing.
1651	(2) At least seven calendar days before the hearing date, the municipal legislative body
1652	shall provide notice of the public hearing:
1653	(a) in writing to the petitioners and to the legislative body of the county in which the
1654	area proposed for disconnection is located; and
1655	(b) by publishing a notice:
1656	(i) (A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality; or[5]
1657	(B) if there is [none] no newspaper as described in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A), then by
1658	posting notice of the hearing in at least three public places within the municipality[-]; and
1659	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
1660	(3) In the public hearing, any person may speak and submit documents regarding the
1661	disconnection proposal.
1662	(4) Within 45 calendar days of the hearing, the municipal legislative body shall:
1663	(a) determine whether to grant the request for disconnection; and
1664	(b) if the municipality determines to grant the request, adopt an ordinance approving
1665	disconnection of the area from the municipality.
1666	(5) (a) A petition against the municipality challenging the municipal legislative body's
1667	determination under Subsection (4) may be filed in district court by:
1668	(i) petitioners; or
1669	(ii) the county in which the area proposed for disconnection is located.
1670	(b) Each petition under Subsection (5)(a) shall include a copy of the request for

1671	disconnection.
1672	Section 26. Section 10-2-607 is amended to read:
1673	10-2-607. Notice of election.
1674	If the county legislative bodies find that the resolution or petition for consolidation and
1675	their attachments substantially conform with the requirements of this part, they shall give
1676	notice of the election for consolidation to the electors of each municipality which would
1677	become part of the consolidated municipality by publication:
1678	(a) in a newspaper having a general circulation within the boundaries of each
1679	municipality to be consolidated at least once a week for four consecutive weeks prior to the
1680	election on the question of consolidation[-]; and
1681	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four consecutive weeks.
1682	Section 27. Section 10-2-703 is amended to read:
1683	10-2-703. Publication of notice of election.
1684	(1) Immediately after setting the date for the election, the court shall order for
1685	publication notice of the:
1686	(a) petition; and
1687	(b) date the election is to be held to determine the question of dissolution.
1688	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall be published:
1689	(a) (i) for at least once a week for a period of one month in a newspaper having general
1690	circulation in the municipality[-,]; or
1691	(ii) if there is [none, then] not a newspaper as described in Subsection (2)(a), by
1692	posting in at least three public places in the municipality[, notice of the petition and of the date
1693	the election is to be held to determine the question of dissolution.]; and
1694	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for one month.
1695	Section 28. Section 10-2-708 is amended to read:
1696	10-2-708. Notice of disincorporation Publication and filing.
1697	When [any] a municipality has been dissolved, the clerk of the court shall cause a
1698	notice thereof to be published:
1699	(1) in a newspaper having a general circulation in the county in which the municipality
1700	is located at least once a week for four consecutive weeks[-]; and
1701	(2) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks.

1702 Section 29. Section **10-3-818** is amended to read:

10-3-818. Salaries in municipalities.

- (1) The elective and statutory officers of municipalities shall receive such compensation for their services as the governing body may fix by ordinance adopting compensation or compensation schedules enacted after public hearing.
- (2) Upon its own motion the governing body may review or consider the compensation of any officer or officers of the municipality or a salary schedule applicable to any officer or officers of the city for the purpose of determining whether or not it should be adopted, changed, or amended. In the event that the governing body decides that the compensation or compensation schedules should be adopted, changed, or amended, it shall set a time and place for a public hearing at which all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.
- (3) (a) Notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting shall be published at least seven days [prior thereto] before the meeting by publication:
- (i) at least once in a newspaper published in the county within which the municipality is situated and generally circulated in the municipality[:]; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (b) If there is [no such newspaper] not a newspaper as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), then notice shall be given by posting this notice in three public places in the municipality.
- (4) After the conclusion of the public hearing, the governing body may enact an ordinance fixing, changing, or amending the compensation of any elective or appointive officer of the municipality or adopting a compensation schedule applicable to any officer or officers.
- (5) Any ordinance enacted before Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48, by a municipality establishing a salary or compensation schedule for its elective or appointive officers and any salary fixed prior to Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48, shall remain effective until the municipality has enacted an ordinance pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- (6) The compensation of all municipal officers shall be paid at least monthly out of the municipal treasury provided that municipalities having 1,000 or fewer population may by ordinance provide for the payment of its statutory officers less frequently. None of the provisions of this chapter shall be considered as limiting or restricting the authority to any municipality that has adopted or does adopt a charter pursuant to Utah Constitution, Article XI,

1733	Section 5, to determine the salaries of its elective and appointive officers or employees.
1734	Section 30. Section 10-5-108 is amended to read:
1735	10-5-108. Budget hearing Notice Adjustments.
1736	(1) Prior to the adoption of the final budget, each town council shall hold a public
1737	hearing to receive public comment.
1738	(2) The council shall provide notice of the place, purpose, and time of the public
1739	hearing by publishing notice at least seven days before the hearing:
1740	(a) (i) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the town[, but]; or
1741	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, then by posting the notice in three
1742	public places at least 48 hours prior to the hearing[-]; and
1743	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
1744	(3) After the hearing, the council, subject to Section 10-5-110, may adjust expenditures
1745	and revenues in conformity with this chapter.
1746	Section 31. Section 10-6-113 is amended to read:
1747	10-6-113. Budget Notice of hearing to consider adoption.
1748	At the meeting at which each tentative budget is adopted, the governing body shall
1749	establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption and shall order that
1750	notice [thereof] of the public hearing be published at least seven days prior to the hearing:
1751	(1) (a) in at least one issue of a newspaper of general circulation published in the
1752	county in which the city is located[. If no such newspaper is published,]; or
1753	(b) if there is not a newspaper as described in Subsection (1)(a), then the notice
1754	required by this section may be posted in three public places within the city[-]; and
1755	(2) as required in Section 45-1-101.
1756	Section 32. Section 10-6-152 is amended to read:
1757	10-6-152. Notice that audit completed and available for inspection.
1758	Within ten days following the receipt of the audit report furnished by the independent
1759	auditor, the city auditor in cities having an auditor and the city recorder in all other cities shall:
1760	(1) prepare and publish:
1761	(a) (i) at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation published within the county,
1762	a notice to the public that the audit of the city has been completed [and a copy thereof may be
1763	inspected at the office of the city auditor or recorder. If]; or

1764	(ii) if a newspaper of general circulation is not published within the county, the notice
1765	required by this section may be posted in three public places[-]; and
1766	(b) a notice, published in accordance with Section 45-1-101, to the public that the audit
1767	of the city has been completed; and
1768	(2) make a copy of the notice described in Subsection (1)(a) available for inspection at
1769	the office of the city auditor or recorder.
1770	Section 33. Section 10-7-16 is amended to read:
1771	10-7-16. Call for bids Notice Contents.
1772	(1) (a) Before holding an election under Subsection 10-7-15(1)(a)(ii), the municipal
1773	legislative body shall open to bid the sale or lease of the property mentioned in Section
1774	10-7-15.
1775	(b) (i) The municipal legislative body shall cause notice of the bid process to be given
1776	by publication for at least three consecutive weeks:
1777	(A) in a newspaper published or having general circulation in the city or town[, giving
1778	a general description of the property to be sold or leased, and specifying the time when sealed
1779	bids for the property, or for a lease on the property, will be received, and the time when and the
1780	place where the bids will be opened.]; and
1781	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
1782	(c) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall:
1783	(i) give a general description of the property to be sold or leased;
1784	(ii) specify the time when sealed bids for the property, or for a lease on the property,
1785	will be received; and
1786	(iii) specify the time when and the place where the bids will be opened.
1787	(2) (a) As used in this section and in Section 10-7-17, "responsible bidder" means an
1788	entity with a proven history of successful operation of an electrical generation and distribution
1789	system, or an equivalent proven history.
1790	(b) Subject to Subsection (2)(c), a municipal legislative body may receive or refuse to
1791	receive any bid submitted for the sale or lease of the electrical works and plant.
1792	(c) A municipal legislative body may not receive a bid unless the municipal legislative
1793	body determines that the bid is submitted by a responsible bidder.
1794	Section 34. Section 10-7-19 is amended to read:

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1795	10-7-19.	Election to authorize Notice Ballots.

- (1) The board of commissioners or city council of any city or the board of trustees of any incorporated town is authorized to aid and encourage the building of railroads by granting to any railroad company for depot or other railroad purposes real property of such city or incorporated town, not necessary for municipal or public purposes, upon such limitations and conditions as the board of commissioners, council or board of trustees may prescribe; provided, however, that no such grant shall be made to any railroad company unless the question of making it has been submitted to the qualified electors of the city or town at the next municipal election, or special election to be called for that purpose by the board of commissioners, city council or town board.
- (2) If the question is submitted at a special election, it shall be held as nearly as practicable in conformity with the general election laws of the state.
- (3) Notice of [such election] an election described in Subsection (2) shall be given by publication:
- (a) (i) in [some] a newspaper published or having general circulation in the city or town once a week for four weeks prior [thereto,] to the election; or
- (ii) if there is [no such newspaper] not a newspaper as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), then by posting notices[-]; and
 - (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks prior to the election.
- (4) The board of commissioners, city council or town board shall cause ballots to be printed and furnished to the qualified electors, which shall read: "For the proposed grant for depot or other railroad purposes: Yes. No."
- (5) If a majority of the qualified electors voting thereon shall have voted in favor of such grant, the board of commissioners, city council or town board shall then proceed to convey the property to the railroad company.
 - Section 35. Section 10-8-2 is amended to read:
- **10-8-2.** Appropriations -- Acquisition and disposal of property -- Municipal authority -- Corporate purpose -- Procedure -- Notice of intent to acquire real property.
 - (1) (a) A municipal legislative body may:
- (i) appropriate money for corporate purposes only;
- (ii) provide for payment of debts and expenses of the corporation;

- (iii) subject to Subsections (4) and (5), purchase, receive, hold, sell, lease, convey, and dispose of real and personal property for the benefit of the municipality, whether the property is within or without the municipality's corporate boundaries, if the action is in the public interest and complies with other law;
- (iv) improve, protect, and do any other thing in relation to this property that an individual could do; and
- (v) subject to Subsection (2) and after first holding a public hearing, authorize municipal services or other nonmonetary assistance to be provided to or waive fees required to be paid by a nonprofit entity, whether or not the municipality receives consideration in return.
 - (b) A municipality may:
 - (i) furnish all necessary local public services within the municipality;
- (ii) purchase, hire, construct, own, maintain and operate, or lease public utilities located and operating within and operated by the municipality; and
- (iii) subject to Subsection (1)(c), acquire by eminent domain, or otherwise, property located inside or outside the corporate limits of the municipality and necessary for any of the purposes stated in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii), subject to restrictions imposed by Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain, and general law for the protection of other communities.
- (c) Each municipality that intends to acquire property by eminent domain under Subsection (1)(b) shall, upon the first contact with the owner of the property sought to be acquired, deliver to the owner a copy of a booklet or other materials provided by the Office of the Property Rights Ombudsman, created under Section 13-43-201, dealing with the property owner's rights in an eminent domain proceeding.
- (d) Subsection (1)(b) may not be construed to diminish any other authority a municipality may claim to have under the law to acquire by eminent domain property located inside or outside the municipality.
- (2) (a) Services or assistance provided pursuant to Subsection (1)(a)(v) is not subject to the provisions of Subsection (3).
- (b) The total amount of services or other nonmonetary assistance provided or fees waived under Subsection (1)(a)(v) in any given fiscal year may not exceed 1% of the municipality's budget for that fiscal year.
 - (3) It is considered a corporate purpose to appropriate money for any purpose that, in

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- the judgment of the municipal legislative body, provides for the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality subject to the following:
 - (a) The net value received for any money appropriated shall be measured on a project-by-project basis over the life of the project.
 - (b) The criteria for a determination under this Subsection (3) shall be established by the municipality's legislative body. A determination of value received, made by the municipality's legislative body, shall be presumed valid unless it can be shown that the determination was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal.
 - (c) The municipality may consider intangible benefits received by the municipality in determining net value received.
 - (d) (i) Prior to the municipal legislative body making any decision to appropriate any funds for a corporate purpose under this section, a public hearing shall be held.
 - (ii) Notice of the hearing described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) shall be published:
 - (A) (I) in a newspaper of general circulation at least 14 days [prior to] before the date of the hearing[, or,]; or
 - (II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, by posting notice in at least three conspicuous places within the municipality for the same time period[-]; and
 - (B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least 14 days before the date of the hearing.
 - (e) A study shall be performed before notice of the public hearing is given and shall be made available at the municipality for review by interested parties at least 14 days immediately prior to the public hearing, setting forth an analysis and demonstrating the purpose for the appropriation. In making the study, the following factors shall be considered:
 - (i) what identified benefit the municipality will receive in return for any money or resources appropriated;
 - (ii) the municipality's purpose for the appropriation, including an analysis of the way the appropriation will be used to enhance the safety, health, prosperity, moral well-being, peace, order, comfort, or convenience of the inhabitants of the municipality; and
 - (iii) whether the appropriation is necessary and appropriate to accomplish the reasonable goals and objectives of the municipality in the area of economic development, job

- 1888 creation, affordable housing, blight elimination, job preservation, the preservation of historic 1889 structures and property, and any other public purpose. 1890 (f) (i) An appeal may be taken from a final decision of the municipal legislative body, 1891 to make an appropriation. 1892 (ii) The appeal shall be filed within 30 days after the date of that decision, to the 1893 district court. 1894 (iii) Any appeal shall be based on the record of the proceedings before the legislative 1895 body. 1896 (iv) A decision of the municipal legislative body shall be presumed to be valid unless 1897 the appealing party shows that the decision was arbitrary, capricious, or illegal. 1898 (g) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply only to those appropriations made after 1899 May 6, 2002. 1900 (h) This section applies only to appropriations not otherwise approved pursuant to Title 1901 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns, or Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform 1902 Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities. 1903 (4) (a) Before a municipality may dispose of a significant parcel of real property, the 1904 municipality shall: 1905 (i) provide reasonable notice of the proposed disposition at least 14 days before the 1906 opportunity for public comment under Subsection (4)(a)(ii); and 1907 (ii) allow an opportunity for public comment on the proposed disposition. 1908 (b) Each municipality shall, by ordinance, define what constitutes: 1909 (i) a significant parcel of real property for purposes of Subsection (4)(a); and 1910 (ii) reasonable notice for purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i). 1911 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(d), each municipality intending to acquire 1912 real property for the purpose of expanding the municipality's infrastructure or other facilities 1913 used for providing services that the municipality offers or intends to offer shall provide written 1914 notice, as provided in this Subsection (5), of its intent to acquire the property if: 1915 (i) the property is located:

(ii) the intended use of the property is contrary to:

(A) outside the boundaries of the municipality; and

(B) in a county of the first or second class; and

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1919	(A) the anticipated use of the property under the general plan of the county in whose
1920	unincorporated area or the municipality in whose boundaries the property is located; or
1921	(B) the property's current zoning designation.
1922	(b) Each notice under Subsection (5)(a) shall:
1923	(i) indicate that the municipality intends to acquire real property;
1924	(ii) identify the real property; and
1925	(iii) be sent to:
1926	(A) each county in whose unincorporated area and each municipality in whose
1927	boundaries the property is located; and
1928	(B) each affected entity.
1929	(c) A notice under this Subsection (5) is a protected record as provided in Subsection
1930	63G-2-305(7).
1931	(d) (i) The notice requirement of Subsection (5)(a) does not apply if the municipality
1932	previously provided notice under Section 10-9a-203 identifying the general location within the
1933	municipality or unincorporated part of the county where the property to be acquired is located.
1934	(ii) If a municipality is not required to comply with the notice requirement of
1935	Subsection (5)(a) because of application of Subsection (5)(d)(i), the municipality shall provide
1936	the notice specified in Subsection (5)(a) as soon as practicable after its acquisition of the real
1937	property.
1938	Section 36. Section 10-9a-204 is amended to read:
1939	10-9a-204. Notice of public hearings and public meetings to consider general plan
1940	or modifications.
1941	(1) Each municipality shall provide:
1942	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the original
1943	adoption or any modification of all or any portion of a general plan; and
1944	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
1945	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be at least ten
1946	calendar days before the public hearing and shall be:
1947	(a) (i) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
1948	(ii) published as required in Section 45-1-101;
1949	(b) mailed to each affected entity; and

1950	(c) posted:
1951	(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or
1952	(ii) on the municipality's official website.
1953	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
1954	before the meeting and shall be:
1955	(a) (i) submitted to a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
1956	(ii) published as required in Section 45-1-101; and
1957	(b) posted:
1958	(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or
1959	(ii) on the municipality's official website.
1960	Section 37. Section 10-9a-205 is amended to read:
1961	10-9a-205. Notice of public hearings and public meetings on adoption or
1962	modification of land use ordinance.
1963	(1) Each municipality shall give:
1964	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the
1965	adoption or any modification of a land use ordinance; and
1966	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
1967	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
1968	(a) mailed to each affected entity at least ten calendar days before the public hearing;
1969	(b) posted:
1970	(i) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or
1971	(ii) on the municipality's official website; and
1972	(c) (i) (A) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area at least ten
1973	calendar days before the public hearing; [or] and
1974	(B) published in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least ten calendar days before
1975	the public hearing; or
1976	(ii) mailed at least three days before the public hearing to:
1977	(A) each property owner whose land is directly affected by the land use ordinance
1978	change; and
1979	(B) each adjacent property owner within the parameters specified by municipal
1980	ordinance.

1981	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
1982	before the meeting and shall be posted:
1983	(a) in at least three public locations within the municipality; or
1984	(b) on the municipality's official website.
1985	Section 38. Section 10-9a-208 is amended to read:
1986	10-9a-208. Hearing and notice for proposal to vacate, alter, or amend a public
1987	street or right-of-way.
1988	For any proposal to vacate, alter, or amend a public street or right-of-way, the land use
1989	authority shall hold a public hearing and shall give notice of the date, place, and time of the
1990	hearing by:
1991	(1) mailing notice as required in Section 10-9a-207;
1992	(2) mailing notice to each affected entity; and
1993	(3) [(a)] publishing notice:
1994	(a) (i) once a week for four consecutive weeks before the hearing in a newspaper of
1995	general circulation in the municipality in which the land subject to the petition is located; or
1996	[(b)] (ii) in accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
1997	circulation in the municipality, posting the property and posting notice in three public places
1998	for four consecutive weeks before the hearing[-]; and
1999	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks before the hearing.
2000	Section 39. Section 10-18-203 is amended to read:
2001	10-18-203. Feasibility study on providing cable television or public
2002	telecommunications services Public hearings.
2003	(1) If a feasibility consultant is hired under Section 10-18-202, the legislative body of
2004	the municipality shall require the feasibility consultant to:
2005	(a) complete the feasibility study in accordance with this section;
2006	(b) submit to the legislative body by no later than 180 days from the date the feasibility
2007	consultant is hired to conduct the feasibility study:
2008	(i) the full written results of the feasibility study; and
2009	(ii) a summary of the results that is no longer than one page in length; and
2010	(c) attend the public hearings described in Subsection (4) to:
2011	(i) present the feasibility study results; and

2012	(ii) respond to questions from the public.
2013	(2) The feasibility study described in Subsection (1) shall at a minimum consider:
2014	(a) (i) if the municipality is proposing to provide cable television services to
2015	subscribers, whether the municipality providing cable television services in the manner
2016	proposed by the municipality will hinder or advance competition for cable television services
2017	in the municipality;
2018	(ii) if the municipality is proposing to provide public telecommunications services to
2019	subscribers, whether the municipality providing public telecommunications services in the
2020	manner proposed by the municipality will hinder or advance competition for public
2021	telecommunications services in the municipality;
2022	(b) whether but for the municipality any person would provide the proposed:
2023	(i) cable television services; or
2024	(ii) public telecommunications services;
2025	(c) the fiscal impact on the municipality of:
2026	(i) the capital investment in facilities that will be used to provide the proposed:
2027	(A) cable television services; or
2028	(B) public telecommunications services; and
2029	(ii) the expenditure of funds for labor, financing, and administering the proposed:
2030	(A) cable television services; or
2031	(B) public telecommunications services;
2032	(d) the projected growth in demand in the municipality for the proposed:
2033	(i) cable television services; or
2034	(ii) public telecommunications services;
2035	(e) the projections at the time of the feasibility study and for the next five years, of a
2036	full-cost accounting for a municipality to purchase, lease, construct, maintain, or operate the
2037	facilities necessary to provide the proposed:
2038	(i) cable television services; or
2039	(ii) public telecommunications services; and
2040	(f) the projections at the time of the feasibility study and for the next five years of the
2041	revenues to be generated from the proposed:
2042	(i) cable television services; or

2043	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2044	(3) For purposes of the financial projections required under Subsections (2)(e) and (f),
2045	the feasibility consultant shall assume that the municipality will price the proposed cable
2046	television services or public telecommunications services consistent with Subsection
2047	10-18-303(5).
2048	(4) If the results of the feasibility study satisfy the revenue requirement of Subsection
2049	10-18-202(3), the legislative body, at the next regular meeting after the legislative body
2050	receives the results of the feasibility study, shall schedule at least two public hearings to be
2051	held:
2052	(a) within 60 days of the meeting at which the public hearings are scheduled;
2053	(b) at least seven days apart; and
2054	(c) for the purpose of allowing:
2055	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study; and
2056	(ii) the public to:
2057	(A) become informed about the feasibility study results; and
2058	(B) ask questions of the feasibility consultant about the results of the feasibility study.
2059	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)[(e)](b), the municipality shall publish
2060	notice of the public hearings required under Subsection (4):
2061	(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
2062	circulation in the municipality[. (b) The last publication of notice required under Subsection
2063	(5)(a) shall be] and at least three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection
2064	(4)[.]; and
2065	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks, at least three days before the
2066	first public hearing required under Subsection (4).
2067	[(c)] (b) (i) [Hf] In accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of
2068	general circulation in the municipality, for each 1,000 residents, the municipality shall post at
2069	least one notice of the hearings in a conspicuous place within the municipality that is likely to
2070	give notice of the hearings to the greatest number of residents of the municipality.
2071	(ii) The municipality shall post the notices at least seven days before the first public
2072	hearing required under Subsection (4) is held.

Section 40. Section **10-18-302** is amended to read:

2074	10-18-302. Bonding authority.
2075	(1) In accordance with Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, the
2076	legislative body of a municipality may by resolution determine to issue one or more revenue
2077	bonds or general obligation bonds to finance the capital costs for facilities necessary to provide
2078	to subscribers:
2079	(a) a cable television service; or
2080	(b) a public telecommunications service.
2081	(2) The resolution described in Subsection (1) shall:
2082	(a) describe the purpose for which the indebtedness is to be created; and
2083	(b) specify the dollar amount of the one or more bonds proposed to be issued.
2084	(3) (a) A revenue bond issued under this section shall be secured and paid for:
2085	(i) from the revenues generated by the municipality from providing:
2086	(A) cable television services with respect to revenue bonds issued to finance facilities
2087	for the municipality's cable television services; and
2088	(B) public telecommunications services with respect to revenue bonds issued to finance
2089	facilities for the municipality's public telecommunications services; and
2090	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b) and Subsection 10-18-303(3)(a), from revenues
2091	generated under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, if:
2092	(A) notwithstanding Subsection 11-14-201(3) and except as provided in Subsections
2093	(4) and (5), the revenue bond is approved by the registered voters in an election held:
2094	(I) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A)(II), pursuant to the provisions of Title
2095	11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, that govern bond elections; and
2096	(II) notwithstanding Subsection 11-14-203(2), at a regular general election;
2097	(B) the revenues described in this Subsection (3)(a)(ii) are pledged as security for the
2098	revenue bond; and
2099	(C) the municipality or municipalities annually appropriate the revenues described in
2100	this Subsection (3)(a)(ii) to secure and pay the revenue bond issued under this section.
2101	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), a municipality may not pay the
2102	origination, financing, or other carrying costs associated with the one or more revenue bonds
2103	issued under this section from the general funds or other enterprise funds of the municipality.

(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "municipal entity" means an entity created

2105	pursuant to an agreement:
2106	(i) under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
2107	(ii) to which a municipality is a party.
2108	(b) The requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) do not apply to a municipality or
2109	municipal entity that issues revenue bonds, or to a municipality that is a member of a municipal
2110	entity that issues revenue bonds, if:
2111	(i) on or before March 2, 2004, the municipality that is issuing revenue bonds or that is
2112	a member of a municipal entity that is issuing revenue bonds has published the first notice
2113	described in Subsection (4)(b)(iii);
2114	(ii) on or before April 15, 2004, the municipality that is issuing revenue bonds or that
2115	is a member of a municipal entity that is issuing revenue bonds makes the decision to pledge
2116	the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) as security for the revenue bonds described in
2117	this Subsection (4)(b)(ii);
2118	(iii) the municipality that is issuing the revenue bonds or the municipality that is a
2119	member of the municipal entity that is issuing the revenue bonds has:
2120	(A) held a public hearing for which public notice was given by publication of the
2121	notice:
2122	(I) in a newspaper published in the municipality or in a newspaper of general
2123	circulation within the municipality for two consecutive weeks, with the first publication being
2124	not less than 14 days before the public hearing; and
2125	(II) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks before the public hearing; and
2126	(B) the notice identifies:
2127	(I) that the notice is given pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding
2128	Act;
2129	(II) the purpose for the bonds to be issued;
2130	(III) the maximum amount of the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that will
2131	be pledged in any fiscal year;
2132	(IV) the maximum number of years that the pledge will be in effect; and
2133	(V) the time, place, and location for the public hearing;
2134	(iv) the municipal entity that issues revenue bonds:
2135	(A) adopts a final financing plan; and

2136	(B) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
2137	Management Act, makes available to the public at the time the municipal entity adopts the final
2138	financing plan:
2139	(I) the final financing plan; and
2140	(II) all contracts entered into by the municipal entity, except as protected by Title 63G,
2141	Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
2142	(v) any municipality that is a member of a municipal entity described in Subsection
2143	(4)(b)(iv):
2144	(A) not less than 30 calendar days after the municipal entity complies with Subsection
2145	(4)(b)(iv)(B), holds a final public hearing;
2146	(B) provides notice, at the time the municipality schedules the final public hearing, to
2147	any person who has provided to the municipality a written request for notice; and
2148	(C) makes all reasonable efforts to provide fair opportunity for oral testimony by all
2149	interested parties; and
2150	(vi) except with respect to a municipality that issued bonds prior to March 1, 2004, not
2151	more than 50% of the average annual debt service of all revenue bonds described in this section
2152	to provide service throughout the municipality or municipal entity may be paid from the
2153	revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
2154	(5) On or after July 1, 2007, the requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A) do not apply
2155	to a municipality that issues revenue bonds if:
2156	(a) the municipality that is issuing the revenue bonds has:
2157	(i) held a public hearing for which public notice was given by publication of the notice
2158	in a newspaper published in the municipality or in a newspaper of general circulation within
2159	the municipality for two consecutive weeks, with the first publication being not less than 14
2160	days before the public hearing; and
2161	(ii) the notice identifies:
2162	(A) that the notice is given pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government
2163	Bonding Act;
2164	(B) the purpose for the bonds to be issued;
2165	(C) the maximum amount of the revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) that will be
2166	pledged in any fiscal year;

2167	(D) the maximum number of years that the pledge will be in effect; and
2168	(E) the time, place, and location for the public hearing; and
2169	(b) except with respect to a municipality that issued bonds prior to March 1, 2004, not
2170	more than 50% of the average annual debt service of all revenue bonds described in this section
2171	to provide service throughout the municipality or municipal entity may be paid from the
2172	revenues described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
2173	(6) A municipality that issues bonds pursuant to this section may not make or grant any
2174	undue or unreasonable preference or advantage to itself or to any private provider of:
2175	(a) cable television services; or
2176	(b) public telecommunications services.
2177	Section 41. Section 10-18-303 is amended to read:
2178	10-18-303. General operating limitations.
2179	A municipality that provides a cable television service or a public telecommunications
2180	service under this chapter is subject to the operating limitations of this section.
2181	(1) A municipality that provides a cable television service shall comply with:
2182	(a) the Cable Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq.; and
2183	(b) the regulations issued by the Federal Communications Commission under the Cable
2184	Communications Policy Act of 1984, 47 U.S.C. 521, et seq.
2185	(2) A municipality that provides a public telecommunications service shall comply
2186	with:
2187	(a) the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104;
2188	(b) the regulations issued by the Federal Communications Commission under the
2189	Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104;
2190	(c) Section 54-8b-2.2 relating to:
2191	(i) the interconnection of essential facilities; and
2192	(ii) the purchase and sale of essential services; and
2193	(d) the rules made by the Public Service Commission of Utah under Section 54-8b-2.2.
2194	(3) A municipality may not cross subsidize its cable television services or its public
2195	telecommunications services with:
2196	(a) tax dollars;
2197	(b) income from other municipal or utility services;

2198	(c) below-market rate loans from the municipality; or
2199	(d) any other means.
2200	(4) (a) A municipality may not make or grant any undue or unreasonable preference or
2201	advantage to itself or to any private provider of:
2202	(i) cable television services; or
2203	(ii) public telecommunications services.
2204	(b) A municipality shall apply without discrimination as to itself and to any private
2205	provider the municipality's ordinances, rules, and policies, including those relating to:
2206	(i) obligation to serve;
2207	(ii) access to public rights of way;
2208	(iii) permitting;
2209	(iv) performance bonding;
2210	(v) reporting; and
2211	(vi) quality of service.
2212	(c) Subsections (4)(a) and (b) do not supersede the exception for a rural telephone
2213	company in Section 251 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104.
2214	(5) In calculating the rates charged by a municipality for a cable television service or a
2215	public telecommunications service, the municipality:
2216	(a) shall include within its rates an amount equal to all taxes, fees, and other
2217	assessments that would be applicable to a similarly situated private provider of the same
2218	services, including:
2219	(i) federal, state, and local taxes;
2220	(ii) franchise fees;
2221	(iii) permit fees;
2222	(iv) pole attachment fees; and
2223	(v) fees similar to those described in Subsections (5)(a)(i) through (iv); and
2224	(b) may not price any cable television service or public telecommunications service at a
2225	level that is less than the sum of:
2226	(i) the actual direct costs of providing the service;
2227	(ii) the actual indirect costs of providing the service; and
2228	(iii) the amount determined under Subsection (5)(a)

2229	(6) (a) A municipality that provides cable television services or public
2230	telecommunications services shall establish and maintain a comprehensive price list of all cable
2231	television services or public telecommunications services offered by the municipality.
2232	(b) The price list required by Subsection (6)(a) shall:
2233	(i) include all terms and conditions relating to the municipality providing each cable
2234	television service or public telecommunications service offered by the municipality;
2235	(ii) (A) be published in a newspaper having general circulation in the municipality; and
2236	(B) be published in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
2237	(iii) be available for inspection:
2238	(A) at a designated office of the municipality; and
2239	(B) during normal business hours.
2240	(c) At least five days before the date a change to a municipality's price list becomes
2241	effective, the municipality shall:
2242	(i) notify the following of the change:
2243	(A) all subscribers to the services for which the price list is being changed; and
2244	(B) any other persons requesting notification of any changes to the municipality's price
2245	list; and
2246	(ii) (A) publish notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality[-]; and
2247	(B) publish notice in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
2248	(d) [H] In accordance with Subsection (6)(c)(ii)(A), if there is no newspaper of general
2249	circulation in the municipality, the municipality shall publish the notice required by this
2250	Subsection (6) in a newspaper of general circulation that is nearest the municipality.
2251	(e) A municipality may not offer a cable television service or a public
2252	telecommunications service except in accordance with the prices, terms, and conditions set
2253	forth in the municipality's price list.
2254	(7) A municipality may not offer to provide or provide cable television services or
2255	public telecommunications services to a subscriber that does not reside within the geographic
2256	boundaries of the municipality.
2257	(8) (a) A municipality shall keep accurate books and records of the municipality's:
2258	(i) cable television services; and
2259	(ii) public telecommunications services.

2260	(b) The books and records required to be kept under Subsection (8)(a) are subject to
2261	legislative audit to verify the municipality's compliance with the requirements of this chapter
2262	including:
2263	(i) pricing;
2264	(ii) recordkeeping; and
2265	(iii) antidiscrimination.
2266	(9) A municipality may not receive distributions from the Universal Public
2267	Telecommunications Service Support Fund established in Section 54-8b-15.
2268	Section 42. Section 11-13-219 is amended to read:
2269	11-13-219. Publication of resolutions or agreements Contesting legality of
2270	resolution or agreement.
2271	(1) As used in this section:
2272	(a) "Enactment" means:
2273	(i) a resolution adopted or proceedings taken by a governing body under the authority
2274	of this chapter, and includes a resolution, indenture, or other instrument providing for the
2275	issuance of bonds; and
2276	(ii) an agreement or other instrument that is authorized, executed, or approved by a
2277	governing body under the authority of this chapter.
2278	(b) "Governing body" means:
2279	(i) the legislative body of a public agency; and
2280	(ii) the governing body of an interlocal entity created under this chapter.
2281	(c) "Notice of bonds" means the notice authorized by Subsection (3)(d).
2282	(d) "Notice of agreement" means the notice authorized by Subsection (3)(c).
2283	(e) "Official newspaper" means the newspaper selected by a governing body under
2284	Subsection (4)(b) to publish its enactments.
2285	(2) Any enactment taken or made under the authority of this chapter is not subject to
2286	referendum.
2287	(3) (a) A governing body need not publish any enactment taken or made under the
2288	authority of this chapter.
2289	(b) A governing body may provide for the publication of any enactment taken or made
2290	by it under the authority of this chapter according to the publication requirements established

by this section	2291	by this	section
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- (c) (i) If the enactment is an agreement, document, or other instrument, or a resolution or other proceeding authorizing or approving an agreement, document, or other instrument, the governing body may, instead of publishing the full text of the agreement, resolution, or other proceeding, publish a notice of agreement containing:
 - (A) the names of the parties to the agreement;
 - (B) the general subject matter of the agreement;
- (C) the term of the agreement;
- (D) a description of the payment obligations, if any, of the parties to the agreement; and
 - (E) a statement that the resolution and agreement will be available for review at the governing body's principal place of business during regular business hours for 30 days after the publication of the notice of agreement.
 - (ii) The governing body shall make a copy of the resolution or other proceeding and a copy of the contract available at its principal place of business during regular business hours for 30 days after the publication of the notice of agreement.
 - (d) If the enactment is a resolution or other proceeding authorizing the issuance of bonds, the governing body may, instead of publishing the full text of the resolution or other proceeding and the documents pertaining to the issuance of bonds, publish a notice of bonds that contains the information described in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
 - (4) (a) If the governing body chooses to publish an enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement, the governing body shall comply with the requirements of this Subsection (4).
 - (b) If there is more than one newspaper of general circulation, or more than one newspaper, published within the boundaries of the governing body, the governing body may designate one of those newspapers as the official newspaper for all publications made under this section.
 - (c) (i) (A) The governing body shall publish the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement in:
- [(A)] (I) the official newspaper;
- 2321 [(B)] (II) the newspaper published in the municipality in which the principal office of

2322	the governmental entity is located; or
2323	[(C)] (III) if no newspaper is published in that municipality, in a newspaper having
2324	general circulation in the municipality[-]; and
2325	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
2326	(ii) The governing body may publish the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of
2327	agreement:
2328	(A) (I) in a newspaper of general circulation; or
2329	(II) in a newspaper that is published within the boundaries of any public agency that is
2330	a party to the enactment or agreement[-]; and
2331	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
2332	(5) (a) Any person in interest may contest the legality of an enactment or any action
2333	performed or instrument issued under the authority of the enactment for 30 days after the
2334	publication of the enactment, notice of bonds, or notice of agreement.
2335	(b) After the 30 days have passed, no one may contest the regularity, formality, or
2336	legality of the enactment or any action performed or instrument issued under the authority of
2337	the enactment for any cause whatsoever.
2338	Section 43. Section 11-14-202 is amended to read:
2339	11-14-202. Notice of election Contents Publication Mailing.
2340	(1) $[(a)]$ The governing body shall ensure that $[(b)]$ notice of the election is published:
2341	(a) (i) (A) once per week during three consecutive weeks in a newspaper designated in
2342	accordance with Section 11-14-316; and
2343	[(ii)] (B) the first publication described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) occurs not less than
2344	21 nor more than 35 days before the election[-]; and
2345	[(b) Notice shall be published]
2346	(C) in a newspaper having general circulation in the local political subdivision[-]; and
2347	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
2348	(2) When the debt service on the bonds to be issued will increase the property tax
2349	imposed upon the average value of a residence by an amount that is greater than or equal to \$15
2350	per year, the governing body shall, at least seven days but not more than 30 days before the
2351	bond election, if the bond election is not held on the date of a regular primary election, a
2352	municipal primary election, a regular general election, or a municipal general election, either

2353	mail:
2333	minum.

- (a) written notice of the bond election on a minimum three inch by five inch postcard to every household containing a registered voter who is eligible to vote on the bonds; or
- (b) a voter information pamphlet prepared by the governing body, if one is prepared, that includes the information required by Subsection (4).
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), notice of the bond election need not be posted.
- (b) (i) In a local political subdivision where there is no newspaper of general circulation, the legislative body may require that notice of a bond election be given by posting in lieu of the publication requirements of Subsection (1)(a)(i).
- (ii) When the governing body imposes a posting requirement, the governing body shall ensure that notice of the bond election is posted in at least five public places in the local political subdivision at least 21 days before the election.
 - (4) Any notice required by this section shall include:
 - (a) the date and place of the election;
 - (b) the hours during which the polls will be open; and
 - (c) the title and text of the ballot proposition.
- (5) The governing body shall pay the costs associated with the notice required by this section.
 - Section 44. Section 11-14-315 is amended to read:
 - 11-14-315. Nature and validity of bonds issued -- Applicability of other statutory provisions -- Budget provision required -- Applicable procedures for issuance.

Bonds issued under this chapter shall have all the qualities of negotiable paper, shall be incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value and shall not be invalid for any irregularity or defect in the proceedings for their issuance and sale. This chapter is intended to afford an alternative method for the issuance of bonds by local political subdivisions and shall not be so construed as to deprive any local political subdivision of the right to issue its bonds under authority of any other statute, but nevertheless this chapter shall constitute full authority for the issue and sale of bonds by local political subdivisions. The provisions of Section 11-1-1, Utah Code Annotated 1953, shall not be applicable to bonds issued under this chapter. Any local political subdivision subject to the provisions of any

budget law shall in its annual budget make proper provision for the payment of principal and interest currently falling due on bonds issued hereunder, but no provision need be made in any such budget prior to the issuance of the bonds for the issuance thereof or for the expenditure of the proceeds thereof. No ordinance, resolution or proceeding in respect to the issuance of bonds hereunder shall be necessary except as herein specifically required, nor shall the publication of any resolution, proceeding or notice relating to the issuance of the bonds be necessary except as herein required. Any publication made hereunder may be made in any newspaper conforming to the terms hereof in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to the designation thereof as the official journal or newspaper of the local political subdivision[:], and as required in Section 45-1-101. No resolution adopted or proceeding taken hereunder shall be subject to referendum petition or to an election other than as herein required. All proceedings adopted hereunder may be adopted on a single reading at any legally convened meeting of the governing body.

Section 45. Section 11-14-316 is amended to read:

11-14-316. Publication of notice, resolution, or other proceeding -- Contest.

- (1) The governing body of any local political subdivision may provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted under this chapter:
 - (a) in a newspaper having general circulation in the local political subdivision[-]; and
 - (b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (2) When publication involves a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the governing body may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
 - (a) the name of the issuer;
 - (b) the purpose of the issue;
 - (c) the type of bonds and the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
- (d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
- (e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear, if any;
- 2411 (f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at which the bonds may be sold; and
 - (g) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be examined, which shall be:

03-11-09 12:39 PM

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 208

2415	(1) at an office of the issuer;
2416	(ii) identified in the notice;
2417	(iii) during regular business hours of the issuer as described in the notice; and
2418	(iv) for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
2419	(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest:
2420	(a) the legality of such resolution or proceeding;
2421	(b) any bonds which may be authorized by such resolution or proceeding; or
2422	(c) any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds.
2423	(4) A person shall contest the matters set forth in Subsection (3) by filing a verified
2424	written complaint in the district court of the county in which he resides within the 30-day
2425	period.
2426	(5) After the 30-day period, no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality
2427	of the resolution or proceeding for any reason.
2428	Section 46. Section 11-14-318 is amended to read:
2429	11-14-318. Public hearing required.
2430	(1) Before issuing bonds authorized under this chapter, a local political subdivision
2431	shall:
2432	(a) in accordance with Subsection (2), provide public notice of the local political
2433	subdivision's intent to issue bonds; and
2434	(b) hold a public hearing:
2435	(i) if an election is required under this chapter:
2436	(A) no sooner than 30 days before the day on which the notice of election is published
2437	under Section 11-14-202; and
2438	(B) no later than five business days before the day on which the notice of election is
2439	published under Section 11-14-202; and
2440	(ii) to receive input from the public with respect to:
2441	(A) the issuance of the bonds; and
2442	(B) the potential economic impact that the improvement, facility, or property for which
2443	the bonds pay all or part of the cost will have on the private sector.
2444	(2) A local political subdivision shall:
2445	(a) publish the notice required by Subsection (1)(a):

2446	(i) (A) once each week for two consecutive weeks in the official newspaper described
2447	in Section 11-14-316; <u>and</u>
2448	[(ii)] (B) with the first publication being not less than 14 days before the public hearing
2449	required by Subsection (1)(b); and
2450	[(iii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63F-1-701]
2451	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, no less than 14 days before the public hearing
2452	required by Subsection (1)(b); and
2453	(b) ensure that the notice:
2454	(i) identifies:
2455	(A) the purpose for the issuance of the bonds;
2456	(B) the maximum principal amount of the bonds to be issued;
2457	(C) the taxes, if any, proposed to be pledged for repayment of the bonds; and
2458	(D) the time, place, and location of the public hearing; and
2459	(ii) informs the public that the public hearing will be held for the purposes described in
2460	Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
2461	Section 47. Section 11-14a-1 is amended to read:
2462	11-14a-1. Notice of debt issuance.
2463	(1) For purposes of this chapter:
2464	(a) (i) "Debt" includes bonds, lease purchase agreements, certificates of participation,
2465	and contracts with municipal building authorities.
2466	(ii) "Debt" does not include tax and revenue anticipation notes or refunding bonds.
2467	(b) (i) "Local government entity" means a county, city, town, school district, local
2468	district, or special service district.
2469	(ii) "Local government entity" does not mean an entity created by an interlocal
2470	agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act that has assets over
2471	\$10,000,000.
2472	(c) "New debt resolution" means a resolution authorizing the issuance of debt wholly
2473	or partially to fund a rejected project.
2474	(d) "Rejected Project" means a project for which a local government entity sought
2475	voter approval for general obligation bond financing and failed to receive that approval.
2476	(2) Unless a local government entity complies with the requirements of this section, it

24//	may not adopt a new debt resolution.
2478	(3) (a) Before adopting a new debt resolution, a local government entity shall:
2479	(i) advertise its intent to issue debt in a newspaper of general circulation[; or]:
2480	(A) (I) at least once each week for the two weeks before the meeting at which the
2481	resolution will be considered; and
2482	(II) on no less than 1/4 page or a 5 x7 inch advertisement with type size no smaller than
2483	18 point and surrounded by a 1/4 inch border; and
2484	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for the two weeks before the meeting at
2485	which the resolution will be considered; or
2486	(ii) include notice of its intent to issue debt in a bill or other mailing sent to at least
2487	95% of the residents of the local government entity.
2488	[(b) (i) The local government entity shall ensure that the advertisement is published at
2489	least once each week for the two weeks before the meeting at which the resolution will be
2490	considered on no less than a 1/4 page or a 5 x 7 inch advertisement with type size no smaller
2491	than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4 inch border.]
2492	[(ii)] (b) The local government entity shall ensure that the notice:
2493	[(A)] (i) except for website publication, is at least as large as the bill or other mailing
2494	that it accompanies;
2495	[(B)] (ii) is entitled, in type size no smaller than 24 point, "Intent to Issue Debt"; and
2496	[(C)] <u>(iii)</u> contains the information required by Subsection (3)(c).
2497	(c) The local government entity shall ensure that the advertisement or notice <u>described</u>
2498	in Subsection (3)(a):
2499	(i) identifies the local government entity;
2500	(ii) states that the entity will meet on a day, time, and place identified in the
2501	advertisement or notice to hear public comments regarding a resolution authorizing the
2502	issuance of debt by the entity and to explain to the public the reasons for the issuance of debt;
2503	(iii) contains:
2504	(A) the name of the entity that will issue the debt;
2505	(B) the purpose of the debt; and
2506	(C) that type of debt and the maximum principal amount that may be issued;
2507	(iv) invites all concerned citizens to attend the public hearing; and

2508	(v) states that some or all of the proposed debt would fund a project whose general
2509	obligation bond financing was rejected by the voters.
2510	(4) (a) The resolution considered at the hearing shall identify:
2511	(i) the type of debt proposed to be issued;
2512	(ii) the maximum principal amount that might be issued;
2513	(iii) the interest rate;
2514	(iv) the term of the debt; and
2515	(v) how the debt will be repaid.
2516	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), the resolution considered at the
2517	hearing need not be in final form and need not be adopted or rejected at the meeting at which
2518	the public hearing is held.
2519	(ii) The local government entity may not, in the final resolution, increase the maximum
2520	principal amount of debt contained in the notice and discussed at the hearing.
2521	(c) The local government entity may adopt, amend and adopt, or reject the resolution at
2522	a later meeting without recomplying with the published notice requirements of this section.
2523	Section 48. Section 11-17-16 is amended to read:
2524	11-17-16. Publication of resolutions and notice of bonds to be issued.
2525	(1) (a) The governing body may provide for the publication of any resolution or other
2526	proceeding adopted by it under this chapter, including all resolutions providing for the sale or
2527	lease of any land by the municipality, county, or state university in connection with the
2528	establishment, acquisition, development, maintenance, and operation of an industrial park.
2529	(b) (i) The publication shall be:
2530	(A) in a newspaper qualified to carry legal notices having general circulation in the
2531	municipality or county[, and,]; or
2532	(B) in the case of a state university, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county
2533	within which the principal administrative office of the state university is located[-]; and
2534	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
2535	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
2536	governing body may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
2537	notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
2538	(a) the name of the issuer;

2539	(b) the purpose of the issue;
2540	(c) the name of the users, if known; and
2541	(d) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be
2542	examined, which shall be at an office of the issuer, identified in the notice, during regular
2543	business hours of the issuer as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after
2544	the publication of the notice.
2545	(3) For a period of 30 days after publication any person in interest may contest the
2546	legality of the resolution, proceeding, any bonds which may be authorized under them, or any
2547	provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds. After expiration of the 30-day
2548	period no person may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution,
2549	proceedings, bonds, or security provisions for any cause.
2550	Section 49. Section 11-27-4 is amended to read:
2551	11-27-4. Publication of resolution Notice of bond issue Contest of resolution
2552	or proceeding.
2553	(1) The governing body of any public body may provide for the publication of any
2554	resolution or other proceeding adopted by it under this chapter:
2555	(a) in a newspaper having general circulation in the public body[-]; and
2556	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
2557	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of refunding
2558	bonds (or for a combined issue of refunding bonds and bonds issued for any other purpose), the
2559	governing body may, instead of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding, publish a
2560	notice of bonds to be issued, entitled accordingly, and containing:
2561	(a) the name of the issuer[:];
2562	(b) the purposes of the issue[-];
2563	(c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued[- -];
2564	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature[:]:
2565	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear[-];
2566	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
2567	which the bonds may be sold, and any deposit to be required in connection with the sale[:]; and
2568	(g) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding authorizing
2569	the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the governing body

identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the governing body as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.

- (3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest shall have the right to contest the legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds which may be so authorized or any provisions made for the security and payment of these bonds; and after this time no person shall have any cause of action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality thereof for any cause.
 - Section 50. Section 11-27-5 is amended to read:
- 11-27-5. Negotiability of bonds -- Intent and construction of chapter -- Budget for payment of bonds -- Proceedings limited to those required by chapter -- No election required -- Application of chapter.
- (1) Refunding bonds shall have all the qualities of negotiable paper, shall be incontestable in the hands of bona fide purchasers or holders for value, and shall not be invalid for any irregularity or defect in the proceedings for their issuance and sale. This chapter is intended to afford an alternative method for the issuance of refunding bonds by public bodies and shall not be so construed as to deprive any public body of the right to issue bonds for refunding purposes under authority of any other statute, but this chapter, nevertheless, shall constitute full authority for the issue and sale of refunding bonds by public bodies. Section 11-1-1 [and Title 66, Chapter 2], however, shall not be applicable to refunding bonds.
- (2) Any public body subject to any budget law shall in its annual budget make proper provision for the payment of principal and interest currently falling due on refunding bonds, but no provision need be made in the budget prior to the issuance of the refunding bonds for their issuance or for the expenditure of the proceeds from them.
- (3) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding concerning the issuance of refunding bonds nor the publication of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to the issuance of the refunding bonds shall be necessary except as specifically required by this chapter. [Any]
 - (b) A publication made under this chapter may be made:
- (i) in any newspaper in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to its designation as the official journal or newspaper of the public body[-]; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- 2600 (4) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this chapter shall be subject to any

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2601	referendum petition or to an election other than as required by this chapter. All proceedings
2602	adopted under this chapter may be adopted on a single reading at any legally-convened meeting
2603	of the governing body. This chapter shall apply to all bonds issued and outstanding at the time
2604	this chapter takes effect as well as to bonds issued after this chapter takes effect.
2605	Section 51. Section 11-30-5 is amended to read:
2606	11-30-5. Publication of order for hearing.
2607	(1) Prior to the date set for hearing, the clerk of the court shall cause the order to be
2608	published <u>:</u>
2609	(a) once each week for three consecutive weeks:
2610	(i) in a newspaper published or of general circulation within the boundaries of the
2611	public body; or[7]
2612	(ii) if the public body has no defined boundaries or there is no newspaper published or
2613	of general circulation within the defined boundaries, a newspaper reasonably calculated to
2614	notify all parties, which has been approved by the court[-]; and
2615	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
2616	(2) If a refunding bond is being validated, all holders of the bonds to be refunded may
2617	be made defendants to the action, in which case notice may be made, and if so made shall be
2618	considered sufficient, by mailing a copy of the order to each holder's last-known address.
2619	(3) By publication of the order, all defendants shall have been duly served and shall be
2620	parties to the proceedings.
2621	Section 52. Section 11-32-10 is amended to read:
2622	11-32-10. Application to other laws and proceedings.
2623	(1) This chapter is supplemental to all existing laws relating to the collection of
2624	delinquent taxes by participant members.
2625	(2) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding in respect to any transaction authorized
2626	by this chapter is necessary except as specifically required in this chapter nor is the publication
2627	of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to any transaction authorized by this chapter
2628	necessary except as required by this chapter. [Any]

(i) in [any] a newspaper conforming to the terms of this chapter and in which legal

notices may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to the designation of it as the

(b) A publication made under this chapter may be made:

2632	official journal or newspaper of the public body[-]; and
2633	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
2634	(c) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this chapter may be subject to
2635	referendum petition or to an election other than as permitted in this chapter.
2636	(d) All proceedings adopted under this chapter may be adopted on a single reading at
2637	any legally convened meeting of the governing body or bodies or the board of trustees of the
2638	authority as appropriate.
2639	(3) Any formal action or proceeding taken by the governing body of a county or other
2640	public body or the board of trustees of an authority under the authority of this chapter may be
2641	taken by resolution of the governing body or the board of trustees as appropriate.
2642	(4) This chapter shall apply to all authorities created, assignment agreements executed
2643	and bonds issued after this chapter takes effect.
2644	(5) All proceedings taken before the effective date of this chapter by a county or other
2645	public body in connection with the creation and operation of a financing authority are
2646	validated, ratified, approved, and confirmed.
2647	Section 53. Section 11-32-11 is amended to read:
2648	11-32-11. Publication of resolutions Notice Content.
2649	(1) The governing body of any county, or the board of trustees of any financing
2650	authority, may provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted by it
2651	under this chapter:
2652	(a) in a newspaper having general circulation in the county[-]; and
2653	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
2654	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
2655	board of trustees of a financing authority may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or
2656	other proceeding, publish a notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
2657	(a) the name of the financing authority and the participant members;
2658	(b) the purposes of the issue;
2659	(c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
2660	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
2661	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear;
2662	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at

which the bonds may be sold; and

- (g) the time and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceedings authorizing the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the financing authority, identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the financing authority as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.
- (3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest the legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds or assignment agreements which may be authorized by them or any provisions made for the security and payment of the bonds or for the security and payment of the assignment agreement. After such time no person has any cause of action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality of same for any cause.
 - Section 54. Section 11-39-103 is amended to read:

11-39-103. Requirements for undertaking a building improvement or public works project -- Request for bids -- Authority to reject bids.

- (1) If the estimated cost of the building improvement or public works project exceeds the bid limit, the local entity shall, if it determines to proceed with the building improvement or public works project:
- (a) (i) request bids for completion of the building improvement or public works project by:
- [(i)] (A) publishing notice at least twice in a newspaper published or of general circulation in the local entity at least five days before opening the bids; or
- [(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper published or of general circulation in the local entity as described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), posting notice at least five days before opening the bids in at least five public places in the local entity and leaving the notice posted for at least three days; and
- (ii) publishing notice in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least five days before opening the bids; and
- (b) except as provided in Subsection (3), enter into a contract for the completion of the building improvement or public works project with:
 - (i) the lowest responsive responsible bidder; or
- 2692 (ii) for a design-build project that the local entity began formulating before March 1, 2693 2004 and with respect to which a contract is entered into before September 1, 2004, a

2694 1	responsible	bidder	that:
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- (A) offers design-build services; and
- 2696 (B) satisfies the local entity's criteria relating to financial strength, past performance, 2697 integrity, reliability, and other factors that the local entity uses to assess the ability of a bidder 2698 to perform fully and in good faith the contract requirements for a design-build project.
 - (2) (a) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall indicate that the local entity may reject any or all bids submitted.
 - (b) (i) The cost of a building improvement or public works project may not be divided to avoid:
 - (A) exceeding the bid limit; and
 - (B) subjecting the local entity to the requirements of this section.
 - (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), a local entity may divide the cost of a building improvement or public works project that would, without dividing, exceed the bid limit if the local entity complies with the requirements of this section with respect to each part of the building improvement or public works project that results from dividing the cost.
 - (3) (a) The local entity may reject any or all bids submitted.
 - (b) If the local entity rejects all bids submitted but still intends to undertake the building improvement or public works project, the local entity shall again request bids by following the procedure provided in Subsection (1)(a).
 - (c) If, after twice requesting bids by following the procedure provided in Subsection (1)(a), the local entity determines that no satisfactory bid has been submitted, the governing body may undertake the building improvement or public works project as it considers appropriate.
- 2717 Section 55. Section **11-42-202** is amended to read:

11-42-202. Requirements applicable to a notice of a proposed assessment area designation.

- (1) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall:
- 2721 (a) state that the local entity proposes to:
- 2722 (i) designate one or more areas within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries as an assessment area;
- 2724 (ii) provide an improvement to property within the proposed assessment area; and

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owner consent form that:

2725 (iii) finance some or all of the cost of improvements by an assessment on benefitted 2726 property within the assessment area; 2727 (b) describe the proposed assessment area by any reasonable method that allows an 2728 owner of property in the proposed assessment area to determine that the owner's property is 2729 within the proposed assessment area; 2730 (c) describe, in a general way, the improvements to be provided to the assessment area, 2731 including: 2732 (i) the general nature of the improvements; and 2733 (ii) the general location of the improvements, by reference to streets or portions or 2734 extensions of streets or by any other means that the governing body chooses that reasonably 2735 describes the general location of the improvements; 2736 (d) a statement of the estimated cost of the improvements as determined by a project 2737 engineer; 2738 (e) a statement that the local entity proposes to levy an assessment on benefitted 2739 property within the assessment area to pay some or all of the cost of the improvements 2740 according to the estimated direct and indirect benefits to the property from the improvements; 2741 (f) a statement of the assessment method by which the assessment is proposed to be 2742 levied: 2743 (g) a statement of the time within which and the location at which protests against 2744 designation of the proposed assessment area or of the proposed improvements are required to 2745 be filed and the method by which the number of protests required to defeat the designation of 2746 the proposed assessment area or acquisition or construction of the proposed improvements are 2747 to be determined; 2748 (h) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing under Section 11-42-204; 2749 (i) if the governing body elects to create and fund a reserve fund under Section 2750 11-42-702, a description of how the reserve fund will be funded and replenished and how 2751 remaining money in the reserve fund is to be disbursed upon full payment of the bonds;

(j) if the governing body intends to designate a voluntary assessment area, a property

(i) estimates the total assessment to be levied against the particular parcel of property;

(ii) describes any additional benefits that the governing body expects the assessed

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2756 property to receive from the improvements; and

- (iii) designates the date and time by which the fully executed consent form is required to be submitted to the governing body;
- (k) if the local entity intends to levy an assessment to pay operation and maintenance costs or for economic promotion activities:
- (i) a description of the operation and maintenance costs or economic promotion activities to be paid by assessments and the initial estimated annual assessment to be levied;
 - (ii) a description of how the estimated assessment will be determined;
- (iii) a description of how and when the governing body will adjust the assessment to reflect current operation and maintenance costs or the costs of current economic promotion activities;
- (iv) a description of the method of assessment if different from the method of assessment to be used for financing any improvement; and
- (v) a statement of the maximum number of years over which the assessment for operation and maintenance or economic promotion activities will be levied; and
- (l) if the governing body intends to divide the proposed assessment area into zones under Subsection 11-42-201(1)(b), a description of the proposed zones.
- (2) A notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) may contain other information that the governing body considers to be appropriate, including:
- (a) the amount or proportion of the cost of the improvement to be paid by the local entity or from sources other than an assessment;
- (b) the estimated amount of each type of assessment for the various improvements to be financed according to the method of assessment that the governing body chooses; and
 - (c) provisions for any optional improvements.
 - (3) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall:
- (a) (i) (A) be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries, once a week for four consecutive weeks, with the last publication at least five but not more than 20 days before the deadline under Section 11-42-203 for filing protests; or
- [(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries, be posted in at least three public places within the local entity's

2787	jurisdictional boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the deadline under
2788	Section 11-42-203 for filing protests; and
2789	(ii) be published in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks before the
2790	deadline under Section 11-42-203 for filing protests; and
2791	(b) be mailed, postage prepaid, within ten days after the first publication or posting of
2792	the notice under Subsection (3)(a) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed
2793	assessment area at the property owner's mailing address.
2794	Section 56. Section 11-42-301 is amended to read:
2795	11-42-301. Improvements made only under contract let to lowest responsive,
2796	responsible bidder Publishing notice Sealed bids Procedure Exceptions to
2797	contract requirement.
2798	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a local entity may make improvements
2799	in an assessment area only under contract let to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder for
2800	the kind of service, material, or form of construction that the local entity's governing body
2801	determines in compliance with any applicable local entity ordinances.
2802	(2) A local entity may:
2803	(a) divide improvements into parts;
2804	(b) (i) let separate contracts for each part; or
2805	(ii) combine multiple parts into the same contract; and
2806	(c) let a contract on a unit basis.
2807	(3) (a) A local entity may not let a contract until after publishing notice as provided in
2808	Subsection (3)(b):
2809	(i) at least one time in a newspaper of general circulation within the boundaries of the
2810	local entity at least 15 days before the date specified for receipt of bids[-]; and
2811	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least 15 days before the date specified for
2812	receipt of bids.
2813	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall notify contractors that the local entity will
2814	receive sealed bids at a specified time and place for the construction of the improvements.
2815	(c) Notwithstanding a local entity's failure, through inadvertence or oversight, to
2816	publish the notice or to publish the notice within 15 days before the date specified for receipt of
2817	bids, the governing body may proceed to let a contract for the improvements if the local entity

2818	receives at least three sealed and bona fide bids from contractors by the time specified for the
2819	receipt of bids.
2820	(d) A local entity may publish a notice required under this Subsection (3) at the same
2821	time as a notice under Section 11-42-202.
2822	(4) (a) A local entity may accept as a sealed bid a bid that is:
2823	(i) manually sealed and submitted; or
2824	(ii) electronically sealed and submitted.
2825	(b) The governing body or project engineer shall, at the time specified in the notice
2826	under Subsection (3), open and examine the bids.
2827	(c) In open session, the governing body:
2828	(i) shall declare the bids; and
2829	(ii) may reject any or all bids if the governing body considers the rejection to be for the
2830	public good.
2831	(d) The local entity may award the contract to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder
2832	even if the price bid by that bidder exceeds the estimated costs as determined by the project
2833	engineer.
2834	(e) A local entity may in any case:
2835	(i) refuse to award a contract;
2836	(ii) obtain new bids after giving a new notice under Subsection (3);
2837	(iii) determine to abandon the assessment area; or
2838	(iv) not make some of the improvements proposed to be made.
2839	(5) A local entity is not required to let a contract as provided in this section for:
2840	(a) an improvement or part of an improvement the cost of which or the making of
2841	which is donated or contributed;
2842	(b) an improvement that consists of furnishing utility service or maintaining
2843	improvements;
2844	(c) labor, materials, or equipment supplied by the local entity;
2845	(d) the local entity's acquisition of completed or partially completed improvements in
2846	an assessment area;
2847	(e) design, engineering, and inspection costs incurred with respect to the construction
2848	of improvements in an assessment area; or

2849 (f) additional work performed in accordance with the terms of a contract duly let to the 2850 lowest responsible bidder. 2851 (6) A local entity may itself furnish utility service and maintain improvements within 2852 an assessment area. 2853 (7) (a) A local entity may acquire completed or partially completed improvements in an 2854 assessment area, but may not pay an amount for those improvements that exceeds their fair 2855 market value. 2856 (b) Upon the local entity's payment for completed or partially completed 2857 improvements, title to the improvements shall be conveyed to the local entity or another public 2858 agency. 2859 (8) The provisions of Title 11, Chapter 39, Building Improvements and Public Works 2860 Projects, and Section 72-6-108 do not apply to improvements to be constructed in an 2861 assessment area. 2862 Section 57. Section 11-42-402 is amended to read: 2863 11-42-402. Notice of assessment and board of equalization hearing. 2864 Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-401(2)(a)(iii) shall: 2865 (1) state: 2866 (a) that an assessment list is completed and available for examination at the offices of 2867 the local entity; 2868 (b) the total estimated or actual cost of the improvements; 2869 (c) the amount of the total estimated or actual cost of the proposed improvements to be 2870 paid by the local entity; 2871 (d) the amount of the assessment to be levied against benefitted property within the 2872 assessment area; 2873 (e) the assessment method used to calculate the proposed assessment; 2874 (f) the unit cost used to calculate the assessments shown on the assessment list, based 2875 on the assessment method used to calculate the proposed assessment; and 2876 (g) the dates, times, and place of the board of equalization hearings under Subsection 2877 11-42-401(2)(b); 2878 (2) beginning at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the first hearing of the board 2879 of equalization:

2880 (a) (i) be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within the local 2881 entity's jurisdictional boundaries; or 2882 [(b)] (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the local entity's 2883 jurisdictional boundaries, be posted in at least three public places within the local entity's 2884 jurisdictional boundaries; and 2885 (b) be published in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for 35 days before the first hearing of the board of equalization; and 2886 2887 (3) be mailed, postage prepaid, within ten days after the first publication or posting of 2888 the notice under Subsection (2) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed 2889 assessment area at the property owner's mailing address. 2890 Section 58. Section 11-42-404 is amended to read: 2891 11-42-404. Adoption of a resolution or ordinance levying an assessment -- Notice 2892 of the adoption -- Effective date of resolution or ordinance -- Notice of assessment 2893 interest. 2894 (1) (a) After receiving a final report from a board of equalization under Subsection 2895 11-42-403(5) or, if applicable, after the time for filing an appeal under Subsection 2896 11-42-403(6) has passed, the governing body may adopt a resolution or ordinance levying an 2897 assessment against benefitted property within the assessment area. 2898 (b) Each local entity that levies an assessment under this chapter shall levy the 2899 assessment at one time only, unless the assessment is to pay operation and maintenance costs 2900 or the costs of economic promotion activities. 2901 (c) An assessment resolution or ordinance adopted under Subsection (1)(a): 2902 (i) need not describe each tract, block, lot, part of block or lot, or parcel of property to 2903 be assessed; 2904 (ii) need not include the legal description or tax identification number of the parcels of 2905 property assessed in the assessment area; and 2906 (iii) is adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the 2907 assessment area if the assessment resolution or ordinance incorporates by reference the 2908 corrected assessment list that describes the property assessed by legal description and tax 2909 identification number. 2910 (2) (a) Each local entity that adopts an assessment resolution or ordinance shall give

2940	warrants or bond anticipation notes Complaint contesting warrants or notes
2939	11-42-604. Notice regarding resolution or ordinance authorizing interim
2938	Section 59. Section 11-42-604 is amended to read:
2937	ordinance adopted under Subsection (1).
2936	(4) has no affect on the validity of an assessment levied under an assessment resolution or
2935	(c) A local entity's failure to file a notice of assessment interest under this Subsection
2934	(iii) describe the property assessed by legal description and tax identification number.
2933	payable; and
2932	promotion activities, state the maximum number of years over which an assessment will be
2931	(ii) if the assessment is to pay operation and maintenance costs or for economic
2930	(i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the assessed property;
2929	(b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
2928	interest with the recorder of the county in which the assessed property is located.
2927	prepayment period under Subsection 11-42-411(6) has passed, file a notice of assessment
2926	resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the 25-day
2925	(4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an assessment
2924	(b) at a later date provided in the resolution or ordinance.
2923	(a) on the date of publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (2); or
2922	resolution or ordinance, each assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect:
2921	(3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a
2920	(b) No other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance is required.
2919	ordinance for at least 21 days.
2918	(ii) publishing, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, a copy of the resolution or
2917	boundaries for at least 21 days[:]; and
2916	resolution or ordinance in at least three public places within the local entity's jurisdictional
2915	jurisdictional boundaries as described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), posting a copy of the
2914	[(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation with the local entity's
2913	circulation within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries; or
2912	(i) (A) publishing a copy of the resolution or ordinance once in a newspaper of general
2911	notice of the adoption by:

Prohibition against contesting warrants and notes.

2942 (1) A local entity may publish notice, as provided in Subsection (2), of a resolution or 2943 ordinance that the governing body has adopted authorizing the issuance of interim warrants or 2944 bond anticipation notes. 2945 (2) (a) If a local entity chooses to publish notice under Subsection (1)(a), the notice 2946 shall: 2947 (i) be published: 2948 (A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the local entity; and 2949 (B) as required in Section 45-1-101; and 2950 (ii) contain: 2951 (A) the name of the issuer of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes: 2952 (B) the purpose of the issue; 2953 (C) the maximum principal amount that may be issued; 2954 (D) the maximum length of time over which the interim warrants or bond anticipation 2955 notes may mature; 2956 (E) the maximum interest rate, if there is a maximum rate; and 2957 (F) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or ordinance may be examined, 2958 as required under Subsection (2)(b). 2959 (b) The local entity shall allow examination of the resolution or ordinance authorizing 2960 the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes at its office during regular 2961 business hours. 2962 (3) Any person may, within 30 days after publication of a notice under Subsection (1), 2963 file a verified, written complaint in the district court of the county in which the person resides, 2964 contesting the regularity, formality, or legality of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes issued by the local entity or the proceedings relating to the issuance of the interim 2965 2966 warrants or bond anticipation notes. 2967 (4) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3), no person may contest the regularity, 2968 formality, or legality of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes issued by a local entity 2969 under the resolution or ordinance that was the subject of the notice under Subsection (1), or the 2970 proceedings relating to the issuance of the interim warrants or bond anticipation notes. 2971 Section 60. Section 13-31-302 is amended to read:

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13-31-302. Sale of molds for payment of lien.

2973	(1) (a) Prior to selling a mold, the molder shall send written notice by registered mail to
2974	the last-known address of the customer.
2975	(b) The notice required by Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
2976	(i) the molder's intention to sell the mold 30 days from the day the customer received
2977	the notice;
2978	(ii) the description of the mold to be sold;
2979	(iii) the time and place of the sale; and
2980	(iv) an itemized statement for the amount due the molder from the customer.
2981	(c) A molder shall publish notice of the molder's intention to sell a mold in a
2982	newspaper of general circulation covering the customer's last-known address[7] and as required
2983	<u>in Section 45-1-101</u> if:
2984	(i) the receipt of the mailing of the notice described in Subsection (1)(a) is not
2985	returned; or
2986	(ii) the postal service returns the notice described in Subsection (1)(a) as being
2987	nondeliverable.
2988	(d) The notice provided for in Subsection (1)(c) shall include a description of the mold.
2989	(2) A molder may sell a mold 30 days from the later of the day:
2990	(a) the customer received the notice in accordance with Subsection (1)(a); or
2991	(b) the date the molder published the notice under Subsection (1)(c).
2992	(3) If from the sale of a mold under this section the molder receives an amount in
2993	excess of the amount of the lien, the excess shall be paid as follows:
2994	(a) to any prior lienholder known to the molder at the time of the sale; and
2995	(b) after paying any lienholder under Subsection (3)(a), the remainder:
2996	(i) if the customer's address is known at the time of sale, to the customer; or
2997	(ii) if the customer's address is not known at the time of sale, to the state in accordance
2998	with Title 67, Chapter 4a, Unclaimed Property Act.
2999	Section 61. Section 13-44-202 is amended to read:
3000	13-44-202. Personal information Disclosure of system security breach.
3001	(1) (a) A person who owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal
3002	information concerning a Utah resident shall, when the person becomes aware of a breach of
3003	system security, conduct in good faith a reasonable and prompt investigation to determine the

likelihood that personal information has been or will be misused for identity theft or fraud purposes.

- (b) If an investigation under Subsection (1)(a) reveals that the misuse of personal information for identity theft or fraud purposes has occurred, or is reasonably likely to occur, the person shall provide notification to each affected Utah resident.
- (2) A person required to provide notification under Subsection (1) shall provide the notification in the most expedient time possible without unreasonable delay:
- (a) considering legitimate investigative needs of law enforcement, as provided in Subsection (4)(a);
 - (b) after determining the scope of the breach of system security; and
 - (c) after restoring the reasonable integrity of the system.
- (3) (a) A person who maintains computerized data that includes personal information that the person does not own or license shall notify and cooperate with the owner or licensee of the information of any breach of system security immediately following the person's discovery of the breach if misuse of the personal information occurs or is reasonably likely to occur.
- (b) Cooperation under Subsection (3)(a) includes sharing information relevant to the breach with the owner or licensee of the information.
- (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a person may delay providing notification under Subsection (1) at the request of a law enforcement agency that determines that notification may impede a criminal investigation.
- (b) A person who delays providing notification under Subsection (4)(a) shall provide notification in good faith without unreasonable delay in the most expedient time possible after the law enforcement agency informs the person that notification will no longer impede the criminal investigation.
 - (5) (a) A notification required by this section may be provided:
- (i) in writing by first-class mail to the most recent address the person has for the resident;
- (ii) electronically, if the person's primary method of communication with the resident is by electronic means, or if provided in accordance with the consumer disclosure provisions of 15 U.S.C. Section 7001;
 - (iii) by telephone, including through the use of automatic dialing technology not

3035	prohibited by other law; or
3036	(iv) by publishing notice of the breach of system security:
3037	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation[-]; and
3038	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3039	(b) If a person maintains the person's own notification procedures as part of an
3040	information security policy for the treatment of personal information the person is considered
3041	to be in compliance with this chapter's notification requirements if the procedures are otherwise
3042	consistent with this chapter's timing requirements and the person notifies each affected Utah
3043	resident in accordance with the person's information security policy in the event of a breach.
3044	(c) A person who is regulated by state or federal law and maintains procedures for a
3045	breach of system security under applicable law established by the primary state or federal
3046	regulator is considered to be in compliance with this part if the person notifies each affected
3047	Utah resident in accordance with the other applicable law in the event of a breach.
3048	(6) A waiver of this section is contrary to public policy and is void and unenforceable.
3049	Section 62. Section 16-4-206 is amended to read:
3050	16-4-206. Service and publication of notice of assessment.
3051	(1) The notice of assessment required by Section 16-4-205 shall be:
3052	(a) personally served on each shareholder; or
3053	(b) sent by first-class mail to each shareholder at the address shown on the
3054	corporation's records.
3055	(2) A shareholder is responsible for providing the shareholder's current mailing address
3056	to the corporation for purposes of Subsection (1).
3057	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a notice of assessment shall be
3058	published:
3059	(i) once a week for two weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the location of
3060	the corporation's principal place of business[-]; and
3061	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
3062	(b) A water company may elect not to publish notice under Subsection (3)(a).
3063	Section 63. Section 16-4-303 is amended to read:
3064	16-4-303. Service and publication of notice of sale.
3065	(1) The notice of sale required by Section 16-4-302 shall be:

3066 (a) personally served on each shareholder whose share is subject to sale; or 3067 (b) sent by certified mail, return-receipt requested, to each shareholder whose share is subject to sale at the address shown on the corporation's records. 3068 3069 (2) A shareholder is responsible for providing the shareholder's current mailing address 3070 to the corporation for purposes of Subsection (1). 3071 (3) The notice required by Subsection (1) shall be served or mailed at least 15 days, but 3072 not more than 30 days before the day on which the sale is to occur. (4) A notice of sale shall be published: 3073 3074 (a) once a week for two weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the location of 3075 the corporation's principal place of business beginning at least 15 days but no more than 45 3076 days before the day on which the sale is to occur[-]; and 3077 (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for 45 days before the day on which the sale is 3078 to occur. 3079 Section 64. Section **16-4-312** is amended to read: 3080 16-4-312. Affidavit and posting of notice -- Evidence. 3081 (1) An affidavit made by the secretary of a corporation of the mailing of a notice 3082 required by this chapter is prima facie evidence of the existence and mailing of the notice. 3083 (2) The publication of a notice under this chapter may be proved by the affidavit of: 3084 (a) the printer foreman or principal clerk of the newspaper in which the notice was 3085 published[-]; and 3086 (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, the website publisher or website publisher's designee charged with publishing the notice as required in Section 45-1-101. 3087 3088 (3) The affidavit of the secretary of the corporation or the auctioneer responsible for 3089 selling shares is prima facie evidence of: 3090 (a) the time and place of sale; 3091 (b) the quantity and particular description of the shares sold: 3092 (c) to whom and for what price the shares were sold; and 3093 (d) the fact of the purchase money being paid. 3094 (4) The affidavits referenced in this section shall be filed in the corporation's office. 3095 (5) A copy of an affidavit referenced in this section is prima facie evidence of the facts 3096 contained in the affidavit if the affidavit is certified by the secretary.

3097	Section 65. Section 16-6a-103 is amended to read:
3098	16-6a-103. Notice.
3099	(1) Notice given under this chapter shall be in writing unless oral notice is reasonable
3100	under the circumstances.
3101	(2) (a) Notice may be communicated:
3102	(i) in person;
3103	(ii) by telephone;
3104	(iii) by any form of electronic communication; or
3105	(iv) by mail or private carrier.
3106	(b) If the forms of personal notice described in Subsection (2)(a) are impracticable,
3107	notice may be communicated by:
3108	(i) (A) a newspaper of general circulation in the county or similar governmental
3109	subdivision in which the corporation's principal or registered office is located; [or] and
3110	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
3111	(ii) radio, television, or other form of public broadcast communication in the county or
3112	similar governmental subdivision in which the corporation's principal or registered office is
3113	located.
3114	(3) Written notice to a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation authorized to conduct
3115	affairs in this state may be addressed to:
3116	(a) its registered agent at its registered office; or
3117	(b) the corporation's secretary at its principal office.
3118	(4) (a) Written notice by a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation to its members, is
3119	effective as to each member when mailed, if:
3120	(i) in a comprehensible form; and
3121	(ii) addressed to the member's address shown in the domestic or foreign nonprofit
3122	corporation's current record of members.
3123	(b) If three successive notices given to a member pursuant to Subsection (5) have been
3124	returned as undeliverable, further notices to that member are not necessary until another
3125	address of the member is made known to the nonprofit corporation.
3126	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (4), written notice, if in a comprehensible form, is
3127	effective at the earliest of the following:

3128	(a) when received;
3129	(b) five days after it is mailed; or
3130	(c) on the date shown on the return receipt if:
3131	(i) sent by registered or certified mail;
3132	(ii) sent return receipt requested; and
3133	(iii) the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the addressee.
3134	(6) Oral notice is effective when communicated if communicated in a comprehensible
3135	manner.
3136	(7) Notice by publication is effective on the date of first publication.
3137	(8) A written notice or report delivered as part of a newsletter, magazine, or other
3138	publication regularly sent to members shall constitute a written notice or report if:
3139	(a) addressed or delivered to the member's address shown in the nonprofit corporation's
3140	current list of members; or
3141	(b) if two or more members are residents of the same household and have the same
3142	address in the nonprofit corporation's current list of members, addressed or delivered to one of
3143	the members at the address appearing on the current list of members.
3144	(9) (a) If this chapter prescribes notice requirements for particular circumstances, the
3145	notice requirements for the particular circumstances govern.
3146	(b) If articles of incorporation or bylaws prescribe notice requirements not inconsistent
3147	with this section or other provisions of this chapter, the notice requirements of the articles of
3148	incorporation or bylaws govern.
3149	Section 66. Section 16-6a-704 is amended to read:
3150	16-6a-704. Notice of meeting.
3151	(1) A nonprofit corporation shall give to each member entitled to vote at the meeting
3152	notice consistent with its bylaws of meetings of members in a fair and reasonable manner.
3153	(2) Any notice that conforms to the requirements of Subsection (3) is fair and
3154	reasonable, but other means of giving notice may also be fair and reasonable when all the
3155	circumstances are considered.
3156	(3) Notice is fair and reasonable if:
3157	(a) the nonprofit corporation notifies its members of the place, date, and time of each
3158	annual, regular, and special meeting of members:

3159	(1) no fewer than ten days before the meeting;
3160	(ii) if notice is mailed by other than first-class or registered mail, no fewer than 30
3161	days, nor more than 60 days before the meeting date; and
3162	(iii) if notice is given:
3163	(A) by newspaper as provided in Subsection 16-6a-103(2)(b)(i)(A), by publication
3164	three separate times with:
3165	[(A)] (I) the first of the publications no more than 60 days before the meeting date; and
3166	[(B)] (II) the last of the publications no fewer than ten days before the meeting date;
3167	<u>and</u>
3168	(B) (I) by publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
3169	(II) as provided in Subsection 16-6a-103(2)(b)(i)(B), for 60 days before the meeting
3170	date;
3171	(b) the notice of an annual or regular meeting includes a description of any matter or
3172	matters that:
3173	(i) must be approved by the members; or
3174	(ii) for which the members' approval is sought under Sections 16-6a-825, 16-6a-910,
3175	16-6a-1003, 16-6a-1010, 16-6a-1102, 16-6a-1202, and 16-6a-1402; and
3176	(c) unless otherwise provided by this chapter or the bylaws, the notice of a special
3177	meeting includes a description of the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called.
3178	(4) (a) Unless otherwise provided by the bylaws, if an annual, regular, or special
3179	meeting of members is adjourned to a different date, time, or place, notice need not be given of
3180	the new date, time, or place, if the new date, time, or place is announced at the meeting before
3181	adjournment.
3182	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), if a new record date for the adjourned meeting
3183	is or shall be fixed under Section 16-6a-706, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given
3184	under this section to the members of record as of the new record date.
3185	(5) When giving notice of an annual, regular, or special meeting of members, a
3186	nonprofit corporation shall give notice of a matter a member intends to raise at the meeting if:
3187	(a) requested in writing to do so by a person entitled to call a special meeting; and
3188	(b) the request is received by the secretary or president of the nonprofit corporation at
3189	least ten days before the nonprofit corporation gives notice of the meeting.

Section 67. Section **16-6a-814** is amended to read:

3190

3191	16-6a-814. Notice of meeting.
3192	(1) (a) A nonprofit corporation shall give to each director entitled to vote at an annual
3193	meeting notice of the annual meeting consistent with the nonprofit corporation's bylaws in a
3194	fair and reasonable manner.
3195	(b) Notice under Subsection (1)(a) is fair and reasonable if the nonprofit corporation
3196	notifies each director of the place, date, and time of the annual meeting:
3197	(i) no fewer than ten days before the meeting, unless otherwise provided by the bylaws
3198	(ii) if notice is mailed by other than first-class or registered mail, no fewer than 30
3199	days, nor more than 60 days before the meeting date; and
3200	(iii) if notice is given:
3201	(A) by newspaper as provided in Subsection 16-6a-103(2)(b)(i)(A), by publication
3202	three separate times with:
3203	[(A)] (I) the first of the publications no more than 60 days before the meeting date; and
3204	[$\overline{(B)}$] (II) the last of the publications no fewer than ten days before the meeting date[$\overline{\cdot}$];
3205	<u>and</u>
3206	(B) (I) as provided in Subsection 16-6a-103(2)(b)(i)(B); and
3207	(II) for 60 days before the meeting date.
3208	(2) Unless otherwise provided in this chapter or in the bylaws, regular meetings of the
3209	board of directors may be held without notice of the date, time, place, or purpose of the
3210	meeting.
3211	(3) (a) Unless the bylaws provide for a longer or shorter period, special meetings of the
3212	board of directors shall be preceded by at least two days notice of the date, time, and place of
3213	the meeting.
3214	(b) The notice required by Subsection (3)(a) need not describe the purpose of the
3215	special meeting unless otherwise required by this chapter or the bylaws.
3216	Section 68. Section 16-6a-1407 is amended to read:
3217	16-6a-1407. Disposition of claims by publication.
3218	(1) A dissolved nonprofit corporation may publish notice of its dissolution and request
3219	that persons with claims against the nonprofit corporation present them in accordance with the
3220	notice.

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3221	(2) The house described in Subsection (1) shan:
3222	(a) be published:
3223	(i) one time in a newspaper of general circulation in:
3224	[(i)] (A) the county where:
3225	[(A)] (I) the dissolved nonprofit corporation's principal office is located; or
3226	$[\overline{(B)}]$ (II) if the dissolved nonprofit corporation has no principal office in this state, its
3227	registered office is or was last located; or
3228	[(ii)] (B) if neither Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) or (B) apply, Salt Lake County; and
3229	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101;
3230	(b) describe the information that shall be included in a claim;
3231	(c) provide an address at which any claim shall be given to the nonprofit corporation;
3232	and
3233	(d) state that unless sooner barred by any other statute limiting actions, a claim will be
3234	barred if an action to enforce the claim is not commenced within three years after publication
3235	of the notice.
3236	(3) If the dissolved nonprofit corporation publishes a newspaper or website notice in
3237	accordance with Subsection (2), then unless sooner barred under Section 16-6a-1406 or under
3238	any other statute limiting actions, the claim of any claimant against the dissolved nonprofit
3239	corporation is barred unless the claimant commences an action to enforce the claim against the
3240	dissolved nonprofit corporation within three years after the publication date of the notice.
3241	(4) For purposes of this section:
3242	(a) "claim" means any claim, including claims of this state, whether:
3243	(i) known;
3244	(ii) due or to become due;
3245	(iii) absolute or contingent;
3246	(iv) liquidated or unliquidated;
3247	(v) founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis; or
3248	(vi) otherwise; and
3249	(b) an action to enforce a claim includes:
3250	(i) any civil action; and
3251	(ii) any arbitration under any agreement for binding arbitration between the dissolved

3252	nonprofit corporation and the claimant.
3253	Section 69. Section 16-10a-103 is amended to read:
3254	16-10a-103. Notice.
3255	(1) (a) Notice given under this chapter must be in writing unless oral notice is
3256	reasonable under the circumstances.
3257	(b) Notice by electronic transmission is written notice.
3258	(2) (a) Subject to compliance with any requirement that notice be in writing, notice
3259	may be communicated in person, by telephone, by any form of electronic transmission, or by
3260	mail or private carrier.
3261	(b) If the forms of personal notice listed in Subsection (2)(a) are impracticable, notice
3262	may be communicated:
3263	(i) (A) by a newspaper of general circulation in the county, or similar subdivision, in
3264	which the corporation's principal office is located; and
3265	(B) by publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101;
3266	(ii) by radio, television, or other form of public broadcast communication in the county
3267	or subdivision; or
3268	(iii) if the corporation has no office in this state, in the manner allowed by Subsection
3269	(2)(b)(i) or (ii) but in Salt Lake County.
3270	(3) (a) Written notice by a domestic or foreign corporation to its shareholders or
3271	directors, if in a comprehensible form, is effective as to each shareholder or director:
3272	(i) when mailed, if addressed to the shareholder's or director's address shown in the
3273	corporation's current record of the shareholder or director; or
3274	(ii) when electronically transmitted to the shareholder or director, in a manner and to
3275	an address provided by the shareholder or director in an unrevoked consent.
3276	(b) Consent under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) is considered revoked if:
3277	(i) the corporation is unable to deliver by electronic transmission two consecutive
3278	notices transmitted by the corporation based on that consent; and
3279	(ii) the corporation's inability to deliver notice by electronic transmission under
3280	Subsection (3)(b)(i) is known by the:
3281	(A) corporation's secretary;
3282	(B) an assistant secretary or transfer agent of the corporation; or

3283	(C) any other person responsible for providing notice.
3284	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), a corporation's failure to treat consent under
3285	Subsection (3)(a) as revoked does not invalidate any meeting or other act.
3286	(d) Delivery of a notice to shareholders may be excused in accordance with Subsection
3287	16-10a-705(5).
3288	(4) Written notice to a domestic or foreign corporation authorized to transact business
3289	in this state may be addressed to the corporation's:
3290	(a) registered agent; or
3291	(b) secretary at its principal office.
3292	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (3), written notice, if in a comprehensible form, is
3293	effective at the earliest of the following:
3294	(a) when received;
3295	(b) five days after it is mailed; or
3296	(c) on the date shown on the return receipt if sent by registered or certified mail, return
3297	receipt requested, and the receipt is signed by or on behalf of the addressee.
3298	(6) Oral notice is effective when communicated if communicated in a comprehensible
3299	manner.
3300	(7) Notice by publication is effective on the date of first publication.
3301	(8) (a) If this chapter prescribes notice requirements for particular circumstances, those
3302	requirements govern.
3303	(b) If articles of incorporation or bylaws prescribe notice requirements, not inconsistent
3304	with this section or other provisions of this chapter, those requirements govern.
3305	Section 70. Section 16-10a-1407 is amended to read:
3306	16-10a-1407. Disposition of claims by publication Disposition in absence of
3307	publication.
3308	(1) A dissolved corporation may publish notice of its dissolution and request that
3309	persons with claims against the corporation present them in accordance with the notice.
3310	(2) The notice contemplated in Subsection (1) must:
3311	(a) be published:
3312	(i) one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the dissolved
3313	corporation's principal office is or was located or, if it has no principal office in this state, in

3314 Salt Lake County; and

- (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101;
- (b) describe the information that must be included in a claim and provide an address at which any claim must be given to the corporation; and
- (c) state that unless sooner barred by any other statute limiting actions, the claim will be barred if an action to enforce the claim is not commenced within five years after the publication of the notice.
- (3) If the dissolved corporation publishes a newspaper <u>or website</u> notice in accordance with Subsection (2), then unless sooner barred under Section 16-10a-1406 or under any other statute limiting actions, the claim of any claimant against the dissolved corporation is barred unless the claimant commences an action to enforce the claim against the dissolved corporation within five years after the publication date of the notice.
- (4) (a) For purposes of this section, "claim" means any claim, including claims of this state, whether known, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis, or otherwise.
- (b) For purposes of this section, an action to enforce a claim includes any civil action, and any arbitration under any agreement for binding arbitration between the dissolved corporation and the claimant.
- (5) If a dissolved corporation does not publish a newspaper notice in accordance with Subsection (2), then unless sooner barred under Section 16-10a-1406 or under any other statute limiting actions, the claim of any claimant against the dissolved corporation is barred unless the claimant commences an action to enforce the claim against the dissolved corporation within seven years after the date the corporation was dissolved.
 - Section 71. Section **16-16-1209** is amended to read:

16-16-1209. Other claims against dissolved limited cooperative association.

- (1) A dissolved limited cooperative association may publish notice of its dissolution and request persons having claims against the association to present them in accordance with the notice.
 - (2) A notice under Subsection (1) must:
- 3343 (a) be published:
- 3344 (i) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the

3345	dissolved limited cooperative association's principal office is located or, if the association does
3346	not have a principal office in this state, in the county in which the association's designated
3347	office is or was last located; and
3348	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101;
3349	(b) describe the information required to be contained in a claim and provide an address
3350	to which the claim is to be sent; and
3351	(c) state that a claim against the association is barred unless an action to enforce the
3352	claim is commenced not later than three years after publication of the notice.
3353	(3) If a dissolved limited cooperative association publishes a notice in accordance with
3354	Subsection (2), the claim of each of the following claimants is barred unless the claimant
3355	commences an action to enforce the claim not later than three years after the first publication
3356	date of the notice:
3357	(a) a claimant that is entitled to but did not receive notice in a record under Section
3358	16-16-1208; and
3359	(b) a claimant whose claim is contingent or based on an event occurring after the
3360	effective date of dissolution.
3361	(4) A claim not barred under this section may be enforced:
3362	(a) against a dissolved limited cooperative association, to the extent of its undistributed
3363	assets; or
3364	(b) if the association's assets have been distributed in connection with winding up the
3365	association's activities against a member or holder of financial rights to the extent of that
3366	person's proportionate share of the claim or the association's assets distributed to the person in
3367	connection with the winding up, whichever is less. The person's total liability for all claims
3368	under this Subsection (4) shall not exceed the total amount of assets distributed to the person as
3369	part of the winding up of the association.
3370	Section 72. Section 17-27a-204 is amended to read:
3371	17-27a-204. Notice of public hearings and public meetings to consider general
3372	plan or modifications.
3373	(1) A county shall provide:
3374	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the original
3375	adoption or any modification of all or any portion of a general plan; and

3370	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
3377	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be at least ten
3378	calendar days before the public hearing and shall be:
3379	(a) (i) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
3380	(ii) published in accordance with Section 45-1-101;
3381	(b) mailed to each affected entity; and
3382	(c) posted:
3383	(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or
3384	(ii) on the county's official website.
3385	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
3386	before the meeting and shall be:
3387	(a) (i) submitted to a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
3388	(ii) published in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
3389	(b) posted:
3390	(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or
3391	(ii) on the county's official website.
3392	Section 73. Section 17-27a-205 is amended to read:
3393	17-27a-205. Notice of public hearings and public meetings on adoption or
3394	modification of land use ordinance.
3395	(1) Each county shall give:
3396	(a) notice of the date, time, and place of the first public hearing to consider the
3397	adoption or modification of a land use ordinance; and
3398	(b) notice of each public meeting on the subject.
3399	(2) Each notice of a public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be:
3400	(a) mailed to each affected entity at least ten calendar days before the public hearing;
3401	(b) posted:
3402	(i) in at least three public locations within the county; or
3403	(ii) on the county's official website; and
3404	(c) (i) published:
3405	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area at least ten calendar days before
3406	the public hearing; [or] and

3407	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least ten calendar days before the public
3408	hearing; or
3409	(ii) mailed at least three days before the public hearing to:
3410	(A) each property owner whose land is directly affected by the land use ordinance
3411	change; and
3412	(B) each adjacent property owner within the parameters specified by county ordinance
3413	(3) Each notice of a public meeting under Subsection (1)(b) shall be at least 24 hours
3414	before the hearing and shall be posted:
3415	(a) in at least three public locations within the county; or
3416	(b) on the county's official website.
3417	Section 74. Section 17-27a-208 is amended to read:
3418	17-27a-208. Hearing and notice for proposal to vacate, alter, or amend a public
3419	street or right-of-way.
3420	For any proposal to vacate, alter, or amend a public street or right-of-way, the land use
3421	authority shall hold a public hearing and shall give notice of the date, place, and time of the
3422	hearing by:
3423	(1) mailing notice as required in Section 17-27a-207;
3424	(2) mailing notice to each affected entity; and
3425	(3) (a) publishing notice:
3426	(i) (A) once a week for four consecutive weeks before the hearing in a newspaper of
3427	general circulation in the county in which the land subject to the petition is located; or
3428	[(b)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, posting the
3429	property and posting notice in three public places for four consecutive weeks before the
3430	hearing[-]; and
3431	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks before the hearing.
3432	Section 75. Section 17-27a-306 is amended to read:
3433	17-27a-306. Townships.
3434	(1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(a)(ii), a county legislative body may, without
3435	having received a petition under Subsection (1)(b), enact an ordinance establishing a township
3436	within the unincorporated county or dividing the unincorporated county into townships.
3437	(ii) Before enacting an ordinance under Subsection (1)(a)(i), the county legislative

3438	body shall, after providing reasonable advance notice, hold a public hearing on the proposal to
3439	establish a township or to divide the unincorporated county into townships.
3440	(b) If 25% of the private real property owners in a contiguous area of the
3441	unincorporated county petition the county legislative body to establish a township for that area,
3442	the county legislative body shall:
3443	(i) hold a public hearing to discuss the petition;
3444	(ii) (A) [at least one week before the public hearing, publish] publish, at least one week
3445	before the public hearing, notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public
3446	hearing at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; and
3447	(B) publish, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, notice of the petition and the time,
3448	date, and place of the public hearing for one week before the public hearing; and
3449	(iii) at the public hearing, consider oral and written testimony from the public and vote
3450	on the question of whether or not to establish a township.
3451	(c) If the county legislative body establishes a township pursuant to a petition, the
3452	members of the township planning commission shall be appointed as provided in Subsection
3453	17-27a-301(3)(b) to perform the duties established in this part for the township.
3454	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(e), each township shall:
3455	(i) contain:
3456	(A) at least 20% but not more than 80% of:
3457	(I) the total private land area in the unincorporated county; or
3458	(II) the total value of locally assessed taxable property in the unincorporated county; or
3459	(B) (I) in a county of the first, second, or third class, at least 5% of the total population
3460	of the unincorporated county; or
3461	(II) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, at least 25% of the total population of
3462	the unincorporated county; or
3463	(ii) have been declared by the United States Census Bureau as a census designated
3464	place.
3465	(e) (i) (A) A township that was dissolved under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, is
3466	reinstated as a township under this part with the same boundaries and name as before the
3467	dissolution, if the former township consisted of a single, contiguous land area.

(B) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A), a county legislative body may enact an

- ordinance establishing as a township under this part a former township that was dissolved under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, even though the former township does not qualify to be reinstated under Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A).
 - (C) A township reinstated under Subsection (1)(e)(i)(A) or established under Subsection (1)(e)(i)(B) shall be subject to the provisions of this part.
 - (ii) Each planning district established under Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 225, and each township planning district established under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, shall continue in existence as a township, subject to the provisions of this part.
 - (f) (i) After May 1, 2002, the legislative body of each county in which a township that has been reconstituted under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, or reinstated under Subsection (1)(e)(i) is located shall review the township and determine whether its continued existence is advisable.
 - (ii) In conducting the review required under Subsection (1)(f)(i), the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing with reasonable, advance, published notice of the hearing and the purpose of the hearing.
 - (iii) Each township that has been reconstituted under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, or reinstated or established under Subsection (1)(e)(i) and its planning commission shall continue in effect, unless, within 90 days after conducting the review and public hearing required under Subsections (1)(f)(i) and (ii), the county legislative body by ordinance dissolves the township and its planning commission.
 - (g) A township established under this section on or after May 5, 1997, may use the word "township" in its name.
 - (2) (a) If the county legislative body establishes a township without having received a petition, the county legislative body may:
 - (i) assign to the countywide planning commission the duties established in this part that would have been assumed by a township planning commission designated under Subsection (2)(a)(ii); or
 - (ii) designate a planning commission for the township.
 - (b) (i) If the county legislative body fails to designate a planning commission for a township, 40% of the private real property owners in the area proposed to be included in the township, as shown by the last county assessment roll, may petition the county legislative body

3500 to designate and appoint a planning commission for the township.

- (ii) If the county legislative body determines that the petition is validly signed by 40% of the private real property owners in the township, as shown by the last county assessment roll, it shall designate and appoint a planning commission for the township.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(f)(iii), a county legislative body may dissolve township planning commissions created under the authority of this section only by following the procedures and requirements of this Subsection (3).
- (b) If 20% of the private real property owners in the county petition the county legislative body to dissolve township planning commissions and to appoint a countywide planning commission, the county legislative body shall:
 - (i) hold a public hearing to discuss the petition;
- (ii) (A) [at least one week before the public hearing, publish, at least one week before the public hearing, notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; and
- (B) publish, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing at least one week before the public hearing; and
- (iii) at the public hearing, consider oral and written testimony from the public and vote on the question of whether or not to dissolve township planning commissions and to appoint a countywide planning commission.
- (c) (i) If the county legislative body fails to dissolve township planning commissions and to appoint a countywide planning commission when petitioned to do so by private real property owners under this Subsection (3), 40% of private real property owners in the county, as shown by the last county assessment roll, may petition the county legislative body to dissolve the township planning commissions and to appoint a countywide planning commission.
- (ii) If the county legislative body determines that the petition is validly signed by 40% of private real property owners in the township, as shown by the last county assessment roll, it shall dissolve the township planning commissions and appoint a countywide planning commission.
- Section 76. Section **17-27a-404** is amended to read:
- 3530 17-27a-404. Public hearing by planning commission on proposed general plan or

the proposed plan or amendment.

- amendment -- Notice -- Revisions to general plan or amendment -- Adoption or rejection
 by legislative body.
 (1) (a) After completing its recommendation for a proposed general plan, or proposal to
 amend the general plan, the planning commission shall schedule and hold a public hearing on
 - (b) The planning commission shall provide notice of the public hearing, as required by Section 17-27a-204.
 - (c) After the public hearing, the planning commission may modify the proposed general plan or amendment.
 - (2) The planning commission shall forward the proposed general plan or amendment to the legislative body.
 - (3) (a) As provided by local ordinance and by Section 17-27a-204, the legislative body shall provide notice of its intent to consider the general plan proposal.
 - (b) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsections (1), (2), and (3)(a), the legislative body shall hold a public hearing in Salt Lake City on provisions of the proposed county plan regarding Subsection 17-27a-401(3). The hearing procedure shall comply with this Subsection (3)(b).
 - (ii) The hearing format shall allow adequate time for public comment at the actual public hearing, and shall also allow for public comment in writing to be submitted to the legislative body for not fewer than 90 days after the date of the public hearing.
 - (c) (i) The legislative body shall give notice of the hearing in accordance with this Subsection (3) when the proposed plan provisions required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3) are complete.
 - (ii) Direct notice of the hearing shall be given, in writing, to the governor, members of the state Legislature, executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality, the state planning coordinator, the Resource Development Coordinating Committee, and any other citizens or entities who specifically request notice in writing.
 - (iii) Public notice shall be given by publication:
- 3559 (A) in at least one major Utah newspaper having broad general circulation in the state[; and also]; and
 - (B) in at least one Utah newspaper having a general circulation focused mainly on the

3562	county where the proposed high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste
3563	site is to be located[-]; and
3564	(C) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3565	(iv) The notice [in these newspapers shall be published not fewer than 180 days prior
3566	to the date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3),] shall be published to allow
3567	reasonable time for interested parties and the state to evaluate the information regarding the
3568	provisions of Subsection 17-27a-401(3)[-], including:
3569	(A) in a newspaper described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(A), no less than 180 days before
3570	the date of the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3); and
3571	(B) publication described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(B) for 180 days before the date of
3572	the hearing to be held under this Subsection (3).
3573	(4) (a) After the public hearing required under this section, the legislative body may
3574	make any revisions to the proposed general plan that it considers appropriate.
3575	(b) The legislative body shall respond in writing and in a substantive manner to all
3576	those providing comments as a result of the hearing required by Subsection (3).
3577	(5) (a) The county legislative body may adopt or reject the proposed general plan or
3578	amendment either as proposed by the planning commission or after making any revision the
3579	county legislative body considers appropriate.
3580	(b) If the county legislative body rejects the proposed general plan or amendment, it
3581	may provide suggestions to the planning commission for its consideration.
3582	(6) The legislative body shall adopt:
3583	(a) a land use element as provided in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(a)(i);
3584	(b) a transportation and traffic circulation element as provided in Subsection
3585	17-27a-403(2)(a)(ii); and
3586	(c) after considering the factors included in Subsection 17-27a-403(2)(b), a plan to
3587	provide a realistic opportunity to meet estimated needs for additional moderate income housing
3588	if long-term projections for land use and development occur.
3589	Section 77. Section 17-30-6 is amended to read:
3590	17-30-6. Examinations How prepared, conducted, and graded Notice of
3591	examination.
3592	(1) (a) When necessary, the commission shall give competitive examinations to

3593	determine the qualification of applicants for positions as peace officers.
3594	(b) The examinations shall be practical in character and shall relate to matters that will
3595	fairly test the mental and physical ability and knowledge of the applicants to discharge the
3596	duties of the positions.
3597	(c) The examinations shall be prepared, conducted, and graded under the direction of
3598	the commission, or by impartial special examiners if the commission finds it necessary.
3599	(2) (a) Notice of examination shall be:
3600	(i) (A) published one time not less than 15 days [prior to] before the examination in a
3601	newspaper of general circulation in the area concerned; and [shall be]
3602	(B) published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for 15 days before the
3603	examination; and
3604	(ii) posted in a conspicuous place in the office of the department concerned.
3605	(b) The notice shall set forth minimum and maximum wages, physical and educational
3606	requirements, and passing grades, which shall be not less than 70%.
3607	(c) A person completing an examination shall be promptly notified by mail at his last
3608	known address of his final grade.
3609	Section 78. Section 17-36-12 is amended to read:
3610	17-36-12. Notice of budget hearing.
3611	(1) The governing body shall determine the time and place for the public hearing on the
3612	adoption of the budget.
3613	(2) Notice of such hearing shall be published:
3614	(a) (i) at least seven days before the hearing in at least one newspaper of general
3615	circulation within the county, if there is such a paper[; otherwise, the hearing shall be
3616	published]; or
3617	(ii) if there is no newspaper as described in Subsection (2)(a)(i), by posting notice in
3618	three conspicuous places within the county[-] seven days before the hearing; and
3619	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for seven days before the hearing.
3620	Section 79. Section 17-36-25 is amended to read:
3621	17-36-25. Budget appropriation increase.
3622	The budget appropriation of any budgetary fund other than the general fund may be
3623	increased at any regular meeting of the governing body, provided that notice that such action

3624	will be considered is published:
3625	(1) (a) at least five days before the meeting in at least one issue of a newspaper of
3626	general circulation in the county, if there is one[; otherwise, the notice may be published]; or
3627	(b) if there is no newspaper as described in Subsection (1)(a), by posting it in three
3628	conspicuous places within the county[-] five days before the meeting; and
3629	(2) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for five days before the meeting.
3630	Section 80. Section 17-36-26 is amended to read:
3631	17-36-26. Increase in general fund budget.
3632	(1) (a) The budget of the general fund may be increased by resolution of the governing
3633	body, only after a duly called hearing shall have been held and all interested parties shall have
3634	been given an opportunity to be heard.
3635	(b) Notice of such hearing shall be published at least five days before such hearing:
3636	(i) (A) in at least one issue of a newspaper generally circulated in the county[, if there
3637	is one; otherwise,]; or
3638	(B) if there is not a newspaper generally circulated in the county, the hearing may be
3639	published by posting notice in three conspicuous places within the county[-]; and
3640	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3641	(2) After such public hearing the governing body may amend the general fund budget
3642	as it deems appropriate with due consideration to matters discussed at the public hearing and to
3643	revised estimates of revenues.
3644	Section 81. Section 17-36-40 is amended to read:
3645	17-36-40. Notice that audit complete.
3646	(1) Within ten days after the receipt of the audit report furnished by the independent
3647	auditor, the county auditor shall prepare and publish <u>a notice to the public that the county audit</u>
3648	is complete:
3649	(a) at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation within the county[, a notice to
3650	the public that the county audit is complete. A copy]; and
3651	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3652	(2) A copy of the county audit may be inspected at the office of the county auditor.
3653	Section 82. Section 17-41-302 is amended to read:
3654	17-41-302. Notice of proposal for creation of agriculture protection area or

3655	industrial protection area Responses.
3656	(1) Each applicable legislative body shall provide notice of the proposal by:
3657	(a) (i) publishing notice:
3658	(A) in a newspaper having general circulation within:
3659	[(i)] (I) the same county as the land proposed for inclusion within an agriculture
3660	protection area or industrial protection area, as the case may be, if the land is within the
3661	unincorporated part of the county; or
3662	[(ii)] (II) the same city or town as the land proposed for inclusion within an agriculture
3663	protection area or industrial protection area, as the case may be, if the land is within a city or
3664	town; and
3665	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101;
3666	(b) posting notice at five public places, designated by the county or municipal
3667	legislative body, within or near the proposed agriculture protection area or industrial protection
3668	area; and
3669	(c) mailing written notice to each owner of land within 1,000 feet of the land proposed
3670	for inclusion within an agriculture protection area or industrial protection area.
3671	(2) The notice shall contain:
3672	(a) a statement that a proposal for the creation of an agriculture protection area or
3673	industrial protection area has been filed with the applicable legislative body;
3674	(b) a statement that the proposal will be open to public inspection in the office of the
3675	applicable legislative body;
3676	(c) a statement that any person or entity affected by the establishment of the area may,
3677	within 15 days of the date of the notice, file with the applicable legislative body:
3678	(i) written objections to the proposal; or
3679	(ii) a written request to modify the proposal to exclude land from or add land to the
3680	proposed agriculture protection area or industrial protection area, as the case may be;
3681	(d) a statement that the applicable legislative body will submit the proposal to the
3682	advisory committee and to the planning commission for review and recommendations;
3683	(e) a statement that the applicable legislative body will hold a public hearing to discuss
3684	and hear public comment on:
3685	(i) the proposal to create the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area;

3686	(ii) the recommendations of the advisory committee and planning commission; and
3687	(iii) any requests for modification of the proposal and any objections to the proposal;
3688	and
3689	(f) a statement indicating the date, time, and place of the public hearing.
3690	(3) (a) Any person wishing to modify the proposal for the creation of the agriculture
3691	protection area or industrial protection area shall, within 15 days after the date of the notice,
3692	file a written request for modification of the proposal, which identifies specifically the land that
3693	should be added to or removed from the proposal.
3694	(b) Any person wishing to object to the proposal for the creation of the agriculture
3695	protection area or industrial protection area shall, within 15 days after the date of the notice,
3696	file a written objection to the creation of the agriculture protection area or industrial protection
3697	area.
3698	Section 83. Section 17-41-304 is amended to read:
3699	17-41-304. Public hearing Review and action on proposal.
3700	(1) After receipt of the written reports from the advisory committee and planning
3701	commission, or after the 45 days have expired, whichever is earlier, the county or municipal
3702	legislative body shall:
3703	(a) schedule a public hearing;
3704	(b) provide notice of the public hearing by:
3705	(i) publishing notice:
3706	(A) in a newspaper having general circulation within:
3707	[(A)] (I) the same county as the land proposed for inclusion within the agriculture
3708	protection area or industrial protection area, if the land is within the unincorporated part of the
3709	county; or
3710	[(B)] (II) the same city or town as the land proposed for inclusion within an agriculture
3711	protection area or industrial protection area, if the land is within a city or town; and
3712	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101;
3713	(ii) posting notice at five public places, designated by the applicable legislative body,
3714	within or near the proposed agriculture protection area or industrial protection area; and
3715	(iii) mailing written notice to each owner of land within 1,000 feet of the land proposed
3716	for inclusion within an agriculture protection area or industrial protection area; and

3/1/	(c) ensure that the notice includes:
3718	(i) the time, date, and place of the public hearing on the proposal;
3719	(ii) a description of the proposed agriculture protection area or industrial protection
3720	area;
3721	(iii) any proposed modifications to the proposed agriculture protection area or
3722	industrial protection area;
3723	(iv) a summary of the recommendations of the advisory committee and planning
3724	commission; and
3725	(v) a statement that interested persons may appear at the public hearing and speak in
3726	favor of or against the proposal, any proposed modifications to the proposal, or the
3727	recommendations of the advisory committee and planning commission.
3728	(2) The applicable legislative body shall:
3729	(a) convene the public hearing at the time, date, and place specified in the notice; and
3730	(b) take verbal or written testimony from interested persons.
3731	(3) (a) Within 120 days of the submission of the proposal, the applicable legislative
3732	body shall approve, modify and approve, or reject the proposal.
3733	(b) The creation of an agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is
3734	effective at the earlier of:
3735	(i) the applicable legislative body's approval of a proposal or modified proposal; or
3736	(ii) 120 days after submission of a proposal complying with Subsection 17-41-301(2) if
3737	the applicable legislative body has failed to approve or reject the proposal within that time.
3738	(4) (a) In order to give constructive notice of the existence of the agriculture protection
3739	area or industrial protection area to all persons who have, may acquire, or may seek to acquire
3740	an interest in land in or adjacent to the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area,
3741	respectively, within ten days of the creation of an agriculture protection area or industrial
3742	protection area, the applicable legislative body shall file an executed document containing a
3743	legal description of the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area, as the case may
3744	be, with:
3745	(i) the county recorder of deeds; and
3746	(ii) the affected planning commission.
3747	(b) If the legal description of the property to be included in the agriculture protection

- area or industrial protection area is available through the county recorder's office, the applicable legislative body shall use that legal description in its executed document required in Subsection (4)(a).
 - (5) Within ten days of the recording of the agriculture protection area, the applicable legislative body shall:
 - (a) send written notification to the commissioner of agriculture and food that the agriculture protection area has been created; and
 - (b) include in the notification:
 - (i) the number of landowners owning land within the agriculture protection area;
- 3757 (ii) the total acreage of the area;
 - (iii) the date of approval of the area; and
- 3759 (iv) the date of recording.

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- (6) The applicable legislative body's failure to record the notice required under Subsection (4) or to send the written notification under Subsection (5) does not invalidate the creation of an agriculture protection area.
- (7) The applicable legislative body may consider the cost of recording notice under Subsection (4) and the cost of sending notification under Subsection (5) in establishing a fee under Subsection 17-41-301(4)(b).
 - Section 84. Section 17-41-405 is amended to read:

17-41-405. Eminent domain restrictions.

- (1) A political subdivision having or exercising eminent domain powers may not condemn for any purpose any land within an agriculture protection area that is being used for agricultural production or any land within an industrial protection area that is being put to an industrial use unless it has obtained approval, according to the procedures and requirements of this section, from the applicable legislative body and the advisory board.
- (2) Any condemnor wishing to condemn property within an agriculture protection area or industrial protection area shall file a notice of condemnation with the applicable legislative body and the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area's advisory board at least 30 days before filing an eminent domain complaint.
 - (3) The applicable legislative body and the advisory board shall:
- 3778 (a) hold a joint public hearing on the proposed condemnation at a location within the

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17-52-101. Definitions.

As used in this chapter:

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3779	county in which the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is located;
3780	(b) publish notice of the time, date, place, and purpose of the public hearing:
3781	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the agriculture protection area or
3782	industrial protection area, as the case may be; and
3783	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
3784	(c) post notice of the time, date, place, and purpose of the public hearing in five
3785	conspicuous public places, designated by the applicable legislative body, within or near the
3786	agriculture protection area or industrial protection area, as the case may be.
3787	(4) (a) If the condemnation is for highway purposes or for the disposal of solid or
3788	liquid waste materials, the applicable legislative body and the advisory board may approve the
3789	condemnation only if there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the use of the land
3790	within the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area for the project.
3791	(b) If the condemnation is for any other purpose, the applicable legislative body and the
3792	advisory board may approve the condemnation only if:
3793	(i) the proposed condemnation would not have an unreasonably adverse effect upon the
3794	preservation and enhancement of agriculture within the agriculture protection area or of the
3795	industrial use within the industrial protection area; or
3796	(ii) there is no reasonable and prudent alternative to the use of the land within the
3797	agriculture protection area or industrial protection area for the project.
3798	(5) (a) Within 60 days after receipt of the notice of condemnation, the applicable
3799	legislative body and the advisory board shall approve or reject the proposed condemnation.
3800	(b) If the applicable legislative body and the advisory board fail to act within the 60
3801	days or such further time as the applicable legislative body establishes, the condemnation shall
3802	be considered rejected.
3803	(6) The applicable legislative body or the advisory board may request the county or
3804	municipal attorney to bring an action to enjoin any condemnor from violating any provisions of
3805	this section.
3806	Section 85. Section 17-52-101 is amended to read:

(1) "Appointment council" means a group of persons consisting of:

3810	(a) a resident of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated by a
3811	majority of all state senators and representatives whose districts include any part of the county
3812	in which the optional plan is proposed;
3813	(b) a resident of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated by the
3814	county legislative body;
3815	(c) a resident of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated by the
3816	petition sponsors; and
3817	(d) two other residents of the county in which the optional plan is proposed, designated
3818	by majority vote of the three other members of the appointment council.
3819	(2) "Optional plan" means a plan establishing an alternate form of government for a
3820	county as provided in Section 17-52-401.
3821	(3) "Reasonable notice" means, at a minimum:
3822	(a) [(i)] publication:
3823	(i) (A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county at least once a week for
3824	at least two consecutive weeks ending no more than ten and no fewer than three days before the
3825	event that is the subject of the notice; or
3826	[(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the county, posting at
3827	least one notice per 1,000 population within the county, for at least a week ending no more than
3828	three days before the event that is the subject of the notice, at locations throughout the county
3829	that are most likely to give actual notice to county residents; and
3830	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks before the event that is the
3831	subject of the notice; and
3832	(b) if the county has an Internet home page, posting an electronic notice on the Internet
3833	for at least seven days immediately before the event that is the subject of the notice.
3834	(4) "Study committee" means a group of persons:
3835	(a) appointed under Section 17-52-301; and
3836	(b) charged with the duties provided in Section 17-52-303.
3837	Section 86. Section 17-53-208 is amended to read:
3838	17-53-208. Ordinances Effective dates Publication Adoption of ordinances
3839	printed in book form.
3840	(1) The enacting clause of all ordinances of the county legislative body shall be as

3841	follows: "The County Legislative Body ofCounty ordains as follows:".
3842	(2) Every ordinance shall be signed by the chair of the county legislative body and
3843	attested by the clerk. On the passage of all ordinances the votes of the several members of the
3844	county legislative body shall be entered on the minutes, and all ordinances shall be entered at
3845	length in the ordinance book.
3846	(3) (a) No ordinance passed by the county legislative body may take effect within less
3847	than 15 days after its passage.
3848	(b) The legislative body of each county adopting an ordinance shall, before the
3849	ordinance may take effect:
3850	(i) deposit a copy of the ordinance in the office of the county clerk; and
3851	(ii) (A) publish a short summary of the ordinance, together with a statement that a
3852	complete copy of the ordinance is available at the county clerk's office and with the name of the
3853	members voting for and against the ordinance[;]:
3854	(I) for at least one publication in:
3855	[(H)] (Aa) a newspaper published in and having general circulation in the county, if
3856	there is one; or
3857	[(H)] (Bb) if there is none published in the county, in a newspaper of general
3858	circulation within the county; [or] and
3859	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
3860	(B) post a complete copy of the ordinance in nine public places within the county.
3861	(4) Any ordinance printed by authority of the county legislative body in book form or
3862	electronic media, or any general revision of county ordinances printed in book form or
3863	electronic media, may be adopted by an ordinance making reference to the printed ordinance or
3864	revision if a copy of the ordinance or revision is filed in the office of the county clerk at the
3865	time of adoption for use and examination by the public.
3866	(5) Ordinances establishing rules and regulations, printed as a code in book form or
3867	electronic media, for the construction of buildings, the installation of plumbing, the installation
3868	of electric wiring, or other related or similar work may be adopted by reference to the code
3869	book if a copy of the code book is filed in the office of the county clerk at the time of the
3870	adoption of the ordinance for use and examination by the public.
3871	(6) Ordinances that in the opinion of the county legislative body are necessary for the

immediate preservation of the peace, health, or safety of the county and the county's inhabitants
may, if so provided in the ordinance, take effect immediately upon publication in one issue of a
newspaper published in and having general circulation in the county, if there is one, and if there
is none published in the county, then immediately after posting at the courthouse door.

- (7) An ordinance may take effect at a later date than provided in this section, if the ordinance so provides.
- (8) An order entered in the minutes of the county legislative body that an ordinance has been duly published or posted shall be prima facie proof of the publication or posting.

Section 87. Section 17A-3-914 is amended to read:

17A-3-914. Supplemental to other laws -- Nonapplicability of other laws -- Validation of existing building authorities.

- (1) This part is supplemental to all existing laws relating to the acquisition, use, maintenance, management, or operation of projects by public bodies.
- (2) It shall not be necessary for a public body or a building authority to comply with the provisions of other laws concerning the acquisition, construction, use, and maintenance of projects, including, but not limited to, public bidding laws and the Utah Procurement Code, where the projects are acquired, expanded, or improved under this part.
- (3) No board, commission, or agency of the state, including the Utah Public Service Commission, shall have any jurisdiction over building authorities or projects.
- (4) (a) No ordinance, resolution, or proceeding in respect to any transaction authorized by this part shall be necessary except as specifically required in this part nor shall the publication of any resolution, proceeding, or notice relating to any transaction authorized by this part be necessary except as required by this part. [Any]
 - (b) A publication made under this part may be made:
- (i) in [any] a newspaper conforming to the terms of this part and in which legal notices may be published under the laws of Utah, without regard to the designation of it as the official journal or newspaper of the public body[-]; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (c) No resolution adopted or proceeding taken under this part shall be subject to referendum petition or to an election other than as permitted in this part.
 - (d) All proceedings adopted under this part may be adopted on a single reading at any

3903	legally-convened meeting of the governing body or the board of trustees of the authority as
3904	appropriate.
3905	(5) Any formal action or proceeding taken by the governing body of a public body or
3906	the board of trustees of an authority under the authority of this part may be taken by resolution
3907	of the governing body or the board of trustees as appropriate.
3908	(6) This part shall apply to all authorities created, projects undertaken, leasing contracts
3909	executed, and bonds issued after this part takes effect.
3910	(7) All proceedings heretofore taken by a public body in connection with the creation
3911	and operation of a public building authority are hereby validated, ratified, approved, and
3912	confirmed.
3913	Section 88. Section 17A-3-915 is amended to read:
3914	17A-3-915. Publication of notice of proceedings Contest of proceedings.
3915	(1) The governing body of any public body, or the board of trustees of any building
3916	authority, may provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceeding adopted by it
3917	under this part:
3918	(a) in a newspaper having general circulation in the public body[-]; and
3919	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
3920	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
3921	board of trustees of a building authority may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other
3922	proceeding, publish a notice of bonds to be issued, titled as such, containing:
3923	(a) the name of the building authority;
3924	(b) the purposes of the issue;
3925	(c) the maximum principal amount which may be issued;
3926	(d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
3927	(e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear;
3928	(f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
3929	which the bonds may be sold, and any deposit to be required in connection with the sale; and
3930	(g) the time and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceedings authorizing
3931	the issuance of the bonds may be examined, which shall be at an office of the building
3932	authority, identified in the notice, during regular business hours of the building authority as
3933	described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the notice.

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(3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest shall have the
right to contest the legality of the resolution or proceeding or any bonds or leasing contract
which may be authorized by them or any provisions made for the security and payment of the
bonds or for the security and payment of the leasing contract; and after such time no one shall
have any cause of action to contest the regularity, formality, or legality of same for any cause
whatsoever.

Section 89. Section **17B-1-211** is amended to read:

17B-1-211. Notice of public hearings -- Publication of resolution.

- (1) Before holding a public hearing or set of public hearings under Section 17B-1-210, the legislative body of each county or municipality with which a request is filed or that adopts a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(c) and the board of trustees of each local district that adopts a resolution under Subsection 17B-1-203(1)(d) shall:
- (a) (i) (A) except as provided in [Subsections (1)(a)[(ii)](i)(B) and (1)(a)(ii), publish notice in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation within the applicable area in accordance with Subsection (2); or
- [(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation within the applicable area, post notice in accordance with Subsection (2):
 - (I) at least one notice per 1,000 population of that area[-]; and
- (II) at places within the area that are most likely to provide actual notice to residents of the area; [or] and
- (ii) publish, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for two weeks before the hearing or the first of the set of hearings; or
- (b) mail a notice to each registered voter residing within and each owner of real property located within the proposed local district.
 - (2) Each published notice under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) shall:
- 3959 (a) be no less than 1/4 page in size, use type no smaller than 18 point, and be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border;
 - (b) if possible, appear in a newspaper that is published at least one day per week;
 - (c) if possible, appear in a newspaper of general interest and readership in the area and not of limited subject matter;
 - (d) be placed in a portion of the newspaper other than where legal notices and

3965	classified advertisements appear; and
3966	(e) be run at least once each week for two successive weeks, with the final publication
3967	being no less than three and no more than ten days before the hearing or the first of the set of
3968	hearings.
3969	(3) Each notice required under Subsection (1) shall:
3970	(a) if the hearing or set of hearings is concerning a resolution:
3971	(i) contain the entire text or an accurate summary of the resolution; and
3972	(ii) state the deadline for filing a protest against the creation of the proposed local
3973	district;
3974	(b) clearly identify each governing body involved in the hearing or set of hearings;
3975	(c) state the date, time, and place for the hearing or set of hearings and the purposes for
3976	the hearing or set of hearings; and
3977	(d) describe or include a map of the entire proposed local district.
3978	(4) County or municipal legislative bodies may jointly provide the notice required
3979	under this section if all the requirements of this section are met as to each notice.
3980	Section 90. Section 17B-1-304 is amended to read:
3981	17B-1-304. Appointment procedures for appointed members.
3982	(1) The appointing authority may, by resolution, appoint persons to serve as members
3983	of a local district board by following the procedures established by this section.
3984	(2) (a) In any calendar year when appointment of a new local district board member is
3985	required, the appointing authority shall prepare a notice of vacancy that contains:
3986	(i) the positions that are vacant that must be filled by appointment;
3987	(ii) the qualifications required to be appointed to those positions;
3988	(iii) the procedures for appointment that the governing body will follow in making
3989	those appointments; and
3990	(iv) the person to be contacted and any deadlines that a person must meet who wishes
3991	to be considered for appointment to those positions.
3992	(b) The appointing authority shall:
3993	(i) post the notice of vacancy in four public places within the local district at least one
3994	month before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment; and

(ii) (A) publish the notice of vacancy:

3996	[(A)] (I) in a daily newspaper of general circulation within the local district for five
3997	consecutive days before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment; or
3998	[(B)] (II) in a local weekly newspaper circulated within the local district in the week
3999	before the deadline for accepting nominees for appointment[-]; and
4000	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for five days before the deadline for accepting
4001	nominees for appointment.
4002	(c) The appointing authority may bill the local district for the cost of preparing,
4003	printing, and publishing the notice.
4004	(3) (a) Not sooner than two months after the appointing authority is notified of the
4005	vacancy, the appointing authority shall select a person to fill the vacancy from the applicants
4006	who meet the qualifications established by law.
4007	(b) The appointing authority shall:
4008	(i) comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in making the
4009	appointment;
4010	(ii) allow any interested persons to be heard; and
4011	(iii) adopt a resolution appointing a person to the local district board.
4012	(c) If no candidate for appointment to fill the vacancy receives a majority vote of the
4013	appointing authority, the appointing authority shall select the appointee from the two top
4014	candidates by lot.
4015	(4) Persons appointed to serve as members of the local district board serve four-year
4016	terms, but may be removed for cause at any time after a hearing by 2/3 vote of the appointing
4017	body.
4018	(5) At the end of each board member's term, the position is considered vacant and the
4019	appointing authority may either reappoint the old board member or appoint a new member after
4020	following the appointment procedures established in this section.
4021	(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the appointing authority
4022	appoints one of its own members, it need not comply with the provisions of this section.
4023	Section 91. Section 17B-1-306 is amended to read:
4024	17B-1-306. Local district board Election procedures.
4025	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (11), each elected board member shall be selected
4026	as provided in this section.

4027	(2) (a) Each election of a local district board member shall be held:	
4028	(i) at the same time as the municipal general election; and	
4029	(ii) at polling places designated by the clerk of each county in which the local district is	
4030	located.	
4031	(b) (i) Subject to Subsections (4)(f) and (g), the number of polling places under	
4032	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) in an election of board members of an irrigation district shall be one	
4033	polling place per division of the district, designated by the district board.	
4034	(ii) Each polling place designated by an irrigation district board under Subsection	
4035	(2)(b)(i) shall coincide with a polling place designated by the county clerk under Subsection	
4036	(2)(a)(ii).	
4037	(3) (a) The clerk of each local district with a board member position to be filled at the	
4038	next municipal general election shall provide notice of:	
4039	(i) each elective position of the local district to be filled at the next municipal general	
4040	election;	
4041	(ii) the constitutional and statutory qualifications for each position; and	
4042	(iii) the dates and times for filing a declaration of candidacy.	
4043	(b) The notice required under Subsection (3)(a) shall be:	
4044	(i) posted in at least five public places within the local district at least ten days before	
4045	the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy; or	
4046	(ii) (A) published in a newspaper of general circulation within the local district at least	
4047	three but no more than ten days before the first day for filing a declaration of candidacy[-]; and	
4048	(B) published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for ten days before the first day	
4049	for filing a declaration of candidacy.	
4050	(4) (a) To become a candidate for an elective local district board position, the	
4051	prospective candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy in person with the local district,	
4052	during office hours and not later than 5 p.m. between July 1 and July 15 of any odd-numbered	
4053	year.	
4054	(b) When July 15 is a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the filing time shall be extended	
4055	until 5 p.m. on the following regular business day.	
4056	(c) (i) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing	
4057	officer shall:	

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 208

4058 (A) read to the prospective candidate the constitutional and statutory qualification 4059 requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and (B) require the candidate to state whether or not the candidate meets those 4060 4061 requirements. (ii) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the 4062 4063 office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy. (iii) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, 4064 4065 the filing officer shall accept the declaration of candidacy. 4066 (d) The declaration of candidacy shall substantially comply with the following form: "I, (print name) _____, being first duly sworn, say that I reside at (Street) 4067 , City of , County of , State of Utah, 4068 (Zip Code) ______; that I meet the qualifications 4069 for the office of board of trustees member for (state the name of 4070 4071 the local district); that I am a candidate for that office to be voted upon at the next election, and 4072 I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official ballot for that election. 4073 (Signed) 4074 Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by ______ on this _____ day of _____, ____. 4075 4076 (Signed) 4077 (Clerk or Notary Public)" (e) Each person wishing to become a valid write-in candidate for an elective local 4078 4079 district board position is governed by Section 20A-9-601. 4080 (f) If at least one person does not file a declaration of candidacy as required by this 4081 section, a person shall be appointed to fill that board position by following the procedures and 4082 requirements for appointment established in Section 20A-1-512. 4083 (g) If only one candidate files a declaration of candidacy for a position on the board of an irrigation district, the board need not hold an election for that position and may appoint that 4084 4085 candidate to the board. 4086 (5) (a) A primary election may be held if: 4087 (i) the election is authorized by the local district board; and 4088 (ii) the number of candidates for a particular local board position or office exceeds

4089	twice the number of persons needed to fill that position or office.
4090	(b) The primary election shall be conducted:
4091	(i) on the same date as the municipal primary election, as provided for in Section
4092	20A-1-201.5; and
4093	(ii) according to the procedures for municipal primary elections provided under Title
4094	20A, Election Code.
4095	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), the local district clerk shall certify the
4096	candidate names to the clerk of each county in which the local district is located no later than
4097	August 20 of the municipal election year.
4098	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), the clerk of each county in which the
4099	local district is located shall coordinate the placement of the name of each candidate for local
4100	district office in the nonpartisan section of the municipal general election ballot with the
4101	municipal election clerk.
4102	(ii) If consolidation of the local district election ballot with the municipal general
4103	election ballot is not feasible, the county clerk shall provide for a separate local district election
4104	ballot to be administered by separate election judges at polling locations designated by the
4105	county clerk in consultation with the local district.
4106	(c) (i) Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply to an election of a member of the board
4107	of an irrigation district established under Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act.
4108	(ii) (A) Subject to Subsection (6)(c)(ii)(B), the board of each irrigation district shall
4109	prescribe the form of the ballot for each board member election.
4110	(B) Each ballot for an election of an irrigation district board member shall be in a
4111	nonpartisan format.
4112	(7) (a) Each voter at an election for a board of trustees member of a local district shall:
4113	(i) be a registered voter within the district, except for an election of:
4114	(A) an irrigation district board of trustees member; or
4115	(B) a basic local district board of trustees member who is elected by property owners;
4116	and
4117	(ii) meet the requirements to vote established by the district.
4118	(b) Each voter may vote for as many candidates as there are offices to be filled.

(c) The candidates who receive the highest number of votes are elected.

4120 (8) Except as otherwise provided by this section, the election of local district board 4121 members is governed by Title 20A, Election Code. 4122 (9) (a) A person elected to serve on a local district board shall serve a four-year term, 4123 beginning at noon on the January 1 after the person's election. 4124 (b) A person elected shall be sworn in as soon as practical after January 1. 4125 (10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), each local district shall reimburse 4126 the county holding an election under this section for the costs of the election attributable to that 4127 local district. 4128 (b) Each irrigation district shall bear its own costs of each election it holds under this 4129 section. 4130 (11) This section does not apply to an improvement district that provides electric or gas 4131 service. 4132 (12) The provisions of Title 20A, Chapter 3, Part 3, [Early] Absentee Voting, do not 4133 apply to an election under this section. 4134 Section 92. Section **17B-1-313** is amended to read: 4135 17B-1-313. Publication of notice of board resolution or action -- Contest period --4136 No contest after contest period. 4137 (1) After the board of trustees of a local district adopts a resolution or takes other 4138 action on behalf of the district, the board may provide for the publication of a notice of the 4139 resolution or other action. 4140 (2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall: 4141 (a) include, as the case may be: 4142 (i) the language of the resolution or a summary of the resolution; or 4143 (ii) a description of the action taken by the board; 4144 (b) state that: 4145 (i) any person in interest may file an action in district court to contest the regularity, 4146 formality, or legality of the resolution or action within 30 days after the date of publication; and 4147 (ii) if the resolution or action is not contested by filing an action in district court within 4148 the 30-day period, no one may contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or 4149 action after the expiration of the 30-day period; and 4150 (c) be published:

4151	(i) in a newspaper that is published or has general circulation in the district[-]; and
4152	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4153	(3) For a period of 30 days after the date of the publication, any person in interest may
4154	contest the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or other action by filing an action
4155	in district court.
4156	(4) After the expiration of the 30-day period under Subsection (3), no one may contest
4157	the regularity, formality, or legality of the resolution or action for any cause.
4158	Section 93. Section 17B-1-413 is amended to read:
4159	17B-1-413. Hearing, notice, and protest provisions do not apply for certain
4160	petitions.
4161	(1) Section 17B-1-412 does not apply, and, except as provided in Subsection (2)(a),
4162	Sections 17B-1-409 and 17B-1-410 do not apply:
4163	(a) if the process to annex an area to a local district was initiated by:
4164	(i) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(i);
4165	(ii) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(ii)(A) that was signed by the owners
4166	of private real property that:
4167	(A) is located within the area proposed to be annexed;
4168	(B) covers at least 75% of the total private land area within the entire area proposed to
4169	be annexed and within each applicable area; and
4170	(C) is equal in assessed value to at least 75% of the assessed value of all private real
4171	property within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area; or
4172	(iii) a petition under Subsection 17B-1-403(1)(a)(ii)(B) that was signed by registered
4173	voters residing within the entire area proposed to be annexed and within each applicable area
4174	equal in number to at least 75% of the number of votes cast within the entire area proposed to
4175	be annexed and within each applicable area, respectively, for the office of governor at the last
4176	regular general election before the filing of the petition;
4177	(b) to an annexation under Section 17B-1-415; or
4178	(c) to a boundary adjustment under Section 17B-1-417.
4179	(2) (a) If a petition that meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) is certified under
4180	Section 17B-1-405, the local district board:
4181	(i) shall provide notice of the proposed annexation as provided in Subsection (2)(b);

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- (ii) (A) may, in the board's discretion, hold a public hearing as provided in Section 17B-1-409 after giving notice of the public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(b); and
- (B) shall, after giving notice of the public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(b), hold a public hearing as provided in Section 17B-1-409 if a written request to do so is submitted, within 20 days after the local district provides notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), to the local district board by an owner of property that is located within or a registered voter residing within the area proposed to be annexed who did not sign the annexation petition.
 - (b) The notice required under Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii) shall:
- 4191 (i) be given:
- 4192 (A) (I) for a notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), within 30 days after petition certification; or
 - (II) for a notice of a public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii), at least ten but not more than 30 days before the public hearing; and
- 4196 (B) by:
 - (I) posting written notice at the local district's principal office and in one or more other locations within or proximate to the area proposed to be annexed as are reasonable under the circumstances, considering the number of parcels included in that area, the size of the area, the population of the area, and the contiguousness of the area; and
 - (II) providing written notice to:
 - (Aa) at least one newspaper of general circulation, if there is one, within the area proposed to be annexed or to a local media correspondent; and
 - (Bb) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
 - (ii) contain a brief explanation of the proposed annexation and include the name of the local district, the service provided by the local district, a description or map of the area proposed to be annexed, a local district telephone number where additional information about the proposed annexation may be obtained, and, for a notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i), an explanation of the right of a property owner or registered voter to request a public hearing as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B).
 - (c) A notice under Subsection (2)(a)(i) may be combined with the notice that is required for a public hearing under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A).

4213	Section 94. Section 17B-1-417 is amended to read:
4214	17B-1-417. Boundary adjustment Notice and hearing Protest Resolution
4215	adjusting boundaries Notice of the adjustment Notice to lieutenant governor.
4216	(1) As used in this section, "affected area" means the area located within the
4217	boundaries of one local district that will be removed from that local district and included within
4218	the boundaries of another local district because of a boundary adjustment under this section.
4219	(2) The boards of trustees of two or more local districts having a common boundary
4220	and providing the same service on the same wholesale or retail basis may adjust their common
4221	boundary as provided in this section.
4222	(3) (a) The board of trustees of each local district intending to adjust a boundary that is
4223	common with another local district shall:
4224	(i) adopt a resolution indicating the board's intent to adjust a common boundary;
4225	(ii) hold a public hearing on the proposed boundary adjustment no less than 60 days
4226	after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
4227	(iii) (A) [(I)] publish notice:
4228	(I) (Aa) once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
4229	within the local district; or
4230	[(H)] (Bb) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the local district, post
4231	notice in at least four conspicuous places within the local district; [or] and
4232	(II) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks; or
4233	(B) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the affected area and to each
4234	registered voter residing within the affected area.
4235	(b) The notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii) shall:
4236	(i) state that the board of trustees of the local district has adopted a resolution
4237	indicating the board's intent to adjust a boundary that the local district has in common with
4238	another local district that provides the same service as the local district;
4239	(ii) describe the affected area;
4240	(iii) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing required under Subsection
4241	(3)(a)(ii);
4242	(iv) provide a local district telephone number where additional information about the
4243	proposed boundary adjustment may be obtained;

4244 (v) explain the financial and service impacts of the boundary adjustment on property 4245 owners or residents within the affected area; and 4246 (vi) state in conspicuous and plain terms that the board of trustees may approve the adjustment of the boundaries unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), 4247 4248 written protests to the adjustment are filed with the board by: 4249 (A) the owners of private real property that: 4250 (I) is located within the affected area; 4251 (II) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and 4252 (III) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real 4253 property within the affected area; or 4254 (B) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50% 4255 of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general 4256 election before the filing of the protests. 4257 (c) The first publication of the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii)(A) shall be 4258 within 14 days after the board's adoption of a resolution under Subsection (3)(a)(i). 4259 (d) The boards of trustees of the local districts whose boundaries are being adjusted may jointly: 4260 4261 (i) publish, post, or mail the notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(iii); and 4262 (ii) hold the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii). 4263 (4) After the public hearing required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the board of trustees 4264 may adopt a resolution approving the adjustment of the common boundary unless, at or before 4265 the public hearing, written protests to the boundary adjustment have been filed with the board 4266 by: 4267 (a) the owners of private real property that: 4268 (i) is located within the affected area; 4269 (ii) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the affected area; and (iii) is equal in assessed value to at least 50% of the assessed value of all private real 4270 4271 property within the affected area; or 4272 (b) registered voters residing within the affected area equal in number to at least 50% 4273 of the votes cast in the affected area for the office of governor at the last regular general 4274 election before the filing of the protests.

4275	(5) A resolution adopted under Subsection (4) does not take effect until the board of
4276	each local district whose boundaries are being adjusted has adopted a resolution under
4277	Subsection (4).
4278	(6) (a) Within 30 days after the resolutions take effect under Subsection (5), the board
4279	of the local district whose boundaries are being adjusted to include the affected area shall file a
4280	notice with the lieutenant governor.
4281	(b) The notice required under Subsection (6)(a) shall:
4282	(i) be accompanied by:
4283	(A) a copy of each of the board resolutions approving the boundary adjustment; and
4284	(B) an accurate map depicting the affected area or a legal description of the affected
4285	area, adequate for purposes of the county assessor and recorder; and
4286	(ii) include a certification by the board of the local district whose boundaries are being
4287	adjusted to include the affected area that all requirements for the boundary adjustment have
4288	been complied with.
4289	(7) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary change under
4290	Section 67-1a-6.5, the affected area is annexed to the local district whose boundaries are being
4291	adjusted to include the affected area, and the affected area is withdrawn from the local district
4292	whose boundaries are being adjusted to exclude the affected area.
4293	Section 95. Section 17B-1-512 is amended to read:
4294	17B-1-512. Notice of withdrawal Contest period Judicial review.
4295	(1) (a) The board of trustees shall file a written notice of withdrawal with the lieutenant
4296	governor:
4297	(i) within ten days after adopting a resolution approving a withdrawal under Section
4298	17B-1-510; and
4299	(ii) as soon as practicable after receiving a notice under Subsection 10-2-425(2) of an
4300	automatic withdrawal under Subsection 17B-1-502(2), after receiving a copy of the municipal
4301	legislative body's resolution approving an automatic withdrawal under Subsection
4302	17B-1-502(3)(a), or after receiving notice of a withdrawal of a municipality from a local
4303	district under Section 17B-2-505.
4304	(b) The notice required under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
4305	(i) be accompanied by:

4306 (A) for a withdrawal pursuant to a resolution adopted under Section 17B-1-510, a copy 4307 of the board resolution approving the withdrawal; and 4308 (B) an accurate map depicting the boundaries of the withdrawn area or a legal 4309 description of the withdrawn area, adequate for purposes of the county assessor and recorder; 4310 and 4311 (ii) for a withdrawal pursuant to a resolution adopted under Section 17B-1-510, include a certification by the local district board that all requirements for the withdrawal have been 4312 4313 complied with. 4314 (2) (a) Upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of the certificate of boundary change 4315 under Section 67-1a-6.5 for a withdrawal under Section 17B-1-510, for an automatic 4316 withdrawal under Subsection 17B-1-502(3), or for the withdrawal of a municipality from a 4317 local district under Section 17B-2-505, the withdrawal shall be effective, subject to the 4318 conditions of the withdrawal resolution, if applicable. 4319 (b) An automatic withdrawal under Subsection 17B-1-502(3) shall be effective upon 4320 the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of boundary change under Section 67-1a-6.5. 4321 (3) (a) The local district may provide for the publication of any resolution approving or 4322 denying the withdrawal of an area: 4323 (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area proposed for withdrawal[,]; and 4324 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101. 4325 (b) In lieu of publishing the entire resolution, the local district may publish a notice of 4326 withdrawal or denial of withdrawal, containing: 4327 [(a)] (i) the name of the local district; 4328 [(b)] (ii) a description of the area proposed for withdrawal; 4329 [(c)] (iii) a brief explanation of the grounds on which the board of trustees determined 4330 to approve or deny the withdrawal; and 4331 [(d)] (iv) the times and place where a copy of the resolution may be examined, which 4332 shall be at the place of business of the local district, identified in the notice, during regular 4333 business hours of the local district as described in the notice and for a period of at least 30 days 4334 after the publication of the notice. 4335 (4) Any sponsor of the petition or receiving entity may contest the board's decision to 4336 deny a withdrawal of an area from the local district by submitting a request, within 60 days

- after the resolution is adopted under Section 17B-1-510, to the board of trustees, suggesting terms or conditions to mitigate or eliminate the conditions upon which the board of trustees based its decision to deny the withdrawal.
- (5) Within 60 days after the request under Subsection (4) is submitted to the board of trustees, the board may consider the suggestions for mitigation and adopt a resolution approving or denying the request in the same manner as provided in Section 17B-1-510 with respect to the original resolution denying the withdrawal and file a notice of the action as provided in Subsection (1).
 - (6) (a) Any person in interest may seek judicial review of:
 - (i) the board of trustees' decision to withdraw an area from the local district;
 - (ii) the terms and conditions of a withdrawal; or
 - (iii) the board's decision to deny a withdrawal.
- (b) Judicial review under this Subsection (6) shall be initiated by filing an action in the district court in the county in which a majority of the area proposed to be withdrawn is located:
- (i) if the resolution approving or denying the withdrawal is published under Subsection (3), within 60 days after the publication or after the board of trustees' denial of the request under Subsection (5);
- (ii) if the resolution is not published pursuant to Subsection (3), within 60 days after the resolution approving or denying the withdrawal is adopted; or
- (iii) if a request is submitted to the board of trustees of a local district under Subsection (4), and the board adopts a resolution under Subsection (5), within 60 days after the board adopts a resolution under Subsection (5) unless the resolution is published under Subsection (3), in which event the action must be filed within 60 days after the publication.
- (c) A court in which an action is filed under this Subsection (6) may not overturn, in whole or in part, the board of trustees' decision to approve or reject the withdrawal unless:
 - (i) the court finds the board of trustees' decision to be arbitrary or capricious; or
- (ii) the court finds that the board materially failed to follow the procedures set forth in this part.
- (d) A court may award costs and expenses of an action under this section, including reasonable attorney fees, to the prevailing party.
 - (7) After the applicable contest period under Subsection (4) or (6), no person may

4368	contest the board of trustees' approval or denial of withdrawal for any cause.
4369	Section 96. Section 17B-1-609 is amended to read:
4370	17B-1-609. Hearing to consider adoption.
4371	(1) At the meeting at which the tentative budget is adopted, the board of trustees shall:
4372	(a) establish the time and place of a public hearing to consider its adoption; and
4373	(b) order that notice of the hearing:
4374	(i) (A) be published at least seven days [prior to] before the hearing in at least one issue
4375	of a newspaper of general circulation published in the county or counties in which the district is
4376	located; or
4377	[(ii)] (B) if no newspaper is published, be posted in three public places within the
4378	district[-]; and
4379	(ii) be published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least seven days before the
4380	hearing.
4381	(2) If the budget hearing is held in conjunction with a tax increase hearing, the notice
4382	shall be published in accordance with Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919.
4383	Section 97. Section 17B-1-643 is amended to read:
4384	17B-1-643. Imposing or increasing a fee for service provided by local district.
4385	(1) (a) Before imposing a new fee or increasing an existing fee for a service provided
4386	by a local district, each local district board of trustees shall first hold a public hearing at which
4387	any interested person may speak for or against the proposal to impose a fee or to increase an
4388	existing fee.
4389	(b) Each public hearing under Subsection (1)(a) shall be held in the evening beginning
4390	no earlier than 6 p.m.
4391	(c) A public hearing required under this Subsection (1) may be combined with a public
4392	hearing on a tentative budget required under Section 17B-1-610.
4393	(d) Except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent notice requirements,
4394	the local district board shall comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act,
4395	in holding the public hearing under Subsection (1)(a).
4396	(2) (a) Each local district board shall give notice of a hearing under Subsection (1) as
4397	provided in Subsection (2)(b)(i) or (ii).
4398	(b) (i) (A) The notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall be published:

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4399	(I) (Aa) in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation in the
4400	local district, if there is a newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation in the
4401	local district[-]; or
4402	(Bb) if there is no newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation in
4403	the local district, the local district board shall post at least one notice per 1,000 population
4404	within the local district, at places within the local district that are most likely to provide actual
4405	notice to residents within the local district; and
4406	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4407	(B) The notice described in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A)(I)(Aa):
4408	(I) shall be no less than 1/4 page in size and the type used shall be no smaller than 18
4409	point, and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border[-];
4410	[(C) The notice] (II) may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal
4411	notices and classified advertisements appear[-];
4412	[(D) It is legislative intent that,]
4413	(III) whenever possible, [the advertisement] shall appear in a newspaper that is
4414	published at least one day per week[-];
4415	[(E) It is further the intent of the Legislature that the]
4416	(IV) shall be in a newspaper or combination of newspapers [selected be] of general
4417	interest and readership in the local district, and not of limited subject matter[-]; and
4418	[$\overline{(F)}$ The notice] $\overline{(V)}$ shall be run once each week for the two weeks preceding the
4419	hearing.
4420	[(G)] (ii) The notice described in Subsection $(2)(b)(i)(A)$ shall state that the local
4421	district board intends to impose or increase a fee for a service provided by the local district and
4422	will hold a public hearing on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the notice, which shall be
4423	not less than seven days after the day the first notice is published, for the purpose of hearing
4424	comments regarding the proposed imposition or increase of a fee and to explain the reasons for
4425	the proposed imposition or increase.
4426	[(ii) (A) If there is no newspaper or combination of newspapers of general circulation
4427	in the local district, the local district board shall post at least one notice per 1,000 population
4428	within the local district, at places within the local district that are most likely to provide actual
4429	notice to residents within the local district.]

4430	[(B) Each notice under Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A) shall comply with Subsection
4431	(2)(b)(i)(G).]
4432	(c) (i) In lieu of providing notice under Subsection (2)(b), the local district board of
4433	trustees may give the notice required under Subsection (2)(a) by mailing the notice to those
4434	within the district who:
4435	(A) will be charged the fee for a district service, if the fee is being imposed for the first
4436	time; or
4437	(B) are being charged a fee, if the fee is proposed to be increased.
4438	(ii) Each notice under Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall comply with Subsection
4439	$(2)(b)[\overline{(i)(G)}]\underline{(ii)}.$
4440	(iii) A notice under Subsection (2)(c)(i) may accompany a district bill for an existing
4441	fee.
4442	(d) If the hearing required under this section is combined with the public hearing
4443	required under Section 17B-1-610, the notice requirement under this Subsection (2) is satisfied
4444	if a notice that meets the requirements of Subsection $(2)(b)[(i)(G)](ii)$ is combined with the
4445	notice required under Section 17B-1-609.
4446	(e) Proof that notice was given as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c) is prima facie
4447	evidence that notice was properly given.
4448	(f) If no challenge is made to the notice given of a hearing required by Subsection (1)
4449	within 30 days after the date of the hearing, the notice is considered adequate and proper.
4450	(3) After holding a public hearing under Subsection (1), a local district board may:
4451	(a) impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as proposed;
4452	(b) adjust the amount of the proposed new fee or the increase of the existing fee and
4453	then impose the new fee or increase the existing fee as adjusted; or
4454	(c) decline to impose the new fee or increase the existing fee.
4455	(4) This section applies to each new fee imposed and each increase of an existing fee
4456	that occurs on or after July 1, 1998.
4457	(5) (a) This section does not apply to an impact fee.
4458	(b) The imposition or increase of an impact fee is governed by Title 11, Chapter 36,
4459	Impact Fees Act.
4460	Section 98. Section 17B-1-1204 is amended to read:

4461	17B-1-1204. Notice of the hearing on a validation petition Amended or
4462	supplemented validation petition.
4463	(1) Upon the entry of an order under Section 17B-1-1203 setting a hearing on a
4464	validation petition, the local district that filed the petition shall:
4465	(a) publish notice:
4466	(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
4467	circulation in the county in which the principal office of the district is located; and
4468	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks; and
4469	(b) post notice in its principal office at least 21 days before the date set for the hearing.
4470	(2) Each notice under Subsection (1) shall:
4471	(a) state the date, time, and place of the hearing on the validation petition;
4472	(b) include a general description of the contents of the validation petition; and
4473	(c) if applicable, state the location where a complete copy of a contract that is the
4474	subject of the validation petition may be examined.
4475	(3) If a district amends or supplements a validation petition under Subsection
4476	17B-1-1202(3) after publishing and posting notice as required under Subsection (1), the district
4477	is not required to publish or post notice again unless required by the court.
4478	Section 99. Section 17B-1-1307 is amended to read:
4479	17B-1-1307. Notice of public hearing and of dissolution.
4480	(1) Before holding a public hearing required under Section 17B-1-1306, the
4481	administrative body shall:
4482	(a) (i) publish notice of the public hearing and of the proposed dissolution:
4483	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the local district proposed to be
4484	dissolved; and
4485	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for 30 days before the public hearing; and
4486	(ii) post notice of the public hearing and of the proposed dissolution in at least four
4487	conspicuous places within the local district proposed to be dissolved, no less than five and no
4488	more than 30 days before the public hearing; or
4489	(b) mail a notice to each owner of property located within the local district and to each
4490	registered voter residing within the local district.
4491	(2) Each notice required under Subsection (1) shall:

4492	(a) identify the local district proposed to be dissolved and the service it was created to
4493	provide; and
4494	(b) state the date, time, and location of the public hearing.
4495	Section 100. Section 17C-1-601 is amended to read:
4496	17C-1-601. Annual agency budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
4497	Auditor forms Requirement to file form.
4498	(1) Each agency shall prepare and its board adopt an annual budget of revenues and
4499	expenditures for the agency for each fiscal year.
4500	(2) Each annual agency budget shall be adopted:
4501	(a) for an agency created by a city or town, before June 22; or
4502	(b) for an agency created by a county, before December 15.
4503	(3) The agency's fiscal year shall be the same as the fiscal year of the community that
4504	created the agency.
4505	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, each agency board shall hold a public hearing
4506	on the annual budget.
4507	(b) Each agency shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget by:
4508	(i) publishing:
4509	(A) (I) at least one notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency
4510	boundaries, one week before the public hearing; or
4511	[(ii)] (II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency boundaries,
4512	posting a notice of the public hearing in at least three public places within the agency
4513	boundaries[-]; and
4514	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least one week before the public hearing.
4515	(c) Each agency shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at least
4516	three days before the date of the public hearing.
4517	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
4518	in each agency budget, including:
4519	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;
4520	(b) legal fees; and
4521	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
4522	agency personnel.

4523	(6) (a) Within 30 days after adopting an annual budget, each agency board shall file a
4524	copy of the annual budget with the auditor of the county in which the agency is located, the
4525	State Tax Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education, and each taxing entity
4526	that levies a tax on property from which the agency collects tax increment.
4527	(b) The requirement of Subsection (6)(a) to file a copy of the annual budget with the
4528	state as a taxing entity is met if the agency files a copy with the State Tax Commission and the
4529	state auditor.
4530	Section 101. Section 17C-2-108 is amended to read:
4531	17C-2-108. Notice of urban renewal project area plan adoption Effective date
4532	of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
4533	(1) (a) (i) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an urban renewal project
4534	area plan, the legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by[:(i)]
4535	publishing or causing to be published a notice:
4536	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
4537	[(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries,
4538	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries[-];
4539	<u>and</u>
4540	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4541	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
4542	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
4543	or a summary of the ordinance; and
4544	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
4545	inspection and the hours for inspection.
4546	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date of:
4547	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
4548	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
4549	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
4550	Subsection (2), any person in interest may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to
4551	adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
4552	requirements.
4553	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, no person may contest the

4554	project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
4555	(4) Upon adoption of the project area plan by the community's legislative body, the
4556	agency may carry out the project area plan.
4557	(5) Each agency shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general
4558	public at its offices during normal business hours.
4559	Section 102. Section 17C-2-403 is amended to read:
4560	17C-2-403. Notice required for continued hearing.
4561	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section 17C-2-402 by
4562	announcing at the hearing:
4563	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
4564	(2) that it is being continued to a later time and causing a notice of the continued
4565	hearing to be:
4566	(a) published:
4567	(i) (A) once in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency boundaries at least
4568	seven days before the hearing is scheduled to resume; or
4569	[(b)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, posted in at least three
4570	conspicuous places within the boundaries of the agency in which the project area or proposed
4571	project area is located[-]; and
4572	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least seven days before the hearing is
4573	schedule to resume.
4574	Section 103. Section 17C-3-107 is amended to read:
4575	17C-3-107. Notice of economic development project area plan adoption
4576	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
4577	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of an economic development
4578	project area plan, the legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by:
4579	(i) (A) publishing or causing to be published a notice:
4580	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
4581	[(ii)] (II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries
4582	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries[-];
4583	<u>and</u>
4584	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101

4383	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shan:
4586	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the project area plan
4587	or a summary of the ordinance; and
4588	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
4589	inspection and the hours for inspection.
4590	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date of:
4591	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
4592	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
4593	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the project area plan under
4594	Subsection (2), any person in interest may contest the project area plan or the procedure used to
4595	adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
4596	requirements.
4597	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, no person may contest the
4598	project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for any cause.
4599	(4) Upon adoption of the economic development project area plan by the community's
4600	legislative body, the agency may carry out the project area plan.
4601	(5) Each agency shall make the adopted economic development project area plan
4602	available to the general public at its offices during normal business hours.
4603	Section 104. Section 17C-3-303 is amended to read:
4604	17C-3-303. Notice required for continued hearing.
4605	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section 17C-3-302 by
4606	announcing at the hearing:
4607	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
4608	(2) that it is being continued to a later time and causing a notice of the continued
4609	hearing to be:
4610	(a) (i) published once in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency
4611	boundaries at least seven days before the hearing is scheduled to resume; or
4612	[(b)] (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, posted in at least three
4613	conspicuous places within the boundaries of the agency in which the project area or proposed
4614	project area is located[-]; and
4615	(b) published in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least seven days before the

4616	hearing is schedule to resume.
4617	Section 105. Section 17C-4-106 is amended to read:
4618	17C-4-106. Notice of community development project area plan adoption
4619	Effective date of plan Contesting the formation of the plan.
4620	(1) (a) Upon the community legislative body's adoption of a community development
4621	project area plan, the legislative body shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by:
4622	(i) (A) publishing or causing to be published a notice in a newspaper of general
4623	circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
4624	[(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries
4625	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries[:];
4626	<u>and</u>
4627	(ii) publishing or causing to be published in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
4628	(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:
4629	(i) set forth the community legislative body's ordinance adopting the community
4630	development project area plan or a summary of the ordinance; and
4631	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
4632	inspection and the hours for inspection.
4633	(2) The community development project area plan shall become effective on the date
4634	of:
4635	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
4636	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
4637	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the community development
4638	project area plan under Subsection (2), any person in interest may contest the project area plan
4639	or the procedure used to adopt the project area plan if the plan or procedure fails to comply
4640	with applicable statutory requirements.
4641	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (3)(a) expires, no person may contest the
4642	community development project area plan or procedure used to adopt the project area plan for
4643	any cause.
4644	(4) Upon adoption of the community development project area plan by the
4645	community's legislative body, the agency may carry out the project area plan.
4646	(5) Each agency shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general

4647	public at its offices during normal business hours.
4648	Section 106. Section 17C-4-202 is amended to read:
4649	17C-4-202. Resolution or interlocal agreement to provide funds for the
4650	community development project area plan Notice Effective date of resolution or
4651	interlocal agreement Time to contest resolution or interlocal agreement Availability
4652	of resolution or interlocal agreement.
4653	(1) The approval and adoption of each resolution or interlocal agreement under
4654	Subsection 17C-4-201(2) shall be in an open and public meeting.
4655	(2) (a) Upon the adoption of a resolution or interlocal agreement under Section
4656	17C-4-201, the agency shall provide notice as provided in Subsection (2)(b) by:
4657	(i) (A) publishing or causing to be published a notice in a newspaper of general
4658	circulation within the agency's boundaries; or
4659	[(ii)] (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the agency's boundaries,
4660	causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places within the agency's boundaries[-];
4661	<u>and</u>
4662	(ii) publishing or causing to be published in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
4663	(b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
4664	(i) set forth a summary of the resolution or interlocal agreement; and
4665	(ii) include a statement that the resolution or interlocal agreement is available for
4666	general public inspection and the hours of inspection.
4667	(3) The resolution or interlocal agreement shall become effective on the date of:
4668	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) or (ii), publication of the
4669	notice; or
4670	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (2)(a)(B), posting of the notice.
4671	(4) (a) For a period of 30 days after the effective date of the resolution or interlocal
4672	agreement under Subsection (3), any person in interest may contest the resolution or interlocal
4673	agreement or the procedure used to adopt the resolution or interlocal agreement if the
4674	resolution or interlocal agreement or procedure fails to comply with applicable statutory
4675	requirements.
4676	(b) After the 30-day period under Subsection (4)(a) expires, no person may contest the
4677	resolution or interlocal agreement for any cause.

4678	(5) Each agency that is to receive funds under a resolution or interlocal agreement
4679	under Section 17C-4-201 and each taxing entity or public agency that approves a resolution or
4680	enters into an interlocal agreement under Section 17C-4-201 shall make the resolution or
4681	interlocal agreement, as the case may be, available at its offices to the general public for
4682	inspection and copying during normal business hours.
4683	Section 107. Section 17C-4-302 is amended to read:
4684	17C-4-302. Notice required for continued hearing.
4685	The board shall give notice of a hearing continued under Section 17C-4-301 by
4686	announcing at the hearing:
4687	(1) the date, time, and place the hearing will be resumed; or
4688	(2) that it is being continued to a later time and causing a notice of the continued
4689	hearing to be:
4690	(a) (i) published once in a newspaper of general circulation within the agency
4691	boundaries at least seven days before the hearing is scheduled to resume; or
4692	[(b)] (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation, posted in at least three
4693	conspicuous places within the boundaries of the agency in which the project area or proposed
4694	project area is located[:]: and
4695	(b) published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least seven days before the
4696	hearing is schedule to resume.
4697	Section 108. Section 17D-1-205 is amended to read:
4698	17D-1-205. Notice.
4699	(1) Each notice required under Subsection 17D-1-204(1) shall:
4700	(a) state that:
4701	(i) the legislative body has adopted a resolution stating its intent to create a special
4702	service district; or
4703	(ii) a petition has been filed proposing the creation of a special service district;
4704	(b) describe the boundary of the proposed special service district;
4705	(c) generally describe each service that the special service district is proposed to
4706	provide;
4707	(d) state that taxes may be levied annually upon all taxable property within the
4708	proposed special service district

4709	(e) state that fees or charges may be imposed to pay for some or all of the services that
4710	the special service district is proposed to provide;
4711	(f) explain the process, requirements, and timetable for filing a protest against the
4712	creation of the special service district or against a service that the special service district is
4713	proposed to provide;
4714	(g) designate a date, time, and place for a public hearing on the proposed creation of
4715	the special service district; and
4716	(h) except as provided in Subsection (2), be published:
4717	(i) (A) at least once a week during three consecutive weeks[:];
4718	[(i)] (B) not less than 21 days or more than 35 days before the date of the public
4719	hearing required under Subsection 17D-1-204(2); and
4720	[(ii)] (C) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or municipality by which
4721	the special service district is proposed to be created[-]; and
4722	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for 35 days before the date of the public
4723	hearing required under Subsection 17D-1-204(2).
4724	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(h)(i), if the proposed special service district is
4725	located entirely within a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class or a town that has no newspaper
4726	of general circulation in the city or town, the legislative body of the city or town may provide
4727	that the notice required under Subsection 17D-1-204(1) be given by posting the notice in at
4728	least five public places in the city or town at least 21 days before the public hearing required
4729	under Subsection 17D-1-204(2).
4730	(3) The legislative body of the county or municipality by which the special service
4731	district is proposed to be created may include in a notice under this section any other
4732	information that the legislative body considers necessary or appropriate.
4733	Section 109. Section 17D-2-601 is amended to read:
4734	17D-2-601. Publishing notice of local entity or local building authority resolution
4735	or other proceeding.
4736	(1) The governing body of a local entity or the authority board of a local building
4737	authority may provide for the publication of a resolution or other proceeding adopted under this
4738	chapter by the governing body or authority board, respectively[7]:
4739	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation in the local entity[:]; and

4740	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4741	(2) (a) If the resolution or other proceeding provides for the local building authority's
4742	issuance of bonds, the authority board may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other
4743	proceeding, publish a notice of the bonds to be issued.
4744	(b) Each notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall comply with the requirements of
4745	Subsection 11-14-316(2).
4746	(c) The authority board of a local building authority publishing a notice under
4747	Subsection (2)(a) shall make a copy of the resolution or other proceeding authorizing the
4748	issuance of the local building authority bonds available for public inspection during regular
4749	business hours at the office of the local building authority for a period of at least 30 days after
4750	publication of the notice.
4751	Section 110. Section 17D-3-305 is amended to read:
4752	17D-3-305. Setting the date of an election of the board of supervisors Notice of
4753	the election.
4754	(1) The commission shall:
4755	(a) set the date of the election of members of the board of supervisors of a conservation
4756	district; and
4757	(b) publish notice of the election:
4758	(i) in a newspaper or other media outlet method with general circulation within the
4759	conservation district[:]; and
4760	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4761	(2) The date set for an election under Subsection (1)(a) may not be later than six weeks
4762	after the date set by the commission for the close of nominations.
4763	(3) The notice required under Subsection (1)(b) shall:
4764	(a) state:
4765	(i) the date of the election;
4766	(ii) the names of all candidates; and
4767	(iii) that a ballot request form for the election may be obtained from the commission
4768	office or from any other place that the commission designates; and
4769	(b) specify the address of the commission office or other place where a ballot request
4770	form may be obtained.

4771	Section 111. Section 19-2-109 is amended to read:
4772	19-2-109. Air quality standards Hearings on adoption Orders of executive
4773	secretary Adoption of emission control requirements.
4774	(1) (a) The board, in adopting standards of quality for ambient air, shall conduct public
4775	hearings.
4776	(b) Notice of any public hearing for the consideration, adoption, or amendment of air
4777	quality standards shall specify the locations to which the proposed standards apply and the
4778	time, date, and place of the hearing.
4779	(c) The notice shall be:
4780	(i) (A) published at least twice in any newspaper of general circulation in the area
4781	affected; and [shall be]
4782	(B) published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least 20 days before the public
4783	hearing; and
4784	(ii) mailed at least 20 days before the public hearing to the chief executive of each
4785	political subdivision of the area affected and to other persons the executive secretary has reason
4786	to believe will be affected by the standards.
4787	(d) The adoption of air quality standards or any modification or changes to air quality
4788	standards shall be by order of the executive secretary following formal action of the board with
4789	respect to the standards.
4790	(e) The order shall be published:
4791	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected[-]; and
4792	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4793	(2) (a) The board may establish emission control requirements by rule that in its
4794	judgment may be necessary to prevent, abate, or control air pollution that may be statewide or
4795	may vary from area to area, taking into account varying local conditions.
4796	(b) In adopting these requirements, the board shall give notice and conduct public
4797	hearings in accordance with the requirements in Subsection (1).
4798	Section 112. Section 19-5-110 is amended to read:
4799	19-5-110. Designation by governor of areas with quality control problems
4800	Classification of waters Adoption of standards of quality.
4801	(1) The governor may identify and designate by boundary, or make a determination not

to designate, areas within the state which, as a result of urban-industrial concentration or other factors, have substantial water quality control problems, and designate planning agencies and waste treatment management agencies for these areas.

- (2) The board may group the waters of the state into classes according to their present most reasonable uses, and after public hearing, upgrade and reclassify from time to time the waters of the state to the extent that it is practical and in the public interest.
- (3) (a) The board may establish standards of quality for each classification consistent with most reasonable present and future uses of the waters, and the standards may be modified or changed from time to time.
- (b) Prior to classifying waters, setting quality standards or modifying or repealing them the board shall conduct public hearings for the consideration, adoption, or amendment of the classifications of waters and standards of purity and quality.
- (c) The notice shall specify the waters concerning which a classification is sought to be made for which standards are sought to be adopted and the time, date, and place of the hearing.
 - (d) The notice shall be:
- 4817 (i) published:
- 4818 (A) at least twice in a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected; and [shall 4819 be]
 - (B) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
 - (ii) mailed at least 30 days before the public hearing to the chief executive of each political subdivision of the area affected and to other persons the board has reason to believe will be affected by the classification and the setting of standards.
 - (4) (a) The adoption of standards of quality for the waters of the state and classification of the waters or any modification or change in classification shall be effectuated by an order of the board which shall be published:
 - (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area affected[-]; and
- 4828 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
 - (b) In classifying waters and setting standards of water quality, adopting rules, or making any modification or change in classification or standards, the board shall allow and announce a reasonable time, not exceeding statutory deadlines contained in the federal Clean Water Act, for persons discharging wastes into the waters of the state to comply with the

4833	classification or standards and may, after public hearing if requested by the permittee, set and
4834	revise schedules of compliance and include these schedules within the terms and conditions of
4835	permits for the discharge of pollutants.
4836	(5) Any discharge in accord with classification or standards authorized by a permit is
4837	not pollution for the purpose of this chapter.
4838	Section 113. Section 19-6-712 is amended to read:
4839	19-6-712. Issuance of permits Public comments and hearing.
4840	(1) In considering permit applications under this part, the executive secretary shall:
4841	(a) ensure the application is complete prior to acting on it;
4842	(b) (i) publish notice of the permit application and the opportunity for public comment
4843	in <u>:</u>
4844	(A) a newspaper of general circulation in the state; and [also in]
4845	(B) a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the operation for which the
4846	application is submitted is located; and
4847	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101;
4848	(c) allow the public to submit written comments to the executive secretary within 15
4849	days after date of publication;
4850	(d) consider timely submitted public comments and the criteria established in this part
4851	and by rule in determining whether to grant the permit; and
4852	(e) send a written copy of the decision to the applicant and to persons submitting
4853	timely comments under Subsection (1)(c).
4854	(2) The executive secretary's decision under this section may be appealed to the board
4855	only within the 30 days after the day the decision is mailed to the applicant.
4856	Section 114. Section 20A-3-201 is amended to read:
4857	20A-3-201. Watchers.
4858	(1) (a) (i) For each regular general election or statewide special election, and for each
4859	regular primary and Western States Presidential Primary, each registered political party and any
4860	person interested in a ballot proposition appearing on the ballot may appoint one person to act
4861	as a voting poll watcher to observe the casting of ballots, another person to act as a counting
4862	poll watcher to observe the counting of ballots, and another person to act as an inspecting poll

watcher to inspect the condition and observe the securing of ballot packages.

- 4864 (ii) Each party poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the poll workers, by an affidavit made by the county chair of each of the parties.
 - (iii) Each issue poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the poll workers, by an affidavit made by the individual appointing him.
 - (b) (i) For each municipal general election, municipal primary, local special election, or bond election that uses paper ballots, each candidate and any person interested in an issue appearing on the ballot may appoint one person to act as a voting poll watcher to observe the casting of ballots, another person to act as a counting poll watcher to observe the counting of ballots, and another person to act as an inspecting poll watcher to inspect the condition and observe the securing of ballot packages.
 - (ii) For each municipal general election, municipal primary, local special election, or bond election that uses ballot sheets, each candidate and any person interested in an issue appearing on the ballot may appoint one person to act as a voting poll watcher to observe the casting of ballots, another person to act as a counting poll watcher to observe the counting of ballots, and another person to act as an inspecting poll watcher to inspect the condition and observe the securing of ballot packages.
 - (iii) Each candidate poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the poll workers, by an affidavit made by the candidate appointing him.
 - (iv) Each issue poll watcher shall be designated, and his selection made known to the poll workers, by an affidavit made by the individual appointing him.
 - (2) If an appointed poll watcher is temporarily absent for meals, or is sick or otherwise absent, that poll watcher may substitute some other watcher of similar political beliefs by informing the poll workers of the substitution by affidavit.
 - (3) Voting poll watchers may watch and observe the voting process, and may make a written memorandum, but they may not interfere in any way with the process of voting except to challenge a voter as provided in this part.
 - (4) The counting poll watcher shall remain in the counting room, except in the case of necessity, until the close of the polls and may not divulge the progress of the count until the count is completed.
 - (5) (a) It is unlawful for a counting poll watcher to communicate in any manner, directly or indirectly, by word or sign, the progress of the count, the result so far, or any other

4925

4895	information about the count.
4896	(b) Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a third degree felony.
4897	(6) The inspecting poll watcher may be present in the office of the clerk or recorder to
4898	whom ballots are delivered after elections to:
4899	(a) inspect the condition of the packages containing the ballots upon their arrival; and
4900	(b) observe the placement of these packages in a safe and secure place.
4901	(7) (a) Prior to each election in which a ballot sheet or electronic ballot is used, any
4902	interested person may act as a testing watcher to observe a demonstration of logic and accuracy
4903	testing of the voting devices prior to the commencement of voting.
4904	(b) The election officer shall give prior notice of the logic and accuracy testing
4905	demonstration at least two days prior to the date of the demonstration by publishing notice of
4906	the date, time, and location of the demonstration:
4907	(i) in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the
4908	election[=]; and
4909	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
4910	(c) An election official shall provide, upon request, a copy of testing results to a testing
4911	watcher.
4912	Section 115. Section 20A-3-603 is amended to read:
4913	20A-3-603. Early voting polling places.
4914	(1) The election officer shall designate one or more polling places for early voting,
4915	provided that:
4916	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), at least one polling place is open on each day
4917	that polls are open during the early voting period;
4918	(b) each polling place meets the requirements for polling places under Chapter 5,
4919	Election Administration;
4920	(c) for all elections other than local special elections, municipal primary elections, and
4921	municipal general elections, at least 10% of the voting devices at a polling place are accessible
4922	for individuals with disabilities in accordance with Public Law 107-252, the Help America
4923	Vote Act of 2002; and

(d) each polling place is located in a government building or office, unless the election

officer determines that, in the area designated by the election officer, there is no government

4920	building of office available that:
4927	(i) can be scheduled for use during early voting hours;
4928	(ii) has the physical facilities necessary to accommodate early voting requirements;
4929	(iii) has adequate space for voting equipment, poll workers, and voters; and
4930	(iv) has adequate security, public accessibility, and parking.
4931	(2) (a) In the event the election officer determines that the number of early voting
4932	polling places is insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, the election
4933	officer may designate additional polling places during the early voting period.
4934	(b) If an additional early voting polling place is designated, the election officer shall, as
4935	soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the dates, times, and location of the additional
4936	polling place by:
4937	(i) publishing the notice:
4938	(A) in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in the county; and
4939	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
4940	(ii) posting the notice at the additional polling place.
4941	(3) For each regular general election and regular primary election, counties of the first
4942	class shall ensure that:
4943	(a) at least one polling place is located within each Utah State Senate district that is
4944	located wholly or partially within the county; and
4945	(b) at least one polling place located within each district is open on each day that polls
4946	are open during the early voting period.
4947	Section 116. Section 20A-3-604 is amended to read:
4948	20A-3-604. Notice of time and place of early voting.
4949	The election officer shall give notice of the dates, times, and locations of early voting
4950	by:
4951	(1) publishing the notice:
4952	(a) in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least five
4953	calendar days before the date that early voting begins; and
4954	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least five calendar days before the date that
4955	early voting begins; and
4956	(2) posting the notice at each early voting polling place at least five calendar days

4957	before the date early voting begins.
4958	Section 117. Section 20A-5-101 is amended to read:
4959	20A-5-101. Notice of election.
4960	(1) On or before February 1 in each regular general election year, the lieutenant
4961	governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
4962	(a) designates the offices to be filled at the regular general election;
4963	(b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices; and
4964	(c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that
4965	have qualified for the ballot as of that date.
4966	(2) (a) No later than February 15, each county clerk shall:
4967	(i) publish a notice:
4968	(A) once in a newspaper published in that county; [or] and
4969	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
4970	(ii) (A) cause a copy of the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place most likely to
4971	give notice of the election to the voters in each voting precinct within the county; and
4972	(B) prepare an affidavit of that posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places
4973	where the notice was posted.
4974	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall:
4975	(i) designate the offices to be voted on in that election in that county, other than local
4976	district offices; and
4977	(ii) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices.
4978	(3) Before each election, the election officer shall give written or printed notice of:
4979	(a) the date and place of election;
4980	(b) the hours during which the polls will be open;
4981	(c) the polling places for each voting precinct; and
4982	(d) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.
4983	(4) To provide the notice required by Subsection (3), the election officer shall publish
4984	the notice at least two days before the election:
4985	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation common to the area or in which the election is
4986	being held[-]; and
4987	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.

4988	Section 118. Section 20A-5-405 is amended to read:
4989	20A-5-405. Election officer to provide ballots.
4990	(1) In jurisdictions using paper ballots, each election officer shall:
4991	(a) provide printed official paper ballots and absentee ballots for every election of
4992	public officers in which the voters, or any of the voters, within the election officer's jurisdiction
4993	participate;
4994	(b) cause the name of every candidate whose nomination has been certified to or filed
4995	with the election officer in the manner provided by law to be printed on each official paper
4996	ballot and absentee ballot;
4997	(c) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
4998	be printed on each official paper ballot and absentee ballot;
4999	(d) ensure that the official paper ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5000	officer before commencement of voting;
5001	(e) ensure that the absentee ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5002	officer with sufficient time before commencement of voting;
5003	(f) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
5004	be printed on each official paper ballot and absentee ballot;
5005	(g) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have
5006	qualified for the official ballot to inspect the official paper ballots and absentee ballots;
5007	(h) cause sample ballots to be printed that are in the same form as official paper ballots
5008	and that contain the same information as official paper ballots but that are printed on different
5009	colored paper than official paper ballots;
5010	(i) ensure that the sample ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5011	officer at least seven days before commencement of voting;
5012	(j) make the sample ballots available for public inspection by:
5013	(i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in his office at least seven days before
5014	commencement of voting;
5015	(ii) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to:
5016	(A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
5017	(B) the lieutenant governor; and
5018	(iii) publishing a copy of the sample ballot immediately before the election:

5019	(A) in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the
5020	election; and
5021	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101;
5022	(k) deliver at least five copies of the sample ballot to poll workers for each polling
5023	place and direct them to post the sample ballots as required by Section 20A-5-102; and
5024	(l) print and deliver, at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election, enough
5025	official paper ballots, absentee ballots, sample ballots, and instruction cards to meet the voting
5026	demands of the qualified voters in each voting precinct.
5027	(2) In jurisdictions using a punch card ballot, each election officer shall:
5028	(a) provide official ballot sheets, absentee ballot sheets, and printed official ballot
5029	labels for every election of public officers in which the voters, or any of the voters, within the
5030	election officer's jurisdiction participate;
5031	(b) cause the name of every candidate who filed with the election officer in the manner
5032	provided by law or whose nomination has been certified to the election officer to be printed on
5033	each official ballot label;
5034	(c) cause each ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
5035	be printed on each official ballot label;
5036	(d) ensure that the official ballot labels are printed and in the possession of the election
5037	officer before the commencement of voting;
5038	(e) ensure that the absentee ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5039	officer with sufficient time before commencement of voting;
5040	(f) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
5041	be printed on each official ballot label and absentee ballot;
5042	(g) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have
5043	qualified for the official sample ballot to inspect the official sample ballot;
5044	(h) cause sample ballots to be printed that contain the same information as official
5045	ballot labels but that are distinguishable from official ballot labels;
5046	(i) ensure that the sample ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5047	officer at least seven days before commencement of voting;
5048	(j) make the sample ballots available for public inspection by:

(i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in his office at least seven days before

5050	commencement of voting;
5051	(ii) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to:
5052	(A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
5053	(B) the lieutenant governor; and
5054	(iii) publishing a copy of the sample ballot immediately before the election:
5055	(A) in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the
5056	election; and
5057	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101;
5058	(k) deliver at least five copies of the sample ballot to poll workers for each polling
5059	place and direct them to post the sample ballots as required by Section 20A-5-102; and
5060	(l) print and deliver official ballot sheets, official ballot labels, sample ballots, and
5061	instruction cards at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election.
5062	(3) In jurisdictions using a ballot sheet other than a punch card, each election officer
5063	shall:
5064	(a) provide official ballot sheets and absentee ballot sheets for every election of public
5065	officers in which the voters, or any of the voters, within the election officer's jurisdiction
5066	participate;
5067	(b) cause the name of every candidate who filed with the election officer in the manner
5068	provided by law or whose nomination has been certified to or filed with the election officer to
5069	be printed on each official ballot and absentee ballot;
5070	(c) cause each ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
5071	be printed on each official ballot and absentee ballot;
5072	(d) ensure that the official ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5073	officer before commencement of voting;
5074	(e) ensure that the absentee ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5075	officer with sufficient time before commencement of voting;
5076	(f) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
5077	be printed on each official ballot and absentee ballot;
5078	(g) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have
5079	qualified for the official sample ballot to inspect the official sample ballot;
5080	(h) cause sample ballots to be printed that contain the same information as official

5081	ballots but that are distinguishable from the official ballots;
5082	(i) ensure that the sample ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5083	officer at least seven days before commencement of voting;
5084	(j) make the sample ballots available for public inspection by:
5085	(i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in the election officer's office at least seven days
5086	before commencement of voting;
5087	(ii) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to:
5088	(A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
5089	(B) the lieutenant governor; and
5090	(iii) publishing a copy of the sample ballot immediately before the election:
5091	(A) in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the
5092	election; and
5093	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101;
5094	(k) deliver at least five copies of the sample ballot to poll workers for each polling
5095	place and direct them to post the sample ballots as required by Section 20A-5-102; and
5096	(l) print and deliver, at the expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election, enough
5097	official ballots, absentee ballots, sample ballots, and instruction cards to meet the voting
5098	demands of the qualified voters in each voting precinct.
5099	(4) In jurisdictions using electronic ballots, each election officer shall:
5100	(a) provide official ballots for every election of public officers in which the voters, or
5101	any of the voters, within the election officer's jurisdiction participate;
5102	(b) cause the name of every candidate who filed with the election officer in the manner
5103	provided by law or whose nomination has been certified to the election officer to be displayed
5104	on each official ballot;
5105	(c) cause each ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to
5106	be displayed on each official ballot;
5107	(d) ensure that the official ballots are prepared and in the possession of the election
5108	officer before commencement of voting;
5109	(e) ensure that the absentee ballots are prepared and in the possession of the election
5110	officer with sufficient time before commencement of voting;

(f) cause any ballot proposition that has qualified for the ballot as provided by law to

5112	be printed on each official ballot and absentee ballot;
5113	(g) allow candidates and their agents and the sponsors of ballot propositions that have
5114	qualified for the official sample ballot to inspect the official sample ballot;
5115	(h) cause sample ballots to be printed that contain the same information as official
5116	ballots but that are distinguishable from official ballots;
5117	(i) ensure that the sample ballots are printed and in the possession of the election
5118	officer at least seven days before commencement of voting;
5119	(j) make the sample ballots available for public inspection by:
5120	(i) posting a copy of the sample ballot in the election officer's office at least seven days
5121	before commencement of voting;
5122	(ii) mailing a copy of the sample ballot to:
5123	(A) each candidate listed on the ballot; and
5124	(B) the lieutenant governor; and
5125	(iii) publishing a copy of the sample ballot immediately before the election:
5126	(A) in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction holding the
5127	election; and
5128	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101;
5129	(k) deliver at least five copies of the sample ballot to poll workers for each polling
5130	place and direct them to post the sample ballots as required by Section 20A-5-102; and
5131	(l) prepare and deliver official ballots, sample ballots, and instruction cards at the
5132	expense of the jurisdiction conducting the election.
5133	(5) (a) Each election officer shall, without delay, correct any error discovered in any
5134	official paper ballot, ballot label, ballot sheet, electronic ballot, or sample ballot, if the
5135	correction can be made without interfering with the timely distribution of the paper ballots,
5136	ballot labels, ballot sheets, or electronic ballots.
5137	(b) (i) If the election officer discovers an error or omission in a paper ballot, ballot
5138	label, or ballot sheet, and it is not possible to correct the error or omission by reprinting the
5139	paper ballots, ballot labels, or ballot sheets, the election officer shall direct the poll workers to
5140	make the necessary corrections on the official paper ballots, ballot labels, or ballot sheets
5141	before they are distributed at the polls.

(ii) If the election officer discovers an error or omission in an electronic ballot and it is

5143	not possible to correct the error or omission by revising the electronic ballot, the election
5144	officer shall direct the poll workers to post notice of each error or omission with instructions on
5145	how to correct each error or omission in a prominent position at each polling booth.
5146	(c) (i) If the election officer refuses or fails to correct an error or omission in the paper
5147	ballots, ballot labels, ballot sheets, or electronic ballots, a candidate or a candidate's agent may
5148	file a verified petition with the district court asserting that:
5149	(A) an error or omission has occurred in:
5150	(I) the publication of the name or description of a candidate;
5151	(II) the preparation or display of an electronic ballot; or
5152	(III) in the printing of sample or official paper ballots, ballot labels, or ballot sheets;
5153	and
5154	(B) the election officer has failed to correct or provide for the correction of the error or
5155	omission.
5156	(ii) The district court shall issue an order requiring correction of any error in a paper
5157	ballot, ballot label, ballot sheet, or electronic ballot or an order to show cause why the error
5158	should not be corrected if it appears to the court that the error or omission has occurred and the
5159	election officer has failed to correct it or failed to provide for its correction.
5160	(iii) A party aggrieved by the district court's decision may appeal the matter to the Utah
5161	Supreme Court within five days after the decision of the district court.
5162	Section 119. Section 20A-7-204.1 is amended to read:
5163	20A-7-204.1. Public hearings to be held before initiative petitions are circulated.
5164	(1) (a) After issuance of the initial fiscal impact estimate by the Governor's Office of
5165	Planning and Budget and before circulating initiative petitions for signature statewide, sponsors
5166	of the initiative petition shall hold at least seven public hearings throughout Utah as follows:
5167	(i) one in the Bear River region Box Elder, Cache, or Rich County;
5168	(ii) one in the Southwest region Beaver, Garfield, Iron, Kane, or Washington
5169	County;
5170	(iii) one in the Mountain region Summit, Utah, or Wasatch County;
5171	(iv) one in the Central region Juab, Millard, Piute, Sanpete, Sevier, or Wayne
5172	County;
5173	(v) one in the Southeast region Carbon, Emery, Grand, or San Juan County;

5174	(vi) one in the Uintah Basin region Daggett, Duchesne, or Uintah County; and
5175	(vii) one in the Wasatch Front region Davis, Morgan, Salt Lake, Tooele, or Weber
5176	County.
5177	(b) Of the seven meetings, at least two of the meetings must be held in a first or second
5178	class county, but not in the same county.
5179	(2) At least three calendar days before the date of the public hearing, the sponsors
5180	shall:
5181	(a) provide written notice of the public hearing to:
5182	(i) the lieutenant governor for posting on the state's website; and
5183	(ii) each state senator, state representative, and county commission or county council
5184	member who is elected in whole or in part from the region where the public hearing will be
5185	held; and
5186	(b) publish written notice of the public hearing detailing its time, date, and location:
5187	(i) in at least one newspaper of general circulation in each county in the region where
5188	the public hearing will be held[-]; and
5189	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
5190	(3) (a) During the public hearing, the sponsors shall either:
5191	(i) video tape or audio tape the public hearing and, when the hearing is complete,
5192	deposit the complete audio or video tape of the meeting with the lieutenant governor; or
5193	(ii) take comprehensive minutes of the public hearing, detailing the names and titles of
5194	each speaker and summarizing each speaker's comments.
5195	(b) The lieutenant governor shall make copies of the tapes or minutes available to the
5196	public.
5197	Section 120. Section 20A-9-203 is amended to read:
5198	20A-9-203. Declarations of candidacy Municipal general elections.
5199	(1) (a) (i) A person may become a candidate for any municipal office if:
5200	(A) the person is a registered voter; and
5201	(B) (I) the person has resided within the municipality in which that person seeks to
5202	hold elective office for the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the election;
5203	or
5204	(II) if the territory in which the person resides was annexed into the municipality, the

person has resided within the annexed territory or the municipality the 12 consecutive months immediately before the date of the election.

- (ii) For purposes of determining whether a person meets the residency requirement of Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B)(I) in a municipality that was incorporated less than 12 months before the election, the municipality shall be considered to have been incorporated 12 months before the date of the election.
- (b) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), each candidate for a municipal council position shall, if elected from a district, be a resident of the council district from which elected.
- (c) In accordance with Utah Constitution Article IV, Section 6, any mentally incompetent person, any person convicted of a felony, or any person convicted of treason or a crime against the elective franchise may not hold office in this state until the right to hold elective office is restored under Section 20A-2-101.5.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c), each person seeking to become a candidate for a municipal office shall:
- (i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person with the city recorder or town clerk, during office hours and not later than 5 p.m. between July 1 and July 15 of any odd numbered year; and
 - (ii) pay the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
- (b) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(b), "registered voters" means the number of persons registered to vote in the municipality on the January 1 of the municipal election year.
- (ii) A third, fourth, or fifth class city that used the convention system to nominate candidates in the last municipal election as authorized by Subsection 20A-9-404(3) or used the process contained in this Subsection (2)(b) in the last municipal election or a town that used the convention system to nominate candidates in the last municipal election as authorized by Subsection 20A-9-404(3) or used the process contained in this Subsection (2)(b) in the last municipal election may, by ordinance, require, in lieu of the convention system, that candidates for municipal office file a nominating petition signed by a percentage of registered voters at the same time that the candidate files a declaration of candidacy.
- (iii) The ordinance shall specify the number of signatures that the candidate must obtain on the nominating petition in order to become a candidate for municipal office under

5236	this Subsection (2), but that number may not exceed 5% of registered voters.
5237	(c) Any resident of a municipality may nominate a candidate for a municipal office by:
5238	(i) filing a nomination petition with the city recorder or town clerk during office hours,
5239	but not later than 5 p.m., between July 1 and July 15 of any odd-numbered year; and
5240	(ii) paying the filing fee, if one is required by municipal ordinance.
5241	(3) (a) Before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy or nomination
5242	petition, the filing officer shall:
5243	(i) read to the prospective candidate or person filing the petition the constitutional and
5244	statutory qualification requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and
5245	(ii) require the candidate or person filing the petition to state whether or not the
5246	candidate meets those requirements.
5247	(b) If the prospective candidate does not meet the qualification requirements for the
5248	office, the filing officer may not accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
5249	(c) If it appears that the prospective candidate meets the requirements of candidacy, the
5250	filing officer shall:
5251	(i) inform the candidate that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it is
5252	written on the declaration of candidacy;
5253	(ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws
5254	for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to comply will
5255	result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's name from the ballot;
5256	(iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide
5257	Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission
5258	deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
5259	(iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices
5260	described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
5261	(A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
5262	(B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer; and
5263	(v) accept the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition.
5264	(d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing
5265	officer shall:
5266	(i) accept the candidate's pledge; and

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0207	(ii) if the candidate has fried for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
5268	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
5269	member.
5270	(4) The declaration of candidacy shall substantially comply with the following form:
5271	"I, (print name), being first sworn, say that I reside at Street, City of,
5272	County of, state of Utah, Zip Code, Telephone Number (if any); that I am a
5273	registered voter; and that I am a candidate for the office of (stating the term). I will meet
5274	the legal qualifications required of candidates for this office. I will file all campaign financial
5275	disclosure reports as required by law and I understand that failure to do so will result in my
5276	disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. I
5277	request that my name be printed upon the applicable official ballots. (Signed)
5278	
5279	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me by on this
5280	(month\day\year).
5281	(Signed) (Clerk or other officer qualified to administer oath)"
5282	(5) (a) In all first and second class cities, and in third, fourth, or fifth class cities that
5283	have not passed the ordinance authorized by Subsection (2)(b) and in towns that have not
5284	passed the ordinance authorized by Subsection (2)(b), any registered voter may be nominated
5285	for municipal office by submitting a petition signed by:
5286	(i) 25 residents of the municipality who are at least 18 years old; or
5287	(ii) 20% of the residents of the municipality who are at least 18 years old.
5288	(b) (i) The petition shall substantially conform to the following form:
5289	"NOMINATION PETITION
5290	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality) being 18 years old or older
5291	nominate (name of nominee) to the office of for the (two or four-year term, whichever is
5292	applicable)."
5293	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
5294	persons signing the petition and their addresses and telephone numbers.
5295	(6) (a) In third, fourth, and fifth class cities that have passed the ordinance authorized
5296	by Subsection (2)(b), and in towns that have passed the ordinance authorized by Subsection
5297	(2)(b), any registered voter may be nominated for municipal office by submitting a petition

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5298	signed by the same percentage of registered voters in the municipality as required by the
5299	ordinance passed under authority of Subsection (2)(b).
5300	(b) (i) The petition shall substantially conform to the following form:
5301	"NOMINATION PETITION
5302	The undersigned residents of (name of municipality) being 18 years old or older
5303	nominate (name of nominee) to the office of (name of office) for the (two or four-year term,
5304	whichever is applicable)."
5305	(ii) The remainder of the petition shall contain lines and columns for the signatures of
5306	persons signing the petition and their addresses and telephone numbers.
5307	(7) If the declaration of candidacy or nomination petition fails to state whether the
5308	nomination is for the two or four-year term, the clerk shall consider the nomination to be for
5309	the four-year term.
5310	(8) (a) The clerk shall verify with the county clerk that all candidates are registered
5311	voters.
5312	(b) Any candidate who is not registered to vote is disqualified and the clerk may not
5313	print the candidate's name on the ballot.
5314	(9) Immediately after expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy, the
5315	clerk shall:
5316	(a) cause the names of the candidates as they will appear on the ballot to be published:
5317	(i) in at least two successive publications of a newspaper with general circulation in the
5318	municipality; and
5319	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
5320	(b) notify the lieutenant governor of the names of the candidates as they will appear on
5321	the ballot.
5322	(10) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section may not
5323	be amended after the expiration of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy.
5324	(11) (a) A declaration of candidacy or nomination petition filed under this section is
5325	valid unless a written objection is filed with the clerk within five days after the last day for
5326	filing.

(i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate

(b) If an objection is made, the clerk shall:

5329	immediately; and
5330	(ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after it is filed.
5331	(c) If the clerk sustains the objection, the candidate may correct the problem by
5332	amending the declaration or petition within three days after the objection is sustained or by
5333	filing a new declaration within three days after the objection is sustained.
5334	(d) (i) The clerk's decision upon objections to form is final.
5335	(ii) The clerk's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable by a district court if
5336	prompt application is made to the district court.
5337	(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise
5338	of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
5339	(12) Any person who filed a declaration of candidacy and was nominated, and any
5340	person who was nominated by a nomination petition, may, any time up to 23 days before the
5341	election, withdraw the nomination by filing a written affidavit with the clerk.
5342	Section 121. Section 23-21-1.5 is amended to read:
5343	23-21-1.5. Acquisition of real property held in private ownership Published
5344	notice and governor's approval required.
5345	(1) The Division of Wildlife Resources may not acquire title to real property held in
5346	private ownership without first:
5347	(a) publishing a notice of the proposed acquisition:
5348	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the property is located;
5349	and
5350	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
5351	(b) obtaining the approval of the governor.
5352	(2) The requirements of Subsection (1) apply whether title to real property held in
5353	private ownership is acquired through a purchase, donation, or other means.
5354	(3) In the case of a proposed purchase of private property, the notice may be published
5355	after earnest money is paid.
5356	(4) The published notice shall inform the public regarding:
5357	(a) the proposed use of the land;
5358	(b) any conditions on the acquisition of the land placed by donors, the federal
5359	government, sellers, or others specifying how the land must be used;

5360	(c) any changes to existing land uses that are anticipated; and
5361	(d) the public comment submission process for comments on the proposed acquisition.
5362	(5) The governor shall:
5363	(a) submit a notification of the proposed acquisition to:
5364	(i) the county executive of the county in which the property is located;
5365	(ii) the legislators of the legislative districts in which the lands are located; and
5366	(iii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration; and
5367	(b) invite those notified to submit any comments on the proposed acquisition.
5368	(6) After considering comments on the proposed acquisition, the governor may
5369	approve the acquisition in whole or in part or disapprove the acquisition.
5370	Section 122. Section 24-1-4 is amended to read:
5371	24-1-4. Civil Procedures.
5372	(1) An agency which seizes property under any provision of state law subjecting the
5373	property to forfeiture shall, as soon as practicable, but in no case more than 30 days after
5374	seizure:
5375	(a) prepare a detailed inventory of all property seized and transfer the seized property
5376	to a designated official within the agency, who shall be responsible for holding and maintaining
5377	seized property pending a court order of release or final determination of forfeiture and
5378	disposition of property under this chapter;
5379	(b) notify the prosecuting attorney for the appropriate jurisdiction who is responsible
5380	for initiating forfeiture proceedings under this chapter of the items of property seized, the place
5381	of the seizure and any persons arrested at the time of seizure; and
5382	(c) give written notice to all owners and interest holders known, or reasonably
5383	discoverable after due diligence, of:
5384	(i) the date of the seizure and the property seized;
5385	(ii) the owner's or interest holder's rights and obligations under this chapter, including
5386	the availability of hardship relief in appropriate circumstances; and
5387	(iii) a brief description of the statutory basis for the forfeiture and the judicial
5388	proceedings by which property is forfeited under this chapter.
5389	(2) (a) If the seizing agency fails to provide notice as required in Subsection (1), an

owner or interest holder entitled to notice who does not receive notice may void the forfeiture

- with respect to the owner's or interest holder's interest in the property by bringing a motion before the appropriate district court and serving it upon the seizing agency. The motion may be brought at any time prior to the final disposition of the property under this chapter.
 - (b) If an owner or interest holder brings a motion to void the forfeiture for lack of the notice required under Subsection (1), the court shall void the forfeiture unless the seizing agency demonstrates:
 - (i) good cause for the failure to give notice to that owner; or
 - (ii) that the owner otherwise had actual notice of the seizure.
 - (3) (a) Within 60 days of any seizure, the prosecuting attorney shall file a complaint for forfeiture in the appropriate district court and serve a summons and notice of intent to seek forfeiture with a copy of the complaint upon all owners and interest holders known to the prosecuting attorney to have an interest in the property. Service shall be by one of the following methods:
 - (i) if the owner's or interest holder's name and current address are known, either by personal service by any person qualified to serve process, by a law enforcement officer, or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to that address;
 - (ii) if the owner's or interest holder's name and address are required by law to be on record with any state agency in order to perfect an interest in property and the owner's or interest holder's current address is not known, by mailing a copy of the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the most recent address listed by any of those agencies; or
 - (iii) if the owner's or interest holder's address is not known and is not on record as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (ii), by publication:
 - (A) for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the seizure occurred[:]; and
 - (B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
 - (b) Notice is effective upon the earlier of personal service, publication, or the mailing of a written notice.
 - (c) The summons and notice of intent to seek forfeiture shall:
- (i) be addressed to the known owners and interest holders of the seized property, and to the person from whom the property was seized;
 - (ii) contain the name, business address, and business telephone number of the

5422	prosecuting attorney seeking the forfeiture; and
5423	(iii) contain:
5424	(A) a description of the property which is the subject matter of the forfeiture
5425	proceeding;
5426	(B) notice that a complaint for forfeiture has been or will be filed;
5427	(C) the time and procedural requirements for filing an answer or claim;
5428	(D) notice of the availability of hardship or bond release of the property; and
5429	(E) notice that failure to file an answer or other claim regarding the seized property will
5430	result in a default judgment against the seized property.
5431	(d) The complaint shall describe with reasonable particularity:
5432	(i) the property which is the subject matter of the forfeiture proceeding;
5433	(ii) the date and place of seizure; and
5434	(iii) the allegations which constitute a basis for forfeiture.
5435	(4) (a) If the prosecuting attorney does not timely file a complaint for forfeiture of the
5436	property in accordance with Subsection (3), the agency shall promptly return the property to its
5437	owner and the prosecuting attorney may take no further action to effect the forfeiture of the
5438	property.
5439	(b) If the agency knows of more than one owner, it shall return the property to the
5440	owner who was in possession at the time of the seizure.
5441	(5) (a) In any case where the prosecuting attorney files a complaint for forfeiture of
5442	property, an owner or interest holder may file a claim and an answer to the complaint.
5443	(b) The claim and answer shall be filed within 30 days after the complaint is served in
5444	person or by mail, or where applicable, within 30 days after publication under Subsection (3).
5445	(6) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, forfeiture proceedings are
5446	governed by the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
5447	(b) The court shall take all reasonable steps to expedite forfeiture proceedings and shall
5448	give these proceedings the same priority as is given to criminal cases.
5449	(c) In all suits or actions brought for the civil forfeiture of any property under this
5450	chapter, the burden of proof is on the prosecuting attorney to establish, by clear and convincing
5451	evidence, to what extent, if any, property is subject to forfeiture.
5452	(d) The right to trial by jury applies to forfeiture proceedings under this chapter.

5453	Section 123. Section 26-8a-405.3 is amended to read:
5454	26-8a-405.3. Use of competitive sealed proposals Procedure Appeal rights.
5455	(1) (a) Competitive sealed proposals for paramedic or 911 ambulance services under
5456	Section 26-8a-405.2 shall be solicited through a request for proposal and the provisions of this
5457	section.
5458	(b) The governing body of the political subdivision shall approve the request for
5459	proposal prior to the notice of the request for proposals under Subsection (1)(c).
5460	(c) (i) Notice of the request for proposals [must] shall be published:
5461	(A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
5462	circulation published in the county[7]; or
5463	(B) if there is no such newspaper, then notice must be posted for at least 20 days in at
5464	least five public places in the county[-]; and
5465	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days.
5466	(2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing
5467	offerors during the process of negotiations.
5468	(b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the
5469	political subdivision must hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the
5470	purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements.
5471	(ii) A political subdivision shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission
5472	conference for the proposers to submit proposals.
5473	(c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the political subdivision may issue
5474	addenda to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal must be finalized
5475	and posted by the political subdivision at least 45 days prior to the date on which the proposal
5476	must be submitted.
5477	(d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with
5478	respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be
5479	permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best
5480	and final offers.
5481	(e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived
5482	from proposals submitted by competing offerors.

(3) (a) (i) A political subdivision may select an applicant approved by the department

under Section 26-8a-404 to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in Subsection 63G-6-103(24).

- (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the political subdivision, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
- (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision issuing the request for competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any combination thereof.
 - (c) A political subdivision may reject all of the competitive proposals.
- (4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section, a political subdivision:
- (a) shall apply the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections 26-8a-408(2) through (6);
- (b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
- (c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the performance standards, including:
 - (i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
- (ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political subdivision;
- (d) (i) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals; and
- (ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and
 - (e) shall set forth in the request for proposal:
- (i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such full cost accounting principles;
 - (ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and

2212	(111) a list of the factors that will be considered by the political subdivision in the award
5516	of the contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this
5517	Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:
5518	(A) response times;
5519	(B) staging locations;
5520	(C) experience;
5521	(D) quality of care; and
5522	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
5523	(5) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection 63G-6-104(3), the provisions of
5524	Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies, apply to the procurement
5525	process required by this section, except as provided in Subsection (5)(c).
5526	(b) The Procurement Appeals Board created in Section 63G-6-807 shall have
5527	jurisdiction to review and determine an appeal of an offeror under this section in the same
5528	manner as provided in Section 63G-6-810.
5529	(c) (i) An offeror may appeal the solicitation or award as provided by the political
5530	subdivision's procedures. After all political subdivision appeal rights are exhausted, the offeror
5531	may appeal under the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b).
5532	(ii) The factual determination required by Subsection 63G-6-813(1) shall be based on
5533	whether the solicitation or award was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this
5534	section and Section 26-8a-405.2.
5535	(d) The determination of an issue of fact by the appeals board shall be final and
5536	conclusive unless arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous as provided in Section
5537	63G-6-813.
5538	Section 124. Section 26-8a-406 is amended to read:
5539	26-8a-406. Ground ambulance and paramedic licenses Parties.
5540	(1) When an applicant approved under Section 26-8a-404 seeks licensure under the
5541	provisions of Sections 26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409, the department shall:
5542	(a) issue a notice of agency action to the applicant to commence an informal
5543	administrative proceeding;
5544	(b) provide notice of the application to all interested parties; and
5545	(c) publish notice of the application, at the applicant's expense[;]:

5546	(i) once a week for four consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation in the
5547	geographic service area that is the subject of the application[-]; and
5548	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks.
5549	(2) An interested party has 30 days to object to an application.
5550	(3) If an interested party objects, the presiding officer must join the interested party as
5551	an indispensable party to the proceeding.
5552	(4) The department may join the proceeding as a party to represent the public interest.
5553	(5) Others who may be affected by the grant of a license to the applicant may join the
5554	proceeding, if the presiding officer determines that they meet the requirement of legal standing.
5555	Section 125. Section 26-19-6 is amended to read:
5556	26-19-6. Action by department Notice to recipient.
5557	(1) (a) Within 30 days after commencing an action under Subsection 26-19-5(3), the
5558	department shall give the recipient, his guardian, personal representative, trustee, estate, or
5559	survivor, whichever is appropriate, written notice of the action by:
5560	(i) personal service or certified mail to the last known address of the person receiving
5561	the notice; or
5562	(ii) if no last-known address is available, by publishing a notice:
5563	(a) once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the
5564	county where the recipient resides[-]; and
5565	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
5566	(b) Proof of service shall be filed in the action.
5567	(c) The recipient may intervene in the department's action at any time before trial.
5568	(2) The notice required by Subsection (1) shall name the court in which the action is
5569	commenced and advise the recipient of:
5570	(a) the right to intervene in the proceeding;
5571	(b) the right to obtain a private attorney; and
5572	(c) the department's right to recover medical assistance directly from the third party.
5573	Section 126. Section 31A-2-303 is amended to read:
5574	31A-2-303. Notice.
5575	(1) If the commissioner determines that the number of persons affected by a proposed
5576	action is so great as to render it impracticable to serve each person affected with a copy of an

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- (a) provide a copy of the order, notice of hearing, or other notice to all persons who have filed with the department a general request to be informed of this type of action, or if fewer than ten persons have requested this type of notice, provide a copy to those who have and also to others affected by the notice or order so that at least ten persons receive the notice or order who are collectively representative of the class of persons whose legal status, pecuniary interests, or other substantial interests will be affected by the proposed action; and
 - (b) publish a copy of the order, notice of hearing, or other notice under Subsection (2).
- (2) When this title requires the commissioner to publish an order, notice of hearing, or other document [in newspapers], the commissioner shall cause the notice or order to be published:
- (a) at least once during each of the four weeks preceding the hearing, effective date, or other critical event, in at least two newspapers with sufficient circulation and appropriate location to best provide actual notice[:]; and
- (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks preceding the hearing, effective date, or other critical event.
- Section 127. Section **31A-27a-406** is amended to read:

31A-27a-406. Notice to creditors and others.

- (1) Unless the receivership court otherwise directs, the liquidator shall give or cause to be given notice of the liquidation order as soon as possible:
- (a) by first-class mail or electronic communication as permitted by the receivership court to the following at their last-known address:
- (i) all of the insurer's agents, brokers, or producers of record with a current appointment or current license to represent the insurer; and
 - (ii) all other agents, brokers, or producers that the liquidator considers appropriate;
- (b) by first-class mail or electronic communication as permitted by the receivership court to:
 - (i) all current policyholders;
 - (ii) all pending claimants; and
- 5606 (iii) as determined by the receivership court, former policyholders and other creditors;
- 5607 and

5608	(c) by [one time] publication:
5609	(i) once in a newspaper of general circulation in:
5610	[(i)] (A) the county in which the insurer has its principal place of business; and
5611	[(ii)] (B) other locations that the liquidator considers appropriate[:]: and
5612	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
5613	(2) The notice of the entry of an order of liquidation shall contain or provide direction
5614	for obtaining the following information:
5615	(a) a statement that the insurer has been placed in liquidation;
5616	(b) a statement:
5617	(i) explaining that certain acts are stayed under Section 31A-27a-108; and
5618	(ii) describing any additional injunctive relief ordered by the receivership court;
5619	(c) a statement whether, and to what extent, the insurer's policies continue in effect;
5620	(d) to the extent applicable, a statement that coverage by guaranty associations may be
5621	available for all or part of policy benefits in accordance with applicable state guaranty laws;
5622	(e) a statement of:
5623	(i) the deadline for filing claims, if established; and
5624	(ii) the requirements for filing a proof of claim pursuant to Section 31A-27a-601 on or
5625	before that date;
5626	(f) a statement of the date, time, and location of any initial status hearing scheduled at
5627	the time the notice is sent;
5628	(g) a description of the process for obtaining notice of matters before the receivership
5629	court; and
5630	(h) other information as the liquidator or the receivership court considers appropriate.
5631	(3) If notice is given in accordance with this section, the distribution of property of the
5632	insurer under this chapter is conclusive with respect to all claimants, whether or not the
5633	claimant received notice.
5634	(4) (a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the liquidator has no duty
5635	to locate any person if:
5636	(i) no address is found in the records of the insurer; or
5637	(ii) a mailing is returned to the liquidator because of inability to deliver at the address
5638	shown in the insurer's records

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- (b) In the circumstances described in Subsection (4)(a), the notice by publication as required by this chapter or actual notice received is sufficient notice.
- (c) Written certification by the liquidator or other knowledgeable person acting for the liquidator that a notice is deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, or that the notice is electronically transmitted is prima facie evidence of mailing and receipt.
 - (d) A claimant has a duty to keep the liquidator informed of any change of address.
 - (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (1):
- (a) upon application of the liquidator, the receivership court may find that notice by publication as required in this section is sufficient notice to those persons holding an occurrence policy:
- (i) that expired more than four years before the day on which the order of liquidation is entered; and
 - (ii) under which there are no pending claims; or
- (b) the receivership court may order other notice to those persons that the receivership court considers appropriate.
 - Section 128. Section **38-2-3.2** is amended to read:

38-2-3.2. Sale of unclaimed personal property.

- (1) Any garments, clothing, shoes, wearing apparel or household goods, remaining in the possession of a person, on which cleaning, pressing, glazing, laundry or washing or repair work has been done or upon which alterations or repairs have been made or on which materials or supplies have been used or furnished by said person holding possession thereof, for a period of 90 days or more after the completion of such services or labors, may be sold by said person holding possession, to pay the unpaid reasonable or agreed charges therefor and the costs of notifying the owner or owners as hereinafter provided. However, the person to whom such charges are payable and owing shall first notify the owner or owners of such property of the time and place of such sale; and provided further, that property that is to be placed in storage after any of the services or labors mentioned herein shall not be affected by the provisions of this Subsection (1).
- (2) All garments, clothing, shoes, wearing apparel on which any of these services or labors mentioned in Subsection (1) have been performed and then placed in storage by agreement, and remaining in the possession of a person without the reasonable or agreed

charges having been paid for a period of 12 months may be sold to pay such charges and costs of notifying the owner or owners as hereinafter provided. However, the person to whom the charges are payable and owing shall first notify the owner or owners of such property of the time and the place of sale, and provided, further, that persons operating as warehouses or warehousemen shall not be affected by this Subsection (2).

- (3) (a) (i) The mailing of a properly stamped and registered letter, with a return address marked thereon, addressed to the owner or owners of the property, at their address given at the time of delivery of the property to such person to render any of the services or labors set out in this article, or if no address was so given, at their address if otherwise known, stating the time and place of sale, shall constitute notice as required in this section.
- (ii) The notice required in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be mailed at least 20 days before the date of sale.
- (iii) The cost of mailing the letter required under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be added to the charges.
- (b) (i) If no address was given at the time of delivery of the property, or if the address of the owner or owners is not otherwise known, such person who has performed the services or labors as aforesaid shall cause to be published a notice of the time and place of sale:
- (A) at least once in a daily or weekly newspaper in the city, town, and county, wherein such property was delivered to such person[, a notice of the time and place of sale and such notice shall be published] at least 20 days before the date of sale[-]; and
 - (B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days before the date of sale.
- (ii) Such notice constitutes notice as required in this section if notice cannot be mailed as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
 - (iii) The costs of one such publication shall be added to the charges.
- (4) (a) The person to whom the charges are payable and owing shall from the proceeds of the sale, deduct the charges due plus the costs of notifying the owner or owners and shall immediately thereafter mail to the owner or owners thereof at their address, if known, a notice of the holding of such sale and the amount of the overplus, if any, due the owner or owners. At any time within 12 months after such notice, such person shall, upon demand by the owner or owners, pay to the owner or owners such overplus in his hands.
 - (b) If no such demand is made within such 12-month period, or, if the address of the

owner or owners is unknown and no demand is made by the owner or owners within 12 months after the date of sale, then such overplus shall become the property of a person who has performed the services or labors as provided in Subsection (1).

(5) Each person taking advantage of this section must keep posted in a prominent place in his receiving office or offices at all times two notices which shall read as follows:

"All articles, cleaned, pressed, glazed, laundered, washed, altered, or repaired, and not called for in 90 days will be sold to pay charges."

"All articles stored by agreement and charges not having been paid for 12 months will be sold to pay charges."

(6) The rights and benefits provided for in this section shall be and are in addition to the rights and benefits provided for in Section 38-2-4.

Section 129. Section **38-8-3** is amended to read:

38-8-3. Enforcement of lien -- Notice requirements -- Sale procedure and effect.

A claim of an owner which has become due against an occupant and which is secured by the owner's lien may be satisfied as follows:

- (1) No enforcement action may be taken by the owner until the occupant has been in default continuously for a period of 30 days.
- (2) After the occupant has been in default continuously for a period of 30 days, the owner may begin enforcement action if the occupant has been given notice in writing. The notice shall be delivered in person or sent by certified mail to the last known address of the occupant, and a copy of the notice shall, at the same time, be sent to the sheriff of the county where the self-service storage facility is located. Any lienholder with an interest in the property to be sold or otherwise disposed of, of whom the owner has knowledge either through the disclosure provision on the rental agreement or through the existence of a validly filed and perfected UCC-1 financing statement with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code, or through other written notification, shall be included in the notice process as set forth in this section.
 - (3) This notice shall include:
- (a) an itemized statement of the owner's claim showing the sum due at the time of the notice and the date when the sum became due;
 - (b) a brief and general description of the personal property subject to the lien, which

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- description shall be reasonably adequate to permit the person notified to identify the property; except that any container including, but not limited to, a trunk, valise, or box that is locked, fastened, sealed, or tied in a manner which deters immediate access to its contents may be described as such without describing its contents;
 - (c) a notification of denial of access to the personal property, if such denial is permitted under the terms of the rental agreement, which notification shall provide the name, street address, and telephone number of the owner or his designated agent whom the occupant may contact to respond to the notification;
 - (d) a demand for payment within a specified time not less than 15 days after delivery of the notice; and
 - (e) a conspicuous statement that, unless the claim is paid within the time stated in the notice, the personal property will be advertised for sale or other disposition and will be sold or otherwise disposed of at a specified time and place.
 - (4) Any notice made under this section shall be presumed delivered when it is deposited with the United States postal service and properly addressed with postage prepaid.
 - (5) (a) After the expiration of the time given in the notice, an advertisement of the sale or other disposition shall be published:
 - (i) once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the self-service storage facility is located[-]; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
 - (b) The advertisement described in Subsection (5)(a) shall include:
 - (i) a brief and general description of the personal property reasonably adequate to permit its identification as provided for in Subsection (3)(b); the address of the self-service storage facility and the number, if any, of the space where the personal property is located; and the name of the occupant and his last known address; and
 - (ii) the time, place, and manner of the sale or other disposition, which sale or other disposition shall take place not sooner than 15 days after the first publication.
 - [(b) If there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county where the self-service storage facility is located, the]
 - (c) The advertisement shall <u>also</u> be posted at least ten days before the date of the sale or other disposition in not less than six conspicuous places in the neighborhood where the

self-service storage facility is located.

- (6) Any sale or other disposition of the personal property shall conform to the terms of the notice provided for in this section.
- (7) Any sale or other disposition of the personal property shall be held at the self-service storage facility or at the nearest suitable place to where the personal property is held or stored.
- (8) Before any sale or other disposition of personal property under this section, the occupant may pay the amount necessary to satisfy the lien and the reasonable expenses incurred under this section and thereby redeem the personal property; upon receipt of this payment, the owner shall return the personal property, and thereafter the owner shall have no liability to any person with respect to that personal property.
- (9) A purchaser in good faith of the personal property sold to satisfy a lien as provided for in this chapter takes the property free of any rights of persons against whom the lien was valid and free of any rights of a secured creditor, despite noncompliance by the owner with the requirements of this section.
- (10) In the event of a sale under this section, the owner may satisfy his lien for the proceeds of the sale, subject to the rights of any prior lienholder; the lien rights of the prior lienholder are automatically transferred to the proceeds of the sale; if the sale is made in good faith and is conducted in a reasonable manner, the owner shall not be subject to any surcharge for a deficiency in the amount of a prior secured lien, but shall hold the balance, if any, for delivery to the occupant, lienholder, or other person in interest; if the occupant, lienholder, or other person in interest does not claim the balance of the proceeds within one year of the date of sale, it shall become the property of the Utah state treasurer as unclaimed property with no further claim against the owner.
- (11) If the requirements of this chapter are not satisfied, if the sale of the personal property is not in conformity with the notice of sale, or if there is a willful violation of this chapter, nothing in this section affects the rights and liabilities of the owner, occupant, or any other person.
- Section 130. Section **38-13-204** is amended to read:
- **38-13-204. Selling the aircraft.**
- 5793 (1) A repairman may sell an aircraft subject to a lien under this chapter if:

5794	(a) the repairman receives a judgment in the foreclosure action filed under Section
5795	38-13-202;
5796	(b) the repairman gives notice to:
5797	(i) the owner of the aircraft;
5798	(ii) the customer as indicated on the work order for the making, altering, repairing, or
5799	performing of labor; and
5800	(iii) all other persons claiming an interest in or lien on the aircraft:
5801	(A) as disclosed by the records of the Federal Aviation Administration or of
5802	corresponding agencies of any state in which the aircraft appears registered; and
5803	(B) that is known by the repairman;
5804	(c) the notice required by Subsection (1)(b) is sent by certified mail at least 30 days
5805	before the proposed or scheduled date of any sale; and
5806	(d) the notice required by Subsection (1)(b) contains:
5807	(i) a description of the aircraft and its location;
5808	(ii) the name and address of each person described in Subsection (1)(b);
5809	(iii) the name, address, and telephone number of the repairman;
5810	(iv) notice:
5811	(A) that the repairman has a foreclosure judgment against the aircraft for the amount
5812	stated in the judgment;
5813	(B) of the cash sum which, if paid to the repairman would be sufficient to redeem the
5814	aircraft from the lien claimed by the repairman;
5815	(C) that the lien claimed by the repairman is subject to enforcement under this chapter;
5816	and
5817	(D) that the aircraft may be sold to satisfy the lien;
5818	(v) the date, time, and location of any proposed or scheduled sale of the aircraft;
5819	(vi) notice as to whether the sale is private or public; and
5820	(vii) notice that the owner of the aircraft or other person entitled to possession of the
5821	aircraft has a right to recover possession of the aircraft without instituting judicial proceedings
5822	by posting a bond in accordance with Section 38-13-206.
5823	(2) (a) The repairman shall at least 20 days before the proposed or scheduled date of
5824	sale of the aircraft publish the notice required by this section [once in a newspaper circulated in

5825	the county where the aircraft is held] if:
5826	[(a)] (i) the owner of the aircraft is unknown;
5827	[(b)] (ii) the whereabouts of the owner of the aircraft cannot be determined; or
5828	[(c)] (iii) the owner of the aircraft or any person notified under Subsection (1)(b) fails
5829	to acknowledge receipt of the notice.
5830	(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a) shall be:
5831	(i) published once at least 20 days before the proposed or scheduled date of sale of the
5832	aircraft in a newspaper circulated in the county where the aircraft is held; and
5833	(ii) published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least 20 days before the
5834	proposed or scheduled date of sale of the aircraft.
5835	(3) (a) An aircraft subject to lien enforcement under this chapter may be sold by the
5836	repairman at public or private sale.
5837	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in the case of a private sale, every aspect of the
5838	sale, including the method, manner, time, place, and terms shall be commercially reasonable.
5839	(4) This section may not be construed to affect an owner's right to redeem the owner's
5840	aircraft from the lien at any time prior to sale by paying the amount claimed by the repairman
5841	for:
5842	(a) work performed;
5843	(b) materials;
5844	(c) interest;
5845	(d) storage fees charged; and
5846	(e) any costs incurred by the repairman for using enforcement procedures under this
5847	chapter, including [attorneys'] attorney fees.
5848	(5) The proceeds of a sale under this section shall be distributed as follows:
5849	(a) amounts owed persons having a security interest or lien on the aircraft shall be paid
5850	in the order that they have priority in accordance with Section 38-13-205; and
5851	(b) the amount remaining after the amount described in Subsection (5)(a) is paid shall
5852	be paid to the owner of the aircraft before the sale of the aircraft under this section.
5853	(6) An aircraft against which a lien is filed may not be sold earlier than the later of:
5854	(a) 45 days after the last day on which the repairman makes, alters, repairs, or performs
5855	labor on the aircraft; or

5856	(b) 30 days from the date on which the repairman sends notice of the lien in accordance
5857	with Section 38-12-102.
5858	Section 131. Section 39-1-15 is amended to read:
5859	39-1-15. Adjutant general Disposition of unserviceable property.
5860	(1) All military property of the state, which after proper inspection shall be found
5861	unserviceable, shall, under the direction of the governor, be disposed of by the adjutant general
5862	at public or private sale as he may [deem] consider advisable[; provided, that where such
5863	property shall be deemed by].
5864	(2) (a) If the inspecting officer [to exceed] decides that the value of the property
5865	described in Subsection (1) exceeds \$50 in value, [such] the sale in accordance with Subsection
5866	(1) shall be made after [ten days' notice] notice is published:
5867	(i) ten days before the sale in a newspaper published in the county where [such sale is
5868	to be made; and if] the sale will occur; and
5869	(ii) in accordance within Section 45-1-101 ten days before the sale.
5870	(b) If such unserviceable property shall be found by the inspecting officer to be of no
5871	actual value, it shall be destroyed under the direction of the adjutant general.
5872	Section 132. Section 40-6-10 is amended to read:
5873	40-6-10. Procedures Adjudicative proceedings Emergency orders Hearing
5874	examiners.
5875	(1) (a) The Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining and the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining
5876	shall comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
5877	Procedures Act, in their adjudicative proceedings.
5878	(b) The board shall enact rules governing its practice and procedure that are not
5879	inconsistent with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
5880	(2) When an emergency requiring immediate action is found by the division director or
5881	any board member to exist, the division director or board member may issue an emergency
5882	order according to the requirements and procedures of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
5883	Procedures Act.
5884	(3) $[Any]$ A notice required by this chapter, except as otherwise provided, shall be
5885	given at the election of the board either by personal service [or]:
5886	(a) by one publication in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the city of Salt

3001	Lake and county of Sait Lake, Otani, and i.
5888	(b) in all newspapers of general circulation published in the county where the land is
5889	affected, or some part of the land is situated[-]; and
5890	(c) by publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
5891	(4) (a) Any order made by the board is effective on issuance.
5892	(b) All rules and orders issued by the board shall be:
5893	(i) in writing;
5894	(ii) entered in full in books to be kept by the board for that purpose;
5895	(iii) indexed; and
5896	(iv) public records open for inspection at all times during reasonable office hours.
5897	(c) A copy of any rule, finding of fact, or order, certified by the board or by the division
5898	director, shall be received in evidence in all courts of this state with the same effect as the
5899	original.
5900	(5) The board may act upon its own motion or upon the petition of any interested
5901	person.
5902	(6) (a) The board may appoint a hearing examiner to take evidence and to recommend
5903	findings of fact and conclusions of law to the board.
5904	(b) Any member of the board, division staff, or any other person designated by the
5905	board may serve as a hearing examiner.
5906	(c) The board may enter an order based on the recommendations of the examiner.
5907	Section 133. Section 40-8-8 is amended to read:
5908	40-8-8. Board authority to act Entry of order Confidential data.
5909	(1) The board may:
5910	(a) file a notice of agency action; or
5911	(b) respond to a request for agency action initiated by an affected person.
5912	(2) (a) The board shall enter its order within 60 days after the hearing.
5913	(b) All orders entered by the board shall be:
5914	(i) entered in books to be kept by the board for that purpose;
5915	(ii) indexed; and
5916	(iii) public records open for inspection at all times during reasonable office hours.
5917	(c) Confidential data disclosed under this chanter shall be protected and not become

5918	public records, except as provided in [Subsection] Section 40-8-13[(2)].
5919	Section 134. Section 40-8-10 is amended to read:
5920	40-8-10. Notice.
5921	Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, any notification required by this chapter
5922	shall be:
5923	(1) given by the board or division by personal service to individuals directly affected;
5924	and
5925	(a) by one publication in a daily newspaper of general circulation in Salt Lake City,
5926	Utah[¬;]; and
5927	(b) in all newspapers of general circulation published in the county or counties in
5928	which the land affected is situated[-]; and
5929	(2) by publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
5930	Section 135. Section 40-8-13 is amended to read:
5931	40-8-13. Notice of intention required prior to mining operations Assurance of
5932	reclamation required in notice of intention When contents confidential Approval of
5933	notice of intention not required for small mining operations Procedure for reviewing
5934	notice of intention.
5935	(1) (a) Before any operator begins mining operations, or continues mining operations
5936	pursuant to Section 40-8-23, the operator shall file a notice of intention for each individual
5937	mining operation with the division.
5938	(b) The notice of intention referred to in Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
5939	(i) identification of all owners of any interest in a mineral deposit, including any
5940	ownership interest in surface land affected by the notice;
5941	(ii) copies of underground and surface mine maps;
5942	(iii) locations of drill holes;
5943	(iv) accurate area maps of existing and proposed operations; and
5944	(v) information regarding the amount of material extracted, moved, or proposed to be
5945	moved, relating to the mining operation.
5946	(c) The notice of intention for small mining operations shall include a statement that
5947	the operator shall conduct reclamation as required by rules promulgated by the board.
5948	(d) The notice of intention for mining operations, other than small mining operations,

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shall include a plan for reclamation of the lands affected as required by rules promulgated by the board.

- (2) The division may require that the operator rehabilitate, close, or mitigate the impacts of each drill hole, shaft, or tunnel when no longer needed as part of the mining operation.
- (3) Information provided in the notice of intention, and its attachments relating to the location, size, or nature of the deposit that is marked confidential by the operator shall be protected as confidential information by the board and the division and is not a matter of public record unless the board or division obtains a written release from the operator, or until the mining operation has been terminated as provided in Subsection 40-8-21(2).
- (4) (a) Within 30 days from the receipt of a notice of intention, the division shall complete its review of the notice and shall make further inquiries, inspections, or examinations that are necessary to properly evaluate the notice.
- (b) The division shall notify the operator of any objections to the notice and shall grant the operator a reasonable opportunity to take action that may be required to remove the objections or obtain a ruling relative to the objections from the board.
- (5) Except for the form and amount of surety, an approval of a notice of intention for small mining operations is not required.
- (6) The notice of intention for mining operations other than small mining operations, shall be reviewed as provided in this Subsection (6).
- (a) Within 30 days after receipt of a notice of intention or within 30 days following the last action of the operator or the division on the notice of intention, the division shall make a tentative decision to approve or disapprove the notice of intention.
 - (b) The division shall:
- (i) mail the information relating to the land affected and the tentative decision to the operator; and
 - (ii) publish the information and the decision, in abbreviated form[-]:
- 5976 (A) one time only, in all newspapers of general circulation published in the county 5977 where the land affected is situated[7]; and
- 5978 (B) in a daily newspaper of general circulation in Salt Lake City, Utah[:]; and
- (C) as required in Section 45-1-101.

- (c) The division shall also mail a copy of the abbreviated information and tentative decision to the zoning authority of the county in which the land affected is situated and to the owner of record of the land affected.
- (d) (i) Any person or agency aggrieved by the tentative decision may file a request for agency action with the division.
- (ii) If no requests for agency action are received by the division within 30 days after the last date of publication, the tentative decision on the notice of intention is final and the division shall notify the operator.
- (iii) If written objections of substance are received, the division shall hold a formal adjudicative proceeding.
 - (e) This Subsection (6) does not apply to exploration.
- (7) Within 30 days after receipt of a notice of intention concerning exploration operations other than small mining operations, the division will review the notice of intention and approve or disapprove it.

Section 136. Section 40-10-13 is amended to read:

40-10-13. Advertisement of ownership, location, and boundaries -- Notice to interested agencies or bodies -- Objections -- Conference.

- (1) (a) At the time of submission of an application for a surface coal mining and reclamation permit, or revision of an existing permit pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall submit to the division a copy of the applicant's advertisement of the ownership, precise location, and boundaries of the land to be affected.
 - (b) At the time of submission the advertisement shall be placed by the applicant:
- (i) in a local newspaper of general circulation in the locality of the proposed surface mine at least once a week for four consecutive weeks[-]; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (c) The division shall notify various local governmental bodies, planning agencies, and sewage and water treatment authorities of water companies in the locality in which the proposed surface mining will take place, notifying them of the operator's intention to surface mine a particularly described tract of land and indicating the application's permit number and where a copy of the proposed mining and reclamation plan may be inspected.
 - (d) These local bodies, agencies, authorities, or companies may submit written

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comments within a reasonable period established by the division on the mining applications with respect to the effects of the proposed operation on the environment which are within their area of responsibility.

- (e) These comments shall immediately be transmitted to the applicant by the division and shall be made available to the public at the same locations as are the mining applications.
- (2) (a) Any person having an interest which is or may be adversely affected or the officer or head of any federal, state, or local governmental agency or authority shall have the right to file written objections to the proposed initial or revised application for a permit for surface coal mining and reclamation operations with the division within 30 days after the last publication of the notice. These objections shall immediately be transmitted to the applicant by the division and shall be made available to the public.
- (b) If written objections are filed and a conference requested, the division shall then hold a conference within a reasonable time of the receipt of the objections or request. The conference shall be informal and shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures described in this Subsection (2)(b), irrespective of the requirements of Section 63G-4-203, Administrative Procedures Act. The conference shall be held in the locality of the coal mining and reclamation operation if requested within a reasonable time after written objections or the request for an informal conference are received by the division. The date, time, and location of the conference shall be advertised by the division in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality at least two weeks prior to the scheduled conference date. The division may arrange with the applicant upon request by any party to the administrative proceeding access to the proposed mining area for the purpose of gathering information relevant to the proceeding. An electronic or stenographic record shall be made of the conference proceeding unless waived by all parties. This record shall be maintained and shall be accessible to the parties until final release of the applicant's performance bond. In the event all parties requesting the conference stipulate agreement prior to the requested conference and withdraw their request, the conference need not be held.
- Section 137. Section 40-10-17 (Subsect (2)(t)(ii) Repeal 09/30/09) is amended to read:
- 40-10-17 (Subsect (2)(t)(ii) Repeal 09/30/09). Performance standards for all coal mining and reclamation operations -- Additional standards for steep-slope surface coal

mining -- Variances.

- (1) Any permit issued pursuant to this chapter to conduct surface coal mining shall require that the surface coal mining operations will meet all applicable performance standards of this chapter, and such other requirements as the division shall promulgate.
- (2) General performance standards shall be applicable to all surface coal mining and reclamation operations and shall require the operations as a minimum to:
- (a) Conduct surface coal mining operations so as to maximize the utilization and conservation of the solid fuel resource being recovered so that reaffecting the land in the future through surface coal mining can be minimized.
- (b) Restore the land affected to a condition capable of supporting the uses which it was capable of supporting prior to any mining, or higher or better uses of which there is reasonable likelihood, so long as the use or uses does not present any actual or probable hazard to public health or safety or pose any actual or probable threat of water diminution or pollution, and the permit applicant's declared proposed land use following reclamation is not deemed to be impractical or unreasonable, inconsistent with applicable land use policies and plans, involves unreasonable delay in implementation, or is violative of federal, state, or local law.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (3) with respect to all surface coal mining operations backfill, compact (where advisable to insure stability or to prevent leaching of toxic materials) and grade in order to restore the approximate original contour of the land with highwalls, spoil piles, and depressions eliminated (unless small depressions are needed in order to retain moisture to assist revegetation or as otherwise authorized pursuant to this chapter); but in surface coal mining which is carried out at the same location over a substantial period of time where the operation transects the coal deposit and the thickness of the coal deposits relative to the volume of the overburden is large and where the operator demonstrates that the overburden and other spoil and waste materials at a particular point in the permit area or otherwise available from the entire permit area is insufficient, giving due consideration to volumetric expansion, to restore the approximate original contour, the operator, at a minimum, shall backfill, grade, and compact (where advisable) using all available overburden and other spoil and waste materials to attain the lowest practicable grade but not more than the angle of repose, to provide adequate drainage and to cover all acid-forming and other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically sound land use compatible with the surrounding region. In

surface coal mining where the volume of overburden is large relative to the thickness of the coal deposit and where the operator demonstrates that due to volumetric expansion the amount of overburden and other spoil and waste materials removed in the course of the mining operation is more than sufficient to restore the approximate original contour, the operator shall, after restoring the approximate contour, backfill, grade, and compact (where advisable) the excess overburden and other spoil and waste materials to attain the lowest grade but more than the angle of repose, and to cover all acid-forming and other toxic materials, in order to achieve an ecologically sound land use compatible with the surrounding region and that the overburden or spoil shall be shaped and graded in such a way as to prevent slides, erosion, and water pollution and is revegetated in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.

- (d) Stabilize and protect all surface areas, including spoil piles affected by the surface coal mining and reclamation operation to effectively control erosion and attendant air and water pollution.
- (e) Remove the topsoil from the land in a separate layer, replace it on the backfill area, or if not utilized immediately, segregate it in a separate pile from other spoil, and when the topsoil is not replaced on a backfill area within a time short enough to avoid deterioration of the topsoil, maintain a successful cover by quick growing plant or other means thereafter so that the topsoil is preserved from wind and water erosion, remains free of any contamination by other acid or toxic material, and is in a usable condition for sustaining vegetation when restored during reclamation; except if topsoil is of insufficient quantity or of poor quality for sustaining vegetation, or if other strata can be shown to be more suitable for vegetation requirements, then the operator shall remove, segregate, and preserve in a like manner the other strata which is best able to support vegetation.
- (f) Restore the topsoil or the best available subsoil which is best able to support vegetation.
- (g) For all prime farmlands, as identified in the rules, to be mined and reclaimed, specifications for soil removal, storage, replacement, and reconstruction, the operator shall, as a minimum, be required to:
- (i) segregate the A horizon of the natural soil, except where it can be shown that other available soil materials will create a final soil having a greater productive capacity, and if not utilized immediately, stockpile this material separately from other spoil, and provide needed

protection from wind and water erosion or contamination by other acid or toxic material;

- (ii) segregate the B horizon of the natural soil, or underlying C horizons or other strata, or a combination of these horizons or other strata that are shown to be both texturally and chemically suitable for plant growth and that can be shown to be equally or more favorable for plant growth than the B horizon, in sufficient quantities to create in the regraded final soil a root zone of comparable depth and quality to that which existed in the natural soil, and if not utilized immediately, stockpile this material separately from other spoil, and provide needed protection from wind and water erosion or contamination by other acid or toxic material;
- (iii) replace and regrade the root zone material described in Subsection (2)(g)(ii) above with proper compaction and uniform depth over the regraded spoil material; and
- (iv) redistribute and grade in a uniform manner the surface soil horizon described in Subsection (2)(g)(i).
- (h) Create, if authorized in the approved mining and reclamation plan and permit, permanent impoundments of water on mining sites as part of reclamation activities only when it is adequately demonstrated that:
 - (i) the size of the impoundment is adequate for its intended purposes;
- (ii) the impoundment dam construction will be so designed as to achieve necessary stability with an adequate margin of safety compatible with that of structures constructed under Public Law 83-566 (16 U.S.C. 1006);
- (iii) the quality of impounded water will be suitable on a permanent basis for its intended use and that discharges from the impoundment will not degrade the water quality below water quality standards established pursuant to applicable federal and state law in the receiving stream;
 - (iv) the level of water will be reasonably stable;
 - (v) final grading will provide adequate safety and access for proposed water users; and
- (vi) these water impoundments will not result in the diminution of the quality or quantity of water utilized by adjacent or surrounding landowners for agricultural, industrial, recreational, or domestic uses.
- (i) Conducting any augering operation associated with surface mining in a manner to maximize recoverability of mineral reserves remaining after the operation and reclamation are complete and seal all auger holes with an impervious and noncombustible material in order to

- prevent drainage except where the division determines that the resulting impoundment of water in the auger holes may create a hazard to the environment or the public health or safety; but the permitting authority may prohibit augering if necessary to maximize the utilization, recoverability, or conservation of the solid fuel resources or to protect against adverse water quality impacts.
- (j) Minimize the disturbances to the prevailing hydrologic balance at the mine site and in associated offsite areas and to the quality and quantity of water in surface and groundwater systems both during and after surface coal mining operations and during reclamation by:
 - (i) avoiding acid or other toxic mine drainage by such measures as, but not limited to:
 - (A) preventing or removing water from contact with toxic-producing deposits;
- (B) treating drainage to reduce toxic content which adversely affects downstream water upon being released to water courses; and
- (C) casing, sealing, or otherwise managing boreholes, shafts, and wells and keep acid or other toxic drainage from entering ground and surface waters;
- (ii) (A) conducting surface coal mining operations so as to prevent, to the extent possible using the best technology currently available, additional contributions of suspended solids to streamflow or runoff outside the permit area, but in no event shall contributions be in excess of requirements set by applicable state or federal law; and
- (B) constructing any siltation structures pursuant to this Subsection (2)(j)(ii) prior to commencement of surface coal mining operations, such structures to be certified by a qualified registered engineer to be constructed as designed and as approved in the reclamation plan;
- (iii) cleaning out and removing temporary or large settling ponds or other siltation structures from drainways after disturbed areas are revegetated and stabilized and depositing the silt and debris at a site and in a manner approved by the division;
 - (iv) restoring recharge capacity of the mined area to approximate premining conditions;
- (v) avoiding channel deepening or enlargement in operations requiring the discharge of water from mines;
- (vi) preserving throughout the mining and reclamation process the essential hydrologic functions of alluvial valley floors in the arid and semiarid areas of the state; and
 - (vii) such other actions as the division may prescribe.
- (k) With respect to surface disposal of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes,

and other waste in areas other than the mine working or excavations, stabilize all waste piles in designated areas through construction in compacted layers, including the use of incombustible and impervious materials, if necessary, and assure the final contour of the waste pile will be compatible with natural surroundings and that the site can and will be stabilized and revegetated according to the provisions of this chapter.

- (1) Refrain from surface coal mining within 500 feet from active and abandoned underground mines in order to prevent breakthroughs and to protect health or safety of miners; but the division shall permit an operator to mine near, through, or partially through an abandoned underground mine or closer to an active underground mine if:
- (i) the nature, timing, and sequencing of the approximate coincidence of specific surface mine activities with specific underground mine activities are jointly approved by the departments, divisions, and agencies concerned with surface mine reclamation and the health and safety of underground miners; and
- (ii) the operations will result in improved resource recovery, abatement of water pollution, or elimination of hazards to the health and safety of the public.
- (m) Design, locate, construct, operate, maintain, enlarge, modify, and remove or abandon, in accordance with the standards and criteria developed pursuant to the division's rules, all existing and new coal mine waste piles consisting of mine wastes, tailings, coal processing wastes, or other liquid and solid wastes, and used either temporarily or permanently as dams or embankments.
- (n) Insure that all debris, acid-forming materials, toxic materials, or materials constituting a fire hazard are treated or buried and compacted or otherwise disposed of in a manner designed to prevent contamination of ground or surface waters and that contingency plans are developed to prevent sustained combustion.
- (o) Insure that explosives are used only in accordance with existing state and federal law and the rules adopted by the board, which shall include provisions to:
- (i) provide adequate advance written notice to local governments and residents who might be affected by the use of the explosives by:
 - (A) publication of the planned blasting schedule:
- (I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality; and [by]
- 6196 (II) as required in Section 45-1-101; and

- 6197 (B) mailing a copy of the proposed blasting schedule to every resident living within 1/2 6198 mile of the proposed blasting site and by providing daily notice to resident/occupiers in these 6199 areas prior to any blasting;
 - (ii) maintain for a period of at least three years and make available for public inspection upon request a log detailing the location of the blasts, the pattern and depth of the drill holes, the amount of explosives used per hole, and the order and length of delay in the blasts;
 - (iii) limit the type of explosives and detonating equipment, the size, the timing and frequency of blasts based upon the physical conditions of the site so as to prevent injury to persons, damage to public and private property outside the permit area, adverse impacts on any underground mine, and change in the course, channel, or availability of ground or surface water outside the permit area;
 - (iv) require that all blasting operations be conducted by trained and competent persons, and to implement this requirement, the division shall promulgate rules requiring the training, examination, and certification of persons engaging in or directly responsible for blasting or the use of explosives in surface and coal mining operations; and
 - (v) provide that upon the request of a resident or owner of a man-made dwelling or structure within 1/2 mile of any portion of the permitted area, the applicant or permittee shall conduct a preblasting survey of the structures and submit the survey to the division and a copy to the resident or owner making the request, the area of which survey shall be decided by the division and shall include such provisions as promulgated.
 - (p) Insure that all reclamation efforts proceed in an environmentally sound manner and as contemporaneously as practicable with the surface coal mining operations; but where the applicant proposes to combine surface mining operations with underground mining operations to assure maximum practical recovery of the mineral resources, the division may grant a variance for specific areas within the reclamation plan from the requirement that reclamation efforts proceed as contemporaneously as practicable to permit underground operations prior to reclamation:
 - (i) if the division finds in writing that:
- 6226 (A) the applicant has presented, as part of the permit application, specific, feasible plans for the proposed underground mining operations;

- (B) the proposed underground mining operations are necessary or desirable to assure maximum practical recovery of the mineral resource and will avoid multiple disturbance of the surface;
- (C) the applicant has satisfactorily demonstrated that the plan for the underground mining operations conforms to requirements for underground mining in the jurisdiction and that permits necessary for the underground mining operations have been issued by the appropriate authority;
- (D) the areas proposed for the variance have been shown by the applicant to be necessary for the implementing of the proposed underground mining operations;
- (E) no substantial adverse environmental damage, either onsite or offsite, will result from the delay in completion of reclamation as required by this chapter; and
 - (F) provisions for the offsite storage of spoil will comply with Subsection (2)(v);
- (ii) if the board has adopted specific rules to govern the granting of the variances in accordance with the provisions of this Subsection (2)(p) and has imposed such additional requirements as considered necessary;
- (iii) if variances granted under this Subsection (2)(p) are to be reviewed by the division not more than three years from the date of issuance of the permit; and
- (iv) if liability under the bond filed by the applicant with the division pursuant to Section 40-10-15 shall be for the duration of the underground mining operations and until the requirements of this Subsection (2) and Section 40-10-16 have been fully complied with.
- (q) Insure that the construction, maintenance, and postmining conditions of access roads into and across the site of operations will control or prevent erosion and siltation, pollution of water, damage to fish or wildlife or their habitat, or public or private property.
- (r) Refrain from the construction of roads or other access ways up a stream bed or drainage channel or in such proximity to the channel so as to seriously alter the normal flow of water.
- (s) Establish on the regraded areas and all other lands affected, a diverse, effective, and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area of land to be affected and capable of self-regeneration and plant succession at least equal in extent of cover to the natural vegetation of the area; except that introduced species may be used in the revegetation process where desirable and necessary to achieve the approved postmining land

6259 use plan.

- (t) (i) Assume the responsibility for successful revegetation, as required by Subsection (2)(s), for a period of five full years after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation, or other work in order to assure compliance with Subsection (2)(s), except in those areas or regions of the state where the annual average precipitation is 26 inches or less, then the operator's assumption of responsibility and liability will extend for a period of ten full years after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation, or other work; but when the division approves a long-term intensive agricultural postmining land use, the applicable five or ten-year period of responsibility for revegetation shall commence at the date of initial planting for this long-term intensive, agricultural postmining land use, except when the division issues a written finding approving a long-term, intensive, agricultural postmining land use, as part of the mining and reclamation plan, the division may grant exception to the provisions of Subsection (2)(s); and
- (ii) on lands eligible for remining, assume the responsibility for successful revegetation for a period of two full years after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation, or other work in order to assure compliance with the applicable standards, except in areas of the state where the average annual precipitation is 26 inches or less, assume the responsibility for successful revegetation for a period of five full years after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation, or other work in order to assure compliance with the applicable standards.
- (u) Protect offsite areas from slides or damage occurring during the surface coal mining and reclamation operations and not deposit spoil material or locate any part of the operations or waste accumulations outside the permit area.
- (v) Place all excess spoil material resulting from coal surface mining and reclamation activities in a manner that:
- (i) spoil is transported and placed in a controlled manner in position for concurrent compaction and in a way to assure mass stability and to prevent mass movement;
- (ii) the areas of disposal are within the bonded permit areas and all organic matter shall be removed immediately prior to spoil placement;
- (iii) appropriate surface and internal drainage systems and diversion ditches are used so as to prevent spoil erosion and movement;
 - (iv) the disposal area does not contain springs, natural water courses, or wet weather

seeps unless lateral drains are constructed from the wet areas to the main underdrains in a manner that filtration of the water into the spoil pile will be prevented;

- (v) if placed on a slope, the spoil is placed upon the most moderate slope among those upon which, in the judgment of the division, the spoil could be placed in compliance with all the requirements of this chapter and shall be placed, where possible, upon or above a natural terrace, bench, or berm, if this placement provides additional stability and prevents mass movement;
- (vi) where the toe of the spoil rests on a downslope, a rock toe buttress of sufficient size to prevent mass movement, is constructed;
- (vii) the final configuration is compatible with the natural drainage pattern and surroundings and suitable for intended uses;
- (viii) design of the spoil disposal area is certified by a qualified professional engineer, and to implement this requirement, the division shall promulgate rules regarding the certification of engineers in the area of spoil disposal design; and
 - (ix) all other provisions of this chapter are met.
- (w) Meet such other criteria as are necessary to achieve reclamation in accordance with the purposes of this chapter, taking into consideration the physical, climatological, and other characteristics of the site.
- (x) To the extent possible, using the best technology currently available, minimize disturbances and adverse impacts of the operation on fish, wildlife, and related environmental values, and achieve enhancement of these resources where practicable.
- (y) Provide for an undisturbed natural barrier beginning at the elevation of the lowest coal seam to be mined and extending from the outslope for the distance as the division shall determine shall be retained in place as a barrier to slides and erosion.
- (3) (a) Where an applicant meets the requirements of Subsections (3)(b) and (c), a permit without regard to the requirement to restore to approximate original contour provided in Subsections (2)(c), (4)(b), and (4)(c) may be granted for the surface mining of coal where the mining operation will remove an entire coal seam or seams running through the upper fraction of a mountain, ridge, or hill (except as provided in this Subsection (3)) by removing all of the overburden and creating a level plateau or a gently rolling contour with no highwalls remaining, and capable of supporting postmining uses in accord with the requirements of this

Subsection (3).

- (b) In cases where an industrial, commercial, agricultural, residential, or public facility (including recreational facilities) use is proposed for the postmining use of the affected land, the division may grant a permit for a surface mining operation of the nature described in Subsection (3)(a) pursuant to procedures and criteria set forth in the rules, including:
- (i) the applicant's presentation of specific plans for the proposed postmining land use which meet criteria concerning the type of use proposed;
- (ii) the applicant's demonstration that the proposed use would be consistent with adjacent land uses and existing state and local land use plans and programs and with other requirements of this chapter; and
- (iii) procedures whereby the division provides the governing body of the unit of general-purpose government in which the land is located and any state or federal agency which the division, in its discretion, determines to have an interest in the proposed use, an opportunity of not more than 60 days to review and comment on the proposed use.
- (c) All permits granted under the provisions of this Subsection (3) shall be reviewed not more than three years from the date of issuance of the permit, unless the applicant affirmatively demonstrates that the proposed development is proceeding in accordance with the terms of the approved schedule and reclamation plan.
- (4) The following performance standards shall be applicable to steep-slope surface coal mining and shall be in addition to those general performance standards required by this section; but the provisions of this Subsection (4) shall not apply to those situations in which an operator is mining on flat or gently rolling terrain, on which an occasional steep slope is encountered through which the mining operation is to proceed, leaving a plain or predominantly flat area or where an operator is in compliance with provisions of Subsection (3):
- (a) Insure that when performing surface coal mining on steep slopes, no debris, abandoned or disabled equipment, spoil material, or waste mineral matter be placed on the downslope below the bench or mining cut; but spoil material in excess of that required for the reconstruction of the approximate original contour under the provisions of Subsection (2)(c) or this Subsection (4) shall be permanently stored pursuant to Subsection 40-10-17(2)(v).
- (b) Complete backfilling with spoil material shall be required to cover completely the highwall and return the site to the appropriate original contour, which material will maintain

stability following mining and reclamation.

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- (c) The operator may not disturb land above the top of the highwall unless the division finds that the disturbance will facilitate compliance with the environmental protection standards of this section; but the land disturbed above the highwall shall be limited to that amount necessary to facilitate this compliance.
- (d) For the purposes of this Subsection (4), "steep slope" means any slope above 20 degrees or such lesser slope as may be defined by the division after consideration of soil, climate, and other characteristics of an area.
- (5) The board shall promulgate specific rules to govern the granting of variances from the requirement to restore to approximate original contour provided in Subsection (4)(b) pursuant to procedures and criteria set forth in those rules including:
 - (a) written request by the surface owner concerning the proposed use;
 - (b) approval of the proposed use as an equal or better economic or public use; and
- (c) approval of the proposed use as improving the watershed control in the area and as using only such amount of spoil as is necessary to achieve the planned postmining land use.
 - (6) Subsection (2)(t)(ii) is repealed September 30, 2009.
 - Section 138. Section **40-10-27** is amended to read:
- 40-10-27. Entry upon land adversely affected by past coal mining practices -- Conducting of studies or exploratory work -- State acquisition of land -- Lien -- Waste disposal fund -- Water pollution control and treatment plants.
- (1) (a) If the board, after notice and hearing, makes a finding of fact as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the agents, employees, or contractors of the division shall have the right to enter property adversely affected by past coal mining practices and any other property to have access to property adversely affected by past coal mining practices to do whatever is necessary or expedient to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or prevent the adverse effects.
 - (b) The board shall find that:
 - (i) land or water resources have been adversely affected by past coal mining practices;
- (ii) the adverse effects are at a stage where, in the public interest, action to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or prevent should be taken; and
- 6381 (iii) the owners of the land or water resources where entry must be made to restore, 6382 reclaim, abate, control, or prevent the adverse effects of past coal mining practices:

6383	(A) are not known;
6384	(B) are not readily available; or
6385	(C) will not give permission for the state or its political subdivisions, their agents,
6386	employees, or contractors to enter upon the property to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or
6387	prevent the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
6388	(c) Notice of the division's right to enter the property shall be:
6389	(i) if the owners are known, given by mail[, if the owners are known]; and
6390	[(ii) posted upon the premises and advertised]
6391	(ii) if the owners are not known:
6392	(A) posted upon the premises; and
6393	(B) advertised:
6394	(I) once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the land lies[, if
6395	the owners are not known.]; and
6396	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101.
6397	(d) This entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police power for the protection of
6398	public health, safety, and general welfare and may not be construed as an act of condemnation
6399	of property nor of trespass on it.
6400	(e) The monies expended for this work and the benefits accruing to the premises
6401	entered upon shall be chargeable against the land and shall mitigate or offset any claim in or
6402	any action brought by any owner of any interest in these premises for any alleged damages by
6403	virtue of the entry.
6404	(f) This Subsection (1) is not intended to create new rights of action or eliminate
6405	existing immunities.
6406	(2) (a) The agents, employees, or contractors of the division may enter upon any
6407	property for the purpose of conducting studies or exploratory work to determine the existence
6408	of adverse effects of past coal mining practices and to determine the feasibility of restoration,
6409	reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of these adverse effects.
6410	(b) This entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police power for the protection of
6411	public health, safety, and general welfare and may not be construed as an act of condemnation
6412	of property or trespass on it.

(3) The state may acquire any land by purchase, donation, or condemnation which is

adversely affected by past coal mining practices if the board, after notice and hearing, determines that acquisition of this land is necessary to successful reclamation and that:

- (a) the acquired land, after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices, will serve recreation and historic purposes, conservation and reclamation purposes, or provide open space benefits; and
- (b) (i) permanent facilities such as a treatment plant or a relocated stream channel will be constructed on the land for the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices; or
- (ii) acquisitions of coal refuse disposal sites and all coal refuse on the sites will serve the purposes of this chapter or that public ownership is desirable to meet emergency situations and prevent recurrences of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
 - (4) (a) Title to all lands acquired under this section shall be in the name of the state.
- (b) The price paid for land acquired under this section shall reflect the market value of the land as adversely affected by past coal mining practices.
- (5) (a) If land acquired under this section is considered suitable for industrial, commercial, residential, or recreational development, the division, in conjunction with the Division of Forestry, Fire and State Lands, may sell this land by public sale under a system of competitive bidding, at not less than fair market value, and under any other rules promulgated to insure that the land is put to proper use consistent with local and state land use plans.
- (b) (i) The state, when requested after appropriate public notice, shall hold a public hearing with the appropriate notice, in the counties or appropriate political subdivisions of the state in which lands acquired under this section are located.
- (ii) The hearing shall be held at a time which shall afford local citizens and governments the maximum opportunity to participate in the decision concerning the use or disposition of the lands after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
- (6) (a) The state, through the division and the Division of Forestry, Fire and State Lands, shall have the authority to accept lands acquired and reclaimed by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to Section 407(h) of Public Law 95-87.
- (b) The division has the authority to accept grants from the Secretary to carry out the purposes of Section 407(h) of Public Law 95-87.

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- (7) (a) Within six months after the completion of projects to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or prevent adverse effects of past coal mining practices on privately owned land, the division shall itemize the monies expended and may file a statement of those expenses in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the land lies, together with a notarized appraisal by an independent appraiser of the value of the land before the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of adverse effects of past coal mining practices if the monies expended result in a significant increase in property value.
 - (b) This statement shall constitute a lien upon the land described in it.
- (c) The lien may not exceed the amount determined by the appraisal to be the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
- (d) A lien may not be filed against the property of any person, in accordance with this subsection who owned the surface prior to May 2, 1977, and who neither consented to nor participated in nor exercised control over the mining operation which necessitated the reclamation performed.
- (8) (a) The landowner may proceed to petition within 60 days after the filing of the lien to determine the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
- (b) The amount reported to be the increase in value of the premises shall constitute the amount of the lien and shall be recorded with the statement provided for in Subsection (7).
 - (c) Any party aggrieved by the decision may appeal as provided by law.
- (9) (a) The lien provided in this section shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the land lies.
- (b) The statement shall constitute a lien upon the land as of the date of the expenditure of the monies and shall have priority as a lien second only to the lien of real estate taxes imposed upon the land.
- (10) (a) The division may fill any voids, seal any abandoned tunnels, shafts, and entryways, and reclaim surface impacts of underground or surface mines which the division determines could endanger life and property, constitute a hazard to the public health and safety, or degrade the environment.

- (b) The division may make expenditures and carry out the purposes of this section without regard to the provisions of Subsections 40-10-25(2) and (3) only after all reclamation with respect to abandoned coal lands or coal development impacts have been met, except for those reclamation projects relating to the protection of the public health or safety.
- (c) In those instances where mine waste piles are being reworked for conservation purposes, the incremental costs of disposing of the wastes from these operations by filling voids and sealing tunnels may be eligible for funding if the disposal of these wastes meets the purposes of this section.
- (d) The division may acquire by purchase, donation, easement, or otherwise those interests in land it determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (11) (a) The division may request the attorney general, who is hereby authorized to initiate, in addition to any other remedies provided for in this chapter, in any court of competent jurisdiction, an action in equity for an injunction to restrain any interference with the exercise of the right to enter or to conduct any work provided in this section.
- (b) (i) The division, in conjunction with appropriate state agencies as determined in the rules, may construct and operate plants for the control and treatment of water pollution resulting from mine drainage.
- (ii) The extent of this control and treatment of water pollution may be dependent upon the ultimate use of the water.
- (iii) This Subsection (11) may not be construed to repeal or supersede any portion of the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1151 et seq., and no control or treatment under this subsection shall in any way be less than that required under the federal Water Pollution Control Act.
- (iv) The construction of a plant may include major interceptors and other facilities appurtenant to the plant.
- (c) The division may transfer funds to other appropriate state agencies, in order to carry out the reclamation activities authorized by this chapter.
 - Section 139. Section 41-1a-1103 is amended to read:

41-1a-1103. Sale.

(1) If the owner or lienholder of a seized vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor does not recover the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor within 30 days from the date of seizure, or if the

6507	division is unable to determine the owner or lienholder through reasonable efforts, the division
6508	shall sell the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor.
6509	(2) The sale shall:
6510	(a) be held in the form of a public auction at the place of storage; and
6511	(b) at the discretion of the division, be conducted by:
6512	(i) an authorized representative of the division; or
6513	(ii) a public garage, impound lot, or impound yard that:
6514	(A) is authorized by the division;
6515	(B) meets the standards under Subsection 41-1a-1101(4); and
6516	(C) complies with the requirements of Section 72-9-603.
6517	(3) At least five days prior to the date set for sale, the division shall publish a notice of
6518	sale[in a newspaper of general statewide circulation] setting forth the date, time, and place of
6519	sale and a description of the vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor to be sold[-]:
6520	(a) in a newspaper of general statewide circulation; and
6521	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
6522	(4) At the time of sale the division or other person authorized to conduct the sale shall
6523	tender to the highest bidder a certificate of sale conveying all rights, title, and interest in the
6524	vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor.
6525	(5) The proceeds from the sale of a vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor under this
6526	section shall be distributed as provided under Section 41-1a-1104.
6527	(6) If the owner or lienholder of a vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor seized under
6528	Section 41-1a-1101 and subsequently released by the division fails to take possession of the
6529	vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor and satisfy the amount due to the place of storage within 30
6530	days from the date of release, the division shall renotify the owner or lienholder and sell the
6531	vehicle, vessel, or outboard motor, in accordance with this section, 30 days from the date of
6532	the notice.
6533	Section 140. Section 45-1-101 is enacted to read:
6534	Part 1. General Publication Requirements
6535	45-1-101. Legal notice publication requirements.
6536	(1) Notwithstanding any other legal notice provision established in this Utah Code, a
6537	person required to publish legal notice:

6538	(a) until January 1, 2010, shall publish as required by the state statute establishing the
6539	notice requirement; and
6540	(b) beginning on January 1, 2010, shall publish notice:
6541	(i) in a newspaper as required by the statute establishing the notice requirement; and
6542	(ii) on a web site established by the collective efforts of Utah's newspapers.
6543	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), for counties of the first and second class,
6544	beginning on January 1, 2012, a person required to publish a legal notice:
6545	(a) shall publish notice on the website described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
6546	(b) may publish notice in a newspaper as required by the statute establishing the notice
6547	requirement.
6548	(3) This section does not apply to a public notice published by a public body in
6549	accordance with the provisions of Section 63F-1-701.
6550	(4) A notice described in Subsections (1) and (2) includes:
6551	(a) legal notices required for judicial proceedings or by judicial decision; and
6552	(b) notices required to be made available to the public by a state statute or a state
6553	agency rule.
6554	(5) The website described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not:
6555	(a) charge a fee to post a legal notice on the website before January 1, 2012; and
6556	(b) charge more than \$10 to post a legal notice on the website on or after January 1,
6557	<u>2012.</u>
6558	Section 141. Section 45-1-201, which is renumbered from Section 45-1-1 is
6559	renumbered and amended to read:
6560	Part 2. Newspaper Publication Requirements
6561	[45-1-1]. 45-1-201. Newspapers "of general circulation" Requirements.
6562	No newspaper shall be deemed a newspaper having general circulation for the purpose
6563	of publishing any notice, advertisement or publication of any kind required by law, unless it has
6564	a bona fide subscription list of not less than two hundred subscribers in this state, and shall
6565	have been published for not less than eighteen months, and shall have been admitted in the
6566	United States mails as second-class matter for twelve months; provided, that nothing in this
6567	chapter shall invalidate the publication in a newspaper which has simply changed its name or
6568	ownership, or has simply moved its place of publication from one part of the state to another,

6569	or suspended publication on account of fire, flood or unavoidable accident not to exceed ten
6570	weeks; provided further, that nothing in this chapter shall apply to any county wherein no
6571	newspaper has been published the requisite length of time.
6572	Section 142. Section 45-1-202, which is renumbered from Section 45-1-2 is
6573	renumbered and amended to read:
6574	[45-1-2]. <u>45-1-202.</u> Maximum charge.
6575	A legal rate of 30 cents per line on the basis of an eight-point line, not less than 11 ems
6576	wide, is hereby established in each city of the fourth and fifth class and each town for the
6577	publishing of any notice, advertisement, or publication of any kind required by law.
6578	Section 143. Section 45-1-301, which is renumbered from Section 45-1-4 is
6579	renumbered and amended to read:
6580	Part 3. Supplemental Publication by Broadcast
6581	[45-1-4]. 45-1-301. Notice given in broadcast Restrictions.
6582	(1) Any state or other public officer who is required by law to publish any notice may
6583	supplement publication of the notice by causing the time, place and nature of the notice to be
6584	broadcast at such times and intervals as determined suitable when in his judgment, the public
6585	interest is or will be served.
6586	(2) The material broadcast shall include only the time, place, and nature of the notice.
6587	(3) In the broadcast of any notice or material authorized under this act, no reference by
6588	name or the use of the voice or likeness of any person who is a candidate for elective public
6589	office at the time of the broadcast shall be allowed.
6590	(4) Notices by political subdivisions of this state shall be made only by stations whose
6591	basic broadcast coverage encompasses the county or counties in which the notice is required to
6592	be given.
6593	Section 144. Section 45-1-302, which is renumbered from Section 45-1-5 is
6594	renumbered and amended to read:
6595	[45-1-5]. 45-1-302. Copy of notice broadcast retained by station.
6596	Each station which broadcasts any notice or material under this act shall retain a copy
6597	or transcript of the text or material broadcast for a period of six months after the broadcast. The
6598	copy shall be available for public review at reasonable times and places.

Section 145. Section 45-1-303, which is renumbered from Section 45-1-6 is

6600	renumbered and amended to read:
6601	[45-1-6]. <u>45-1-303.</u> Proof of broadcast.
6602	Proof of publication or broadcast of the notice or other material under this act shall be
6603	by affidavit of a duly authorized representative or agent of the broadcasting station.
6604	Section 146. Section 45-1-304, which is renumbered from Section 45-1-7 is
6605	renumbered and amended to read:
6606	[45-1-7]. <u>45-1-304.</u> Rates of broadcasters.
6607	Rates charged by broadcasters will be no greater than the lowest net rate charged for a
6608	like number of announcements by any other advertiser.
6609	Section 147. Section 47-2-4 is amended to read:
6610	47-2-4. Elimination by the county executive Notice of intention.
6611	(1) The county executive may provide for the elimination of abandoned horses in the
6612	respective counties in the following manner:
6613	[They] (a) The county executive shall cause notice to be:
6614	(i) (A) published at least once a week for three successive weeks in [some] a
6615	newspaper of general circulation published in the county[-,]; and [the notice shall also be]
6616	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, published for three weeks;
6617	(ii) posted in at least five public places outside of the county seat on public highways in
6618	such county[;]; and
6619	(iii) posted in three public places at the county seat, one of which shall be at the front
6620	door of the courthouse.
6621	(b) The notices posted outside of the county seat shall be posted not less than two miles
6622	apart, and all posted notices shall be posted at least 30 days before the date which the county
6623	executive shall fix for the beginning of the elimination of abandoned horses from the range in
6624	such county as hereinafter provided.
6625	[If no newspaper is published in the county, publication in a newspaper shall not be
6626	required.]
6627	(2) The notice shall be substantially in the following form:
6628	Notice is hereby given that in accordance with the provisions of law the county
6629	executive of County, Utah, will proceed to eliminate abandoned horses from the open
6630	range in said county, and that beginning on(month\day\year), a drive will be held,

6631	and all abandoned horses running upon the open range will, under the direction and supervision
6632	of the county executive, be eliminated. All owners of horses running upon the open range are
6633	hereby given notice to file with the county executive a description of the horses, and the brands
6634	or marks thereon.
6635	Dated this(month\day\year).
6636	By order of the county executive of County, Utah.
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6639	Section 148. Section 48-2c-1306 is amended to read:
6640	48-2c-1306. Disposition of claims by publication.
6641	(1) A dissolved company in winding up may publish notice of its dissolution and
6642	request that persons with claims against the company present them in accordance with the
6643	notice.
6644	(2) The notice contemplated in Subsection (1) [must] shall:
6645	(a) (i) be published once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
6646	circulation:
6647	(A) in the county where the dissolved company's principal office is; or[7]
6648	(B) if it has no principal office in this state, Salt Lake County; and
6649	(ii) be published, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for three successive weeks;
6650	(b) describe the information that must be included in a claim and provide an address to
6651	which written notice of any claim must be given to the company;
6652	(c) state the deadline, which may not be fewer than 120 days after the first date of
6653	publication of the notice, by which the dissolved company must receive the claim; and
6654	(d) state that, unless sooner barred by another statute limiting actions, the claim will be
6655	barred if not received by the deadline.
6656	(3) If the dissolved company publishes a newspaper or website notice in accordance
6657	with Subsection (2), then unless sooner barred under Section 48-2c-1305 or under another
6658	statute limiting actions, the claim of any claimant against the dissolved company is barred if:
6659	(a) the claim is not received by the dissolved company by the deadline; or
6660	(b) the dissolved company delivers to the claimant written notice of rejection of the
6661	claim within 90 days after receipt of the claim and the claimant whose claim was rejected by

the dissolved company does not commence a proceeding to enforce the claim within 90 days after the effective date of the rejection notice.

(4) Claims which are not rejected by the dissolved company in writing within 90 days after receipt of the claim by the dissolved company shall be considered approved.

(5) (a) For purposes of this section, "claim" means any claim, including claims of this

- (5) (a) For purposes of this section, "claim" means any claim, including claims of this state whether known or unknown, due or to become due, absolute or contingent, liquidated or
- unliquidated, founded on contract, tort, or other legal basis, or otherwise.
- 6669 (b) For purposes of this section and Section 48-2c-1305, a proceeding to enforce a 6670 claim means a civil action or an arbitration under an agreement for binding arbitration between 6671 the dissolved company and the claimant.
- Section 149. Section **52-4-202** is amended to read:
- 52-4-202. Public notice of meetings -- Emergency meetings.
- 6674 (1) A public body shall give not less than 24 hours public notice of each meeting including the meeting:
- 6676 (a) agenda;
- 6677 (b) date;

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- 6678 (c) time; and
- 6679 (d) place.
- 6680 (2) (a) In addition to the requirements under Subsection (1), a public body which holds 6681 regular meetings that are scheduled in advance over the course of a year shall give public 6682 notice at least once each year of its annual meeting schedule as provided in this section.
 - (b) The public notice under Subsection (2)(a) shall specify the date, time, and place of the scheduled meetings.
 - (3) (a) Public notice shall be satisfied by:
- 6686 (i) posting written notice:
- 6687 (A) at the principal office of the public body, or if no principal office exists, at the building where the meeting is to be held; and
- 6689 (B) beginning October 1, 2008 and except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), on the Utah Public Notice Website created under Section 63F-1-701; and
- 6691 (ii) providing notice to:
- (A) (I) at least one newspaper of general circulation within the geographic jurisdiction

6693	of the public body; [or] and
6694	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
6695	(B) a local media correspondent.
6696	(b) A public body of a municipality under Title 10, Utah Municipal Code, a local
6697	district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, or a
6698	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, is encouraged,
6699	but not required, to post written notice on the Utah Public Notice Website, if the municipality
6700	or district has a current annual budget of less than \$1 million.
6701	[(c) A public body is in compliance with the provisions of Subsection (3)(a)(ii) by
6702	providing notice to a newspaper or local media correspondent under the provisions of
6703	Subsection 63F-1-701(4)(d).]
6704	(4) A public body is encouraged to develop and use additional electronic means to
6705	provide notice of its meetings under Subsection (3).
6706	(5) (a) The notice requirement of Subsection (1) may be disregarded if:
6707	(i) because of unforeseen circumstances it is necessary for a public body to hold an
6708	emergency meeting to consider matters of an emergency or urgent nature; and
6709	(ii) the public body gives the best notice practicable of:
6710	(A) the time and place of the emergency meeting; and
6711	(B) the topics to be considered at the emergency meeting.
6712	(b) An emergency meeting of a public body may not be held unless:
6713	(i) an attempt has been made to notify all the members of the public body; and
6714	(ii) a majority of the members of the public body approve the meeting.
6715	(6) (a) A public notice that is required to include an agenda under Subsection (1) shall
6716	provide reasonable specificity to notify the public as to the topics to be considered at the
6717	meeting. Each topic shall be listed under an agenda item on the meeting agenda.
6718	(b) Subject to the provisions of Subsection (6)(c), and at the discretion of the presiding
6719	member of the public body, a topic raised by the public may be discussed during an open
6720	meeting, even if the topic raised by the public was not included in the agenda or advance public
6721	notice for the meeting.
6722	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), relating to emergency meetings, a public

body may not take final action on a topic in an open meeting unless the topic is:

6724	(i) listed under an agenda item as required by Subsection (6)(a); and
6725	(ii) included with the advance public notice required by this section.
6726	Section 150. Section 53A-3-202 is amended to read:
6727	53A-3-202. Compensation for services Additional per diem Approval of
6728	expenses.
6729	(1) Each member of a local school board, except the student member, shall receive
6730	compensation for services and for necessary expenses in accordance with board compensation
6731	schedules adopted by the local school board in accordance with the provisions of this section.
6732	(2) Beginning on July 1, 2007, if a local school board decides to adopt or amend its
6733	board compensation schedules, the board shall set a time and place for a public hearing at
6734	which all interested persons shall be given an opportunity to be heard.
6735	(3) Notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting shall be provided at least
6736	seven days prior to the meeting by:
6737	(a) (i) publication at least once in a newspaper published in the county where the
6738	school district is situated and generally circulated within the school district; and
6739	(ii) publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
6740	(b) posting a notice:
6741	(i) at each school within the school district;
6742	(ii) in at least three other public places within the school district; and
6743	(iii) on the Internet in a manner that is easily accessible to citizens that use the Internet
6744	(4) After the conclusion of the public hearing, the local school board may adopt or
6745	amend its board compensation schedules.
6746	(5) Each member shall submit an itemized account of necessary travel expenses for
6747	board approval.
6748	(6) A local school board may, without following the procedures described in
6749	[Subsection] Subsections (2) and (3), continue to use the compensation schedule that was in
6750	effect prior to July 1, 2007 until, at the discretion of the board, the compensation schedule is
6751	amended or a new compensation schedule is adopted.
6752	Section 151. Section 53A-3-402 is amended to read:
6753	53A-3-402. Powers and duties generally.
6754	(1) Each local school board shall:

- (a) implement the core curriculum utilizing instructional materials that best correlate to the core curriculum and graduation requirements;
 - (b) administer tests, required by the State Board of Education, which measure the progress of each student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and State Board of Education to assess results and create plans to improve the student's progress which shall be submitted to the State Office of Education for approval;
 - (c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local resources to implement remediation;
 - (d) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
- (e) work with the State Office of Education to establish a library of documented best practices, consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts; and
- (f) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help every child achieve optimal learning in core academics.
- (2) Local school boards shall spend minimum school program funds for programs and activities for which the State Board of Education has established minimum standards or rules under Section 53A-1-402.
- (3) (a) A board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school sites, buildings, and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.
- (b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on board resolution affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members.
- (4) (a) A board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a school attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either within or outside the state.
 - (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall:
 - (i) be signed by the president of the board of each participating district;
 - (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and
- 6784 (iii) be filed with the State Board of Education.
- 6785 (5) A board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied

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- (6) A board may enroll children in school who are at least five years of age before September 2 of the year in which admission is sought.
 - (7) A board may establish and support school libraries.
 - (8) A board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of school property.
- (9) A board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children and their parents or guardians prior to, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools.
- (10) (a) A board shall administer and implement federal educational programs in accordance with Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9, Implementing Federal Programs Act.
- (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Title 53A, Chapter 19, School District Budgets.
- (11) (a) A board may organize school safety patrols and adopt rules under which the patrols promote student safety.
- (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least ten years old and have written parental consent for the appointment.
- (c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.
- (d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol.
- (12) (a) A board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational institution for which the board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes.
 - (b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
- (13) (a) A board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance officer to issue citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2).
- (b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the person's consent.
 - (c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer.
- (14) A board shall adopt bylaws and rules for its own procedures.
- (15) (a) A board shall make and enforce rules necessary for the control and

6817	management of the district schools.
6818	(b) All board rules and policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public
6819	access.
6820	(16) A board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays.
6821	(17) (a) Each board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety
6822	committee to implement this Subsection (17).
6823	(b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of:
6824	(i) the schools within the district;
6825	(ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district;
6826	(iii) the municipality or county;
6827	(iv) state or local law enforcement; and
6828	(v) state or local traffic safety engineering.
6829	(c) The committee shall:
6830	(i) receive suggestions from parents, teachers, and others and recommend school traffic
6831	safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and school traffic safety program
6832	measures;
6833	(ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected
6834	municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior
6835	high school within the district;
6836	(iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and
6837	provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade six, within the district, on
6838	school crossing safety and use; and
6839	(iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of
6840	Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.
6841	(d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing
6842	its duties under Subsection (17)(c).
6843	(e) The board shall require the school community council of each elementary, middle,
6844	and junior high school within the district to develop and submit annually to the committee a
6845	child access routing plan.
6846	(18) (a) Each school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency

response plan to prevent and combat violence in its public schools, on school grounds, on its

6848	school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
6849	(b) The board shall implement its plan by July 1, 2000.
6850	(c) The plan shall:
6851	(i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
6852	(ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school
6853	districts under Title 53A, Chapter 11, Part 9, School Discipline and Conduct Plans;
6854	(iii) require inservice training for all district and school building staff on what their
6855	roles are in the emergency response plan; and
6856	(iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety
6857	representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities
6858	referred to in Subsection (18)(a).
6859	(d) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
6860	instruction, shall develop comprehensive emergency response plan models that local school
6861	boards may use, where appropriate, to comply with Subsection (18)(a).
6862	(e) Each local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the State Board of
6863	Education that its plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by
6864	its teachers, administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public
6865	safety representatives.
6866	(19) (a) Each local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the
6867	treatment of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events.
6868	(b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a
6869	sports program for students.
6870	(c) The plan may:
6871	(i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency
6872	equipment components;
6873	(ii) require inservice training on the emergency response plan for school personnel who
6874	are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and
6875	(iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who:
6876	(A) are not employees of the school district; and
6877	(B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while
6878	participating in sports events.

6879	(d) The board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection (19)(b), may
6880	review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or enhance the plan.
6881	(e) The State Board of Education, through the state superintendent of public
6882	instruction, shall provide local school boards with an emergency plan response model that local
6883	boards may use to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (19).
6884	(20) A board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance, prosperity, and
6885	success of the schools and the promotion of education.
6886	(21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a board shall:
6887	(i) hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103; and
6888	(ii) provide public notice of the public hearing, as specified in Subsection (21)(b).
6889	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a) shall:
6890	(i) indicate the:
6891	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
6892	(B) date, time, and location of the public hearing; and
6893	(ii) at least ten days prior to the public hearing, be:
6894	(A) published:
6895	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
6896	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
6897	(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality or on the district's
6898	official website.
6899	Section 152. Section 53A-18-104 is amended to read:
6900	53A-18-104. Testing validity of bonds to be refunded Procedure.
6901	If considered advisable by the local school board, the validity of any bonds intended to
6902	be refunded may be determined in the following manner:
6903	(1) The board shall [have published once a week for two successive weeks in a
6904	newspaper published in the school district, or if there is no such newspaper, post for a like
6905	period in three public and conspicuous places in the district,]:
6906	(a) publish a notice describing with sufficient particularity for identification the bond
6907	or bonds intended to be refunded[-]:
6908	(i) once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper published in the school
6909	district; and

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court, the board may refund the bonds.

Section 153. Section **53A-19-102** is amended to read:

53A-19-102. Local school boards budget procedures.

6910 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and 6911 (b) post a notice for two successive weeks in three public and conspicuous places 6912 describing with sufficient particularity for identification the bond or bonds intended to be 6913 refunded. 6914 (2) The notice shall require any person objecting to the legality, regularity, or validity 6915 of the bonds, their issue or sale, or the indebtedness represented by the bonds, to appear before the board at a specified place within the district on a specified day and time. 6916 6917 (3) The time may not be less than 14 nor more than 60 days after the first publication 6918 or posting of the notice. 6919 (4) The notice shall require the person to appear at the meeting with his objections in 6920 writing, duly verified. 6921 (5) The board shall convene at the time and place specified in the notice and receive all 6922 objections as prescribed in Subsection (4). 6923 (6) The objections shall be filed with and preserved by the board. 6924 (7) If no written objections are presented at the time and place specified in the notice, 6925 the board shall so certify. 6926 (8) All persons are then prohibited from questioning in any manner or proceeding the 6927 legality, regularity, or validity of the bond or bonds, their issue or sale, or the indebtedness 6928 represented by the bonds, and the board may then refund the bonds. 6929 (9) Any person filing a written objection under Subsection (4) shall, within 20 days 6930 after the filing, commence appropriate legal proceedings against the board and others as may be 6931 proper parties, in the district court for the county in which the school district is situated, to 6932 challenge and determine the legality, regularity, and validity of the bond or bonds, their issue 6933 and sale, or the indebtedness represented by them. 6934 (10) Failure to commence the proceedings within 20 days bars the person filing 6935 objections from questioning, in any manner or proceeding, the legality, regularity, or validity of 6936 the bond or bonds, their issue or sale, or the indebtedness represented by the bonds. 6937 (11) Upon proof of failure to commence proceedings, by certificate of the clerk of the

- (1) Prior to June 22 of each year, each local school board shall adopt a budget and make appropriations for the next fiscal year. If the tax rate in the proposed budget exceeds the certified tax rate defined in Section 59-2-924, the board shall comply with Sections 59-2-918 and 59-2-919 in adopting the budget, except as provided by Section 53A-17a-133.
 - (2) Prior to the adoption of a budget containing a tax rate which does not exceed the certified tax rate, the board shall hold a public hearing, as defined in Section 10-9a-103, on the proposed budget. In addition to complying with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, in regards to the hearing, the board shall do the following:
 - (a) publish:
 - (i) the required newspaper notice at least ten days [prior] before to the hearing; and
- (ii) the required notice, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least ten days before the hearing; and
 - (b) file a copy of the proposed budget with the board's business administrator for public inspection at least ten days prior to the hearing.
 - (3) The board shall file a copy of the adopted budget with the state auditor and the State Board of Education.
 - Section 154. Section **53A-19-104** is amended to read:

53A-19-104. Limits on appropriations -- Estimated expendable revenue.

- (1) A local school board may not make any appropriation in excess of its estimated expendable revenue, including undistributed reserves, for the following fiscal year.
- (2) In determining the estimated expendable revenue, any existing deficits arising through excessive expenditures from former years are deducted from the estimated revenue for the ensuing year to the extent of at least 10% of the entire tax revenue of the district for the previous year.
- (3) In the event of financial hardships, the board may deduct from the estimated expendable revenue for the ensuing year, by fund, at least 25% of the deficit amount.
- (4) All estimated balances available for appropriations at the end of the fiscal year shall revert to the funds from which they were appropriated and shall be fund balances available for appropriation in the budget of the following year.
- (5) A local school board may reduce a budget appropriation at its regular meeting if notice of the proposed action is given to all board members and the district superintendent at

least one week prior to the meeting.

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- 6973 (6) An increase in an appropriation may not be made by the board unless the following steps are taken:
 - (a) the board receives a written request from the district superintendent that sets forth the reasons for the proposed increase;
 - (b) notice of the request is published:
 - (i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district at least one week prior to the board meeting at which the request will be considered; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least one week prior to the board meeting at which the request will be considered; and
 - (c) the board holds a public hearing on the request prior to the board's acting on the request.

Section 155. Section **53B-3-107** is amended to read:

53B-3-107. Traffic violations -- Notice of rule or regulation.

- (1) It is a violation of this section for any person to operate or park a vehicle upon any property owned or controlled by a state institution of higher education contrary to posted signs authorized by the published rules and regulations of the institution or to block or impede traffic through or on any of these properties.
- (2) Notice of a rule or regulation to all persons is sufficient if the rule or regulation is published in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the institution and the campus or facility is located.
 - Section 156. Section **53B-7-101.5** is amended to read:

53B-7-101.5. Proposed tuition increases -- Notice -- Hearings.

- (1) If an institution within the State System of Higher Education listed in Section 53B-1-102 considers increasing tuition rates for undergraduate students in the process of preparing or implementing its budget, it shall hold a meeting to receive public input and response on the issue.
- (2) The institution shall advertise the hearing required under Subsection (1) using the following procedure:
- 7001 (a) The institution shall advertise its intent to consider an increase in student tuition rates:

7003	(i) in the institution's student newspaper[:]; and	
7004	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.	
7005	(b) The advertisement shall be run twice during a period of ten days prior to the	
7006	meeting.	
7007	(c) The advertisement shall state that the institution will meet on a certain day, time,	
7008	and place fixed in the advertisement, which shall not be less than seven days after the day the	
7009	second advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding the	
7010	proposed increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.	
7011	(3) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:	
7012	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TUITION INCREASE	
7013	The (name of the higher education institution) is proposing to increase student tuition	
7014	rates. This would be an increase of %, which is an increase of \$ per semester	
7015	for a full-time resident undergraduate student. All concerned students and citizens are invited	
7016	to a public hearing on the proposed increase to be held at (meeting place) on (date) at (time)."	
7017	(4) (a) The institution shall provide the following information to those in attendance at	
7018	the meeting required under Subsection (1):	
7019	(i) the current year's student enrollment for:	
7020	(A) the State System of Higher Education, if a systemwide increase is being	
7021	considered; or	
7022	(B) the institution, if an increase is being considered for just a single institution;	
7023	(ii) total tuition revenues for the current school year;	
7024	(iii) projected student enrollment growth for the next school year and projected tuition	
7025	revenue increases from that anticipated growth; and	
7026	(iv) a detailed accounting of how and where the increased tuition revenues would be	
7027	spent.	
7028	(b) The enrollment and revenue data required under Subsection (4)(a) shall be broken	
7029	down into majors or departments if the proposed tuition increases are department or major	
7030	specific.	
7031	(5) If the institution does not make a final decision on the proposed tuition increase at	
7032	the meeting, it shall announce the date, time, and place of the meeting where that determination	
7033	shall be made.	

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7034	Section 157. Section 54-4-27 is amended to read:
7035	54-4-27. Payment of dividends Notice Restraint.
7036	(1) No gas or electric corporation doing business in this state shall pay any dividend
7037	upon its common stock prior to thirty days after the date of the declaration of such dividend by
7038	the board of directors of such utility corporation.
7039	(2) Within five days after the declaration of such dividend the management of such
7040	corporation shall:
7041	(a) notify the utilities commission in writing of the declaration of said dividend, the
7042	amount thereof, the date fixed for payment of the same[, and shall also cause to be published a
7043	notice]; and
7044	(b) publish a notice, including the information described in Subsection (2)(a):
7045	(i) in a newspaper having general circulation in the city or town where its principal
7046	place of business is located[, stating in substance the contents of the notice herein required to
7047	be given the utilities commission.]; and
7048	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
7049	(3) If the commission, after investigation, shall find that the capital of any such
7050	corporation is being impaired or that its service to the public is likely to become impaired or is
7051	in danger of impairment, it may issue an order directing such utility corporation to refrain from
7052	the payment of said dividend until such impairment is made good or danger of impairment is
7053	avoided.
7054	(4) The district court of any county in which said utility is doing business in this state
7055	is authorized upon a suit by the commission to enforce the order of the commission, and
7056	empowered to issue a restraining order pending final determination of the action.
7057	Section 158. Section 54-7-17 is amended to read:
7058	54-7-17. Stay of commission's order or decision pending appeal.
7059	(1) A petition for judicial review does not stay or suspend the operation of the order or
7060	decision of the commission.
7061	(2) (a) The court may stay or suspend, in whole or in part, the operation of the
7062	commission's order or decision after at least three days' notice and after a hearing.

(b) If the court stays or suspends the order or decision of the commission, the order

shall contain a specific finding, based upon evidence submitted to the court and identified by

reference, that:

- (i) great or irreparable damage will result to the petitioner absent suspension or a stay of the order; and
 - (ii) specifies the nature of the damage.
- (3) (a) The court's order staying or suspending the decision of the commission is not effective until a supersedeas bond is executed, filed with, and approved by the commission (or approved, on review, by the court).
- (b) The bond shall be payable to the state [of Utah], and shall be sufficient in amount and security to insure the prompt payment by the party petitioning for the review of:
- (i) all damages caused by the delay in the enforcement of the order or decision of the commission; and
- (ii) all moneys that any person or corporation is compelled to pay, pending the review proceedings, for transportation, transmission, product, commodity, or service in excess of the charges fixed by the order or decision of the commission.
- (c) Whenever necessary to insure the prompt payment of damages and any overcharges, the court may order the party petitioning for a review to give additional security or to increase the supersedeas bond.
- (4) (a) When the court stays or suspends the order or decision of the commission in any matter affecting rates, fares, tolls, rentals, charges, or classifications, it shall order the public utility affected to pay into court, or into some bank or trust company paying interest on deposits, all sums of money collected by the public utility that are greater than the sum a person would have paid if the order or decision of the commission had not been stayed or suspended.
- (b) (i) Upon the final decision by the court, the public utility shall refund all moneys collected by it that are greater than those authorized by the court's final decision, together with interest if the moneys were deposited in a bank or trust company, to the persons entitled to the refund.
 - (ii) The commission shall prescribe the methods for distributing the refund.
- (c) (i) If any of the refund money has not been claimed within one year from the final decision of the court, the commission shall publish notice of the refund:
- (A) (I) once per week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in the city and county of Salt Lake[-]; and

7096 (II) in any other newspapers that the commission designates[-]; and 7097 (B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two successive weeks. (ii) The notice shall state the names of the persons entitled to the moneys and the 7098 7099 amount due each person. 7100 (iii) All moneys not claimed within three months after the publication of the notice 7101 shall be paid by the public utility into the General Fund. 7102 (5) When the court stays or suspends any order or decision lowering any rate, fare, toll, 7103 rental, charge, or classification, after the execution and approval of the supersedeas bond, the 7104 commission shall order the public utility affected to keep accounts, verified by oath, that show: 7105 (a) the amounts being charged or received by the public utility; and 7106 (b) the names and addresses of the persons to whom overcharges will be refundable. 7107 Section 159. Section **54-8-10** is amended to read: 54-8-10. Public hearing -- Notice -- Publication. 7108 7109 (1) Such notice shall be: 7110 (a) (i) published: 7111 (A) in full one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the district; or 7112 (B) if there be no such newspaper, by publication in a newspaper of general circulation 7113 in the county, city, or town in which said district is located; and 7114 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; and 7115 (b) by posting in not less than three public places in such district. 7116 (2) A copy of such notice shall be mailed by certified mail to the last known address of each owner of land within the proposed district whose property will be assessed for the cost of 7117 7118 the improvement. 7119 (3) The address to be used for said purpose shall be that last appearing on the real 7120 property assessment rolls of the county wherein said property is located. 7121 (4) In addition, a copy of such notice shall be addressed to "Owner" and shall be so 7122 mailed addressed to the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by the 7123 assessment. 7124 (5) Mailed notices and the published notice shall state where a copy of the resolution 7125 creating the district will be available for inspection by any interested parties. 7126 Section 160. Section **54-8-16** is amended to read:

7127	54-8-16. Notice of assessment Publication.
7128	(1) After the preparation of the aforesaid resolution, notice of a public hearing on the
7129	proposed assessments shall be given. [Such]
7130	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1) shall be:
7131	(a) published:
7132	(i) one time in a newspaper in which the first notice of hearing was published at least
7133	[twenty] 20 days before the date fixed for the hearing; and [shall be]
7134	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days before the date fixed for
7135	the hearing; and
7136	(b) mailed by certified mail not less than [fifteen] 15 days prior to the date fixed for
7137	such hearing to each owner of real property whose property will be assessed for part of the cost
7138	of the improvement at the last known address of such owner using for such purpose the names
7139	and addresses appearing on the last completed real property assessment rolls of the county
7140	wherein said affected property is located.
7141	(3) In addition, a copy of such notice shall be addressed to "Owner" and shall be so
7142	mailed addressed to the street number of each piece of improved property to be affected by
7143	such assessment.
7144	(4) Each notice shall state that at the specified time and place, the governing body will
7145	hold a public hearing upon the proposed assessments and shall state that any owner of any
7146	property to be assessed pursuant to the resolution will be heard on the question of whether his
7147	property will be benefited by the proposed improvement to the amount of the proposed
7148	assessment against his property and whether the amount assessed against his property
7149	constitutes more than his proper proportional share of the total cost of the improvement.
7150	(5) The notice shall further state where a copy of the resolution proposed to be adopted
7151	levying the assessments against all real property in the district will be on file for public
7152	inspection, and that subject to such changes and corrections therein as may be made by the
7153	governing body, it is proposed to adopt the resolution at the conclusion of the hearing.
7154	(6) A published notice shall describe the boundaries or area of the district with
7155	sufficient particularity to permit each owner of real property therein to ascertain that his
7156	property lies in the district.
7157	(7) The mailed notice may refer to the district by name and date of creation and shall

state the amount of the assessment proposed to be levied against the real property of the person to whom the notice is mailed.

7160 Section 161. Section **54-8-23** is amended to read:

54-8-23. Objection to amount of assessment -- Civil action -- Litigation to question or attack proceedings or legality of bonds.

- (1) No special assessment levied under this chapter shall be declared void, nor shall any such assessment or part thereof be set aside in consequence of any error or irregularity permitted or appearing in any of the proceedings under this chapter, but any party feeling aggrieved by any such special assessment or proceeding may bring a civil action to cause such grievance to be adjudicated if such action is commenced prior to the expiration of the period specified in this section.
- (2) The burden of proof to show that such special assessment or part thereof is invalid, inequitable or unjust shall rest upon the party who brings such suit.
- (3) Any such litigation shall not be regarded as an appeal within the meaning of the prohibition contained in Section 54-8-18.
- (4) Every person whose property is subject to such special assessment and who fails to appear during the public hearings on said assessments to raise his objection to such tax shall be deemed to have waived all objections to such levy except the objection that the governing body lacks jurisdiction to levy such tax.
- (5) For a period of twenty days after the governing body has adopted the enactment authorizing the assessment, any taxpayer in the district shall have the right to institute litigation for the purpose of questioning or attacking the proceedings pursuant to which the assessments have been authorized subject to the provisions of the preceding paragraph.
- (6) Whenever any enactment authorizing the issuance of any bonds pursuant to the improvement contemplated shall have been adopted such resolution shall be published:
 - (a) once in a newspaper in which the original notice of hearing was published[:]; and (b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
- (7) For a period of [twenty] 20 days thereafter, any person whose property shall have been assessed and any taxpayer in the district shall have the right to institute litigation for the purpose of questioning or attacking the legality of such bonds.
- (8) After the expiration of such [twenty-day] 20-day period, all proceedings theretofore

7189	had by the governing body, the bonds to be issued pursuant thereto, and the special assessments
7190	from which such bonds are to be paid, shall become incontestable, and no suit attacking or
7191	questioning the legality thereof may be instituted in this state, and no court shall have the
7192	authority to inquire into such matters.
7193	Section 162. Section 57-1-25 is amended to read:
7194	57-1-25. Notice of trustee's sale Description of property Time and place of
7195	sale.
7196	(1) The trustee shall give written notice of the time and place of sale particularly
7197	describing the property to be sold:
7198	(a) by publication of the notice:
7199	(i) (A) at least three times;
7200	[(ii)] (B) once a week for three consecutive weeks;
7201	[(iii)] (C) the last publication to be at least ten days but not more than 30 days before
7202	the date the sale is scheduled; and
7203	[(iv)] (D) in a newspaper having a general circulation in each county in which the
7204	property to be sold, or some part of the property to be sold, is situated; and
7205	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for 30 days before the date the sale is
7206	scheduled; and
7207	(b) by posting the notice:
7208	(i) at least 20 days before the date the sale is scheduled; and
7209	(ii) (A) in some conspicuous place on the property to be sold; and
7210	(B) at the office of the county recorder of each county in which the trust property, or
7211	some part of it, is located.
7212	(2) (a) The sale shall be held at the time and place designated in the notice of sale.
7213	(b) The time of sale shall be between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m.
7214	(c) The place of sale shall be clearly identified in the notice of sale under Subsection
7215	(1) and shall be at a courthouse serving the county in which the property to be sold, or some
7216	part of the property to be sold, is located.
7217	(3) The notice of sale shall be in substantially the following form:
7218	Notice of Trustee's Sale
7219	The following described property will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder.

payable in lawful money of the United States at the time of sale, at (insert location of sale)	
on(month\day\year), atm. of said day, for the purpose of	
foreclosing a trust deed originally executed by (and, his wife,) as trustors, in favor	
of, covering real property located at, and more particularly described as:	
(Insert legal description)	
The current beneficiary of the trust deed is and the record	
owners of the property as of the recording of the notice of default are and	
Dated(month\day\year)	
Trustee	
Section 163. Section 57-11-11 is amended to read:	
57-11-11. Rules of division Filing advertising material Injunctions	
Intervention by division in suits General powers of division.	
(1) (a) The division shall prescribe reasonable rules which shall be adopted, amended,	
or repealed only after a public hearing [with notice thereof published].	
(b) The division shall:	
(i) publish notice of the public hearing described in Subsection (1)(a):	
(A) once in a newspaper or newspapers with statewide circulation [and sent to any] and	
at least 20 days before the hearing; and	
(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for at least 20 days before the hearing; and	
(ii) send a notice to a nonprofit organization which files a written request for notice	
with the division[; said notice shall be published and sent not less than] at least 20 days prior to	
the hearing.	
(2) The rules shall include but need not be limited to:	
(a) provisions for advertising standards to assure full and fair disclosure;	
(b) provisions for escrow or trust agreements, performance bonds, or other means	
reasonably necessary to assure that all improvements referred to in the application for	
registration and advertising will be completed and that purchasers will receive the interest in	
land contracted for.	
(3) These provisions, however, shall not be required if the city or county in which the	
subdivision is located requires similar means of assurance of a nature and in an amount no less	

adequate than is required under said rules[;]:

- [(c)] (a) provisions for operating procedures;
- [(d)] (b) provisions for a shortened form of registration in cases where the division determines that the purposes of this act do not require a subdivision to be registered pursuant to an application containing all the information required by Section 57-11-6 or do not require that the public offering statement contain all the information required by Section 57-11-7; and
- [(e)] (c) other rules necessary and proper to accomplish the purpose of this [act] chapter.
- [(2)] (4) The division by rule or order, after reasonable notice, may require the filing of advertising material relating to subdivided lands prior to its distribution, provided that the division must approve or reject any advertising material within 15 days from the receipt thereof or the material shall be considered approved.
- [(3)] (5) If it appears that a person has engaged or is about to engage in an act or practice constituting a violation of a provision of this act or a rule or order hereunder, the agency, with or without prior administrative proceedings, may bring an action in the district court of the district where said person maintains his residence or a place of business or where said act or practice has occurred or is about to occur, to enjoin the acts or practices and to enforce compliance with this act or any rule or order hereunder. Upon proper showing, injunctive relief or temporary restraining orders shall be granted, and a receiver or conservator may be appointed. The division shall not be required to post a bond in any court proceedings.
- [(4)] (6) The division shall be allowed to intervene in a suit involving subdivided lands, either as a party or as an amicus curiae, where it appears that the interpretation or constitutionality of any provision of law will be called into question. In any suit by or against a subdivider involving subdivided lands, the subdivider promptly shall furnish the agency notice of the suit and copies of all pleadings. Failure to do so may, in the discretion of the division, constitute grounds for the division withholding any approval required by this [act] chapter.

[(5)] (7) The division may:

- (a) accept registrations filed in other states or with the federal government;
- (b) contract with public agencies or qualified private persons in this state or other jurisdictions to perform investigative functions; <u>and</u>
 - (c) accept grants-in-aid from any source.

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- 7282 [(6)] (8) The division shall cooperate with similar agencies in other jurisdictions to 7283 establish uniform filing procedures and forms, uniform public offering statements, advertising 7284 standards, rules, and common administrative practices.
 - Section 164. Section **59-2-918** is amended to read:

59-2-918. Advertisement of proposed tax increase -- Notice -- Contents.

- (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a taxing entity may not budget an increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue exclusive of revenue from new growth as defined in Subsection 59-2-924(4) unless it advertises its intention to do so at the same time that it advertises its intention to fix its budget for the forthcoming fiscal year.
- (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if:
- (A) the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from complying with the requirements of this section; or
- (B) the increased amount of ad valorem tax revenue results from a tax rate increase that is exempted under Subsection 59-2-919(2)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and hearing requirements of Section 59-2-919.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a taxing entity is not required to meet the advertisement requirements of this section if:
- (A) Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to budget an increased amount of ad valorem property tax revenue without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of this section; or
 - (B) the taxing entity:
- 7304 (I) collected less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year; 7305 and
- 7306 (II) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem tax 7307 revenues.
 - (2) (a) For taxing entities operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the advertisement required by this section may be combined with the advertisement required by Section 59-2-919.
- 7311 (b) For taxing entities operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,
 7312 the advertisement required by this section shall meet the [size, type, placement, and frequency]

7313	posting and form requirements established under Section 59-2-919.	
7314	(3) The form of the advertisement required by this section shall meet the size, type,	
7315	placement, and frequency] form and posting requirements established under Section 59-2-919	
7316	and shall be substantially as follows:	
7317	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE	
7318	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)	
7319	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.	
7320	• If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of% above	
7321	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.	
7322	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence	
7323	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would	
7324	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.	
7325	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having	
7326	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business	
7327	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.	
7328	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.	
7329	PUBLIC HEARING	
7330	Date/Time: (date) (time)	
7331	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)	
7332	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name	
7333	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."	
7334	(4) If a final decision regarding the budgeting of an increased amount of ad valorem tax	
7335	revenue is not made at the public hearing described in Subsection (3), the taxing entity shall	
7336	announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of	
7337	the proposed budget increase.	
7338	(5) (a) Each taxing entity operating under the January 1 through December 31 fiscal	
7339	year shall by March 1 notify the county of the date, time, and place of the public hearing at	
7340	which the budget for the following fiscal year will be considered.	
7341	(b) The county shall include the information described in Subsection (5)(a) with the tax	
7342	notice.	
7343	(6) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6	

7344	p.m.
7345	Section 165. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:
7346	59-2-919. Resolution proposing tax increases Notice Contents of notice of
7347	proposed tax increase Personal mailed notice in addition to advertisement Contents
7348	of personal mailed notice Hearing Dates.
7349	(1) A tax rate in excess of the certified tax rate may not be levied until a resolution has
7350	been approved by the taxing entity in accordance with this section.
7351	(2) (a) (i) The taxing entity shall advertise its intent to exceed the certified tax rate:
7352	(A) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
7353	general circulation in the taxing entity[-]; and
7354	(B) electronically as required in Section 45-1-101.
7355	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
7356	advertisement or hearing requirements of this section if:
7357	(A) the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from complying with the
7358	requirements of this section; or
7359	(B) (I) the taxing entity is a party to an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13
7360	Interlocal Cooperation Act, that creates an interlocal entity to provide fire protection,
7361	emergency, and emergency medical services;
7362	(II) the tax rate increase is approved by the taxing entity's voters at an election held for
7363	that purpose on or before December 31, 2010;
7364	(III) the purpose of the tax rate increase is to pay for fire protection, emergency, and
7365	emergency medical services provided by the interlocal entity; and
7366	(IV) at least 30 days before its annual budget hearing, the taxing entity:
7367	(Aa) adopts a resolution certifying that the taxing entity will dedicate all revenue from
7368	the tax rate increase exclusively to pay for fire protection, emergency, and emergency medical
7369	services provided by the interlocal entity and that the amount of other revenues, independent of
7370	the revenue generated from the tax rate increase, that the taxing entity spends for fire
7371	protection, emergency, and emergency medical services each year after the tax rate increase
7372	will not decrease below the amount spent by the taxing entity during the year immediately
7373	before the tax rate increase without a corresponding decrease in the taxing entity's property tax

revenues used in calculating the taxing entity's certified tax rate; and

7375	(Bb) sends a copy of the resolution to the commission.
7376	(iii) The exception under Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(B) from the advertisement and hearing
7377	requirements of this section does not apply to an increase in a taxing entity's tax rate that occurs
7378	after December 31, 2010, even if the tax rate increase is approved by the taxing entity's voters
7379	before that date.
7380	(iv) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(i), a taxing entity is not required to meet the
7381	advertisement requirements of this section if:
7382	(A) Section 53A-17a-133 allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that exceeds that
7383	certified tax rate without having to comply with the advertisement requirements of this section;
7384	or
7385	(B) the taxing entity:
7386	(I) collected less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year;
7387	and
7388	(II) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem tax
7389	revenues.
7390	(b) The advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) shall:
7391	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
7392	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
7393	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
7394	(c) The advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) may not be
7395	placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements
7396	appear.
7397	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
7398	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in [this section] Subsection
7399	(2)(a)(i)(A) appear in a newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
7400	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
7401	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
7402	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
7403	(e) The advertisement [described in this section shall]:
7404	(i) described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) shall be run once each week for the two weeks
7405	preceding the adoption of the final budget: [and]

/406	(11) described in Subsection (2)(a)(1)(B) shall be published two weeks preceding the
7407	adoption of the final budget; and
7408	[(iii) shall state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place
7409	fixed in the advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first
7410	advertisement is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed
7411	increase and to explain the reasons for the proposed increase.
7412	(f) The meeting on the proposed increase may coincide with the hearing on the
7413	proposed budget of the taxing entity.
7414	(3) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:
7415	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
7416	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
7417	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
7418	• If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of% above
7419	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.
7420	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
7421	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
7422	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
7423	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
7424	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
7425	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
7426	(Name of taxing entity) property tax revenue from new growth and other sources will
7427	increase from \$ to \$
7428	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
7429	PUBLIC HEARING
7430	Date/Time: (date) (time)
7431	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
7432	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
7433	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
7434	(4) The commission:
7435	(a) shall adopt rules governing the joint use of one advertisement under this section or
7436	Section 59-2-918 by two or more taxing entities; and

- 7437 (b) <u>subject to Section 45-1-101</u>, may, upon petition by any taxing entity, authorize
 7438 [either]:
 7439 (i) the use of weekly newspapers in counties having both daily and weekly newspapers
 7440 where the weekly newspaper would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; or
 7441 (ii) the use of a commission-approved direct notice to each taxpayer if the:
 - (A) cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship; and
 - (B) direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section 59-2-919.1.
 - (5) (a) The taxing entity, after holding a hearing as provided in this section, may adopt a resolution levying a tax rate in excess of the certified tax rate.
 - (b) If a resolution adopting a tax rate is not adopted on the day of the public hearing, the scheduled time and place for consideration and adoption of the resolution shall be announced at the public hearing.
 - (c) If a resolution adopting a tax rate is to be considered at a day and time that is more than two weeks after the public hearing described in Subsection 59-2-919.1(2)(c)(v), a taxing entity, other than a taxing entity described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), shall advertise the date of the proposed adoption of the resolution in the same manner as provided under Subsections (2) and (3).
 - (6) (a) All hearings described in this section shall be open to the public.
 - (b) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a hearing shall permit all interested parties desiring to be heard an opportunity to present oral testimony within reasonable time limits.
 - (7) (a) Each taxing entity shall notify the county legislative body by March 1 of each year of the date, time, and place a public hearing is held by the taxing entity pursuant to this section.
 - (b) A taxing entity may not schedule a hearing described in this section at the same time as another overlapping taxing entity in the same county, but all taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same governing board or authority may consolidate the required hearings into one hearing.
 - (c) The county legislative body shall resolve any conflicts in hearing dates and times after consultation with each affected taxing entity.
 - (8) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing under this section beginning at or after 6

7468	p.m.
7469	Section 166. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
7470	59-2-924. Report of valuation of property to county auditor and commission
7471	Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Certified tax rate Calculation of certified
7472	tax rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget.
7473	(1) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
7474	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
7475	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property assessed
7476	by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
7477	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property assessed by a
7478	county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
7479	(2) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
7480	each taxing entity:
7481	(a) the statements described in Subsections (1)(a) and (b);
7482	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
7483	(c) the certified tax rate; and
7484	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
7485	(3) (a) The "certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem
7486	property tax revenues for a taxing entity as were budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior
7487	year.
7488	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (3):
7489	(i) "Ad valorem property tax revenues" do not include:
7490	(A) collections from redemptions;
7491	(B) interest;
7492	(C) penalties; and
7493	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
7494	(I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
7495	(II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
7496	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
7497	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property assessed by a county assessor in
7498	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;

7499 (B) the aggregate taxable year end value of all personal property assessed by a county 7500 assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the prior year; and 7501 (C) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property assessed by the 7502 commission in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year. 7503 (c) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be 7504 calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted for the prior year by the 7505 taxing entity by the amount calculated under Subsection (3)(c)(ii). 7506 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(i), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall 7507 calculate an amount as follows: 7508 (A) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between: 7509 (I) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and 7510 (II) any redevelopment adjustments for the current calendar year; 7511 (B) after making the calculation required by Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A), calculate an 7512 amount determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection 7513 (3)(c)(ii)(A) by the average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the 7514 equalization period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar 7515 year; 7516 (C) after making the calculation required by Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B), calculate the 7517 product of: 7518 (I) the amount calculated under Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B); and 7519 (II) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately 7520 preceding the current calendar year; and 7521 (D) after making the calculation required by Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(C), calculate an 7522 amount determined by subtracting from the amount calculated under Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(C) 7523 any new growth as defined in this section: 7524 (I) within the taxing entity; and 7525 (II) for the following calendar year: 7526 (Aa) for new growth from real property assessed by a county assessor in accordance 7527 with Part 3, County Assessment and all property assessed by the commission in accordance 7528 with Section 59-2-201, the current calendar year; and 7529 (Bb) for new growth from personal property assessed by a county assessor in

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year.

7530 accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, the prior calendar year. 7531 (iii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(A), the aggregate taxable value of all 7532 property taxed: 7533 (A) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(B) or (3)(c)(ii)(C), is as defined in 7534 Subsection (3)(b)(ii); 7535 (B) does not include the total taxable value of personal property contained on the tax 7536 rolls of the taxing entity that is: 7537 (I) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and 7538 (II) semiconductor manufacturing equipment; and 7539 (C) for personal property assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, 7540 County Assessment, the taxable value of personal property is the year end value of the personal 7541 property contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the entity. 7542 (iv) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years beginning on or after 7543 January 1, 2007, the value of taxable property does not include the value of personal property 7544 that is: 7545 (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, 7546 County Assessment; and 7547 (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment. 7548 (v) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(C)(II), for calendar years beginning on or after 7549 January 1, 2007, the percentage of property taxes collected does not include property taxes 7550 collected from personal property that is: 7551 (A) within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, 7552 County Assessment; and 7553 (B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment. 7554 (vi) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B), for calendar years beginning on or after 7555 January 1, 2009, the value of taxable property does not include the value of personal property 7556 that is within the taxing entity assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County 7557 Assessment. 7558 (vii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

the commission may prescribe rules for calculating redevelopment adjustments for a calendar

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- 7561 (d) (i) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 7562 the commission shall make rules determining the calculation of ad valorem property tax 7563 revenues budgeted by a taxing entity.
 - (ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(d)(i), ad valorem property tax revenues budgeted by a taxing entity shall be calculated in the same manner as budgeted property tax revenues are calculated for purposes of Section 59-2-913.
 - (e) The certified tax rates for the taxing entities described in this Subsection (3)(e) shall be calculated as follows:
 - (i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(e)(ii), for new taxing entities the certified tax rate is zero;
 - (ii) for each municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
 - (A) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
 - (B) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and
 - (iii) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate shall be the actual levy imposed by that section, except that the certified tax rates for the following levies shall be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
 - (A) school leeways provided for under Sections 11-2-7, 53A-16-110, 53A-17a-125, 53A-17a-127, 53A-17a-133, 53A-17a-134, 53A-17a-143, 53A-17a-145, and 53A-21-103; and
 - (B) levies to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative orders under Section 59-2-1604.
 - (f) (i) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 shall be established at that rate which is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more eligible judgments, as defined in Section 59-2-102.
 - (ii) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the judgment levy shall not be considered in establishing the taxing entity's aggregate certified tax rate.
 - (g) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by the capital outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107 within a taxing entity in a county of the first class:
- 7591 (i) may not be considered in establishing the school district's aggregate certified tax

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7592	rate; and
7593	(ii) shall be included by the commission in establishing a certified tax rate for that
7594	capital outlay levy determined in accordance with the calculation described in Subsection
7595	59-2-913(3).
7596	(4) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
7597	(i) the taxable value of real property assessed by a county assessor contained on the
7598	assessment roll;
7599	(ii) the taxable value of real and personal property assessed by the commission; and
7600	(iii) the taxable year end value of personal property assessed by a county assessor
7601	contained on the prior year's assessment roll.
7602	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(i), the taxable value of real property on the
7603	assessment roll does not include new growth as defined in Subsection (4)(c).
7604	(c) "New growth" means:
7605	(i) the difference between the increase in taxable value of the following property of the
7606	taxing entity from the previous calendar year to the current year:
7607	(A) real property assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
7608	Assessment; and
7609	(B) property assessed by the commission under Section 59-2-201; plus
7610	(ii) the difference between the increase in taxable year end value of personal property
7611	of the taxing entity from the year prior to the previous calendar year to the previous calendar
7612	year; minus
7613	(iii) the amount of an increase in taxable value described in Subsection (4)(e).
7614	(d) For purposes of Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the taxable value of personal property of the
7615	taxing entity does not include the taxable value of personal property that is:
7616	(i) contained on the tax rolls of the taxing entity if that property is assessed by a county
7617	assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
7618	(ii) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
7619	(e) Subsection (4)(c)(iii) applies to the following increases in taxable value:
7620	(i) the amount of increase to locally assessed real property taxable values resulting

(ii) the amount of an increase in the taxable value of property assessed by the

from factoring, reappraisal, or any other adjustments; or

7623	commission under Section 59-2-201 resulting from a change in the method of apportioning the
7624	taxable value prescribed by:
7625	(A) the Legislature;
7626	(B) a court;
7627	(C) the commission in an administrative rule; or
7628	(D) the commission in an administrative order.
7629	(f) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the taxable year end value of personal
7630	property on the prior year's assessment roll does not include:
7631	(i) new growth as defined in Subsection (4)(c); or
7632	(ii) the total taxable year end value of personal property contained on the prior year's
7633	tax rolls of the taxing entity that is:
7634	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
7635	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
7636	(5) (a) On or before June 22, each taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
7637	(b) If the taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, it shall notify the county
7638	auditor of:
7639	(i) its intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
7640	(ii) the amount by which it proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
7641	(c) The county auditor shall notify all property owners of any intent to exceed the
7642	certified tax rate in accordance with [Subsection] Section 59-2-919[(3)].
7643	Section 167. Section 59-2-926 is amended to read:
7644	59-2-926. Proposed tax increase by state Notice Contents Dates.
7645	If the state authorizes a levy pursuant to Section 53A-17a-135 that exceeds the certified
7646	revenue levy as defined in Section 53A-17a-103 or authorizes a levy pursuant to Section
7647	59-2-1602 that exceeds the certified revenue levy as defined in Section 59-2-102, the state shall
7648	publish a notice no later than ten days after the last day of the annual legislative general session
7649	that meets the following requirements:
7650	(1) (a) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall advertise that the state
7651	authorized a levy that generates revenue in excess of the previous year's ad valorem tax
7652	revenue, plus new growth, but exclusive of revenue from collections from redemptions,
7653	interest, and penalties:

7654	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the state[. The advertisement]; and
7655	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
7656	(b) Except an advertisement published on a website, the advertisement described in
7657	Subsection (1)(a):
7658	(i) shall be no less than 1/4 page in size and the type used shall be no smaller than 18
7659	point, and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border[. The advertisement]:
7660	(ii) may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and
7661	classified advertisements appear[. The advertisement]; and
7662	(iii) shall be run once.
7663	(2) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:
7664	"NOTICE OF TAX INCREASE
7665	The state has budgeted an increase in its property tax revenue from \$ to
7666	\$ or%. The increase in property tax revenues will come from the following
7667	sources (include all of the following provisions):
7668	(a) \$ of the increase will come from (provide an explanation of the cause
7669	of adjustment or increased revenues, such as reappraisals or factoring orders);
7670	(b) \$ of the increase will come from natural increases in the value of the
7671	tax base due to (explain cause of new growth, such as new building activity, annexation, etc.);
7672	(c) a home valued at \$100,000 in the state of Utah which based on last year's (levy for
7673	the basic state-supported school program, levy for the Property Tax Valuation Agency Fund, or
7674	both) paid \$ in property taxes would pay the following:
7675	(i) \$ if the state of Utah did not budget an increase in property tax revenue
7676	exclusive of new growth; and
7677	(ii) \$ under the increased property tax revenues exclusive of new growth
7678	budgeted by the state of Utah."
7679	Section 168. Section 59-2-1303 is amended to read:
7680	59-2-1303. Seizure and sale Method and procedure.
7681	Unless taxes or uniform fees on personal property assessed by the county assessor are
7682	paid or secured as provided under Section 59-2-1302, the assessor or, if this duty has been
7683	reassigned in an ordinance under Section 17-16-5.5, the treasurer shall collect the taxes,
7684	including accrued interest and penalties, by seizure or seizure and subsequent sale of any

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and place of the sale.

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7685	personal property owned by the person against whom the tax is assessed. The assessor or
7686	treasurer, as the case may be, may seize that personal property on which a delinquent property
7687	tax or uniform fee exists at any time in order to protect a county's interest in that personal
7688	property. The sale of personal property shall be made in the following manner:
7689	(1) (a) For all personal property, except manufactured homes and mobile homes as
7690	provided in Subsection (1)(b), the sale shall be made:
7691	(i) at public auction;
7692	(ii) of a sufficient amount of property to pay the taxes, or uniform fees and interest,
7693	penalties, and costs;
7694	(iii) when practicable, in the city, town, or precinct where the property was seized; and
7695	(iv) after one week's notice of the time and place of the sale, given by:
7696	(A) (I) publication in a newspaper having general circulation in the county[, or by]; and
7697	(II) publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
7698	(B) posting in three public places in the county.
7699	(b) For manufactured homes and mobile homes that are used as a residence and that are
7700	listed on the personal property roll of the county, the sale shall be made:
7701	(i) at public auction;
7702	(ii) when practicable, in the city, town, or precinct where the property was seized;
7703	(iii) no sooner than one year after the taxes on the property became delinquent as
7704	determined in Section 59-2-1302;
7705	(iv) after publication of the date, time, and place of sale:
7706	(A) in a newspaper having general circulation in the county, once in each of two
7707	successive weeks immediately preceding the date of the sale; and
7708	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks immediately preceding the date
7709	of the sale; and
7710	(v) after notification, sent by certified mail at least ten days prior to the first date of
7711	publication [of the sale in a newspaper] under Subsection (1)(b)(iv), to the owner of the
7712	manufactured home or mobile home, all lien holders of record, and any other person known by

(2) For seizing or selling personal property the assessor or treasurer, as the case may

the assessor to have an interest in the manufactured home or mobile home, of the date, time,

- be, may charge in each case the actual and necessary expenses for travel and seizing, handling, keeping, selling, or caring for that property.
 - (3) Upon payment of the price bid for any personal property sold under this section, the delivery of the property, with a bill of sale, vests title in the purchaser.
 - (4) All sale proceeds in excess of taxes, or uniform fees and interest, penalties, and costs shall be returned to the owner of the personal property, and until claimed shall be deposited in the county treasury and made subject to the order of the owner, the owner's heirs, or assigns.
 - (5) The unsold portion of any property may be left at the place of sale at the risk of the owner.
 - (6) If there is no acceptable purchaser of the property, the property shall be declared the property of the county. The county executive may sell or rent any property held in the name of the county at any time after the sale upon terms determined by the county legislative body.
 - Section 169. Section **59-2-1309** is amended to read:
 - 59-2-1309. Publication of delinquency -- Seizure and sale -- Redemption -- Distribution of proceeds.
 - (1) (a) On or before December 15 of each year, the commission shall publish a list of the delinquent rail car companies and state-assessed commercial vehicles:
 - (i) in a newspaper having general circulation in the state [a list of the delinquent rail car companies and state-assessed commercial vehicles.]; and
 - (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
 - (b) The list shall contain the names of the owners, when known, and a general description of the property assessed as to which the taxes are delinquent, and the amount of the delinquent taxes.
 - (c) The commission shall publish with the list a notice that unless the delinquent taxes, together with the penalty, are paid before December 21, the property of the delinquent or so much of it as may be necessary to pay the amount of the taxes, penalty, and interest at the rate prescribed in Section 59-1-402 from December 31 to the date of sale, shall be seized and sold for taxes, interest, and costs, the sale to be made at any time and place at the discretion of the commission.
 - (d) The provisions of law governing the seizure and sale by county treasurers of

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property so seized or sold.

of sale, vests title in the purchaser.

7747 personal property for delinquent taxes shall apply to sales made by the commission under this 7748 section, except that notice of the time and place of the sale shall be given by publication: 7749 (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the state[-]; and 7750 (ii) as required in Section 45-1-101. 7751 (2) Property seized by the commission pursuant to this section may be redeemed, at 7752 any time prior to the sale, by payment of the full amount of taxes due from the delinquent 7753 together with all penalties, interest, and the costs then accrued. 7754 (3) All sums collected by the commission upon the sale or redemption of property 7755 pursuant to this section shall be immediately distributed as follows: 7756 (a) all interest, penalties, and costs to the appropriate county treasurer; and 7757 (b) any excess over the taxes, penalties, interest, and cost shall be deposited with the 7758 state treasurer subject to the order of the owner of the property sold, or the owner's heirs or 7759 assigns. 7760 Section 170. Section **59-2-1310** is amended to read: 7761 59-2-1310. Collection by seizure and sale -- Procedure -- Costs. 7762 (1) The treasurer shall collect the taxes delinquent on personal property assessed by the 7763 commission as determined by the assessor, except when sufficient real estate is liable for the 7764 tax, by seizure and sale of any personal property owned by the delinquent taxpayer. 7765 (2) The sale shall be at public auction, and of a sufficient amount of property to pay the 7766 taxes and costs, and when practicable shall be made in the city, town, or precinct where seized. 7767 (3) The sale shall be made after one week's notice of the time and place of the sale, 7768 given by: 7769 (a) (i) publication in a newspaper having general circulation in the county[, or by]; and 7770 (ii) publication in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and 7771 (b) posting in three public places in the county.

(4) For seizing or selling personal property the treasurer may charge in each case the

(5) On payment of the price bid for any personal property sold, its delivery, with a bill

(6) All excess of the proceeds of any sale over the taxes and costs shall be returned to

actual and necessary expenses for travel and seizing, handling, keeping, selling, or caring for

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- the owner of the property sold, and until claimed shall be deposited in the county treasury and disposed of under Title 67, Chapter 4a, Unclaimed Property Act, subject to the order of the owner, or the owner's heirs or assigns.
 - (7) If there is no acceptable purchaser of the property, the property shall be declared the property of the county. The county executive may sell or rent any property held in the name of the county at any time after the sale upon terms determined by the county legislative body.
 - (8) The unsold portion of any property may be left at the place of sale at the risk of the owner.
 - Section 171. Section **59-2-1332** is amended to read:
- 7787 **59-2-1332.** Extension of date of delinquency.
 - (1) (a) The county legislative body may, upon a petition of not less than 100 taxpayers or upon its own motion for good cause, by proclamation, extend the date when taxes become delinquent from November 30 to noon on December 30.
 - (b) If the county legislative body so extends this date, the county legislative body shall publish a notice of the proclamation covering this extension:
- 7793 (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in at least two issues before
 7794 November 1 of the year in which the taxes are to be paid[:]: and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks before November 1.
- 7796 (2) In all cases where the county legislative body extends the date when taxes become 7797 delinquent, the date for the selling of property to the county for delinquent taxes shall be 7798 extended 30 days from the dates provided by law.
 - Section 172. Section **59-2-1332.5** is amended to read:
- 7800 **59-2-1332.5.** Mailing notice of delinquency or publication of delinquent list -- 7801 Contents -- Notice -- Definitions.
- 7802 (1) The county treasurer shall provide notice of delinquency in the payment of property taxes:
- 7804 (a) except as provided in Subsection (4), on or before December 31 of each calendar year; and
- 7806 (b) in a manner described in Subsection (2).
- 7807 (2) A notice of delinquency in the payment of property taxes shall be provided by:
- 7808 (a) (i) mailing a written notice, postage prepaid:

/809	(A) to each delinquent taxpayer; and
7810	(B) that includes the information required by Subsection (3)(a); and
7811	(ii) making available to the public a list of delinquencies in the payment of property
7812	taxes:
7813	(A) (I) by electronic means; and
7814	(II) in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
7815	(B) that includes the information required by Subsection (3)(b); or
7816	(b) publishing a list of delinquencies in the payment of property taxes:
7817	(i) in one issue of a newspaper having general circulation in the county;
7818	(ii) that lists each delinquency in alphabetical order by:
7819	(A) the last name of the delinquent taxpayer; or
7820	(B) if the delinquent taxpayer is a business entity, the name of the business entity; and
7821	(iii) that includes the information required by Subsection (3)(b).
7822	(3) (a) A written notice of delinquency in the payment of property taxes described in
7823	Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall include:
7824	(i) a statement that delinquent taxes are due;
7825	(ii) the amount of delinquent taxes due, not including any penalties imposed in
7826	accordance with this chapter;
7827	(iii) (A) the name of the delinquent taxpayer; or
7828	(B) if the delinquent taxpayer is a business entity, the name of the business entity;
7829	(iv) (A) a description of the delinquent property; or
7830	(B) the property identification number of the delinquent property;
7831	(v) a statement that a penalty shall be imposed in accordance with this chapter; and
7832	(vi) a statement that interest accrues as of January 1 following the date of the
7833	delinquency unless before January 16 the following are paid:
7834	(A) the delinquent taxes; and
7835	(B) the penalty.
7836	(b) The list of delinquencies described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) or (2)(b) shall include:
7837	(i) the amount of delinquent taxes due, not including any penalties imposed in
7838	accordance with this chapter;
7839	(ii) (A) the name of the delinquent taxpayer; or

(B) if the delinquent taxpayer is a business entity, the name of the business entity: 7840 7841 (iii) (A) a description of the delinquent property; or 7842 (B) the property identification number of the delinquent property; 7843 (iv) a statement that a penalty shall be imposed in accordance with this chapter; and 7844 (v) a statement that interest accrues as of January 1 following the date of the 7845 delinquency unless before January 16 the following are paid: 7846 (A) the delinquent taxes; and 7847 (B) the penalty. 7848 (4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), if the county legislative body extends the date 7849 when taxes become delinquent under Subsection 59-2-1332(1), the notice of delinquency in the 7850 payment of property taxes shall be provided on or before January 10. 7851 (5) (a) In addition to the notice of delinquency in the payment of property taxes required by Subsection (1), a county treasurer may in accordance with this Subsection (5) mail 7852 7853 a notice that property taxes are delinquent: 7854 (i) to: 7855 (A) a delinquent taxpayer; 7856 (B) an owner of record of the delinquent property; 7857 (C) any other interested party that requests notice; or 7858 (D) a combination of Subsections (5)(a)(i)(A) through (C); and 7859 (ii) at any time that the county treasurer considers appropriate. (b) A notice mailed in accordance with this Subsection (5): 7860 7861 (i) shall include the information required by Subsection (3)(a); and 7862 (ii) may include any information that the county treasurer finds is useful to the owner 7863 of record of the delinquent property in determining: 7864 (A) the status of taxes owed on the delinquent property; 7865 (B) any penalty that is owed on the delinquent property; 7866 (C) any interest charged under Section 59-2-1331 on the delinquent property; or 7867 (D) any related matters concerning the delinquent property. 7868 (6) As used in this section, "business entity" means: 7869 (a) an association; 7870 (b) a corporation;

(c) a limited liability company;
(d) a partnership;
(e) a trust; or
(f) a business entity similar to Subsections (6)(a) through (e).
Section 173. Section 59-2-1351 is amended to read:
59-2-1351. Sales by county Notice of tax sale Entries on record.
(1) (a) Upon receiving the tax sale listing from the county treasurer, the county auditor
shall select a date for the tax sale for all real property on which a delinquency exists that was
not previously redeemed and upon which the period of redemption is expiring in the nearest tax
sale.
(b) The tax sale shall be conducted in May or June of the current year.
(2) Notice of the tax sale shall be provided as follows:
(a) sent by certified and first class mail to the last-known recorded owner, the occupant
of any improved property, and all other interests of record, as of the preceding March 15, at
their last-known address; and
(b) published:
(i) four times in a newspaper published and having general circulation in the county,
once in each of four successive weeks immediately preceding the date of sale; [or] and
(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks immediately preceding the
date of sale; and
(c) if no newspaper is published in the county, posted in five public places in the
county, as determined by the auditor, at least 25 but no more than 30 days prior to the date of
sale.
(3) The notice shall be in substantially the following form:
NOTICE OF TAX SALE
Notice is hereby given that on(month\day\year), at o'clock m., at
the front door of the county courthouse in County, Utah, I will offer for sale at public
auction and sell to the highest bidder for cash, under the provisions of Section 59-2-1351.1, the
following described real property located in the county and now delinquent and subject to tax
sale. A bid for less than the total amount of taxes, interest, penalty, and administrative costs
which are a charge upon the real estate will not be accepted.

7902	(Here describe the real estate)
7903	IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and official seal on
7904	(month\day\year).
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7906	County Auditor
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7908	County
7909	(4) (a) The notice sent by certified mail in accordance with Subsection (2)(a) shall
7910	include:
7911	(i) the name and last-known address of the last-known recorded owner of the property
7912	to be sold;
7913	(ii) the parcel, serial, or account number of the delinquent property; and
7914	(iii) the legal description of the delinquent property.
7915	(b) The notice published in a newspaper in accordance with Subsection (2)(b) shall
7916	include:
7917	(i) the name and last-known address of the last-known recorded owner of each parcel
7918	of property to be sold; and
7919	(ii) the street address or the parcel, serial, or account number of the delinquent parcels.
7920	Section 174. Section 59-12-402 is amended to read:
7921	59-12-402. Additional resort communities sales and use tax Base Rate
7922	Collection fees Resolution and voter approval requirements Election requirements
7923	Notice requirements Ordinance requirements.
7924	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), the governing body of a municipality in
7925	which the transient room capacity as defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or equal to
7926	66% of the municipality's permanent census population may, in addition to the sales tax
7927	authorized under Section 59-12-401, impose an additional resort communities sales tax in an
7928	amount that is less than or equal to .5% on the transactions described in Subsection
7929	59-12-103(1) located within the municipality.
7930	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the governing body of a municipality may not
7931	impose a tax under this section on:
7932	(i) the sale of:

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Subsection (3)(b), a municipality shall:

7933	(A) a motor vehicle;
7934	(B) an aircraft;
7935	(C) a watercraft;
7936	(D) a modular home;
7937	(E) a manufactured home; or
7938	(F) a mobile home;
7939	(ii) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
7940	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
7941	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and
7942	food ingredients.
7943	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
7944	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
7945	(d) A municipality imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts
7946	paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part
7947	of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal
7948	property other than food and food ingredients.
7949	(2) (a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection
7950	with the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues received by
7951	the state from its collection fees received in connection with the implementation of Subsection
7952	(1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the cities and towns which impose the tax
7953	provided for in Subsection (1).
7954	(b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among
7955	those cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns
7956	generate in that year through imposition of that tax.
7957	(3) To impose an additional resort communities sales tax under this section, the
7958	governing body of the municipality shall:
7959	(a) pass a resolution approving the tax; and
7960	(b) except as provided in Subsection (6), obtain voter approval for the tax as provided
7961	in Subsection (4).
7962	(4) To obtain voter approval for an additional resort communities sales tax under

7964 (a) hold the additional resort communities sales tax election during: 7965 (i) a regular general election; or 7966 (ii) a municipal general election; and 7967 (b) publish notice of the election: (i) 15 days or more before the day on which the election is held; and 7968 7969 (ii) (A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality[-]; and 7970 (B) as required in Section 45-1-101. 7971 (5) An ordinance approving an additional resort communities sales tax under this 7972 section shall provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Section 59-12-403. 7973 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a municipality is not subject to the 7974 voter approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if, on or before January 1, 1996, the 7975 municipality imposed a license fee or tax on businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to 7976 Section 10-1-203. 7977 (b) The exception from the voter approval requirements in Subsection (6)(a) does not 7978 apply to a municipality that, on or before January 1, 1996, imposed a license fee or tax on only 7979 one class of businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203. 7980 Section 175. Section **59-12-1001** is amended to read: 7981 59-12-1001. Authority to impose tax for highways or to fund a system for public 7982 transit -- Base -- Rate -- Ordinance requirements -- Voter approval requirements --7983 Election requirements -- Notice of election requirements -- Exceptions to voter approval 7984 requirements -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Effective date -- Notice requirements. 7985 (1) (a) A city or town in which the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) 7986 are not subject to a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-501 may as provided in this part 7987 impose a sales and use tax of: 7988 (i) beginning on January 1, 1998, and ending on December 31, 2007, .25% on the 7989 transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the city or town; or 7990 (ii) beginning on January 1, 2008, .30% on the transactions described in Subsection 7991 59-12-103(1) located within the city or town. 7992 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a city or town may not impose a tax under this 7993 section on:

(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses

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7995	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
7996	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food
7997	ingredients.
7998	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
7999	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
8000	(d) A city or town imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts
8001	paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part
8002	of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal
8003	property other than food and food ingredients.
8004	(2) (a) A city or town imposing a tax under this part may use the revenues generated by
8005	the tax:
8006	(i) for the construction and maintenance of highways under the jurisdiction of the city
8007	or town imposing the tax;
8008	(ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), to fund a system for public transit; or
8009	(iii) for a combination of the purposes described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii).
8010	(b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii) and except as provided in Subsection
8011	(2)(b)(ii), "public transit" is as defined in Section 17B-2a-802.
8012	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i), "public transit" does not include a fixed
8013	guideway system.
8014	(3) To impose a tax under this part, the governing body of the city or town shall:
8015	(a) pass an ordinance approving the tax; and
8016	(b) except as provided in Subsection (7) or (8), obtain voter approval for the tax as
8017	provided in Subsection (4).
8018	(4) To obtain voter approval for a tax under Subsection (3)(b), a city or town shall:
8019	(a) hold an election during:
8020	(i) a regular general election; or
8021	(ii) a municipal general election; and
8022	(b) publish notice of the election:

(i) 15 days or more before the day on which the election is held; and

(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.

(ii) (A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or town[:]; and

8026 (5) An ordinance approving a tax under this part shall provide an effective date for the 8027 tax as provided in Subsection (6). 8028 (6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6): 8029 (i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 8030 4, Annexation. 8031 (ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town. 8032 (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after April 1, 2008, a city 8033 or town enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect: 8034 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 8035 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 8036 the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the city or town. 8037 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state: 8038 (A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax under this part; 8039 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); 8040 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and 8041 (D) if the city or town enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of 8042 the tax. 8043 (c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period: 8044 (A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and 8045 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax under Subsection (1). 8046 8047 (ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period: (A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and 8048 8049 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 8050 of the tax imposed under Subsection (1). 8051 (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 8052 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in 8053 Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect: 8054 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 8055 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under 8056 Subsection (6)(b)(i).

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(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 8057 8058 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 8059 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs 8060 on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this 8061 part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect: 8062 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 8063 8064 the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area. 8065 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state: 8066 (A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area; 8067 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); 8068 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and 8069 8070 (D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A). 8071 (f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period: 8072 (A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and 8073 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 8074 enactment of the tax under Subsection (1). 8075 (ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period: 8076 (A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and 8077 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 8078 of the tax imposed under Subsection (1). 8079 (g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 8080 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in 8081 Subsection (6)(e)(i) takes effect: 8082 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under 8083 8084 Subsection (6)(e)(i).

- 261 -

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a city or town is not subject to the

commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

8088	voter approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if:
8089	(i) on or before January 1, 1996, the city or town imposed a license fee or tax on
8090	businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203; or
8091	(ii) the city or town:
8092	(A) on or before June 30, 2002, obtained voter approval in accordance with Subsection
8093	(3)(b) to impose a tax under this part for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); and
8094	(B) on or after July 1, 2002, uses the revenues generated by a tax under this part for a
8095	purpose described in Subsection (2)(a).
8096	(b) The exception from the voter approval requirements in Subsection (7)(a)(i) does not
8097	apply to a city or town that, on or before January 1, 1996, imposed a license fee or tax on only
8098	one class of businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section 10-1-203.
8099	(8) A city or town is not subject to the voter approval requirements of Subsection
8100	(3)(b) if:
8101	(a) on December 31, 2007, the city or town imposes a tax of .25% under this section;
8102	and
8103	(b) on or after January 1, 2008, the city or town increases the tax rate under this section
8104	to .30%.
8105	Section 176. Section 59-12-1102 is amended to read:
8106	59-12-1102. Base Rate Imposition of tax Distribution of revenue
8107	Administration Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice requirements.
8108	(1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (5), and in addition to any other tax
8109	authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax
8110	of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).
8111	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this
8112	section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are
8113	exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
8114	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be

(c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:

determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

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8117 (i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are 8118 located within municipalities in the county; and

8119	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of
8120	January:
8121	(A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the
8122	ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or
8123	(B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the
8124	ordinance is adopted after May 25.
8125	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the county option sales and use tax under
8126	this section shall be imposed:
8127	(i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before
8128	September 4, 1997; or
8129	(ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997
8130	but after September 4, 1997.
8131	(2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a
8132	county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in
8133	the county.
8134	(b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting
8135	time of no earlier than 6 p.m.
8136	(ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven
8137	days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published.
8138	(c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county
8139	shall advertise [in a newspaper of general circulation in the county]:
8140	(A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax;
8141	(B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and
8142	(C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments
8143	regarding the proposed tax.
8144	(ii) The advertisement shall be published:
8145	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once each week for the two
8146	weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings[-]; and
8147	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks preceding the earlier of the two
8148	public hearings.
8149	(iii) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be no less than 1/8

page in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.

- (iv) The advertisement <u>described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A)</u> may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
 - (v) [Whenever] In accordance with Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A), whenever possible:
- (A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days a week, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and
- (B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the community, and not one of limited subject matter.
- (d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda Procedures.
- (3) (a) If the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population, the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected.
- (b) If the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state population:
- (i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected; and
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax, based on the total population of each county.
- (c) If the amount to be distributed annually to a county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not equal at least \$75,000, then:
- (i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and
- (ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under Subsection (3)(c)(i).

8181	(d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under
8182	Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).
8183	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part
8184	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
8185	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
8186	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
8187	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
8188	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
8189	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to
8190	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).
8191	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the fee charged by the commission under
8192	Section 59-12-206 shall be based on the distribution amounts resulting after all the applicable
8193	distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made.
8194	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):
8195	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
8196	Annexation to County.
8197	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
8198	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
8199	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:
8200	(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or
8201	(II) the repeal shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
8202	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
8203	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the county.
8204	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
8205	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
8206	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);
8207	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and
8208	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
8209	tax.
8210	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
8211	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and

8212 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 8213 enactment of the tax under Subsection (1). 8214 (ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period: 8215 (A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and 8216 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 8217 of the tax imposed under Subsection (1). (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 8218 8219 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in 8220 Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect: 8221 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 8222 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under 8223 Subsection (5)(b)(i). 8224 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 8225 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 8226 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs 8227 on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this 8228 part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect: 8229 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 8230 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 8231 the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area. 8232 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state: 8233 (A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or 8234 repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area; 8235 (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); 8236 (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and 8237 (D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A). 8238 (f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period: 8239 (A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and 8240 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 8241 enactment of the tax under Subsection (1). 8242 (ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

8243	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
8244	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
8245	of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
8246	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
8247	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
8248	Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
8249	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
8250	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
8251	Subsection (5)(e)(i).
8252	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
8253	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
8254	Section 177. Section 63B-1-317 is amended to read:
8255	63B-1-317. Publication of resolution or other proceeding Contest of
8256	proceedings Mandamus to compel official to sign obligations.
8257	(1) The authority may provide for the publication of any resolution it adopts for the
8258	authorization of obligations under this part:
8259	(a) in one issue of a newspaper having general circulation in this state[-]; and
8260	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
8261	(2) In case of resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of obligations
8262	under this part, the authority may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other
8263	proceeding, publish a notice of obligations to be issued, titled as such, containing:
8264	(a) the name of the authority;
8265	(b) the purpose of the issue;
8266	(c) the type of obligations and the principal amount to be issued;
8267	(d) the maximum maturity of the obligations;
8268	(e) the maximum net effective rate of interest payable on the issue of obligations;
8269	(f) the maximum discount from par which is to be permitted if the obligations may be
8270	sold at a discount below par value; and
8271	(g) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be
8272	examined, during regular business hours, for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of
8273	the notice.

8274	(3) (a) For a period of 30 days after the date of publication under Subsection (1) or (2),
8275	any interested person may contest the legality of the resolution, of the obligations authorized by
8276	it, or any of the provisions made for the security and payment of these obligations.
8277	(b) After this period, no one shall have any cause of action to contest the regularity,
8278	formality, or legality of same for any cause whatsoever, except as provided in Subsection (4).
8279	(4) (a) If any official required to sign the obligations refuses to sign them because the
8280	official alleges that the obligations to be signed are illegal, the authority may bring an original
8281	action in the supreme court for a writ of mandamus requiring the official to sign the
8282	obligations.
8283	(b) Because of the importance of the facilities construction and acquisition program
8284	provided for in this part, the Utah Supreme Court shall:
8285	(i) give this action precedence over any other matters pending before the court; and
8286	(ii) consider and determine these matters at the earliest possible time.
8287	Section 178. Section 63B-1a-501 is amended to read:
8288	63B-1a-501. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8289	legality.
8290	(1) The commission may either:
8291	(a) (i) publish once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah any resolution
8292	adopted by [it; or] the commission; and
8293	(ii) publish, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, any resolution adopted by the
8294	commission; or
8295	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8296	titled as such, containing:
8297	(i) the purpose of the bond issue;
8298	(ii) the type of bonds and the maximum principal amount that may be issued;
8299	(iii) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature;
8300	(iv) the maximum interest rate that the bonds may bear, if any;
8301	(v) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at
8302	which the bonds may be sold; and
8303	(vi) that a copy of the resolution or other proceedings may be examined at the office of
8304	the state treasurer during regular business hours for at least 30 days after the publication of the

8303	nonce.
8306	(2) For 30 days after the date of publication, any interested person may contest:
8307	(a) the legality of the resolution;
8308	(b) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8309	(c) any of the provisions made for the repayment of the bonds.
8310	(3) After 30 days, a person may not, for any cause, contest:
8311	(a) the legality of the resolution;
8312	(b) any of the bonds authorized under the resolution; or
8313	(c) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8314	Section 179. Section 63B-2-116 is amended to read:
8315	63B-2-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8316	legality.
8317	(1) The commission may:
8318	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8319	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8320	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8321	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8322	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8323	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8324	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8325	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8326	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8327	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8328	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8329	bonds for any cause.
8330	Section 180. Section 63B-2-216 is amended to read:
8331	63B-2-216. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8332	legality.
8333	(1) The commission may:
8334	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8335	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and

8330	(ii) as required in Section 43-1-101; or
8337	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8338	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8339	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8340	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8341	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8342	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8343	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8344	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8345	bonds for any cause.
8346	Section 181. Section 63B-3-116 is amended to read:
8347	63B-3-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8348	legality.
8349	(1) The commission may:
8350	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8351	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8352	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8353	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8354	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8355	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8356	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8357	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8358	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8359	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8360	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8361	bonds for any cause.
8362	Section 182. Section 63B-3-216 is amended to read:
8363	63B-3-216. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8364	legality.
8365	(1) The commission may:
8366	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:

8367	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8368	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8369	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8370	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8371	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8372	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8373	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8374	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8375	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8376	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8377	bonds for any cause.
8378	Section 183. Section 63B-4-116 is amended to read:
8379	63B-4-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8380	legality.
8381	(1) The commission may:
8382	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8383	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8384	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8385	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8386	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8387	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8388	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8389	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8390	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8391	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8392	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8393	bonds for any cause.
8394	Section 184. Section 63B-5-116 is amended to read:
8395	63B-5-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8396	legality.
8397	(1) The commission may:

8398	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8399	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8400	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8401	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8402	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8403	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8404	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8405	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8406	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8407	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8408	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8409	bonds for any cause.
8410	Section 185. Section 63B-6-116 is amended to read:
8411	63B-6-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8412	legality.
8413	(1) The commission may:
8414	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8415	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8416	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8417	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8418	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8419	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8420	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8421	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8422	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8423	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8424	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8425	bonds for any cause.
8426	Section 186. Section 63B-6-216 is amended to read:
8427	63B-6-216. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8428	legality.

8429	(1) The commission may:
8430	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8431	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8432	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8433	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8434	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8435	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8436	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8437	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8438	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8439	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8440	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8441	bonds for any cause.
8442	Section 187. Section 63B-6-416 is amended to read:
8443	63B-6-416. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8444	legality.
8445	(1) The commission may:
8446	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8447	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8448	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8449	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8450	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8451	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8452	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8453	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8454	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8455	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8456	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8457	bonds for any cause.
8458	Section 188. Section 63B-7-116 is amended to read:
8459	63R-7-116 Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest

8460	legality.
8461	(1) The commission may:
8462	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8463	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8464	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8465	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8466	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8467	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8468	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8469	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8470	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8471	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8472	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8473	bonds for any cause.
8474	Section 189. Section 63B-7-216 is amended to read:
8475	63B-7-216. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8476	legality.
8477	(1) The commission may:
8478	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8479	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8480	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8481	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8482	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8483	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8484	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8485	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8486	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8487	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8488	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8489	bonds for any cause.
8490	Section 190. Section 63B-7-416 is amended to read:

8491	63B-7-416. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8492	legality.
8493	(1) The commission may:
8494	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8495	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8496	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8497	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8498	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8499	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8500	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8501	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8502	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8503	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8504	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8505	bonds for any cause.
8506	Section 191. Section 63B-8-116 is amended to read:
8507	63B-8-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8508	legality.
8509	(1) The commission may:
8510	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8511	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8512	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8513	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8514	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8515	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8516	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8517	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8518	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8519	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8520	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8521	bonds for any cause.

8522	Section 192. Section 63B-8-216 is amended to read:
8523	63B-8-216. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8524	legality.
8525	(1) The commission may:
8526	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8527	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8528	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8529	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8530	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8531	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8532	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8533	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8534	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8535	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8536	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8537	bonds for any cause.
8538	Section 193. Section 63B-8-416 is amended to read:
8539	63B-8-416. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8540	legality.
8541	(1) The commission may:
8542	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8543	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8544	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8545	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8546	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8547	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8548	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8549	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8550	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8551	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8552	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the

0333	bonds for any cause.
8554	Section 194. Section 63B-10-116 is amended to read:
8555	63B-10-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8556	legality.
8557	(1) The commission may:
8558	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8559	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8560	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8561	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8562	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8563	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8564	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8565	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8566	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8567	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8568	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8569	bonds for any cause.
8570	Section 195. Section 63B-11-116 is amended to read:
8571	63B-11-116. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8572	legality.
8573	(1) The commission may:
8574	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8575	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8576	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8577	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8578	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8579	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8580	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8581	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8582	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8583	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the

8584	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8585	bonds for any cause.
8586	Section 196. Section 63B-11-216 is amended to read:
8587	63B-11-216. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8588	legality.
8589	(1) The commission may:
8590	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8591	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8592	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8593	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8594	titled as such, containing the information required in Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8595	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8596	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8597	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8598	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8599	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8600	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8601	bonds for any cause.
8602	Section 197. Section 63B-11-316 is amended to read:
8603	63B-11-316. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8604	legality.
8605	(1) The commission may:
8606	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8607	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8608	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8609	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8610	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8611	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8612	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8613	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8614	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.

8615	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8616	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8617	bonds for any cause.
8618	Section 198. Section 63B-11-516 is amended to read:
8619	63B-11-516. Publication of resolution or notice Limitation on actions to contest
8620	legality.
8621	(1) The commission may:
8622	(a) publish any resolution it adopts under this chapter:
8623	(i) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; [or] and
8624	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8625	(b) in lieu of publishing the entire resolution, publish a notice of bonds to be issued,
8626	titled as such, containing the information required by Subsection 11-14-316(2).
8627	(2) (a) Any interested person, for 30 days after the date of publication, may contest:
8628	(i) the legality of the resolution;
8629	(ii) any of the bonds authorized under it; or
8630	(iii) any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the bonds.
8631	(b) After 30 days, a person may not contest the legality of the resolution, any of the
8632	bonds authorized under it, or any of the provisions made for the security and repayment of the
8633	bonds for any cause.
8634	Section 199. Section 63C-7-306 is amended to read:
8635	63C-7-306. Publication of notice, resolution, or other proceeding Period for
8636	contesting.
8637	(1) The executive committee of the Utah Communications Agency Network may
8638	provide for the publication of any resolution or other proceedings adopted under this chapter:
8639	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation within the state[-]; and
8640	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
8641	(2) In case of a resolution or other proceeding providing for the issuance of bonds, the
8642	executive committee may, in lieu of publishing the entire resolution or other proceeding,
8643	publish a notice of bonds to be issued containing:
8644	(a) the name of the issuer;
8645	(b) the purpose of the issue;

8646 (c) the type of bonds and the maximum principal amount which may be issued; 8647 (d) the maximum number of years over which the bonds may mature; (e) the maximum interest rate which the bonds may bear, if any; 8648 8649 (f) the maximum discount from par, expressed as a percentage of principal amount, at 8650 which the bonds may be sold; and 8651 (g) the times and place where a copy of the resolution or other proceeding may be 8652 examined, which shall be at the principal office of the Utah Communications Agency Network 8653 during regular business hours and for a period of at least 30 days after the publication of the 8654 notice. 8655 (3) For a period of 30 days after the publication, any person in interest may contest the 8656 legality of the resolution or proceeding, any bonds which may be authorized by the resolution 8657 or proceeding, or any provision made for the security and payment of the bonds by filing a pleading with the district court for the city in which the Utah Communications Network 8658 8659 maintains its principal office. 8660 Section 200. Section **63G-6-401** is amended to read: 8661 63G-6-401. Contracts awarded by sealed bidding -- Procedure. (1) Contracts shall be awarded by competitive sealed bidding except as otherwise 8662 8663 provided by this chapter. 8664 (2) (a) An invitation for bids shall be issued when a contract is to be awarded by 8665 competitive sealed bidding. (b) The invitation shall include a purchase description and all contractual terms and 8666 8667 conditions applicable to the procurement. 8668 (3) (a) Public notice of the invitation for bids shall be given a reasonable time before 8669 the date set forth in the invitation for the opening of bids, in accordance with rules. 8670 (b) The notice may include: 8671 (i) publication in a newspaper of general circulation a reasonable time before bid 8672 opening[:]; and (ii) publication, in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for a reasonable time before bid 8673 8674 opening. 8675 (4) (a) Bids shall be opened publicly in the presence of one or more witnesses at the

time and place designated in the invitation for bids.

- (b) The amount of each bid and any other relevant information specified by rules, together with the name of each bidder, shall be recorded.
 - (c) The record and each bid shall be open to public inspection.
- (5) (a) Bids shall be unconditionally accepted without alteration or correction, except as authorized in this chapter.
 - (b) (i) Bids shall be evaluated based on the requirements set forth in the invitation for bids, which may include criteria to determine acceptability such as inspection, testing, quality, workmanship, delivery, and suitability for a particular purpose.
 - (ii) Those criteria that will affect the bid price and be considered in evaluation for award shall be objectively measurable.
 - (iii) The criteria may include discounts, transportation costs, and total or life cycle costs.
- (c) No criteria may be used in bid evaluation that are not set forth in the invitation for bids.
 - (6) (a) Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids before or after award, or cancellation of awards or contracts based on the bid mistakes, shall be permitted in accordance with rules.
 - (b) After bid opening, no changes in bid prices or other provisions of bids prejudicial to the interest of the state or fair competition may be permitted.
 - (c) Except as otherwise provided by rule, all decisions to permit the correction or withdrawal of bids or to cancel awards or contracts based on bid mistakes shall be supported by a written determination made by the chief procurement officer or the head of a purchasing agency.
 - (7) (a) The contract shall be awarded with reasonable promptness by written notice to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder whose bid meets the requirements and criteria set forth in the invitation for bids.
 - (b) (i) If all bids for a construction project exceed available funds as certified by the appropriate fiscal officer, and the low responsive and responsible bid does not exceed those funds by more than 5%, the chief procurement officer or the head of a purchasing agency may, in situations where time or economic considerations preclude resolicitation of work of a reduced scope, negotiate an adjustment of the bid price, including changes in the bid

8708	requirements, with the low responsive and responsible bidder in order to bring the bid within
8709	the amount of available funds.
8710	(ii) If the State Building Board establishes alternative procedures by rule under Section
8711	63A-5-103, the Division of Facilities Construction and Management need not comply with the
8712	provisions of this Subsection (7) when a bid meets the requirements of the State Building
8713	Board's rule.
8714	(8) When it is considered impractical to prepare initially a purchase description to
8715	support an award based on price, an invitation for bids may be issued requesting the
8716	submission of unpriced offers to be followed by an invitation for bids limited to those bidders
8717	whose offers have been qualified under the criteria set forth in the first solicitation.
8718	Section 201. Section 63G-9-303 is amended to read:
8719	63G-9-303. Meeting to examine claims Notice of meeting.
8720	(1) At least 60 days preceding the meeting of each Legislature the board must hold a
8721	session for the purpose of examining the claims referred to in Section 63G-9-302, and may
8722	adjourn from time to time until the work is completed.
8723	(2) The board [must] shall cause notice of such meeting or meetings to be published:
8724	(a) in some newspaper at the seat of government and such other newspapers as may be
8725	determined by the board for such time as the board may prescribe[-]; and
8726	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
8727	Section 202. Section 63H-1-403 is amended to read:
8728	63H-1-403. Notice of project area plan adoption Effective date of plan
8729	Contesting the formation of the plan.
8730	(1) (a) Upon the board's adoption of a project area plan, the board shall provide notice
8731	as provided in Subsection (1)(b) by:
8732	(i) publishing or causing to be published a notice:
8733	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the authority's boundaries; [or] and
8734	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; or
8735	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the authority's boundaries <u>as</u>
8736	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), causing a notice to be posted in at least three public places
8737	within the authority's boundaries.

(b) Each notice under Subsection (1)(a) shall:

8739	(i) set forth the board resolution adopting the project area plan or a summary of the
8740	resolution; and
8741	(ii) include a statement that the project area plan is available for general public
8742	inspection and the hours for inspection.
8743	(2) The project area plan shall become effective on the date of:
8744	(a) if notice was published under Subsection (1)(a), publication of the notice; or
8745	(b) if notice was posted under Subsection (1)(a), posting of the notice.
8746	(3) The authority shall make the adopted project area plan available to the general
8747	public at its offices during normal business hours.
8748	Section 203. Section 63H-1-701 is amended to read:
8749	63H-1-701. Annual authority budget Fiscal year Public hearing required
8750	Auditor forms Requirement to file form.
8751	(1) The authority shall prepare and its board adopt an annual budget of revenues and
8752	expenditures for the authority for each fiscal year.
8753	(2) Each annual authority budget shall be adopted before June 22.
8754	(3) The authority's fiscal year shall be the period from July 1 to the following June 30.
8755	(4) (a) Before adopting an annual budget, the authority board shall hold a public
8756	hearing on the annual budget.
8757	(b) The authority shall provide notice of the public hearing on the annual budget by:
8758	(i) publishing [at least one] notice:
8759	(A) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation within the authority boundaries,
8760	one week before the public hearing; [or] and
8761	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101; or
8762	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the authority boundaries \underline{as}
8763	described in Subsection (4)(a)(i)(A), posting a notice of the public hearing in at least three
8764	public places within the authority boundaries.
8765	(c) The authority shall make the annual budget available for public inspection at least
8766	three days before the date of the public hearing.
8767	(5) The state auditor shall prescribe the budget forms and the categories to be contained
8768	in each authority budget, including:
8769	(a) revenues and expenditures for the budget year;

8770	(b) legal fees; and
8771	(c) administrative costs, including rent, supplies, and other materials, and salaries of
8772	authority personnel.
8773	(6) (a) Within 30 days after adopting an annual budget, the authority board shall file a
8774	copy of the annual budget with the auditor of the county in which the authority is located, the
8775	State Tax Commission, the state auditor, the State Board of Education, and each taxing entity
8776	that levies a tax on property from which the authority collects tax increment.
8777	(b) The requirement of Subsection (6)(a) to file a copy of the annual budget with the
8778	state as a taxing entity is met if the authority files a copy with the State Tax Commission and
8779	the state auditor.
8780	Section 204. Section 63H-1-801 is amended to read:
8781	63H-1-801. Dissolution of authority Restrictions Filing copy of ordinance
8782	Authority records Dissolution expenses.
8783	(1) The authority may not be dissolved unless the authority has no outstanding bonded
8784	indebtedness, other unpaid loans, indebtedness, or advances, and no legally binding contractual
8785	obligations with persons or entities other than the state.
8786	(2) Upon the dissolution of the authority, the Governor's Office of Economic
8787	Development shall publish a notice of dissolution:
8788	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the dissolved authority
8789	is located[- - - -]; and
8790	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101.
8791	(3) The books, documents, records, papers, and seal of each dissolved authority shall
8792	be deposited for safekeeping and reference with the state auditor.
8793	(4) The authority shall pay all expenses of the deactivation and dissolution.
8794	Section 205. Section 67-4a-402 is amended to read:
8795	67-4a-402. Publication of notice.
8796	Within 12 months of the date the unclaimed property was paid or delivered to the
8797	administrator, the administrator shall:
8798	(1) cause a notice to be published:
8799	(a) once in a newspaper having general circulation in Utah; and
8800	(b) as required in Section 45-1-101; and

8801	(2) ensure that the notice <u>described in Subsection (1)(a)</u> is in a form that is likely to
8802	attract the attention of the apparent owner of the unclaimed property.
8803	Section 206. Section 67-4a-403 is amended to read:
8804	67-4a-403. Disposition of abandoned property Sale.
8805	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), the administrator shall:
8806	(i) within three years after the receipt of abandoned property, sell the property to the
8807	highest bidder at a public sale, which may include sale via the Internet; and
8808	(ii) if the sale is held at a specified physical location, publish notice of the sale:
8809	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in this state at least three weeks before the
8810	sale[-]; and
8811	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least three weeks before the sale.
8812	(b) The administrator may hold the sale in whatever city in Utah he believes will
8813	provide the most favorable market for the property.
8814	(c) The administrator may decline the highest bid and reoffer the property for sale if the
8815	bid is insufficient.
8816	(d) If the administrator determines that the probable cost of sale exceeds the value of
8817	the property, the administrator need not offer the property for sale.
8818	(e) When any person makes a claim, the administrator shall provide the person with:
8819	(i) the property delivered by the holder to the administrator; or
8820	(ii) the proceeds received from the sale.
8821	(f) The administrator may, in the administrator's discretion, deduct reasonable fees and
8822	expenses incurred from the sale.
8823	(2) (a) The administrator shall sell:
8824	(i) securities listed on an established stock exchange at prices prevailing at the time of
8825	sale on the exchange; and
8826	(ii) securities not listed on an established stock exchange:
8827	(A) over-the-counter at prices prevailing at the time of sale; or
8828	(B) by any other method the administrator considers to be in the best interest of the
8829	state.
8830	(b) The administrator may sell securities upon receipt.
8831	(c) When any person makes a claim, the administrator shall provide the person with:

8832	(i) the securities delivered to the administrator by the holder, if they still remain in the
8833	hands of the administrator; or
8834	(ii) the proceeds received from the sale.
8835	(d) The administrator may, in the administrator's discretion, deduct reasonable fees and
8836	expenses incurred from the sale.
8837	(e) A person making a claim under this section may not make any claim against the
8838	state, the holder, any transfer agent, registrar or other person acting for or on behalf of a holder
8839	for any appreciation in the value of the property occurring after delivery by the holder to the
8840	administrator.
8841	(3) (a) The purchaser of any property at any sale conducted by the administrator under
8842	the authority of this chapter takes the property free of all claims of the owner or previous
8843	holder of the property and of all persons claiming through or under them.
8844	(b) The administrator shall execute all documents necessary to complete the transfer of
8845	ownership.
8846	Section 207. Section 72-3-108 is amended to read:
8847	72-3-108. County roads Vacation and narrowing.
8848	(1) A county may, by ordinance, vacate, narrow, or change the name of a county road
8849	without petition or after petition by a property owner.
8850	(2) A county may not vacate a county road unless notice of the hearing is:
8851	(a) published:
8852	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once a week for four consecutive
8853	weeks [prior to] before the hearing; [or] and
8854	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks before the hearing; and
8855	(b) posted in three public places for four consecutive weeks prior to the hearing; and
8856	(c) mailed to the department and all owners of property abutting the county road.
8857	(3) The right-of-way and easements, if any, of a property owner and the franchise rights
8858	of any public utility may not be impaired by vacating or narrowing a county road.
8859	(4) Except as provided in Section 72-5-305, if a county vacates a county road, the
8860	state's right-of-way interest in the county road is also vacated.
8861	Section 208. Section 72-5-105 is amended to read:
8862	72-5-105. Highways, streets, or roads once established continue until abandoned

8863 -- Temporary closure.

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- (1) All public highways, streets, or roads once established shall continue to be highways, streets, or roads until abandoned or vacated by order of a highway authority having jurisdiction or by other competent authority.
- (2) (a) For purposes of assessment, upon the recordation of an order executed by the proper authority with the county recorder's office, title to the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road shall vest to the adjoining record owners, with 1/2 of the width of the highway, street, or road assessed to each of the adjoining owners.
- (b) Provided, however, that should a description of an owner of record extend into the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road that portion of the vacated or abandoned highway, street, or road shall vest in the record owner, with the remainder of the highway, street, or road vested as otherwise provided in this Subsection (2).
- (3) (a) In accordance with this section, a state or local highway authority may temporarily close a class B or D road, an R.S. 2477 right-of-way, or a portion of a class B or D road or R.S. 2477 right-of-way.
 - (b) A temporary closure authorized under this section is not an abandonment.
- (c) A temporary closure under Subsection (3)(a) may be authorized only under the following circumstances:
- 8881 (i) when a federal authority, or other person, provides an alternate route to an R.S. 2477 right-of-way or portion of an R.S. 2477 right-of-way that is:
 - (A) accepted by the highway authority; and
- 8884 (B) formalized by:
- 8885 (I) a federal permit; or
- 8886 (II) a written agreement between the federal authority or other person and the highway authority; or
- 8888 (ii) when a state or local highway authority determines that correction or mitigation of 8889 injury to private or public land resources is necessary on or near a class B or D road or portion 8890 of a class B or D road.
- (d) A highway authority shall reopen an R.S. 2477 right-of-way or portion of an R.S.
 2477 right-of-way temporarily closed under this section if the alternate route is closed for any
 reason.

8894	(e) A temporary closure authorized under Subsection (3)(c)(11) shall:
8895	(i) be authorized annually; and
8896	(ii) not exceed two years or the time it takes to complete the correction or mitigation,
8897	whichever is less.
8898	(4) Prior to authorizing a temporary closure under Subsection (3), a highway authority
8899	shall:
8900	(a) hold a hearing on the proposed temporary closure;
8901	(b) provide notice of the hearing by:
8902	(i) mailing a notice to the Department of Transportation and all owners of property
8903	abutting the highway; and
8904	(ii) (A) publishing the notice:
8905	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county at least once a week for four
8906	consecutive weeks [prior to] before the hearing; [or] and
8907	(II) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks before the hearing; or
8908	(B) posting the notice in three public places for at least four consecutive weeks prior to
8909	the hearing; and
8910	(c) pass an ordinance authorizing the temporary closure.
8911	(5) The right-of-way and easements, if any, of a property owner and the franchise rights
8912	of any public utility may not be impaired by a temporary closure authorized under this section.
8913	Section 209. Section 72-6-108 is amended to read:
8914	72-6-108. Class B and C roads Improvement projects Contracts Retainage.
8915	(1) A county executive for class B roads and the municipal executive for class C roads
8916	shall cause plans, specifications, and estimates to be made prior to the construction of any
8917	improvement project, as defined in Section 72-6-109, on a class B or C road if the estimated
8918	cost for any one project exceeds the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor,
8919	equipment, and materials.
8920	(2) (a) All projects in excess of the bid limit shall be performed under contract to be let
8921	to the lowest responsible bidder.
8922	(b) If the estimated cost of the improvement project exceeds the bid limit for labor,
8923	equipment, and materials, the project may not be divided to permit the construction in parts,
8924	unless each part is done by contract.

8923	(3) (a) The advertisement on bids shall be published.
8926	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the work is to be
8927	performed at least once a week for three consecutive weeks[-]; and
8928	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
8929	(b) If there is no newspaper of general circulation as described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)
8930	the notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county.
8931	(4) The county or municipal executive or their designee shall receive sealed bids and
8932	open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The county or municipal
8933	executive or their designee may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
8934	(5) The person, firm, or corporation that is awarded a contract under this section is
8935	subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code.
8936	(6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or
8937	improvement of a class B or C road is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or
8938	withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
8939	Section 210. Section 73-1-4 is amended to read:
8940	73-1-4. Reversion to the public by abandonment or forfeiture for nonuse within
8941	seven years Nonuse application.
8942	(1) As used in this section:
8943	(a) "Public entity" means:
8944	(i) the United States;
8945	(ii) an agency of the United States;
8946	(iii) the state;
8947	(iv) a state agency;
8948	(v) a political subdivision of the state; or
8949	(vi) an agency of a political subdivision of the state.
8950	(b) "Public water supplier" means an entity that:
8951	(i) supplies water, directly or indirectly, to the public for municipal, domestic, or
8952	industrial use; and
8953	(ii) is:
8954	(A) a public entity;
8955	(B) a water corporation, as defined in Section 54-2-1, that is regulated by the Public

8956	Service Commission;
8957	(C) a community water system:
8958	(I) that:
8959	(Aa) supplies water to at least 100 service connections used by year-round residents; or
8960	(Bb) regularly serves at least 200 year-round residents; and
8961	(II) whose voting members:
8962	(Aa) own a share in the community water system;
8963	(Bb) receive water from the community water system in proportion to the member's
8964	share in the community water system; and
8965	(Cc) pay the rate set by the community water system based on the water the member
8966	receives; or
8967	(D) a water users association:
8968	(I) in which one or more public entities own at least 70% of the outstanding shares; and
8969	(II) that is a local sponsor of a water project constructed by the United States Bureau of
8970	Reclamation.
8971	(c) "Shareholder" is as defined in Section 73-3-3.5.
8972	(d) "Water company" is as defined in Section 73-3-3.5.
8973	(e) "Water supply entity" means an entity that supplies water as a utility service or for
8974	irrigation purposes and is also:
8975	(i) a municipality, water conservancy district, metropolitan water district, irrigation
8976	district, or other public agency;
8977	(ii) a water company regulated by the Public Service Commission; or
8978	(iii) any other owner of a community water system.
8979	(2) (a) When an appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest abandons or
8980	ceases to use all or a portion of a water right for a period of seven years, the water right or the
8981	unused portion of that water right is subject to forfeiture in accordance with Subsection (2)(c),
8982	unless the appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest files a nonuse application
8983	with the state engineer.
8984	(b) (i) A nonuse application may be filed on all or a portion of the water right,
8985	including water rights held by a water company.
8986	(ii) After giving written notice to the water company, a shareholder may file a nonuse

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application with the state engineer on the water represented by the stock.

- (c) (i) A water right or a portion of the water right may not be forfeited unless a judicial action to declare the right forfeited is commenced within 15 years from the end of the latest period of nonuse of at least seven years.
- (ii) If forfeiture is asserted in an action for general determination of rights in conformance with the provisions of Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights, the 15-year limitation period shall commence to run back in time from the date the state engineer's proposed determination of rights is served upon each claimant.
- (iii) A decree entered in an action for general determination of rights under Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights, shall bar any claim of forfeiture for prior nonuse against any right determined to be valid in the decree, but does not bar a claim for periods of nonuse that occur after the entry of the decree.
- (iv) A proposed determination by the state engineer in an action for general determination of rights under Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights, bars a claim of forfeiture for prior nonuse against any right proposed to be valid, unless a timely objection has been filed within the time allowed in Chapter 4, Determination of Water Rights.
- (v) If in a judicial action a court declares a water right forfeited, on the date on which the water right is forfeited:
 - (A) the right to use the water reverts to the public; and
 - (B) the water made available by the forfeiture:
- (I) first, satisfies other water rights in the hydrologic system in order of priority date; and
 - (II) second, may be appropriated as provided in this title.
- (d) This section applies whether the unused or abandoned water or a portion of the water is:
 - (i) permitted to run to waste; or
- 9013 (ii) used by others without right with the knowledge of the water right holder.
- 9014 (e) This section does not apply to:
- 9015 (i) the use of water according to a lease or other agreement with the appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest;
- 9017 (ii) a water right if its place of use is contracted under an approved state agreement or

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9018	federal conservation fallowing program;
9019	(iii) those periods of time when a surface water or groundwater source fails to yield
9020	sufficient water to satisfy the water right;
9021	(iv) a water right when water is unavailable because of the water right's priority date;
9022	(v) a water right to store water in a surface reservoir or an aquifer, in accordance with
9023	Title 73, Chapter 3b, Groundwater Recharge and Recovery Act, if:
9024	(A) the water is stored for present or future use; or
9025	(B) storage is limited by a safety, regulatory, or engineering restraint that the
9026	appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest cannot reasonably correct;
9027	(vi) a water right if a water user has beneficially used substantially all of the water right
9028	within a seven-year period, provided that this exemption does not apply to the adjudication of a
9029	water right in a general determination of water rights under Chapter 4, Determination of Water
9030	Rights;
9031	(vii) except as provided by Subsection (2)(g), a water right:
9032	(A) (I) owned by a public water supplier;
9033	(II) represented by a public water supplier's ownership interest in a water company; or
9034	(III) to which a public water supplier owns the right of use; and
9035	(B) conserved or held for the reasonable future water requirement of the public, which
9036	is determined according to Subsection (2)(f);
9037	(viii) a supplemental water right during a period of time when another water right
9038	available to the appropriator or the appropriator's successor in interest provides sufficient water
9039	so as to not require use of the supplemental water right; or
9040	(ix) a water right subject to an approved change application where the applicant is
9041	diligently pursuing certification.

- (f) (i) The reasonable future water requirement of the public is the amount of water needed in the next 40 years by the persons within the public water supplier's projected service area based on projected population growth or other water use demand.
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(i), a community water system's projected service area:
 - (A) is the area served by the community water system's distribution facilities; and
 - (B) expands as the community water system expands the distribution facilities in

9049	accordance with Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe Drinking Water Act.
9050	(g) For a water right acquired by a public water supplier on or after May 5, 2008,
9051	Subsection (2)(e)(vii) applies if:
9052	(i) the public water supplier submits a change application under Section 73-3-3; and
9053	(ii) the state engineer approves the change application.
9054	(3) (a) The state engineer shall furnish a nonuse application form requiring the
9055	following information:
9056	(i) the name and address of the applicant;
9057	(ii) a description of the water right or a portion of the water right, including the point of
9058	diversion, place of use, and priority;
9059	(iii) the quantity of water;
9060	(iv) the period of use;
9061	(v) the extension of time applied for;
9062	(vi) a statement of the reason for the nonuse of the water; and
9063	(vii) any other information that the state engineer requires.
9064	(b) (i) Filing the nonuse application extends the time during which nonuse may
9065	continue until the state engineer issues an order on the nonuse application.
9066	(ii) Approval of a nonuse application protects a water right from forfeiture for nonuse
9067	from the application's filing date until the approved application's expiration date.
9068	(c) (i) Upon receipt of the application, the state engineer shall publish a notice of the
9069	application once a week for two successive weeks:
9070	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the source of the water
9071	supply is located and where the water is to be used[-]; and
9072	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101.
9073	(ii) The notice shall:
9074	(A) state that an application has been made; and
9075	(B) specify where the interested party may obtain additional information relating to the
9076	application.
9077	(d) Any interested person may file a written protest with the state engineer against the
9078	granting of the application:
9079	(i) within 20 days after the notice is published, if the adjudicative proceeding is

9080	informal; and
9081	(ii) within 30 days after the notice is published, if the adjudicative proceeding is
9082	formal.
9083	(e) In any proceedings to determine whether the nonuse application should be approved
9084	or rejected, the state engineer shall follow the procedures and requirements of Title 63G,
9085	Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
9086	(f) After further investigation, the state engineer may approve or reject the application.
9087	(4) (a) The state engineer shall grant a nonuse application on all or a portion of a water
9088	right for a period of time not exceeding seven years if the applicant shows a reasonable cause
9089	for nonuse.
9090	(b) A reasonable cause for nonuse includes:
9091	(i) a demonstrable financial hardship or economic depression;
9092	(ii) the initiation of water conservation or efficiency practices, or the operation of a
9093	groundwater recharge recovery program approved by the state engineer;
9094	(iii) operation of legal proceedings;
9095	(iv) the holding of a water right or stock in a mutual water company without use by any
9096	water supply entity to meet the reasonable future requirements of the public;
9097	(v) situations where, in the opinion of the state engineer, the nonuse would assist in
9098	implementing an existing, approved water management plan; or
9099	(vi) the loss of capacity caused by deterioration of the water supply or delivery
9100	equipment if the applicant submits, with the application, a specific plan to resume full use of
9101	the water right by replacing, restoring, or improving the equipment.
9102	(5) (a) Sixty days before the expiration of a nonuse application, the state engineer shall
9103	notify the applicant by mail or by any form of electronic communication through which receipt
9104	is verifiable, of the date when the nonuse application will expire.
9105	(b) An applicant may file a subsequent nonuse application in accordance with this
9106	section.
9107	Section 211. Section 73-1-16 is amended to read:
9108	73-1-16. Petition for hearing to determine validity Notice Service Pleading
9109	Costs Review.

Where any water users' association, irrigation company, canal company, ditch company,

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reservoir company, or other corporation of like character or purpose, organized under the laws of this state has entered into or proposes to enter into a contract with the United States for the payment by such association or company of the construction and other charges of a federal reclamation project constructed, under construction, or to be constructed within this state, and where funds for the payment of such charges are to be obtained from assessments levied upon the stock of such association or company, or where a lien is created or will be created against any of the land, property, canals, water rights or other assets of such association or company or against the land, property, canals, water rights or other assets of any stockholder of such association or company to secure the payment of construction or other charges of a reclamation project, the water users' association, irrigation company, canal company, ditch company, reservoir company or other corporation of like character or purpose may file in the district court of the county wherein is situated the office of such association or company a petition entitled "......... Water Users' Association" or "......... Company," as the case may be, "against the stockholders of said association or company and the owners and mortgagees of land within the Federal Reclamation Project." No other or more specific description of the defendants shall be required. In the petition it may be stated that the water users' association, irrigation company, canal company, ditch company, reservoir company or other corporation of like character and purpose has entered into or proposes to enter into a contract with the United States, to be set out in full in said petition, with a prayer that the court find said contract to be valid, and a modification of any individual contracts between the United States and the stockholders of such association or company, or between the association or company, and its stockholders, so far as such individual contracts are at variance with the contract or proposed contract between the association or company and the United States.

Thereupon a notice in the nature of a summons shall issue under the hand and seal of the clerk of said court, stating in brief outline the contents of said petition, and showing where a full copy of said contract or proposed contract may be examined, such notice to be directed to the said defendants under the same general designations, which shall be deemed sufficient to give the court jurisdiction of all matters involved and parties interested. Service shall be obtained (a) by publication of such notice once a week for three consecutive weeks (three times) in a newspaper published in each county where the irrigable land of such federal reclamation project is situated, (b) as required in Section 45-1-101 for three weeks, and [(b)]

9142 (c) by the posting at least three weeks prior to the date of the hearing on said petition of the 9143 notice and a complete copy of the said contract or proposed contract in the office of the 9144 plaintiff association or company, and at three other public places within the boundaries of such 9145 federal reclamation project. Any stockholder in the plaintiff association or company, or owner, 9146 or mortgagee of land within said federal reclamation project affected by the contract proposed 9147 to be made by such association or company, may demur to or answer said petition before the 9148 date set for such hearing or within such further time as may be allowed therefor by the court. 9149 The failure of any persons affected by the said contract to answer or demur shall be construed, 9150 so far as such persons are concerned as an acknowledgment of the validity of said contract and 9151 as a consent to the modification of said individual contracts if any with such association or 9152 company or with the United States, to the extent that such modification is required to cause the 9153 said individual contracts if any to conform to the terms of the contract or proposed contract 9154 between the plaintiff and the United States. All persons filing demurrers or answers shall be 9155 entered as defendants in said cause and their defense consolidated for hearing or trial. Upon 9156 hearing the court shall examine all matters and things in controversy and shall enter judgment 9157 and decree as the case warrants, showing how and to what extent, if any, the said individual 9158 contracts of the defendants or under which they claim are modified by the plaintiff's contract or 9159 proposed contract with the United States, In reaching his conclusion in such causes, the court 9160 shall follow a liberal interpretation of the laws, and shall disregard informalities or omissions 9161 not affecting the substantial rights of the parties, unless it is affirmatively shown that such 9162 informalities or omissions led to a different result than would have been obtained otherwise. 9163 The Code of Civil Procedure shall govern matters of pleading and practice as nearly as may be. 9164 Costs may be assessed or apportioned among contesting parties in the discretion of the trial court. Review of the judgment of the district court by the Supreme Court may be had as in 9165 9166 other civil causes.

Section 212. Section **73-3-6** is amended to read:

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73-3-6. Publication of notice of application -- Corrections or amendments of applications.

- (1) (a) When an application is filed in compliance with this title, the state engineer shall publish a notice of the application:
 - (i) once a week for a period of two successive weeks in a newspaper of general

91/3	circulation in the county in which the source of supply is located, and where the water is to be
9174	used[:]; and
9175	(ii) in accordance within Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
9176	(b) The notice shall:
9177	(i) state that an application has been made; and
9178	(ii) specify where the interested party may obtain additional information relating to the
9179	application.
9180	(c) Clerical errors, ambiguities, and mistakes that do not prejudice the rights of others
9181	may be corrected by order of the state engineer either before or after the publication of notice.
9182	(2) After publication of notice to water users, the state engineer may authorize
9183	amendments or corrections that involve a change of point of diversion, place, or purpose of use
9184	of water, only after republication of notice to water users.
9185	Section 213. Section 73-3-12 is amended to read:
9186	73-3-12. Time limit on construction and application to beneficial use
9187	Extensions Procedures and criteria.
9188	(1) As used in this section:
9189	(a) "Public agency" means:
9190	(i) a public water supply agency of the state or a political subdivision of the state; or
9191	(ii) the Bureau of Reclamation.
9192	(b) "Wholesale electrical cooperative" is as defined in Section 54-2-1.
9193	(2) (a) An applicant shall construct works, if necessary, and apply the water to
9194	beneficial use within the time fixed by the state engineer.
9195	(b) Except as provided by Subsection (2)(c), the state engineer may grant an extension
9196	of time, not exceeding 50 years from the application's approval date, if the applicant shows
9197	diligence or a reasonable cause for delay.
9198	(c) The state engineer may grant an extension of time, beyond 50 years, on an
9199	application held by a public agency or a wholesale electrical cooperative if the public agency or
9200	wholesale electrical cooperative shows that the water will be needed to meet the reasonable
9201	future water or electricity requirements of the public.
9202	(d) An applicant shall file a request for an extension of time with the office of the state
9203	engineer on or before the date fixed for filing proof of appropriation.

9204	(e) The state engineer may grant an extension of time:
9205	(i) not exceeding 14 years after the approval date upon a sufficient showing; and
9206	(ii) beyond 14 years after application and publication of notice.
9207	(f) (i) The state engineer shall publish a notice of the application:
9208	(A) once a week for two successive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation, in the
9209	county in which the water supply source is located and where the water is to be used[:]; and
9210	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
9211	(ii) The notice shall:
9212	(A) state that an application has been made; and
9213	(B) specify where the interested party may obtain additional information relating to the
9214	application.
9215	(g) Any person who owns a water right or holds an application from the source of
9216	supply referred to in Subsection (2)(f) may file a protest with the state engineer:
9217	(i) within 20 days after the notice is published, if the adjudicative proceeding is
9218	informal; and
9219	(ii) within 30 days after the notice is published, if the adjudicative proceeding is
9220	formal.
9221	(h) In considering an application to extend the time in which to place water to
9222	beneficial use under an approved application, the state engineer shall deny the extension of
9223	time and declare the application lapsed, unless the applicant affirmatively shows that the
9224	applicant has exercised or is exercising reasonable and due diligence in working toward
9225	completion of the appropriation.
9226	(i) (i) The state engineer shall approve the extension of time if the applicant shows
9227	reasonable and due diligence.
9228	(ii) The approved extension of time is effective so long as the applicant continues to
9229	exercise reasonable diligence in completing the appropriation.
9230	(j) (i) The state engineer shall consider the holding of an approved application by a
9231	public agency or a wholesale electrical cooperative to meet the reasonable future water or
9232	electricity requirements of the public to be reasonable and due diligence within the meaning of
9233	this section for the first 50 years.

(ii) The state engineer may approve an extension of time beyond 50 years for a public

9235	agency or a wholesale electrical cooperative, if the public agency or wholesale electrical
9236	cooperative provides information that shows the water will be needed to meet the reasonable
9237	future water or electricity requirements of the public.
9238	(k) If the state engineer finds unjustified delay or lack of diligence in prosecuting the
9239	works to completion, the state engineer may:
9240	(i) deny the extension of time; or
9241	(ii) grant the request in part or upon conditions, including a reduction of the priority of
9242	all or part of the application.
9243	(3) (a) Except as provided by Subsections (3)(b) and (c), an application upon which
9244	proof has not been submitted shall lapse and have no further force or effect after the expiration
9245	of 50 years from the date of its approval.
9246	(b) If the works are constructed with which to make beneficial use of the water applied
9247	for, the state engineer may, upon showing of that fact, grant additional time beyond the 50-year
9248	period in which to make proof.
9249	(c) An application held by a public agency or a wholesale electrical cooperative to meet
9250	the reasonable future water or electricity requirements of the public, for which proof of
9251	appropriation has not been submitted, shall lapse, unless extended as provided in Subsection
9252	(2)(j).
9253	Section 214. Section 73-3a-107 is amended to read:
9254	73-3a-107. Publication of notice of application Corrections or amendments of
9255	applications.
9256	(1) (a) When an application is filed in accordance with Section 73-3a-106 and relevant
9257	provisions of Chapter 3, Appropriation, the state engineer shall publish a notice of the
9258	application:
9259	(i) once a week for a period of two successive weeks in a newspaper of general
9260	circulation in the county in which the water source is located and where the water is to be
9261	used[-]; and
9262	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
9263	(b) The notice shall:
9264	(i) state that an application has been made: and

(ii) specify where the interested party may obtain additional information relating to the

9266 application.

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- (c) The notice <u>described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)</u> may be published in more than one newspaper.
- (2) Clerical errors, ambiguities, and mistakes in the application that do not prejudice the rights of others may be corrected by order of the state engineer either before or after the publication of notice.
- (3) If amendments or corrections to the application are made that involve a change of point of diversion, place of use, or purpose of use of water, the notice must be republished.

Section 215. Section 73-4-3 is amended to read:

- 73-4-3. Procedure for action to determine rights -- Notice to and list of claimants -- Manner of giving notice of further proceedings -- Duties of engineer -- Survey -- Notice of completion.
- (1) Upon the filing of any action by the state engineer as provided in Section 73-4-1, or by any person claiming the right to use the waters of any river system, lake, underground water basin, or other natural source of supply that involves a determination of the rights to the major part of the water of the source of supply or the rights of ten or more of the claimants of the source of supply, the clerk of the district court shall notify the state engineer that a suit has been filed.
 - (2) (a) The state engineer then shall give notice to the claimants by publishing notice:
- (i) once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper designated by the court as most likely to give notice to such claimants[-]; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
- (b) The notice shall state:
 - (i) an action has been filed;
 - (ii) the name of the action;
- (iii) the name and location of the court in which the action is pending; and
- 9292 (iv) the name or description of the water source involved.
- 9293 (c) Claimants to the use of water shall notify the state engineer within 90 days from the 9294 date notice is given of their names and addresses.
 - (d) After the expiration of 90 days, the state engineer shall prepare a list that shall include the names and addresses of all claimants then of record in the state engineer's office

and all claimants who have notified the state engineer of their addresses, and this list shall be certified by the state engineer as complete and filed with the clerk of the court.

- (e) The court upon petition may by order permit the addition of names and addresses to this list at any time during the pendency of the action, and the clerk of the court may, without court order, upon notice from the claimant note any change of address.
- (f) If any claimant appears in this action by an attorney, the clerk shall note on the list the address of the attorney.
- (g) After the list is filed by the state engineer, notice of further proceedings, after service of summons, may be given without court order by mailing a copy thereof to the persons listed at the addresses listed and by mailing a copy thereof to any attorney of record for any such person, and notice may be given to such listed persons and to all other claimants by publication in the manner and for the time prescribed by order of the district court and in accordance with Subsection (2)(a).
- (3) After the statement or list is filed, the state engineer shall begin the survey of the water source and the ditches, canals, wells, tunnels, or other works diverting water therefrom.
- (4) (a) As soon as the survey is complete, the state engineer shall file notice of completion with the clerk and give notice by mail or by personal service to all claimants whose names appear on the list that:
 - (i) the survey is complete;
 - (ii) their claims are due within 90 days from the date of notice; and
- (iii) within 90 days after service of the notice, each claimant must file a written statement with the clerk of the court setting forth the claimant's respective claim to the use of the water.
 - (b) Notice given by mail is complete when the notice is mailed.
- (5) When a suit has been filed by the state engineer as provided by Section 73-4-1, or by any person involving the major part of the waters of any river system, lake, underground water basin, or other source of supply, or the rights of ten or more of the water claimants of the source of supply, whether the suit is filed prior to or after the enactment hereof, the state engineer, upon receiving notice, shall examine the records of the state engineer's office with respect to the water source involved, and if they are incomplete to make such further investigation and survey as may be necessary for the preparation of the report and

9328 recommendation as required by Section 73-4-11.

(6) In all such cases the court shall proceed to determine the water rights involved in the manner provided by this chapter, and not otherwise.

Section 216. Section 73-4-4 is amended to read:

73-4-4. Summons -- Service -- Publication -- Form -- Delivery of form for claimant's statement.

- (1) (a) Claimants whose names appear on the list prescribed by Section 73-4-3 at the time the list is filed by the state engineer with the clerk of the court shall be served with a summons issued out of the district court and served as a summons is served in other civil cases.
- (b) Upon the filing by the state engineer of an affidavit that the state engineer has searched the records of the state engineer's office and has listed all names as required by Section 73-4-3, and upon proof of publication of notice to all claimants to notify the state engineer of their names and addresses, summons may be served on all other persons and claimants not listed on said list by publication of summons[5]:
- (i) in a newspaper or newspapers designated by the judge of the court as most likely to give notice to the persons served, five times, once each week for five successive weeks[-]; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for five weeks.
 - (c) Service of summons is completed upon the date of the publication.
 - (d) The summons shall be substantially in the following form:

"In the District Court of County, State of Utah, in the matter of the general adjudication of water rights in the described water source.

9349 SUMMONS

The State of Utah to the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear and defend the above entitled action which is brought for the purpose of making a general determination of the water rights of the described water source. Upon the service of this summons upon you, you will thereafter be subject to the jurisdiction of the entitled court and it shall be your duty to follow further proceedings in the above entitled action and to protect your rights therein. When the state engineer has completed the survey you will be given a further written notice, either in person or by mail, sent to your last-known address, that you must file a water users claim in this action setting forth the nature of your claim, and said notice will specify the date upon which your water users claim is due

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and thereafter you must file said claim within the time set and your failure so to do will constitute a default in the premises and a judgment may be entered against you declaring and adjudging that you have no right in or to the waters of described water source."

(2) At the time the said notice of completion of survey is given, the state engineer must mail or otherwise deliver a form upon which the claimant shall present in writing, as provided in the next succeeding section, all the particulars relating to the appropriation of the water of said river system or water source to which the claimant lays claim.

Section 217. Section **73-4-9** is amended to read:

73-4-9. Failure to file statement -- Relief.

The filing of each statement by a claimant shall be considered notice to all persons of the claim of the party making the same, and any person failing to make and deliver such statement of claim to the clerk of the court within the time prescribed by law shall be forever barred and estopped from subsequently asserting any rights, and shall be held to have forfeited all rights to the use of the water theretofore claimed by him; provided, that any claimant, upon whom no other service of said notice shall have been made than by publication in a newspaper and as required in Section 45-1-101, may apply to the court for permission to file a statement of claim after the time therefor has expired, and the court may extend the time for filing such statement, not exceeding six months from the publication of said notice; but, before said time is extended, the applicant shall give notice by publication in a newspaper having general circulation and as required in Section 45-1-101 on such river system or near the water source to all other persons interested in the water of such river system or water source, and shall make it appear to the satisfaction of the court that during the pendency of the proceedings he had no actual notice thereof in time to appear and file a statement and make proof of his claim; and all parties interested may be heard as to the matter of his actual notice of the pendency of such proceedings.

Section 218. Section 73-5-14 is amended to read:

73-5-14. Determination by the state engineer of watershed to which particular source is tributary -- Publications of notice and result -- Hearing -- Judicial review.

(1) The state engineer shall have the power to determine for administrative and distribution purposes the watershed to which any particular stream or source of water is tributary.

9390 (2) Said determination may be made only after publication of notice to the water users. 9391 (3) Said publication of notice shall be made: 9392 (a) in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in every county in this 9393 state in which any rights might be affected. The publication is to be made once each week for 9394 five consecutive weeks.] once each week for five consecutive weeks; and 9395 (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for five weeks. 9396 (4) It shall fix the date and place of hearing and at said hearing any water user shall be 9397 given an opportunity to appear and adduce evidence material to the determination of the 9398 question involved. 9399 (5) The result of said determination by the state engineer shall likewise be published in 9400 the manner set forth above and said notice of the decision of the state engineer shall also notify 9401 the public that any person aggrieved by said decision may appeal from said decision as 9402 provided by Section 73-3-14; and notice shall be deemed to have been given so as to start the 9403 time for appeal upon completion of the publication of notice. 9404 Section 219. Section **73-5-15** is amended to read: 9405 73-5-15. Groundwater management plan. 9406 (1) As used in this section: 9407 (a) "Critical management area" means a groundwater basin in which the groundwater 9408 withdrawals consistently exceed the safe yield. 9409 (b) "Safe yield" means the amount of groundwater that can be withdrawn from a 9410 groundwater basin over a period of time without exceeding the long-term recharge of the basin 9411 or unreasonably affecting the basin's physical and chemical integrity. 9412 (2) (a) The state engineer may regulate groundwater withdrawals within a specific 9413 groundwater basin by adopting a groundwater management plan in accordance with this section 9414 for any groundwater basin or aquifer or combination of hydrologically connected groundwater 9415 basins or aquifers. 9416 (b) The objectives of a groundwater management plan are to: 9417 (i) limit groundwater withdrawals to safe yield; 9418 (ii) protect the physical integrity of the aquifer; and 9419 (iii) protect water quality.

(c) The state engineer shall adopt a groundwater management plan for a groundwater

9421	basin if more than 1/3 of the water right owners in the groundwater basin request that the state
9422	engineer adopt a groundwater management plan.
9423	(3) (a) In developing a groundwater management plan, the state engineer may consider:
9424	(i) the hydrology of the groundwater basin;
9425	(ii) the physical characteristics of the groundwater basin;
9426	(iii) the relationship between surface water and groundwater, including whether the
9427	groundwater should be managed in conjunction with hydrologically connected surface waters;
9428	(iv) the geographic spacing and location of groundwater withdrawals;
9429	(v) water quality;
9430	(vi) local well interference; and
9431	(vii) other relevant factors.
9432	(b) The state engineer shall base the provisions of a groundwater management plan on
9433	the principles of prior appropriation.
9434	(c) (i) The state engineer shall use the best available scientific method to determine
9435	safe yield.
9436	(ii) As hydrologic conditions change or additional information becomes available, safe
9437	yield determinations made by the state engineer may be revised by following the procedures
9438	listed in Subsection (5).
9439	(4) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the withdrawal of water from a
9440	groundwater basin shall be limited to the basin's safe yield.
9441	(ii) Before limiting withdrawals in a groundwater basin to safe yield, the state engineer
9442	shall:
9443	(A) determine the groundwater basin's safe yield; and
9444	(B) adopt a groundwater management plan for the groundwater basin.
9445	(iii) If the state engineer determines that groundwater withdrawals in a groundwater
9446	basin exceed the safe yield, the state engineer shall regulate groundwater rights in that
9447	groundwater basin based on the priority date of the water rights under the groundwater
9448	management plan, unless a voluntary arrangement exists under Subsection (4)(c) that requires a
9449	different distribution.
9450	(b) When adopting a groundwater management plan for a critical management area, the

state engineer shall, based on economic and other impacts to an individual water user or a local

community caused by the implementation of safe yield limits on withdrawals, allow gradual implementation of the groundwater management plan.

- (c) (i) In consultation with the state engineer, water users in a groundwater basin may agree to participate in a voluntary arrangement for managing withdrawals at any time, either before or after a determination that groundwater withdrawals exceed the groundwater basin's safe yield.
- (ii) A voluntary arrangement under Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall be consistent with other law.
- (iii) The adoption of a voluntary arrangement under this Subsection (4)(c) by less than all of the water users in a groundwater basin does not affect the rights of water users who do not agree to the voluntary arrangement.
 - (5) To adopt a groundwater management plan, the state engineer shall:
- (a) give notice as specified in Subsection (7) at least 30 days before the first public meeting held in accordance with Subsection (5)(b):
 - (i) that the state engineer proposes to adopt a groundwater management plan;
- (ii) describing generally the land area proposed to be included in the groundwater management plan; and
- (iii) stating the location, date, and time of each public meeting to be held in accordance with Subsection (5)(b);
- (b) hold one or more public meetings in the geographic area proposed to be included within the groundwater management plan to:
 - (i) address the need for a groundwater management plan;
- (ii) present any data, studies, or reports that the state engineer intends to consider in preparing the groundwater management plan;
- (iii) address safe yield and any other subject that may be included in the groundwater management plan;
- (iv) outline the estimated administrative costs, if any, that groundwater users are likely to incur if the plan is adopted; and
- (v) receive any public comments and other information presented at the public meeting, including comments from any of the entities listed in Subsection (7)(a)(iii);
- 9482 (c) receive and consider written comments concerning the proposed groundwater

9483	management plan from any person for a period determined by the state engineer of not less
9484	than 60 days after the day on which the notice required by Subsection (5)(a) is given;
9485	(d) (i) at least 60 days prior to final adoption of the groundwater management plan,
9486	publish notice:
9487	(A) that a draft of the groundwater management plan has been proposed; and
9488	(B) specifying where a copy of the draft plan may be reviewed; and
9489	(ii) promptly provide a copy of the draft plan in printed or electronic form to each of
9490	the entities listed in Subsection (7)(a)(iii) that makes written request for a copy; and
9491	(e) provide notice of the adoption of the groundwater management plan.
9492	(6) A groundwater management plan shall become effective on the date notice of
9493	adoption is completed under Subsection (7), or on a later date if specified in the plan.
9494	(7) (a) A notice required by this section shall be:
9495	(i) published:
9496	(A) once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in
9497	each county that encompasses a portion of the land area proposed to be included within the
9498	groundwater management plan; and
9499	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks;
9500	(ii) published conspicuously on the state engineer's Internet website; and
9501	(iii) mailed to each of the following that has within its boundaries a portion of the land
9502	area to be included within the proposed groundwater management plan:
9503	(A) county;
9504	(B) incorporated city or town;
9505	(C) improvement district under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Improvement District
9506	Act;
9507	(D) service area, under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service Area Act;
9508	(E) drainage district, under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 2, Drainage District Act;
9509	(F) irrigation district, under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act;
9510	(G) metropolitan water district, under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 6, Metropolitan
9511	Water District Act;
9512	(H) special service district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control services,
9513	under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;

9514 (I) water conservancy district, under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water 9515 Conservancy District Act; and 9516 (J) conservation district, under Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District Act. 9517 (b) A notice required by this section is effective upon substantial compliance with 9518 Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iii). 9519 (8) A groundwater management plan may be amended in the same manner as a 9520 groundwater management plan may be adopted under this section. 9521 (9) The existence of a groundwater management plan does not preclude any otherwise 9522 eligible person from filing any application or challenging any decision made by the state 9523 engineer within the affected groundwater basin. 9524 (10) (a) A person aggrieved by a groundwater management plan may challenge any 9525 aspect of the groundwater management plan by filing a complaint within 60 days after the 9526 adoption of the groundwater management plan in the district court for any county in which the 9527 groundwater basin is found. 9528 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (9), a person may challenge the components of a 9529 groundwater management plan only in the manner provided by Subsection (10)(a). 9530 (c) An action brought under this Subsection (10) is reviewed de novo by the district 9531 court. 9532 (d) A person challenging a groundwater management plan under this Subsection (10) 9533 shall join the state engineer as a defendant in the action challenging the groundwater 9534 management plan. 9535 (e) (i) Within 30 days after the day on which a person files an action challenging any 9536 aspect of a groundwater management plan under Subsection (10)(a), the person filing the action 9537 shall publish notice of the action: 9538 (A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the district court is 9539 located[-]; and 9540 (B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks. 9541 (ii) The notice required by Subsection (10)(e)(i)(A) shall be published once a week for 9542 two consecutive weeks. 9543 (iii) The notice required by Subsection (10)(e)(i) shall:

(A) identify the groundwater management plan the person is challenging;

9545	(B) identify the case number assigned by the district court;
9546	(C) state that a person affected by the groundwater management plan may petition the
9547	district court to intervene in the action challenging the groundwater management plan; and
9548	(D) list the address for the clerk of the district court in which the action is filed.
9549	(iv) (A) Any person affected by the groundwater management plan may petition to
9550	intervene in the action within 60 days after the day on which notice is last published under
9551	Subsections (10)(e)(i) and (ii).
9552	(B) The district court's treatment of a petition to intervene under this Subsection
9553	(10)(e)(iv) is governed by the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
9554	(v) A district court in which an action is brought under Subsection (10)(a) shall
9555	consolidate all actions brought under that Subsection and include in the consolidated action any
9556	person whose petition to intervene is granted.
9557	(11) A groundwater management plan adopted or amended in accordance with this
9558	section is exempt from the requirements in Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
9559	Rulemaking Act.
9560	(12) Recharge and recovery projects permitted under Chapter 3b, Groundwater
9561	Recharge and Recovery Act, are exempted from this section.
9562	(13) Nothing in this section may be interpreted to require the development,
9563	implementation, or consideration of a groundwater management plan as a prerequisite or
9564	condition to the exercise of the state engineer's enforcement powers under other law, including
9565	powers granted under Section 73-2-25.
9566	(14) A groundwater management plan adopted in accordance with this section may not
9567	apply to the dewatering of a mine.
9568	(15) (a) A groundwater management plan adopted by the state engineer before May 1,
9569	2006, remains in force and has the same legal effect as it had on the day on which it was
9570	adopted by the state engineer.
9571	(b) If a groundwater management plan that existed before May 1, 2006, is amended on
9572	or after May 1, 2006, the amendment is subject to this section's provisions.
9573	Section 220. Section 73-6-2 is amended to read:
9574	73-6-2. Restoration by proclamation Priority of applications.

(1) Waters withdrawn from appropriation under this chapter may be restored by

proclamation of the governor upon the recommendation of the state engineer.

- (2) Such proclamation shall not become effective until notice thereof has been published:
- (a) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the boundaries of the river system or water source within which the waters so to be restored are situated[-]; and
 - (b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
- (3) Applications for appropriations shall not be filed during the time such waters are withdrawn from appropriation; provided, that after the first publication of notice aforesaid applications may be deposited with the state engineer and at the time such proclamation becomes effective the engineer shall hold public hearings, giving all applicants notice, to determine which applications so filed during the period of publication of such notice are most conducive to the public good, and shall file such applications in order of priority according to such determination.
 - Section 221. Section **75-1-401** is amended to read:

75-1-401. Notice -- Method and time of giving.

- (1) If notice of a hearing on any petition is required and except for specific notice requirements as otherwise provided, the petitioner shall cause notice of the time and place of hearing of any petition to be given to any interested person or his attorney if he has appeared by attorney or requested that notice be sent to his attorney. Notice shall be given by the clerk posting a copy of the notice for the ten consecutive days immediately preceding the time set for the hearing in at least three public places in the county, one of which must be at the courthouse of the county[;] and:
- (a) (i) by the clerk mailing a copy thereof at least ten days before the time set for the hearing by certified, registered, or ordinary first class mail addressed to the person being notified at the post-office address given in his demand for notice, if any, or at his office or place of residence, if known; or
- [(b)] (ii) by delivering a copy thereof to the person being notified personally at least ten days before the time set for the hearing; and
- 9605 [(c)] (b) if the address, or identity of any person is not known and cannot be ascertained with reasonable diligence, by publishing:

9607	(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks a copy thereof in a newspaper
9608	having general circulation in the county where the hearing is to be held, the last publication of
9609	which is to be at least ten days before the time set for the hearing[-]; and
9610	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
9611	(2) The court for good cause shown may provide for a different method or time of
9612	giving notice for any hearing.
9613	(3) Proof of the giving of notice shall be made on or before the hearing and filed in the
9614	proceeding.
9615	Section 222. Section 75-3-801 is amended to read:
9616	75-3-801. Notice to creditors.
9617	(1) (a) Unless notice has already been given under this section, a personal
9618	representative upon his appointment shall publish a notice to creditors [once a week for three
9619	successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county] announcing the personal
9620	representative's appointment and address and notifying creditors of the estate to present their
9621	claims within three months after the date of the first publication of the notice or be forever
9622	barred.
9623	(b) The notice described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be published:
9624	(i) once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the
9625	county; and
9626	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
9627	(2) A personal representative may give written notice by mail or other delivery to any
9628	creditor, notifying the creditor to present his claim within 90 days from the published notice if
9629	given as provided in Subsection (1) above or within 60 days from the mailing or other delivery
9630	of the notice, whichever is later, or be forever barred. Written notice shall be the notice
9631	described in Subsection (1) above or a similar notice.
9632	(3) The personal representative shall not be liable to any creditor or to any successor of
9633	the decedent for giving or failing to give notice under this section.
9634	Section 223. Section 75-7-508 is amended to read:
9635	75-7-508. Notice to creditors.
9636	(1) (a) A trustee for an inter vivos revocable trust, upon the death of the settlor, may
9637	publish a notice to creditors:

9638	(i) once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the
9639	county where the settlor resided at the time of death[-]; and
9640	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
9641	(b) The notice required by [this] Subsection (1)(a) must:
9642	[(a)] (i) provide the trustee's name and address; and
9643	[(b)] (ii) notify creditors:
9644	[(i)] (A) of the deceased settlor; and
9645	[(ii)] (B) to present their claims within three months after the date of the first
9646	publication of the notice or be forever barred from presenting the claim.
9647	(2) A trustee shall give written notice by mail or other delivery to any known creditor
9648	of the deceased settlor, notifying the creditor to present his claim within 90 days from the
9649	published notice if given as provided in Subsection (1) or within 60 days from the mailing or
9650	other delivery of the notice, whichever is later, or be forever barred. Written notice shall be the
9651	notice described in Subsection (1) or a similar notice.
9652	(3) (a) If the deceased settlor received medical assistance, as defined in Section
9653	26-19-2, at any time after the age of 55, the trustee for an inter vivos revocable trust, upon the
9654	death of the settlor, shall mail or deliver written notice to the Director of the Office of
9655	Recovery Services, on behalf of the Department of Health, to present any claim under Section
9656	26-19-13.5 within 60 days from the mailing or other delivery of notice, whichever is later, or
9657	be forever barred.
9658	(b) If the trustee does not mail notice to the director of the Office of Recovery Services
9659	on behalf of the department in accordance with Subsection (3)(a), the department shall have
9660	one year from the death of the settlor to present its claim.
9661	(4) The trustee shall not be liable to any creditor or to any successor of the deceased
9662	settlor for giving or failing to give notice under this section.
9663	Section 224. Section 76-8-809 is amended to read:
9664	76-8-809. Closing or restricting use of highways abutting defense or war facilities
9665	Posting of notices.
9666	Any individual, partnership, association, corporation, municipal corporation or state or
9667	any political subdivision thereof engaged in or preparing to engage in the manufacture,
9668	transportation or storage of any product to be used in the preparation of the United States or

any of the states for defense or for war or in the prosecution of war by the United States, or in the manufacture, transportation, distribution or storage of gas, oil, coal, electricity or water, or any of said natural or artificial persons operating any public utility who has property so used which he or it believes will be endangered if public use and travel is not restricted or prohibited on one or more highways or parts thereof upon which the property abuts, may petition the highway commissioners of any city, town, or county to close one or more of the highways or parts thereof to public use and travel or to restrict by order the use and travel upon one or more of the highways or parts thereof.

Upon receipt of the petition, the highway commissioners shall set a day for hearing and give notice thereof by publication in a newspaper having general circulation in the city, town, or county in which the property is located[;] and as required in Section 45-1-101, the publication shall be made at least seven days prior to the date set for hearing. If, after hearing, the highway commissioners determine that the public safety and the safety of the property of the petitioner so require, they shall by suitable order close to public use and travel or reasonably restrict the use of and travel upon one or more of the highways or parts thereof; provided the highway commissioners may issue written permits to travel over the highway so closed or restricted to responsible and reputable persons for a term, under conditions and in a form as the commissioners may prescribe. Appropriate notices in letters at least three inches high shall be posted conspicuously at each end of any highway so closed or restricted by an order. The highway commissioners may at any time revoke or modify any order so made.

Section 225. Section **76-10-530** is amended to read:

76-10-530. Trespass with a firearm in a house of worship or private residence -- Notice -- Penalty.

- (1) A person, including a person licensed to carry a concealed firearm pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 5, Part 7, Concealed Weapon Act, after notice has been given as provided in Subsection (2) that firearms are prohibited, may not knowingly and intentionally:
 - (a) transport a firearm into:
 - (i) a house of worship; or
 - (ii) a private residence; or
- 9698 (b) while in possession of a firearm, enter or remain in:
- 9699 (i) a house of worship; or

9700	(ii) a private residence.
9701	(2) Notice that firearms are prohibited may be given by:
9702	(a) personal communication to the actor by:
9703	(i) the church or organization operating the house of worship;
9704	(ii) the owner, lessee, or person with lawful right of possession of the private
9705	residence; or
9706	(iii) a person with authority to act for the person or entity in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and
9707	(ii);
9708	(b) posting of signs reasonably likely to come to the attention of persons entering the
9709	house of worship or private residence;
9710	(c) announcement, by a person with authority to act for the church or organization
9711	operating the house of worship, in a regular congregational meeting in the house of worship;
9712	(d) publication in a bulletin, newsletter, worship program, or similar document
9713	generally circulated or available to the members of the congregation regularly meeting in the
9714	house of worship; or
9715	(e) publication:
9716	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the house of worship is
9717	located or the church or organization operating the house of worship has its principal office in
9718	this state[- - - - - - - - - - - -
9719	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
9720	(3) A church or organization operating a house of worship and giving notice that
9721	firearms are prohibited may:
9722	(a) revoke the notice, with or without supersedure, by giving further notice in any
9723	manner provided in Subsection (2); and
9724	(b) provide or allow exceptions to the prohibition as the church or organization
9725	considers advisable.
9726	(4) (a) (i) Within 30 days of giving or revoking any notice pursuant to Subsection
9727	(2)(c), (d), or (e), a church or organization operating a house of worship shall notify the
9728	division on a form and in a manner as the division shall prescribe.
9729	(ii) The division shall post on its website a list of the churches and organizations
9730	operating houses of worship who have given notice under Subsection (4)(a)(i).

9731	(b) Any notice given pursuant to Subsection (2)(c), (d), or (e) shall remain in effect
9732	until revoked or for a period of one year from the date the notice was originally given,
9733	whichever occurs first.
9734	(5) Nothing in this section permits an owner who has granted the lawful right of
9735	possession to a renter or lessee to restrict the renter or lessee from lawfully possessing a firearm
9736	in the residence.
9737	(6) A violation of this section is an infraction.
9738	Section 226. Section 77-24a-5 is amended to read:
9739	77-24a-5. Disposition of unclaimed property.
9740	(1) (a) If the owner of any unclaimed property cannot be determined or notified, or if
9741	he is determined and notified, and fails to appear and claim the property after three months of
9742	its receipt by the local law enforcement agency, the agency shall:
9743	(i) publish at least one notice of the intent to dispose of the unclaimed property:
9744	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the county; and
9745	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101; and
9746	(ii) post a similar notice in a public place designated for notice within the law
9747	enforcement agency.
9748	(b) The notice shall:
9749	(i) give a general description of the item; and
9750	(ii) the date of intended disposition.
9751	(c) The agency may not dispose of the unclaimed property until at least eight days after
9752	the date of publication and posting.
9753	(2) (a) If no claim is made for the unclaimed property within nine days of publication
9754	and posting, the agency shall notify the person who turned the property over to the local law
9755	enforcement agency, if it was turned over by a person under Section 77-24a-3.
9756	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4), if that person has complied with the
9757	provisions of this chapter, [he] the person may take the unclaimed property if [he] the person:
9758	(i) pays the costs incurred for advertising and storage; and
9759	(ii) signs a receipt for the item.
9760	(3) If the person who found the unclaimed property fails to take the property under the
9761	provisions of this chapter, the agency shall dispose of that property and any other property that

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- 9762 is not claimed under this chapter as provided by Section 77-24-4.
- 9763 (4) Any person employed by a law enforcement agency who finds property may not claim or receive property under this section.
- 9765 Section 227. Section **78A-6-109** is amended to read:
 - 78A-6-109. Summons -- Service and process -- Issuance and contents -- Notice to absent parent or guardian -- Emergency medical or surgical treatment -- Compulsory process for attendance of witnesses when authorized.
 - (1) After a petition is filed the court shall promptly issue a summons, unless the judge directs that a further investigation is needed. No summons is required as to any person who appears voluntarily or who files a written waiver of service with the clerk of the court at or prior to the hearing.
 - (2) The summons shall contain:
 - (a) the name of the court;
 - (b) the title of the proceedings; and
 - (c) except for a published summons, a brief statement of the substance of the allegations in the petition.
 - (3) A published summons shall state:
 - (a) that a proceeding concerning the minor is pending in the court; and
 - (b) an adjudication will be made.
 - (4) The summons shall require the person or persons who have physical custody of the minor to appear personally and bring the minor before the court at a time and place stated. If the person or persons summoned are not the parent, parents, or guardian of the minor, the summons shall also be issued to the parent, parents, or guardian, as the case may be, notifying them of the pendency of the case and of the time and place set for the hearing.
 - (5) Summons may be issued requiring the appearance of any other person whose presence the court finds necessary.
 - (6) If it appears to the court that the welfare of the minor or of the public requires that the minor be taken into custody, the court may by endorsement upon the summons direct that the person serving the summons take the minor into custody at once.
 - (7) Subject to Subsection 78A-6-117(2)(n)(iii), upon the sworn testimony of one or more reputable physicians, the court may order emergency medical or surgical treatment that is

immediately necessary for a minor concerning whom a petition has been filed pending the service of summons upon the minor's parents, guardian, or custodian.

- (8) A parent or guardian is entitled to the issuance of compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses on the parent's or guardian's own behalf or on behalf of the minor. A guardian ad litem or a probation officer is entitled to compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses on behalf of the minor.
- (9) Service of summons and process and proof of service shall be made in the manner provided in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (10) Service of summons or process shall be made by the sheriff of the county where the service is to be made, or by his deputy; but upon request of the court service shall be made by any other peace officer, or by another suitable person selected by the court.
- (11) Service of summons in the state shall be made personally, by delivering a copy to the person summoned; provided, however, that parents of a minor living together at their usual place of abode may both be served by personal delivery to either parent of copies of the summons, one copy for each parent.
- (12) If the judge makes a written finding that he has reason to believe that personal service of the summons will be unsuccessful, or will not accomplish notification within a reasonable time after issuance of the summons, he may order service by registered mail, with a return receipt to be signed by the addressee only, to be addressed to the last-known address of the person to be served in the state. Service shall be complete upon return to the court of the signed receipt.
- (13) If the parents, parent, or guardian required to be summoned under Subsection (4) cannot be found within the state, the fact of their minor's presence within the state shall confer jurisdiction on the court in proceedings in a minor's case under this chapter as to any absent parent or guardian, provided that due notice has been given in the following manner:
- (a) If the address of the parent or guardian is known, due notice is given by sending him a copy of the summons by registered mail with a return receipt to be signed by the addressee only, or by personal service outside the state, as provided in the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure. Service by registered mail shall be complete upon return to the court of the signed receipt.
 - (b) (i) If the address or whereabouts of the parent or guardian outside the state cannot

9824	after diligent inquiry be ascertained, due notice is given by publishing a summons:
9825	(A) in a newspaper having general circulation in the county in which the proceeding is
9826	pending[. The summons shall be published once a week for four successive weeks.] once a
9827	week for four successive weeks; and
9828	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks.
9829	(ii) Service shall be complete on the day of the last publication.
9830	(c) Service of summons as provided in this subsection shall vest the court with
9831	jurisdiction over the parent or guardian served in the same manner and to the same extent as if
9832	the person served was served personally within the state.
9833	(14) In the case of service in the state, service completed not less than 48 hours before
9834	the time set in the summons for the appearance of the person served, shall be sufficient to
9835	confer jurisdiction. In the case of service outside the state, service completed not less than five
9836	days before the time set in the summons for appearance of the person served, shall be sufficient
9837	to confer jurisdiction.
9838	(15) Computation of periods of time under this chapter shall be made in accordance
9839	with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
9840	Section 228. Section 78B-5-613 is amended to read:
9841	78B-5-613. Proof of publication of document, notice, or order.
9842	(1) (a) If a court or judge orders a document or notice published in a newspaper,
9843	evidence of the publication shall be made by affidavit of the publisher, the publisher's foreman,
9844	or principal clerk with a copy of the publication attached.
9845	(b) The affidavit shall state the date and newspaper of publication.
9846	(2) (a) If a court or judge orders a document or notice published in accordance with
9847	Section 45-1-101, evidence of the publication shall be made by affidavit of the state archivist
9848	or the archivist's designee with a printed copy of the publication attached.
9849	(b) The affidavit shall state the date of publication.
9850	Section 229. Coordinating S.B. 208 with H.B. 67 Substantive and technical
9851	changes.
9852	If this S.B. 208 and H.B. 67, Public Hearings on Property Tax Increases, both pass, it is
9853	the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in
9854	preparing the Utah Code database for publication:

9855	(1) modify Subsection 59-2-919(2)(e) to read:
9856	<u>"(e)</u> The advertisement [described in this section shall]:
9857	(i) described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) shall, except as provided in Subsection (2)(g),
9858	be run once each week for the two weeks preceding the adoption of the taxing entity's:
9859	(A) final budget; [and] or
9860	(B) final tax rate; and
9861	(ii) described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) shall, except as provided in Subsection (2)(g),
9862	be published two weeks preceding the adoption of the taxing entity's:
9863	(A) final budget; or
9864	(B) final tax rate.";
9865	(2) modify Subsection 59-2-919(2)(g) to read:
9866	"(g) If a taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county auditor in
9867	accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the taxing entity:
9868	(i) is not subject to the requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required in
9869	Subsection (2)(e)(i), but shall run the advertisement once during the week preceding the
9870	adoption of the taxing entity's:
9871	(A) final budget; or
9872	(B) final tax rate; and
9873	(ii) is not subject to the requirement to run the advertisement for two weeks, as
9874	required in Subsection (2)(e)(ii), but shall run the advertisement for one week preceding the
9875	adoption of the taxing entity's:
9876	(A) final budget; or
9877	(B) final tax rate."; and
9878	(3) modify Subsections 59-2-919.2(3)(b), (c), and (d) to read:
9879	"(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), the information described in
9880	Subsection (3)(a) shall be published:
9881	(i) in no less than 1/4 page in size;
9882	(ii) in type no smaller than 18 point; and
9883	(iii) surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
9884	(c) The published information described in Subsection (3)(a) and published in
9885	accordance with Subsection (3)(d)(i) may not be placed in the portion of a newspaper where a

9886	legal notice or classified advertisement appears.
9887	(d) A county auditor shall publish the information described in Subsection (3)(a):
9888	(i) (A) in a newspaper or a combination of newspapers that are:
9889	(I) published at least one day per week;
9890	(II) of general interest and readership in the county; and
9891	(III) not of limited subject matter; and
9892	(B) once each week for the two weeks preceding the first hearing included in the list
9893	compiled under Subsection (2); and
9894	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101, for two weeks preceding the first hearing included
9895	in the list compiled under Subsection (2).".
9896	Section 230. Coordinating S.B. 208 with H.B. 67 and S.B. 65 Substantive and
9897	technical amendments.
9898	If this S.B. 208, H.B. 67, Public Hearings on Property Tax Increases, and S.B. 65,
9899	Amendments to Property Tax Notice, Public Hearing, and Resolution Provisions, all pass, it is
9900	the intent of the Legislature that the changes in Subsection (1) of this coordination clause
9901	supersede the changes in Subsection (1) of the coordination clause in S.B. 65, and that the
9902	Office of Legislative Research and General prepare the Utah Code database for publication by:
9903	(1) modifying Subsections 59-2-919(6) and (7) as amended in this bill in the version of
9904	the Utah Code database that takes effect on January 1, 2010 as follows:
9905	"(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this
9906	section shall be published:
9907	(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
9908	general circulation in the taxing entity; and
9909	(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
9910	(b) The advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
9911	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
9912	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
9913	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
9914	(c) The advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed
9915	in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
9916	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:

03-11-09 12:39 PM

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 208

9917	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (6)(a)(i)
9918	appear in a newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
9919	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
9920	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
9921	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
9922	(e) (i) The advertisement [described in this section shall]:
9923	[(i)] (A) described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
9924	(I) except as provided in Subsection (6)(e)(ii), be run once each week for the two
9925	weeks [preceding the adoption of the final]:
9926	(Aa) before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's annual
9927	budget is discussed; and
9928	(Bb) if a calendar year taxing entity provides the notice described in Subsection
9929	(3)(a)(i)(B)(I), before the calendar year taxing entity levies a tax rate that exceeds the calendar
9930	year taxing entity's certified tax rate; and
9931	[(ii)] (II) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in
9932	the advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first advertisement
9933	is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to
9934	explain the reasons for the proposed increase[-]; or
9935	(B) described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:
9936	(I) be published two weeks:
9937	(Aa) before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's annual
9938	budget is discussed; and
9939	(Bb) if a calendar year taxing entity provides the notice described in Subsection
9940	(3)(a)(i)(B)(I), before the calendar year taxing entity levies a tax rate that exceeds the calendar
9941	year taxing entity's certified tax rate; and
9942	(II) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
9943	advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first advertisement is
9944	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
9945	the reasons for the proposed increase.
9946	(ii) If a taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county auditor in
9947	accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the taxing entity is not subject to the requirement to run

9948	the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection (6)(e)(i)(A), but shall run the advertisement
9949	once during the week:
9950	(A) before the taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's
9951	annual budget is discussed; and
9952	(B) if a calendar year taxing entity provides the notice described in Subsection
9953	(3)(a)(i)(B)(I), before the calendar year taxing entity levies a tax rate that exceeds the calendar
9954	year taxing entity's certified tax rate.
9955	[(f) The meeting on the proposed increase may coincide with the hearing on the
9956	proposed budget of the taxing entity.]
9957	(f) (i) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) or (4)(a), the form and content of an
9958	advertisement shall be substantially as follows:
9959	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
9960	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
9961	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
9962	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
9963	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
9964	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
9965	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
9966	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
9967	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
9968	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase
9969	its property tax budgeted revenue by % above last year's property tax
9970	budgeted revenue excluding new growth.
9971	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
9972	PUBLIC HEARING
9973	Date/Time: (date) (time)
9974	<u>Location:</u> (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
9975	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
9976	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
9977	[(3) The] (ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B)(I), the form and content of [the
9978	notice an advertisement shall be substantially as follows:

9979	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
9980	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
9981	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
9982	[• If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of% above
9983	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.]
9984	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
9985	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
9986	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
9987	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
9988	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
9989	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
9990	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase
9991	its property tax budgeted revenue by % above last year's property tax
9992	budgeted revenue excluding new growth.
9993	(Name of taxing entity) property tax revenue from new growth and other sources will
9994	increase from \$ to \$
9995	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
9996	PUBLIC HEARING
9997	Date/Time: (date) (time)
9998	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
9999	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
10000	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity).
10001	$\left[\frac{4}{1}\right]$ (7) The commission:
10002	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
10003	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement [under this section or Section
10004	59-2-918] described in Subsection (6) by two or more taxing entities; and
10005	(b) <u>subject to Section 45-1-101</u> , may[, upon petition by any taxing entity,] authorize
10006	[either]:
10007	(i) the use of <u>a</u> weekly [newspapers] <u>newspapers</u>
10008	(A) in [counties] a county having both daily and weekly newspapers [where] if the
10009	weekly newspaper would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and

10010	(B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or
10011	(ii) the use by a taxing entity except for a calendar year taxing entity that provides the
10012	notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B)(II) of a commission[=]approved direct notice to each
10013	taxpayer if [the]:
10014	(A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship; [and]
10015	(B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section
10016	59-2-919.1[-]; and
10017	(C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission approved
10018	direct notice. <u>".</u>
10019	Section 231. Coordinating S.B. 65 with S.B. 208 Substantive, superseding, and
10020	technical amendments.
10021	If this S.B. 208 and S.B. 65, Amendments to Property Tax Notice, Public Hearing, and
10022	Resolution Provisions, both pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the changes in this
10023	coordination clause supersede the changes in the coordination clause in S.B. 65, and that the
10024	Office of Legislative Research and General prepare the Utah Code database for publication by
10025	modifying Subsections 59-2-919(6) and (7) as amended in this bill in the version of the Utah
10026	Code database that takes effect on May 12, 2009 as follows:
10027	"(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this
10028	section shall be published:
10029	(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
10030	general circulation in the taxing entity; and
10031	(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101.
10032	(b) The advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
10033	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
10034	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
10035	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
10036	(c) The advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed
10037	in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
10038	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
10039	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in [this section] Subsection (6)(a)(i)
10040	appear in a newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and

03-11-09 12:39 PM

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 208

10041	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
10042	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
10043	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
10044	(e) The advertisement [described in this section shall]:
10045	(i) described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
10046	(A) be run once each week for the two weeks [preceding the adoption of the final]:
10047	(I) before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's annual
10048	budget is discussed; and
10049	(II) if a calendar year taxing entity provides the notice described in Subsection
10050	(3)(a)(i)(B)(I), before the calendar year taxing entity levies a tax rate that exceeds the calendar
10051	year taxing entity's certified tax rate; and
10052	[(ii)] (B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in
10053	the advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first advertisement
10054	is published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to
10055	explain the reasons for the proposed increase[-]; or
10056	(ii) described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:
10057	(A) be published two weeks:
10058	(I) before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing at which the taxing entity's annual
10059	budget is discussed; and
10060	(II) if a calendar year taxing entity provides the notice described in Subsection
10061	(3)(a)(i)(B)(I), before the calendar year taxing entity levies a tax rate that exceeds the calendar
10062	year taxing entity's certified tax rate; and
10063	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
10064	advertisement, which shall be not less than seven days after the day the first advertisement is
10065	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
10066	the reasons for the proposed increase.
10067	[(f) The meeting on the proposed increase may coincide with the hearing on the
10068	proposed budget of the taxing entity.]
10069	(f) (i) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) or (4)(a), the form and content of an
10070	advertisement shall be substantially as follows:
10071	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE

10072	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
10073	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
10074	<u>■ If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of</u> % above
10075	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.
10076	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
10077	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
10078	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
10079	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
10080	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
10081	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
10082	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
10083	PUBLIC HEARING
10084	<u>Date/Time:</u> (date) (time)
10085	<u>Location:</u> (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
10086	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
10087	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
10088	[(3) The] (ii) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B)(I), the form and content of [the
10089	notice] an advertisement shall be substantially as follows:
10090	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
10091	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
10092	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
10093	• If the proposed budget is approved, this would be an increase of% above
10094	the (name of the taxing entity) property tax budgeted revenue for the prior year.
10095	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
10096	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
10097	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
10098	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
10099	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
10100	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
10101	(Name of taxing entity) property tax revenue from new growth and other sources will
10102	increase from \$ to \$

10103	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
10104	PUBLIC HEARING
10105	Date/Time: (date) (time)
10106	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)
10107	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
10108	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
10109	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(7)}\right]$ The commission:
10110	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
10111	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement [under this section or Section
10112	59-2-918] described in Subsection (6) by two or more taxing entities; and
10113	(b) <u>subject to Section 45-1-101</u> , may[, upon petition by any taxing entity,] authorize
10114	[either]:
10115	(i) the use of <u>a</u> weekly [newspapers] <u>newspapers</u> :
10116	(A) in [counties] a county having both daily and weekly newspapers [where] if the
10117	weekly newspaper would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and
10118	(B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or
10119	(ii) the use by a taxing entity except for a calendar year taxing entity that provides the
10120	notice described in Subsection $(3)(a)(i)(B)(II)$ of a commission[=]approved direct notice to each
10121	taxpayer if [the]:
10122	(A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship; [and]
10123	(B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section
10124	59-2-919.1[-]; and
10125	(C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission approved
10126	direct notice. <u>"</u>
10127	Section 232. Coordinating S.B. 208 with S.B. 73 Substantive and technical
10128	changes.
10129	If this S.B. 208 and S.B. 73, Unincorporated Areas Amendments, both pass, it is the
10130	intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in
10131	preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
10132	(1) modify Subsection 17-72a-306(1)(h)(iii) to read:
10133	"(iii) At least one week before holding a public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the

3rd Sub. (Ivory) S.B. 208

03-11-09 12:39 PM

10134	county legislative body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the
10135	public hearing:
10136	(A) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; and
10137	(B) as required in Section 45-1-101."; and
10138	(2) modify Subsection 17-27a-306(3)(f)(iii) to read:
10139	"(iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county legislative
10140	body shall:
10141	(A) publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing:
10142	(I) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
10143	circulation in the township; and
10144	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101 for three consecutive weeks; and
10145	(B) mail a notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing to
10146	each owner of private real property within the area proposed to be withdrawn.".
10147	Section 233. Coordinating S.B. 208 with S.B. 209 Substantive and technical
10148	changes.
10149	If this S.B. 208 and S.B. 209, Land Use, Development, and Management Act
10150	
	Amendments, both pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative
10151	Amendments, both pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
10151 10152	
	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
10152	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication: (1) modify Subsection 10-9a-208(2)(d) to read:
10152 10153	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication: (1) modify Subsection 10-9a-208(2)(d) to read: "(d) (i) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality in which the
10152 10153 10154	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication: (1) modify Subsection 10-9a-208(2)(d) to read: "(d) (i) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality in which the land subject to the petition is located; and
10152 10153 10154 10155	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication: (1) modify Subsection 10-9a-208(2)(d) to read: "(d) (i) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality in which the land subject to the petition is located; and (ii) published as required in Section 45-1-101."; and
10152 10153 10154 10155 10156	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database for publication: (1) modify Subsection 10-9a-208(2)(d) to read: "(d) (i) published in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality in which the land subject to the petition is located; and (ii) published as required in Section 45-1-101."; and (2) modify Subsection 17-27a-208(2)(d) to read:

S.B. 208 3rd Sub. (Ivory) - Utah Public Notice Website Amendments

Fiscal Note

2009 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

There are potential costs savings beginning in FY 2011 to state agencies which will pay reduced costs for certain newspaper advertisements.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Local governments could see advertising costs savings for advertising beginning in FY 2011. Newspapers could see a decrease in advertising revenue as a result of this legislation. No impact is anticipated on individuals.

3/12/2009, 9:51:47 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst