#### **Senator John L. Valentine** proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ALCOHOL AMENDMENTS
2	2009 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine
5	House Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Alcoholic Beverage Control Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>amends definitional provisions;</li></ul>
13	<ul><li>removes requirements related to state labels and markings;</li></ul>
14	<ul> <li>prohibits tampering with a package of an alcoholic beverage;</li> </ul>
15	<ul> <li>addresses the nature of an adjudicative proceeding as a civil action including the</li> </ul>
16	burden of proof and the general applicability of mens rea requirements;
17	<ul> <li>makes procedural clarifications for administrative actions;</li> </ul>
18	<ul> <li>provides for electronic verification of proof of age by certain club licensees;</li> </ul>
19	<ul><li>removes restrictions related to election days;</li></ul>
20	<ul><li>addresses quotas;</li></ul>
21	<ul> <li>addresses proximity for a restaurant liquor or limited restaurant license;</li> </ul>
22	<ul> <li>addresses dispensing, storage, and bar structures for a restaurant;</li> </ul>
23	<ul> <li>changes the insurance and liability limits related to dramshop;</li> </ul>
24	<ul><li>modifies the definition of a "convention center" and provides for limited</li></ul>
25	grandfathering;



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26	creates a resort license including:
27	<ul> <li>defining terms;</li> </ul>
28	<ul> <li>providing for licensing, including the creation of sublicenses;</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>establishing a resort spa sublicense;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>imposing operational requirements for a resort license;</li> </ul>
31	<ul> <li>addressing the application of operational requirements to a sublicense;</li> </ul>
32	<ul> <li>providing for enforcement with relation to a resort license or a sublicense;</li> </ul>
33	<ul> <li>addressing the application of the Nuisance Licensee Act to a resort license or</li> </ul>
34	sublicense;
35	<ul> <li>providing for the enforcement of criminal penalties; and</li> </ul>
36	<ul> <li>expanding protections for employees to encompass employees of a resort</li> </ul>
37	licensee;
38	<ul> <li>establishes requirements for renting or leasing a club license premises;</li> </ul>
39	<ul> <li>clarifies the application of criminal procedures, principles, and penalties;</li> </ul>
40	<ul> <li>addresses training requirements for law enforcement officers;</li> </ul>
41	<ul> <li>expands licenses subject to protections for employees who exercise judgment;</li> </ul>
42	<ul> <li>provides for a study of penalties related to minors; and</li> </ul>
43	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
44	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
45	None
46	Other Special Clauses:
47	This bill provides an effective date.
48	This bill provides revisor instructions.
49	This bill coordinates with H.B. 349, Heavy Beer Amendments, to merge substantive
50	amendments.
51	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
52	AMENDS:
53	11-10-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 23
54	26-38-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 202
55	26-38-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 20
56	32A-1-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 317, 322, and 391

57	32A-1-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 162
58	32A-1-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 314
59	32A-1-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
60	32A-1-119, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 317, 382, and 391
61	<b>32A-1-119.5</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 317
62	32A-1-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
63	32A-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
64	32A-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 266
65	32A-4-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
66	32A-4-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
67	32A-4-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 266 and 391
68	32A-4-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 268
69	32A-4-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
70	32A-4-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
71	32A-4-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 266 and 391
72	32A-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
73	32A-4-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
74	32A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
75	32A-5-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
76	<b>32A-5-103</b> (Effective <b>07/01/09</b> ), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 26
77	and 382
78	32A-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
79	32A-5-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 23
80	32A-5-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 266 and 391
81	32A-9-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
82	<b>32A-10-201</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
83	<b>32A-10-202</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
84	32A-12-101, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 23
85	<b>32A-12-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 268
86	<b>32A-12-104</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 322
87	<b>32A-12-209.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3

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88	32A-12-212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
89	32A-12-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 284
90	32A-12-219, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 23
91	32A-12-222, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
92	32A-12-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 391
93	32A-14a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
94	<b>32A-14a-103</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 197
95	53-10-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 1
96	ENACTS:
97	<b>32A-1-304.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
98	<b>32A-4a-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
99	32A-4a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
100	<b>32A-4a-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
101	<b>32A-4a-202</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
102	32A-4a-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
103	<b>32A-4a-204</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
104	<b>32A-4a-205</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
105	<b>32A-4a-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
106	32A-4a-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
107	32A-4a-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
108	32A-4a-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
109	<b>32A-4a-305</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
110	<b>32A-4a-401</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
111	<b>32A-4a-402</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
112	<b>32A-4a-501</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
113	<b>32A-4a-502</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
114	32A-4a-503, Utah Code Annotated 1953
115	<b>32A-5-109</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
116	REPEALS:
117	<b>32A-12-218</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 314
118	Uncodified Material Affected:

ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 11-10-1 is amended to read:
11-10-1. Business license required Authorization for issuance, denial,
suspension, or revocation by local authority.
(1) As used in this chapter, ["club," "local authority," "restaurant," and "person"] the
following have the meaning set forth in Section 32A-1-105[-]:
(a) "club licensee";
(b) "local authority";
(c) "person"; and
(d) "restaurant."
(2) A person may not operate an association, restaurant, club <u>license</u> , or similar
business that allows customers, members, guests, [visitors,] or other persons to possess or
consume alcoholic beverages on the <u>premises of the</u> club <u>licensee</u> , association, restaurant, or
similar business premises without a business license.
(3) Any local authority may issue a business license to any person who owns or
operates an association, restaurant, club license premise, or similar business that allows the
customers, members, guests, [visitors,] or other persons to hold, store, possess, or consume
alcoholic beverages on the premises. This license does not permit any person to hold, store,
possess, or consume alcoholic beverages on the premises other than as provided in Title 32A,
[the] Alcoholic Beverage Control Act.
(4) Any local authority may suspend or revoke a business license for a violation of
Title 32A, [the] Alcoholic Beverage Control Act.
(5) Each local authority shall set policy by written rules that establish criteria and
procedures for granting, denying, suspending, or revoking licenses issued under this chapter.
(6) A license issued under this section constitutes consent of the local authority within
the meaning of Title 32A, [the] Alcoholic Beverage Control Act.
Section 2. Section 26-38-2 is amended to read:
26-38-2. Definitions.
As used in this chapter:

150	(1) "Place of public access" means any enclosed indoor place of business, commerce,
151	banking, financial service, or other service-related activity, whether publicly or privately owned
152	and whether operated for profit or not, to which persons not employed at the place of public
153	access have general and regular access or which the public uses, including:
154	(a) buildings, offices, shops, elevators, or restrooms;
155	(b) means of transportation or common carrier waiting rooms;
156	(c) restaurants, cafes, or cafeterias;
157	(d) taverns as defined in Section 32A-1-105, or cabarets;
158	(e) shopping malls, retail stores, grocery stores, or arcades;
159	(f) libraries, theaters, concert halls, museums, art galleries, planetariums, historical
160	sites, auditoriums, or arenas;
161	(g) barber shops, hair salons, or laundromats;
162	(h) sports or fitness facilities;
163	(i) common areas of nursing homes, hospitals, resorts, hotels, motels, "bed and
164	breakfast" lodging facilities, and other similar lodging facilities, including the lobbies,
165	hallways, elevators, restaurants, cafeterias, other designated dining areas, and restrooms of any
166	of these;
167	(j) (i) any child care facility or program subject to licensure or certification under this
168	title, including those operated in private homes, when any child cared for under that license is
169	present; and
170	(ii) any child care, other than child care as defined in Section 26-39-102, that is not
171	subject to licensure or certification under this title, when any child cared for by the provider,
172	other than the child of the provider, is present;
173	(k) public or private elementary or secondary school buildings and educational
174	facilities or the property on which those facilities are located;
175	(l) any building owned, rented, leased, or otherwise operated by a social, fraternal, or
176	religious organization when used solely by the organization members or their guests or
177	families;
178	(m) any facility rented or leased for private functions from which the general public is
179	excluded and arrangements for the function are under the control of the function sponsor;
180	(n) any workplace that is not a place of public access or a publicly owned building or

181	office but has one or more employees who are not owner-operators of the business; [and]
182	(o) any area where the proprietor or manager of the area has posted a conspicuous sign
183	stating "no smoking", "thank you for not smoking", or similar statement[-]; and
184	(p) [any private] a club [licensed] licensee under Title 32A, Chapter 5, [Private] Club
185	[Liquor] Licenses.
186	(2) "Publicly owned building or office" means any enclosed indoor place or portion of
187	a place owned, leased, or rented by any state, county, or municipal government, or by any
188	agency supported by appropriation of, or by contracts or grants from, funds derived from the
189	collection of federal, state, county, or municipal taxes.
190	(3) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted tobacco product in any form.
191	Section 3. Section <b>26-38-3</b> is amended to read:
192	26-38-3. Restriction on smoking in public places and in specified places
193	Exceptions.
194	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), smoking is prohibited in all enclosed indoor
195	places of public access and publicly owned buildings and offices.
196	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to:
197	(a) areas not commonly open to the public of owner-operated businesses having no
198	employees other than the owner-operator;
199	(b) guest rooms in hotels, motels, "bed and breakfast" lodging facilities, and other
200	similar lodging facilities, but smoking is prohibited under Subsection (1) in the common areas
201	of these facilities, including dining areas and lobby areas; and
202	[(c) before January 1, 2009, taverns, as defined in Section 32A-1-105, that are:]
203	[(i) licensed on or before May 15, 2006; or]
204	[(ii) licensed on or before May 15, 2006 and after May 15, 2006 undergo a change in
205	ownership;]
206	[(d) before January 1, 2009, class D private clubs, as defined in Section 32A-5-101,
207	that are:]
208	[(i) licensed on or before May 15, 2006; or]
209	[(ii) licensed on or before May 15, 2006 and after May 15, 2006 undergo a change in
210	ownership;]
211	(e) before January 1, 2009, class B private clubs, as defined in Section 32A-5-101

212	that:
213	[ <del>(i)</del> are licensed:]
214	[(A) on or before May 15, 2006; or]
215	[(B) on or before May 15, 2006 and after May 15, 2006 undergo a change in
216	ownership; and]
217	[(ii) do not permit an individual under the age of 21 in the class B private club, unless
218	the individual is active military; and]
219	[(f)] (c) separate enclosed smoking areas:
220	(i) located in the passenger terminals of an international airport located in the city of
221	the first class;
222	(ii) vented directly to the outdoors; and
223	(iii) certified, by a heating, ventilation, and air conditioning engineer licensed by the
224	state, to prevent the drift of any smoke to any nonsmoking area of the terminal.
225	Section 4. Section <b>32A-1-105</b> is amended to read:
226	32A-1-105. Definitions.
227	As used in this title:
228	(1) "Airport lounge" means a place of business licensed to sell an alcoholic beverage,
229	at retail, for consumption on its premises located at an international airport with a United States
230	Customs office on the premises of the international airport.
231	(2) "Alcoholic beverage" means the following as the term is defined in this section:
232	(a) beer;
233	(b) flavored malt beverage; and
234	(c) liquor, which [on or after October 1, 2008,] includes a flavored malt beverage.
235	(3) (a) "Alcoholic product" means a product that:
236	(i) contains at least .5% of alcohol by volume; and
237	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, decoction, brewing, distillation, or other
238	process that uses liquid or combinations of liquids, whether drinkable or not, to create alcohol
239	in an amount greater than the amount prescribed in Subsection (3)(a)(i).
240	(b) "Alcoholic product" does not include any of the following common items that
241	otherwise come within the definition of an alcoholic product:
242	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), extract;

243	(ii) vinegar;
244	(iii) cider;
245	(iv) essence;
246	(v) tincture;
247	(vi) food preparation; or
248	(vii) an over-the-counter drug or medicine.
249	(c) An extract containing alcohol obtained by distillation is regulated as an alcoholic
250	product when it is used as a flavoring in the manufacturing of an alcoholic product.
251	(4) (a) ["Bar"] Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), "bar" means a counter or
252	similar structure:
253	[(a)] (i) at which an alcoholic beverage or an alcoholic product is:
254	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (A) stored; or
255	[(ii)] (B) dispensed; or
256	[(b)] (ii) from which an alcoholic beverage is served.
257	(b) For purposes of Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses, and Chapter 4, Part
258	3, Limited Restaurant Licenses, "bar structure" means a surface or structure on the premises of
259	a restaurant if on or at any place of the surface or structure an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic
260	product is:
261	(i) stored; or
262	(ii) dispensed.
263	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), "beer" means a product that:
264	(i) contains at least .5% of alcohol by volume, but not more than 4% of alcohol by
265	volume or 3.2% by weight; and
266	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of malted grain.
267	(b) Beer may or may not contain hops or other vegetable products.
268	(c) Beer includes a product that:
269	(i) contains alcohol in the percentages described in Subsection (5)(a); and
270	(ii) is referred to as:
271	(A) beer;
272	(B) ale;
273	(C) porter;

274	(D) stout;
275	(E) lager; or
276	(F) a malt or malted beverage.
277	(d) [On or after October 1, 2008, "beer"] "Beer" does not include a flavored malt
278	beverage.
279	(6) (a) "Beer retailer" means a business that is:
280	(i) engaged, primarily or incidentally, in the retail sale of beer to a patron, whether for
281	consumption on or off the business premises; and
282	(ii) licensed to sell beer by:
283	(A) the commission;
284	(B) a local authority; or
285	(C) both the commission and a local authority.
286	(b) (i) "Off-premise beer retailer" means a business that is engaged in the retail sale of
287	beer to a patron for consumption off the beer retailer's premises.
288	(ii) "Off-premise beer retailer" does not include an on-premise beer retailer.
289	(c) "On-premise beer retailer" means a business that is engaged in the sale of beer to a
290	patron for consumption on the beer retailer's premises, regardless of whether the business sells
291	beer for consumption off the beer retailer's premises.
292	(7) "Billboard" means a public display used to advertise including:
293	(a) a light device;
294	(b) a painting;
295	(c) a drawing;
296	(d) a poster;
297	(e) a sign;
298	(f) a signboard; or
299	(g) a scoreboard.
300	(8) "Brewer" means a person engaged in manufacturing:
301	(a) beer;
302	(b) heavy beer; or
303	(c) a flavored malt beverage.
304	(9) "Cash bar" means the service of an alcoholic beverage:

305	(a) at:
306	(i) a banquet; or
307	(ii) a temporary event for which a permit is issued under this title; and
308	(b) if an attendee at the banquet or temporary event is charged for the alcoholic
309	beverage.
310	(10) "Chartered bus" means a passenger bus, coach, or other motor vehicle provided by
311	a bus company to a group of persons pursuant to a common purpose:
312	(a) under a single contract;
313	(b) at a fixed charge in accordance with the bus company's tariff; and
314	(c) for the purpose of giving the group of persons the exclusive use of the passenger
315	bus, coach, or other motor vehicle and a driver to travel together to one or more specified
316	destinations.
317	(11) "Church" means a building:
318	(a) set apart for the purpose of worship;
319	(b) in which religious services are held;
320	(c) with which clergy is associated; and
321	(d) which is tax exempt under the laws of this state.
322	(12) ["Club" and "private club"] "Club licensee" means [any of the following organized
323	primarily for the benefit of its members:] a person licensed under Chapter 5, Club Licenses.
324	[ <del>(a) a social club;</del> ]
325	[(b) a recreational association;]
326	[(c) a fraternal association;]
327	[ <del>(d)</del> an athletic association; or]
328	[ <del>(e)</del> a kindred association.]
329	(13) "Commission" means the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.
330	(14) "Community location" means:
331	(a) a public or private school;
332	(b) a church;
333	(c) a public library;
334	(d) a public playground; or
335	(e) a public park.

336	(15) "Community location governing authority" means:
337	(a) the governing body of the community location; or
338	(b) if the commission does not know who is the governing body of a community
339	location, a person who appears to the commission to have been given on behalf of the
340	community location authority to prohibit an activity at the community location.
341	(16) For purposes of Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses, and Chapter 4, Part
342	3, Limited Restaurant Licenses:
343	(a) Subject to Subsection (16)(b), "counter" means a surface or structure in a dining
344	area of a restaurant where seating is provided to a patron for service of food.
345	(b) "Counter" does not include a surface or structure if on or at any point of the surface
346	or structure an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product is:
347	(i) stored; or
348	(ii) dispensed.
349	[(16)] (17) "Department" means the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
350	[(17)] (18) "Disciplinary proceeding" means an adjudicative proceeding permitted
351	under this title:
352	(a) against:
353	(i) a permittee;
354	(ii) a licensee;
355	(iii) a manufacturer;
356	(iv) a supplier;
357	(v) an importer;
358	(vi) an out-of-state brewer holding a certificate of approval under Section 32A-8-101;
359	or
360	(vii) an officer, employee, or agent of:
361	(A) a person listed in Subsections $[\frac{(17)}{(18)}]$ $\underline{(18)}(a)(i)$ through (vi); or
362	(B) a package agent; and
363	(b) that is brought on the basis of a violation of this title.
364	[(18)] (19) "Director," unless the context requires otherwise, means the director
365	appointed under Section 32A-1-108.
366	(20) For purposes of Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses, and Chapter 4, Part

367	3, Limited Restaurant Licenses, "dispense" means:
368	(a) drawing of an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product:
369	(i) from an area where it is stored; or
370	(ii) as provided in Subsection 32A-4-106(7)(e)(ii)(B) or 32A-4-307(7)(e)(ii)(B); and
371	(b) using the alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product described in Subsection (20)(a)
372	on the premises of the restaurant to mix or prepare an alcoholic beverage for service to a patron
373	of the restaurant.
374	[(19)] (21) "Distressed merchandise" means an alcoholic beverage in the possession of
375	the department that is saleable, but for some reason is unappealing to the public.
376	[(20)] (22) "Flavored malt beverage" means a beverage:
377	(a) that contains at least .5% alcohol by volume;
378	(b) that is treated by processing, filtration, or another method of manufacture that is not
379	generally recognized as a traditional process in the production of a beer as described in 27
380	C.F.R. Sec. 25.55;
381	(c) to which is added a flavor or other ingredient containing alcohol, except for a hop
382	extract; and
383	(d) (i) for which the producer is required to file a formula for approval with the United
384	States Alcohol and Tobacco Trade and Tax Bureau pursuant to 27 C.F.R. Sec. 25.55; or
385	(ii) that is not exempt under Subdivision (f) of 27 C.F.R. Sec. 25.55.
386	[(21)] (23) "Guest" means [a person accompanied by an active member or visitor of a
387	club who enjoys only those privileges derived from the host for the duration of the visit to the
388	club] an individual who meets the requirements of Subsection 32A-5-107(1)(i) or (j).
389	$\left[\frac{(22)}{(24)}\right]$ (a) "Heavy beer" means a product that:
390	(i) contains more than 4% alcohol by volume; and
391	(ii) is obtained by fermentation, infusion, or decoction of malted grain.
392	(b) "Heavy beer" is considered "liquor" for the purposes of this title.
393	[(23)] (25) "Hosted bar" means the service of an alcoholic beverage:
394	(a) without charge; and
395	(b) at a:
396	(i) banquet; or
397	(ii) privately hosted event.

398	[(24)] (26) "Identification card" means an identification card issued under Title 53,
399	Chapter 3, Part 8, Identification Card Act.
400	[(25)] (27) "Interdicted person" means a person to whom the sale, gift, or provision of
401	an alcoholic beverage is prohibited by:
402	(a) law; or
403	(b) court order.
404	[(26)] (28) "Intoxicated" means that [to a degree that is unlawful under Section
405	76-9-701] a person [is under the influence of]:
406	(a) is significantly impaired as to the person's mental or physical functions as a result of
407	the use of:
408	[(a)] (i) an alcoholic beverage;
409	[(b)] (ii) a controlled substance;
410	[(c)] (iii) a substance having the property of releasing toxic vapors; or
411	[(d)] (iv) a combination of Subsections [(26)] (28)(a)(i) through [(c).] (iii); and
412	(b) exhibits plain and easily observed outward manifestations of behavior or physical
413	signs produced by the over consumption of an alcoholic beverage.
414	(29) "Invitee" is as defined in Section 32A-4a-102.
415	[(27)] (30) "Licensee" means a person [issued] granted a license by the commission to
416	sell, manufacture, store, or allow consumption of an alcoholic beverage on premises owned or
417	controlled by the person.
418	[(28)] (31) "Limousine" means a motor vehicle licensed by the state or a local
419	authority, other than a bus or taxicab:
420	(a) in which the driver and a passenger are separated by a partition, glass, or other
421	barrier; and
422	(b) that is provided by a company to one or more individuals at a fixed charge in
423	accordance with the company's tariff for the purpose of giving the one or more individuals the
424	exclusive use of the limousine and a driver to travel to one or more specified destinations.
425	[(29)] (32) (a) (i) "Liquor" means alcohol, or an alcoholic, spirituous, vinous,
426	fermented, malt, or other liquid, or combination of liquids, a part of which is spirituous,
427	vinous, or fermented, or other drink, or drinkable liquid that:
428	(A) contains at least .5% alcohol by volume; and

429	(B) is suitable to use for beverage purposes.
430	(ii) [On or after October 1, 2008, "liquor"] "Liquor" includes a flavored malt beverage.
431	(b) "Liquor" does not include a beverage defined as a beer.
432	[ <del>(30)</del> ] (33) "Local authority" means:
433	(a) the governing body of the county if the premises are located in an unincorporated
434	area of a county; or
435	(b) the governing body of the city or town if the premises are located in an incorporated
436	city or a town.
437	[(31)] (34) "Manufacture" means to distill, brew, rectify, mix, compound, process,
438	ferment, or otherwise make an alcoholic product for personal use or for sale or distribution to
439	others.
440	[(32)] (35) "Member" means [a person] an individual who, after paying regular dues,
441	has full privileges of [a] an equity club licensee or fraternal club [under this title] licensee, as
442	defined in Section 32A-5-101.
443	[(33)] (36) (a) "Military installation" means a base, air field, camp, post, station, yard,
444	center, or homeport facility for a ship:
445	(i) (A) under the control of the United States Department of Defense; or
446	(B) of the National Guard;
447	(ii) that is located within the state; and
448	(iii) including a leased facility.
449	(b) "Military installation" does not include a facility used primarily for:
450	(i) civil works;
451	(ii) a rivers and harbors project; or
452	(iii) a flood control project.
453	$\left[\frac{(34)}{(37)}\right]$ "Minor" means an individual under the age of 21 years.
454	[(35)] (38) "Nude," "nudity," or "state of nudity" means:
455	(a) the appearance of:
456	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
457	(ii) a human genital;
458	(iii) a human pubic area; or
459	(iv) a human anus; or

460	(b) a state of dress that fails to opaquely cover:
461	(i) the nipple or areola of a female human breast;
462	(ii) a human genital;
463	(iii) a human pubic area; or
464	(iv) a human anus.
465	[(36)] (39) "Outlet" means a location other than a state store or package agency where
466	an alcoholic beverage is sold pursuant to a license [issued] granted by the commission.
467	[(37)] (40) "Package" means any of the following containing liquor:
468	(a) a container;
469	(b) a bottle;
470	(c) a vessel; or
471	(d) other receptacle.
472	[(38)] (41) "Package agency" means a retail liquor location operated:
473	(a) under a contractual agreement with the department; and
474	(b) by a person:
475	(i) other than the state; and
476	(ii) who is authorized by the commission to sell package liquor for consumption off the
477	premises of the package agency.
478	[(39)] (42) "Package agent" means a person permitted by the commission to operate a
479	package agency pursuant to a contractual agreement with the department to sell liquor from
480	premises that the package agent shall provide and maintain.
481	[(40)] (43) "Permittee" means a person issued a permit by the commission to perform
482	an act or exercise a privilege as specifically granted in the permit.
483	[(41)] (44) "Person" means an individual, partnership, firm, corporation, limited
484	liability company, association, business trust, or other form of business enterprise, including a
485	receiver or trustee, and the plural as well as the singular number, unless the intent to give a
486	more limited meaning is disclosed by the context.
487	[ <del>(42)</del> ] (45) "Premises" means a building, enclosure, room, or equipment used in
488	connection with the sale, storage, service, manufacture, distribution, or consumption of an
489	alcoholic product, unless otherwise defined in this title or in the rules adopted by the
490	commission.

491	$\left[\frac{(43)}{(46)}\right]$ "Prescription" means a writing in legal form, signed by a physician or
492	dentist and given to a patient for obtaining an alcoholic beverage for medicinal purposes only.
493	[(44)] (47) (a) "Privately hosted event" or "private social function" means a specific
494	social, business, or recreational event:
495	(i) for which an entire room, area, or hall is leased or rented in advance by an identified
496	group; and
497	(ii) that is limited in attendance to people who are specifically designated and their
498	guests.
499	(b) "Privately hosted event" and "private social function" does not include an event to
500	which the general public is invited, whether for an admission fee or not.
501	[ <del>(45)</del> ] <u>(48)</u> (a) "Proof of age" means:
502	(i) an identification card;
503	(ii) an identification that:
504	(A) is substantially similar to an identification card;
505	(B) is issued in accordance with the laws of a state other than Utah in which the
506	identification is issued;
507	(C) includes date of birth; and
508	(D) has a picture affixed;
509	(iii) a valid driver license certificate that:
510	(A) includes date of birth;
511	(B) has a picture affixed; and
512	(C) is issued:
513	(I) under Title 53, Chapter 3, Uniform Driver License Act; or
514	(II) in accordance with the laws of the state in which it is issued;
515	(iv) a military identification card that:
516	(A) includes date of birth; and
517	(B) has a picture affixed; or
518	(v) a valid passport.
519	(b) "Proof of age" does not include a driving privilege card issued in accordance with
520	Section 53-3-207.
521	[(46)] (49) (a) "Public building" means a building or permanent structure owned or

522	leased by the state, a county, or local government entity that is used for:
523	(i) public education;
524	(ii) transacting public business; or
525	(iii) regularly conducting government activities.
526	(b) "Public building" does not mean or refer to a building owned by the state or a
527	county or local government entity when the building is used by a person, in whole or in part,
528	for a proprietary function.
529	[(47)] (50) "Representative" means an individual who is compensated by salary,
530	commission, or other means for representing and selling an alcoholic beverage product of a
531	manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor including:
532	(a) wine;
533	(b) heavy beer; or
534	(c) [on or after October 1, 2008,] a flavored malt beverage.
535	[(48)] (51) "Residence" means a person's principal place of abode within Utah.
536	(52) "Resident," in relation to a resort, is as defined in Section 32A-4a-102.
537	(53) "Resort" is as defined in Section 32A-4a-102.
538	[ <del>(49)</del> ] (54) "Restaurant" means a business establishment:
539	(a) where a variety of foods [is] are prepared and complete meals are served to the
540	general public;
541	(b) located on a premises having adequate culinary fixtures for food preparation and
542	dining accommodations; and
543	(c) that is engaged primarily in serving meals to the general public.
544	[(50)] (55) "Retailer" means a person engaged in the sale or distribution of an alcoholic
545	beverage to a consumer.
546	[ <del>(51)</del> ] <u>(56)</u> (a) "Sample" includes:
547	(i) a department sample; and
548	(ii) an industry representative sample.
549	(b) "Department sample" means liquor that is placed in the possession of the
550	department for testing, analysis, and sampling including:
551	(i) wine;
552	(ii) heavy beer; or

553	(iii) [ <del>on or after October 1, 2008,</del> ] a flavored malt beverage.
554	(c) "Industry representative sample" means liquor that is placed in the possession of the
555	department:
556	(i) for testing, analysis, and sampling by a local industry representative on the premises
557	of the department to educate the local industry representative of the quality and characteristics
558	of the product; and
559	(ii) including:
560	(A) wine;
561	(B) heavy beer; or
562	(C) [on or after October 1, 2008,] a flavored malt beverage.
563	[(52)] (a) "School" means a building used primarily for the general education of
564	minors.
565	(b) "School" does not include:
566	(i) a nursery school;
567	(ii) an infant day care center; or
568	(iii) a trade or technical school.
569	[(53)] (58) "Sell," "sale," and "to sell" means a transaction, exchange, or barter
570	whereby, for consideration, an alcoholic beverage is either directly or indirectly transferred,
571	solicited, ordered, delivered for value, or by a means or under a pretext is promised or
572	obtained, whether done by a person as a principal, proprietor, or as an agent, servant, or
573	employee, unless otherwise defined in this title or the rules made by the commission.
574	[(54)] (59) "Seminude," "seminudity," or "state of seminudity" means a state of dress in
575	which opaque clothing covers no more than:
576	(a) the nipple and areola of the female human breast in a shape and color other than the
577	natural shape and color of the nipple and areola; and
578	(b) the human genitals, pubic area, and anus:
579	(i) with no less than the following at its widest point:
580	(A) four inches coverage width in the front of the human body; and
581	(B) five inches coverage width in the back of the human body; and
582	(ii) with coverage that does not taper to less than one inch wide at the narrowest point.
583	[(55)] (60) "Sexually oriented entertainer" means a person who while in a state of

584	seminudity appears at or performs:
585	(a) for the entertainment of one or more patrons;
586	(b) on the premises of:
587	(i) a [class D private] social club licensee as defined in [Subsection] Section
588	32A-5-101[ <del>(3)</del> ]; or
589	(ii) a tavern;
590	(c) on behalf of or at the request of the licensee described in Subsection [(55)] (60)(b);
591	(d) on a contractual or voluntary basis; and
592	(e) whether or not the person is designated:
593	(i) an employee of the licensee described in Subsection [(55)] (60)(b);
594	(ii) an independent contractor of the licensee described in Subsection [(55)] (60)(b);
595	(iii) an agent of the licensee described in Subsection [(55)] (60)(b); or
596	(iv) otherwise of the licensee described in Subsection [(55)] (60)(b).
597	[(56)] (61) "Small brewer" means a brewer who manufactures less than 60,000 barrels
598	of beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt beverages per year.
599	[(57)] $(62)$ (a) "Spirituous liquor" means liquor that is distilled.
600	(b) "Spirituous liquor" includes an alcohol product defined as a "distilled spirit" by 27
601	U.S.C. 211 and 27 C.F.R. Sections 5.11 through 5.23.
602	[(58) (a) "State label" means the official label designated by the commission affixed to
603	a liquor container sold in the state.]
604	[(b) "State label" includes the department identification mark and inventory control
605	number.]
606	[(59)] $(63)$ (a) "State store" means a facility for the sale of package liquor:
607	(i) located on premises owned or leased by the state; and
608	(ii) operated by a state employee.
609	(b) "State store" does not apply to a:
610	(i) licensee;
611	(ii) permittee; or
612	(iii) package agency.
613	(64) For purposes of Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses, and Chapter 4, Part
614	3. Limited Restaurant Licenses:

013	(a) Storage area inteans an area on the premises of a restaurant where a licensee
616	stores an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product.
617	(b) "Store" means to place or maintain in a location an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic
618	product from which a person draws to prepare an alcoholic beverage for service to a patron of
619	the restaurant, except as provided in Subsection 32A-4-106(7)(e)(ii)(B) or
620	32A-4-307(7)(e)(ii)(B).
621	(65) "Sublicense" is as defined in Section 32A-4a-102.
622	[(60)] (66) "Supplier" means a person selling an alcoholic beverage to the department.
623	[ <del>(61)</del> ] (67) (a) "Tavern" means a business establishment that is:
624	(i) engaged primarily in the retail sale of beer to a public patron for consumption on the
625	establishment's premises; and
626	(ii) licensed to sell beer under Chapter 10, Part 2, On-Premise Beer Retailer Licenses.
627	(b) "Tavern" includes the following if the revenue from the sale of beer exceeds the
628	revenue of the sale of food, although food need not be sold in the establishment:
629	(i) a beer bar;
630	(ii) a parlor;
631	(iii) a lounge;
632	(iv) a cabaret; or
633	(v) a nightclub.
634	[(62)] (68) "Temporary domicile" means the principal place of abode within Utah of a
635	person who does not have a present intention to continue residency within Utah permanently or
636	indefinitely.
637	[(63)] (69) "Unsaleable liquor merchandise" means merchandise that:
638	(a) is unsaleable because the merchandise is:
639	(i) unlabeled;
640	(ii) leaky;
641	(iii) damaged;
642	(iv) difficult to open; or
643	(v) partly filled;
644	(b) is in a container:
645	(i) having faded labels or defective caps or corks;

646	(ii) in which the contents are:
647	(A) cloudy;
648	(B) spoiled; or
649	(C) chemically determined to be impure; or
650	(iii) that contains:
651	(A) sediment; or
652	(B) a foreign substance; or
653	(c) is otherwise considered by the department as unfit for sale.
654	[(64) "Visitor" means an individual that in accordance with Section 32A-5-107 holds
655	limited privileges in a private club by virtue of a visitor card.]
656	[(65)] (70) "Warehouser" means a person, other than a licensed manufacturer, engaged
657	in the importation for sale, storage, or distribution of liquor regardless of amount.
658	[(66)] (71) (a) "Wholesaler" means a person engaged in the importation for sale, or in
659	the sale of beer in wholesale or jobbing quantities to one or more retailers.
660	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(66)] (71)(a), "wholesaler" does not include a small
661	brewer selling beer manufactured by that brewer.
662	[(67)] (72) (a) "Wine" means an alcoholic beverage obtained by the fermentation of the
663	natural sugar content of fruits, plants, honey, or milk, or other like substance, whether or not
664	another ingredient is added.
665	(b) "Wine" is considered "liquor" for purposes of this title, except as otherwise
666	provided in this title.
667	Section 5. Section <b>32A-1-107</b> is amended to read:
668	32A-1-107. Powers and duties of the commission.
669	(1) The commission shall:
670	(a) act as a general policymaking body on the subject of alcoholic product control;
671	(b) adopt and issue policies, directives, rules, and procedures;
672	(c) set policy by written rules that establish criteria and procedures for:
673	(i) granting, denying, suspending, or revoking [permits, licenses, certificates of
674	approval, and package agencies] a permit, license, certificate of approval, or package agency;
675	(ii) controlling liquor merchandise inventory including:
676	(A) listing and delisting [products] a product;

677	(B) the procedures for testing <u>a</u> new [ <del>products</del> ] <u>product</u> ;
678	(C) purchasing policy;
679	(D) turnover requirements for <u>a</u> regularly coded [ <u>products</u> ] <u>product</u> to be continued;
680	and
681	(E) the disposition of discontinued, distressed, or unsaleable merchandise; and
682	(iii) determining the location of <u>a</u> state [stores, package agencies, and outlets] store,
683	package agency, or outlet;
684	(d) decide within the limits and under the conditions imposed by this title, the number
685	and location of state stores, package agencies, and outlets established in the state;
686	(e) issue, grant, deny, suspend, revoke, or not renew the following permits, licenses,
687	certificates of approval, and package agencies for the purchase, sale, storage, service,
688	manufacture, distribution, and consumption of <u>an</u> alcoholic [products] product:
689	(i) <u>a package [agencies] agency;</u>
690	(ii) <u>a</u> restaurant [ <u>licenses</u> ] <u>license</u> ;
691	(iii) <u>an</u> airport lounge [ <del>licenses</del> ] <u>license</u> ;
692	(iv) <u>a</u> limited restaurant [ <del>licenses</del> ] <u>license</u> ;
693	(v) <u>an</u> on-premise banquet [ <u>licenses</u> ] <u>license</u> ;
694	(vi) a resort license, under which four or more sublicenses may be included;
695	[(vi) private] (vii) a club [licenses] license;
696	[(vii)] (viii) an on-premise beer retailer [licenses] license;
697	[(viii)] (ix) a temporary special event beer [permits] permit;
698	[(ix)] (x) a special use [permits] permit;
699	[(x)] (xi) a single event [permits] permit;
700	[(xii)] (xii) a manufacturing [licenses] license;
701	[(xii)] (xiii) a liquor warehousing [licenses] license;
702	[(xiii)] (xiv) a beer wholesaling [licenses] license; and
703	[(xiv)] (xv) an out-of-state brewer [certificates] certificate of approval;
704	(f) fix prices at which [liquors are] liquor is sold that are the same at all state stores,
705	package agencies, and outlets;
706	(g) issue and distribute price lists showing the price to be paid by [purchasers] $\underline{a}$
707	<u>purchaser</u> for each class, variety, or brand of liquor kept for sale by the department;

708	(h) (i) require the director to follow sound management principles; and
709	(ii) require periodic reporting from the director to ensure that:
710	(A) sound management principles are being followed; and
711	(B) policies established by the commission are being observed;
712	(i) (i) receive, consider, and act in a timely manner upon [all] the reports,
713	recommendations, and matters submitted by the director to the commission; and
714	(ii) do [all] the things necessary to support the department in properly performing the
715	department's duties and responsibilities;
716	(j) obtain temporarily and for special purposes the services of [experts and persons] an
717	expert or person engaged in the practice of a profession or who possess any needed skills,
718	talents, or abilities if:
719	(i) considered expedient; and
720	(ii) approved by the governor;
721	(k) prescribe the duties of $\underline{a}$ departmental [officials] official authorized to assist the
722	commission in issuing [permits, licenses, certificates of approval, and package agencies] a
723	permit, license, certificate of approval, or package agency under this title;
724	(1) prescribe, consistent with this title, the fees payable for:
725	(i) [permits, licenses, certificates of approval, and package agencies] a permit, license,
726	certificate of approval, or package agency issued under this title; or
727	(ii) anything done or permitted to be done under this title;
728	(m) prescribe the conduct, management, and equipment of [any] premises upon which
729	an alcoholic [beverages] beverage may be sold, consumed, served, or stored;
730	(n) make rules governing the credit terms of beer sales to retailers within the state;
731	(o) require that each of the following, where required in this title, display in a
732	prominent place a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol
733	or drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah.":
734	(i) a state store;
735	(ii) a permittee;
736	(iii) a licensee; and
737	(iv) a package agency; and
738	(p) subject to Subsection (4) and as provided in this title, impose fines against:

739 (i) a permittee, licensee, certificate holder, or package agent described in Subsection 740 (1)(e); or 741 (ii) [any] an officer, employee, or agent of a permittee, licensee, certificate holder, or 742 package agent described in Subsection (1)(p)(i). 743 (2) The power of the commission to do the following is plenary, except as otherwise 744 provided by this title, and not subject to review: 745 (a) establish a state [stores] store; 746 (b) create a package [agencies] agency; 747 (c) grant authority to operate a package [agencies] agency; and 748 (d) grant or deny [permits, licenses, and certificates] a permit, license, or certificate of 749 approval. 750 (3) The commission may appoint a qualified hearing [examiners] examiner to conduct 751 [any] a suspension or revocation [hearings] hearing required by law. 752 (4) (a) In [any] a case [where] when the commission is given the power to suspend 753 [any] a permit, license, certificate of approval, or package agency the commission may impose 754 a fine in addition to or in lieu of suspension. 755 (b) [Fines] A fine imposed may not exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate for: 756 (i) [any] a single Notice of Agency Action; or 757 (ii) a single action against a package agency. 758 (c) The commission shall promulgate, by rule, a schedule setting forth a range of fines 759 for each violation. 760 Section 6. Section **32A-1-109** is amended to read: 761 32A-1-109. Powers and duties of the director. 762 Subject to the powers and responsibilities vested in the commission by this title the 763 director shall: 764 (1) prepare and propose to the commission general policies, directives, rules, and 765 procedures governing the administrative activities of the department, and may submit other 766 recommendations to the commission as the director considers in the interest of [its] the 767 commission's or the department's business; 768 (2) within the general policies, directives, rules, and procedures of the commission[-]: 769 (a) provide day-to-day direction, coordination, and delegation of responsibilities in the

770	administrative activities of the department's business; and [promulgate]
771	(b) make internal department policies, directives, rules, and procedures relating to
772	department personnel matters, and the day-to-day operation of the department consistent with
773	those of the commission;
774	(3) (a) appoint or employ personnel as considered necessary in the administration of
775	this title [and];
776	(b) prescribe the conditions of [their] employment[, define their] for the personnel
777	described in Subsection (3)(a);
778	(c) define the respective duties and powers[, fix their] for the personnel described in
779	Subsection (3)(a);
780	(d) fix the remuneration in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel
781	Management Act, for the personnel described in Subsection (3)(a); and
782	(e) designate those employees required to give [bonds] a bond and specify the bond
783	amounts;
784	(4) establish and secure adherence to a system of reports, controls, and performance in
785	[all] matters relating to personnel, security, department property management, and operation of
786	[department offices, warehouses, state stores, package agencies, and licensees;]:
787	(a) a department office;
788	(b) a warehouse;
789	(c) a state store;
790	(d) a package agency; and
791	(e) a licensee;
792	(5) within the policies, directives, rules, and procedures approved by the commission
793	and provisions of law, buy, import, keep for sale, sell and control the sale, storage, service,
794	transportation, and delivery of <u>an</u> alcoholic [products] product;
795	(6) prepare for commission approval:
796	(a) recommendations regarding the location, establishment, relocation, and closure of
797	[state stores and package agencies] a state store or package agency;
798	(b) recommendations regarding the issuance, suspension, nonrenewal, and revocation
799	of [licenses and permits] a license or permit;
800	(c) an annual [budgets] budget, proposed legislation, and reports as required by law and

801	sound business principles;
802	(d) plans for reorganizing divisions of the department and [their] the functions of the
803	divisions;
804	(e) manuals containing [all] commission and department policies, directives, rules, and
805	procedures;
806	(f) an inventory control system;
807	(g) any other [reports and recommendations] report or recommendation as may be
808	requested by the commission;
809	(h) rules governing the credit terms of the sale of beer [sales] to a beer retailer
810	[ <del>licensees</del> ] <u>licensee</u> ;
811	(i) rules governing the calibration, maintenance, and regulation of $\underline{a}$ calibrated metered
812	dispensing [systems] system;
813	(j) rules governing the posting of a list of types and brand names of liquor [being]
814	served through <u>a</u> calibrated metered dispensing [systems] system;
815	(k) price lists issued and distributed showing the price to be paid for each class, variety,
816	or brand of liquor kept for sale at $\underline{a}$ state [stores, package agencies, and outlets] $\underline{store}$ , package
817	agency, or outlet;
818	(l) directives prescribing the books of account kept by the department and by $\underline{a}$ state
819	[stores, package agencies, and outlets;] store, package agency, or outlet; and
820	[(m) an official state label and the manner in which the label shall be affixed to every
821	package of liquor sold under this title; and]
822	[(n)] (m) a policy prescribing the manner of giving and serving [notices] a notice
823	required by this title or rules made under this title;
824	(7) make available through the department to any person, upon request, a copy of [any]
825	<u>a</u> policy or directive [promulgated] made by the director;
826	[(8) adopt internal departmental policies, directives, rules, and procedures relating to
827	department personnel matters and the day-to-day operation of the department that are
828	consistent with those of the commission;]
829	[(9)] (8) keep a current copy of [the manuals containing] a manual that contains the
830	rules and policies of the department and commission available for public inspection;
831	[(10)] (9) (a) after consultation with the governor, determine whether <u>an</u> alcoholic

832	[products] product should not be sold, offered for sale, or otherwise furnished in an area of the
833	state during a period of emergency that is proclaimed by the governor to exist in that area; and
834	(b) issue [any] a necessary public [announcements and directives] announcement or
835	directive with respect to the determination described in Subsection [(10)] (9)(a); and
836	[(11)] (10) perform other duties required by the commission and by law.
837	Section 7. Section <b>32A-1-115</b> is amended to read:
838	32A-1-115. Alcoholic Beverage Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account
839	Distribution.
840	(1) As used in this section:
841	(a) "Account" means the Alcoholic Beverage Enforcement and Treatment Restricted
842	Account created in this section.
843	(b) "Alcohol-related offense" means:
844	(i) a violation of:
845	(A) Section 41-6a-502; or
846	(B) an ordinance that complies with the requirements of:
847	(I) Subsection 41-6a-510(1); or
848	(II) Section 76-5-207; or
849	(ii) an offense involving the:
850	(A) illegal sale of alcohol;
851	(B) illegal distribution of alcohol;
852	(C) illegal transportation of alcohol;
853	(D) illegal possession of alcohol; or
854	(E) illegal consumption of alcohol.
855	(c) "Annual conviction time period" means the time period that:
856	(i) begins on July 1 and ends on June 30; and
857	(ii) immediately precedes the fiscal year for which an appropriation under this section
858	is made.
859	(d) "Coordinating council" means the Utah Substance Abuse and Anti-Violence
860	Coordinating Council created in Section 63M-7-301.
861	(e) "Municipality" means:
862	(i) a city; or

863	(ii) a town.
864	(2) (a) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account called the "Alcoholic
865	Beverage Enforcement and Treatment Restricted Account."
866	(b) The account shall be funded from:
867	(i) amounts deposited by the state treasurer in accordance with Section 59-15-109;
868	(ii) any appropriations made to the account by the Legislature; and
869	(iii) interest described in Subsection (2)(c).
870	(c) Interest earned on the account shall be deposited into the account.
871	(d) (i) Consistent with the policies provided in Subsection 32A-1-104(4)(b), the
872	revenues in the account shall be used for statewide public purposes including promoting the
873	reduction of the harmful effects of over consumption of alcoholic beverages by adults and
874	alcohol consumption by minors by funding exclusively programs or projects related to
875	prevention, treatment, detection, prosecution, and control of violations of this title and other
876	offenses in which alcohol is a contributing factor except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(ii).
877	(ii) The portion distributed under this section to counties may also be used for the
878	confinement or treatment of persons arrested for or convicted of offenses in which alcohol is a
879	contributing factor.
880	(iii) [Any] $\underline{A}$ municipality or county entitled to receive [funds] monies shall use the
881	[funds] monies exclusively as required by this Subsection (2)(d).
882	(iv) The appropriations provided for under Subsection (3) are:
883	(A) intended to supplement the budget of the appropriate agencies of each municipality
884	and county within the state to enable the municipalities and counties to more effectively fund
885	the programs and projects described in this Subsection (2)(d); and
886	(B) not intended to replace [funds] monies that would otherwise be allocated for the
887	programs and projects in this Subsection (2)(d).
888	(3) (a) The revenues deposited into the account shall be distributed to municipalities
889	and counties:
890	(i) to the extent appropriated by the Legislature except that the Legislature shall
891	appropriate each fiscal year an amount equal to at least the amount deposited in the account in
892	accordance with Section 59-15-109; and

(ii) as provided in this Subsection (3).

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1st Sub. (Green) S.B. 187 894 (b) The amount appropriated from the account shall be distributed as follows: 895 (i) 25% to municipalities and counties based upon the percentage of the state 896 population residing in each municipality and county; 897 (ii) 30% to municipalities and counties based upon each municipality's and county's 898 percentage of the statewide convictions for all alcohol-related offenses; 899 (iii) 20% to municipalities and counties based upon the percentage of all state stores, 900 package agencies, liquor licensees, and beer licensees in the state that are located in each 901 municipality and county; and 902 (iv) 25% to the counties for confinement and treatment purposes authorized by this 903 section based upon the percentage of the state population located in each county. 904 (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(iii), a municipality that does not have a 905 law enforcement agency may not receive monies under this section. 906 (ii) The State Tax Commission: 907 (A) may not distribute the monies the municipality would receive but for the 908 municipality not having a law enforcement agency to that municipality; and 909 (B) shall distribute the monies that the municipality would have received but for it not 910 having a law enforcement agency to the county in which the municipality is located for use by 911 the county in accordance with this section. 912 (iii) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(c)(i) and (ii), if the coordinating council finds 913 that a municipality described in Subsection (3)(c)(i) demonstrates that the municipality can use 914 the monies that the municipality is otherwise eligible to receive in accordance with this section, 915 the coordinating council may direct the State Tax Commission to distribute the money to the 916 municipality. 917 (4) To determine the distributions required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the State Tax 918 Commission shall annually: 919 (a) for an annual conviction time period:

Section 76-5-207; and

annual conviction time period for violation of:

(A) Section 41-6a-502; or

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(i) multiply by two the total number of convictions in the state obtained during the

(B) an ordinance that complies with the requirements of Subsection 41-6a-510(1) or

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926 obtained during the annual conviction time period for all alcohol-related offenses other than the 927 alcohol-related offenses described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); 928 (b) divide an amount equal to 30% of the appropriation for that fiscal year by the sum 929 obtained in Subsection (4)(a); and 930 (c) multiply the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b), by the number of 931 convictions obtained in each municipality and county during the annual conviction time period 932 for alcohol-related offenses. 933 (5) For purposes of this section: 934 (a) the number of state stores, package agencies, and licensees located within the limits 935 of each municipality and county: 936 (i) is the number determined by the department to be so located; 937 (ii) includes all: 938 (A) [private clubs] club licenses; 939 (B) restaurants; 940 (C) limited restaurants; 941 (D) on-premise banquet licenses; 942 (E) airport lounges; 943 (F) resort licenses; 944 [<del>(F)</del>] (G) package agencies; and 945 [<del>(G)</del>] (H) state stores; and 946 (iii) does not include on-premise beer retailer licensees; 947 (b) the number of state stores, package agencies, and licensees in a county consists only 948 of that number located within unincorporated areas of the county; 949 (c) population figures shall be determined according to the most current population 950 estimates prepared by the Utah Population Estimates Committee; 951 (d) a county's population figure for the 25% distribution to municipalities and counties 952 under Subsection (3)(b)(i) shall be determined only with reference to the population in the 953 unincorporated areas of the county; (e) a county's population figure under Subsection (3)(b)(iv) for the 25% distribution to 954 955 counties only shall be determined with reference to the total population in the county, including

(ii) add to the number calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(i) the number of convictions

956 that of municipalities;

- (f) a conviction occurs in the municipality or county that actually prosecutes the offense to judgment; and
- (g) in the case of a conviction based upon a guilty plea, the conviction is considered to occur in the municipality or county that, except for the guilty plea, would have prosecuted the offense.
  - (6) By not later than September 1 each year:
- (a) the state court administrator shall certify to the State Tax Commission the number of convictions obtained for alcohol-related offenses in each municipality or county in the state during the annual conviction time period; and
- (b) the coordinating council shall notify the State Tax Commission of any municipality that does not have a law enforcement agency.
- (7) By not later than December 1 of each year, the coordinating council shall notify the State Tax Commission for the fiscal year of appropriation of:
  - (a) any municipality that may receive a distribution under Subsection (3)(c)(iii);
- (b) any county that may receive a distribution allocated to a municipality described in Subsection (3)(c)(ii);
- (c) any municipality or county that may not receive a distribution because the coordinating council has suspended the payment under Subsection (10)(a)(i); and
- (d) any municipality or county that receives a distribution because the suspension of payment has been cancelled under Subsection (10)(a)(ii).
- (8) (a) By not later than January 1 of the fiscal year of appropriation, the State Tax Commission shall annually distribute to each municipality and county the portion of the appropriation that the municipality or county is eligible to receive under this section, except for any municipality or county that the coordinating council notifies the State Tax Commission in accordance with Subsection (7) may not receive a distribution in that fiscal year.
- (b) (i) The State Tax Commission shall prepare forms for use by municipalities and counties in applying for distributions under this section.
- (ii) The forms described in this Subsection (8) may require the submission of information the State Tax Commission considers necessary to enable the State Tax Commission to comply with this section.

987	(9) A municipality or county that receives any monies under this section during a fiscal
988	year shall by no later than October 1 following the fiscal year:
989	(a) report to the coordinating council:
990	(i) the programs or projects of the municipality or county that receive monies under
991	this section;
992	(ii) if the monies for programs or projects were exclusively used as required by
993	Subsection (2)(d);
994	(iii) indicators of whether the programs or projects that receive monies under this
995	section are effective; and
996	(iv) if [any] monies received under this section were not expended by the municipality
997	or county; and
998	(b) provide the coordinating council a statement signed by the chief executive officer
999	of the county or municipality attesting that the monies received under this section were used in
1000	addition to [any] monies appropriated or otherwise available for the county's or municipality's
1001	law enforcement and were not used to supplant those monies.
1002	(10) (a) The coordinating council may, by a majority vote:
1003	(i) suspend future payments under Subsection (8) to a municipality or county that:
1004	(A) does not file a report that meets the requirements of Subsection (9); or
1005	(B) the coordinating council finds does not use the monies as required by Subsection
1006	(2)(d) on the basis of the report filed by the municipality or county under Subsection (9); and
1007	(ii) cancel a suspension under Subsection (10)(a)(i).
1008	(b) The State Tax Commission shall:
1009	(i) retain monies that a municipality or county does not receive under Subsection
1010	(10)(a); and
1011	(ii) notify the coordinating council of the balance of retained monies under this
1012	Subsection (10)(b) after the annual distribution under Subsection (8).
1013	(11) (a) Subject to the requirements of this Subsection (11), the coordinating council
1014	shall award the balance of retained monies under Subsection (10)(b):
1015	(i) as prioritized by majority vote of the coordinating council; and
1016	(ii) as grants to:
1017	(A) a county;

1018	(B) a municipality;
1019	(C) the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;
1020	(D) the Department of Human Services;
1021	(E) the Department of Public Safety; or
1022	(F) the Utah State Office of Education.
1023	(b) By not later than May 30 of the fiscal year of the appropriation, the coordinating
1024	council shall notify the State Tax Commission of [any] grants awarded under this Subsection
1025	(11).
1026	(c) The State Tax Commission shall make payments of [grants] a grant:
1027	(i) upon receiving notice as provided under Subsection (11)(b); and
1028	(ii) by not later than June 30 of the fiscal year of the appropriation.
1029	(d) An entity that receives a grant under this Subsection (11) shall use the grant monies
1030	exclusively for programs or projects described in Subsection (2)(d).
1031	Section 8. Section 32A-1-119 is amended to read:
1032	32A-1-119. Disciplinary proceedings Procedure.
1033	(1) As used in Subsection (4), "final adjudication" means an adjudication for which a
1034	final [unappealable] judgment or order is issued[-] that:
1035	(a) is not appealed, and the time to appeal the judgment has expired; or
1036	(b) is appealed, and is affirmed, in whole or in part, on appeal.
1037	(2) (a) Subject to Section 32A-1-119.5, the following may conduct an adjudicative
1038	proceeding to inquire into a matter necessary and proper for the administration of this title and
1039	rules adopted under this title:
1040	(i) the commission;
1041	(ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission for the purposes provided in
1042	Subsection 32A-1-107(3);
1043	(iii) the director; and
1044	(iv) the department.
1045	(b) Except as provided in this section or Section 32A-3-106, the following shall
1046	comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
1047	Procedures Act, in an adjudicative proceeding:
1048	(i) the commission;

1049 (ii) a hearing examiner appointed by the commission; 1050 (iii) the director; and 1051 (iv) the department. 1052 (c) Except where otherwise provided by law, an adjudicative proceeding before the 1053 commission or a hearing examiner appointed by the commission shall be: 1054 (i) video or audio recorded; and 1055 (ii) subject to Subsection (5)(e), conducted in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, 1056 Open and Public Meetings Act. 1057 (d) A person listed in Subsection (2)(a) shall conduct an adjudicative proceeding 1058 concerning departmental personnel in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State 1059 Personnel Management Act. 1060 (e) A hearing that is informational, fact gathering, and nonadversarial in nature shall be conducted in accordance with rules, policies, and procedures made by the commission, 1061 1062 director, or department. 1063 (3) (a) Subject to Section 32A-1-119.5, a disciplinary proceeding shall be conducted 1064 under the authority of the commission, which is responsible for rendering a final decision and 1065 order on a disciplinary matter. 1066 (b) (i) Nothing in this section precludes the commission from appointing a necessary 1067 officer, including a hearing examiner, from within or without the department, to administer the 1068 disciplinary proceeding process. 1069 (ii) A hearing examiner appointed by the commission: 1070 (A) may conduct a disciplinary proceeding hearing on behalf of the commission; and 1071 (B) shall submit to the commission a report including: 1072 (I) findings of fact determined on the basis of a preponderance of the evidence 1073 presented at the hearing; 1074 (II) conclusions of law; and 1075 (III) recommendations. 1076 (c) Nothing in this section precludes the commission, after the commission renders its 1077 final decision and order, from having the director prepare, issue, and cause to be served on the 1078 parties the final written order on behalf of the commission. 1079 (4) Subject to Section 32A-1-119.5:

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- 1080 (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding described in Subsection 1081 (4)(b) if the department receives: 1082 (i) a report from a government agency, peace officer, examiner, or investigator alleging 1083 that a person listed in Subsections 32A-1-105[(17)](18)(a)(i) through (vii) violated this title or 1084 the rules of the commission; 1085 (ii) a final adjudication of criminal liability against a person listed in Subsections 1086 32A-1-105[<del>(17)</del>](18)(a)(i) through (vii) based on an alleged violation of this title; or 1087 (iii) a final adjudication of civil liability under Chapter 14a, Alcoholic Beverage 1088 Liability, against a person listed in Subsections 32A-1-105[(17)](18)(a)(i) through (vii) based on an alleged violation of this title. 1089 1090 (b) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding if the department receives an 1091 item listed in Subsection (4)(a) to determine: 1092 (i) whether a person listed in Subsections 32A-1-105[(17)](18)(a)(i) through (vii) 1093 violated this title or rules of the commission; and 1094 (ii) if a violation is found, the appropriate sanction to be imposed. 1095 (5) (a) Unless waived by the respondent, a disciplinary proceeding shall be held: 1096 (i) if required by law; 1097 (ii) before revoking or suspending a permit, license, or certificate of approval issued 1098 under this title; or 1099 (iii) before imposing a fine against a person listed in Subsections 1100  $32A-1-105[\frac{(17)}{(18)(a)(i)}]$  through (vii). 1101 (b) Inexcusable failure of a respondent to appear at a scheduled disciplinary proceeding 1102 hearing after receiving proper notice is an admission of the charged violation. 1103 (c) The validity of a disciplinary proceeding is not affected by the failure of a person to 1104 attend or remain in attendance. (d) The commission or an appointed hearing examiner shall preside over a disciplinary 1105 1106 proceeding hearing. 1107 (e) A disciplinary proceeding hearing may be closed only after the commission or
  - (f) (i) The commission or its hearing examiner as part of a disciplinary proceeding

hearing examiner makes a written finding that the public interest in an open hearing is clearly

outweighed by factors enumerated in the closure order.

1111	hearing may:
1112	(A) administer oaths or affirmations;
1113	(B) take evidence;
1114	(C) take a deposition within or without this state; and
1115	(D) require by subpoena from a place within this state:
1116	(I) the testimony of a person at a hearing; and
1117	(II) the production of a book, record, paper, contract, agreement, document, or other
1118	evidence considered relevant to the inquiry.
1119	(ii) A person subpoenaed in accordance with this Subsection (5)(f) shall testify and
1120	produce a book, paper, document, or tangible thing as required in the subpoena.
1121	(iii) A witness subpoenaed or called to testify or produce evidence who claims a
1122	privilege against self-incrimination may not be compelled to testify, but the commission or the
1123	hearing examiner shall file a written report with the county attorney or district attorney in the
1124	jurisdiction where the privilege is claimed or where the witness resides setting forth the
1125	circumstance of the claimed privilege.
1126	(iv) (A) A person is not excused from obeying a subpoena without just cause.
1127	(B) A district court within the judicial district in which a person alleged to be guilty of
1128	willful contempt of court or refusal to obey a subpoena is found or resides, upon application by
1129	the party issuing the subpoena, may issue an order requiring the person to:
1130	(I) appear before the issuing party; and
1131	(II) (Aa) produce documentary evidence if so ordered; or
1132	(Bb) give evidence regarding the matter in question.
1133	(C) Failure to obey an order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt.
1134	(g) (i) In a disciplinary proceeding hearing heard by a hearing examiner, the hearing
1135	examiner shall prepare a report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) to the commission.
1136	(ii) The report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g) may not
1137	recommend a penalty more severe than that initially sought by the department in the notice of
1138	agency action.
1139	(iii) A copy of the report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g)
1140	shall be served upon the respective parties.
1141	(iv) The respondent and the department shall be given reasonable opportunity to file a

1142	written objection to the report required by Subsection (3)(b)(ii) and this Subsection (5)(g)
1143	before final commission action.
1144	(h) In a case heard by the commission, it shall issue its final decision and order in
1145	accordance with Subsection (3).
1146	(6) (a) The commission shall:
1147	(i) render a final decision and order on a disciplinary action; and
1148	(ii) cause its final order to be prepared in writing, issued, and served on all parties.
1149	(b) An order of the commission is [considered] final on the date the order [becomes
1150	effective] is issued.
1151	(c) If the commission is satisfied that a person listed in Subsections
1152	32A-1-105[(17)](18)(a)(i) through (vii) violated this title or the commission's rules, in
1153	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, the commission may:
1154	(i) suspend or revoke the permit, license, or certificate of approval;
1155	(ii) impose a fine against a person listed in Subsections 32A-1-105[(17)](18)(a)(i)
1156	through (vii);
1157	(iii) assess the administrative costs of a disciplinary proceeding to the permittee, the
1158	licensee, or certificate holder; or
1159	(iv) take a combination of actions described in Subsections (6)(c)(i) through (iii).
1160	(d) A fine imposed in accordance with this Subsection (6) is subject to Subsections
1161	32A-1-107(1)(p) and (4).
1162	(e) (i) If a permit or license is suspended under this Subsection (6), the permittee or
1163	licensee shall prominently post a sign provided by the department:
1164	(A) during the suspension; and
1165	(B) at the entrance of the premises of the permittee or licensee.
1166	(ii) The sign required by this Subsection (6)(e) shall:
1167	(A) read "The Utah Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission has suspended the
1168	alcoholic beverage license or permit of this establishment. Alcoholic beverages may not be
1169	sold, served, furnished, or consumed on these premises during the period of suspension."; and
1170	(B) include the dates of the suspension period.
1171	(iii) A permittee or licensee may not remove, alter, obscure, or destroy a sign required
1172	to be posted under this Subsection (6)(e) during the suspension period.

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- (f) If a permit or license is revoked, the commission may order the revocation of a compliance bond posted by the permittee or licensee.
  - (g) A permittee or licensee whose permit or license is revoked may not reapply for a permit or license under this title for three years from the date on which the permit or license is revoked.
  - (h) The commission shall transfer all costs assessed into the General Fund in accordance with Section 32A-1-113.
    - (7) Subject to Section 32A-1-119.5:
  - (a) In addition to an action taken against a permittee, licensee, or certificate holder under this section, the department may initiate disciplinary action against an officer, employee, or agent of a permittee, licensee, or certificate holder.
  - (b) If an officer, employee, or agent is found to have violated this title, the commission may prohibit the officer, employee, or agent from serving, selling, distributing, manufacturing, wholesaling, warehousing, or handling an alcoholic beverage in the course of acting as an officer, employee, or agent with a permittee, licensee, or certificate holder under this title for a period determined by the commission.
    - (8) Subject to Section 32A-1-119.5:
  - (a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding for an alleged violation of this title or the rules of the commission against:
    - (i) a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of an alcoholic beverage; or
- (ii) an officer, employee, agent, or representative of a person listed in Subsection (8)(a)(i).
  - (b) (i) If the commission makes the finding described in Subsection (8)(b)(ii), the commission may, in addition to other penalties prescribed by this title, order:
  - (A) the removal of the manufacturer's, supplier's, or importer's one or more products from the department's sales list; and
- (B) a suspension of the department's purchase of the one or more products described in Subsection (8)(b)(i)(A) for a period determined by the commission.
  - (ii) The commission may take the action described in Subsection (8)(b)(i) if:
- 1202 (A) a manufacturer, supplier, or importer of liquor, wine, heavy beer, or a flavored malt 1203 beverage, or its officer, employee, agent, or representative violates this title; and

1204	(B) the manufacturer, supplier, or importer:
1205	(I) directly commits the violation; or
1206	(II) solicits, requests, commands, encourages, or intentionally aids another to engage in
1207	the violation.
1208	(9) Subject to Section 32A-1-119.5:
1209	(a) The department may initiate a disciplinary proceeding against a brewer holding a
1210	certificate of approval under Section 32A-8-101 for an alleged violation of this title or the rules
1211	of the commission.
1212	(b) If the commission makes a finding that the brewer holding a certificate of approval
1213	violates this title or rules of the commission, the commission may take an action against the
1214	brewer holding a certificate of approval that the commission could take against a licensee
1215	including:
1216	(i) suspension or revocation of the certificate of approval; and
1217	(ii) imposition of a fine.
1218	(10) (a) An adjudicative proceeding under this title, including a disciplinary
1219	proceeding, is a civil action, notwithstanding whether at issue in the adjudicative proceeding is
1220	a violation of statute that can be prosecuted criminally.
1221	(b) Unless specifically adopted in this title, a procedure or principal that is applicable
1222	to a criminal proceeding does not apply to an adjudicative proceeding permitted under this title
1223	including:
1224	(i) Title 76, Chapter 1, General Provisions;
1225	(ii) Title 76, Chapter 2, Principles of Criminal Responsibility;
1226	(iii) Title 76, Chapter 3, Punishments; and
1227	(iv) Title 76, Chapter 4, Inchoate Offenses.
1228	(c) (i) The burden of proof in an adjudicative proceeding under this title is by a
1229	preponderance of the evidence.
1230	(ii) If the subject of an adjudicative proceeding under this title asserts an affirmative
1231	defense, the subject has the burden of proof to establish the affirmative defense by the
1232	preponderance of the evidence.
1233	(d) In an adjudicative proceeding under this title, to find a violation of this title the
1234	commission:

1235	(i) is required to determine whether the conduct that constitutes the violation occurred;
1236	<u>and</u>
1237	(ii) is not required to make a finding of knowledge or intent unless knowledge or intent
1238	is expressly made an element of the violation by statute.
1239	[(10)] (11) (a) If a respondent requests a disciplinary proceeding hearing, the hearing
1240	held by the commission or a hearing examiner appointed by the commission shall proceed
1241	formally in accordance with Sections 63G-4-204 through 63G-4-209 in a case where:
1242	(i) the alleged violation poses, or potentially poses, a grave risk to public safety, health,
1243	and welfare;
1244	(ii) the alleged violation involves:
1245	(A) selling, serving, or otherwise furnishing an alcoholic product to a minor;
1246	(B) attire, conduct, or entertainment prohibited by Part 6, Attire, Conduct, and
1247	Entertainment Act;
1248	(C) fraud, deceit, willful concealment, or misrepresentation of the facts by or on behalf
1249	of the respondent;
1250	(D) interfering or refusing to cooperate with:
1251	(I) an authorized official of the department or the state in the discharge of the official's
1252	duties in relation to the enforcement of this title; or
1253	(II) a peace officer in the discharge of the peace officer's duties in relation to the
1254	enforcement of this title;
1255	(E) an unlawful trade practice under Sections 32A-12-601 through 32A-12-606;
1256	(F) unlawful importation of an alcoholic product; or
1257	(G) unlawful supply of liquor by a liquor industry member, as defined in Subsection
1258	32A-12-601(2), to a person other than the department or a military installation, except to the
1259	extent permitted by this title; or
1260	(iii) the department determines to seek in a disciplinary proceeding hearing:
1261	(A) an administrative fine exceeding \$3,000;
1262	(B) a suspension of a license, permit, or certificate of approval of more than ten days;
1263	or
1264	(C) a revocation of a license, permit, or certificate of approval.
1265	(b) If a respondent does not request a disciplinary proceeding hearing, a hearing shall

1266	proceed informally unless it is designated as a formal proceeding pursuant to rules adopted by
1267	the commission in accordance with Subsection (11)(c).
1268	[(b)] (c) The commission shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1269	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to provide a procedure to implement this Subsection
1270	[ <del>(10)</del> ] <u>(11)</u> .
1271	(12) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this title, the commission may not order a
1272	disciplinary action or fine in accordance with this section if the disciplinary action or fine is
1273	ordered on the basis of a violation:
1274	(a) of a provision in this title related to intoxication or becoming intoxicated; and
1275	(b) if the violation is first investigated by a law enforcement officer, as defined in
1276	Section 53-13-103, who has not received training regarding the requirements of this title
1277	related to responsible alcoholic beverage sale or service.
1278	Section 9. Section <b>32A-1-119.5</b> is amended to read:
1279	32A-1-119.5. Timing of reporting violations.
1280	(1) As used in this section:
1281	(a) "Department compliance officer" means an individual who is:
1282	(i) an auditor or inspector; and
1283	(ii) employed by the department.
1284	(b) "Nondepartment enforcement agency" means an agency that:
1285	(i) (A) is a state agency other than the department; or
1286	(B) is an agency of a county, city, or town; and
1287	(ii) has a responsibility, as provided in another provision of this title, to enforce one or
1288	more provisions of this title.
1289	(c) "Nondepartment enforcement officer" means an individual who is:
1290	(i) a peace officer, examiner, or investigator; and
1291	(ii) employed by an agency described in Subsection (1)(b).
1292	(2) A disciplinary proceeding may not be initiated or maintained by the commission or
1293	department on the basis, in whole or in part, of a violation of this title unless a person listed in
1294	Subsections 32A-1-105[(15)](18)(a)(i) through (vi) against whom the violation is alleged is
1295	notified by the department of the violation in accordance with this section.
1296	(3) (a) A nondepartment enforcement agency or nondepartment enforcement officer

may not report a violation of this title to the department more than eight business days after the
day on which a nondepartment enforcement officer or agency completes an investigation that
finds a violation of this title.

- (b) If the commission or department wants the right to initiate or maintain a disciplinary proceeding on the basis, in whole or in part, of a violation of this title alleged in a report described in Subsection (3)(a), the department shall notify a person listed in Subsections  $32A-1-105[\frac{(15)}{(15)}](18)(a)(i)$  through (vi) alleged by the report to have violated this title:
- (i) by no later than eight business days of the day on which the department receives the report described in Subsection (3)(a); and
- (ii) that the commission or department may initiate or maintain a disciplinary proceeding on the basis, in whole or in part, of the violation.
- (4) If the commission or department wants the right to initiate or maintain a disciplinary proceeding on the basis, in whole or in part, of a violation of this title alleged by report of a department compliance officer, the department shall notify a person listed in Subsections 32A-1-105[(15)](18)(a)(i) through (vi) alleged by the report to have violated this title:
- (a) by no later than eight business days of the day on which the department compliance officer completes an investigation that finds a violation of this title; and
- (b) that the commission or department may initiate or maintain a disciplinary proceeding on the basis, in whole or in part, of the violation.
- (5) The notice described in Subsection (2), (3)(b), or (4) is not required with respect to a person listed in Subsection  $32A-1-105[\frac{(15)}{(18)}](18)(a)(vii)$ .
- (6) (a) A notice required by Subsection (2), (3)(b), or (4) may be done orally, if after the oral notification the department provides written notification.
- (b) The written notification described in Subsection (6)(a) may be sent outside the time periods required by this section.
- 1323 (7) The department shall maintain a record of a notification required by Subsection (2), 1324 (3)(b), or (4) that includes:
  - (a) the name of the person notified; and
- (b) the date of the notification.
- Section 10. Section **32A-1-304.5** is enacted to read:

1328	<u>32A-1-304.5.</u> Verification of proof of age by certain club licensees.
1329	(1) For purposes of this section, "applicable club licensee" means the following as
1330	defined in Section 32A-5-101:
1331	(a) a dining club licensee; or
1332	(b) a social club licensee.
1333	(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, an applicable club licensee shall
1334	require that a person authorized to sell or otherwise handle an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic
1335	product under the applicable club license verify proof of age as provided in this section.
1336	(3) A person described in Subsection (2) is required to verify proof of age under this
1337	section before an individual who appears to be 35 years of age or younger:
1338	(a) gains admittance to the premises of a social club licensee; or
1339	(b) procures an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product on the premises of a dining
1340	club licensee.
1341	(4) To comply with Subsection (3), a person shall:
1342	(a) request the individual present proof of age; and
1343	(b) (i) verify the validity of the proof of age electronically under the verification
1344	program created in Subsection (5); or
1345	(ii) if the proof of age cannot be electronically verified as provided in Subsection
1346	(4)(b)(i), request that the individual comply with a process established by the commission by
1347	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1348	(5) The commission shall establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1349	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, an electronic verification program that includes the
1350	following:
1351	(a) the specifications for the technology used by the applicable club licensee to
1352	electronically verify proof of age, including that the technology display to the person described
1353	in Subsection (2) no more than the following for the individual who presents the proof of age:
1354	(i) the name;
1355	(ii) the age;
1356	(iii) the number assigned to the individual's proof of age by the issuing authority;
1357	(iv) the birth date;
1358	(v) the gender; and

1359	(vi) the status and expiration date of the individual's proof of age; and
1360	(b) the security measures that must be used by an applicable club licensee to ensure
1361	that information obtained under this section is:
1362	(i) used by the applicable club licensee only for purposes of verifying proof of age in
1363	accordance with this section; and
1364	(ii) retained by the applicable club licensee for seven days after the day on which the
1365	applicable club licensee obtains the information.
1366	(6) (a) An applicable club licensee may not disclose information obtained under this
1367	section except as provided under this title.
1368	(b) Information obtained under this section is considered a record for any purpose
1369	under Section 32A-5-107.
1370	Section 11. Section <b>32A-1-603</b> is amended to read:
1371	32A-1-603. Sexually oriented entertainer.
1372	(1) Subject to the restrictions of this section, live entertainment is permitted on a
1373	premises or at an event regulated by the commission.
1374	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a licensee or permittee may not permit a person to:
1375	(a) appear or perform in a state of nudity;
1376	(b) perform or simulate an act of:
1377	(i) sexual intercourse;
1378	(ii) masturbation;
1379	(iii) sodomy;
1380	(iv) bestiality;
1381	(v) oral copulation;
1382	(vi) flagellation; or
1383	(vii) a sexual act that is prohibited by Utah law; or
1384	(c) touch, caress, or fondle the breast, buttocks, anus, or genitals.
1385	(3) A sexually oriented entertainer may perform in a state of seminudity:
1386	(a) only in:
1387	(i) a tavern; or [class D private club; and]
1388	(ii) a social club license premises; and
1389	(b) only if:

1390	(1) all windows, doors, and other apertures to the premises are darkened or otherwise
1391	constructed to prevent anyone outside the premises from seeing the performance; and
1392	(ii) the outside entrance doors of the premises remain unlocked.
1393	(4) A sexually oriented entertainer may perform only upon a stage or in a designated
1394	performance area that is:
1395	(a) approved by the commission in accordance with rules made by the commission in
1396	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
1397	(b) configured so as to preclude a patron from:
1398	(i) touching the sexually oriented entertainer; or
1399	(ii) placing any money or object on or within the costume or the person of the sexually
1400	oriented entertainer; and
1401	(c) configured so as to preclude the sexually oriented entertainer from touching a
1402	patron.
1403	(5) A sexually oriented entertainer may not touch a patron:
1404	(a) during the sexually oriented entertainer's performance; or
1405	(b) while the sexually oriented entertainer is dressed in performance attire or costume.
1406	(6) A sexually oriented entertainer, while in the portion of the premises used by
1407	patrons, must be dressed in opaque clothing which covers and conceals the sexually oriented
1408	entertainer's performance attire or costume from the top of the breast to the knee.
1409	(7) A patron may not be on the stage or in the performance area while a sexually
1410	oriented entertainer is appearing or performing on the stage or in the performance area.
1411	(8) A patron may not:
1412	(a) touch a sexually oriented entertainer:
1413	(i) during the sexually oriented entertainer's performance; or
1414	(ii) while the sexually oriented entertainer is dressed in performance attire or costume;
1415	or
1416	(b) place money or any other object on or within the costume or the person of the
1417	sexually oriented entertainer.
1418	(9) A minor may not be on a premises described in Subsection (3) [when a sexually
1419	oriented entertainer is performing on the premises].
1420	(10) A person who appears or performs for the entertainment of patrons on a premises

1421	or at an event regulated by the commission that is not a tavern or [class D private club] social
1422	<u>club licensee</u> :
1423	(a) may not appear or perform in a state of nudity or a state of seminudity; and
1424	(b) may appear or perform in opaque clothing that completely covers the person's
1425	genitals, pubic area, and anus if the covering:
1426	(i) is not less than the following at its widest point:
1427	(A) four inches coverage width in the front of the human body; and
1428	(B) five inches coverage width in the back of the human body;
1429	(ii) does not taper to less than one inch wide at the narrowest point; and
1430	(iii) if covering a female, completely covers the breast below the top of the areola.
1431	Section 12. Section <b>32A-2-103</b> is amended to read:
1432	32A-2-103. Operational restrictions.
1433	(1) (a) Liquor may not be sold from a state store except in a sealed package. [The]
1434	(b) A sealed package may not be opened on the premises of [any] a state store.
1435	(2) (a) An officer, agent, clerk, or employee of a state store may not consume or allow
1436	to be consumed by any person [any] an alcoholic beverage on the premises of a state store.
1437	(b) Violation of this Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1438	[(3) All liquor sold shall be in packages that are properly marked and labeled in
1439	accordance with the rules adopted under this title.]
1440	[(4)] (3) Liquor may not be sold except at prices fixed by the commission.
1441	$[(5)]$ (4) Liquor may not be sold, delivered, or furnished to $[any]$ $\underline{a}$ :
1442	(a) minor;
1443	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
1444	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
1445	(d) known interdicted person.
1446	$[6]$ Sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or from the premises of $[any]$ $\underline{a}$
1447	state store, nor may [any] a state store be kept open for the sale of liquor:
1448	(a) on Sunday;
1449	(b) on [any] a state or federal legal holiday; or
1450	[(c) on any day on which any regular general election, regular primary election, or
1451	statewide special election is held;]

1452 (d) on any day on which any municipal, local district, special service district, or school 1453 election is held, but only within the boundaries of the municipality, local district, special 1454 service district, or school district holding the election and only if the municipality, local 1455 district, special service district or school district in which the election is being held notifies the 1456 department at least 30 days prior to the date of the election; or 1457 (e) (c) except on days and during hours as the commission may direct by rule or 1458 order. 1459 [<del>(7)</del> Each] (6) A state store shall display in a prominent place in the store a sign in 1460 large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs is a serious 1461 crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." 1462 [<del>(8)</del>] (7) (a) A minor may not be admitted into, or be on the premises of a state store 1463 unless accompanied by a person who is: 1464 (i) 21 years of age or older; and 1465 (ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse. (b) [Any] A state store employee that has reason to believe that a person who is on the 1466 1467 premises of a state store is under the age of 21 and is not accompanied by a person described in 1468 Subsection [(8)] (7)(a) may: 1469 (i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age; 1470 (ii) ask the person who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor for proof of 1471 age; and 1472 (iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who [accompanied] accompanies the 1473 suspected minor for proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship. 1474 (c) [Any] A state store employee shall refuse to sell liquor to the suspected minor and 1475 to the person who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor into the state store if [they 1476 fail the suspected minor or person fails to provide [any of the] information specified in 1477 Subsection [(8)] (7)(b). 1478 (d) [Any] A state store employee shall require [the] a suspected minor and the person 1479 who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor into the state store to immediately leave 1480 the premises of the state store if [they fail] the suspected minor or person fails to provide [any 1481 of the information specified in Subsection [(8)] (7)(b).

Section 13. Section **32A-3-106** is amended to read:

1483	32A-3-106. Operational restrictions.
1484	(1) (a) A package agency may not be operated until a package agency agreement has
1485	been entered into by the package agent and the department.
1486	(b) The agreement shall state the conditions of operation by which the package agent
1487	and the department are bound.
1488	(c) If the package agent violates the conditions, terms, or covenants contained in the
1489	agreement or violates any provisions of this title, the department may take whatever action
1490	against the agent that is allowed by the package agency agreement.
1491	(d) Actions against the package agent are governed solely by the agreement and may
1492	include suspension or revocation of the agency.
1493	(2) (a) A package agency may not purchase liquor from any person except from the
1494	department.
1495	(b) At the discretion of the department, liquor may be provided by the department to a
1496	package agency for sale on consignment.
1497	(3) The department may pay or otherwise remunerate a package agent on any basis
1498	including sales or volume of business done by the agency.
1499	(4) Liquor may not be sold from any package agency except in a sealed package. The
1500	package may not be opened on the premises of a package agency.
1501	[(5) All liquor sold shall be in packages that are properly marked and labeled in
1502	accordance with the rules adopted under this title.]
1503	[(6)] (5) A package agency may not display liquor or price lists in windows or
1504	showcases visible to passersby.
1505	[(7)] (6) (a) An officer, agent, clerk, or employee of a package agency may not
1506	consume or allow to be consumed by any person any alcoholic beverage on the premises of a
1507	package agency.
1508	(b) Violation of this Subsection [ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> is a class B misdemeanor.
1509	[(8)] (7) Liquor may not be sold except at prices fixed by the commission.
1510	[(9)] (8) Liquor may not be sold, delivered, or furnished to any:
1511	(a) minor;
1512	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated:

(c) known habitual drunkard; or

1514	(d) known interdicted person.
1515	[(10)] (9) (a) Subject to [Subsection (10)(b)] the other provisions of this Subsection
1516	(9), sale or delivery of liquor may not be made on or from the premises of [any] a package
1517	agency nor may [any] a package agency be kept open for the sale of liquor:
1518	(i) (A) on Sunday; or
1519	(B) on a state or federal legal holiday; and
1520	(ii) except on days and during hours as the commission may direct by rule or order.
1521	(b) The restrictions in Subsection [(10)] (9)(a)(i) govern unless:
1522	(i) the package agency is located at a winery licensed under Chapter 8, Manufacturing
1523	Licenses;
1524	(ii) the winery licensed under Chapter 8, Manufacturing Licenses, holds:
1525	(A) a restaurant liquor license under Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses; or
1526	(B) a limited restaurant license under Chapter 4, Part 3, Limited Restaurant Licenses;
1527	(iii) the restaurant described in Subsection [(10)] (9)(b)(ii) is located at the winery;
1528	(iv) the restaurant described in Subsection [ $\frac{(10)}{(9)}$ (b)(ii) sells wines produced at the
1529	winery;
1530	(v) the winery described in Subsection [ <del>(10)</del> ] <u>(9)</u> (b)(i):
1531	(A) owns the restaurant; or
1532	(B) operates the restaurant;
1533	(vi) the package agency only sells wine produced at the winery; and
1534	(vii) the package agency's days and hours of sale are the same as the days and hours of
1535	sale at the restaurant described in Subsection [(10)] (9)(b)(ii).
1536	[(c) (i) In addition to the requirements of Subsection (10)(a), the sale or delivery of
1537	liquor may not be made on or from the premises of a package agency described in Subsection
1538	(10)(c)(ii) and a package agency described in Subsection (10)(c)(ii) may not be open for the
1539	sale of liquor until after the polls are closed:
1540	[(A) on a day on which is held:]
1541	[(I) a regular general election;]
1542	[(H) a regular primary election; or]
1543	[(HI) a statewide special election; or]
1544	(B) on a day on which is held a municipal, local district, special service district, or

1545	school election if:]
1546	[(I) the package agency is within the boundaries of the municipality, local district,
1547	special service district, or school district holding the election; and]
1548	[(II) the municipality, local district, special service district, or school district in which
1549	the election is held notifies the department at least 30 days before the day on which the election
1550	is held.]
1551	[(ii) This Subsection (10)(c) applies to a package agency that contracts with the
1552	department to sell liquor in a manner similar to a state store, whether or not the operator of the
1553	package agency has a source of income that is not from the sale of liquor.]
1554	[(iii) The commission may by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1555	Administrative Rulemaking Act, define what constitutes a package agency that sells liquor "in
1556	a manner similar to a state store."]
1557	(c) (i) Subsection (9)(a)(i) does not apply to a package agency held by a resort licensee
1558	if the package agency that contracts with the department to sell liquor does not sell liquor in a
1559	manner similar to a state store.
1560	(ii) The commission may by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1561	Administrative Rulemaking Act, define what constitutes a package agency that sells liquor "in
1562	a manner similar to a state store."
1563	[(11)] (10) The package agency certificate issued by the commission shall be
1564	permanently posted in a conspicuous place in the package agency.
1565	[(12) Each] (11) A package agent shall display in a prominent place in the package
1566	agency a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs
1567	is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
1568	[(13)] (12) (a) A package agency may not close or cease operation for a period longer
1569	than 72 hours, unless:
1570	(i) the package agency notifies the department in writing at least seven days before the
1571	closing; and
1572	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
1573	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(13)] (12)(a), in the case of emergency closure,
1574	immediate notice of closure shall be made to the department by telephone.

(c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period

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- not to exceed 60 days.(ii) The department may extend the initial period an a
  - (ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon written request of the package agency and upon a showing of good cause.
  - (iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without commission approval.
    - (d) The notice required by Subsection [(13)] (12)(a) shall include:
- (i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
  - (ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
- (iii) the date on which the agency will reopen or resume operation.
  - (e) Failure of the agency to provide notice and to obtain department authorization prior to closure or cessation of operation shall result in an automatic termination of the package agency contract effective immediately.
    - (f) Failure of the agency to reopen or resume operation by the approved date shall result in an automatic termination of the package agency contract effective on that date.
    - [(14)] (13) Liquor may not be stored or sold in any place other than as designated in the package agent's application, unless the package agent first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the package agency premises.
    - [(15)] (14) (a) Except to the extent authorized by commission rule, a minor may not be admitted into, or be on the premises of a package agency unless accompanied by a person who is:
      - (i) 21 years of age or older; and
      - (ii) the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse.
    - (b) [Any]  $\underline{A}$  package agent or employee of the package agency that has reason to believe that a person who is on the premises of a package agency store is under the age of 21 and is not accompanied by a person described in Subsection [(15)] (14)(a) may:
      - (i) ask the suspected minor for proof of age;
  - (ii) ask the person who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor for proof of age; and
  - (iii) ask the suspected minor or the person who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor for proof of parental, guardianship, or spousal relationship.
- 1606 (c) [Any] A package agent or employee of a package agency shall refuse to sell liquor

1607	to the suspected minor and to the person who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor
1608	into the package agency if [they fail] the minor or person fails to provide any [of the]
1609	information specified in Subsection [(15)] (14)(b).
1610	(d) [Any] A package agent or employee of a package agency shall require the suspected
1611	minor and the person who [accompanied] accompanies the suspected minor into the package
1612	agency to immediately leave the premises of the package agency if [they fail] the minor or
1613	person fails to provide [any of the] information specified in Subsection [(15)] (14)(b).
1614	[(16)] (15) A package agency may not transfer its operations from one location to
1615	another location without prior written approval of the commission.
1616	[(17)] (16) (a) A person, having been granted a package agency, may not sell, transfer,
1617	assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the package agency to any
1618	other person, whether for monetary gain or not.
1619	(b) A package agency has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
1620	Section 14. Section <b>32A-4-101</b> is amended to read:
1621	32A-4-101. Commission's power to grant licenses Limitations.
1622	(1) Before a restaurant may sell or allow the consumption of liquor on its premises, it
1623	shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this part.
1624	(2) The commission may [issue] grant restaurant liquor licenses for the purpose of
1625	establishing restaurant liquor outlets at places and in numbers it considers proper for the
1626	storage, sale, and consumption of liquor on premises operated as public restaurants.
1627	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3) and Subsection
1628	32A-4a-201(2), the total number of restaurant liquor licenses may not at any time aggregate
1629	more than that number determined by dividing the population of the state by 5,200.
1630	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (3), population shall be determined by:
1631	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
1632	(ii) another population determination made by the United States or state governments.
1633	(c) (i) The commission may [issue] grant seasonal restaurant liquor licenses established
1634	in areas the commission considers necessary.
1635	(ii) A seasonal restaurant liquor license shall be for a period of six consecutive months.
1636	(iii) A restaurant liquor license [issued] granted for operation during a summer time

period is known as a "Seasonal A" restaurant liquor license. The period of operation for a

1638	"Seasonal A" restaurant liquor license shall:
1639	(A) begin on May 1; and
1640	(B) end on October 31.
1641	(iv) A restaurant liquor license [issued] granted for operation during a winter time
1642	period is known as a "Seasonal B" restaurant liquor license. The period of operation for a
1643	"Seasonal B" restaurant liquor license shall:
1644	(A) begin on November 1; and
1645	(B) end on April 30.
1646	(v) In determining the number of restaurant liquor licenses that the commission may
1647	issue under this section:
1648	(A) a seasonal license is counted as [1/2] one-half of one restaurant liquor license; and
1649	(B) each "Seasonal A" license shall be paired with a "Seasonal B" license.
1650	(d) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
1651	restaurant liquor sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the
1652	commission may authorize the sale of liquor at as many as three restaurant locations within the
1653	hotel under one license if:
1654	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
1655	(B) all locations under the license are:
1656	(I) within the same hotel facility; and
1657	(II) on premises that are managed or operated and owned or leased by the licensee.
1658	(ii) A facility other than a hotel shall have a separate restaurant liquor license for each
1659	restaurant where liquor is sold.
1660	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Subsection (4)[(b), (c), or (d)], the
1661	premises of a restaurant liquor license may not be established:
1662	(i) within 600 feet of a community location, as measured by the method in Subsection
1663	(4)[(e)](f);
1664	(ii) within 200 feet of a community location, measured in a straight line from the
1665	nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary of the community
1666	location.
1667	(b) With respect to the establishment of a restaurant liquor license, the commission
1668	may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(i) if:

neighborhood concerned;

1669 (i) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance; 1670 (ii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a restaurant liquor 1671 license in the community are limited; 1672 (iii) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the 1673 neighborhood concerned; 1674 (iv) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies 1675 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the 1676 restaurant liquor license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and 1677 welfare of the community; and (v) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the 1678 1679 variance; or 1680 (B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority, 1681 the commission finds that the applicant has established that: 1682 (I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting 1683 within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the restaurant is to be located; 1684 (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand 1685 described in Subsection (4)(b)(v)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of a restaurant liquor license; and 1686 1687 (III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary 1688 of the local authority in which the restaurant is to be located for establishing a restaurant liquor 1689 license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (4)(b)(v)(B)(I). 1690 (c) With respect to the establishment of a restaurant liquor license, the commission 1691 may authorize a variance that reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(ii) if: 1692 (i) the community location at issue is: 1693 (A) a public library; or 1694 (B) a public park; 1695 (ii) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance; 1696 (iii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a restaurant liquor 1697 license in the community are limited; 1698 (iv) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the

- (v) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the restaurant liquor license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the community; and
- (vi) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the variance; or
- (B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority, the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
- (I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the restaurant is to be located;
- (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand described in Subsection (4)(c)(vi)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of a restaurant liquor license; and
- (III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the restaurant is to be located for establishing a restaurant liquor license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (4)(c)(vi)(B)(I).
- (d) With respect to the premises of a restaurant liquor license [issued] granted by the commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (4)(a) in considering whether to grant a restaurant liquor license to the new owner of the premises if:
- (i) (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(i); or
- (B) the premises received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(ii) on or before May 4, 2008; or
  - (ii) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.
- (e) With respect to the premises of a restaurant liquor license granted by the commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission shall waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (4)(a) in considering whether to grant a restaurant liquor license to the new owner of the premises if:
- (i) when a restaurant liquor license was granted to a previous owner, the premises met the proximity requirements of Subsection (4)(a);

1731	(ii) the premises has had a restaurant liquor license at all times since the restaurant
1732	liquor license described in Subsection (4)(e)(i) was granted without a variance; and
1733	(iii) the community location located within the proximity requirements of Subsection
1734	(4)(a) after the day on which the restaurant liquor license described in Subsection (4)(e)(i) was
1735	granted.
1736	$[\underline{\text{(e)}}]$ (f) The 600 foot limitation described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) is measured from the
1737	nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the
1738	community location.
1739	(5) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity
1740	of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
1741	decision on a proposed location.
1742	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (5), "educational facility" includes:
1743	(i) a nursery school;
1744	(ii) an infant day care center; and
1745	(iii) a trade and technical school.
1746	Section 15. Section <b>32A-4-102</b> is amended to read:
1747	32A-4-102. Application and renewal requirements.
1748	(1) A person seeking a restaurant liquor license under this part shall file a written
1749	application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. It shall be
1750	accompanied by:
1751	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
1752	(b) an initial license fee of \$1,750, which is refundable if a license is not granted;
1753	(c) written consent of the local authority;
1754	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
1755	(e) evidence of proximity to any community location, with proximity requirements
1756	being governed by Section 32A-4-101;
1757	(f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-105;
1758	(g) a floor plan of the restaurant, including consumption areas and the area where the
1759	applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell liquor;
1760	(h) evidence that the restaurant is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and
1761	form satisfactory to the department:

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1762 (i) evidence that the restaurant is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least 1763 [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 per occurrence and [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 in the aggregate; 1764 (i) a signed consent form stating that the restaurant will permit any authorized 1765 representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right 1766 to enter the restaurant; (k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability 1767 1768 company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the restaurant 1769 application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability 1770 company; and 1771 (1) any other information the commission or department may require. 1772 (2) (a) [All] A restaurant liquor [licenses expire] license expires on October 31 of each 1773 year. 1774 (b) A person desiring to renew the person's restaurant liquor license shall by no later 1775 than September 30 submit: 1776 (i) a completed renewal application to the department; and 1777 (ii) a renewal fee in the following amount: 1778 Gross Cost of Liquor in Previous License Year for the Licensee Renewal Fee 1779 under \$5,000 \$750 1780 equals or exceeds \$5,000 but less than \$10,000 \$900 1781 equals or exceeds \$10,000 but less than \$25,000 \$1,250 1782 equals or exceeds \$25,000 \$1,500 1783 (c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of 1784 the license effective on the date the existing license expires. 1785 (d) A renewal application shall be in a form as prescribed by the department. 1786 (3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-106(25), the commission may

suspend or revoke a restaurant liquor license if the restaurant liquor licensee does not

immediately notify the department of any change in:

(i) corporate officers or directors; or

(a) ownership of the restaurant;

(b) for a corporate owner, the:

(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the

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system if used:

1793	corporation; or
1794	(c) for a limited liability company:
1795	(i) managers; or
1796	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
1797	Section 16. Section <b>32A-4-106</b> is amended to read:
1798	32A-4-106. Operational restrictions.
1799	A person granted a restaurant liquor license and the employees and management
1800	personnel of the restaurant shall comply with the following conditions and requirements.
1801	Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the restaurant liquor license or
1802	other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel.
1803	(1) (a) Liquor may not be purchased by a restaurant liquor licensee except from a state
1804	store or package agency.
1805	(b) Liquor purchased from a state store or package agency may be transported by the
1806	restaurant liquor licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
1807	(c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the
1808	commission.
1809	(2) A restaurant liquor licensee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in
1810	a quantity not to exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered
1811	dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted
1812	under this title, except that:
1813	(a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
1814	system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following
1815	restrictions:
1816	(i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of
1817	a primary spirituous liquor;
1818	(ii) the secondary ingredient may not be the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
1819	(iii) the restaurant liquor licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored
1820	on the floor plan provided to the department; and
1821	(iv) a flavoring container shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";

(b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing

container that exceeds one liter.

1824	(i) as a flavoring on a dessert; and
1825	(ii) in the preparation of a flaming food dish, drink, or dessert;
1826	(c) a restaurant patron may have no more than 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time
1827	and
1828	(d) a restaurant patron may have no more than one spirituous liquor drink at a time
1829	before the patron.
1830	(3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or in an individual portion not to
1831	exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
1832	(ii) An individual portion of wine may be served to a patron in more than one glass as
1833	long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
1834	(iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under
1835	Subsection $(7)[\underline{(e)}]\underline{(g)}$ .
1836	(b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 1.5 liters at a price
1837	fixed by the commission to a table of four or more persons.
1838	(ii) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 750 milliliters at a price
1839	fixed by the commission to a table of less than four persons.
1840	(c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by a restaurant
1841	liquor licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the restaurant.
1842	(4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in an original container not exceeding one liter at a
1843	price fixed by the commission.
1844	(b) A flavored malt beverage may be served in an original container not exceeding one
1845	liter at a price fixed by the commission.
1846	(c) A service charge may be assessed by a restaurant liquor licensee as authorized by
1847	commission rule for heavy beer or a flavored malt beverage purchased at the restaurant.
1848	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a restaurant liquor licensee may sell beer for
1849	on-premise consumption:
1850	(A) in an open container; and
1851	(B) on draft.
1852	(ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does
1853	not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of

1855	(b) A restaurant liquor licensee that sells beer pursuant to Subsection (5)(a):
1856	(i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the
1857	commission; and
1858	(ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer
1859	Retailer Licenses, that apply to an on-premise beer retailer except when those restrictions are
1860	inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
1861	(c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
1862	Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the
1863	restaurant's:
1864	(i) state liquor license; and
1865	(ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.
1866	(6) An alcoholic beverage may not be stored, served, or sold in a place other than as
1867	designated in the restaurant liquor licensee's application, unless the restaurant liquor licensee
1868	first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the
1869	restaurant.
1870	(7) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (7), and subject to Subsection (7)(a)(ii),
1871	"grandfathered bar structure" means a bar structure in a restaurant that:
1872	(A) as of May 11, 2009 has:
1873	(I) (Aa) patron seating at the bar structure;
1874	(Bb) a partition at one or more locations on the bar structure that is along the width of
1875	the bar structure; and
1876	(Cc) facilities for the dispensing or storage of an alcoholic beverage on the portion of
1877	the bar structure that is separated by the partition described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)(I)(Bb); or
1878	(II) (Aa) patron seating at the bar structure;
1879	(Bb) a partition at one or more locations on the bar structure that is along the length of
1880	the bar structure; and
1881	(Cc) facilities for the dispensing or storage of an alcoholic beverage:
1882	(Ii) on the portion of the bar structure that is separated by a partition described in
1883	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)(II)(Bb); or
1884	(IIii) adjacent to the bar structure in a manner visible to a patron sitting at the bar
1885	structure;

1886	(B) is not operational as of May 12, 2009 and:
1887	(I) an applicant for a restaurant liquor license under this chapter:
1888	(Aa) has as of May 12, 2009, a building permit to construct the restaurant;
1889	(Bb) is as of May 12, 2009, actively engaged in the construction of the restaurant, as
1890	defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1891	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
1892	(Cc) is granted a restaurant liquor license by the commission under this chapter by no
1893	later than December 31, 2009; and
1894	(II) the restaurant described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(C)(I) has a bar structure described
1895	in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A);
1896	(C) as of May 12, 2009, has no patron seating at the bar structure; or
1897	(D) is not operational as of May 12, 2009 and:
1898	(I) an applicant for a restaurant liquor license under this chapter:
1899	(Aa) has as of May 12, 2009, a building permit to construct the restaurant;
1900	(Bb) is as of May 12, 2009, actively engaged in the construction of the restaurant, as
1901	defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1902	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
1903	(Cc) is granted a restaurant liquor license by the commission under this chapter by no
1904	later than December 31, 2009; and
1905	(II) the restaurant described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(D)(I) has a bar structure described
1906	in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(C).
1907	(ii) "Grandfathered bar structure" does not include a grandfathered bar structure
1908	described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) on or after the day on which a restaurant remodels the
1909	grandfathered bar structure, as defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with
1910	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1911	(iii) Subject to Subsection (7)(a)(ii), a grandfathered bar structure remains a
1912	grandfathered bar structure notwithstanding whether the restaurant undergoes a change of
1913	ownership.
1914	$\left[\frac{(7)(a)}{a}\right]$ (i) A patron may only make an alcoholic beverage purchase in the
1915	restaurant from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the restaurant
1916	liquor licensee to sell and serve an alcoholic beverage.

1917	(ii) Only a person employed, designated, and trained by a restaurant liquor licensee
1918	may sell, serve, or deliver an alcoholic beverage to a patron of a restaurant.
1919	[(iii)] (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)[(a)](b)(i) or (ii), a patron who purchases
1920	bottled wine from an employee of the restaurant or carries bottled wine onto the premises of
1921	the restaurant pursuant to Subsection (14) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the
1922	patron or others at the patron's table.
1923	[(b) An alcoholic beverage shall be delivered by a server to the patron.]
1924	(c) [An] A patron may consume an alcoholic beverage [may] only [be consumed]:
1925	<u>(i)</u> at <u>:</u>
1926	(A) the patron's table [or];
1927	(B) a counter; or
1928	(C) a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
1929	(ii) where food is served.
1930	(d) [An] (i) An alcoholic beverage may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a
1931	bar structure that is not a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or
1932	<u>(B)</u> .
1933	(ii) A patron who is 21 years of age or older may:
1934	(A) sit at a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B);
1935	(B) be served an alcoholic beverage at a grandfathered bar structure described in
1936	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
1937	(C) consume an alcoholic beverage at a grandfathered bar structure described in
1938	Subsection $(7)(a)(i)(A)$ or $(B)$ .
1939	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d)(iv), a restaurant liquor licensee may not
1940	permit a minor to, and a minor may not:
1941	(A) sit at a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B); or
1942	(B) consume food or beverages at a bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)
1943	<u>or (B).</u>
1944	(iv) (A) A minor may be at a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection
1945	(7)(a)(i)(A) or (B) if the minor is employed by a restaurant liquor licensee:
1946	(I) as provided in Subsection (16)(b); or
1947	(II) to perform maintenance and cleaning services during an hour when the restaurant

1948	<u>liquor licensee is not open for business.</u>
1949	(B) A minor may momentarily pass by a grandfathered bar structure described in
1950	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B) without remaining or sitting at the bar structure en route to an
1951	area of a restaurant liquor licensee's premises in which the minor is permitted to be.
1952	(e) Except as provided in Subsection (14), a restaurant liquor licensee may dispense an
1953	alcoholic beverage only:
1954	(i) from:
1955	(A) a grandfathered bar structure;
1956	(B) an area adjacent to a grandfathered bar structure that is visible to a patron sitting at
1957	the grandfathered bar structure if that area is used to dispense an alcoholic beverage or
1958	alcoholic product as of May 12, 2009; or
1959	(C) an area that is:
1960	(I) separated from an area for the consumption of food by a restaurant patron by a solid,
1961	opaque, permanent structural barrier such that the facilities for the dispensing or storage of an
1962	alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product are:
1963	(Aa) not readily visible to a restaurant patron; and
1964	(Bb) not accessible by a restaurant patron; and
1965	(II) apart from an area used:
1966	(Aa) for dining:
1967	(Bb) for staging; or
1968	(Cc) as a lobby or waiting area;
1969	(ii) if the restaurant liquor licensee uses an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product that
1970	<u>is:</u>
1971	(A) stored in an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i); or
1972	(B) on the premises of the restaurant liquor licensee in an area not described in
1973	Subsection (7)(e)(i) if:
1974	(I) immediately before the alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product is dispensed it is in
1975	an unopened package;
1976	(II) the unopened package is taken to an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) before it
1977	is opened; and
1978	(III) once opened, the package is kept in an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i); and

1979	(iii) if any instrument or equipment used to dispense an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic
1980	product is located in an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i).
1981	(f) (i) A restaurant liquor licensee that has a grandfathered bar structure may receive a
1982	credit for purchases from a state store or package agency if:
1983	(A) the restaurant liquor licensee completes a remodel of the grandfathered bar
1984	structure by no later than December 31, 2011;
1985	(B) the remodeling described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(A) results in the restaurant
1986	engaging in an activity described in Subsection (7)(e) only in an area described in Subsection
1987	(7)(e)(i)(C);
1988	(C) the restaurant liquor licensee requests the credit by no later than April 1, 2012;
1989	(D) the department determines that the restaurant liquor licensee has completed a
1990	remodel described in Subsections (7)(f)(i)(A) and (B); and
1991	(E) the department authorizes the credit, including the amount of the credit under
1992	Subsection (7)(f)(ii), on the basis that:
1993	(I) the restaurant liquor licensee complied with this Subsection (7); and
1994	(II) the aggregate of all credits authorized under this Subsection (7)(f) before the
1995	current authorization does not exceed \$1,090,000.
1996	(ii) The amount of the credit described in this Subsection (7)(f) is the lesser of:
1997	(A) the actual costs of the remodel as evidenced by receipts, copies of which are
1998	provided to the department as part of the request for the credit; or
1999	(B) \$30,000.
2000	(iii) For a restaurant liquor licensee, a credit under this Subsection (7)(f):
2001	(A) begins on the day on which the department authorizes the credit under Subsection
2002	(7)(f)(i); and
2003	(B) ends the day on which the restaurant liquor licensee uses all of the credit.
2004	(iv) The department shall by contract provide for how a package agency accounts for a
2005	credit purchase made at the package agency by a restaurant liquor licensee under this
2006	Subsection (7)(f).
2007	(v) (A) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (7)(f), the department
2008	may not authorize a credit if the aggregate of all credits authorized under this Subsection (7)(f)
2009	before the authorization exceeds \$1,090,000.

2010	(B) The department shall authorize credits in the order that the department receives a
2011	request described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(C) from a restaurant liquor licensee requesting a credit
2012	under this Subsection (7)(f).
2013	[(e)] (g) A restaurant patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any
2014	kind at a time before the patron, subject to the limitation in Subsection (2)(d).
2015	(8) (a) [The] $\underline{A}$ liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those
2016	hours and days when liquor sales are authorized by law.
2017	(b) A restaurant liquor licensee shall store an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product
2018	in a storage area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i).
2019	(9) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a
2020	restaurant of a restaurant liquor licensee on any day after 12 midnight or before 12 noon.
2021	(b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
2022	Licenses, for on-premise beer licensees.
2023	(10) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold except in connection with an order for
2024	food prepared, sold, and served at the restaurant.
2025	(11) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to a:
2026	(a) minor;
2027	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
2028	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
2029	(d) known interdicted person.
2030	(12) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at a price fixed by the commission.
2031	(ii) Liquor may not be sold at a discount price on any date or at any time.
2032	(b) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic
2033	beverage to the restaurant liquor licensee.
2034	(c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages
2035	over consumption or intoxication.
2036	(d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain
2037	hours of a restaurant liquor licensee's business day such as a "happy hour."
2038	(e) More than one alcoholic beverage may not be sold or served for the price of a single
2039	alcoholic beverage.
2040	(f) An indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages during a set period may

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2041 not be sold or served for a fixed price.

- (g) A restaurant liquor licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering free an alcoholic beverage to the general public.
  - (13) An alcoholic beverage may not be purchased for a patron of a restaurant by:
  - (a) the restaurant liquor licensee; or
    - (b) an employee or agent of the restaurant liquor licensee.
- (14) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a restaurant liquor licensee an alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the discretion of the restaurant liquor licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of a restaurant liquor licensee for on-premise consumption.
- (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (14)(a), a restaurant liquor licensee or an officer, manager, employee, or agent of the restaurant liquor licensee may not allow:
- (i) a person to bring onto the restaurant premises an alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption; or
- (ii) consumption of an alcoholic beverage described in this Subsection (14) on the restaurant liquor licensee's premises.
- (c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server or other representative of the restaurant liquor licensee upon entering the restaurant.
- (d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by a restaurant liquor licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
- (15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), a restaurant liquor licensee or an employee of the restaurant liquor licensee may not permit a restaurant patron to carry from the restaurant premises an open container that:
  - (i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
  - (ii) contains an alcoholic beverage.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a restaurant patron may remove from the restaurant the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine purchased in the restaurant, or brought onto the premises of the restaurant in accordance with Subsection (14), only if the bottle is recorked or recapped before removal.
- 2070 (16) (a) A restaurant liquor licensee may not employ a minor to sell or dispense an alcoholic beverage.

(B) set-ups;

2072 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (16)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be 2073 employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device. 2074 (17) An employee of a restaurant liquor licensee, while on duty, may not: 2075 (a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or 2076 (b) be intoxicated. 2077 (18) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor 2078 may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including: 2079 (a) a set-up charge; 2080 (b) a service charge; or 2081 (c) a chilling fee. 2082 (19) A restaurant liquor licensee shall display in a prominent place in the restaurant: 2083 (a) the liquor license that is [issued] granted by the department; (b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated 2084 2085 metered dispensing system; and 2086 (c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or 2087 drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah." (20) A restaurant liquor licensee may not on the premises of the restaurant liquor 2088 2089 licensee: 2090 (a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, 2091 Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling; 2092 (b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10, 2093 Part 11, Gambling; or 2094 (c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires 2095 the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is 2096 based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers 2097 only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value. 2098 (21) (a) A restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or record showing 2099 in detail: 2100 (i) quarterly expenditures made separately for: 2101 (A) malt or brewed beverages;

2103	(C) liquor;
2104	(D) food; and
2105	(E) all other items required by the department; and
2106	(ii) sales made separately for:
2107	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
2108	(B) set-ups;
2109	(C) food; and
2110	(D) all other items required by the department.
2111	(b) A restaurant liquor licensee shall keep a record required by Subsection (21)(a):
2112	(i) in a form approved by the department; and
2113	(ii) current for each three-month period.
2114	(c) An expenditure shall be supported by:
2115	(i) a delivery ticket;
2116	(ii) an invoice;
2117	(iii) a receipted bill;
2118	(iv) a canceled check;
2119	(v) a petty cash voucher; or
2120	(vi) other sustaining datum or memorandum.
2121	(d) In addition to a ledger or record required under Subsection (21)(a), a restaurant
2122	liquor licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as the department
2123	may require.
2124	(e) A restaurant liquor licensee or person acting for the restaurant, who knowingly
2125	forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes an entry in a book of account or
2126	other document of the restaurant that is required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this
2127	title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission or the
2128	department, or an official or employee of the commission or department, is subject to:
2129	(i) the suspension or revocation of the restaurant's liquor license; and
2130	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
2131	(22) (a) A restaurant liquor licensee may not close or cease operation for a period
2132	longer than 240 hours, unless:
2133	(i) the restaurant liquor licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days

2134	before the day on which the restaurant liquor licensee closes or ceases operation; and
2135	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
2136	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (22)(a), in the case of emergency closure, the
2137	restaurant liquor licensee shall immediately notify the department by telephone.
2138	(c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period
2139	not to exceed 60 days.
2140	(ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon:
2141	(A) written request of the restaurant liquor licensee; and
2142	(B) a showing of good cause.
2143	(iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without
2144	commission approval.
2145	(d) A notice shall include:
2146	(i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
2147	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
2148	(iii) the date on which the restaurant liquor licensee will reopen or resume operation.
2149	(e) Failure of the restaurant liquor licensee to provide notice and to obtain department
2150	authorization before closure or cessation of operation results in an automatic forfeiture of:
2151	(i) the license; and
2152	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective
2153	immediately.
2154	(f) Failure of the restaurant liquor licensee to reopen or resume operation by the
2155	approved date results in an automatic forfeiture of:
2156	(i) the license; and
2157	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.
2158	(23) A restaurant liquor licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total restaurant
2159	business from the sale of food, which does not include mix for an alcoholic beverage or service
2160	charges.
2161	(24) A restaurant liquor license may not be transferred from one location to another,
2162	without prior written approval of the commission.
2163	(25) (a) A person, having been granted a restaurant liquor license may not sell, transfer
2164	assign, exchange, barter, give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the restaurant liquor license

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- 2165 to another person whether for monetary gain or not.
- 2166 (b) A restaurant liquor license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
  - (26) A server of an alcoholic beverage in a restaurant liquor licensee's establishment shall keep a written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes an alcoholic beverage on the premises. The beverage tab shall list the type and amount of an alcoholic beverage ordered or consumed.
    - (27) A person's willingness to serve an alcoholic beverage may not be made a condition of employment as a server with a restaurant that has a restaurant liquor license.
    - (28) A restaurant liquor licensee or an employee of the restaurant liquor licensee may not knowingly allow a person on the licensed premises to, in violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act:
- 2177 (a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section 2178 58-37-2; or
- 2179 (b) use, deliver, or possess with the intent to deliver drug paraphernalia, as defined in Section 58-37a-3.
- Section 17. Section **32A-4-202** is amended to read:
- 2182 **32A-4-202.** Application and renewal requirements.
  - (1) A person seeking an airport lounge liquor license under this part shall file a written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department, accompanied by:
    - (a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
    - (b) an initial license fee of \$7,000, which is refundable if a license is not granted;
- (c) written consent of the local and airport authority;
- 2188 (d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
- (e) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-205;
- 2190 (f) a floor plan of the airport lounge, including consumption areas and the area where 2191 the applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell liquor;
  - (g) a copy of the sign proposed to be used by the licensee on its premises to inform the public that alcoholic beverages are sold and consumed there;
- 2194 (h) evidence that the airport lounge is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and form satisfactory to the department;

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(i) evidence that the airport lounge is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least 2196 2197 [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 per occurrence and [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 in the aggregate; 2198 (j) a signed consent form stating that the airport lounge will permit any authorized 2199 representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right 2200 to enter the airport lounge; 2201 (k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability 2202 company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the airport lounge 2203 application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability 2204 company; and 2205 (l) any other information the commission or department may require. 2206 (2) (a) [All] An airport lounge liquor [licenses expire] license expires on October 31 of 2207 each year. 2208 (b) A person desiring to renew that person's airport lounge liquor license shall submit a 2209 renewal fee of \$5,000 and a completed renewal application to the department no later than 2210 September 30. 2211 (c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of 2212 the license, effective on the date the existing license expires. 2213 (d) Renewal applications shall be in a form as prescribed by the department. 2214 (3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-206(21), the commission may revoke 2215 an airport lounge liquor license if the airport liquor licensee does not immediately notify the 2216 department of any change in: 2217 (a) ownership of the licensee; 2218 (b) for a corporate owner, the: 2219 (i) corporate officers or directors; or 2220 (ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the 2221 corporation; or 2222 (c) for a limited liability company: 2223 (i) managers; or

(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.

32A-4-302. Commission's power to grant licenses -- Limitations.

Section 18. Section **32A-4-302** is amended to read:

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(B) end on April 30.

[issue] grant under this section:

2227 (1) A restaurant wanting to sell and allow the consumption of only wine, heavy beer, 2228 and beer on its premises, but not spirituous liquor or [, on or after October 1, 2008,] a flavored 2229 malt beverage, shall obtain a limited restaurant license from the commission as provided in this part before selling or allowing the consumption of wine, heavy beer, or beer on its premises. 2230 2231 (2) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section and Subsection 32A-4a-201(2), 2232 the commission may [issue] grant limited restaurant licenses for the purpose of establishing 2233 limited restaurant outlets at places and in numbers the commission considers proper for the 2234 storage, sale, and consumption of wine, heavy beer, and beer on premises operated as public 2235 restaurants. 2236 (b) The total number of limited restaurant licenses [issued] granted under this part may 2237 not at any time aggregate more than that number determined by dividing the population of the 2238 state by 9,300. 2239 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), population shall be determined by: 2240 (i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or 2241 (ii) another population determination made by the United States or state governments. 2242 (3) (a) (i) The commission may [issue] grant seasonal limited restaurant licenses 2243 established in areas the commission considers necessary. 2244 (ii) A seasonal limited restaurant license shall be for a period of six consecutive 2245 months. 2246 (b) (i) A limited restaurant license [issued] granted for operation during a summer time 2247 period is known as a "Seasonal A" limited restaurant license. The period of operation for a 2248 "Seasonal A" limited restaurant license shall: 2249 (A) begin on May 1; and 2250 (B) end on October 31. 2251 (ii) A limited restaurant license [issued] granted for operation during a winter time 2252 period is known as a "Seasonal B" limited restaurant license. The period of operation for a 2253 "Seasonal B" limited restaurant license shall: 2254 (A) begin on November 1; and

(iii) In determining the number of limited restaurant licenses that the commission may

2258 (A) a seasonal limited restaurant license is counted as  $[\frac{1}{2}]$  one-half of one limited 2259 restaurant license; and 2260 (B) each "Seasonal A" limited restaurant license shall be paired with a "Seasonal B" 2261 limited restaurant license. 2262 (c) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one 2263 limited restaurant sales location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the 2264 commission may authorize the sale of wine, heavy beer, and beer at as many as three limited 2265 restaurant locations within the hotel under one license if: 2266 (i) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and 2267 (ii) all locations under the license are: 2268 (A) within the same hotel facility; and 2269 (B) on premises that are: 2270 (I) managed or operated by the licensee; and 2271 (II) owned or leased by the licensee. 2272 (d) A facility other than a hotel shall have a separate limited restaurant license for each 2273 restaurant where wine, heavy beer, and beer are sold. 2274 (4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Subsection (4)[(b), (c), or (d)], the 2275 premises of a limited restaurant license may not be established: 2276 (i) within 600 feet of a community location, as measured by the method in Subsection 2277 (4)[(e)](f); or 2278 (ii) within 200 feet of a community location, measured in a straight line from the 2279 nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary of the community 2280 location. 2281 (b) With respect to the establishment of a limited restaurant license, the commission 2282 may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(i) if: 2283 (i) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance; 2284 (ii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a limited restaurant license in the community are limited: 2285 2286 (iii) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the 2287 neighborhood concerned; 2288 (iv) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies

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welfare of the community; and

2289	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
2290	license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the
2291	community; and
2292	(v) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the
2293	variance; or
2294	(B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority,
2295	the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
2296	(I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting
2297	within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the limited restaurant licensee is
2298	to be located;
2299	(II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand
2300	described in Subsection $(4)(b)(v)(B)(I)$ other than through the establishment of a limited
2301	restaurant license; and
2302	(III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary
2303	of the local authority in which the limited restaurant licensee is to be located for establishing a
2304	limited restaurant license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection $(4)(b)(v)(B)(I)$ .
2305	(c) With respect to the establishment of a limited restaurant license, the commission
2306	may authorize a variance that reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(ii) if:
2307	(i) the community location at issue is:
2308	(A) a public library; or
2309	(B) a public park;
2310	(ii) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;
2311	(iii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a limited restaurant
2312	license in the community are limited;
2313	(iv) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the
2314	neighborhood concerned;
2315	(v) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
2316	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
2317	limited restaurant license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and

(vi) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the

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2320	variance;	$\Omega$ 1

- (B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority, the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
- (I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the limited restaurant licensee is to be located;
- (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand described in Subsection (4)(c)(vi)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of a limited restaurant license; and
- (III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the limited restaurant licensee is to be located for establishing a limited restaurant license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (4)(c)(vi)(B)(I).
- (d) With respect to the premises of a limited restaurant license [issued] granted by the commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (4)(a) in considering whether to grant a limited restaurant license to the new owner of the premises if:
- (i) (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(i); or
- (B) the premises received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(ii) on or before May 4, 2008; or
  - (ii) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.
- (e) With respect to the premises of a limited restaurant license granted by the commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission shall waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (4)(a) in considering whether to grant a limited restaurant license to the new owner of the premises if:
- (i) when a limited restaurant license was granted to a previous owner, the premises met the proximity requirements of Subsection (4)(a);
- (ii) the premises has had a limited restaurant license at all times since the limited restaurant license described in Subsection (4)(e)(i) was granted without a variance; and
- 2349 (iii) the community location located within the proximity requirements of Subsection
  2350 (4)(a) after the day on which the limited restaurant license described in Subsection (4)(e)(i) was

2351	granted.
2352	[(e)] (f) The 600 foot limitation as described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) is measured from
2353	the nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to
2354	the property boundary of the community location.
2355	(5) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity
2356	of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
2357	decision on a proposed location.
2358	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (5), "educational facility" includes:
2359	(i) a nursery school;
2360	(ii) an infant day care center; and
2361	(iii) a trade and technical school.
2362	Section 19. Section <b>32A-4-303</b> is amended to read:
2363	32A-4-303. Application and renewal requirements.
2364	(1) A person seeking a limited restaurant license under this part shall file a written
2365	application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The application shall
2366	be accompanied by:
2367	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
2368	(b) an initial license fee of \$500, which is refundable if a license is not granted;
2369	(c) written consent of the local authority;
2370	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
2371	(e) evidence of proximity to any community location, with proximity requirements
2372	being governed by Section 32A-4-302;
2373	(f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-306;
2374	(g) a floor plan of the restaurant, including:
2375	(i) consumption areas; and
2376	(ii) the area where the applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell wine, heavy beer, and
2377	beer;
2378	(h) evidence that the restaurant is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and
2379	form satisfactory to the department;
2380	(i) evidence that the restaurant is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least

[\$500,000] \$1,000,000 per occurrence and [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 in the aggregate;

2382	(j) a signed consent form stating that the restaurant will permit any authorized
2383	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right
2384	to enter the restaurant;
2385	(k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability
2386	company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the restaurant
2387	application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability
2388	company; and
2389	(1) any other information the commission or department may require.
2390	(2) (a) [All] A limited restaurant [licenses expire] license expires on October 31 of
2391	each year.
2392	(b) A person desiring to renew that person's limited restaurant license shall submit:
2393	(i) a renewal fee of \$300; and
2394	(ii) a renewal application to the department no later than September 30.
2395	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of
2396	the license effective on the date the existing license expires.
2397	(d) A renewal application shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
2398	(3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-307(25), the commission may
2399	suspend or revoke a limited restaurant license if the limited restaurant licensee does not
2400	immediately notify the department of any change in:
2401	(a) ownership of the restaurant;
2402	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
2403	(i) corporate officer or directors; or
2404	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
2405	corporation; or
2406	(c) for a limited liability company:
2407	(i) managers; or
2408	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
2409	Section 20. Section <b>32A-4-307</b> is amended to read:
2410	32A-4-307. Operational restrictions.
2411	A person granted a limited restaurant license and the employees and management
2412	personnel of the limited restaurant shall comply with the following conditions and

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restaurant.

2413 requirements. Failure to comply may result in a suspension or revocation of the license or 2414 other disciplinary action taken against individual employees or management personnel. 2415 (1) (a) Wine and heavy beer may not be purchased by a limited restaurant licensee 2416 except from a state store or package agency. 2417 (b) Wine and heavy beer purchased from a state store or package agency may be 2418 transported by the limited restaurant licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed 2419 premises. 2420 (c) Payment for wine and heavy beer shall be made in accordance with rules 2421 established by the commission. 2422 (2) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not sell, serve, or allow consumption of the 2423 products listed in Subsection (2)(c) on the premises of the limited restaurant. 2424 (b) A product listed in Subsection (2)(c) may not be on the premises of the limited 2425 restaurant except for use: 2426 (i) as a flavoring on a dessert; and (ii) in the preparation of a flaming food dish, drink, or dessert. 2427 2428 (c) This Subsection (2) applies to: 2429 (i) spirituous liquor; and 2430 (ii) [on or after October 1, 2008,] a flavored malt beverage. 2431 (3) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to 2432 exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion. 2433 (ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as 2434 the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces. 2435 (iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under 2436 Subsection  $(7)[\frac{(e)}{(g)}]$ 2437 (b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 1.5 liters at a price 2438 fixed by the commission to a table of four or more persons. 2439 (ii) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 750 milliliters at a price 2440 fixed by the commission to a table of less than four persons.

(c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the limited

restaurant licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the limited

2444	(4) (a) Heavy beer may be served in an original container not exceeding one liter at a
2445	price fixed by the commission.
2446	(b) A service charge may be assessed by the limited restaurant licensee as authorized
2447	by commission rule for heavy beer purchased at the limited restaurant.
2448	(5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a limited restaurant licensee may sell beer for
2449	on-premise consumption:
2450	(A) in an open container; and
2451	(B) on draft.
2452	(ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does
2453	not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of
2454	container that exceeds one liter.
2455	(b) A limited restaurant licensee that sells beer pursuant to Subsection (5)(a):
2456	(i) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the
2457	commission; and
2458	(ii) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer
2459	Retailer Licenses, that apply to an on-premise beer retailer except when those restrictions are
2460	inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
2461	(c) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
2462	Licenses, required by Subsection (5)(b) may result in a suspension or revocation of the limited
2463	restaurant's:
2464	(i) limited restaurant license; and
2465	(ii) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.
2466	(6) Wine, heavy beer, and beer may not be stored, served, or sold in a place other than
2467	as designated in the limited restaurant licensee's application, unless the limited restaurant
2468	licensee first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location
2469	within the limited restaurant.
2470	(7) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (7), and subject to Subsection (7)(a)(ii),
2471	"grandfathered bar structure" means a bar structure in a restaurant that:
2472	(A) as of May 11, 2009 has:
2473	(I) (Aa) patron seating at the bar structure;
2474	(Bb) a partition at one or more locations on the bar structure that is along the width of

2475	the bar structure; and
2476	(Cc) facilities for the dispensing or storage of an alcoholic beverage on the portion of
2477	the bar structure that is separated by the partition described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)(I)(Bb); or
2478	(II) (Aa) patron seating at the bar structure;
2479	(Bb) a partition at one or more locations on the bar structure that is along the length of
2480	the bar structure; and
2481	(Cc) facilities for the dispensing or storage of an alcoholic beverage:
2482	(Ii) on the portion of the bar structure that is separated by a partition described in
2483	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)(II)(Bb); or
2484	(IIii) adjacent to the bar structure in a manner visible to a patron sitting at the bar
2485	structure;
2486	(B) is not operational as of May 12, 2009 and:
2487	(I) an applicant for a limited restaurant license under this chapter:
2488	(Aa) has as of May 12, 2009, a building permit to construct the restaurant;
2489	(Bb) is as of May 12, 2009, actively engaged in the construction of the restaurant, as
2490	defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2491	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
2492	(Cc) is granted a limited restaurant license by the commission under this chapter by no
2493	later than December 31, 2009; and
2494	(II) the restaurant described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(C)(I) has a bar structure described
2495	in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A);
2496	(C) as of May 12, 2009, has no patron seating at the bar structure; or
2497	(D) is not operational as of May 12, 2009 and:
2498	(I) an applicant for a limited restaurant license under this chapter:
2499	(Aa) has as of May 12, 2009, a building permit to construct the restaurant;
2500	(Bb) is as of May 12, 2009, actively engaged in the construction of the restaurant, as
2501	defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2502	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
2503	(Cc) is granted a limited restaurant license by the commission under this chapter by no
2504	later than December 31, 2009; and
2505	(II) the restaurant described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(D)(I) has a bar structure described

2506	in Subsection $(/)(a)(1)(C)$ .
2507	(ii) "Grandfathered bar structure" does not include a grandfathered bar structure
2508	described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) on or after the day on which a restaurant remodels the
2509	grandfathered bar structure, as defined by rule made by the commission in accordance with
2510	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2511	(iii) Subject to Subsection (7)(a)(ii), a grandfathered bar structure remains a
2512	grandfathered bar structure notwithstanding whether the restaurant undergoes a change of
2513	ownership.
2514	[ <del>(7) (a)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> (i) A patron may only make an alcoholic beverage purchase in a limited
2515	restaurant from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the limited
2516	restaurant licensee to sell and serve an alcoholic beverage.
2517	(ii) Only a person employed, designated, and trained by a limited restaurant licensee
2518	may sell, serve, or deliver an alcoholic beverage to a patron of a restaurant.
2519	[(iii)] (iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)[(a)](b)(i) or (ii), a patron who purchases
2520	bottled wine from an employee of the limited restaurant licensee or carries bottled wine onto
2521	the premises of the limited restaurant pursuant to Subsection (14) may thereafter serve wine
2522	from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.
2523	[(b) An alcoholic beverage shall be delivered by a server to the patron.]
2524	(c) [An] A patron may consume an alcoholic beverage [may] only [be consumed]:
2525	<u>(i)</u> at <u>:</u>
2526	$(\underline{A})$ the patron's table $[\underline{or}]$ :
2527	(B) a counter;
2528	(C) a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
2529	(ii) where food is served.
2530	(d) [An] (i) An alcoholic beverage may not be served to or consumed by a patron at a
2531	bar structure that is not a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or
2532	<u>(B)</u> .
2533	(ii) A patron who is 21 years of age or older may:
2534	(A) sit at a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B);
2535	(B) be served an alcoholic beverage at a grandfathered bar structure described in
2536	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and

2331	(C) consume an accordic beverage at a grandramered bar structure described in
2538	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B).
2539	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d)(iv), a limited restaurant licensee may not
2540	permit a minor to, and a minor may not:
2541	(A) sit at a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B); or
2542	(B) consume food or beverages at a bar structure described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A)
2543	<u>or (B).</u>
2544	(iv) (A) A minor may be at a grandfathered bar structure described in Subsection
2545	(7)(a)(i)(A) or (B) if the minor is employed by a limited restaurant licensee:
2546	(I) as provided in Subsection (16)(b); or
2547	(II) to perform maintenance and cleaning services during an hour when the limited
2548	restaurant licensee is not open for business.
2549	(B) A minor may momentarily pass by a grandfathered bar structure described in
2550	Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) or (B) without remaining or sitting at the bar structure en route to an
2551	area of a limited restaurant licensee's premises in which the minor is permitted to be.
2552	(e) Except as provided in Subsection (14), a limited restaurant licensee may dispense
2553	an alcoholic beverage only:
2554	(i) from:
2555	(A) a grandfathered bar structure;
2556	(B) an area adjacent to a grandfathered bar structure that is visible to a patron sitting at
2557	the grandfathered bar structure if that area is used to dispense an alcoholic beverage or
2558	alcoholic product as of May 12, 2009; or
2559	(C) an area that is:
2560	(I) separated from an area for the consumption of food by a restaurant patron by a solid,
2561	opaque, permanent structural barrier such that the facilities for the dispensing or storage of an
2562	alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product are:
2563	(Aa) not readily visible to a restaurant patron; and
2564	(Bb) not accessible by a restaurant patron; and
2565	(II) apart from an area used for:
2566	(Aa) dining;
2567	(Bb) staging; or

2568	(Cc) as a lobby or waiting area;
2569	(ii) if the limited restaurant licensee uses an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product
2570	that is:
2571	(A) stored in an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i); or
2572	(B) on the premises of the limited restaurant licensee in an area not described in
2573	Subsection (7)(e)(i) if:
2574	(I) immediately before the alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product is dispensed it is in
2575	an unopened package;
2576	(II) the unopened package is taken to an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i) before it
2577	is opened; and
2578	(III) once opened, the package is kept in an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i); and
2579	(iii) if any instrument or equipment used to dispense an alcoholic beverage is located in
2580	an area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i).
2581	(f) (i) A limited restaurant licensee that has a grandfathered bar structure may receive a
2582	credit for purchases from a state store or package agency if:
2583	(A) the limited restaurant licensee completes a remodel of the grandfathered bar
2584	structure by no later than December 31, 2011;
2585	(B) the remodeling described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(A) results in the restaurant
2586	engaging in an activity described in Subsection (7)(e) only in an area described in Subsection
2587	(7)(e)(i)(C);
2588	(C) the limited restaurant licensee requests the credit by no later than April 1, 2012;
2589	(D) the department determines that the limited restaurant licensee has completed a
2590	remodel described in Subsections (7)(f)(i)(A) and (B); and
2591	(E) the department authorizes the credit, including the amount of the credit under
2592	Subsection (7)(f)(ii), on the basis that:
2593	(I) the limited restaurant licensee complied with this Subsection (7); and
2594	(II) the aggregate of all credits authorized under this Subsection (7)(f) before the
2595	current authorization does not exceed \$1,090,000.
2596	(ii) The amount of the credit described in this Subsection (7)(f) is the lesser of:
2597	(A) the actual costs of the remodel as evidenced by receipts, copies of which are
2598	provided to the department as part of the request for the credit; or

2599	(B) \$30,000.
2600	(iii) For a limited restaurant licensee, a credit under this Subsection (7)(f):
2601	(A) begins on the day on which the department authorizes the credit under Subsection
2602	(7)(f)(i); and
2603	(B) ends the day on which the limited restaurant licensee uses all of the credit.
2604	(iv) The department shall by contract provide for how a package agency accounts for a
2605	credit purchase made at the package agency by a limited restaurant licensee under this
2606	Subsection (7)(f).
2607	(v) (A) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Subsection (7)(f), the department
2608	may not authorize a credit if the aggregate of all credits authorized under this Subsection (7)(f)
2609	before the authorization exceeds \$1,090,000.
2610	(B) The department shall authorize credits in the order that the department receives a
2611	request described in Subsection (7)(f)(i)(C) from a limited restaurant licensee requesting a
2612	credit under this Subsection (7)(f).
2613	[(e)] (g) A limited restaurant patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of
2614	any kind at a time before the patron.
2615	(8) (a) [The] An alcoholic beverage storage area shall remain locked at all times other
2616	than those hours and days when alcoholic beverage sales are authorized by law.
2617	(b) A limited restaurant licensee shall store an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product
2618	in a storage area described in Subsection (7)(e)(i).
2619	(9) (a) Wine and heavy beer may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise
2620	furnished at a limited restaurant on any day after 12 midnight or before 12 noon.
2621	(b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
2622	Licenses, for on-premise beer licensees.
2623	(10) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold except in connection with an order of food
2624	prepared, sold, and served at the limited restaurant.
2625	(11) Wine, heavy beer, and beer may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to a:
2626	(a) minor;
2627	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
2628	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
2629	(d) known interdicted person.

limited restaurant licensee's premises.

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2630 (12) (a) (i) Wine and heavy beer may be sold only at a price fixed by the commission. 2631 (ii) Wine and heavy beer may not be sold at a discount price on any date or at any time. 2632 (b) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic 2633 beverage to the limited restaurant licensee. 2634 (c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages 2635 over consumption or intoxication. 2636 (d) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain 2637 hours of the limited restaurant licensee's business day such as a "happy hour." 2638 (e) More than one alcoholic beverage may not be sold or served for the price of a single 2639 alcoholic beverage. 2640 (f) An indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages during a set period may 2641 not be sold or served for a fixed price. 2642 (g) A limited restaurant licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or 2643 offering free alcoholic beverages to the general public. (13) An alcoholic beverage may not be purchased for a patron of the limited restaurant 2644 2645 by: 2646 (a) the limited restaurant licensee; or 2647 (b) an employee or agent of the limited restaurant licensee. 2648 (14) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a limited restaurant licensee an 2649 alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the 2650 discretion of the limited restaurant licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of a limited 2651 restaurant licensee for on-premise consumption. 2652 (b) Except bottled wine under Subsection (14)(a), a limited restaurant licensee or an 2653 officer, manager, employee, or agent of a limited restaurant licensee may not allow: 2654 (i) a person to bring onto the limited restaurant premises an alcoholic beverage for 2655 on-premise consumption; or 2656 (ii) consumption of an alcoholic beverage described in Subsection (14)(b)(i) on the 2657

(c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server

or other representative of the limited restaurant licensee upon entering the limited restaurant.

(d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the limited

2661	restaurant licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
2662	(15) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (15)(b), a limited restaurant licensee and an
2663	employee of the limited restaurant licensee may not permit a restaurant patron to carry from the
2664	limited restaurant premises an open container that:
2665	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
2666	(ii) contains an alcoholic beverage.
2667	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a patron may remove the unconsumed
2668	contents of a bottle of wine if before removal, the bottle is recorked or recapped.
2669	(16) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not employ a minor to sell or dispense an
2670	alcoholic beverage.
2671	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (16)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may be
2672	employed to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device.
2673	(17) An employee of a limited restaurant licensee, while on duty, may not:
2674	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or
2675	(b) be intoxicated.
2676	(18) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of wine
2677	or heavy beer may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including:
2678	(a) a service charge; or
2679	(b) a chilling fee.
2680	(19) A limited restaurant licensee shall display in a prominent place in the restaurant:
2681	(a) the limited restaurant license that is [issued] granted by the department; and
2682	(b) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
2683	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
2684	(20) A limited restaurant licensee may not on the premises of the restaurant:
2685	(a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
2686	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
2687	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10,
2688	Part 11, Gambling; or
2689	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
2690	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is

based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers

2692	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
2693	(21) (a) A limited restaurant licensee shall maintain an expense ledger or record
2694	showing in detail:
2695	(i) quarterly expenditures made separately for:
2696	(A) wine;
2697	(B) heavy beer;
2698	(C) beer;
2699	(D) food; and
2700	(E) all other items required by the department; and
2701	(ii) sales made separately for:
2702	(A) wine;
2703	(B) heavy beer;
2704	(C) beer;
2705	(D) food; and
2706	(E) all other items required by the department.
2707	(b) A limited restaurant licensee shall keep a record required by Subsection (21)(a):
2708	(i) in a form approved by the department; and
2709	(ii) current for each three-month period.
2710	(c) An expenditure shall be supported by:
2711	(i) a delivery ticket;
2712	(ii) an invoice;
2713	(iii) a receipted bill;
2714	(iv) a canceled check;
2715	(v) a petty cash voucher; or
2716	(vi) other sustaining datum or memorandum.
2717	(d) In addition to the ledger or record maintained under Subsections (21)(a) through
2718	(c), a limited restaurant licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as
2719	the department may require.
2720	(e) Any limited restaurant licensee or person acting for the restaurant, who knowingly
2721	forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes an entry in a book of account or
2722	other document of the limited restaurant that is required to be made, maintained, or preserved

2723	by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission, the
2724	department, or an official or employee of the commission or department, is subject to:
2725	(i) the suspension or revocation of the limited restaurant's license; and
2726	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
2727	(22) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not close or cease operation for a period
2728	longer than 240 hours, unless:
2729	(i) the limited restaurant licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days
2730	before the day on which the limited restaurant licensee closes or ceases operation; and
2731	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
2732	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (22)(a), in the case of emergency closure, the limited
2733	restaurant licensee shall immediately notify the department by telephone.
2734	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (22)(c)(iii), the department may authorize a closure or
2735	cessation of operation for a period not to exceed 60 days.
2736	(ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon:
2737	(A) written request of the limited restaurant licensee; and
2738	(B) a showing of good cause.
2739	(iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without
2740	commission approval.
2741	(d) A notice required by Subsection (22)(a) shall include:
2742	(i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
2743	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
2744	(iii) the date on which the limited restaurant licensee will reopen or resume operation.
2745	(e) Failure of the limited restaurant licensee to provide notice and to obtain department
2746	authorization before closure or cessation of operation results in an automatic forfeiture of:
2747	(i) the limited restaurant license; and
2748	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year effective
2749	immediately.
2750	(f) Failure of the limited restaurant licensee to reopen or resume operation by the
2751	approved date results in an automatic forfeiture of:
2752	(i) the limited restaurant license; and
2753	(ii) the unused portion of the license fee for the remainder of the license year.

- 2754 (23) A limited restaurant licensee shall maintain at least 70% of its total restaurant 2755 business from the sale of food, which does not include service charges. 2756 (24) A limited restaurant license may not be transferred from one location to another, 2757 without prior written approval of the commission. 2758 (25) (a) A limited restaurant licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, 2759 give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the limited restaurant license to another person 2760 whether for monetary gain or not. 2761 (b) A limited restaurant license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of 2762 disposition. 2763 (26) (a) A server of wine, heavy beer, and beer in a limited restaurant licensee's 2764 establishment shall keep a written beverage tab for each table or group that orders or consumes 2765 an alcoholic beverage on the premises. 2766 (b) The beverage tab required by Subsection (26)(a) shall list the type and amount of an 2767 alcoholic beverage ordered or consumed. 2768 (27) A limited restaurant licensee may not make a person's willingness to serve an 2769 alcoholic beverage a condition of employment as a server with the limited restaurant. 2770 (28) A limited restaurant licensee or an employee of the limited restaurant licensee may 2771 not knowingly allow a person on the licensed premises to, in violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, 2772 Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act: 2773 (a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section 2774 58-37-2; or 2775 (b) use, deliver, or possess with the intent to deliver drug paraphernalia, as defined in 2776 Section 58-37a-3.
- 2778
  - 32A-4-401. Definitions -- Commission's power to grant licenses -- Limitations.
- 2779 (1) (a) For purposes of this part:
- 2780 (i) "Banquet" means an event:

- 2781 (A) for which there is a contract:
- 2782 (I) between any person and a person listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); and

Section 21. Section **32A-4-401** is amended to read:

(II) under which a person listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) is required to provide an 2783 2784 alcoholic [beverages] beverage at the event;

2785	(B) held at one or more designated locations approved by the commission in or on the
2786	premises of a:
2787	(I) hotel;
2788	(II) resort facility;
2789	(III) sports center; or
2790	(IV) convention center; and
2791	(C) at which food and alcoholic beverages may be sold and served.
2792	(ii) "Convention center" is [as] a facility that:
2793	(A) is in total at least 30,000 square feet; and
2794	(B) is otherwise defined as a "convention center" by the commission by rule.
2795	(iii) "Hotel" is as defined by the commission by rule.
2796	(iv) "Resort facility" is as defined by the commission by rule.
2797	(v) "Room service" means service of <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages] beverage to a guest room
2798	of a:
2799	(A) hotel; or
2800	(B) resort facility.
2801	(vi) "Sports center" is as defined by the commission by rule.
2802	(b) The commission may [issue] grant an on-premise banquet license to any of the
2803	following persons for the purpose of allowing the storage, sale, service, and consumption of an
2804	alcoholic [beverages] beverage in connection with that person's banquet and room service
2805	activities:
2806	(i) <u>a</u> hotel;
2807	(ii) <u>a</u> resort facility;
2808	(iii) <u>a</u> sports center; or
2809	(iv) <u>a</u> convention center.
2810	(c) This chapter [is not intended to] does not prohibit an alcoholic [beverages]
2811	beverage on the premises of a person listed in Subsection (1) to the extent otherwise permitted
2812	by this title.
2813	(2) (a) Subject to this section and Subsection 32A-4a-201(2), the total number of
2814	on-premise banquet licenses may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined
2815	by dividing the population of the state by 30,000.

2816	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (2), the population of the state shall be determined
2817	by:
2818	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
2819	(ii) another population determination made by the United States or state governments.
2820	(3) Pursuant to a contract between the host of a banquet and an on-premise banquet
2821	licensee:
2822	(a) the host of a contracted banquet may request an on-premise banquet licensee to
2823	provide an alcoholic [beverages] beverage served at a banquet; and
2824	(b) an on-premise banquet licensee may provide [the] an alcoholic [beverages]
2825	beverage served at a banquet.
2826	(4) At a banquet, an on-premise banquet licensee may provide:
2827	(a) a hosted bar; or
2828	(b) a cash bar.
2829	(5) Nothing in this section [shall prohibit] prohibits a qualified on-premise banquet
2830	license applicant from applying for a package agency.
2831	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), (c), or (d), the premises of an
2832	on-premise banquet license may not be established:
2833	(i) within 600 feet of a community location, as measured by the method in Subsection
2834	(6)(e); or
2835	(ii) within 200 feet of a community location, measured in a straight line from the
2836	nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary of the community
2837	location.
2838	(b) With respect to the establishment of an on-premise banquet license, the
2839	commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection
2840	(6)(a)(i) if:
2841	(i) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;
2842	(ii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing an on-premise
2843	banquet license in the community are limited;
2844	(iii) the variance is authorized after a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county
2845	and where practical in the neighborhood concerned;
2846	(iv) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies

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welfare of the community; and

2847	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
2848	license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the
2849	community; and
2850	(v) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the
2851	variance; or
2852	(B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority,
2853	the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
2854	(I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting
2855	within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the on-premise banquet license
2856	premises is to be located;
2857	(II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand
2858	described in Subsection $(6)(b)(v)(B)(I)$ other than through the establishment of an on-premise
2859	banquet license; and
2860	(III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary
2861	of the local authority in which the on-premise banquet license premises is to be located for
2862	establishing an on-premise banquet license to satisfy the unmet demand described in
2863	Subsection $(6)(b)(v)(B)(I)$ .
2864	(c) With respect to the establishment of an on-premise banquet license, the commission
2865	may authorize a variance that reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection (6)(a)(ii) if:
2866	(i) the community location at issue is:
2867	(A) a public library; or
2868	(B) a public park;
2869	(ii) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;
2870	(iii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing an on-premise
2871	banquet license in the community are limited;
2872	(iv) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the
2873	neighborhood concerned;
2874	(v) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies

stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the

on-premise banquet license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and

- 2878 (vi) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the variance; or
  - (B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority, the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
  - (I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the on-premise banquet license premises is to be located;
  - (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of an on-premise banquet license; and
  - (III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the on-premise banquet license premises is to be located for establishing an on-premise banquet license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (6)(c)(vi)(B)(I).
  - (d) With respect to the premises of any on-premise banquet license [issued] granted by the commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (6)(a) in considering whether to grant an on-premise banquet license to the new owner of the premises if:
  - (i) (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection (6)(a)(i); or
  - (B) the premises received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection (6)(a)(ii) on or before May 4, 2008; or
    - (ii) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.
  - (e) The 600 foot limitation described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) is measured from the nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location.
  - (7) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a decision on a proposed location.
    - (b) For purposes of this Subsection (7), "educational facility" includes:
- 2908 (i) a nursery school;

2909	(ii) an infant day care center; and
2910	(iii) a trade and technical school.
2911	(8) (a) As used in this Subsection (8), "grandfathered facility" means a facility:
2912	(i) for which the commission granted an on-premise banquet license that is in effect on
2913	May 11, 2009, on the basis that the facility is a convention center; and
2914	(ii) that no longer qualifies as a convention center under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) solely
2915	because it is in total less than 30,000 square feet.
2916	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the on-premise banquet license applicable to
2917	a grandfathered facility may be renewed until October 31, 2011, if the on-premise banquet
2918	license is qualified for the on-premise banquet license except for the requirement of Subsection
2919	(1)(a)(ii)(A).
2920	Section 22. Section <b>32A-4-402</b> is amended to read:
2921	32A-4-402. Application and renewal requirements.
2922	(1) (a) A person seeking an on-premise banquet license under this part shall file a
2923	written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The
2924	application shall be accompanied by:
2925	(i) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
2926	(ii) an initial license fee of \$500, which is refundable if a license is not granted;
2927	(iii) written consent of the local authority;
2928	(iv) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
2929	(v) evidence of proximity to any community location, with proximity requirements
2930	being governed by Section 32A-4-401;
2931	(vi) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4-405;
2932	(vii) a description or floor plan and boundary map of the premises, where appropriate,
2933	of the on-premise banquet license applicant's location, designating:
2934	(A) the location at which the on-premise banquet license applicant proposes that
2935	alcoholic beverages be stored; and
2936	(B) the designated locations on the premises of the applicant from which the
2937	on-premise banquet license applicant proposes that alcoholic beverages be sold or served, and
2938	consumed;
2939	(viii) evidence that the on-premise banquet license applicant is carrying public liability

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insurance in an amount and form satisfactory to the department;

- (ix) evidence that the on-premise banquet license applicant is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 per occurrence and [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000 in the aggregate;
- (x) a signed consent form stating that the on-premise banquet license applicant will permit any authorized representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right to enter the on-premise banquet premises;
- (xi) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the on-premise banquet license application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
  - (xii) any other information the commission or department may require.
- (b) An applicant need not meet the requirements of Subsections (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), and (vi) if the applicant is:
  - (i) a state agency; or
  - (ii) a political subdivision of the state including:
- 2956 (A) a county; or
- 2957 (B) a municipality.
  - (2) Additional locations in or on the premises of an on-premise banquet license applicant's business from which the on-premise banquet license applicant may propose that alcoholic beverages may be stored, sold or served, or consumed, not included in the applicant's original application may be approved by the department upon proper application, in accordance with guidelines approved by the commission.
  - (3) (a) [All] An on-premise banquet [licenses expire] license expires on October 31 of each year.
  - (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), a person desiring to renew that person's on-premise banquet license shall submit a renewal fee of \$500 and a completed renewal application to the department no later than September 30.
    - (ii) A licensee is not required to submit the renewal fee if the licensee is:
- 2969 (A) a state agency; or
- 2970 (B) a political subdivision of the state including:

2971	(I) a county; or
2972	(II) a municipality.
2973	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of
2974	the license effective on the date the existing license expires.
2975	(d) A renewal application shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
2976	(4) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4-406(24), the commission may
2977	suspend or revoke an on-premise banquet license if the on-premise banquet licensee fails to
2978	immediately notify the department of any change in:
2979	(a) ownership of the licensee;
2980	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
2981	(i) corporate officers or directors; or
2982	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
2983	corporation; or
2984	(c) for a limited liability company:
2985	(i) managers; or
2986	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
2987	Section 23. Section 32A-4a-101 is enacted to read:
2988	CHAPTER 4a. RESORT LICENSE ACT
2989	Part 1. General Provisions
2990	<u>32A-4a-101.</u> Title.
2991	This chapter is known as the "Resort License Act."
2992	Section 24. Section 32A-4a-102 is enacted to read:
2993	<u>32A-4a-102.</u> Definitions.
2994	As used in this chapter:
2995	(1) "Boundary of a resort building" means the physical boundary of the land reasonably
2996	related to a resort building and any structure or improvement to that land as determined by the
2997	commission.
2998	(2) "Dwelling" means a portion of a resort building:
2999	(a) owned by one or more individuals;
3000	(b) that is used or designated for use as a residence by one or more persons; and
3001	(c) that may be rented, loaned, leased, or hired out for a period of no longer than 30

3002	consecutive days by a person who uses it for a residence.
3003	(3) "Engaged in the management of the resort" may be defined by the commission by
3004	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3005	(4) "Invitee" means an individual who in accordance with Subsection 32A-4a-305(3) is
3006	authorized to use a resort spa by a host who is:
3007	(a) a resident; or
3008	(b) a public customer.
3009	(5) "Provisions applicable to a sublicense" means:
3010	(a) for a restaurant sublicense, Chapter 4, Part 1, Restaurant Liquor Licenses;
3011	(b) for a limited restaurant sublicense, Chapter 4, Part 3, Limited Restaurant Licenses;
3012	(c) for an on-premise banquet sublicense, Chapter 4, Part 4, On-Premises Banquet
3013	License;
3014	(d) for a resort spa sublicense, Chapter 4a, Part 3, Resort Spa Sublicense;
3015	(e) for a club sublicense, Chapter 5, Club Licenses; and
3016	(f) for an on-premise beer retailer sublicense, Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses.
3017	(6) "Public customer" means an individual who holds a customer card in accordance
3018	with Subsection 32A-4a-305(4).
3019	(7) "Resident" means an individual who:
3020	(a) owns a dwelling located within a resort building; or
3021	(b) rents lodging accommodations for 30 consecutive days or less from:
3022	(i) an owner of a dwelling described in Subsection (7)(a); or
3023	(ii) the resort licensee.
3024	(8) "Resort" means a location:
3025	(a) on which is located one resort building; and
3026	(b) that is affiliated with a ski area that physically touches the boundary of the resort
3027	building.
3028	(9) "Resort building" means a building:
3029	(a) that is primarily operated for the purpose of providing dwellings or lodging
3030	accommodations;
3031	(b) that has at least 150 units that consist of a dwelling or lodging accommodations;
3032	(c) that consists of at least 400,000 square feet:

3033	(1) including only the building itself; and
3034	(ii) not including areas such as above ground surface parking; and
3035	(d) of which at least 50% of the units described in Subsection (9)(b) consist of
3036	dwellings owned by a person other than the resort licensee.
3037	(10) "Resort spa" means a spa, as defined by rule by the commission made in
3038	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that is within the
3039	boundary of a resort building.
3040	(11) "Sublicense" means:
3041	(a) a restaurant sublicense;
3042	(b) a limited restaurant sublicense;
3043	(c) an on-premise banquet sublicense;
3044	(d) a resort spa sublicense;
3045	(e) a club sublicense; or
3046	(f) an on-premise beer retailer sublicense.
3047	(12) "Sublicense premises" means a building, enclosure, room, or equipment used
3048	pursuant to a sublicense in connection with the sale, storage, service, furnishing, or
3049	consumption of an alcoholic product, unless otherwise defined in this title or in the rules
3050	adopted by the commission in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3051	Rulemaking Act.
3052	Section 25. Section 32A-4a-201 is enacted to read:
3053	Part 2. Licensing
3054	32A-4a-201. Commission's power to license a resort Limitations.
3055	(1) (a) The commission may grant to a person a resort license for the purpose of
3056	allowing the storage, sale, service, and consumption of an alcoholic beverage in connection
3057	with a resort designated in the resort license if the person operates at least four sublicenses
3058	under the resort license.
3059	(b) A resort license shall:
3060	(i) consist of:
3061	(A) a general resort license; and
3062	(B) the four or more sublicenses; and
3063	(ii) designate the boundary of the resort building.

3064	(c) This chapter does not prohibit an alcoholic beverage on the boundary of the resort
3065	building to the extent otherwise permitted by this title.
3066	(d) The commission may not grant a sublicense that is separate from a resort license.
3067	(2) (a) The total number of resort licenses may not at any time aggregate more than
3068	<u>four.</u>
3069	(b) The commission may not include a sublicense in determining whether or not the
3070	total number of licenses granted under the provisions applicable to the sublicense aggregate
3071	more than a number calculated by dividing the population of the state by the number specified
3072	in the provisions applicable to the sublicense.
3073	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the commission may not grant to a person a
3074	license under the provisions applicable to a sublicense that on May 11, 2009, was not available
3075	because the sublicense was included in determining if the total number of licenses granted
3076	under the provisions applicable to the sublicense aggregate more than the number calculated by
3077	dividing the population of the state by the number specified in the provisions applicable to the
3078	sublicense.
3079	(d) By no later than the November 2009 interim meeting of the Business and Labor
3080	Interim Committee, the department shall:
3081	(i) report to the Business and Labor Interim Committee the number and types of
3082	sublicenses under a resort license granted by the commission as of September 30, 2009; and
3083	(ii) recommend legislation to adjust the numbers in the provisions applicable to
3084	sublicenses to reflect the number of sublicenses that because of the issuance of a resort license
3085	are not included in determining whether or not the total number of licenses granted under the
3086	provisions applicable to a sublicense aggregate more than a number calculated by dividing the
3087	population of the state by the number specified in the provisions applicable to the sublicense.
3088	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d), a resort building may not be
3089	granted if the resort building is:
3090	(i) within 600 feet of a community location, as measured by the method in Subsection
3091	(3)(e); or
3092	(ii) within 200 feet of a community location, measured in a straight line from the
3093	nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary of the community
3094	location.

3095	(b) With respect to the establishment of a resort license, the commission may authorize
3096	a variance to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection (3)(a)(i) if:
3097	(i) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;
3098	(ii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a resort license in
3099	the community are limited;
3100	(iii) the variance is authorized after a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county.
3101	and where practical in the neighborhood concerned;
3102	(iv) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
3103	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
3104	resort license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the
3105	community; and
3106	(v) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the
3107	variance; or
3108	(B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority,
3109	the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
3110	(I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting
3111	within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the resort building is to be
3112	located;
3113	(II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand
3114	described in Subsection (3)(b)(v)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of a resort license;
3115	<u>and</u>
3116	(III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary
3117	of the local authority in which the resort building is to be located for establishing a resort
3118	license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (3)(b)(v)(B)(I).
3119	(c) With respect to the establishment of a resort license, the commission may authorize
3120	a variance that reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection (3)(a)(ii) if:
3121	(i) the community location at issue is:
3122	(A) a public library; or
3123	(B) a public park;
3124	(ii) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;
3125	(iii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a resort license in

3126	the community are limited;
3127	(iv) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the
3128	neighborhood concerned;
3129	(v) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
3130	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
3131	resort license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the
3132	community; and
3133	(vi) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the
3134	variance; or
3135	(B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority.
3136	the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
3137	(I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting
3138	within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the resort building is to be
3139	located;
3140	(II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand
3141	described in Subsection (3)(c)(vi)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of a resort license;
3142	<u>and</u>
3143	(III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary
3144	of the local authority in which the resort building is to be located for establishing a resort
3145	license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (3)(c)(vi)(B)(I).
3146	(d) With respect to a resort building of a resort license granted by the commission that
3147	undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity
3148	requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in considering whether to grant a resort license to the new
3149	owner of the resort license if the resort license previously received a variance reducing the
3150	proximity requirement of Subsection (3)(a)(i).
3151	(e) The 600 foot limitation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) is measured from the
3152	nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the
3153	property boundary of the community location.
3154	(4) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity
3155	of an educational, religious, or recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
3156	decision on a proposed location.

3157	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (4), "educational facility" includes:
3158	(i) a nursery school;
3159	(ii) an infant day care center; and
3160	(iii) a trade and technical school.
3161	Section 26. Section 32A-4a-202 is enacted to read:
3162	32A-4a-202. Application and renewal requirements.
3163	(1) A person seeking a resort license under this chapter shall file a written application
3164	with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The application shall be
3165	accompanied by:
3166	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
3167	(b) an initial license fee, which is refundable if a resort license is not granted,
3168	calculated as follows:
3169	(i) \$10,000 if four sublicenses are being applied for under the resort license; or
3170	(ii) if more than four sublicenses are being applied for under the resort license, the sum
3171	<u>of:</u>
3172	(A) \$10,000; and
3173	(B) \$2,000 for each sublicense in excess of four sublicenses for which the applicant is
3174	applying;
3175	(c) written consent of the local authority;
3176	(d) a copy of:
3177	(i) the applicant's current business license; and
3178	(ii) the current business license for each sublicense, if the business license is separate
3179	from the applicant's business license;
3180	(e) evidence:
3181	(i) of proximity of the resort building to any community location, with proximity
3182	requirements being governed by Section 32A-4a-201;
3183	(ii) that each of the four or more sublicense premises is entirely within the boundaries
3184	of the resort building; and
3185	(iii) that the building designated in the application as the resort building qualifies as a
3186	resort building as defined in Section 32A-4a-102;
3187	(f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-4a-205;

3188	(g) a description and boundary map of the resort building;
3189	(h) a description, floor plan, and boundary map of each sublicense premises
3190	designating:
3191	(i) any location at which the resort license applicant proposes that an alcoholic
3192	beverage be stored; and
3193	(ii) a designated location on the sublicense premises from which the resort license
3194	applicant proposes that an alcoholic beverage be sold or served and consumed;
3195	(i) evidence that the resort license applicant carries public liability insurance in an
3196	amount and form satisfactory to the department:
3197	(j) evidence that the resort license applicant carries dramshop insurance coverage equal
3198	to the sum of at least \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in the aggregate to cover both
3199	the general resort license and each sublicense;
3200	(k) a signed consent form stating that the resort license applicant will permit any
3201	authorized representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer
3202	unrestricted right to enter the boundary of the resort building and each sublicense premises;
3203	(1) if an applicant is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, proper
3204	verification evidencing that the one or more persons signing the resort license application are
3205	authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
3206	(m) any other information the commission or department may require.
3207	(2) An additional location in a sublicense premises of a resort license applicant's
3208	business from which the resort license applicant may propose that an alcoholic beverage may
3209	be stored, sold or served, or consumed, not included in the applicant's original application, may
3210	be approved by the department upon proper application.
3211	(3) (a) A resort license expires on October 31 of each year.
3212	(b) A resort licensee who wants to renew a resort license shall submit to the department
3213	by no later than September 30:
3214	(i) a renewal fee of \$1,000 for each sublicense under the resort license; and
3215	(ii) a completed renewal application.
3216	(c) A resort licensee's failure to meet a renewal requirement results in an automatic
3217	forfeiture of the resort license and each sublicense effective on the date the existing license
3218	expires.

3219	(d) A renewal application shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
3220	(4) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4a-401(14), the commission may
3221	suspend or revoke a resort license if the resort licensee fails to immediately notify the
3222	department of a change in:
3223	(a) ownership of the resort licensee;
3224	(b) for a corporate owner of a resort licensee, the:
3225	(i) corporate officers or directors; or
3226	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
3227	corporation; or
3228	(c) for a limited liability company owner or a resort licensee:
3229	(i) managers; or
3230	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
3231	Section 27. Section 32A-4a-203 is enacted to read:
3232	32A-4a-203. Qualifications.
3233	(1) (a) The commission may not grant a license to a person who is convicted of:
3234	(i) a felony under a federal or state law;
3235	(ii) a violation of a federal or state law or local ordinance concerning the sale,
3236	manufacture, distribution, warehousing, adulteration, or transportation of an alcoholic
3237	beverage;
3238	(iii) a crime involving moral turpitude; or
3239	(iv) on two or more occasions within the five years before the day on which the resort
3240	license is granted, driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined influence of
3241	alcohol and a drug.
3242	(b) For a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, the proscription under
3243	Subsection (1)(a) applies if any of the following that will be engaged in the management of the
3244	resort is convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a):
3245	(i) a partner;
3246	(ii) a managing agent;
3247	(iii) a manager;
3248	(iv) an officer;
3249	(v) a director;

3250	(vi) a stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of
3251	the applicant corporation; or
3252	(vii) a member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability company.
3253	(c) The proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if a person employed to act in a
3254	supervisory or managerial capacity for the resort licensee or in relation to a sublicense is
3255	convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a).
3256	(2) Subject to Section 32A-4a-501, the commission may immediately suspend or
3257	revoke a resort license or a sublicense, if after the day on which the resort license is granted, a
3258	person described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c):
3259	(a) is found to have been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a) before
3260	the resort license is granted; or
3261	(b) on or after the day on which the resort license is granted:
3262	(i) is convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or
3263	(ii) (A) is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined
3264	influence of alcohol and a drug; and
3265	(B) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined
3266	influence of alcohol and a drug within five years before the day on which the person is
3267	convicted of the offense described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A).
3268	(3) Subject to Subsection 32A-4a-501, the director may take emergency action by
3269	immediately suspending the operation of a resort license or sublicense in accordance with Title
3270	63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, for the period during which the criminal
3271	matter is being adjudicated if a person described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c):
3272	(a) is arrested on a charge for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii);
3273	<u>or</u>
3274	(b) (i) is arrested on a charge for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol, a
3275	drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and a drug; and
3276	(ii) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined
3277	influence of alcohol and a drug within five years before the day on which the person is arrested
3278	on a charge described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
3279	(4) (a) (i) The commission may not grant a resort license to a person who has had any
3280	type of license, agency, or permit granted under this title revoked within the three years before

application for the resort license is filed;

3311

3281	the day on which the application for a resort license is filed.
3282	(ii) The commission may not grant a resort license to an applicant that is a partnership,
3283	corporation, or limited liability company if a partner, managing agent, manager, officer,
3284	director, stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of an
3285	applicant corporation, or member who owns at least 20% of an applicant limited liability
3286	company, will engage in the management of the resort, and is or was:
3287	(A) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of license, agency,
3288	or permit issued under this title revoked within three years prior to the day on which the
3289	application for the resort license is filed;
3290	(B) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds or held at least 20%
3291	of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of license, agency,
3292	or permit issued under this title revoked within three years before the day on which the
3293	application for the resort license is filed; or
3294	(C) a manager or member who owns or owned at least 20% of a limited liability
3295	company that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within
3296	three years prior to the day on which the application for the resort license is filed.
3297	(b) The commission may not grant a resort license to an applicant that is a partnership,
3298	corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following who will engage in the
3299	management of the resort had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title
3300	revoked while acting in their individual capacity within three years before the day on which the
3301	application for the resort license is filed:
3302	(i) a partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership;
3303	(ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the
3304	total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or
3305	(iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability
3306	company.
3307	(c) The commission may not grant a person acting in an individual capacity a resort
3308	license if that person was:
3309	(i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of license, agency, or
3310	permit granted under this title revoked within three years prior to the day on which the

3312	(ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who held at least 20% of the
3313	total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of license, agency, or
3314	permit issued under this title revoked within three years prior to the day on which the
3315	application for the resort license is filed; or
3316	(iii) a manager or member who owned at least 20% of the limited liability company
3317	that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within three years
3318	prior to the day on which the application for the resort license is filed.
3319	(5) (a) The commission may not grant a minor a resort license.
3320	(b) The commission may not grant a resort license to an applicant that is a partnership,
3321	corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following is a minor:
3322	(i) a partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership;
3323	(ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the
3324	total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or
3325	(iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability
3326	company.
3327	(6) Subject to Section 32A-4a-501, if a person to whom a resort license is granted
3328	under this chapter no longer possesses the qualifications required by this title for obtaining the
3329	resort license, the commission may suspend or revoke the resort license.
3330	(7) (a) A person employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for a
3331	sublicense is subject to the qualification requirements in the provisions applicable to the
3332	sublicense.
3333	(b) If a person described under Subsection (7)(a) no longer possesses the qualifications
3334	required by this Subsection (7), the commission may suspend or revoke the sublicense that is
3335	part of the resort license.
3336	Section 28. Section 32A-4a-204 is enacted to read:
3337	32A-4a-204. Commission and department duties before granting resort license.
3338	(1) (a) Before the commission may grant a resort license, the department shall conduct
3339	an investigation, and may hold public hearings for the purpose of gathering information and
3340	making recommendations to the commission as to whether or not a resort license, including
3341	each sublicense, should be granted.
3342	(b) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in

3343	Subsection (1)(a) to the commission to aid in the commission's determination.
3344	(2) Before granting a resort license, the commission shall:
3345	(a) determine that the applicant complies with all basic qualifications and requirements
3346	for making application for a resort license as provided by Sections 32A-4a-202 and
3347	<u>32A-4a-203;</u>
3348	(b) determine that the application is complete;
3349	(c) consider, where appropriate, a location that the resort license applicant proposes to
3350	designate for use under the resort license or a sublicense, including:
3351	(i) the physical characteristics of the location such as:
3352	(A) the condition of the location;
3353	(B) square footage; and
3354	(C) parking availability; and
3355	(ii) operational factors such as:
3356	(A) tourist traffic;
3357	(B) demographics; and
3358	(C) population to be served;
3359	(d) consider the resort license applicant's ability to manage and operate a resort license
3360	and the ability of any individual who will act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for a
3361	sublicense, including:
3362	(i) past management experience;
3363	(ii) past alcohol license experience; and
3364	(iii) the type of management scheme to be employed by the resort license applicant;
3365	(e) consider the nature or type of:
3366	(i) the resort license applicant's business operation; and
3367	(ii) the business operation of each sublicense;
3368	(f) subject to Subsection (3), determine that each sublicense meets the requirements
3369	imposed under the provisions applicable to each sublicense; and
3370	(g) consider any other factor or circumstance the commission considers necessary.
3371	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), notwithstanding the requirements to obtain a
3372	license under the provisions applicable to a sublicense, a sublicense of a resort license is not
3373	subject to:

3374	(i) a requirement to submit an application or renewal application that is separate from
3375	the resort license application;
3376	(ii) a requirement to carry public liability insurance or dramshop insurance coverage
3377	that is separate from that carried by the resort licensee; or
3378	(iii) post a bond that is separate from the bond posted by the resort licensee.
3379	(b) If a resort licensee seeks to add a sublicense after its resort license is granted, the
3380	resort licensee shall file with the department:
3381	(i) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
3382	(ii) an initial license fee of \$2,000, which is refundable if the sublicense is not granted;
3383	(iii) written consent of the local authority;
3384	(iv) a copy of:
3385	(A) the resort licensee's current business license; and
3386	(B) the current business license for the sublicense, if the business licensee is separate
3387	from the resort licensee's business license;
3388	(v) evidence that the sublicense premises is entirely within the boundary of the resort
3389	building;
3390	(vi) a description, floor plan, and boundary map of the sublicense premises
3391	designating:
3392	(A) a location at which the resort license applicant proposes that an alcoholic beverage
3393	be stored; and
3394	(B) a designated location on the sublicense premises from which the resort license
3395	applicant proposes that an alcoholic beverage be sold, dispensed, served, and consumed;
3396	(vii) evidence that the resort license applicant carries public liability insurance in an
3397	amount and form satisfactory to the department;
3398	(viii) evidence that the resort license applicant carries dramshop insurance coverage in
3399	the amount required by Section 32A-4a-202 that covers the sublicense to be added;
3400	(ix) a signed consent form stating that the resort licensee will permit any authorized
3401	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right
3402	to enter the sublicense premises;
3403	(x) if the resort licensee is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company,
3404	proper verification evidencing that the one or more persons signing the sublicense application

3405	are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company;
3406	<u>and</u>
3407	(xi) any other information the commission or department may require.
3408	Section 29. Section <b>32A-4a-205</b> is enacted to read:
3409	<u>32A-4a-205.</u> Bond.
3410	(1) (a) A resort licensee shall procure and post a cash or corporate surety bond payable
3411	to the department in the penal sum of \$25,000.
3412	(b) A resort licensee shall maintain the bond described in Subsection (1)(a) for as long
3413	as the resort licensee operates as a resort licensee.
3414	(c) A resort licensee is not required to have a separate bond for each sublicense, except
3415	that the aggregate of any bonds posted by the resort licensee shall cover each sublicense under
3416	the resort license.
3417	(2) A bond described in Subsection (1) shall be in a form approved by the attorney
3418	general, conditioned upon the resort licensee's faithful compliance with this title and the rules
3419	of the commission.
3420	(3) (a) If a bond described in Subsection (1) is canceled due to a resort licensee's
3421	negligence, the commission may assess a \$300 reinstatement fee.
3422	(b) No part of a bond described in Subsection (1) may be withdrawn:
3423	(i) during the period a resort license is in effect; or
3424	(ii) while a revocation proceeding is pending against the resort licensee that posts the
3425	bond.
3426	(c) A bond filed by a resort licensee may be forfeited if the resort license is revoked.
3427	Section 30. Section 32A-4a-301 is enacted to read:
3428	Part 3. Resort Spa Sublicense
3429	32A-4a-301. Commission's power to grant resort spa sublicense Limitations.
3430	(1) Before a resort spa may sell or allow the consumption of an alcoholic beverage on
3431	the resort spa sublicense premises, a resort licensee or an applicant for a resort license shall
3432	first obtain a resort spa sublicense from the commission as provided in this part.
3433	(2) The commission may grant a resort spa sublicense for the purpose of establishing a
3434	resort spa outlet within the boundary of a resort building for the storage, sale, and consumption
3435	of liquor on premises operated as a resort spa.

3436	(3) The resort spa sublicense premises must fall entirely within the boundary of a resort
3437	building.
3438	Section 31. Section 32A-4a-302 is enacted to read:
3439	32A-4a-302. Application and renewal requirements.
3440	(1) A person seeking a resort spa sublicense under this part may not file a written
3441	application with the department that is separate from the application of the resort license,
3442	unless the resort spa sublicense is being sought after the granting of a resort license.
3443	(2) If a resort licensee seeks to add a resort spa sublicense after its resort license is
3444	granted, the resort licensee shall in accordance with Subsection 32A-4a-204(3) file a written
3445	application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The application shall
3446	be accompanied by:
3447	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
3448	(b) an initial license fee of \$2,000, which is refundable if the resort spa sublicense is
3449	not granted;
3450	(c) written consent of the local authority;
3451	(d) a copy of:
3452	(i) the resort licensee's current business license; and
3453	(ii) a business license for the resort spa, if the business license is separate from the
3454	resort licensee's business license;
3455	(e) evidence that the resort spa sublicense premises are entirely within the boundary of
3456	a resort building:
3457	(f) a floor or similar plan of the resort spa, including consumption areas and the area
3458	where the resort licensee proposes to keep, store, and sell liquor;
3459	(g) evidence that the resort licensee carries public liability insurance in an amount and
3460	form satisfactory to the department;
3461	(h) evidence that the resort licensee's dramshop insurance coverage required under
3462	Section 32A-4a-202 covers the resort spa sublicense;
3463	(i) a signed consent form stating that the resort licensee will permit any authorized
3464	representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer unrestricted right
3465	to enter the resort spa sublicense premises;
3466	(i) if an applicant is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, proper

3467	verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the application are authorized to so
3468	act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability company; and
3469	(k) any other information the commission or department may require.
3470	(3) (a) A resort spa sublicense expires on October 31 of each year.
3471	(b) A resort licensee desiring to renew the resort licensee's resort spa sublicense shall
3472	renew the resort spa sublicense as part of renewing the resort license.
3473	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements for a resort license results in an automatic
3474	forfeiture of the resort spa sublicense effective on the date the resort license expires.
3475	(d) A renewal application shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
3476	(4) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-4a-305(30), the commission may
3477	suspend or revoke a resort spa sublicense if the resort licensee does not immediately notify the
3478	department of a change described in Subsection 32A-4a-202(4).
3479	Section 32. Section 32A-4a-303 is enacted to read:
3480	32A-4a-303. Qualifications.
3481	(1) A person employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for the resort spa
3482	sublicense is subject to qualification requirements of Section 32A-4a-203.
3483	(2) If a person no longer possesses the qualifications required by Section 32A-4a-203
3484	for obtaining the resort license or resort spa sublicense, the commission may suspend or revoke
3485	the resort spa sublicense that is part of the resort license.
3486	Section 33. Section 32A-4a-304 is enacted to read:
3487	32A-4a-304. Commission and department duties before granting a resort spa
3488	sublicense.
3489	(1) (a) If a resort licensee seeks to add a resort spa sublicense after the resort license is
3490	granted, before the commission may grant a resort spa sublicense, the department shall conduct
3491	an investigation and may hold public hearings for the purpose of gathering information and
3492	making recommendations to the commission as to whether or not the resort spa sublicense
3493	should be granted.
3494	(b) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in
3495	Subsection (1)(a) to the commission to aid in the commission's determination.
3496	(2) Before granting a resort spa sublicense, the commission shall:
3497	(a) determine that:

3498	(i) the resort licensee seeking the resort spa sublicense has complied with all basic
3499	qualifications and requirements for making application for a resort spa sublicense as provided
3500	by Sections 32A-4a-302 and 32A-4a-303; and
3501	(ii) the application is complete;
3502	(b) consider the location within which the resort spa outlet is located, including:
3503	(i) physical characteristics such as:
3504	(A) condition of the location;
3505	(B) square footage; and
3506	(C) parking availability; and
3507	(ii) operational factors such as:
3508	(A) tourist traffic;
3509	(B) demographics;
3510	(C) population to be served; and
3511	(D) the extent of and proximity to any community location;
3512	(c) consider the resort licensee's ability to manage and operate a resort spa sublicense
3513	and the ability of any person who will act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for the resort
3514	spa to manage and operate a resort spa license, including:
3515	(i) management experience;
3516	(ii) past retail liquor experience; and
3517	(iii) the type of management scheme employed by the resort spa;
3518	(d) consider the nature or type of resort spa operation under the proposed resort spa
3519	sublicense, including:
3520	(i) the type of menu items offered and emphasized;
3521	(ii) whether the resort spa emphasizes service to an adult clientele or minors;
3522	(iii) the hours of operation;
3523	(iv) the seating capacity of the resort spa; and
3524	(v) the gross sales of food items; and
3525	(e) consider any other factors or circumstances the commission considers necessary.
3526	Section 34. Section 32A-4a-305 is enacted to read:
3527	32A-4a-305. Operational restrictions.
3528	(1) (a) A person granted a resort license and the employees and management personnel

3529	of the resort licensee or otherwise related to a resort spa sublicense shall comply with this title,
3530	the rules of the commission, and the conditions and requirements in this section in the
3531	operation of the resort spa.
3532	(b) Subject to Section 32A-4a-502, failure to comply with this section may result in a
3533	suspension or revocation of the resort license or resort spa sublicense, or other disciplinary
3534	action taken against individual employees or management personnel.
3535	(2) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a person operating under a resort spa
3536	sublicense may not sell an alcoholic beverage to or allow a person to be admitted to or use the
3537	resort spa sublicense premises other than:
3538	(a) a resident;
3539	(b) a public customer who holds a valid customer card issued under Subsection (4); or
3540	(c) an invitee.
3541	(3) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may allow an individual to be
3542	admitted to or use the resort spa sublicense premises as an invitee subject to the following
3543	conditions:
3544	(a) the individual must be previously authorized by one of the following who agrees to
3545	host the individual as an invitee into the resort spa:
3546	(i) a resident; or
3547	(ii) a public customer who holds a valid customer card issued under Subsection (4);
3548	(b) the individual has only those privileges derived from the individual's host for the
3549	duration of the invitee's visit to the resort spa; and
3550	(c) a resort licensee, resort spa, or an employee of the resort licensee or resort spa may
3551	not enter into an agreement or arrangement with a resident or public customer to
3552	indiscriminately host a member of the general public into the resort spa as an invitee.
3553	(4) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may issue a customer card to
3554	allow an individual to enter and use the resort spa sublicense premises on a temporary basis
3555	under the following conditions:
3556	(a) the resort spa may not issue a customer card for a time period that exceeds three
3557	weeks;
3558	(b) the resort spa shall assess a fee to a public customer for a customer card;
3559	(c) the resort spa may not issue a customer card to a minor; and

3560	(d) a public customer may not host more than seven invitees at one time.
3561	(5) (a) For purposes of the resort spa sublicense, the resort licensee shall ensure that an
3562	expense ledger or record is maintained showing in detail:
3563	(i) quarterly expenditures for the resort spa separated by payments for:
3564	(A) malt or brewed beverage;
3565	(B) liquor;
3566	(C) food;
3567	(D) set-ups; and
3568	(E) any other item required by the department; and
3569	(ii) sales made separately for:
3570	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
3571	(B) liquor;
3572	(C) food;
3573	(D) set-ups; and
3574	(E) any other item required by the department.
3575	(b) For purposes of the resort spa sublicense, the resort licensee shall ensure that a
3576	record required by this Subsection (5) is kept:
3577	(i) in a form approved by the department; and
3578	(ii) current for each three-month period.
3579	(c) An expenditure under resort spa sublicense shall be supported by:
3580	(i) a delivery ticket;
3581	(ii) an invoice;
3582	(iii) a receipted bill;
3583	(iv) a canceled check;
3584	(v) a petty cash voucher; or
3585	(vi) other sustaining datum or memorandum.
3586	(d) In addition to a ledger or record required by Subsection (5)(a), for purposes of the
3587	resort spa sublicense, a resort licensee shall ensure that accounting and other records and
3588	documents as the department may require are maintained.
3589	(e) A resort licensee or an employee acting for the resort licensee or under a resort spa
3590	sublicense, who knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes an

3591	entry in a book of account or other document for a resort spa sublicense required to be made,
3592	maintained, or preserved by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of
3593	deceiving the commission, the department, or an official or employee of the commission or
3594	department, is subject to:
3595	(i) the suspension or revocation of the resort spa sublicense; and
3596	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
3597	(f) (i) For purposes of the resort spa sublicense, the resort licensee shall ensure that a
3598	record required by this section is kept and maintained, and a book, record, receipt, or
3599	disbursement is maintained or used for the resort spa sublicense:
3600	(A) as the department requires; and
3601	(B) for a minimum period of three years.
3602	(ii) A record, book, receipt, or disbursement is subject to inspection by an authorized
3603	representative of the commission and the department.
3604	(iii) A resort licensee shall allow the department, through an auditor or examiner of the
3605	department, to audit the records for a resort spa sublicense at the times the department
3606	considers advisable.
3607	(iv) The department shall audit the records for a resort spa sublicense at least once
3608	annually.
3609	(6) A resort licensee shall own or lease premises suitable for the resort spa's activities.
3610	(7) (a) A resort licensee may not maintain a premises in a manner that barricades or
3611	conceals the resort spa sublicense's operation.
3612	(b) A member of the commission, authorized department personnel, or a peace officer
3613	shall, upon presentation of credentials, be admitted immediately to a resort spa sublicense
3614	premises and permitted without hindrance or delay to inspect completely the entire resort spa
3615	sublicense premises and the books and records for the resort spa sublicense, at any time during
3616	which the resort spa sublicense is open for the transaction of business with a resident.
3617	(8) A resort spa must have food available at all times when an alcoholic beverage is
3618	sold, served, or consumed on the resort spa sublicense premises.
3619	(9) (a) Liquor may not be purchased for a resort spa sublicense except from a state
3620	store or package agency.
3621	(b) Liquor purchased from a state store or package agency may be transported by the

3622	resort licensee from the place of purchase to the resort spa sublicense premises.
3623	(c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the
3624	commission.
3625	(10) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may sell or provide a primary
3626	spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage dispensed through a
3627	calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with
3628	commission rules adopted under this title, except that:
3629	(a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
3630	system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following
3631	restrictions:
3632	(i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of
3633	a primary spirituous liquor;
3634	(ii) the secondary ingredient may not be the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
3635	(iii) the resort licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on the
3636	floor plan provided to the department; and
3637	(iv) a flavoring container shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
3638	(b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing
3639	system if used:
3640	(i) as a flavoring on a dessert; and
3641	(ii) in the preparation of a flaming food dish, drink, or dessert; and
3642	(c) a person at a resort spa may have no more than:
3643	(i) 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time before the person; or
3644	(ii) two spirituous liquor drinks at a time before a resort spa patron, except that the
3645	resort spa patron may not have two spirituous liquor drinks before the resort spa patron if one
3646	of the spirituous liquor drinks consists only of the primary spirituous liquor for the other
3647	spirituous liquor drink.
3648	(11) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to
3649	exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
3650	(ii) An individual portion may be served to a person in more than one glass as long as
3651	the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
3652	(iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under

3653	Subsection (15)(c).
3654	(b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 1.5 liters at a price
3655	fixed by the commission to a table of four or more persons.
3656	(ii) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 750 milliliters at a price
3657	fixed by the commission to a table of less than four persons.
3658	(c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by a resort spa as
3659	authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the resort spa.
3660	(12) (a) Heavy beer may be served in an original container not exceeding one liter at a
3661	price fixed by the commission.
3662	(b) A flavored malt beverage may be served in an original container not exceeding one
3663	liter at a price fixed by the commission.
3664	(c) A service charge may be assessed by the resort spa for heavy beer or a flavored malt
3665	beverage purchased at the resort spa.
3666	(13) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (13)(a)(ii), a person operating under a resort spa
3667	sublicense may sell beer for on-premise consumption:
3668	(A) in an open container; and
3669	(B) on draft.
3670	(ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection (13)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that does
3671	not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual in a size of container
3672	that exceeds one liter.
3673	(b) (i) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense who sells beer pursuant to
3674	Subsection (13)(a):
3675	(A) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the
3676	commission; and
3677	(B) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer
3678	Retailer Licenses, that apply to an on-premise beer retailer except when those restrictions are
3679	inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this part.
3680	(ii) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
3681	Licenses, required by Subsection (13)(b)(i), may result in a suspension or revocation of:
3682	(A) the resort spa sublicense; and
3683	(B) an alcoholic beverage license issued by a local authority.

3684	(14) An alcoholic beverage may not be stored, served, or sold in a place other than as
3685	designated in the resort licensee's application, unless the resort licensee first applies for and
3686	receives approval from the department for a change of location within the resort spa.
3687	(15) (a) A person may only make an alcoholic beverage purchase in the resort spa from
3688	and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the resort licensee or an agent
3689	of the resort license to sell, dispense, and serve an alcoholic beverage.
3690	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), a person who purchases bottled wine from an
3691	employee described in Subsection (15)(a) or carries bottled wine onto the resort spa sublicense
3692	premises pursuant to Subsection (22) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the person or
3693	others at the person's table.
3694	(c) An individual furnished an alcoholic beverage at a resort spa may have no more
3695	than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the individual, subject to the
3696	limitation of Subsection (10)(c)(ii).
3697	(16) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and
3698	days when liquor sales and service are authorized by law.
3699	(17) (a) An alcoholic beverage may only be consumed at a table or counter.
3700	(b) An alcoholic beverage may not be served to or consumed by a person at a bar.
3701	(18) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a
3702	resort spa after 1 a.m. or before 10 a.m.
3703	(b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer
3704	Licenses, for on-premise beer licenses.
3705	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections (18)(a) and (b), a resort spa shall remain open for
3706	one hour after the resort spa ceases the sale and service of an alcoholic beverage during which
3707	time a person at the resort spa may finish consuming:
3708	(A) a single drink containing spirituous liquor;
3709	(B) a single serving of wine not exceeding five ounces;
3710	(C) a single serving of heavy beer;
3711	(D) a single serving of beer not exceeding 26 ounces; or
3712	(E) a single serving of a flavored malt beverage.
3713	(ii) A resort spa is not required to remain open:
3714	(A) after all persons have vacated the resort spa sublicense premises; or

3/13	(b) during an emergency.
3716	(d) Between the hours of 2 a.m. and 10 a.m. a person operating under a resort spa
3717	sublicense may not allow a person to remain on the resort spa sublicense premises to consume
3718	an alcoholic beverage on the resort spa sublicense premises.
3719	(19) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to a:
3720	(a) minor;
3721	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
3722	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
3723	(d) known interdicted person.
3724	(20) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at a price fixed by the commission.
3725	(ii) Liquor may not be sold at a discount price on any date or at any time.
3726	(b) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic
3727	beverage for the resort spa sublicense.
3728	(c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages
3729	over consumption or intoxication.
3730	(d) The price of a single serving of a primary spirituous liquor shall be the same
3731	whether served as a single drink or in conjunction with another alcoholic beverage.
3732	(e) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain
3733	hours of the resort spa's business day such as a "happy hour."
3734	(f) More than one alcoholic beverage may not be sold or served for the price of a single
3735	alcoholic beverage.
3736	(g) An indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages may not be sold or served
3737	during a set period for a fixed price.
3738	(h) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may not engage in a promotion
3739	involving or offering a free alcoholic beverage to a person at the resort spa.
3740	(21) An alcoholic beverage may not be purchased for a person at the resort spa by:
3741	(a) the resort licensee; or
3742	(b) an employee or agent of the resort licensee or resort spa.
3743	(22) (a) A person may not bring onto the resort spa sublicense premises an alcoholic
3744	beverage for on-premise consumption, except that a person may bring, subject to the discretion
3745	of the resort licensee, bottled wine onto the resort spa sublicense premises for on-premise

3746	consumption.
3747	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (22)(a), a person operating under a resort spa
3748	sublicense including an officer, manager, employee, or agent of a resort spa or resort licensee
3749	may not allow a person to bring onto the resort spa sublicense premises an alcoholic beverage
3750	for consumption on the resort spa license premises.
3751	(c) If bottled wine is carried in by a person, the person shall deliver the wine to a server
3752	or other representative of the resort spa upon entering the resort spa.
3753	(d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the resort spa as
3754	authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a person.
3755	(23) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (23)(b), a person operating under a resort spa
3756	sublicense or an employee of that person may not permit a person to carry from the resort spa
3757	sublicense premises an open container that:
3758	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
3759	(ii) contains an alcoholic beverage.
3760	(b) A person may remove the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine, if before
3761	removal, the bottle is recorked or recapped.
3762	(24) (a) A minor may not be admitted into, use, or be on:
3763	(i) the sublicense premises of a resort spa unless accompanied by a person 21 years of
3764	age or older; or
3765	(ii) a lounge or bar area, as defined by commission rule, of the resort spa sublicense
3766	premises.
3767	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (24)(b)(ii), a resort licensee or a person
3768	operating under a resort spa sublicense may not employ a minor to:
3769	(A) sell, dispense, or handle an alcoholic beverage; or
3770	(B) work in a lounge or bar area of the resort spa sublicense premises.
3771	(ii) A resort licensee or a person operating under a resort spa sublicense may employ a
3772	minor who is at least 16 years of age to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording
3773	device, except that a minor may not work in a lounge or bar area of the resort spa sublicense
3774	premises.
3775	(25) An employee for a resort spa, while on duty, may not:
3776	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage; or

3///	(b) be intoxicated.
3778	(26) (a) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense shall have available on the
3779	resort spa sublicense premises for a person to review at the time that the customer requests it, a
3780	written alcoholic beverage price list or a menu containing the price of an alcoholic beverage
3781	sold or served by the resort spa including:
3782	(i) a set-up charge;
3783	(ii) a service charge; or
3784	(iii) a chilling fee.
3785	(b) A charge or fee made in connection with the sale, service, or consumption of liquor
3786	may be stated in food or alcoholic beverage menus including:
3787	(i) a set-up charge;
3788	(ii) a service charge; or
3789	(iii) a chilling fee.
3790	(27) For purposes of the resort spa sublicense, the resort licensee shall ensure that the
3791	following are displayed in a prominent place in the resort spa:
3792	(a) the resort spa sublicense that is issued by the department;
3793	(b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through its calibrated
3794	metered dispensing system; and
3795	(c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
3796	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
3797	(28) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may not on the resort spa
3798	sublicense premises:
3799	(a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
3800	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
3801	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, Chapter 10,
3802	Part 11, Gambling; or
3803	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
3804	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is
3805	based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers
3806	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
3807	(29) A resort spa sublicense may not be transferred from one location to another

3808	location, without prior written approval of the commission.
3809	(30) (a) A resort licensee, may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or
3810	attempt in any way to dispose of the resort spa sublicense to another person, whether for
3811	monetary gain or not.
3812	(b) A resort spa sublicense has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of
3813	disposition.
3814	(31) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense or an employee of that person
3815	may not knowingly allow a person on the resort spa sublicense premises to, in violation of Title
3816	58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act:
3817	(a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section
3818	<u>58-37-2; or</u>
3819	(b) use, deliver, or possess with the intent to deliver drug paraphernalia, as defined in
3820	Section 58-37a-3.
3821	Section 35. Section 32A-4a-401 is enacted to read:
3822	Part 4. Operational Requirements
3823	32A-4a-401. Operational restrictions for resort license.
3824	(1) (a) A person granted a resort license and the employees and management personnel
3825	of the resort licensee including those operating under a sublicense shall comply with this title,
3826	the rules of the commission, and the conditions and requirements in this section.
3827	(b) Subject to Section 32A-4a-502, failure to comply with this section may result in a
3828	suspension or revocation of the resort license or a sublicense, or other disciplinary action taken
3829	against individual employees or management personnel.
3830	(2) (a) A resort licensee may not offer for sale, sell, serve, or otherwise furnish an
3831	alcoholic beverage except:
3832	(i) on a sublicense premises;
3833	(ii) pursuant to a permit issued under this title; or
3834	(iii) under a package agency agreement with the department, subject to Chapter 3,
3835	Package Agencies.
3836	(b) A resort licensee who offers for sale, sells, serves, or otherwise furnishes an
3837	alcoholic beverage as provided in Subsection (2)(a), shall offer for sale, sell, or furnish the
3838	alcoholic beverage:

3839	(i) if on a sublicense premises, in accordance with the operational requirements under
3840	the provisions applicable to the sublicense, except as provided in Section 32A-4a-402;
3841	(ii) if under a permit issued under this title, in accordance with the operational
3842	requirements under the provisions applicable to the permit; and
3843	(iii) if as a package agency, in accordance with the contract with the department and
3844	Chapter 3, Package Agencies.
3845	(3) A person involved in the sale or service of an alcoholic beverage under a resort
3846	license shall:
3847	(a) be under the supervision and direction of the resort licensee; and
3848	(b) complete the seminar provided for in Section 62A-15-401.
3849	(4) (a) A resort licensee may not purchase liquor except from a state store or package
3850	agency.
3851	(b) Liquor purchased by a resort licensee in accordance with this Subsection (4) may be
3852	transported by the resort licensee from the place of purchase to the boundary of the resort
3853	building.
3854	(c) A resort licensee shall pay for liquor in accordance with rules made by the
3855	commission.
3856	(5) An alcoholic beverage may not be stored, served, or sold in a place other than as
3857	designated in the resort licensee's application, except that an additional location in the
3858	boundary of the resort building may be approved in accordance with guidelines approved by
3859	the commission.
3860	(6) An alcoholic beverage storage area on the boundary of the resort building shall
3861	remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when alcoholic beverage sales are
3862	authorized by law.
3863	(7) A resort licensee may not engage in a public promotion involving or offering a free
3864	alcoholic beverage to the general public.
3865	(8) A resort licensee may not on the boundary of the resort building:
3866	(a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
3867	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
3868	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed by Title 76, Chapter 10,
3869	Part 11, Gambling; or

3870	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
3871	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is
3872	based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers
3873	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
8874	(9) (a) A resort licensee shall maintain accounting and such other records and
8875	documents as the commission or department may require.
8876	(b) A resort licensee or person acting for the resort licensee, who knowingly forges,
8877	falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes an entry in a book of account or other
3878	document of the resort licensee required to be made, maintained, or preserved by this title or
8879	the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the commission, the department, or an
8880	official or employee of the commission or department, is subject to:
3881	(i) the suspension or revocation of the resort license; and
3882	(ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
3883	(10) (a) Subject to Subsection (10)(b), a resort license shall operate in a manner so that
3884	at least 70% of the annual aggregate of the gross receipts related to the sale of food or
3885	beverages for the resort license and each of its sublicenses is from the sale of food, not
3886	including:
3887	(i) mix for an alcoholic beverage; and
3888	(ii) a charge in connection with the service of an alcoholic beverage.
8889	(b) In calculating the annual aggregate of the gross receipts described in Subsection
8890	(10)(a), a resort licensee is not required to include in the calculation monies from the sale of a
8891	bottle of wine by the retail licensee or under a sublicense in excess of \$250.
3892	(11) (a) Room service of an alcoholic beverage to a lodging accommodation of a resort
3893	licensee shall be provided in person by a resort licensee employee only to an adult occupant in
3894	the lodging accommodation.
3895	(b) An alcoholic beverage may not be left outside a lodging accommodation for
8896	retrieval by an occupant.
8897	(c) A resort licensee may only provide an alcoholic beverage for room service in a
3898	sealed container.
8899	(12) A resort licensee or an employee of the resort licensee may not knowingly allow a
3900	person on the boundary of the resort building to, in violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah

3901	Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act:
3902	(a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section
3903	<u>58-37-2; or</u>
3904	(b) use, deliver, or possess with the intent to deliver drug paraphernalia, as defined in
3905	Section 58-37a-3.
3906	(13) A person may not transfer a resort license from one business location to another
3907	location without prior written approval of the commission.
3908	(14) (a) A resort licensee may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter, give, or
3909	attempt in any way to dispose of the license to another person, whether for monetary gain or
3910	not.
3911	(b) A resort license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of disposition.
3912	(15) (a) A resort licensee may not close or cease operation of a resort licensee for a
3913	period longer than 240 hours, unless:
3914	(i) the resort licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days before the
3915	day on which the resort licensee closes or ceases operation; and
3916	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.
3917	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (15)(a), in the case of emergency closure, the resort
3918	licensee shall immediately notify the department by telephone.
3919	(c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period
3920	not to exceed 60 days.
3921	(ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon:
3922	(A) written request of the resort licensee; and
3923	(B) a showing of good cause.
3924	(iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without
3925	commission approval.
3926	(d) The notice required by Subsection (15)(a) shall include:
3927	(i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
3928	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
3929	(iii) the date on which the resort licensee will reopen or resume operation.
3930	(e) Failure of the resort licensee to provide notice and to obtain department
3931	authorization before closure or cessation of operation results in an automatic forfeiture of:

3932	(i) the resort license; and
3933	(ii) the unused portion of the resort license fee for the remainder of the license year
3934	effective immediately.
3935	(f) Failure of the resort licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved date
3936	results in an automatic forfeiture of:
3937	(i) the resort licence; and
3938	(ii) the unused portion of the resort license fee for the remainder of the license year.
3939	Section 36. Section 32A-4a-402 is enacted to read:
3940	32A-4a-402. Operational restrictions for a sublicense.
3941	(1) A person operating under a sublicense is subject to the operational restrictions
3942	under the provisions applicable to the sublicense except that, notwithstanding a requirement in
3943	the provisions applicable to the sublicense, a person operating under the sublicense is not
3944	subject to a requirement that a certain percentage of the gross receipts for the sublicense be
3945	from the sale of food, except to the extent that the gross receipts for the sublicense are included
3946	in calculating the percentages under Subsection 32A-4a-401(10).
3947	(2) Subject to Section 32A-4a-502, for purposes of interpreting an operational
3948	restriction imposed by the provisions applicable to a sublicense:
3949	(a) a requirement imposed on a person operating under a sublicense applies to the
3950	resort licensee; and
3951	(b) a requirement imposed on an employee or agent of a person operating under a
3952	sublicense applies to an employee or agent of the resort licensee.
3953	Section 37. Section <b>32A-4a-501</b> is enacted to read:
3954	Part 5. Enforcement
3955	32A-4a-501. Enforcement of qualifications for a resort license or sublicense.
3956	(1) The commission or department may not take an action described in Subsection (2)
3957	with regard to a resort license unless the person who is found not to meet the qualifications of
3958	Section 32A-4a-203 is one of the following who is engaged in the management of the resort:
3959	(a) a partner;
3960	(b) a managing agent;
3961	(c) a manager;
3962	(d) an officer;

3963	(e) a director;
3964	(f) a stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
3965	applicant corporation;
3966	(g) a member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability company; or
3967	(h) a person employed to act in a supervisory or managerial capacity for the resort
3968	licensee.
3969	(2) Subsection (1) applies to:
3970	(a) the commission immediately suspending or revoking a resort license, if after the
3971	day on which the resort license is granted, a person described in Subsection 32A-4a-203(1)(a),
3972	(b), or (c):
3973	(i) is found to have been convicted of an offense described in Subsection
3974	32A-4a-203(1)(a) before the resort license is granted; or
3975	(ii) on or after the day on which the resort license is granted:
3976	(A) is convicted of an offense described in Subsection 32A-4a-203(1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii);
3977	<u>or</u>
3978	(B) (I) is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined
3979	influence of alcohol and a drug; and
3980	(II) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined
3981	influence of alcohol and a drug within five years before the day on which the person is
3982	convicted of the offense described in Subsection 32A-4a-203(2)(b)(ii)(A);
3983	(b) the director taking an emergency action by immediately suspending the operation of
3984	a resort license in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, for
3985	the period during which the criminal matter is being adjudicated if a person described in
3986	Subsection 32A-4a-203(1)(a), (b), or (c):
3987	(i) is arrested on a charge for an offense described in Subsection 32A-4a-203(1)(a)(i),
3988	(ii), or (iii); or
3989	(ii) (A) is arrested on a charge for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol,
3990	a drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and a drug; and
3991	(B) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined
3992	influence of alcohol and a drug within five years before the day on which the person is arrested
3993	on a charge described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and

3994	(c) the commission suspending or revoking a resort license because a person to whom a
3995	resort license is granted under this chapter no longer possesses the qualifications required by
3996	this title for obtaining the resort license.
3997	(3) This section does not prevent the commission from suspending or revoking a
3998	sublicense that is part of a resort license if a person employed to act in a supervisory or
3999	managerial capacity for a sublicense no longer meets the qualification requirements in the
4000	provisions applicable to the sublicense.
4001	Section 38. Section 32A-4a-502 is enacted to read:
4002	32A-4a-502. Enforcement of operational restrictions for a resort license or
4003	sublicense.
4004	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2) and in addition to Subsection (3), failure
4005	by a person described in Subsection (1)(b) to comply with this chapter or an operational
4006	restriction under a provision applicable to a sublicense may result in:
4007	(i) a suspension or revocation of the resort license;
4008	(ii) a fine or other administrative sanction permitted under this title; or
4009	(iii) other disciplinary action taken against an individual employee or management
4010	personnel of a resort licensee.
4011	(b) This Subsection (1) applies to:
4012	(i) a resort licensee;
4013	(ii) a person operating under a sublicense;
4014	(iii) an employee of a resort licensee or other person operating under a sublicense;
4015	(iv) an agent of a resort licensee or other person operating under a sublicense; or
4016	(v) personnel management of a resort licensee or other person operating under a
4017	sublicense.
4018	(2) (a) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter and Section 32A-1-119, if
4019	the failure to comply with this chapter described in Subsection (1) relates to an offer to sell,
4020	sell, service, or furnishing of an alcoholic beverage on a sublicense premises, a resort licensee
4021	or an individual member of the resort licensee's management personnel is subject to a sanction
4022	described in Subsection (1), only if the commission finds that:
4023	(i) during the three years before the day on which the commission makes the finding,
4024	there is three or more disciplinary proceedings against any person operating under a sublicense

4025	of the resort licensee for failure to comply with an operational restriction applicable to the
4026	sublicense; and
4027	(ii) the resort licensee has not taken reasonable steps to prevent persons operating
4028	under a sublicense of the resort licensee from failing to comply with operational restrictions
4029	applicable to the sublicense.
4030	(b) This Subsection (2) applies if the three or more disciplinary proceedings described
4031	in Subsection (2)(a) are against:
4032	(i) the same person operating under a sublicense of the resort licensee; or
4033	(ii) two or more different persons operating under a sublicense of the resort licensee.
4034	(3) An operational restriction applicable to a person operating under a sublicense is
4035	enforced as provided by the provisions applicable to the sublicense.
4036	Section 39. Section 32A-4a-503 is enacted to read:
4037	32A-4a-503. Enforcement of Nuisance Licensee Act.
4038	Chapter 15a, Nuisance Licensee Act, applies to a resort license only if three or more of
4039	the sublicenses of the resort license have not been renewed under Chapter 15a, Nuisance
4040	Licensee Act, within three years from the day on which a resort licensee applies for the renewal
4041	of its resort license.
4042	Section 40. Section <b>32A-5-101</b> is amended to read:
4043	CHAPTER 5. CLUB LICENSES
4044	32A-5-101. Commission's power to license clubs Limitations.
4045	(1) As used in this chapter:
4046	(a) "Club license" means a license granted under this chapter.
4047	(b) "Club licensee" means a person granted a club license under this chapter.
4048	(c) "Dining club licensee" means a person who qualifies as a club licensee under
4049	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(C).
4050	(d) "Equity club licensee" means a person who qualifies as a club licensee under
4051	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(A).
4052	(e) "Fraternal club licensee" means a person who qualifies as a club licensee under
4053	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B).
4054	(f) "Social club licensee" means a person who qualifies as a club licensee under
4055	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(D)

4056	$[\frac{(1)}{(2)}]$ Before a [private club] person may sell or allow the consumption of an
4057	alcoholic [beverages] beverage on its premises as a club licensee, the [private club] person
4058	shall first obtain a license from the commission as provided in this chapter.
4059	[(2)] (3) (a) The commission may grant [private club licenses to social clubs,
4060	recreational, athletic, or kindred associations that desire to maintain premises upon which
4061	alcoholic beverages may be stored, sold, served, and consumed.] a club license to a person that
4062	[(3) At the time the commission grants a private club license the commission shall
4063	designate whether the private club license qualifies as a class A, B, C, or D license as defined
4064	in Subsections (3)(a) through (d).]
4065	[(a) A "class A licensee" is a private club licensee that:]
4066	(i) meets the requirements of this chapter; and
4067	(ii) (A) for an equity club licensee, meets the following requirements:
4068	(I) whether incorporated or unincorporated:
4069	(Aa) is organized and operated solely for a social, recreational, patriotic, or fraternal
4070	purpose;
4071	(Bb) has members;
4072	(Cc) limits access to its premises to a member or a guest of the member; and
4073	(Dd) desires to maintain premises upon which an alcoholic beverage may be stored,
4074	sold to, served to, and consumed by a member or a guest of a member;
4075	[(ii)] (II) owns, maintains, or operates a substantial recreational facility in conjunction
4076	with a club house such as:
4077	[(A)] (Aa) a golf course; or
4078	[(B)] (Bb) a tennis facility;
4079	[(iii)] (III) has at least 50% of the total membership having:
4080	[(A)] (Aa) full voting rights; and
4081	[(B)] (Bb) an equal share of the equity of the club; and
4082	[(iv)] (IV) if there is more than one class of membership, has at least one class of
4083	membership that entitles each member in that class to:
4084	[(A)] (Aa) full voting rights; and
4085	[(B)] (Bb) an equal share of the equity of the club[-];
4086	[(b) A "class B licensee" is a private club licensee that:

4087	[(i) meets the requirements of this chapter;]
4088	(B) for a fraternal club licensee, meets the following requirements:
4089	(I) whether incorporated or unincorporated:
4090	(Aa) is organized and operated solely for a social, recreational, patriotic, or fraternal
4091	purpose;
4092	(Bb) has members;
4093	(Cc) limits access to its premises to a member or a guest of the member; and
4094	(Dd) desires to maintain premises upon which an alcoholic beverage may be stored,
4095	sold to, served to, and consumed by a member or a guest of a member;
4096	[(ii)] (II) has no capital stock;
4097	[(iii)] (III) exists solely for:
4098	[(A)] (Aa) the benefit of its members and their beneficiaries; and
4099	[(B)] (Bb) a lawful social, intellectual, educational, charitable, benevolent, moral,
4100	fraternal, patriotic, or religious purpose for the benefit of its members or the public, carried on
4101	through voluntary activity of its members in their local lodges;
4102	[(iv)] (IV) has a representative form of government; and
4103	[(v)] (V) has a lodge system in which:
4104	[(A)] (Aa) there is a supreme governing body;
4105	[(B)] (Bb) subordinate to the supreme governing body are local lodges, however
4106	designated, into which individuals are admitted as members in accordance with the laws of the
4107	fraternal;
4108	[(C)] (Cc) the local lodges are required by the laws of the fraternal to hold regular
4109	meetings at least monthly; [and]
4110	[(D)] (Dd) the local lodges regularly engage in one or more programs involving
4111	member participation to implement the purposes of Subsection (3)[(b)(iii).] (a)(ii)(B)(III); and
4112	(Ee) owns or leases a building or space in a building used for lodge activities;
4113	(C) for a dining club licensee, meets the following requirements:
4114	[(c) A "class C licensee" is a private club licensee that:]
4115	[(i) meets the requirements of this chapter;]
4116	[(ii) is a dining club, as] (I) is determined by the commission [in accordance with
4117	Subsection (4); and] to be a dining club licensee, as part of which the commission may

4118	consider:
4119	(Aa) the square footage and seating capacity of an applicant;
4120	(Bb) what portion of the square footage and seating capacity will be used for a dining
4121	area in comparison to the portion that will be used as a bar area;
4122	(Cc) whether full meals including appetizers, main courses, and desserts are served;
4123	(Dd) whether the applicant will maintain adequate on-premise culinary facilities to
4124	prepare full meals, except an applicant that is located on the premise of a hotel or resort facility
4125	may use the culinary facilities of the hotel or resort facility;
4126	(Ee) whether the entertainment provided at the club is suitable for minors; and
4127	(Ff) the club management's ability to manage and operate a dining club license
4128	including management experience, past dining club licensee or restaurant management
4129	experience, and the type of management scheme employed by the dining club license; and
4130	[(iii)] (II) maintains at least 50% of its total [private] club business from the sale of
4131	food, not including:
4132	[(A)] (Aa) mix for alcoholic beverages; or
4133	[(Bb)] (Bb) service charges[-]; or
4134	[(d) A "class D licensee" is a private club licensee that:]
4135	[(i) meets the requirements of this chapter; and]
4136	(D) for a social club licensee:
4137	[(ii) (A)] (I) does not meet the requirements of a [elass A, B, or C] license under
4138	Subsections (3)(a)(ii)(A) through (C); or
4139	[(B)] (II) seeks to qualify as a [class D] social club licensee.
4140	[(4) In determining whether an applicant is a dining club under Subsection (3)(c), the
4141	commission:]
4142	[(a) shall determine whether the applicant maintains at least 50% of its total private
4143	elub business from the sale of food, not including:]
4144	[(i) mix for alcoholic beverages;]
4145	[(ii) service charges; or]
4146	[(iii) membership and visitor card fees; and]
4147	[ <del>(b) may consider:</del> ]
4148	[(i) the square footage and seating capacity of the applicant;]

4149	(II) what portion of the square rootage and seating capacity will be used for a diffing
4150	area in comparison to the portion that will be used as a bar area;]
4151	[(iii) whether full meals including appetizers, main courses, and desserts are served;]
4152	[(iv) whether the applicant will maintain adequate on-premise culinary facilities to
4153	prepare full meals, except an applicant that is located on the premise of a hotel or resort facility
4154	may use the culinary facilities of the hotel or resort facility;]
4155	[(v) whether the entertainment provided at the club is suitable for minors; and]
4156	[(vi) the club management's ability to manage and operate a dining club including:]
4157	[(A) management experience;]
4158	[(B) past dining club or restaurant management experience; and]
4159	[(C) the type of management scheme employed by the private club.]
4160	(b) At the time that the commission grants a club license, the commission shall
4161	designate the type of club license for which the person qualifies.
4162	[(5)] (4) (a) A [private] club licensee or [any] an officer, director, managing agent, or
4163	employee of a [private] club licensee may not store, sell, serve, or permit consumption of an
4164	alcoholic [beverages] beverage upon the premises of the club licensee, under a permit issued by
4165	local authority or otherwise, unless a [private] club license is first [issued] granted by the
4166	commission.
4167	(b) Violation of this Subsection $[(5)]$ $(4)$ is a class B misdemeanor.
4168	[(6)] (5) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this Subsection [(6)] (5) and Subsection
4169	32A-4a-201(2), the commission may [issue private] grant club licenses at places and in
4170	numbers as the commission considers necessary.
4171	(b) The total number of [private] club licenses may not at any time aggregate more than
4172	that number determined by dividing the population of the state by 7,850.
4173	(c) For purposes of this Subsection [ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> , population shall be determined by:
4174	(i) the most recent United States decennial or special census; or
4175	(ii) another population determination made by the United States or state governments.
4176	(d) (i) The commission may issue seasonal [private] club licenses to be established in
4177	areas the commission considers necessary[:] to:
4178	(A) a dining club licensee; or
4179	(B) a social club licensee.

4180	(ii) A seasonal [private] club license shall be for a period of six consecutive months.
4181	(iii) A [private] club license issued for operation during a summer time period is
4182	known as a "Seasonal A" [private] club license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal A"
4183	club license shall:
4184	(A) begin on May 1; and
4185	(B) end on October 31.
4186	(iv) A [private] club license issued for operation during a winter time period is known
4187	as a "Seasonal B" [private] club license. The period of operation for a "Seasonal B" club
4188	license shall:
4189	(A) begin on November 1; and
4190	(B) end on April 30.
4191	(v) In determining the number of [private] club licenses that the commission may issue
4192	under this section:
4193	(A) a seasonal [private] club license is counted as [1/2] one-half of one [private] club
4194	license; and
4195	(B) each "Seasonal A" <u>club</u> license shall be paired with a "Seasonal B" <u>club</u> license.
4196	(e) (i) If the location, design, and construction of a hotel may require more than one
4197	[private] club <u>license</u> location within the hotel to serve the public convenience, the commission
4198	may authorize as many as three [private] club <u>license</u> locations within the hotel under one <u>club</u>
4199	license if:
4200	(A) the hotel has a minimum of 150 guest rooms; and
4201	(B) all locations under the <u>club</u> license are:
4202	(I) within the same hotel facility; and
4203	(II) on premises [which] that are:
4204	(Aa) managed or operated by the club licensee; and
4205	(Bb) owned or leased by the <u>club</u> licensee.
4206	(ii) A facility other than a hotel may not have more than one [private] club license
4207	location under a single [private] club license.
4208	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> (a) Except as provided in Subsection [ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> (b), (c), or (d), the premises of a
4209	[private] club license may not be established:
4210	(i) within 600 feet of a community location, as measured by the method in Subsection

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4211	1 $[\frac{7}{(6)}]$ (6)(e); or	
4212	2 (ii) within 200 feet of a community location, measured in a stra	aight line from the
4213	nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary	y of the community
4214	4 location.	
4215	5 (b) With respect to the establishment of a [private] club license	e, the commission may
4216	authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> (a)(i) if:
4217	7 (i) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;	
4218	8 (ii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establish	ning a [ <del>private</del> ] club
4219	9 license in the community are limited;	
4220	0 (iii) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and wl	here practical in the
4221	1 neighborhood concerned;	
4222	2 (iv) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circum	nstances and the policies
4223	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determine	s that establishing the
4224	d club license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety	y, and welfare of the
4225	5 community; and	
4226	6 (v) (A) the community location governing authority gives its w	ritten consent to the
4227	7 variance; or	
4228	8 (B) when written consent is not given by the community location	on governing authority,
4229	9 the commission finds that the applicant has established that:	
4230	(I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol	ol in a public setting
4231	within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the [privalent privalent privalen	vate] club licensee is to
4232	2 be located;	
4233	3 (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying subst	antial unmet demand
4234	described in Subsection [ $(7)$ ] $(6)(b)(v)(B)(I)$ other than through the esta	ablishment of a [private]
4235	5 club licensee; and	

[private] club license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection [(7)] (6)(b)(v)(B)(I). (c) With respect to the establishment of a [private] club license, the commission may authorize a variance that reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection [(7)] (6)(a)(ii) if:

of the local authority in which the [private] club licensee is to be located for establishing a

(III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary

(i) the community location at issue is:

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of Subsection [(7)] (6)(a)(i); or

4242	(A) a public library; or
4243	(B) a public park;
4244	(ii) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;
4245	(iii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing a [private] club
4246	license in the community are limited;
4247	(iv) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the
4248	neighborhood concerned;
4249	(v) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies
4250	stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the
4251	[private] club license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare
4252	of the community; and
4253	(vi) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the
4254	variance; or
4255	(B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority,
4256	the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
4257	(I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting
4258	within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the [private] club licensee is to
4259	be located;
4260	(II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand
4261	described in Subsection $[(7)]$ $(6)$ (c)(vi)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of a $[private]$
4262	club license; and
4263	(III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary
4264	of the local authority in which the [private] club licensee is to be located for establishing a
4265	[private] club license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection [ <del>(7)</del> ]
4266	$\underline{(6)}(c)(vi)(B)(I).$
4267	(d) With respect to the premises of a [private] club license issued by the commission
4268	that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity
4269	requirements of Subsection [(7)] (6)(a) in considering whether to grant a [private] club license
4270	to the new owner of the premises if:
4271	(i) (A) the premises previously received a variance reducing the proximity requirement

4273	(B) the premises received a variance reducing the proximity requirement of Subsection
4274	[(7)] (6)(a)(ii) on or before May 4, 2008; or
4275	(ii) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.
4276	(e) The 600 foot limitation described in Subsection $[(7)]$ $(6)$ (a)(i) is measured from the
4277	nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the
4278	property boundary of the community location.
4279	[(8)] (7) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the
4280	proximity of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in
4281	reaching a decision on whether to issue a [private] club license.
4282	(b) For purposes of this Subsection [(8)] (7), "educational facility" includes:
4283	(i) a nursery school;
4284	(ii) infant day care center; and
4285	(iii) a trade and technical school.
4286	[(9)] (8) If requested by a [private] club licensee, the commission may approve a
4287	change in the [class] type of [private] club license in accordance with rules made by the
4288	commission.
4289	(9) To the extent not prohibited by law other than this chapter, this chapter does not
4290	prevent a dining club licensee or social club licensee from restricting access to the club license
4291	premises on the basis of an individual:
4292	(a) paying a fee; or
4293	(b) agreeing to being on a list of individuals who have access to the club license
4294	premises.
4295	Section 41. Section <b>32A-5-102</b> is amended to read:
4296	32A-5-102. Application and renewal requirements.
4297	(1) A [elub] person seeking a [elass A, B, C, or D private] club license under this
4298	chapter shall file a written application with the department in a form prescribed by the
4299	department. The application shall be accompanied by:
4300	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
4301	(b) an initial license fee of \$2,500, which is refundable if a <u>club</u> license is not granted;
4302	(c) written consent of the local authority;
4303	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;

4304	(e) evidence of proximity to any community location, with proximity requirements
4305	being governed by Section 32A-5-101;
4306	(f) evidence that the applicant operates a club where a variety of food is prepared and
4307	served in connection with dining accommodations;
4308	(g) a bond as specified by Section 32A-5-106;
4309	(h) a floor plan of the club <u>license</u> premises, including:
4310	(i) consumption areas; and
4311	(ii) the area where the applicant proposes to keep and store liquor;
4312	(i) evidence that the club is carrying public liability insurance in an amount and form
4313	satisfactory to the department;
4314	(j) evidence that the club is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least
4315	[\$500,000] $$1,000,000$ per occurrence and $[$1,000,000]$ $$2,000,000$ in the aggregate;
4316	(k) if the applicant is applying for an equity club license or fraternal club license, a
4317	copy of the club's bylaws or house rules, and any amendments to those documents[, which shall
4318	be kept on file with the department at all times];
4319	(l) a signed consent form stating that the club <u>licensee</u> and its management will permit
4320	any authorized representative of the commission, department, or any law enforcement officer
4321	unrestricted right to enter the club <u>license</u> premises;
4322	(m) (i) a statement as to whether the [private club] applicant is seeking to qualify as [a
4323	class A, B, C, or D private club licensee; and]:
4324	(A) an equity club licensee;
4325	(B) a fraternal club licensee;
4326	(C) a dining club licensee; or
4327	(D) a social club licensee; and
4328	(ii) evidence that the [private club] applicant meets the requirements for the
4329	[classification] type of club license described in Subsection (1)(m)(i) for which the [club]
4330	applicant is applying;
4331	(n) in the case of a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company applicant,
4332	proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the [private] club <u>license</u>
4333	application are authorized to so act on behalf of the partnership, corporation, or limited liability
4334	company; and

4335	(o) any other information the commission or department may require.
4336	(2) (a) The commission may refuse to issue a <u>club</u> license <u>to an applicant for an equity</u>
4337	club licensee or fraternal club licensee if the commission determines that any provisions of the
4338	[club's] applicant's bylaws or house rules, or amendments to those documents are not:
4339	(i) reasonable; and
4340	(ii) consistent with:
4341	(A) the declared nature and purpose of the applicant; and
4342	(B) the purposes of this chapter.
4343	(b) [Club] An equity club licensee's or fraternal club licensee's bylaws or house rules
4344	shall include provisions respecting the following:
4345	(i) standards of eligibility for members;
4346	(ii) limitation of members, consistent with the nature and purpose of the [private] club;
4347	(iii) the period for which dues are paid, and the date upon which the period expires;
4348	(iv) provisions for [dropping members] removing a member from the club membership
4349	for the nonpayment of dues or other cause; and
4350	(v) provisions for guests [or visitors, if any, and for the issuance and use of visitor
4351	<del>cards</del> ].
4352	(c) An equity club licensee or fraternal club licensee shall keep its bylaws or house
4353	rules, and any amendments to those documents, on file with the department at all times.
4354	(3) (a) [All private club licenses expire] A club license expires on June 30 of each year
4355	(b) A person desiring to renew that person's [private] club license shall submit by no
4356	later than May 31:
4357	(i) a completed renewal application to the department; and
4358	(ii) a renewal fee [in the following amount:] of \$1,600.
4359	[Gross Cost of Liquor in Previous License Year for the Licensee Renewal Fee]
4360	[ <del>under \$10,000                                </del>
4361	[equals or exceeds \$10,000 but less than \$25,000 \$1,250]
4362	[equals or exceeds \$25,000 but less than \$75,000 \$1,750]
4363	[equals or exceeds \$75,000 \$2,250]
4364	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements [shall result] results in an automatic
4365	forfeiture of the <u>club</u> license effective on the date the existing <u>club</u> license expires.

4366	(d) A renewal application shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
4367	(4) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-5-107[(40)] (26), the commission may
4368	suspend or revoke [any private] a club license if the [private] club licensee does not
4369	immediately notify the department of any change in:
4370	(a) ownership of the club <u>licensee;</u>
4371	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
4372	(i) corporate officers or directors; or
4373	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
4374	corporation; or
4375	(c) for a limited liability company:
4376	(i) managers; or
4377	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
4378	Section 42. Section 32A-5-103 (Effective 07/01/09) is amended to read:
4379	32A-5-103 (Effective 07/01/09). Qualifications.
4380	(1) (a) The commission may not grant a [private] club license to a person who has been
4381	convicted of:
4382	(i) a felony under a federal or state law;
4383	(ii) a violation of a federal or state law or local ordinance concerning the sale,
4384	manufacture, distribution, warehousing, adulteration, or transportation of alcoholic beverages;
4385	(iii) a crime involving moral turpitude; or
4386	(iv) on two or more occasions within the five years before the day on which the license
4387	is granted, driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined influence of alcohol
4388	and a drug.
4389	(b) In the case of a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company, the
4390	proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if any of the following has been convicted of an
4391	offense described in Subsection (1)(a):
4392	(i) a partner;
4393	(ii) a managing agent;
4394	(iii) a manager;
4395	(iv) an officer;
4396	(v) a director;

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4397 (vi) a stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of 4398 the applicant corporation; or 4399 (vii) a member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability company. 4400 (c) The proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if a person employed to act in a 4401 supervisory or managerial capacity for a [private] club has been convicted of an offense 4402 described in Subsection (1)(a). 4403 (2) The commission may immediately suspend or revoke a [private] club license if 4404 after the day on which the [private] club license is granted, a person described in Subsection 4405 (1)(a), (b), or (c): 4406 (a) is found to have been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a) prior to 4407 the club license being granted; or 4408 (b) on or after the day on which the club license is granted: (i) is convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or 4409 4410 (ii) (A) is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined 4411 influence of alcohol and a drug; and 4412 (B) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined 4413 influence of alcohol and a drug within five years before the day on which the person is 4414 convicted of the offense described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A). 4415 (3) The director may take emergency action by immediately suspending the operation 4416 of a [private] club license according to the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4417 4, Administrative Procedures Act, for the period during which the criminal matter is being 4418 adjudicated if a person described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c): 4419 (a) is arrested on a charge for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); 4420 or 4421 (b) (i) is arrested on a charge for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol, a 4422 drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and a drug; and (ii) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, a drug, or the combined 4423 4424 influence of alcohol and a drug within five years before the day on which the person is arrested 4425 on a charge described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).

(4) (a) (i) The commission may not grant a [private] club license to a person who has

had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three

4428 years.

- (ii) The commission may not grant a [private] club license to an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if a partner, managing agent, manager, officer, director, stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of an applicant corporation, or member who owns at least 20% of an applicant limited liability company is or was:
- (A) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;
- (B) a managing agent, officer, director, or a stockholder who holds or held at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or
- (C) a manager or member who owns or owned at least 20% of a limited liability company that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
- (b) An applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company may not be granted a [private] club license if any of the following had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked while acting in that person's individual capacity within the last three years:
  - (i) a partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership;
- (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or
- (iii) a manager or member who owned at least 20% of the applicant limited liability company.
- (c) A person acting in an individual capacity may not be granted a [private] club license if that person was:
- (i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;
- (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who held at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or
- 4458 (iii) a manager or member of a limited liability company who owned at least 20% of

4459	the limited liability company that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this
4460	title revoked within the last three years.
4461	(5) (a) A minor may not be granted a [private] club license.
4462	(b) The commission may not grant a [private] club license to an applicant that is a
4463	partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following is a minor:
4464	(i) a partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership;
4465	(ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the
4466	total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or
4467	(iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability
4468	company.
4469	(6) If a person [or entity] to whom a <u>club</u> license [has been issued] is granted under this
4470	chapter no longer possesses the qualifications required by this title for obtaining that license,
4471	the commission may suspend or revoke that license.
4472	(7) The commission may not grant a [private] club license to an applicant who is not
4473	lawfully present in the United States.
4474	Section 43. Section <b>32A-5-104</b> is amended to read:
4475	32A-5-104. Commission and department duties before granting licenses.
4476	(1) (a) Before a [private] club license may be granted by the commission, the
4477	department shall conduct an investigation and may hold public hearings for the purpose of
4478	gathering information and making recommendations to the commission as to whether or not a
4479	<u>club</u> license should be granted.
4480	(b) The department shall forward the information and recommendations described in
4481	Subsection (1)(a) to the commission to aid in the commission's determination.
4482	(2) Before [issuing a private] granting a club license, the commission shall:
4483	(a) determine that:
4484	(i) the applicant has complied with all basic qualifications and requirements for making
4485	application for a <u>club</u> license as provided by Sections 32A-5-102 and 32A-5-103; and
4486	(ii) the application is complete;
4487	(b) determine [whether the applicant qualifies as a class A, B, C, or D private club
4488	licensee] the type of club license for which the applicant qualifies;
4489	(c) consider the locality within which the proposed [private] club <u>license</u> outlet is

4490	located including:
4491	(i) physical characteristics such as:
4492	(A) condition of the premises;
4493	(B) square footage; and
4494	(C) parking availability; and
4495	(ii) operational factors such as:
4496	(A) tourist traffic;
4497	(B) proximity to and density of other state stores, package agencies, and licensed
4498	outlets;
4499	(C) demographics;
4500	(D) population to be served; and
4501	(E) the extent of and proximity to any community location;
4502	(d) consider the club <u>license</u> management's ability to manage and operate a [private]
4503	club license, including:
4504	(i) management experience;
4505	(ii) past retail liquor experience; and
4506	(iii) the type of management scheme employed by the [private] club licensee;
4507	(e) consider the nature or type of [private] club [operation] operations of the proposed
4508	[liquor] <u>club</u> licensee, including:
4509	(i) the type of menu items offered and emphasized;
4510	(ii) the hours of operation;
4511	(iii) the seating capacity of the [facility] premises; and
4512	(iv) the gross sales of food items; and
4513	(f) consider any other factor or circumstance the commission considers necessary.
4514	Section 44. Section <b>32A-5-106</b> is amended to read:
4515	32A-5-106. Bond.
4516	(1) Each [private] club [liquor] licensee shall post a cash or corporate surety bond in
4517	the penal sum of \$10,000 payable to the department, which the $\underline{\text{club}}$ licensee has procured and
4518	must maintain for so long as the <u>club</u> licensee continues to operate as a [private] club [liquor]
4519	licensee.
4520	(2) The bond shall be in a form approved by the attorney general, conditioned upon

4521	[the] a club licensee's faithful compliance with this title and the rules of the commission.
4522	(3) (a) If [the] a \$10,000 corporate surety bond is canceled due to [the] a club licensee's
4523	negligence, a \$300 reinstatement fee may be assessed.
4524	(b) No part of any cash or corporate bond [so] posted under this section may be
4525	withdrawn:
4526	(i) during the period the <u>club</u> license is in effect[ <del>,</del> ]; or
4527	(ii) while revocation proceedings are pending against the <u>club</u> licensee.
4528	(c) A bond filed by a <u>club</u> licensee may be forfeited if the <u>club</u> license is finally
4529	revoked.
4530	Section 45. Section <b>32A-5-107</b> is amended to read:
4531	32A-5-107. Operational restrictions.
4532	A [club] person granted a [private] club license and the employees, management
4533	personnel, and members of [the] an equity club licensee or fraternal club licensee shall comply
4534	with the following conditions and requirements. Failure to comply may result in a suspension
4535	or revocation of the [private] club license or other disciplinary action taken against individual
4536	employees or management personnel.
4537	(1) [A private] An equity club licensee or fraternal club licensee shall comply with the
4538	following:
4539	(a) A club <u>licensee</u> shall have a governing body that:
4540	[(a)] (i) consists of three or more members of the [private] club; and
4541	[(b)] (ii) holds regular meetings to:
4542	[(i)] (A) review membership applications; and
4543	[(ii)] (B) conduct other business as required by the bylaws or house rules of the
4544	[private] club.
4545	[(2) (a) A private] (b) A club licensee may admit an individual as a member only on
4546	written application signed by the applicant, subject to:
4547	(i) the applicant paying an application fee [as required by Subsection (4)]; and
4548	(ii) investigation, vote, and approval of a quorum of the governing body.
4549	[(b) (i) An] (c) A club licensee shall:
4550	(i) record an admission of a member [shall be recorded] in the official minutes of a
4551	regular meeting of the governing body[-]; and

4552	(ii) [An application,] whether approved or disapproved, [shall be filed] file an
4553	application as a part of the official records of the [private] club licensee.
4554	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a private club, in its discretion, may admit an
4555	applicant and immediately accord the applicant temporary privileges of a member until the
4556	governing body completes its investigation and votes on the application, subject to the
4557	following conditions:
4558	[(i) the applicant shall:]
4559	[(A) submit a written application; and]
4560	[(B) pay the application fee required by Subsection (4);]
4561	[(ii) the governing body votes on the application at its next meeting, which shall take
4562	place no later than 31 days following the day on which the application is submitted; and]
4563	[(iii) the applicant's temporary membership privileges terminate if the governing body
4564	disapproves the application.]
4565	(d) The spouse of a member of [any class of private] a club licensee has the rights and
4566	privileges of the member:
4567	(i) to the extent permitted by the bylaws or house rules of the [private] club licensee;
4568	and
4569	(ii) except to the extent restricted by this title.
4570	(e) [The] $\underline{A}$ minor child of a member of [a class A private] $\underline{a}$ club licensee has the
4571	rights and privileges of the member:
4572	(i) to the extent permitted by the bylaws or house rules of the [private] club licensee;
4573	and
4574	(ii) except to the extent restricted by this title.
4575	[(3) (a) A private] (f) A club licensee shall maintain a current and complete
4576	membership record showing:
4577	(i) the date of application of a proposed member;
4578	(ii) a member's address;
4579	(iii) the date the governing body approved a member's admission;
4580	(iv) the date initiation fees and dues are assessed and paid; and
4581	(v) the serial number of the membership card issued to a member.
4582	[(b) A] (g) A club licensee shall keep a current record [shall be kept] indicating when

4363	a member is [ <del>dropped</del> ] removed as a member of resigns.
4584	[(4) (a) A private] (h) A club licensee shall establish in the [private] club licensee's
4585	bylaws or house rules application fees and membership dues[:].
4586	[(i) as established by commission rules; and]
4587	[(ii) that are collected from all members.]
4588	[(b) An application fee:]
4589	[(i) may not be less than \$4;]
4590	[(ii) shall be paid when the applicant applies for membership; and]
4591	[(iii) at the discretion of the private club, may be credited toward membership dues if
4592	the governing body approves the applicant as a member.]
4593	[(5) (a) A private] (i) A club licensee may, in its discretion, allow an individual to be
4594	admitted to or use the [private] club license premises as a guest [only under] subject to the
4595	following conditions:
4596	(i) the individual is allowed to use the club license premises only to the extent
4597	permitted by the club licensee's bylaws or house rules;
4598	[(i) a guest] (ii) the individual must be previously authorized by [one of the following]
4599	a member of the club who agrees to host the individual as a guest into the [private] club[:];
4600	[(A) an active member of the private club; or]
4601	[(B) a holder of a current visitor card;]
4602	[(ii) a guest must be known by the guest's host based on a preexisting bonafide business
4603	or personal relationship with the host before the guest's admittance to the private club;]
4604	[(iii) a guest must be accompanied by the guest's host for the duration of the guest's visit
4605	to the private club;]
4606	[(iv) a guest's host must remain on the private club premises for the duration of the
4607	guest's visit to the private club;]
4608	[(v) a guest's host is responsible for the cost of services extended to the guest;]
4609	[(vi) a guest] (iii) the individual has only those privileges derived from the [guest's]
4610	<u>individual's</u> host for the duration of the [guest's] <u>individual's</u> visit to the [private] club <u>license</u>
4611	premises; and
4612	[(vii) an employee of the private club, while on duty, may not act as a host for a guest;]
4613	[(viii) an employee of the private club, while on duty, may not attempt to locate a

4614	member or current visitor card holder to serve as a host for a guest with whom the member or
4615	visitor card holder has no acquaintance based on a preexisting bonafide business or personal
4616	relationship prior to the guest's arrival at the private club; and]
4617	[(ix) a private] (iv) a club licensee or an employee of the [private] club licensee may
4618	not enter into an agreement or arrangement with a club member [or holder of a current visitor
4619	eard] to indiscriminately host a member of the general public into the [private] club license
4620	premises as a guest.
4621	[(b)] (j) Notwithstanding Subsection [(5)(a), previous authorization is not required]
4622	(1)(i), an individual may be allowed as a guest in a club license premises without a host if:
4623	[(i) the private club licensee is a class B private club; and]
4624	(i) (A) the club licensee is an equity club licensee; and
4625	(B) the individual is a member of an equity club licensee that has reciprocal guest
4626	privileges with the equity club licensee for which the individual is a guest; or
4627	(ii) (A) the club licensee is a fraternal club licensee; and
4628	[(ii) the guest] (B) the individual is a member of the same fraternal organization as the
4629	[private] fraternal club licensee for which the individual is a guest.
4630	[(6) A private club may, in its discretion, issue a visitor card to allow an individual to
4631	enter and use the private club premises on a temporary basis under the following conditions:]
4632	[(a) a visitor card shall be issued for a period not to exceed three weeks;]
4633	[(b) a fee of not less than \$4 shall be assessed for a visitor card that is issued;]
4634	[(c) a visitor card may not be issued to a minor;]
4635	[(d) a holder of a visitor card may not host more than seven guests at one time;]
4636	[(e) a visitor card issued shall include:]
4637	[(i) the visitor's full name and signature;]
4638	[(ii) the date the visitor card is issued;]
4639	[(iii) the date the visitor card expires;]
4640	[(iv) the club's name; and]
4641	[(v) the serial number of the visitor card; and]
4642	[(f) (i) the private club shall maintain a current record of the issuance of a visitor card
4643	on the private club premises; and]
4644	[(ii) the record described in Subsection (6)(f)(i) shall:]

4645	[(A) be available for inspection by the department; and]
4646	[ <del>(B) include:</del> ]
4647	[(I) the name of the person to whom the visitor card is issued;]
4648	[(II) the date the visitor card is issued;]
4649	[(HII) the date the visitor card expires; and]
4650	[(IV) the serial number of the visitor card.]
4651	[(7) A private] (k) A club licensee may not sell an alcoholic beverage to or allow a
4652	patron to be admitted to or use the [private] club license premises other than:
4653	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> a member; <u>or</u>
4654	(ii) a guest under Subsection (1)(i) or (j).
4655	[(b) a visitor who holds a valid visitor card issued under Subsection (6); or]
4656	[(c) a guest of: (i) a member; or (ii) a holder of a valid visitor card.]
4657	[ <del>(8) (a)</del> ] <u>(1)</u> A minor may not be[: <del>(i)</del> ] a member, officer, director, or trustee of a
4658	[private] club[;] licensee.
4659	[(ii) issued a visitor card;]
4660	[(iii) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a lounge or bar area, as defined by
4661	commission rule, of a private club except to the extent authorized under Subsection (8)(c)(ii);]
4662	(m) (i) A club licensee shall maintain a minute book that is posted currently by the club
4663	<u>licensee.</u>
4664	(ii) The minute book required by this Subsection (1)(m) shall contain the minutes of a
4665	regular or special meeting of the governing body.
4666	(n) A club licensee shall maintain a membership list.
4667	(o) A club licensee shall maintain a current copy of the club licensee's current bylaws
4668	and current house rules.
4669	(p) Public advertising related to a club licensee by the following shall clearly identify a
4670	club as being "a club for members":
4671	(i) the club licensee;
4672	(ii) an employee or agent of the club licensee; or
4673	(iii) a person under a contract or agreement with the club licensee.
4674	[(iv) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club:]
4675	[(A) that operates as a sexually oriented business as defined by local ordinance; or]

4676	[(B) when a sexually oriented entertainer is performing on the premises; or]
4677	[(v) admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club except to the
4678	extent authorized under Subsections (8)(b) through (g).]
4679	[(b) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(a)(iv), at the discretion of a class D private
4680	club, a minor may be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a class D private club under
4681	the following circumstances:]
4682	[(i) during a period when no alcoholic beverages are sold, served, otherwise furnished,
4683	or consumed on the premises, but in no event later than 1 p.m.;]
4684	[(ii) when accompanied at all times by a member or holder of a current visitor card
4685	who is the minor's parent, legal guardian, or spouse; and]
4686	[(iii) the private club has a full kitchen and is licensed by the local jurisdiction as a
4687	food service provider.]
4688	[(c) A class D private club may employ a minor on the premises of the private club if:]
4689	[(i) the parent or legal guardian of the minor owns or operates the class D private club;
4690	or]
4691	[(ii) the minor performs maintenance and cleaning services during the hours when the
4692	private club is not open for business.]
4693	(2) (a) A minor may not be admitted into, use, or be on:
4694	(i) a lounge or bar area, as defined by commission rule, of the premises of:
4695	(A) an equity club licensee;
4696	(B) a fraternal club licensee; or
4697	(C) a dining club licensee; or
4698	(ii) the premises of a social club licensee, except to the extent provided for under
4699	Subsection (2)(d).
4700	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), a club licensee may not employ a
4701	minor to:
4702	(A) sell, dispense, or handle an alcoholic beverage; or
4703	(B) work in a lounge or bar area of an equity club licensee, fraternal club licensee, or
4704	dining club licensee.
4705	(ii) An equity club licensee or dining club licensee may employ a minor who is at least
4706	16 years of age to enter the sale at a cash register or other sales recording device, except that a

4/0/	minor may not work in a founge of bar area of the club ficensee.
4708	(c) A minor may not be employed on the premises of a social club licensee.
4709	(d) (i) [Subject to Subsection (8)(d)(ii), a] A minor who is at least 18 years of age may
4710	be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of a dance or concert hall if:
4711	(A) the dance or concert hall is located:
4712	(I) on the premises of a [elass D private] social club licensee; or
4713	(II) on the property that immediately adjoins the premises of and is operated by a [elass
4714	D private] social club licensee; and
4715	(B) the social club licensee holds a permit to operate a dance or concert hall that was
4716	granted on or before May 11, 2009:
4717	(I) on the basis of the operational requirements described in Subsection (2)(d)(ii); and
4718	(II) when the social club licensee was licensed as a class D private club.
4719	[(B) the commission issues the class D private club a permit to operate a minor dance
4720	or concert hall based on the criteria described in Subsection (8)(d)(iii).]
4721	[(ii) If the dance or concert hall is located on the premises of a class D private club, a
4722	minor must be properly hosted in accordance with Subsection (5) by:]
4723	[(A) a member; or]
4724	[(B) a holder of a current visitor card.]
4725	[(iii) The commission may issue a minor dance or concert hall permit if:]
4726	(ii) A social club licensee that holds a dance or concert hall permit shall operate in such
4727	a way that:
4728	(A) the [private club's] social club licensee's lounge, bar, [and] or other area for
4729	alcoholic beverage consumption [area] is:
4730	(I) not accessible to a minor;
4731	(II) clearly defined; and
4732	(III) separated from the dance or concert hall area by one or more walls, multiple floor
4733	levels, or other substantial physical barriers;
4734	(B) a bar or dispensing area is not visible to a minor;
4735	(C) consumption of an alcoholic beverage may not occur in:
4736	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
4737	(II) an area of the [private] social club license premises accessible to a minor;

4738	(D) the [private] social club licensee maintains sufficient security personnel to prevent
4739	the passing of beverages from the [private club's] social club licensee's lounge, bar, or [an]
4740	other area for alcoholic beverage consumption [area] to:
4741	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
4742	(II) an area of the [private] social club license premises accessible to a minor;
4743	(E) there are one or more separate entrances, exits, and restroom facilities from the
4744	[private club's] social club licensee's lounge, bar, [and] or other area for alcoholic beverage
4745	consumption [areas] than for:
4746	(I) the dance or concert hall area; or
4747	(II) an area accessible to a minor; and
4748	(F) the [private] social club licensee complies with any other restrictions imposed by
4749	the commission by rule.
4750	[(e)] (iii) A minor under 18 years of age who is accompanied at all times by a parent or
4751	legal guardian [who is a member or holder of a current visitor card] may be admitted into, use,
4752	or be on the premises of a concert hall described in Subsection [(8)(d)(i)] (2)(d)(ii) if:
4753	$[\underbrace{(i)}]$ (A) the requirements of Subsection $[\underbrace{(8)}]$ (2)(d) are met; and
4754	[(ii)] (B) signage, product, and dispensing equipment containing recognition of an
4755	alcoholic beverage is not visible to the minor.
4756	[(f)] (iv) A minor under 18 years of age but who is 14 years of age or older who is not
4757	accompanied by a parent or legal guardian may be admitted into, use, or be on the premises of
4758	a concert hall described in Subsection [ <del>(8)(d)(i)</del> ] (2)(d)(ii) if:
4759	[(i)] (A) the requirements of Subsections $[(8)(d)$ and $(8)(e)(ii)$ $[(2)(d)(ii)$ and $(iii)$ are
4760	met; and
4761	[(ii)] (B) there is no alcoholic beverage, sales, service, or consumption on the premises
4762	of the [elass D private] social club licensee.
4763	$[\frac{g}{v}]$ The commission may suspend or revoke a $[\frac{minor}{v}]$ dance or concert permit
4764	issued to a [elass D private] social club licensee and suspend or revoke the license of the [elass
4765	D private] social club licensee if:
4766	[(i)] (A) the [private] social club licensee fails to comply with the restrictions in this
4767	Subsection $[(8)(d), (e), or (f)]$ $(2)(d)$ ;
4768	[(ii)] (B) the [private] social club licensee sells, serves, or otherwise furnishes an

4769	alcoholic beverage to a minor;
4770	[(iii)] (C) the [private] social club licensee or a supervisory or managerial level
4771	employee of the [private] social club licensee is convicted under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
4772	Controlled Substances Act, on the basis of an activity that occurs on:
4773	[(A)] (I) the licensed premises; or
4774	[(B)] (II) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins
4775	the premises of and is operated by the [class D private] social club licensee;
4776	[(iv)] (D) there are three or more convictions of patrons of the [private] social club
4777	licensee under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, [based on] on the basis of
4778	activities that occur on:
4779	[(A)] (I) the licensed premises; or
4780	[(B)] (II) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins
4781	the premises of and is operated by the [class D private] social club licensee;
4782	[v) (E) there is more than one conviction:
4783	[ <del>(A)</del> ] <u>(I)</u> of:
4784	[(H)] (Aa) the [private] social club licensee;
4785	[(H)] (Bb) an employee of the [private] social club licensee;
4786	[(HH)] (Cc) an entertainer contracted by the [private] social club licensee; or
4787	[(IV)] (Dd) a patron of the [private] social club licensee; and
4788	[(B)] (II) made on the basis of a lewd act or lewd entertainment prohibited by this title
4789	that occurs on:
4790	[ <del>(I)</del> ] <u>(A)</u> the licensed premises; or
4791	[(H)] (B) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins
4792	the premises of and is operated by the [class D private] social club licensee; or
4793	[(vi)] (F) the commission finds acts or conduct contrary to the public welfare and
4794	morals involving lewd acts or lewd entertainment prohibited by this title that occurs on:
4795	[(A)] (I) the licensed premises; or
4796	[(B)] (II) the dance or concert hall that is located on property that immediately adjoins
4797	the premises of and is operated by the [class D private] social club licensee.
4798	[(h)] (vi) Nothing in this Subsection [(8)] (2) prohibits a [class D private] social club
4799	licensee from selling, serving, or otherwise furnishing an alcoholic beverage in a dance or

4800	concert area located on the [private] social club license premises on days and times when the
4801	[private] social club licensee does not allow a minor into those areas.
4802	[(i)] (e) Nothing in [Subsections (8)(a) through (g)] this Subsection (2) precludes a
4803	local authority from being more restrictive of a minor's admittance to, use of, or presence on
4804	the premises of a [private] club <u>licensee</u> .
4805	[(9)] (3) (a) A [private] club <u>license</u> shall maintain an expense ledger or record showing
4806	in detail [all]:
4807	(i) quarterly expenditures separated by payments for:
4808	[(i)] (A) malt or brewed beverages;
4809	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] (B) liquor;
4810	[ <del>(iii)</del> ] <u>(C)</u> food;
4811	[(iv) detailed payroll;]
4812	[(v) entertainment;]
4813	[ <del>(vi) rent;</del> ]
4814	[(vii) utilities;]
4815	[(viii) supplies; and]
4816	[(ix) other expenditures.]
4817	(D) set-ups; and
4818	(E) any other item required by the department; and
4819	(ii) sales made separately for:
4820	(A) malt or brewed beverages;
4821	(B) liquor;
4822	(C) food;
4823	(D) set-ups; and
4824	(E) any other item required by the department.
4825	(b) A [private] club <u>licensee</u> shall keep a record required by this Subsection [(9)] (3):
4826	(i) in a form approved by the department; and
4827	[(ii) balanced each month.]
4828	(ii) current for each three-month period.
4829	(c) An expenditure of a club licensee shall be supported by:
4830	(i) a delivery ticket;

4831	(ii) an invoice;
4832	(iii) a receipted bill;
4833	(iv) a canceled check;
4834	(v) a petty cash voucher; or
4835	(vi) other sustaining datum or memorandum.
4836	[(d) An invoice or receipted bill for the current calendar or fiscal year documenting a
4837	purchase made by the private club shall be maintained.]
4838	[(10) (a) A private club shall maintain a minute book that is posted currently by the
4839	private club.]
4840	[(b) The minute book required by this Subsection (10) shall contain the minutes of a
4841	regular or special meeting of the governing body.]
4842	[(c) A private club shall maintain a membership list.]
4843	[(11) (a) A private club shall maintain a current copy of the private club's current
4844	bylaws and current house rules.]
4845	[(b) A change in the bylaws or house rules:]
4846	[(i) is not effective unless submitted to the department within ten days after adoption;
4847	and]
4848	[(ii) becomes effective 15 days after received by the department unless rejected by the
4849	department before the expiration of the 15-day period.]
4850	[(12) A private club] (d) In addition to a ledger or record required by Subsection (3)(a),
4851	a club licensee shall maintain accounting and other records and documents as the department
4852	may require.
4853	[(13)] (e) A [private] club licensee or person acting for the [private] club licensee, who
4854	knowingly forges, falsifies, alters, cancels, destroys, conceals, or removes an entry in a book of
4855	account or other document of the [private] club licensee required to be made, maintained, or
4856	preserved by this title or the rules of the commission for the purpose of deceiving the
4857	commission, the department, or an official or employee of the commission or department, is
4858	subject to:
4859	[(a)] (i) the suspension or revocation of the [private club's] club license; and
4860	[(b)] (ii) possible criminal prosecution under Chapter 12, Criminal Offenses.
4861	[(14) (a)] (f) A [private] club licensee shall maintain and keep a record required by this

4862	section and a book, record, receipt, or disbursement maintained or used by the <u>club</u> licensee, as
4863	the department requires, for a minimum period of three years.
4864	[(b)] (g) A record, book, receipt, or disbursement is subject to inspection by an
4865	authorized representative of the commission and the department.
4866	[(c)] (h) A [private] club licensee shall allow the department, through an auditor or
4867	examiner of the department, to audit the records of the [private] club licensee at times the
4868	department considers advisable.
4869	[(d)] (i) The department shall audit the records of the [private] club licensee at least
4870	once annually.
4871	[(15)] (4) (a) A [private] club licensee shall own or lease premises suitable for the
4872	[private club's] club licensee's activities.
4873	[(16) (a)] (b) A [private] club licensee may not maintain [facilities] premises in a
4874	manner that barricades or conceals the [private] club licensee's operation.
4875	[(b)] (c) A member of the commission, authorized department personnel, or a peace
4876	officer shall, upon presentation of credentials, be admitted immediately to the [private] club
4877	license premises and permitted without hindrance or delay to inspect completely the entire
4878	[private] club license premises and the books and records of the [private] club licensee, at any
4879	time during which the [private] club licensee is open for the transaction of business to its
4880	members.
4881	[(17) Public advertising related to a private club licensee by the following shall clearly
4882	identify a private club as being "a private club for members":]
4883	[(a) the private club licensee;]
4884	[(b) an employee or agent of the private club licensee; or]
4885	[(c) a person under a contract or agreement with the private club licensee.]
4886	[(18) A private] (5) A club licensee must have food available at all times when an
4887	alcoholic beverage is sold, served, or consumed on the premises.
4888	[(19)] (6) (a) [Liquor may not be purchased by a private] A club licensee may not
4889	<u>purchase liquor</u> except from a state store or package agency.
4890	(b) Liquor purchased from a state store or package agency may be transported by the
4891	[private] club licensee from the place of purchase to the licensed premises.
4892	(c) Payment for liquor shall be made in accordance with rules established by the

4893 commission.

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- [(20)] (7) A [private] club licensee may sell or provide a primary spirituous liquor only in a quantity not to exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department in accordance with commission rules adopted under this title, except that:
- (a) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used as a secondary flavoring ingredient in a beverage subject to the following restrictions:
- (i) the secondary ingredient may be dispensed only in conjunction with the purchase of a primary spirituous liquor;
  - (ii) the secondary ingredient may not be the only spirituous liquor in the beverage;
- (iii) the [private] club licensee shall designate a location where flavorings are stored on the floor plan provided to the department; and
  - (iv) a flavoring container shall be plainly and conspicuously labeled "flavorings";
- (b) spirituous liquor need not be dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system if used:
  - (i) as a flavoring on a dessert; and
  - (ii) in the preparation of a flaming food dish, drink, or dessert;
- (c) a [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron may have no more than 2.5 ounces of spirituous liquor at a time before the [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron[-]; and
- (d) a [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron may have no more than two spirituous liquor drinks at a time before the [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron, except that a [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron may not have two spirituous liquor drinks before the [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron if one of the spirituous liquor drinks consists only of the primary spirituous liquor for the other spirituous liquor drink.
- [(21)] (8) (a) (i) Wine may be sold and served by the glass or an individual portion not to exceed five ounces per glass or individual portion.
- (ii) An individual portion may be served to a patron in more than one glass as long as the total amount of wine does not exceed five ounces.
- 4922 (iii) An individual portion of wine is considered to be one alcoholic beverage under 4923 Subsection [(25)] (12)(c).

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the [private club's] club licensee's:

(A) state liquor license; and

4924 (b) (i) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 1.5 liters at a price 4925 fixed by the commission to a table of four or more persons. 4926 (ii) Wine may be sold and served in a container not exceeding 750 milliliters at a price 4927 fixed by the commission to a table of less than four persons. 4928 (c) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the [private] 4929 club licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine purchased at the [private] club license 4930 premises. 4931  $\left[\frac{(22)}{(22)}\right]$  (9) (a) Heavy beer may be served in an original container not exceeding one liter 4932 at a price fixed by the commission. (b) A flavored malt beverage may be served in an original container not exceeding one 4933 4934 liter at a price fixed by the commission. 4935 (c) A service charge may be assessed by the [private] club licensee for heavy beer or a 4936 flavored malt beverage purchased at the [private] club license premises. 4937  $\left[\frac{(23)}{(10)}\right]$  (a) (i) Subject to Subsection  $\left[\frac{(23)}{(23)}\right]$  (10)(a)(ii), a [private] club licensee may 4938 sell beer for on-premise consumption: 4939 (A) in an open container; and 4940 (B) on draft. 4941 (ii) Beer sold pursuant to Subsection [(23)] (10)(a)(i) shall be in a size of container that 4942 does not exceed two liters, except that beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of 4943 container that exceeds one liter. 4944 (b) (i) A [private] club licensee that sells beer pursuant to Subsection [<del>(23)</del>] (10)(a): (A) may do so without obtaining a separate on-premise beer retailer license from the 4945 4946 commission; and 4947 (B) shall comply with all appropriate operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer 4948 Retailer Licenses, that apply to an on-premise beer retailer except when those restrictions are 4949 inconsistent with or less restrictive than the operational restrictions under this chapter. 4950 (ii) Failure to comply with the operational restrictions under Chapter 10, Beer Retailer

Licenses, required by Subsection  $\left[\frac{(23)}{(23)}\right]$  (10)(b)(i) may result in a suspension or revocation of

(B) alcoholic beverage license issued by the local authority.

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4955	[(24)] (11) An alcoholic beverage may not be stored, served, or sold in a place other
4956	than as designated in the [private] club licensee's application, unless the [private] club licensee
4957	first applies for and receives approval from the department for a change of location within the
4958	[private] club <u>license</u> .
4959	[(25)] (12) (a) A patron may only make an alcoholic beverage purchase in the [private]
4960	club <u>license premises</u> from and be served by a person employed, designated, and trained by the
4961	[private] club licensee to sell, dispense, and serve an alcoholic beverage.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(25)] (12)(a), a patron who purchases bottled wine from an employee of the [private] club licensee or carries bottled wine onto the premises of the [private] club licensee pursuant to Subsection [(31)] (18) may thereafter serve wine from the bottle to the patron or others at the patron's table.
- (c) A [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron may have no more than two alcoholic beverages of any kind at a time before the [private] club <u>licensee</u> patron, subject to the limitation of Subsection [(20)] (7)(d).
- [(26)] (13) The liquor storage area shall remain locked at all times other than those hours and days when liquor sales and service are authorized by law.
- [(27)] (14) (a) Liquor may not be sold, offered for sale, served, or otherwise furnished at a [private] club license premises on any day after 1 a.m. or before 10 a.m.
- (b) The hours of beer sales and service are those specified in Chapter 10, Beer Retailer Licenses, for on-premise beer licenses.
- (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsections [(27)] (14)(a) and (b), a [private] club license premises shall remain open for one hour after the [private] club licensee ceases the sale and service of an alcoholic beverage during which time a patron of the [private] club licensee may finish consuming:
  - (A) a single drink containing spirituous liquor;
  - (B) a single serving of wine not exceeding five ounces;
- 4981 (C) a single serving of heavy beer;
- 4982 (D) a single serving of beer not exceeding 26 ounces; or
- 4983 (E) a single serving of a flavored malt beverage.
- 4984 (ii) A [private] club licensee is not required to remain open:
- 4985 (A) after all patrons have vacated the premises; or

4986	(B) during an emergency.
4987	(d) Between the hours of 2 a.m. and 10 a.m. on any day a [private] club licensee may
4988	not allow a patron to remain on the premises of the [private] club licensee to consume an
4989	alcoholic beverage on the premises.
4990	[(28)] (15) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold, served, or otherwise furnished to a:
4991	(a) minor;
4992	(b) person actually, apparently, or obviously intoxicated;
4993	(c) known habitual drunkard; or
4994	(d) known interdicted person.
4995	[(29)] (16) (a) (i) Liquor may be sold only at a price fixed by the commission.
4996	(ii) Liquor may not be sold at a discount price on any date or at any time.
4997	(b) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at less than the cost of the alcoholic
4998	beverage to the [private] club licensee.
4999	(c) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price that encourages
5000	over consumption or intoxication.
5001	(d) The price of a single serving of a primary spirituous liquor shall be the same
5002	whether served as a single drink or in conjunction with another alcoholic beverage.
5003	(e) An alcoholic beverage may not be sold at a special or reduced price for only certain
5004	hours of the [private club's] club licensee's business day such as a "happy hour."
5005	(f) More than one alcoholic beverage may not be sold or served for the price of a single
5006	alcoholic beverage.
5007	(g) An indefinite or unlimited number of alcoholic beverages may not be sold or served
5008	during a set period for a fixed price.
5009	(h) A [private] club licensee may not engage in a promotion involving or offering free
5010	alcoholic beverages to patrons of the [private] club licensee.
5011	[(30)] (17) An alcoholic beverage may not be purchased for a patron of the [private]
5012	club licensee by:
5013	(a) the [private] club licensee; or
5014	(b) an employee or agent of the [private] club licensee.
5015	[(31)] (18) (a) A person may not bring onto the premises of a [private] club licensee an

alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption, except a person may bring, subject to the

5017	discretion of the <u>club</u> licensee, bottled wine onto the premises of a [ <del>private</del> ] club licensee for
5018	on-premise consumption.
5019	(b) Except bottled wine under Subsection [(31)] (18)(a), a [private] club licensee or an
5020	officer, manager, employee, or agent of a [private] club licensee may not allow:
5021	(i) a person to bring onto the [private] club license premises an alcoholic beverage for
5022	consumption on the [private] club license premises; or
5023	(ii) consumption of an alcoholic beverage described in Subsection [(31)] (18)(b)(i) on
5024	the premises of the [private] club licensee.
5025	(c) If bottled wine is carried in by a patron, the patron shall deliver the wine to a server
5026	or other representative of the [private] club licensee upon entering the [private] club license
5027	<u>premises</u> .
5028	(d) A wine service may be performed and a service charge assessed by the [private]
5029	club licensee as authorized by commission rule for wine carried in by a patron.
5030	[(32)] (19) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(32)] (19)(b), a [private] club licensee
5031	or an employee of the [private] club licensee may not permit a patron of the [private] club
5032	licensee to carry from the [private] club license premises an open container that:
5033	(i) is used primarily for drinking purposes; and
5034	(ii) contains an alcoholic beverage.
5035	(b) A patron may remove the unconsumed contents of a bottle of wine if before
5036	removal, the bottle is recorked or recapped.
5037	[(33) (a) A minor may not be employed by a class A, B, or C private club licensee to
5038	sell, dispense, or handle an alcoholic beverage.]
5039	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (33)(a), a minor who is at least 16 years of age may
5040	be employed by a class A or C private club licensee to enter the sale at a cash register or other
5041	sales recording device.]
5042	[(c) Except to the extent authorized in Subsection (8)(c), a minor may not be employed
5043	by or be on the premises of a class D private club.]
5044	[(d) A minor may not be employed to work in a lounge or bar area of a class A, B, or C
5045	private club licensee.]
5046	[(34)] (20) An employee of a [private] club licensee, while on duty, may not:
5047	(a) consume an alcoholic beverage: or

5048	(b) be intoxicated.
5049	[(35)] (21) A [private] club licensee shall have available on the premises for a patron to
5050	review at the time that the [eustomer] patron requests it, a written alcoholic beverage price list
5051	or a menu containing the price of an alcoholic beverage sold or served by the [private] club
5052	licensee including:
5053	(a) a set-up charge;
5054	(b) a service charge; or
5055	(c) a chilling fee.
5056	[(36)] (22) A [private] club licensee shall display in a prominent place in the [private]
5057	club <u>license premises</u> :
5058	(a) the [private] club license that is issued by the department;
5059	(b) a list of the types and brand names of liquor being served through [its] the club
5060	licensee's calibrated metered dispensing system; and
5061	(c) a sign in large letters stating: "Warning: Driving under the influence of alcohol or
5062	drugs is a serious crime that is prosecuted aggressively in Utah."
5063	[(37)] (23) A [private] club licensee may not on the premises of the [private] club
5064	<u>licensee</u> :
5065	(a) engage in or permit any form of gambling, as defined and proscribed in Title 76,
5066	Chapter 10, Part 11, Gambling;
5067	(b) have any video gaming device, as defined and proscribed in Title 76, Chapter 10,
5068	Part 11, Gambling; or
5069	(c) engage in or permit a contest, game, gaming scheme, or gaming device that requires
5070	the risking of something of value for a return or for an outcome when the return or outcome is
5071	based upon an element of chance, excluding the playing of an amusement device that confers
5072	only an immediate and unrecorded right of replay not exchangeable for value.
5073	[(38)] (24) (a) A [private] club licensee may not close or cease operation for a period
5074	longer than 240 hours, unless:
5075	(i) the [private] club licensee notifies the department in writing at least seven days
5076	before the day on which the [private] club licensee closes or ceases operation; and
5077	(ii) the closure or cessation of operation is first approved by the department.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(38)] (24)(a), in the case of emergency closure, the

5079	[private] club licensee shall immediately notify the department by telephone.
5080	(c) (i) The department may authorize a closure or cessation of operation for a period
5081	not to exceed 60 days.
5082	(ii) The department may extend the initial period an additional 30 days upon:
5083	(A) written request of the [private] club licensee; and
5084	(B) a showing of good cause.
5085	(iii) A closure or cessation of operation may not exceed a total of 90 days without
5086	commission approval.
5087	(d) The notice required by Subsection [(38)] (24)(a) shall include:
5088	(i) the dates of closure or cessation of operation;
5089	(ii) the reason for the closure or cessation of operation; and
5090	(iii) the date on which the [private] club licensee will reopen or resume operation.
5091	(e) Failure of the [private] club licensee to provide notice and to obtain department
5092	authorization before closure or cessation of operation results in an automatic forfeiture of:
5093	(i) the [private] club license; and
5094	(ii) the unused portion of the [private] club license fee for the remainder of the license
5095	year effective immediately.
5096	(f) Failure of the [private] club licensee to reopen or resume operation by the approved
5097	date results in an automatic forfeiture of:
5098	(i) the [private] club license; and
5099	(ii) the unused portion of the [private] club license fee for the remainder of the license
5100	year.
5101	[(39)] (25) A [private] club license may not be transferred from one location to another
5102	[person] location, without prior written approval of the commission.
5103	[(40)] (26) (a) A [private] club licensee, may not sell, transfer, assign, exchange, barter
5104	give, or attempt in any way to dispose of the [private] club license to another person, whether
5105	for monetary gain or not.
5106	(b) A [private] club license has no monetary value for the purpose of any type of
5107	disposition.
5108	(27) Subject to Subsections (25) and (26), a club licensee may not temporarily rent or

otherwise temporarily lease its premises to a person unless:

5110	(a) the person to whom the club licensee rents or leases the premises agrees in writing
5111	to comply with this section as if the person is the club licensee, except for a requirement related
5112	to maintaining a book, document, or similar record; and
5113	(b) the club licensee takes reasonable steps to ensure that the person complies with this
5114	section as provided in Subsection (26)(a).
5115	(28) A dining club licensee or social club licensee shall comply with Section
5116	32A-1-304.5.
5117	[(41)] (29) A [private] club licensee or an employee of the [private] club licensee may
5118	not knowingly allow a person on the licensed premises to, in violation of Title 58, Chapter 37,
5119	Utah Controlled Substances Act, or Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act:
5120	(a) sell, distribute, possess, or use a controlled substance, as defined in Section
5121	58-37-2; or
5122	(b) use, deliver, or possess with the intent to deliver drug paraphernalia, as defined in
5123	Section 58-37a-3.
5124	Section 46. Section <b>32A-5-109</b> is enacted to read:
5125	32A-5-109. Transition in types of clubs.
5126	(1) (a) If a private club licensee is a class C private club licensee as of June 30, 2009, it
5127	renews its license in accordance with Section 32A-5-102, and it continues to meet the
5128	qualifications of a class C private club licensee:
5129	(i) the class C private club licensee shall pay a renewal fee of \$1,600; and
5130	(ii) effective July 1, 2009, the class C private club licensee is automatically converted
5131	to a dining club licensee.
5132	(b) If a private club licensee is a class D private club licensee as of June 30, 2009, it
5133	renews it license in accordance with Section 32A-5-102, and it continues to meet the
5134	qualifications of a class D private club licensee:
5135	(i) the class D private club licensee shall pay a renewal fee of \$1,600; and
5136	(ii) effective July 1, 2009, the class D private club licensee is automatically converted
5137	to a social club licensee.
5138	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) or (b), if at the time of renewal a class C private
5139	club licensee or class D private club licensee requests to convert effective July 1, 2009, to a
5140	different type of club license than that provided in Subsection (1)(a) or (b), the commission

5141	may approve a change in the type of club license in accordance with rules made by the
5142	commission.
5143	(2) A conversion under this section does not require a redetermination of applicable
5144	proximity requirements.
5145	Section 47. Section <b>32A-9-103</b> is amended to read:
5146	32A-9-103. Qualifications.
5147	(1) (a) The commission may not grant a warehousing license to any person who has
5148	been convicted of:
5149	(i) a felony under any federal or state law;
5150	(ii) any federal or state law or local ordinance concerning the sale, manufacture,
5151	distribution, warehousing, adulteration, or transportation of alcoholic beverages;
5152	(iii) any crime involving moral turpitude; or
5153	(iv) on two or more occasions within the five years before the day on which the license
5154	is granted, driving under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of
5155	alcohol and any drug.
5156	(b) In the case of a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company the
5157	proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if any of the following has been convicted of any
5158	offense described in Subsection (1)(a):
5159	(i) a partner;
5160	(ii) a managing agent;
5161	(iii) a manager;
5162	(iv) an officer;
5163	(v) a director;
5164	(vi) a stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of
5165	the applicant corporation; or
5166	(vii) a member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability company.
5167	(c) The proscription under Subsection (1)(a) applies if any person employed to act in a
5168	supervisory or managerial capacity for the warehouse has been convicted of any offense
5169	described in Subsection (1)(a).
5170	(2) The commission may immediately suspend or revoke a warehousing license if after
5171	the day on which the warehousing license is granted, a person described in Subsection (1)(a),

5172 (b), or (c):

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- 5173 (a) is found to have been convicted of any offense described in Subsection (1)(a) prior 5174 to the license being granted; or
  - (b) on or after the day on which the license is granted:
- 5176 (i) is convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or
- 5177 (ii) (A) is convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and any drug; and
  - (B) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and any drug within five years before the day on which the person is convicted of the offense described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A).
  - (3) The director may take emergency action by immediately suspending the operation of the warehousing license according to the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, for the period during which the criminal matter is being adjudicated if a person described in Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c):
- 5186 (a) is arrested on a charge for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); 5187 or
  - (b) (i) is arrested on a charge for the offense of driving under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and any drug; and
  - (ii) was convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol and any drug within five years before the day on which the person is arrested on a charge described in Subsection (3)(b)(i).
  - (4) (a) (i) The commission may not grant a warehousing license to any person who has had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years.
  - (ii) The commission may not grant a warehousing license to an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any partner, managing agent, manager, officer, director, stockholder who holds at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of an applicant corporation, or member who owns at least 20% of an applicant limited liability company is or was:
- 5201 (A) a partner or managing agent of any partnership that had any type of license, agency, 5202 or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years;

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5203 (B) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds or held at least 20% 5204 of the total issued and outstanding stock of any corporation that had any type of license, 5205 agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or 5206 (C) a manager or member who owns or owned at least 20% of any limited liability 5207 company that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within 5208 the last three years. 5209 (b) An applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability company may not 5210 be granted a warehousing license if any of the following had any type of license, agency, or 5211 permit issued under this title revoked while acting in that person's individual capacity within 5212 the last three years: 5213 (i) any partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership; 5214 (ii) any managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the 5215 total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or 5216 (iii) any manager or member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability 5217 company. 5218 (c) A person acting in an individual capacity may not be granted a warehousing license 5219 if that person was: 5220 (i) a partner or managing agent of a partnership that had any type of license, agency, or 5221 permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; 5222 (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who held at least 20% of the 5223 total issued and outstanding stock of a corporation that had any type of license, agency, or 5224 permit issued under this title revoked within the last three years; or 5225 (iii) any manager or member who owned at least 20% of a limited liability company 5226 that had any type of license, agency, or permit issued under this title revoked within the last 5227 three years. 5228 (5) (a) A minor may not be: 5229 (i) granted a warehousing license; or 5230 (ii) employed by a warehouse to handle liquor.

(b) The commission may not grant a warehousing license to an applicant that is a

partnership, corporation, or limited liability company if any of the following is a minor:

(i) a partner or managing agent of the applicant partnership;

5234 (ii) a managing agent, officer, director, or stockholder who holds at least 20% of the 5235 total issued and outstanding stock of the applicant corporation; or 5236 (iii) a manager or member who owns at least 20% of the applicant limited liability 5237 company. 5238 (6) A person, through any officer, director, representative, agent, or employee, or 5239 otherwise, either directly or indirectly, may not hold at the same time both a warehousing 5240 license and any other kind of license, agency, or permit issued under [Title 32A.] Chapter 3, 4, 5241 4a, 5, 6, or 7, or Chapter 10, Part 2. 5242 (7) If any person to whom a license [has been issued] is granted under this chapter no 5243 longer possesses the qualifications required by this title for obtaining that license, the 5244 commission may suspend or revoke that license. 5245 Section 48. Section **32A-10-201** is amended to read: 5246 32A-10-201. Commission's power to grant licenses -- Limitations. 5247 (1) Before an establishment may sell beer at retail for on-premise consumption, it shall 5248 first obtain: 5249 (a) an on-premise beer retailer license from the commission as provided in this part; 5250 and 5251 (b) (i) a license issued by the local authority, as provided in Section 32A-10-101, to 5252 sell beer at retail for on-premise consumption; or 5253 (ii) other written consent of the local authority to sell beer at retail for on-premise 5254 consumption. 5255 (2) (a) Subject to the requirements of this section and Subsection 32A-4a-201(2), the 5256 commission may [issue] grant on-premise beer retailer licenses for the purpose of establishing 5257 on-premise beer retailer outlets at places and in numbers as it considers proper for the storage, 5258 sale, and consumption of beer on premises operated as on-premise beer retailer outlets. 5259 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the total number of on-premise beer retailer 5260 licenses that are taverns may not at any time aggregate more than that number determined by 5261 dividing the population of the state by 30,500. 5262 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), the population of the state shall be determined 5263 by:

(i) the most recent United States decennial special census; or

(3)(a)(i) if:

(ii) another population determination made by the United States or state governments. 5265 5266 (d) (i) The commission may issue seasonal licenses for tayerns established in areas the 5267 commission considers necessary. 5268 (ii) A seasonal license for taverns shall be for a period of six consecutive months. 5269 (iii) An on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern issued for operation during a 5270 summer time period is known as a "Seasonal A" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern. 5271 The period of operation for a "Seasonal A" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern shall: 5272 (A) begin on May 1: and 5273 (B) end on October 31. 5274 (iv) An on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern [issued] granted for operation 5275 during a winter time period is known as a "Seasonal B" on-premise beer retailer license for a 5276 tavern. The period of operation for a "Seasonal B" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern 5277 shall: 5278 (A) begin on November 1; and 5279 (B) end on April 30. 5280 (v) In determining the number of tavern licenses that the commission may [issue] grant 5281 under this section: 5282 (A) a seasonal on-premise beer retailer license for a tayern is counted as  $[\frac{1}{2}]$  one-half 5283 of one on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern; and 5284 (B) each "Seasonal A" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern shall be paired with 5285 a "Seasonal B" on-premise beer retailer license for a tavern. 5286 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d), the premises of an 5287 on-premise beer retailer license may not be established: 5288 (i) within 600 feet of a community location, as measured by the method in Subsection 5289 (3)(e); or 5290 (ii) within 200 feet of a community location, measured in a straight line from the 5291 nearest entrance of the proposed outlet to the nearest property boundary of the community 5292 location. 5293 (b) With respect to the establishment of an on-premise beer retailer license, the 5294 commission may authorize a variance to reduce the proximity requirement of Subsection

5296 (i) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance; 5297 (ii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing an on-premise beer 5298 retailer license in the community are limited; 5299 (iii) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical, in the 5300 neighborhood concerned; 5301 (iv) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies 5302 stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the 5303 license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the 5304 community; and 5305 (v) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the 5306 variance; or 5307 (B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority, 5308 the commission finds that the applicant has established that: 5309 (I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting 5310 within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the on-premise beer retailer 5311 licensee is to be located; 5312 (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand 5313 described in Subsection (3)(b)(v)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of an on-premise 5314 beer retailer license; and 5315 (III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary 5316 of the local authority in which the on-premise beer retailer licensee is to be located for 5317 establishing an on-premise beer retailer license to satisfy the unmet demand described in 5318 Subsection (3)(b)(v)(B)(I). 5319 (c) With respect to the establishment of an on-premise beer retailer license, the 5320 commission may authorize a variance that reduces the proximity requirement of Subsection 5321 (3)(a)(ii) if: 5322 (i) the community location at issue is: 5323 (A) a public library; or 5324 (B) a public park; 5325 (ii) the local authority grants its written consent to the variance;

(iii) the commission finds that alternative locations for establishing an on-premise beer

retailer license in the community are limited;

- (iv) a public hearing is held in the city, town, or county, and where practical in the neighborhood concerned;
- (v) after giving full consideration to all of the attending circumstances and the policies stated in Subsections 32A-1-104(3) and (4), the commission determines that establishing the on-premise beer retailer license would not be detrimental to the public health, peace, safety, and welfare of the community; and
- (vi) (A) the community location governing authority gives its written consent to the variance; or
- (B) when written consent is not given by the community location governing authority, the commission finds that the applicant has established that:
- (I) there is substantial unmet public demand to consume alcohol in a public setting within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the on-premise beer retailer licensee is to be located;
- (II) there is no reasonably viable alternative for satisfying substantial unmet demand described in Subsection (3)(c)(vi)(B)(I) other than through the establishment of an on-premise beer retailer license; and
- (III) there is no reasonably viable alternative location within the geographic boundary of the local authority in which the on-premise beer retailer licensee is to be located for establishing an on-premise beer retailer license to satisfy the unmet demand described in Subsection (3)(c)(vi)(B)(I).
- (d) (i) With respect to an on-premise beer retailer license [issued] granted by the commission before July 1, 1991, to an establishment that undergoes a change in ownership after that date, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of this Subsection (3) in considering whether to grant an on-premise retailer beer license to the new owner.
- (ii) With respect to the premises of an on-premise beer retailer license [issued] granted by the commission that undergoes a change of ownership, the commission may waive or vary the proximity requirements of Subsection (3)(a) in considering whether to grant an on-premise beer retailer license to the new owner of the premises if:
  - (A) (I) the premises previously received a variance from the proximity requirement of

5358	Subsection (3)(a)(i); or
5359	(II) the premises received a variance from the proximity requirement of Subsection
5360	(3)(a)(ii) on or before May 4, 2008; or
5361	(B) a variance from proximity requirements was otherwise allowed under this title.
5362	(e) The 600 foot limitation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) is measured from the
5363	nearest entrance of the outlet by following the shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the
5364	property boundary of the community location.
5365	(4) (a) Nothing in this section prevents the commission from considering the proximity
5366	of any educational, religious, and recreational facility, or any other relevant factor in reaching a
5367	decision on a proposed location.
5368	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (4), "educational facility" includes:
5369	(i) a nursery school;
5370	(ii) an infant day care center; and
5371	(iii) a trade and technical school.
5372	Section 49. Section 32A-10-202 is amended to read:
5373	32A-10-202. Application and renewal requirements.
5374	(1) A person seeking an on-premise beer retailer license under this chapter shall file a
5375	written application with the department, in a form prescribed by the department. The
5376	application shall be accompanied by:
5377	(a) a nonrefundable \$250 application fee;
5378	(b) an initial license fee that is refundable if a license is not granted in the following
5379	amount:
5380	(i) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee does not operate as a tavern, the initial
5381	license fee is \$150; or
5382	(ii) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee operates as a tavern, the initial license fee is
5383	\$1,250;
5384	(c) written consent of the local authority or a license to sell beer at retail for on-premise
5385	consumption granted by the local authority under Section 32A-10-101;
5386	(d) a copy of the applicant's current business license;
5387	(e) evidence of proximity to any community location, with proximity requirements
5388	being governed by Section 32A-10-201;

5389	(f) a bond as specified by Section 32A-10-205;
5390	(g) a floor plan of the premises, including consumption areas and the area where the
5391	applicant proposes to keep, store, and sell beer;
5392	(h) evidence that the on-premise beer retailer licensee is carrying public liability
5393	insurance in an amount and form satisfactory to the department;
5394	(i) for a licensee that sells more than \$5,000 of beer annually, evidence that the
5395	on-premise beer retailer licensee is carrying dramshop insurance coverage of at least
5396	[\$500,000] $$1,000,000$ per occurrence and $[$1,000,000]$ $$2,000,000$ in the aggregate;
5397	(j) a signed consent form stating that the on-premise beer retailer licensee will permit
5398	any authorized representative of the commission, department, or any peace officer unrestricted
5399	right to enter the licensee premises;
5400	(k) in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, corporation, or limited liability
5401	company, proper verification evidencing that the person or persons signing the on-premise beer
5402	retailer licensee application are authorized to so act on the behalf of the partnership,
5403	corporation, or limited liability company; and
5404	(l) any other information the department may require.
5405	(2) (a) [All] An on-premise beer retailer [licenses expire] license expires on the last
5406	day of February of each year.
5407	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), a person desiring to renew the
5408	person's on-premise beer retailer license shall submit by no later than January 31:
5409	(A) a completed renewal application to the department; and
5410	(B) a renewal fee in the following amount:
5411	(I) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee does not operate as a tavern, the renewal fee
5412	is \$200; or
5413	(II) if the on-premise beer retailer licensee operates as a tavern, the renewal fee is
5414	\$1,000.
5415	(ii) A licensee is not required to submit a renewal fee if the licensee is:
5416	(A) a state agency; or
5417	(B) a political subdivision of the state including:
5418	(I) a county; or
5419	(II) a municipality.

5420	(c) Failure to meet the renewal requirements shall result in an automatic forfeiture of
5421	the license, effective on the date the existing license expires.
5422	(d) A renewal statement shall be in a form as prescribed by the department.
5423	(3) To ensure compliance with Subsection 32A-10-206(17), the commission may
5424	suspend or revoke a beer retailer license if a beer retailer licensee does not immediately notify
5425	the department of any change in:
5426	(a) ownership of the beer retailer;
5427	(b) for a corporate owner, the:
5428	(i) corporate officers or directors; and
5429	(ii) shareholders holding at least 20% of the total issued and outstanding stock of the
5430	corporation; or
5431	(c) for a limited liability company:
5432	(i) managers; or
5433	(ii) members owning at least 20% of the limited liability company.
5434	(4) An applicant need not meet the requirements of Subsections (1)(a), (b), (c), (d), and
5435	(f) if the applicant is:
5436	(a) a state agency; or
5437	(b) a political subdivision of the state including:
5438	(i) a county; or
5439	(ii) a municipality.
5440	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), only one state on-premise beer retailer
5441	license is required for each building or resort facility owned or leased by the same applicant.
5442	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), separate licenses are not required for each
5443	retail beer dispensing outlet located in the same building or on the same resort premises owned
5444	or operated by the same applicant.
5445	(c) (i) Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b) apply only if all of the retail beer dispensing outlets
5446	in the building or resort facility operate in the same manner.
5447	(ii) If the condition described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) is not met:
5448	(A) one state on-premise beer retailer tavern license is required for all outlets in the
5449	same building or on the same resort premises that operate as a tavern; and
5450	(B) one state on-premise beer retailer license is required for all outlets in the same

3431	building of on the same resort premises that do not operate as a tavern.
5452	Section 50. Section 32A-12-101 is amended to read:
5453	32A-12-101. Applicability of Utah Criminal Code.
5454	Except as otherwise provided, Title 76, Chapters 1, 2, 3, and 4[, the Utah Criminal
5455	Code, relating to principles of construction, jurisdiction, venue, limitations of actions, multiple
5456	prosecutions, double jeopardy, burdens of proof, definitions, principles of criminal
5457	responsibility, punishments, and inchoate offenses apply to any criminal offense defined in this
5458	title, except as otherwise provided], apply to the prosecution of a criminal offense defined in
5459	this chapter or expressly identified as a criminal offense in this title.
5460	Section 51. Section 32A-12-102 is amended to read:
5461	32A-12-102. Special burdens of proof Inferences and presumptions.
5462	(1) In [any] a prosecution of an offense defined in this title or in [any] a proceeding
5463	brought to enforce this title:
5464	(a) it is not necessary that the state or commission establish:
5465	(i) the precise description or quantity of [the] an alcoholic [beverages] beverage or
5466	alcoholic product; or [products or]
5467	(ii) the precise consideration, if any, given or received for [the] an alcoholic [beverages
5468	or products] beverage or alcoholic product;
5469	(b) there is an inference, absent proof to the contrary, that [the] an alcoholic beverage
5470	or <u>alcoholic</u> product in question is an alcoholic beverage or <u>alcoholic</u> product if the witness
5471	describes it:
5472	(i) as an alcoholic beverage or <u>alcoholic</u> product;
5473	(ii) by a name that is commonly applied to an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product;
5474	or
5475	(iii) as intoxicating;
5476	(c) if it is alleged that an association or corporation has violated this title, the fact of the
5477	incorporation of the association or corporation is presumed absent proof to the contrary;
5478	(d) a certificate or report signed or purporting to be signed by any state chemist,
5479	assistant state chemist, or state crime laboratory chemist, as to the analysis or ingredients of
5480	[any] an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product is:
5481	(i) prima facie evidence:

- 5482 (A) of the facts stated in that certificate or report; and
  - (B) of the authority of the person giving or making the report; and
  - (ii) admissible in evidence without any proof of appointment or signature absent proof to the contrary; and
  - (e) a copy of entries made in the records of the United States internal revenue collector, certified by the collector or a qualified notary public, showing the payment of the United States internal revenue special tax for the manufacture or sale of <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products] beverage or alcoholic product is prima facie evidence of the manufacture or sale by the party named in the entry within the period set forth in the record.
  - (2) (a) In proving the unlawful sale, disposal, gift, or purchase, gratuitous or otherwise, or consumption of <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products] <u>beverage</u> or alcoholic product, it is not necessary that the state or commission establish that any money or other consideration actually passed or that an alcoholic beverage or <u>alcoholic</u> product was actually consumed if the court or trier of fact is satisfied that:
    - (i) a transaction in the nature of a sale, disposal, gift, or purchase actually occurred; or
  - (ii) [any] consumption of <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products] <u>beverage or alcoholic</u> <u>product</u> was about to occur.
  - (b) Proof of consumption or intended consumption of an alcoholic beverage or <u>alcoholic</u> product on premises on which consumption is prohibited, by some person not authorized to consume <u>an</u> alcoholic [beverages or products] beverage or alcoholic product on those premises, is evidence that an alcoholic beverage or <u>alcoholic</u> product was sold or given to or purchased by the person consuming, about to consume, or carrying away the alcoholic beverage or <u>alcoholic</u> product as against the occupant of the premises.
  - (3) For purposes of a provision applicable under this chapter to a retail licensee or officer, manager, employee, or agent of a retail licensee, the provision is applicable to a resort licensee or a person operating under a sublicense of the resort licensee.
  - (4) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this chapter, a criminal offense identified in this title as a criminal offense may not be enforced under this chapter if the criminal offense relates to a violation:
    - (a) of a provision in this title related to intoxication or becoming intoxicated; and
- (b) if the violation is first investigated by a law enforcement officer, as defined in

5513	Section 53-13-103, who has not received training regarding the requirements of this title
5514	related to responsible alcoholic beverage sale or service.
5515	Section 52. Section 32A-12-104 is amended to read:
5516	32A-12-104. Violation of title a misdemeanor.
5517	[Any person who violates this title]
5518	(1) Unless otherwise provided in this title, a person is guilty of a class B
5519	misdemeanor[, unless otherwise provided in this title.] if that person violates:
5520	(a) this chapter; or
5521	(b) a provision of this title that is expressly identified as a criminal offense.
5522	(2) This section is not applicable to an adjudicative proceeding under Section
5523	32A-1-119, but only:
5524	(a) makes a violation described in Subsection (1) a criminal offense; and
5525	(b) establishes a penalty for a violation described in Subsection (1) that is prosecuted
5526	criminally.
5527	Section 53. Section <b>32A-12-209.5</b> is amended to read:
5528	32A-12-209.5. Unlawful admittance or attempt to gain admittance by minor.
5529	(1) It is unlawful for a minor to gain admittance or attempt to gain admittance to the
5530	premises of:
5531	(a) a tavern; or
5532	(b) a [class D private club] social club licensee, except to the extent authorized by
5533	Subsection $32A-5-107[\frac{(8)}{(2)(d)}$ .
5534	(2) A minor who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
5535	(3) When a minor who is at least 18 years old, but younger than 21 years old, is found
5536	by a court to have violated this section:
5537	(a) if the violation is the minor's first violation of this section, the court may suspend
5538	the minor's driving privileges; or
5539	(b) if the violation is the minor's second or subsequent violation of this section, the
5540	court shall suspend the minor's driving privileges.
5541	(4) When a minor who is at least 13 years old, but younger than 18 years old, is found
5542	by a court to have violated this section, [the provisions regarding suspension of the driver's
5543	license under Section 78A-6-606 [apply] applies to the violation.

5544	(5) When the court issues an order suspending a person's driving privileges for a
5545	violation of this section, the Driver License Division shall suspend the person's license under
5546	Section 53-3-219.
5547	(6) When the Department of Public Safety receives the arrest or conviction record of a
5548	person for a driving offense committed while the person's license is suspended pursuant to this
5549	section, the [department] Department of Public Safety shall extend the suspension for an
5550	additional like period of time.
5551	Section 54. Section 32A-12-212 is amended to read:
5552	32A-12-212. Unlawful possession Exceptions.
5553	(1) A person may not have or possess within this state [any] liquor unless authorized
5554	by this title or the rules of the commission, except that:
5555	(a) a person who clears United States Customs when entering this country may have on
5556	possess for personal consumption and not for sale or resale, a maximum of two liters of liquor
5557	purchased from without the United States;
5558	(b) a person who moves the person's residence to this state from outside of this state
5559	may have or possess for personal consumption and not for sale or resale, liquor previously
5560	purchased outside the state and brought into this state during the move, if:
5561	(i) the person [first] obtains department approval before moving the liquor into the
5562	state; and
5563	[(ii) the department affixes the official state label to the liquor; and]
5564	[(iii)] (ii) the person pays the department a reasonable administrative handling fee as
5565	determined by the commission;
5566	(c) a person who as a beneficiary inherits as part of an estate liquor that is located
5567	outside the state, may have or possess the liquor and transport or cause the liquor to be
5568	transported into the state if:
5569	(i) the person [first] obtains department approval before moving the liquor into the
5570	state;
5571	(ii) the person provides sufficient documentation to the department to establish the
5572	person's legal right to the liquor as a beneficiary; and
5573	[(iii) the department affixes the official state label to the liquor; and]
5574	[(iv)] (iii) the person pays the department a reasonable administrative handling fee as

5575	determined by the commission; or
5576	(d) a person may transport, have, or possess liquor if:
5577	(i) the person transports, has, or possesses the liquor:
5578	(A) for personal household use and consumption; and
5579	(B) not for:
5580	(I) sale;
5581	(II) resale;
5582	(III) gifting to another; or
5583	(IV) consumption on a premise licensed by the commission;
5584	(ii) the liquor is purchased from a store or outlet on a military installation; and
5585	(iii) the maximum amount the person transports, has, or possesses under this
5586	Subsection (1)(d) is:
5587	(A) two liters of:
5588	(I) spirituous liquor;
5589	(II) wine; or
5590	(III) a combination of spirituous liquor and wine; and
5591	(B) (I) one case of heavy beer that does not exceed 288 ounces; or
5592	(II) [on or after October 1, 2008,] one case of a flavored malt beverage that does not
5593	exceed 288 ounces.
5594	(2) (a) Approval under Subsection (1)(b) may be obtained by a person who:
5595	(i) is transferring the person's permanent residence to this state; or
5596	(ii) maintains separate residences both in and out of this state.
5597	(b) A person may not obtain approval to transfer liquor under Subsection (1)(b) more
5598	than once.
5599	Section 55. Section 32A-12-213 is amended to read:
5600	32A-12-213. Unlawful bringing onto premises for consumption.
5601	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a person may not bring for on-premise
5602	consumption [any] an alcoholic beverage onto the premises of [any]:
5603	(a) <u>a</u> licensed or unlicensed restaurant;
5604	(b) <u>a</u> licensed or unlicensed [private] club;
5605	(c) <u>an</u> airport lounge licensee;

5606	(d) <u>an</u> on-premise banquet licensee;
5607	(e) <u>an</u> on-premise beer retailer licensee;
5608	(f) a resort licensee;
5609	(g) a sublicense of a resort licensee;
5610	[(f)] (h) an event where an alcoholic [beverages are] beverage is sold or served under a
5611	single event permit or temporary special event beer permit issued under this title; or
5612	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> any establishment open to the general public.
5613	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), [a licensed or unlicensed restaurant or private
5614	club, airport lounge licensee, on-premise banquet licensee, on-premise beer retailer licensee, on-
5615	holder of a single event permit or temporary special event beer permit issued under this title, or
5616	its officers, managers, employees, or agents] the following may not allow a person to bring
5617	onto its premises [any] an alcoholic beverage for on-premise consumption or allow
5618	consumption of [any such] an alcoholic beverage brought onto its premises in violation of this
5619	section[ <del>-</del> ]:
5620	(a) a licensed or unlicensed restaurant;
5621	(b) a licensed or unlicensed club;
5622	(c) an airport lounge licensee;
5623	(d) an on-premise banquet licensee;
5624	(e) a resort licensee in relationship to:
5625	(i) the boundary of a resort building; or
5626	(ii) a sublicense premises;
5627	(f) a person operating a sublicense of a resort license;
5628	(g) an on-premise beer retailer licensee;
5629	(h) a holder of a single event permit or temporary special event beer permit issued
5630	under this title; or
5631	(i) an officer, manager, employee, or agent of a person listed in Subsections (2)(a)
5632	through (h).
5633	(3) (a) A person may bring bottled wine onto the premises of [any] a restaurant liquor
5634	licensee, limited restaurant licensee, resort spa sublicense, or [private] club licensee and
5635	consume the wine pursuant to the applicable restrictions contained in Subsection
5636	32A-4-106(14), 32A-4-307(14), <u>32A-4a-305(22)</u> , or 32A-5-107[ <del>(31);</del> ] <u>(18).</u>

5637	(b) $[a]$ A passenger of a limousine may bring onto, have, and consume $[any]$ an
5638	alcoholic beverage on the limousine if:
5639	(i) the travel of the limousine begins and ends at:
5640	(A) the residence of the passenger;
5641	(B) the hotel of the passenger, if the passenger is a registered guest of the hotel; or
5642	(C) the temporary domicile of the passenger; and
5643	(ii) the driver of the limousine is separated from the passengers by partition or other
5644	means approved by the department[;].
5645	(c) $[a]$ A passenger of a chartered bus may bring onto, have, and consume $[any]$ an
5646	alcoholic beverage on the chartered bus:
5647	(i) (A) but may consume only during travel to a specified destination of the chartered
5648	bus and not during travel back to the place where the travel begins; or
5649	(B) if the travel of the chartered bus begins and ends at:
5650	(I) the residence of the passenger;
5651	(II) the hotel of the passenger, if the passenger is a registered guest of the hotel; or
5652	(III) the temporary domicile of the passenger; and
5653	(ii) the chartered bus has a nondrinking designee other than the driver traveling on the
5654	chartered bus to monitor consumption[; and].
5655	(d) $[a]$ A person may bring onto any premises, have, and consume $[any]$ an alcoholic
5656	beverage at a privately hosted event that is not open to the general public.
5657	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(i)(A), the consumption of <u>an</u> alcoholic
5658	[beverages in limousines and chartered buses] beverage in a limousine or chartered bus is not
5659	allowed if the limousine or chartered bus drops off [passengers at locations from which they
5660	depart in private vehicles] a passenger at a location from which the passenger departs in a
5661	<u>private vehicle</u> .
5662	Section 56. Section 32A-12-219 is amended to read:
5663	32A-12-219. Unlawful adulteration Licensing tampering.
5664	(1) For purposes of this section, "tamper" means to do one or more of the following to
5665	the contents of a package:
5666	(a) fortify;
5667	(b) adulterate:

5668	(c) contaminate;
5669	(d) dilute;
5670	(e) change its character or purity; or
5671	(f) otherwise change.
5672	(2) A person may not, for any purpose, mix or allow to be mixed [any drug, methylic
5673	alcohol, any crude, unrectified, or impure form of ethylic alcohol, or any other deleterious
5674	substance or liquid] with an alcoholic beverage sold or supplied by the person as a beverage[-]
5675	any of the following:
5676	(a) a drug:
5677	(b) methylic alcohol;
5678	(c) a crude, unrectified, or impure form of ethylic alcohol; or
5679	(d) another deleterious substance.
5680	(3) (a) The following may not engage in an act listed in Subsection (3)(b):
5681	(i) a retail licensee;
5682	(ii) a permittee;
5683	(iii) a package agent;
5684	(iv) a beer wholesaler;
5685	(v) a supplier;
5686	(vi) an importer; or
5687	(vii) a warehouser.
5688	(b) A person listed in Subsection (3)(a) may not:
5689	(i) tamper with the contents of a package of alcoholic beverage as originally marketed
5690	by a manufacturer;
5691	(ii) refill or partly refill with any substance the contents of an original package of
5692	alcoholic beverage as originally marketed by a manufacturer;
5693	(iii) misrepresent the brand of an alcoholic beverage sold or offered for sale; or
5694	(iv) sell or serve a brand of alcoholic beverage that is not the same as that ordered by a
5695	purchaser without first advising the purchaser of the difference.
5696	Section 57. Section <b>32A-12-222</b> is amended to read:
5697	32A-12-222. Unlawful dispensing.
5698	(1) For purposes of this section:

5699	(a) "primary spirituous liquor" means the main distilled spirit in a beverage; and
5700	(b) "primary spirituous liquor" does not include a secondary alcoholic product used as
5701	a flavoring in conjunction with the primary distilled spirit in the beverage.
5702	(2) A licensee licensed under this title to sell, serve, or otherwise furnish spirituous
5703	liquor for consumption on the licensed premises, or an officer, manager, employee, or agent of
5704	the licensee may not:
5705	(a) sell, serve, dispense, or otherwise furnish a primary spirituous liquor to a person or
5706	the licensed premises except in a quantity that does not exceed 1.5 ounces per beverage
5707	dispensed through a calibrated metered dispensing system approved by the department;
5708	(b) sell, serve, dispense, or otherwise furnish more than a total of 2.5 ounces of
5709	spirituous liquor per beverage;
5710	(c) allow $[any]$ a person on the licensed premises to have more than a total of 2.5
5711	ounces of spirituous liquor at a time;
5712	(d) allow [any] a person on the premises of the following to have more than one
5713	spirituous liquor beverage at a time:
5714	(i) a restaurant liquor licensee;
5715	(ii) an on-premise banquet licensee; [or]
5716	(iii) one of the following sublicenses of a resort license:
5717	(A) a restaurant sublicense; or
5718	(B) a limited restaurant sublicense; or
5719	[(iii)] (iv) a single event permittee; or
5720	(e) allow [any] a person to have more than two spirituous liquor beverages at a time in
5721	violation of:
5722	(i) Subsection 32A-4-206(2)(d); [or]
5723	(ii) Subsection 32A-4a-305(10)(c)(ii); or
5724	$[\frac{\text{(ii)}}{\text{(iii)}}]$ Subsection 32A-5-107 $[\frac{\text{(20)}}{\text{(1)}}]$ (d).
5725	(3) A violation of this section is a class C misdemeanor.
5726	Section 58. Section <b>32A-12-301</b> is amended to read:
5727	32A-12-301. Operating without a license or permit.
5728	(1) (a) A person may not operate the following businesses without first obtaining a
5729	license under this title if the business allows a [patron, customer, member, guest, visitor, or

5730	other person] person described in Subsection (1)(b) to purchase or consume an alcoholic
5731	beverage on the premises of the business:
5732	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> a restaurant;
5733	[ <del>(b)</del> ] <u>(ii)</u> an airport lounge;
5734	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> a [ <del>private</del> ] club <u>license;</u>
5735	(iv) a resort;
5736	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(v)</u> an on-premise beer retailer outlet;
5737	[ <del>(e)</del> ] <u>(vi)</u> on-premise banquet premises; or
5738	[(f)] (vii) a business similar to one listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through [(e)] (vi).
5739	(b) Subsection (1)(a) applies if one of the following is allowed to purchase or consume
5740	an alcoholic beverage on the premises of the business:
5741	(i) a patron;
5742	(ii) a customer;
5743	(iii) a member;
5744	(iv) a guest;
5745	(v) a resident of a resort;
5746	(vi) a holder of a customer card under Chapter 4a, Part 3, Resort Spa Sublicense; or
5747	(vii) an invitee.
5748	(2) A person conducting an event or function that is open to the general public may not
5749	directly or indirectly sell, offer to sell, or otherwise furnish an alcoholic beverage to a person
5750	attending the event or function without first obtaining a permit under this title.
5751	(3) A person conducting a privately hosted event or private social function may not
5752	directly or indirectly sell or offer to sell an alcoholic beverage to a person attending the
5753	privately hosted event or private social function without first obtaining a permit under this title.
5754	(4) A person may not operate the following businesses without first obtaining a license
5755	under this title:
5756	(a) a winery manufacturer;
5757	(b) a distillery manufacturer;
5758	(c) a brewery manufacturer;
5759	(d) a local industry representative of:
5760	(i) a manufacturer of an alcoholic beverage;

5761	(ii) a supplier of an alcoholic beverage; or
5762	(iii) an importer of an alcoholic beverage;
5763	(e) a liquor warehouser; or
5764	(f) a beer wholesaler.
5765	(5) A person may not operate a public conveyance in this state without first obtaining a
5766	public service permit under this title if that public conveyance allows a person to purchase or
5767	consume an alcoholic beverage or alcoholic product:
5768	(a) on the public conveyance; or
5769	(b) on the premises of a hospitality room located with a depot, terminal, or similar
5770	facility at which a service is provided to a patron of the public conveyance.
5771	Section 59. Section 32A-14a-102 is amended to read:
5772	32A-14a-102. Liability for injuries and damage resulting from distribution of
5773	alcoholic beverages Causes of action Statute of limitations Employee protections.
5774	(1) (a) Except as provided in Section 32A-14a-103, a person described in Subsection
5775	(1)(b) is liable for:
5776	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
5777	(A) any third person; or
5778	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78B-3-105, of that third person; or
5779	(ii) for the death of a third person.
5780	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (1)(a) if:
5781	(i) the person directly gives, sells, or otherwise provides an alcoholic beverage:
5782	(A) to a person described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); and
5783	(B) as part of the commercial sale, storage, service, manufacture, distribution, or
5784	consumption of alcoholic products;
5785	(ii) those actions cause the intoxication of:
5786	(A) any individual under the age of 21 years;
5787	(B) any individual who is apparently under the influence of intoxicating alcoholic
5788	products or drugs;
5789	(C) any individual whom the person furnishing the alcoholic beverage knew or should
5790	have known from the circumstances was under the influence of intoxicating alcoholic
5791	beverages or products or drugs; or

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5792	(D) any individual who is a known interdicted person; and
5793	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (1)(a) results from the intoxication of
5794	the individual who is provided the alcoholic beverage.
5795	(2) (a) A person 21 years of age or older who is described in Subsection (2)(b) is liable
5796	for:
5797	(i) any and all injury and damage, except punitive damages to:
5798	(A) any third person; or
5799	(B) the heir, as defined in Section 78B-3-105, of that third person; or
5800	(ii) for the death of the third person.
5801	(b) A person is liable under Subsection (2)(a) if:
5802	(i) that person directly gives or otherwise provides an alcoholic beverage to an
5803	individual who the person knows or should have known is under the age of 21 years;
5804	(ii) those actions caused the intoxication of the individual provided the alcoholic
5805	beverage;
5806	(iii) the injury or death described in Subsection (2)(a) results from the intoxication of
5807	the individual who is provided the alcoholic beverage; and
5808	(iv) the person is not liable under Subsection (1), because the person did not directly
5809	give or provide the alcoholic beverage as part of the commercial sale, storage, service,
5810	manufacture, distribution, or consumption of alcoholic products.
5811	(3) Except for a violation of Subsection (2), an employer is liable for the actions of its
5812	employees in violation of this chapter.
5813	(4) A person who suffers an injury under Subsection (1) or (2) has a cause of action
5814	against the person who provided the alcoholic beverage in violation of Subsection (1) or (2).
5815	(5) If a person having rights or liabilities under this chapter dies, the rights or liabilities
5816	provided by this chapter survive to or against that person's estate.
5817	(6) The total amount that may be awarded to any person pursuant to a cause of action
5818	for injury and damage under this chapter that arises after [January 1, 1998] January 1, 2010, is
5819	limited to [\$500,000] \$1,000,000 and the aggregate amount which may be awarded to all
5820	persons injured as a result of one occurrence is limited to [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000.
5821	(7) An action based upon a cause of action under this chapter shall be commenced

within two years after the date of the injury and damage.

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5823 (8) (a) Nothing in this chapter precludes any cause of action or additional recovery 5824 against the person causing the injury. 5825 (b) Any cause of action or additional recovery against the person causing the injury and 5826 damage, which action is not brought under this chapter, is exempt from the damage cap in 5827 Subsection (6). 5828 (c) Any cause of action brought under this chapter is exempt from Sections 78B-5-817 5829 through 78B-5-823. 5830 (9) This section does not apply to a business licensed under Chapter 10, Part 1, General 5831 Provisions, to sell beer at retail only for off-premise consumption. 5832 Section 60. Section **32A-14a-103** is amended to read: 5833 32A-14a-103. Employee protected in exercising judgment. (1) An employer may not sanction or terminate the employment of an employee of a 5834 5835 restaurant, airport lounge, [private] on-premise banquet licensee, resort, club licensee, 5836 on-premise beer retailer, or any other establishment serving an alcoholic [beverages] beverage 5837 as a result of the employee having exercised the employee's independent judgment to refuse to 5838 sell an alcoholic [beverages] beverage to [any] a person the employee considers to meet one or 5839 more of the conditions described in Subsection 32A-14a-102(1). (2) [Any] An employer who terminates an employee or imposes sanctions on the 5840 5841 employee contrary to this section is considered to have discriminated against that employee and 5842 is subject to the conditions and penalties set forth in Title 34A, Chapter 5, Utah 5843 Antidiscrimination Act. Section 61. Section **53-10-305** is amended to read: 5844 5845 53-10-305. Duties of bureau chief. 5846 The bureau chief, with the consent of the commissioner, shall do the following: 5847 (1) conduct in conjunction with the state boards of education and higher education in 5848 state schools, colleges, and universities, an educational program concerning alcoholic products, 5849 and work in conjunction with civic organizations, churches, local units of government, and 5850 other organizations in the prevention of alcoholic product and drug violations; 5851 (2) coordinate law enforcement programs throughout the state and accumulate and

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disseminate information related to the prevention, detection, and control of violations of this

chapter and Title 32A, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as it relates to storage or consumption

5854	of alcoholic beverages on premises maintained by [social clubs, recreational, athletic, and
5855	kindred associations] a club licensee, or a person required to be licensed as a club licensee, as
5856	defined in Section 32A-1-105;
5857	(3) make inspections and investigations as required by the commission and the
5858	Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control;
5859	(4) perform other acts as may be necessary or appropriate concerning control of the use
5860	of alcoholic beverages and products and drugs; and
5861	(5) make reports and recommendations to the Legislature, the governor, the
5862	commissioner, the commission, and the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control as may be
5863	required or requested.
5864	Section 62. Repealer.
5865	This bill repeals:
5866	Section 32A-12-218, Unlawful labeling or lack of label.
5867	Section 63. Study of penalties for violations related to minors.
5868	(1) As used in this section:
5869	(a) "Commission" means the Alcoholic Beverage Commission created in Section
5870	<u>32A-1-106.</u>
5871	(b) "Violation related to a minor" means a violation under Title 32A, Alcoholic
5872	Beverage Control Act, that is, in whole or in part, based on a licensee, permittee, or an
5873	employee or agent of the licensee or permittee:
5874	(i) selling, serving, or otherwise furnishing an alcoholic product to a minor;
5875	(ii) purchasing or otherwise obtaining an alcoholic product for a minor;
5876	(iii) permitting a minor to consume an alcoholic product;
5877	(iv) permitting a minor to gain admittance to an area into which a minor is not
5878	permitted under Title 32A, Alcoholic Beverage Control Act; or
5879	(v) offering or providing employment to a minor that under Title 32A, Alcoholic
5880	Beverage Control Act, may not be obtained by a minor.
5881	(2) (a) The commission shall review the penalties imposed by the commission for a
5882	violation related to a minor beginning on January 1, 2005 and ending December 31, 2008.
5883	(b) The commission shall address in its review the following:
5884	(i) trends, if any, in the severity of the penalties;

5885	(ii) circumstances affecting the penalties imposed;
5886	(iii) the purpose and effectiveness of the penalties;
5887	(iv) other issues as determined by the commission; and
5888	(v) whether the commission should recommend legislative action related to the
5889	imposition of a penalty.
5890	(c) The commission shall report its findings and recommendations described in
5891	Subsection (2)(b) to the Business and Labor Interim Committee on or before the October 2009
5892	interim meeting.
5893	Section 64. Effective date.
5894	(1) This bill takes effect on May 12, 2009 except:
5895	(a) the amendments in this bill to the following take effect on July 1, 2009:
5896	(i) Section 32A-5-101;
5897	(ii) Section 32A-5-102, except for Subsection 32A-5-102(1)(j);
5898	(iii) Section 32A-5-103 (Effective 07/01/09);
5899	(iv) Section 32A-5-104;
5900	(v) Section 32A-5-106; and
5901	(vi) Section 32A-5-107;
5902	(b) the amendments in this bill to the following take effect on January 1, 2010:
5903	(i) Section 32A-4-102;
5904	(ii) Section 32A-4-202;
5905	(iii) Section 32A-4-303;
5906	(iv) Section 32A-4-402;
5907	(v) Section 32A-10-202; and
5908	(vi) Section 32A-14a-102 and
5909	(c) Subsection 32A-5-102(1)(j) takes effect on July 1, 2010.
5910	(2) During the 2009 interim, the Business and Labor Interim Committee shall:
5911	(a) study whether or not a club licensee can reasonably obtain dramshop insurance
5912	coverage of the amounts required by the amendments in this bill to Subsection
5913	32A-5-102(1)(j); and
5914	(b) make a recommendation to the Legislature regarding any changes to Subsection
5915	32A-5-102(1)(j) for consideration during the 2010 General Session.

5916	Section 65. Revisor instructions for S.B. 187.
5917	If this S.B. 187 passes, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative
5918	Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah Code database that takes effect July 1,
5919	2009, for publication replace "private club" or "private club licensee" with "club licensee" in
5920	any new language added to the Utah Code by legislation passed during the 2009 General
5921	Session, if the context of the terms clearly indicates that the terms "private club" or "private
5922	club licensee" refer to a private club licensed under Title 32A, Chapter 5.
5923	Section 66. Coordinating S.B. 187 with H.B. 349 Merging amendments.
5924	If this S.B. 187 and H.B. 349, Heavy Beer Amendments, both pass, it is the intent of the
5925	Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in preparing the Utah
5926	Code database for publication:
5927	(1) treat this coordination clause as superseding the coordination clause in H.B. 349
5928	between this bill and H.B. 349;
5929	(2) modify Subsection 32A-4a-305(9)(a) enacted in this bill to read:
5930	"(9)(a) Except as provided in Chapter 11, Part 2, Heavy Beer Wholesaling Act, a person
5931	operating under a resort spa sublicense may not purchase liquor except from a state store or
5932	package agency.";
5933	(3) modify Subsection 32A-4a-305(12) enacted in this bill to read:
5934	"(12)(a) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense may serve heavy beer:
5935	(i) at a price fixed by the commission; and
5936	(ii) (A) in an original container not exceeding one liter; or
5937	(B) subject to Subsection (12)(c):
5938	(I) in an open container; and
5939	(II) on draft.
5940	(b) A flavored malt beverage may be served in an original container not exceeding one
5941	liter at a price fixed by the commission.
5942	(c) A person operating under a resort spa sublicense shall sell heavy beer sold pursuant
5943	to Subsection (12)(a)(ii)(B) in a size of container that does not exceed two liters, except that
5944	heavy beer may not be sold to an individual patron in a size of container that exceeds one liter.
5945	(d) A service charge may be assessed by a person operating under a resort spa
5946	sublicense for heavy beer or a flavored malt beverage purchased at the resort spa sublicense

5947	<u>premises.";</u>
5948	(4) modify Subsection 32A-4a-401(4)(a) enacted in this bill to read:
5949	"(4)(a) Except as provided in Chapter 11, Part 2, Heavy Beer Wholesaling Act, a resort
5950	licensee may not purchase liquor except from a state store or package agency.";
5951	(5) insert into Section 32A-11-202, enacted in H.B. 349, a new Subsection (1)(e) to
5952	read "(e) a resort licensee;" and renumber the remaining subsections of Subsection (1)
5953	accordingly;
5954	(6) modify the Subsection 32A-11-202(1)(e) enacted in H.B. 349, to read "(f) club
5955	licensee;"
5956	(7) modify 32A-11-203, enacted in H.B. 349 as follows:
5957	(a) insert "and" after Subsection (2);
5958	(b) delete Subsection (3); and
5959	(c) renumber Subsection (4) to Subsection (3);
5960	(8) insert into Subsection 32A-12-201(1)(e), as amended H.B. 349, a new Subsection
5961	(1)(e)(v) to read "(v) a resort licensee;" and renumber the remaining subsections of Subsection
5962	(1)(e) accordingly;
5963	(9) modify the Subsection 32A-12-201(1)(e)(v) enacted in H.B. 349 to read "(vi) a club
5964	licensee;";
5965	(10) insert into Subsection 32A-12-201(3)(a)(v), as amended in H.B. 349, a new
5966	Subsection (3)(a)(v)(E) to read "(E) a resort licensee;" and renumber the remaining subsections
5967	of Subsection (3)(a)(v) accordingly; and
5968	(11) modify the Subsection 32A-12-201(3)(a)(v)(E) enacted in H.B. 349 to read "(F) a
5969	club licensee;"; and
5970	(12) have the repeal of Section 32A-12-218 in this bill supersede the amendments to
5971	that section in H.B. 349.

## S.B. 187 1st Sub. (Green) - Alcohol Amendments

## **Fiscal Note**

2009 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enacting this bill reduces Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control current expense and personal service costs by \$950,000 per year. An additional day of operation in a year in which a statewide election occurs will generate profit of approximately \$140,000 for that year, every other year. Additional revenue will be generated from new licensees of \$50,000 in FY 2010 and \$20,000 in FY 2011. Transition credits authorized by the bill will reduce Liquor Control Fund revenue by no more than \$1,090,000. If the statutory credit cap is reached in the first year of implementation (FY 2010) - a year in which no statewide election occurs - the net impact on the Liquor Control Fund would be a loss of \$90,000. This loss would decrease by \$90,000 amounts that are transferred to the General Fund. Once the cap is reached, all new revenue will accrue to the General Fund.

	2009	2010	2011	2009	2010	2011
	Approp.	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$90,000)	\$1,110,000
Liquor Control Fund	\$0	(\$950,000)	(\$950,000)	\$0	(\$050,000)	
Total	\$0	(\$950,000)	(\$950,000)	\$0		\$1,110,000

## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals. Businesses and individuals may be impacted due to changes in the proposed statutes.

3/9/2009, 5:33:57 PM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst