	UTAH LIFE AND HEALTH INSURANCE
	<b>GUARANTY ASSOCIATION AMENDMENTS</b>
	2010 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan
	Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
LON	G TITLE
Comi	mittee Note:
	The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.
Gene	ral Description:
	This bill modifies the Utah Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act to
make	various amendments.
Highl	lighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>addresses the coverage and limitations under the act;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>modifies definition provisions and terminology;</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>directs the commissioner to appoint public members to the board of directors;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>addresses provisions related to the powers and duties under the act;</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>adds additional requirements for a plan of operation;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>modifies reporting requirements of the commissioner;</li></ul>
	<ul><li>modifies time frames under the act; and</li></ul>
	makes technical and conforming amendments.
Moni	es Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Other	r Special Clauses:
	None



28	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
29	AMENDS:
30	31A-28-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 116 and 161
31	<b>31A-28-105</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
32	<b>31A-28-107</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
33	<b>31A-28-108</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 309
34	31A-28-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 116 and 161
35	<b>31A-28-110</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
36	<b>31A-28-111</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
37	<b>31A-28-112</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
38	<b>31A-28-114</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 250
39	31A-28-118, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 211
40	<b>31A-28-119</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
41	<b>31A-28-120</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
42	
43	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
44	Section 1. Section 31A-28-103 is amended to read:
45	31A-28-103. Coverage and limitations.
46	
	(1) (a) This part provides coverage for [the policies and contracts] a policy or contract
47	(1) (a) This part provides coverage for [the policies and contracts] a policy or contract specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:
47 48	
	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:
48	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii)
48 49	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a
48 49 50	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract; or
48 49 50 51	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract; or  (ii) an owner of or a certificate holder under a policy or contract, other than an
48 49 50 51 52	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract; or  (ii) an owner of or a certificate holder under a policy or contract, other than an unallocated annuity contract or structured settlement annuity, if the owner or certificate holder
48 49 50 51 52 53	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract; or  (ii) an owner of or a certificate holder under a policy or contract, other than an unallocated annuity contract or structured settlement annuity, if the owner or certificate holder is:
48 49 50 51 52 53 54	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract; or  (ii) an owner of or a certificate holder under a policy or contract, other than an unallocated annuity contract or structured settlement annuity, if the owner or certificate holder is:  (A) a resident of Utah; or
48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55	specified in Subsection (2) to a person who is:  (i) a beneficiary, assignee, or payee of a person covered by Subsection (1)(a)(ii) regardless of where that person resides, except for a nonresident certificate holder under a group policy or contract; or  (ii) an owner of or a certificate holder under a policy or contract, other than an unallocated annuity contract or structured settlement annuity, if the owner or certificate holder is:  (A) a resident of Utah; or  (B) not a resident of Utah, but only if:

59	(III) the person is not eligible for coverage by an association in any other state because
60	the insurer was not licensed in the state at the time specified in the state's guaranty association's
61	law.
62	(b) For an unallocated annuity contract specified in Subsection (2):
63	(i) [Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii) do] Subsection (1)(a) does not apply; and
64	(ii) except as provided in Subsections (1)(d) and (1)(e), this part [shall provide]
65	provides coverage for the unallocated annuity contract specified in Subsection (2) to a person
66	who is:
67	(A) the owner of the unallocated annuity contract if the contract is issued to or in
68	connection with a specific benefit plan whose plan sponsor has its principal place of business
69	in this state; and
70	(B) an owner of an unallocated annuity contract issued to or in connection with a
71	government lottery if the owner is a resident.
72	(c) For a structured settlement annuity specified in Subsection (2):
73	(i) [Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii) do] Subsection (1)(a) does not apply; and
74	(ii) except as provided in Subsections (1)(d) and (1)(e), this part [shall provide]
75	provides coverage for the structured settlement annuity specified in Subsection (2) to a person
76	who is a payee under a structured settlement annuity, or beneficiary of a payee if the payee is
77	deceased, if the payee:
78	(A) is a resident, regardless of where the contract owner resides; or
79	(B) is not a resident, but only if [the] one or more of the contract [owner] owners of the
80	structured settlement annuity is a resident, or [the] no contract owner of the structured
81	settlement annuity is [not] a resident, but:
82	(I) the insurer that issued the structured settlement annuity is domiciled in this state;
83	(II) the state in which the contract owner resides has an association similar to the
84	association created by this part; and
85	(III) the payee, beneficiary, or the contract owner is not eligible for coverage by the
86	association of the state in which the payee or contract owner resides.
87	(d) This part may not provide coverage for [the policies and contracts] a policy or
88	contract specified in Subsection (2) to:

(i) a person who is a payee or beneficiary of a contract owner resident of this state, if

90 the payee or beneficiary is afforded any coverage by the association of another state; or 91 (ii) a person covered under Subsection (1)(b), if any coverage is provided to the person 92 by the association of another state. 93 (e) (i) This part provides coverage for a policy or contract specified in Subsection (2) to 94 a person who is a resident of this state and, in special circumstances, to a nonresident. 95 (ii) To avoid duplicate coverage, if a person who would otherwise receive coverage 96 under this part is provided coverage under the laws of any other state, the person may not be 97 provided coverage under this part. 98 (iii) In determining the application of this Subsection (1)(e) [in situations where] when 99 a person could be covered by the association of more than one state, whether as an owner, 100 payee, beneficiary, or assignee, this part shall be construed in conjunction with other state laws 101 to result in coverage by only one association. 102 (2) (a) (i) Except as limited by this part, this part provides coverage to [the persons] a 103 person specified in Subsection (1) for: 104 (A) a direct, nongroup life, accident and health, or annuity policy or contract; 105 (B) a supplemental contract to a policy or contract described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 106 (C) a certificate under a direct group policy or contract; and 107 (D) an unallocated annuity contract issued by a member insurer. 108 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(i), an annuity contract and a certificate under a 109 group annuity contract includes: 110 (A) a guaranteed investment contract; 111 (B) a deposit administration contract; 112 (C) an unallocated funding agreement; 113 (D) an allocated funding agreement; 114 [(D)] (E) a structured settlement annuity; 115 [(E)] (F) an annuity issued to or in connection with a government lottery; and 116 [<del>(F)</del>] (G) an immediate or deferred annuity contract. 117 (b) This part does not provide coverage for: 118 (i) a portion of a policy or contract: 119 (A) not guaranteed by the insurer; or

(B) under which the risk is borne by the policy or contract owner;

121	(ii) a policy or contract of reinsurance, unless:
122	(A) an assumption certificate is issued before the coverage date;
123	(B) the assumption certificate required by Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A) is in effect pursuant
124	to the reinsurance policy or contract; and
125	(C) the reinsurance contract is approved by the appropriate regulatory authorities; [or]
126	(iii) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the rate of interest on which it is
127	based or the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor determined by use of an index or other
128	external reference stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating returns or changes in
129	value, if the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor:
130	(A) is not excluded from coverage by Subsection $(2)(b)[\frac{(xii)}{(xii)}](xi)$ ; [and]
131	(B) averaged over the period of four years [prior to] before the date on which the
132	association becomes obligated with respect to the policy or contract, exceeds a rate of interest
133	determined by subtracting two percentage points from Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average
134	averaged:
135	(I) for that same four-year period; or
136	(II) for the corresponding lesser period if the policy or contract was issued less than
137	four years before the association became obligated; and
138	(C) exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting three percentage points from
139	Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average as most recently available as determined on or after
140	the earlier of the day on which the member insurer becomes:
141	(I) an impaired insurer under this part; or
142	(II) an insolvent insurer under this part;
143	(iv) a portion of a policy or contract issued to a plan or program of an employer,
144	association, or other person to provide life, accident and health, or annuity benefits to its
145	employees, members, or others, to the extent that the plan or program is self-funded or
146	uninsured, including benefits payable by an employer, association, or other person under:
147	(A) a multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1144;
148	(B) a minimum premium group insurance plan;
149	(C) a stop-loss group insurance plan; or
150	(D) an administrative services only contract;
151	(v) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that it provides:

152	(A) a dividend;
153	(B) an experience rating credit;
154	(C) voting rights; or
155	(D) payment of a fee or allowance to any person, including the policy or contract
156	owner, in connection with the service to or administration of the policy or contract;
157	[(vi) a policy or contract issued in this state by a member insurer at a time when:]
158	[(A) it was not licensed; or]
159	[(B) did not have a certificate of authority to issue the policy or contract in this state;]
160	[(vii)] (vi) an unallocated annuity contract issued to or in connection with a benefit plan
161	protected under the federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, regardless of whether the
162	federal Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation has yet become liable to make any payment with
163	respect to the benefit plan;
164	[(viii)] (vii) a portion of an unallocated annuity contract that is not issued to or in
165	connection with:
166	(A) a specific benefit plan of:
167	(I) employees;
168	(II) a union; or
169	(III) an association of natural persons; or
170	(B) a government lottery;
171	[(ix)] (viii) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent that the assessment required
172	by Section 31A-28-109 that applies to the policy or contract is preempted by federal or state
173	law;
174	[(x)] (ix) an obligation that does not arise under the express written terms of the policy
175	or contract issued by an insurer to the contract owner or policy owner, including:
176	(A) a claim based on marketing materials;
177	(B) a claim based on [documents that are] a side letter, rider, or other document that is
178	issued by the insurer without meeting applicable policy form filing or approval requirements;
179	(C) a misrepresentation regarding a policy benefit;
180	(D) an extra-contractual claim;
181	(E) a claim for penalties; or
182	(F) a claim for consequential or incidental damages;

183	[(xi)] (x) a contract that establishes the member insurer's obligations to provide a book
184	value accounting guaranty for defined contribution benefit plan participants by reference to a
185	portfolio of assets that is owned by a person that is:
186	(A) (I) the benefit plan; or
187	(II) the benefit plan's trustee; and
188	(B) not an affiliate of the member insurer; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{and}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
189	[(xii)] (xi) a portion of a policy or contract to the extent it provides for interest or other
190	changes in value:
191	(A) to be determined by the use of an index or other external reference stated in the
192	policy or contract; and
193	(B) (I) that have not been credited to the policy or contract; or
194	(II) as to which the policy or contract owner's rights are subject to forfeiture as of the
195	date the member insurer becomes an impaired or insolvent insurer under this part $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [:]$ ; and
195a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{(x)}] (\underline{xii}) \leftarrow \hat{S}$ a policy providing hospital, medical, prescription drug, or other health care benefit
195b	pursuant to United States Code, Title 42, Subchapter XVIII, Chapter 7, Part C or D, or federal
195c	regulations issued under Part C or D. ←Ĥ
196	(3) Subject to Subsection (4), the benefits for which the association may become liable
197	may not exceed the lesser of:
198	(a) the contractual obligations for which the insurer is liable or would have been liable
199	if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer;
200	(b) with respect to one life, regardless of the number of policies or contracts:
201	(i) for a life insurance policy:
202	(A) if the insured died before the coverage date, \$500,000 of the death benefit;
203	(B) if the insurer received a valid request for cash surrender before the coverage date
204	but has not paid the cash surrender value before the coverage date, $\hat{H} \rightarrow [f]$ \$200,000 [f]
204a	[ <del>\$250,000</del> ] <b>←</b> Ĥ of
205	cash surrender benefits; or
206	(C) if neither Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A) nor (B) apply, the covered portion of each benefit
207	provided under the policy;
208	(ii) for an annuity contract, the covered portion of each benefit provided under the
209	contract;
210	(iii) for an accident and health policy:
211	(A) classified as health insurance, \$500,000; or
212	(B) not classified as health insurance, the covered portion of each benefit provided
213	under the policy;

214	(c) for an individual, or a beneficiary of that individual if the individual is deceased,
215	participating in a governmental retirement plan established under Section 401, 403(b), or 457,
216	Internal Revenue Code, covered by an unallocated annuity contract, in the aggregate,
217	[\$200,000] \$250,000 in present value of annuity benefits, including:
218	(i) net cash surrender; and
219	(ii) net cash withdrawal values; or
220	(d) for a payee of a structured settlement annuity or a beneficiary of the payee if the
221	payee is deceased, the limits set forth in Subsection (3)(b).
222	(4) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) through (d), the association may not be
223	obligated to cover more than:
224	(a) an aggregate of \$500,000 in benefits for any one life under:
225	(i) Subsection (3)(b)(i)(A);
226	(ii) Subsection (3)(b)(i)(B);
227	(iii) Subsection (3)(b)(ii); [or] and
228	(iv) Subsection (3)(b)(iii)(B);
229	(b) \$5,000,000 in benefits for one owner of multiple nongroup policies of life
230	insurance:
231	(i) whether the policy owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person;
232	(ii) whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or other persons;
233	and
234	(iii) regardless of the number of policies and contracts held by the owner; and
235	(c) \$5,000,000 in benefits, regardless of the number of contracts held by the contract
236	owner or plan sponsor, for:
237	(i) one contract owner provided coverage under Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(B); or
238	(ii) one plan sponsor whose plans own, directly or in trust, one or more unallocated
239	annuity contracts not included in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
240	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(c) and except as provided in Subsection (5)(b),
241	the association shall provide coverage if one or more unallocated annuity contracts are:
242	(i) covered contracts under this part;
243	(ii) owned by a trust or other entity for the benefit of two or more plan sponsors; and
244	(iii) the largest interest in the trust or entity owning the contract or contracts is held by

a plan sponsor whose principal place of business is in the state.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a) the association may not be obligated to cover more than \$5,000,000 in benefits with respect to [all] the unallocated contracts described in Subsection (5)(a).
- (6) (a) The limitations set forth in Subsections (3) and (4) are limitations on the benefits for which the association is obligated before taking into account:
  - (i) the association's subrogation and assignment rights; or
- (ii) the extent to which those benefits could be provided out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies.
- (b) The costs of the association's obligations under this part may be met by the use of assets:
  - (i) attributable to covered policies, as described in Subsection 31A-28-114(3)(c); or
- (ii) reimbursed to the association pursuant to the association's subrogation and assignment rights.
  - (c) On and after the date on which the association becomes obligated for [any] a covered policy, the association may not be obligated to provide benefits to the extent that the benefits are based on an interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor determined by use of an index or other external reference stated in the policy or contract employed in calculating returns or changes in value if the interest rate, crediting rate, or similar factor exceeds the rate of interest determined by subtracting three percentage points from Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average as most recently available on each date on which interest is credited or attributed to the covered policy.
  - (d) In performing its obligations to provide coverage under Section 31A-28-108, the association may not be required to guarantee, assume, reinsure, perform, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, reinsured, or performed a contractual obligation of the insolvent or impaired insurer under a covered policy or contract that does not materially affect the economic values or economic benefits of the covered policy or contract.
- Section 2. Section **31A-28-105** is amended to read:
- **31A-28-105. Definitions.**
- As used in this part:
- 275 (1) "Association" means the Utah Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association

276	continued under Section 31A-28-106.
277	(2) (a) "Authorized assessment" or "authorized," when used in the context of
278	assessments, means that the board of directors passed a resolution whereby an assessment will
279	be called immediately or in the future from member insurers for an amount set forth in the
280	resolution.
281	(b) An assessment is authorized when the resolution is passed.
282	(3) "Benefit plan" means a specific benefit plan of:
283	(a) employees;
284	(b) a union; or
285	(c) an association of natural persons.
286	(4) (a) "Called assessment" or "called," when used in the context of assessments,
287	means that the association issued a notice to member insurers requiring that an authorized
288	assessment be paid within the time frame set forth in the notice.
289	(b) All or part of an authorized assessment becomes a called assessment when notice is
290	mailed by the association to member insurers.
291	(5) "Cash surrender value" means the cash surrender value without reduction for an
292	outstanding policy loan or surrender charge.
293	[5] (6) "Contractual obligation" means an obligation under any of the following for
294	which coverage is provided under Section 31A-28-103:
295	(a) a policy or contract;
296	(b) a certificate under a group policy or contract; or
297	(c) a portion of a policy or contract.
298	[(6)] (7) "Coverage date" means the date on which the association becomes responsible
299	for the obligations of a member insurer.
300	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) "Covered policy" means any of the following for which coverage is provided
301	in Section 31A-28-103:
302	(a) a policy or contract; or
303	(b) a portion of a policy or contract.
304	[ <del>(8)</del> ] <u>(9)</u> (a) "Covered portion" means:

(i) for [any]  $\underline{a}$  covered policy that has a cash surrender value, a fraction [any]

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dividing calculated with:

307	(A) the numerator being the lesser of:
308	(I) $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{(Aa)}$ [f] \$200,000 [f] for a life insurance policy; and
	(Bb) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} = \frac{\$250,000}{\$250,000}  \hat{\mathbf{H}} \Rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{for a covered policy that is not a life insurance policy}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}  ; \text{ or }  $
309	(II) the cash surrender value of the policy; [by] and
310	(B) the denominator being the cash surrender value of the policy; and
311	(ii) for [any] a covered policy that does not have a cash surrender value, a fraction
312	[obtained by dividing] calculated with:
313	(A) the numerator being the lesser of:
314	(I) $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{(Aa)}$ [f] \$200,000 [f] for a life insurance policy; or
314a	(Bb) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ \$250,000 $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \hat{\mathbf{for}}$ a covered policy that is not a life insurance policy $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ ; or
315	(II) the policy's minimum statutory reserve; [by] and
316	(B) the denominator being the policy's minimum statutory reserve.
317	(b) The cash surrender value and the minimum statutory reserve are determined as of
318	the coverage date in accordance with the exclusions in Subsection 31A-28-103(2)(b)(iii).
319	[(9)] (10) "Extra-contractual claim" includes a claim relating to:
320	(a) bad faith in the payment of a claim;
321	(b) punitive or exemplary damages; or
322	(c) [attorneys'] attorney fees and costs.
323	[(10)] (11) "Impaired insurer" means a member insurer that is not an insolvent insurer
324	and:
325	(a) is considered by the commissioner to be hazardous pursuant to this title; or
326	(b) is placed under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of competent
327	jurisdiction.
328	[(11)] (12) "Insolvent insurer" means a member insurer that is placed under an order of
329	liquidation by a court of competent jurisdiction with a finding of insolvency.
330	[(12)] (13) (a) "Member insurer" means [a person that: (i) is an insurer; and (ii)] an
331	insurer that holds a certificate of authority to transact in this state any kind of insurance for
332	which coverage is provided under Section 31A-28-103.
333	(b) "Member insurer" includes an insurer whose license or certificate of authority in
334	this state may have been:
335	(i) suspended;
336	(ii) revoked;
337	(iii) not renewed: or

338	(iv) voluntarily withdrawn.
339	(c) "Member insurer" does not include:
340	(i) a for-profit or nonprofit:
341	(A) hospital;
342	(B) hospital service organization; or
343	(C) medical service organization;
344	[(ii)] (iii) a health maintenance organization;
345	[(iii)] (iii) a fraternal benefit society;
346	[(iii)] (vi) a mandatory state pooling plan;
347	[(iv)] $(v)$ a mutual assessment company or other person that operates on an assessment
348	basis;
349	[(vi)] (vi) an insurance exchange; [or]
350	(vii) an organization described in Subsection 31A-22-1305(2); or
351	[(vi)] (viii) an entity similar to an entity described in Subsections $[(12)]$ (13)(c)(i)
352	through [ <del>(v)</del> ] <u>(vii)</u> .
353	[(13)] (14) "Moody's Corporate Bond Yield Average" means the Monthly Average
354	Corporates as published by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or any successor to Moody's
355	Investors Service, Inc.
356	[(14)] (15) (a) "Owner" of a policy or contract, "policy owner," or "contract owner"
357	means [the] <u>a</u> person who:
358	(i) is identified as the legal owner under the terms of the policy or contract; or
359	(ii) is otherwise vested with legal title to the policy or contract through a valid
360	assignment:
361	(A) completed in accordance with the terms of the policy or contract; and
362	(B) properly recorded as the owner on the books of the insurer.
363	(b) "Owner," "policy owner," or "contract owner" does not include a person with only a
364	beneficial interest in a policy or contract.
365	[ <del>(15)</del> ] <u>(16)</u> "Person" means [ <del>any</del> ]:
366	(a) <u>an</u> individual;
367	(b) <u>a</u> corporation;
368	(c) <u>a</u> limited liability company;

369	(d) <u>a</u> partnership;
370	(e) <u>an</u> association;
371	(f) <u>a</u> governmental body or entity; [ $\sigma$ ]
372	(g) a trust; or
373	[ <del>(g)</del> ] (h) a voluntary organization.
374	[ <del>(16)</del> ] <u>(17)</u> "Plan sponsor" means:
375	(a) the employer, in the case of a benefit plan established or maintained by a single
376	employer;
377	(b) the employee organization, in the case of a benefit plan established or maintained
378	by an employee organization; or
379	(c) the association, committee, joint board of trustees, or other similar group of
380	representatives of the parties who establish or maintain a benefit plan, in the case of a benefit
381	plan established or maintained by:
382	(i) two or more employers; or
383	(ii) jointly by:
384	(A) one or more employers; and
385	(B) one or more employee organizations.
386	[(17)] (18) (a) "Premiums" means an amount or consideration received on covered
387	policies or contracts, less:
388	(i) returned:
389	(A) premiums;
390	(B) considerations; and
391	(C) deposits; and
392	(ii) dividends and experience credits.
393	(b) (i) "Premiums" does not include an amount or consideration received for:
394	(A) a policy or contract for which coverage is not provided under Subsection
395	31A-28-103(2); or
396	(B) the portion of a policy or contract for which coverage is not provided under
397	Subsection 31A-28-103(2).
398	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(17)] (18)(b)(i), an assessable premium may not be
399	reduced on account of:

400	(A) Subsection 31A-28-103(2)(b)(iii) relating to interest limitations; and
401	(B) Subsection 31A-28-103(3) relating to limitations for:
402	(I) one individual;
403	(II) any one participant; and
404	(III) any one contract owner.
405	(c) "Premiums" [may] does not include [any] premiums in excess of \$5,000,000:
406	(i) on [any] an unallocated annuity contract not issued under a governmental retirement
407	plan established under Section 401, 403(b), or 457, Internal Revenue Code; or
408	(ii) for multiple nongroup policies of life insurance owned by one owner:
409	(A) whether the policy owner is an individual, firm, corporation, or other person;
410	(B) whether the persons insured are officers, managers, employees, or other persons;
411	and
412	(C) regardless of the number of policies or contracts held by the owner.
413	[(18)] (19) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(18)] (19)(b), "principal place of
414	business" of a plan sponsor or a person other than a natural person means the single state:
415	(i) in which the natural persons who establish policy for the direction, control, and
416	coordination of the operations of the entity as a whole primarily exercise the function; and
417	(ii) determined by the association in its reasonable judgment by considering the
418	following factors:
419	(A) the state in which the primary executive and administrative headquarters of the
420	entity are located;
421	(B) the state in which the principal office of the chief executive officer of the entity is
422	located;
423	(C) the state in which the board of directors, or similar governing person or persons, of
424	the entity conducts the majority of its meetings;
425	(D) the state in which the executive or management committee of the board of
426	directors, or similar governing person, of the entity conducts the majority of its meetings;
427	(E) the state from which the management of the overall operations of the entity is
428	directed; and
429	(F) in the case of a benefit plan sponsored by affiliated companies comprising a
430	consolidated corporation, the state in which the holding company or controlling affiliate has its

431 principal place of business as determined using the factors described in Subsections [(18)] 432 (19)(a)(ii)(A) through (E). 433 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection [(18)] (19)(a), in the case of a plan sponsor, if more 434 than 50% of the participants in the benefit plan are employed in a single state, the state where 435 more than 50% of the participants are employed is considered to be the principal place of 436 business of the plan sponsor. 437 (c) (i) The principal place of business of a plan sponsor of a benefit plan described in 438 Subsection (3) is considered to be the principal place of business of the association, committee, 439 joint board of trustees, or other similar group of representatives of the parties who establish or 440 maintain the benefit plan. 441 (ii) If for a benefit plan described in Subsection (3) there is not a specific or clear 442 designation of a principal place of business under Subsection [(18)] (19)(c)(i), the principal 443 place of business is considered to be the principal place of business of the employer or 444 employee organization that has the largest investment in the benefit plan. (20) "Receiver" means, as the context requires: 445 446 (a) a rehabilitator; 447 (b) a liquidator; 448 (c) an ancillary receiver; or 449 (d) a conservator. 450 [<del>(19)</del>] (21) "Receivership court" means the court in the insolvent or impaired insurer's 451 state having jurisdiction over the conservation, rehabilitation, or liquidation of the insurer. 452 [(20)] (22) (a) "Resident" means a person: 453 (i) to whom a contractual obligation is owed; and 454 (ii) who resides in this state on the earlier of the date a member insurer is an: (A) impaired insurer; or 455 456 (B) insolvent insurer. 457 (b) A person may be a resident of only one state, which in the case of a person other 458 than a natural person [shall be] is where its principal place of business is located. 459 (c) A citizen of the United States that is either a resident of a foreign country or a

association similar to the association created by this part, is considered a resident of the state of

resident of a United States possession, territory, or protectorate that does not have an

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462	domicile of the insurer that issued the policy or contract.	
463	[ <del>(21)</del> ] <u>(23)</u> "State" means:	
464	(a) a state;	
465	(b) the District of Columbia;	
466	(c) Puerto Rico; and	
467	(d) a United States possession, territory, or protectorate.	
468	[(22)] (24) "Structured settlement annuity" means an annuity purchased to fund	
469	periodic payments for a plaintiff or other claimant in payment for personal injury suffered by	
470	the plaintiff or other claimant.	
471	[(23)] (25) "Supplemental contract" means a written agreement entered into for the	
472	distribution of proceeds under a policy or contract for:	
473	(a) life;	
474	(b) accident and health; or	
475	(c) annuity.	
476	[(24)] (26) "Unallocated annuity contract" means an annuity contract or group annuity	
477	certificate that is not issued to and owned by an individual, except to the extent of any annuity	
478	benefits guaranteed to an individual by an insurer under the contract or certificate.	
479	Section 3. Section 31A-28-107 is amended to read:	
480	31A-28-107. Board of directors.	
481	(1) (a) The board of directors of the association shall consist of:	
482	(i) at least five but not more than nine member insurers [serving] who:	
483	(A) subject to Subsection (1)(e), serve terms as established in the plan of operation[7];	
484	<u>and</u>	
485	[(b) (i) The members of the board of directors shall be]	
486	(B) are selected by member insurers, subject to the approval of the commissioner[-];	
487	<u>and</u>	
488	(ii) two public representatives appointed by the commissioner.	
489	(b) (i) The commissioner shall make the appointment of a public representative	
490	coincide with the association's annual meeting at which the association's board of directors is	
491	elected.	
492	(ii) A public representative may not be:	

493	(A) an officer, director, or employee of an insurer; or
494	(B) a person engaged in the business of insurance.
495	(iii) Subject to Subsection (1)(e), a public representative shall serve a term of three
496	<u>years.</u>
497	[(ii)] (c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of the board of directors for any
498	reason[ <del>,</del> ]:
499	(i) if the vacancy is of a member insurer, a replacement may be elected for the
500	unexpired term by a majority vote of the remaining board members, subject to the approval of
501	the commissioner[-]: and
502	(ii) if the vacancy is of a public representative, the commissioner shall appoint a
503	replacement for the unexpired term.
504	[(c)] (d) In approving [selections] a selection or in appointing [members] a member to
505	the board of directors, the commissioner shall consider, among other things, whether all
506	member insurers are fairly represented.
507	[(d)] (e) Notwithstanding [Subsection (1)(a)] Subsections (1)(a) and (b), the
508	commissioner shall, at the time of election [or], reelection, appointment, or reappointment
509	adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of board members are staggered so that
510	approximately half of the board of directors is selected during any two-year period.
511	(2) (a) A member of the board of directors may be reimbursed from the assets of the
512	association for expenses incurred by the member as a member of the board of directors.
513	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), a member of the board of directors may
514	not be compensated by the association for the member's services.
515	Section 4. Section 31A-28-108 is amended to read:
516	31A-28-108. Powers and duties of the association.
517	(1) (a) If a member insurer is an impaired insurer, subject to any conditions imposed by
518	the association that do not impair the contractual obligations of the impaired insurer, the
519	association may [elect to] provide the protections provided by this part [to the policyholders of
520	the impaired insurer].
521	(b) If the association makes the election described in Subsection (1)(a), the association
522	may proceed under one or more of the options described in Subsection (3).
523	(2) If a member insurer is an insolvent insurer, the association shall provide the

524	protections provided by this part [to the policyholders of the insolvent insurer] by electing in its
525	discretion to proceed under one or more of the options in Subsection (3).
526	(3) With respect to the covered portions of covered policies of an impaired or insolvent
527	insurer, the association may:
528	(a) (i) (A) guaranty, assume, or reinsure, or cause to be guaranteed, assumed, or
529	reinsured, the policies or contracts of the insurer; or
530	(B) assure payment of the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer; and
531	(ii) provide [such monies] the money, pledges, guarantees, or other means as are
532	reasonably necessary to discharge such duties; or
533	(b) provide benefits and coverages in accordance with Subsection (4).
534	(4) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the association may:
535	(i) assure payment of benefits for premiums identical to the premiums and benefits,
536	except for terms of conversion and renewability, that would have been payable under the
537	policies or contracts of the insurer, for claims incurred:
538	(A) with respect to group policies:
539	(I) not later than the earlier of the next renewal date under the policies or contracts or
540	45 days after the coverage date; and
541	(II) in no event less than 30 days after the coverage date; or
542	(B) with respect to nongroup policies or contracts:
543	(I) not later than the earlier of the next renewal date, if any, under the policies or
544	contracts or one year from the coverage date; and
545	(II) in no event less than 30 days from the coverage date;
546	(ii) make diligent efforts to [provide 30 days' notice of] notify the following 30 days
547	before any termination of the benefits that are provided [to] under a policy or contract of the
548	<u>insurer</u> :
549	(A) [all] the known insureds or annuitants for nongroup policies and contracts; [or]
550	(B) owners if other than an insured or annuitant; or
551	[(B)] (C) group policy owners for group policies and contracts; and
552	(iii) with respect to nongroup life and accident and health insurance policies and
553	annuities, make available substitute coverage on an individual basis, in accordance with
554	Subsection (4)(b), to each known insured, annuitant, or owner and to each individual formerly

555	insured or formerly an annuitant under a group policy who is not eligible for replacement group
556	coverage on an individual basis in accordance with Subsection (4)(b), if the insured or
557	annuitant had a right under law or the terminated policy or annuity contract to:
558	(A) convert coverage to individual coverage; or
559	(B) continue an individual policy in force until a specified age or for a specified time
560	during which the insurer had:
561	(I) no right unilaterally to make changes in any provision of the policy; or
562	(II) a right only to make changes in premium by class.
563	(b) (i) In providing the substitute coverage required under Subsection (4)(a)(iii), the
564	association may offer to:
565	(A) reissue the terminated coverage; or
566	(B) issue an alternative policy.
567	(ii) An alternative or reissued policy under Subsection (4)(b)(i):
568	(A) shall be offered without requiring evidence of insurability; and
569	(B) may not provide for any waiting period or exclusion that would not have applied
570	under the terminated policy.
571	(iii) The association may reinsure [any] an alternative or reissued policy.
572	(c) (i) An alternative policy adopted by the association [shall be] is subject to the
573	approval of the commissioner.
574	(ii) The association may adopt alternative policies of various types for future issuance
575	without regard to any particular impairment or insolvency.
576	(iii) An alternative policy:
577	(A) shall contain at least the minimum statutory provisions required in this state; and
578	(B) provide benefits that are not unreasonable in relation to the premium charged.
579	(iv) The association shall set the premium for an alternative policy in accordance with
580	a table of rates that the association adopts. The premium shall reflect:
581	(A) the amount of insurance to be provided; and
582	(B) the age and class of risk of each insured.
583	(v) For an alternative policy issued under an individual policy of the impaired or
584	insolvent insurer:

(A) age shall be determined in accordance with the original policy provisions; and

(B) class of risk [shall be] is the class of risk under the original policy.

- (vi) For an alternative policy issued to individuals insured under a group policy:
- (A) age and class of risk shall be determined by the association in accordance with the alternative policy provisions and risk classification standards approved by the commissioner; and
- (B) the premium may not reflect any changes in the health of the insured after the original policy was last underwritten.
- (vii) [Any] An alternative policy issued by the association shall provide coverage of a type similar to that of the policy issued by the impaired or insolvent insurer, as determined by the association.
- (d) If the association elects to reissue terminated coverage at a premium rate different from that charged under the terminated policy, the association shall set the premium [shall be set by the association] in accordance with the amount of insurance provided and the age and class of risk, subject to the approval of the commissioner or by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (e) The association's obligations with respect to coverage under any policy of the impaired or insolvent insurer or under any reissued or alternative policy [shall cease] ceases on the date the coverage or policy is replaced by another similar policy by:
  - (i) the [policyholder] owner;
  - (ii) the insured; or

- (iii) the association.
- (f) (i) With respect to a claim unpaid as of the coverage date and a claim incurred during the period defined in Subsection (4)(a)(i), a provider of health care services, by accepting a payment from the association upon a claim of the provider against an insured whose health care insurer is an insolvent member insurer, agrees to forgive the insured of 20% of the debt which otherwise would be paid by the insurer had it not been insolvent, subject to a maximum of \$8,000 being required to be forgiven by any one provider as to each claimant.
- (ii) The obligations of a solvent insurer to pay all or part of the covered claim are not diminished by the forgiveness provided for in this section.
- (5) When proceeding under Subsection (3)(b) with respect to any policy or contract carrying guaranteed minimum interest rates, the association shall assure the payment or

crediting of a rate of interest consistent with Subsection 31A-28-103(2)(b)(iii).

(6) Nonpayment of premiums within 31 days after the date required under the terms of any guaranteed, assumed, alternative, or reissued policy or contract or substitute coverage [shall terminate] terminates the association's obligations under the policy or coverage under this part with respect to the policy or coverage, except with respect to any claims incurred or any net cash surrender value that may be due in accordance with this part.

- (7) (a) [Premiums] Premium due after the coverage date with respect to the covered portion of a policy or contract of an impaired or insolvent insurer [shall belong to and be] belongs to and is payable at the direction of the association. If a liquidator of an insolvent insurer requests the report, the association shall report to the liquidator the premium collected by the association.
- (b) The association is liable to [the] <u>a</u> policy or contract [owners] <u>owner</u> for unearned premiums due to <u>the</u> policy or contract [owners] <u>owner</u> arising after the coverage date with respect to the covered portion of the policy or contract.
- (8) The protection provided by this part does not apply if any guaranty protection is provided to residents of this state by laws of the domiciliary state or jurisdiction of the impaired or insolvent insurer other than this state.
- (9) In carrying out its duties under [Subsections (1) and] Subsection (2), and subject to approval by a court in this state, the association may:
- (a) impose permanent policy or contract liens in connection with a guarantee, assumption, or reinsurance agreement, if the association finds that:
- (i) the amounts that can be assessed under this part are less than the amounts needed to assure full and prompt performance of the association's duties under this part; or
- (ii) the economic or financial conditions as they affect member insurers are sufficiently adverse to render the imposition of the permanent policy or contract liens to be in the public interest;
- (b) impose temporary moratoriums or liens on payments of cash values and policy loans, or any other right to withdraw funds held in conjunction with policies or contracts, in addition to any contractual provisions for deferral of cash or policy loan value; and
- (c) if the receivership court imposes a temporary moratorium or moratorium charge on payment of cash values or policy loans, or on any other right to withdraw funds held in

conjunction with policies or contracts, out of the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer, defer the payment of cash values, policy loans, or other rights by the association for the period of the moratorium or moratorium charge imposed by the receivership court, except for claims covered by the association to be paid in accordance with a hardship procedure:

- (i) established by the [liquidator or rehabilitator] receiver; and
- (ii) approved by the receivership court.

- (10) (a) A <u>special</u> deposit in this state held pursuant to law or required by the commissioner for the benefit of creditors, including policy owners, that is not turned over to the domiciliary [liquidator] receiver upon the entry of a final order of liquidation or order approving a rehabilitation plan of an insurer domiciled in any state shall be promptly paid to the association.
- (b) Any amount paid under Subsection (10)(a) to the association less the amount retained by the association shall be treated as a distribution of estate assets pursuant to Sections 31A-27a-601, 31A-27a-602, and [31A-27a-702] 31A-27a-701.
- (11) If the association fails to act within a reasonable period of time as provided in this section, the commissioner [shall have] has the powers and duties of the association under this part with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer.
- (12) The association may [render assistance and advice to] <u>assist or advise</u> the commissioner, upon the commissioner's request, concerning:
  - (a) rehabilitation;
  - (b) payment of claims;
  - (c) continuance of coverage; or
- (d) the performance of other contractual obligations of any impaired or insolvent insurer.
  - (13) (a) The association has standing to appear or intervene before a court or agency in this state with jurisdiction over:
  - (i) an impaired or insolvent insurer concerning which the association is or may become obligated under this part; or
  - (ii) any person or property against which the association may have rights through subrogation or otherwise.
    - (b) The standing referred to in Subsection (13)(a) extends to all matters germane to the

powers and duties of the association, including:

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- (i) proposals for reinsuring, modifying, or guaranteeing the policies or contracts of the impaired or insolvent insurer; and
  - (ii) the determination of the policies or contracts and contractual obligations.
- (c) The association has the right to appear or intervene before a court in another state with jurisdiction over:
  - (i) an impaired or insolvent insurer for which the association is or may become obligated; or
  - (ii) any person or property against which the association may have rights through subrogation of the insurer's [policyholders] policyowners.
  - (14) (a) [Any] A person receiving benefits under this part [shall be] is considered to have assigned the rights under, and any causes of action against any person for losses arising under, resulting from, or otherwise relating to the covered policy or contract to the association to the extent of the benefits received because of this part, whether the benefits are payments of, or on account of:
    - (i) contractual obligations;
      - (ii) continuation of coverage; or
    - (iii) provision of substitute or alternative coverages.
  - (b) As a condition precedent to the receipt of any right or benefits conferred by this part upon that person, the association may require an assignment to it of the rights and causes of action described in Subsection (14)(a) by any:
  - (i) payee;
- 701 (ii) policy or contract owner;
- 702 (iii) beneficiary;
- 703 (iv) insured; or
- 704 (v) annuitant.
  - (c) The subrogation rights obtained by the association under this Subsection (14) [shall] have the same priority against the assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer as that possessed by the person entitled to receive benefits under this part.
  - (d) In addition to Subsections (14)(a) through (c), the association has [all] the common law rights of subrogation and any other equitable or legal remedy that would have been

available to the impaired or insolvent insurer or owner, beneficiary, or payee of a policy or contract with respect to the policy or contract, including in the case of a structured settlement annuity any rights of the owner, beneficiary, or payee of the annuity to the extent of benefits received pursuant to this part against a person originally or by succession responsible for the losses arising from the personal injury relating to the annuity or payment of the annuity.

- (e) If a provision of this Subsection (14) is invalid or ineffective with respect to [any] a person or claim for any reason, the amount payable by the association with respect to the related covered obligations shall be reduced by the amount realized by any other person with respect to the person or claim that is attributable to the policies, or portion of the policies, covered by the association.
- (f) If the association has provided benefits with respect to a covered policy and a person recovers amounts as to which the association has rights as described in this Subsection (14), the person shall pay to the association the portion of the recovery attributable to the covered policies.
  - (15) (a) In addition to the rights and powers elsewhere in this part, the association may:
- (i) enter into [contracts that are] <u>a contract that is</u> necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this part;
  - (ii) sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions necessary or proper to:
  - (A) recover any unpaid assessments under Section 31A-28-109; and
  - (B) settle claims or potential claims against the association;
  - (iii) borrow money to effect the purposes of this part;
  - (iv) employ or retain the persons necessary or the appropriate staff members to:
  - (A) handle the financial transactions of the association; and
  - (B) perform other functions as become necessary or proper under this part;
- (v) take necessary or appropriate legal action to avoid or recover payment of improper claims;
- (vi) exercise, for the purposes of this part and to the extent approved by the commissioner, the powers of a domestic life or health insurer, but in no case may the association issue insurance policies or annuity contracts other than those issued to perform its obligation under this part;
  - (vii) request information from a person seeking coverage from the association to aid

741	the association in determining the association's obligations under this part with respect to the
742	person;
743	(viii) take other necessary or appropriate action to discharge the association's duties
744	and obligations under this part or to exercise the association's powers under this part; and
745	(ix) act as a special deputy [liquidator] receiver if appointed by the commissioner.
746	(b) Any note or other evidence of indebtedness of the association under Subsection
747	(15)(a)(iii) that is not in default:
748	(i) is a legal investment for a domestic insurer; and
749	(ii) may be carried as admitted assets.
750	(c) A person seeking coverage from the association shall promptly comply with a
751	request for information by the association under Subsection (15)(a)(vii).
752	(16) The association may join an organization of one or more other state associations
753	of similar purposes to further the purposes and administer the powers and duties of the
754	association.
755	(17) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), at] At any time within [one year]
756	180 days after the coverage date, the association may elect to succeed to the rights and
757	obligations of the member insurer that:
758	(i) accrue on or after the coverage date; and
759	(ii) relate to covered policies under any one or more indemnity reinsurance agreements:
760	(A) entered into by the member insurer as a ceding insurer and its reinsurer; and
761	(B) selected by the association.
762	[(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (17)(a), the association may not exercise an election
763	with respect to a reinsurance agreement if the receiver, rehabilitator, or liquidator of the
764	member insurer has previously and expressly disaffirmed the reinsurance agreement.]
765	[(c) The election described in Subsection (17)(a) shall be effected by a notice to:]
766	[(i) (A) the receiver;]
767	[(B) rehabilitator; or]
768	[ <del>(C) liquidator; and</del> ]
769	[ <del>(ii) the affected reinsurers.</del> ]
770	(b) An election made pursuant to Subsection (17)(a) is effective as of the date of the
771	order of liquidation.

772	(c) The association may make an election described in Subsection (17)(a) by notifying
773	an affected reinsurer in writing, with verification of receipt, through:
774	(i) the association; or
775	(ii) a nationally recognized association representing state guaranty associations that is
776	approved by the commissioner, that provides notice on behalf of the association.
777	(d) The association shall provide a copy of the notice described in Subsection (17)(c) to
778	the receiver.
779	(e) (i) The receiver of an insolvent insurer and each reinsurer of the ceding member
780	insurers shall make available as soon as possible after commencement of formal delinquency
781	proceedings the information described in Subsection (17)(e)(ii) to:
782	(A) the association; or
783	(B) a nationally recognized association representing state guaranty associations that is
784	approved by the commissioner, on behalf of the association.
785	(ii) This Subsection (17)(e) applies to:
786	(A) copies of in-force contracts of reinsurance and the related records relevant to the
787	determination of whether the in-force contracts of reinsurance should be assumed;
788	(B) notices of any default under a reinsurance contract; or
789	(C) any known event or condition that with the passage of time could become a default
790	under a reinsurance contract.
791	$[\frac{d}{d}]$ If the association makes an election under Subsection (17)(a), the association
792	shall comply with Subsections $(17)[(d)](f)(i)$ through $[(vi)]$ (vii) with respect to the agreements
793	selected by the association.
794	(i) For [contracts] a contract covered, in whole or in part, by the association, the
795	association [shall be] is responsible for:
796	(A) [all] the unpaid premiums due under the agreements for periods both before and
797	after the coverage date; and
798	(B) the performance of [all] the other obligations to be performed after the coverage
799	date.
800	(ii) The association may charge [contracts] a contract covered in part by the association
801	the costs for reinsurance in excess of the obligations of the association, through reasonable
802	allocation methods.

803	(iii) The association shall provide notice and an accounting to the receiver of a charge
804	made pursuant to Subsection (17)(f)(ii).
805	[(iii)] (iv) The association is entitled to any amounts payable by the reinsurer under the
806	agreements with respect to [losses or events] a loss or event that:
807	(A) [occur in periods] occurs after the coverage date; and
808	(B) [relate to contracts] relates to a contract covered by the association, in whole or in
809	part.
810	[(iv)] (v) On receipt of any amounts under Subsection $(17)[(d)(iii)](f)(iv)$ , the
811	association shall pay to the beneficiary under the policy or contract on account of which the
812	amounts were paid an amount equal to the [excess] lesser of:
813	(A) the amount received by the association; and
814	(B) the excess of the amount received by the association over the benefits paid or
815	payable by the association on account of the policy or contract <u>less the retention of the insurer</u>
816	applicable to the loss or event.
817	[(v)] (vi) (A) Within 30 days following the association's election, the association and
818	each indemnity reinsurer shall calculate the net balance due to or from the association under
819	each reinsurance agreement as of the date of the association's election, giving full credit to [all]
820	the items paid by either the member insurer, [or] its receiver, [rehabilitator, or liquidator,] or
821	the indemnity reinsurer [during the period between the coverage date and] before the date of
822	the association's election.
823	[(B) Either the association or indemnity reinsurer shall pay the net balance due the
824	other within five days of the completion of the calculation under Subsection (17)(d)(v)(A).]
825	(B) Within five days of the completion of the calculation under Subsection
826	$\underline{(17)(f)(vi)(A)}:$
827	(I) the reinsurer shall pay the receiver the amounts due for a loss or event before the
828	coverage date, subject to any set-off for premiums unpaid for a period before the coverage date;
829	<u>and</u>
830	(II) the association or the reinsurer shall pay any remaining balance due the other.
831	(C) A dispute over an amount due to either party shall be resolved:
832	(I) by arbitration pursuant to the terms of the affected reinsurance contract; or
833	(II) if the reinsurance contract contains no arbitration clause, as otherwise provided by

834	<u>law.</u>
835	[(C)] (D) If the receiver[, rehabilitator, or liquidator has received any amounts]
836	receives an amount due the association pursuant to Subsection (17)[(d)(iii)](f)(iv), the
837	receiver[, rehabilitator, or liquidator] shall remit [the same] that amount to the association as
838	promptly as practicable.
839	[(vi)] (vii) If the association, or the receiver on behalf of the association, within 60
840	days of the election, pays the premiums due for periods both before and after the coverage date
841	that relate to contracts covered by the association, in whole or in part, the reinsurer may not:
842	(A) terminate the reinsurance [agreements] agreement for failure to pay premium, to
843	the extent the [agreements relate to contracts] reinsurance agreement relates to a policy or
844	contract covered by the association, in whole or in part; and
845	(B) set off [any unpaid premium due for periods prior to the coverage date] against
846	amounts due the association[-] an amount due:
847	(I) under another contract; or
848	(II) as an unpaid amount due from a person other than the association.
849	(g) (i) This Subsection (17)(g) applies during the period that:
850	(A) begins on the coverage date; and
851	(B) ends:
852	(I) the election date; or
853	(II) if no election date occurs, 180 days after the coverage date.
854	(ii) During the period described in Subsection (17)(g)(i):
855	(A) neither the association nor the reinsurer have a right or obligation under a
856	reinsurance contract that the association may assume under Subsection (17)(a), whether for a
857	period before or after the coverage date; and
858	(B) the reinsurer, the receiver, and the association, to the extent practicable, shall
859	provide each other data and records reasonably requested.
860	(iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (17)(g)(ii), once the association elects to assume a
861	reinsurance contract, the parties' rights and obligations are governed by Subsections (17)(f)(i)
862	through (vi).
863	(h) If the association does not elect to assume a reinsurance contract by the election
864	date pursuant to Subsection (17)(a), the association has no right or obligation with respect to

865 the reinsurance contract, whether for a period before or after the coverage date. 866 [<del>(e)</del>] (i) An insurer other than the association [<del>shall succeed</del>] succeeds to the rights and 867 obligations of the association under Subsections (17)(a) through [(d)] (f) effective as of the date 868 agreed upon by the association and the other insurer and regardless of whether the association 869 has made the election referred to in Subsections (17)(a) through  $[\frac{d}{d}]$  (f) provided that: 870 (i) the association transfers its obligations to the other insurer; 871 (ii) the association and the other insurer agree to the transfer; (iii) the indemnity reinsurance agreements automatically terminate for new reinsurance 872 873 unless the indemnity reinsurer and the other insurer agree to the contrary; 874 (iv) the obligations described in Subsection  $(17)[\frac{d}{(iv)}](f)(v)$  may not apply on and 875 after the date the indemnity reinsurance agreement is transferred to the third party insurer; 876 [and] 877 (v) the transferring party shall give notice in writing, with verification of receipt, to the 878 affected reinsurer not less than 30 days before the effective date of the transfer; and 879  $[\frac{(v)}{(v)}]$  (vi) this Subsection (17) $[\frac{(e)}{(e)}]$  (i) may not apply if the association has previously 880 expressly determined in writing that the association will not exercise the election referred to in 881 Subsections (17)(a) through  $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$  (f). [(f)] (i) This Subsection (17) supersedes the provisions of any law of this state or of 882 883 any affected reinsurance agreement that provides for or requires any payment of reinsurance 884 proceeds on account of losses or events that occur in periods after the coverage date, to: 885 (A) the receiver[, liquidator, or rehabilitator] of an insolvent member insurer[-]; or 886 (B) another person. 887 (ii) The receiver[, rehabilitator, or liquidator shall remain] is entitled to any amounts 888 payable by the reinsurer under the reinsurance agreement with respect to [losses or events that 889 occur in periods prior to a loss or event that occurs before the coverage date, subject to 890 applicable setoff provisions. 891  $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$  (k) Except as otherwise expressly provided in Subsections (17)(a) through  $\left[\frac{g}{g}\right]$ 892 (i), this Subsection (17) does not:

(i) alter or modify the terms and conditions of [the indemnity] <u>a</u> reinsurance [agreements] agreement of the insolvent member insurer;

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(ii) abrogate or limit [any rights] [of] a right any reinsurer to claim that it is entitled to

896	rescind a reinsurance agreement; [or]
897	(iii) give a policy owner or beneficiary an independent cause of action against [an
898	indemnity] a reinsurer that is not otherwise set forth in the [indemnity] reinsurance
899	agreement[-];
900	(iv) limit or affect the association's rights as a creditor of the estate of an insolvent
901	insurer against the assets of the estate; or
902	(v) apply to a reinsurance agreement that covers property or casualty risks.
903	(18) The board of directors of the association [shall have] has discretion and may
904	exercise reasonable business judgment to determine the means by which the association is to
905	provide the benefits of this part in an economical and efficient manner.
906	(19) If the association [has arranged or offered] arranges or offers to provide the
907	benefits of this part to a covered person under a plan or arrangement that fulfills the
908	association's obligations under this part, the person is not entitled to benefits from the
909	association in addition to or other than those provided under the plan or arrangement.
910	(20) (a) Venue in a suit against the association arising under this part [shall be in] $is$
911	Salt Lake County.
912	(b) The association may not be required to give an appeal bond in an appeal that relates
913	to a cause of action arising under this part.
914	Section 5. Section 31A-28-109 is amended to read:
915	31A-28-109. Assessments.
916	(1) (a) For the purpose of providing the funds necessary to carry out the powers and
917	duties of the association, the board of directors shall assess the member insurers, separately for
918	each class or subclass, at the time and for the amounts that the board of directors finds
919	necessary.
920	(b) Member <u>insurer</u> liability for an assessment is established as of the coverage date.
921	(c) Subject to Subsection (1)(d), a called assessment:
922	(i) is due not less than 30 days after prior written notice to the member insurer; and
923	(ii) shall accrue interest at 10% per annum on and after the due date.
924	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c), the association may:
925	(i) assess the association's members as of the coverage date; and

(ii) defer the collection of the assessment described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).

927	(e) An assessment

- (i) has the force and effect of a judgment lien against the member insurer; and
- (ii) may not be extinguished until paid.
- (2) The two classes of assessment are described in Subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b).
- (a) A Class A assessment shall be authorized and called for the purpose of meeting administrative and legal costs and other expenses. A Class A assessment may be authorized and called whether or not related to a particular impaired or insolvent insurer.
- (b) A Class B assessment shall be authorized and called to the extent necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association under Section 31A-28-108 with regard to an impaired or an insolvent insurer.
  - (3) (a) (i) The amount of a Class A assessment:
  - (A) shall be determined by the board of directors; and
  - (B) may be authorized and called on a pro rata or non-pro rata basis.
- (ii) If the Class A assessment is pro rata, the board of directors may credit the assessment against future Class B assessments.
- (iii) The total of [all] the non-pro rata assessments may not exceed \$300 per member insurer in any one calendar year.
- (b) The amount of a Class B assessment shall be allocated for assessment purposes among subclasses pursuant to an allocation formula that may be based on:
  - (i) the premiums or reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer; or
- (ii) any other standard determined by the board of directors in the board of directors' sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under the circumstances.
- (c) (i) A Class B assessment against a member insurer for the life insurance subclass, the annuity subclass, and the unallocated annuity subclass shall be in the proportion that the premiums received on business in this state by the member insurer on policies or contracts included in the subclass for the three most recent calendar years for which information is available preceding the year which includes the coverage date bears to the premiums received on business in this state for the same period by [all] the assessed member insurers.
- (ii) A Class B assessment against a member insurer for an accident and health insurance subclass shall be in the proportion that the premiums received on business in this state by each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts included in the subclass for the

most recent calendar year for which information is available preceding the year in which the assessment is made bears to the premiums received on business in this state on policies or contracts included in the subclass for that calendar year by [all] the assessed member insurers.

- (d) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer may not be authorized or called until necessary to implement the purposes of this part.
- (e) Classification of assessments and premiums under Subsection (3)(b) and computation of assessments under this Subsection (3) shall be made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that exact determinations may not always be possible.
- (f) The association shall notify each member insurer of its anticipated pro rata share of an authorized assessment not yet called within 180 days after the day on which the assessment is authorized.
- (4) (a) The association may abate or defer, in whole or in part, the assessment of a member insurer if, in the opinion of the board of directors, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations.
- (b) If an assessment against a member insurer is abated or deferred in whole or in part under Subsection (4)(a), the amount by which the assessment is abated or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in this section.
- (c) Once a condition that caused a deferral is removed or rectified, the member insurer shall pay [all] the assessments that were deferred pursuant to a repayment plan approved by the association.
- (5) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (5)(b), the total of [all] the assessments authorized by the association on a member insurer for each subclass may not in any one calendar year exceed 2% of that member's total average annual assessable premium in that subclass as defined in Subsection (3).
- (ii) If two or more assessments are authorized in one calendar year with respect to one or more insurers that become impaired or insolvent in different calendar years, the average annual premiums for purposes of the aggregate assessment percentage limitation in Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be equal and limited to the highest of the total average annual assessable premiums of the different calendar year periods involved in the assessment or assessments.

(iii) If the maximum assessment together with the other assets of the association do not provide in one year an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the necessary additional funds shall be assessed as soon after as permitted by this part.

- (b) The board of directors may provide in the plan of operation a method of allocating funds among claims, whether relating to one or more impaired or insolvent insurers, when the maximum assessment will be insufficient to cover anticipated claims.
- (c) If the maximum assessment for the life insurance or annuity subclass in any one year does not provide an amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the association, the board of directors shall assess the other of the subclasses of the life insurance and annuity class for the necessary additional amount:
  - (i) pursuant to Subsection (3)(b); and
  - (ii) subject to the maximum stated in Subsection (5)(a).
- (6) (a) The board of directors may, by an equitable method established in the plan of operation, refund to member insurers in proportion to the contribution of each insurer to that subclass the amount by which the assets of the subclass exceed the amount the board of directors finds is necessary to carry out the obligations of the association with regard to that subclass, including assets accruing from:
  - (i) assignment;

- (ii) subrogation;
- (iii) net realized gains; and
- (iv) income from investments.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), a reasonable amount may be retained to provide funds for the continuing expenses of the association and for future losses.
- (7) A member insurer, in determining its premium rates and policyowner dividends as to any kind of insurance within the scope of this part, may consider the amount reasonably necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this part.
- (8) (a) The association shall issue to each insurer paying an assessment under this part, other than a Class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a form approved by the commissioner, for the amount of the assessment paid.
- 1018 (b) [All] <u>The</u> outstanding certificates described in Subsection (8)(a) shall be of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue.

1020	(c) (i) A certificate of contribution described in Subsection (8)(a) may be shown by the
1021	insurer in its financial statement as an asset in the amount of the certificate of contribution less
1022	the amount by which the insurer's premium taxes have already been reduced with respect to the
1023	certificate.
1024	(ii) For good cause shown, the commissioner may order the insurer to show a different
1025	amount in its financial statement than the amount under Subsection (8)(c)(i).
1026	(9) (a) The association may request information from a member insurer to aid in the
1027	exercise of the association's power under this part.
1028	(b) A member insurer shall comply promptly with a request of the association under
1029	this Subsection (9).
1030	Section 6. Section 31A-28-110 is amended to read:
1031	31A-28-110. Plan of operation.
1032	(1) (a) The association shall submit to the commissioner a plan of operation and any
1033	amendments to the plan necessary or suitable to assure the fair, reasonable, and equitable
1034	administration of the association.
1035	(b) The plan of operation and any amendments become effective:
1036	(i) upon the commissioner's written approval; or
1037	(ii) after 30 days from the date the plan of operation or amendment is submitted to the
1038	commissioner if the commissioner has not disapproved the plan or amendment.
1039	(c) (i) If the association fails to submit a suitable amendment to the plan, the
1040	commissioner, after notice and hearing, shall adopt reasonable rules that are necessary or
1041	advisable to effectuate the provisions of this part.
1042	(ii) The rules described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) [shall] continue in force until:
1043	(A) modified by the commissioner; or
1044	(B) superseded by an amendment to the plan:
1045	(I) submitted by the association; and
1046	(II) approved by the commissioner.
1047	(2) [All member insurers] A member insurer shall comply with the plan of operation.
1048	(3) The plan of operation shall, in addition to any other requirement in this part:
1049	(a) establish procedures for handling the assets of the association;
1050	(b) establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors

1051	under Section 31A-28-107;
1052	(c) establish regular places and times for meetings of the board of directors, including
1053	telephone conference calls;
1054	(d) establish procedures for records to be kept of [all] the financial transactions of:
1055	(i) the association;
1056	(ii) the association's agents; and
1057	(iii) the board of directors;
1058	(e) subject to Section 31A-28-107, establish the procedures to be followed for:
1059	(i) selecting members to the board of directors; and
1060	(ii) submitting the selected members to the commissioner for approval;
1061	(f) establish any additional procedures for assessments under Section 31A-28-109;
1062	[ <del>and</del> ]
1063	(g) establish procedures under which a member insurer may be removed from the
1064	board of directors for cause, including when the member insurer becomes an impaired or
1065	insolvent insurer;
1066	(h) require the board of directors to establish policies and procedures that address
1067	conflicts of interests; and
1068	[(g)] (i) contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the execution of the
1069	powers and duties of the association.
1070	(4) (a) The plan of operation may provide that any or all powers and duties of the
1071	association, except those under Subsection 31A-28-108(14)(d) and Section 31A-28-109, are
1072	delegated to a corporation, association, or other organization that will perform functions similar
1073	to those of the association, or its equivalent, in two or more states.
1074	(b) A corporation, association, or organization described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be:
1075	(i) reimbursed for any payments made on behalf of the association; and
1076	(ii) paid for its performance of any function of the association.
1077	(c) A delegation under this Subsection (4):
1078	(i) [shall take] takes effect only with the approval of:
1079	(A) the board of directors; and
1080	(B) the commissioner; and
1081	(ii) may be made only to a corporation, association, or organization that extends

1082	protection not substantially less favorable and effective than that provided by this part.
1083	Section 7. Section 31A-28-111 is amended to read:
1084	31A-28-111. Duties and powers under this part.
1085	In addition to the duties and powers enumerated elsewhere in this part, the persons
1086	[listed] described in this section have the duties and powers described in Subsections (1)
1087	through (6).
1088	(1) The commissioner shall:
1089	(a) upon request of the board of directors, provide the association with a statement of
1090	the premiums for each member insurer:
1091	(i) in this state; and
1092	(ii) any other appropriate state; and
1093	(b) if an impairment is declared and the amount of the impairment is determined, serve
1094	a demand upon the impaired insurer to make good the impairment within a reasonable time[;
1095	and] <u>.</u>
1096	[(c) in a liquidation or rehabilitation proceeding involving a domestic insurer, be
1097	appointed as the liquidator or rehabilitator.]
1098	(2) Notice to the impaired insurer under Subsection (1)(b) [shall constitute] constitutes
1099	notice to the shareholders of the impaired insurer if the impaired insurer has shareholders.
1100	(3) The failure of the insurer to promptly comply with the commissioner's demand
1101	under Subsection (1)(b) does not excuse the association from the performance of its powers
1102	and duties under this part.
1103	(4) (a) After notice and hearing, the commissioner may suspend or revoke the
1104	certificate of authority to transact insurance in this state of [any] a member insurer not
1105	domiciled in this state that fails to:
1106	(i) pay an assessment when due; or
1107	(ii) comply with the plan of operation.
1108	(b) (i) As an alternative to suspending or revoking a certificate of authority under
1109	Subsection (4)(a), the commissioner may levy a forfeiture on any member insurer that fails to
1110	pay an assessment when due.
1111	(ii) A forfeiture described in Subsection (4)(b)(i):
1112	(A) may not exceed 5% of the unpaid assessment per month; and

1113	(B) may not be less than \$100 per month.
1114	(5) (a) A final action of the board of directors or the association may be appealed to the
1115	commissioner by any member insurer if appeal is taken within 60 days of the date the member
1116	insurer received notice of the final action being appealed.
1117	(b) If a member insurer is appealing an assessment, the amount assessed shall be:
1118	(i) paid to the association; and
1119	(ii) made available to meet association obligations during the pendency of an appeal.
1120	(c) If the appeal on the assessment described in Subsection (5)(b) is upheld, the amount
1121	paid in error or excess shall be returned to the member insurer.
1122	(d) Any final action or order of the commissioner [shall be] is subject to judicial review
1123	in a court of competent jurisdiction in accordance with the laws of this state that apply to the
1124	actions or orders of the commissioner.
1125	(6) The [Hiquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of any] receiver of an impaired insurer
1126	shall notify [all] the interested persons of the effect of this part.
1127	Section 8. Section 31A-28-112 is amended to read:
1128	31A-28-112. Reports.
1129	[(1) The purpose of this section is to aid in the detection and prevention of insurer
1130	insolvencies or impairments.]
1131	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ The commissioner shall:
1132	[(a) notify the commissioner of every state within 30 days following the action taken or
1133	the date the action occurs, when the commissioner takes the following actions against a
1134	member insurer:]
1135	[(i) revokes its license;]
1136	[(ii) suspends its license; or]
1137	[(iii) makes a formal order that the member insurer:]
1138	[(A) restrict its premium writing;]
1139	[(B) obtain additional contributions to surplus;]
1140	[(C) withdraw from the state;]
1141	[(D) reinsure all or any part of its business; or]
1142	[(E) increase capital, surplus, or any other account for the security of policy owners or
1143	<del>creditors;</del> ]

1144	[(b)] (a) report to the board of directors when [the commissioner has]:
1145	[(i) taken any of the actions set forth in Subsection (2)(a); or]
1146	(i) the commissioner takes an action set forth in Section 31A-27a-201;
1147	(ii) an event described in Section 31A-17-603, 31A-17-604, or 31A-17-605 occurs; or
1148	[(ii) received] (iii) the commissioner receives a report from any other commissioner
1149	indicating that an action described in Subsection $[\frac{(2)(a)}{(1)(a)(i)}]$ has been taken in another
1150	state;
1151	[(c)] (b) include in the report to the board of directors required by Subsection $[(2)(b)]$
1152	<u>(1)(a)</u> :
1153	(i) [all] the significant details of the action taken; [or]
1154	(ii) the significant details of an event described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii); or
1155	[(iii)] (iii) the report received from another commissioner;
1156	[(d)] (c) promptly report to the board of directors when the commissioner has
1157	reasonable cause to believe from an examination of any member insurer, whether completed or
1158	in process, that the insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer; and
1159	[(e)] (d) furnish to the board of directors the National Association of Insurance
1160	Commissioners Insurance Regulatory Information System ratios and listings of companies not
1161	included in the ratios developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
1162	[(3)] (2) (a) The board of directors may use the information contained in the ratios and
1163	listings described in Subsection $[(2)(e)]$ $(1)(d)$ in carrying out the board of directors' duties and
1164	responsibilities under this [section] part.
1165	(b) The board of directors shall keep the report and the information contained in the
1166	ratios and listings [shall be kept] confidential [by the board of directors] until the commissioner
1167	or other lawful authority publishes the information.
1168	[(4)] (3) The commissioner may seek the advice and recommendations of the board of
1169	directors concerning any matter affecting the commissioner's duties and responsibilities
1170	regarding the financial condition of member insurers and companies seeking admission to
1171	transact insurance business in this state.
1172	[(5)] $(4)$ (a) The board of directors may make reports and recommendations to the
1173	commissioner upon any matter germane to:
1174	(i) the solvency, liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation of any member insurer; or

1175	(ii) the solvency of any company seeking to do an insurance business in this state.
1176	(b) The reports and recommendations of the board of directors described in
1177	[Subsection (5)(a) may not be considered] Subsection (4)(a) are not public documents.
1178	[(6)] (5) The board of directors may, upon majority vote, notify the commissioner of
1179	any information indicating a member insurer may be an impaired or insolvent insurer.
1180	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> The board of directors may make recommendations to the commissioner for
1181	the detection and prevention of insurer insolvencies.
1182	[(8)] (a) At the conclusion of any insurer insolvency in which the association was
1183	obligated to pay covered claims, the board of directors shall prepare a report to the
1184	commissioner containing the information the board of directors has in its possession bearing or
1185	the history and causes of the insolvency.
1186	(b) In preparing a report on the history and causes of insolvency of a particular insurer,
1187	the board of directors may cooperate with:
1188	(i) the board of directors of a guaranty association in another state; or
1189	(ii) an organization described in Subsection 31A-28-108(16).
1190	(c) The board of directors may adopt by reference any report prepared by:
1191	(i) a guaranty association in another state; or
1192	(ii) an organization described in Subsection 31A-28-108(16).
1193	Section 9. Section 31A-28-114 is amended to read:
1194	31A-28-114. Miscellaneous provisions.
1195	(1) Nothing in this part shall be construed to reduce the liability for unpaid assessments
1196	of the insureds of an impaired or insolvent insurer operating under a plan with assessment
1197	liability.
1198	(2) (a) [Records shall be kept of all meetings of the] The board of directors shall keep a
1199	record of a meeting of the board of directors to discuss the activities of the association in
1200	carrying out its powers and duties under Section 31A-28-108.
1201	(b) [Records] A record of the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent
1202	insurer may not be disclosed before the earlier of:
1203	(i) the termination of a liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding involving

(ii) the termination of the impairment or insolvency of the insurer; or

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the impaired or insolvent insurer;

(iii) upon the order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

- (c) Nothing in this Subsection (2) [shall limit] limits the duty of the association to render a report of its activities under Section 31A-28-115.
- (3) (a) For the purpose of carrying out its obligations under this part, the association [shall be] is considered to be a creditor of an impaired or insolvent insurer to the extent of assets attributable to covered policies reduced by any amounts to which the association is entitled as subrogee pursuant to Subsection 31A-28-108(14).
- (b) Assets of the impaired or insolvent insurer attributable to covered policies shall be used to continue [all] the covered policies and pay [all] the contractual obligations of the impaired or insolvent insurer as required by this part.
- (c) As used in this Subsection (3), assets attributable to covered policies are that proportion of the assets which the reserves that should have been established for covered policies bear to the reserves that should have been established for all policies of insurance written by the impaired or insolvent insurer.
- (4) (a) As a creditor of the impaired or insolvent insurer under Subsection (3) and consistent with Section 31A-27a-701, the association and any other similar association are entitled to receive a disbursement of assets out of the marshaled assets, from time to time as the assets become available to reimburse the association and any other similar association.
- (b) If, within [120] 180 days of a final determination of insolvency of an insurer by the receivership court, the [liquidator] receiver has not made an application to the court for the approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of marshaled assets to [all] the guaranty associations having obligations because of the insolvency, the association is entitled to make application to the receivership court for approval of the association's proposal for disbursement of these assets.
- (5) (a) [Prior to] <u>Before</u> the termination of [any] <u>a</u> liquidation, rehabilitation, or conservation proceeding, the court may take into consideration the contributions of the respective parties, including:
  - (i) the association;
- (ii) the shareholders;
- (iii) policyowners of the insolvent insurer; and
- (iv) any other party with a bona fide interest in making an equitable distribution of the

ownership rights of the insolvent insurer.

(b) In making a determination under Subsection (5)(a), the court shall consider the welfare of the [policyholders] policyowners of the continuing or successor insurer.

- (c) A distribution to any stockholder of an impaired or insolvent insurer may not be made until and unless the total amount of valid claims of the association with interest has been fully recovered by the association for funds expended in carrying out its powers and duties under Section 31A-28-108 with respect to the insurer.
- [(6) (a) If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of an insurer domiciled in this state has been entered, the receiver appointed under the order shall have a right to recover on behalf of the insurer, from any affiliate that controlled the insurer, the amount of distributions, other than stock dividends paid by the insurer on its capital stock, made at any time during the five years preceding the petition for liquidation or rehabilitation subject to the limitations of Subsections (6)(b) through (d).]
- [(b) A distribution described in Subsection (6)(a) may not be recovered if the insurer shows that:]
  - [(i) when paid the distribution was lawful and reasonable; and]
- [(ii) the insurer did not know and could not reasonably have known that the distribution might adversely affect the ability of the insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations.]
- [(c) (i) A person that was an affiliate that controlled the insurer at the time the distributions were paid shall be liable up to the amount of distributions received.]
- [(ii) A person that was an affiliate that controlled the insurer at the time the distributions were declared shall be liable up to the amount of distributions that would have been received if they had been paid immediately.]
- [(iii) If two or more persons are liable with respect to the same distributions, they shall be jointly and severally liable.]
- [(d) The maximum amount recoverable under this Subsection (6) shall be the amount needed in excess of all other available assets of the insolvent insurer to pay the contractual obligations of the insolvent insurer.]
- [(e) If any person liable under Subsection (6)(c) is insolvent, all of its affiliates that controlled it at the time the distribution was paid shall be jointly and severally liable for any

1268	resulting deficiency in the amount recovered from the insolvent affiliate.]
1269	Section 10. Section 31A-28-118 is amended to read:
1270	31A-28-118. Stay of proceedings Reopening default judgments.
1271	[All proceedings] (1) A proceeding in which the insolvent insurer is a party in any
1272	court in this state shall be stayed $[60]$ 180 days from the date an order of liquidation,
1273	rehabilitation, or conservation is final to permit proper legal action by the association on any
1274	matters germane to its powers or duties.
1275	(2) The association may apply to have a judgment under any decision, order, verdict, or
1276	finding based on default set aside by the same court that made the judgment. The association
1277	shall be permitted to defend against the suit on the merits.
1278	Section 11. Section 31A-28-119 is amended to read:
1279	31A-28-119. Prohibited advertisement of the association Notice to owners of
1280	policies and contracts.
1281	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a person, including an insurer, agent, or
1282	affiliate of an insurer may not make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public,
1283	or cause directly or indirectly to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before
1284	the public, in [any] a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice,
1285	circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over [any] a radio station or television station, or in any
1286	other way, any advertisement, announcement, or statement written or oral, [which] that uses the
1287	existence of the association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any
1288	form of insurance.
1289	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), this section does not apply to:
1290	(i) the association; or
1291	(ii) [any other] another entity that does not sell or solicit insurance.
1292	(2) (a) [Prior to January 1, 2002, the] The association shall:
1293	(i) [prepare] have a summary document describing the general purposes and current
1294	limitations of this part that complies with Subsection (3); and
1295	(ii) submit the summary document described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to the
1296	commissioner for approval.
1297	(b) [Sixty days after the day on which the commissioner approves the summary
1298	document described in Subsection (2)(a), an] An insurer may not deliver a policy or contract to

a policy or contract owner unless the summary document is also delivered to the policy or contract owner [prior to] before, or at the time of, delivery of the policy or contract.

(c) The summary document shall be available upon request by a policy owner.

- (d) The distribution, delivery, or contents or interpretation of the summary document
- does not guarantee that:

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- (i) the policy or the contract is covered in the event of the impairment or insolvency of a member insurer; or
- (ii) the owner of the policy or contract is covered in the event of the impairment or insolvency of a member insurer.
- (e) The summary document shall be revised by the association as amendments to this part may require.
- (f) Failure to receive the summary document as required in Subsection (2)(b) does not give the [policyholder, contract holder] owner of a policy or contract, certificate holder, or insured any greater rights than those stated in this part.
- (3) (a) The summary document [prepared under] described in Subsection (2) shall contain a clear and conspicuous disclaimer on its face.
- (b) The commissioner shall, by rule, establish the form and content of the disclaimer described in Subsection (3)(a), except that the disclaimer shall:
  - (i) state the name and address of:
- 1318 (A) the association; and
  - (B) the [insurance] department;
- (ii) prominently warn [the] a policy or contract owner that:
- (A) the association may not cover the policy or contract; or
- 1322 (B) if coverage is available, it is:
- (I) subject to substantial limitations and exclusions; and
- (II) conditioned on continued residence in the state;
- 1325 (iii) state the types of policies <u>or contracts</u> for which the association will provide coverage;
- (iv) state that the insurer and its agents are prohibited by law from using the existence of the association for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of insurance;

1330	(v) state that the policy or contract owner should not rely on coverage under the
1331	association when selecting an insurer;
1332	(vi) explain the rights available and procedures for filing a complaint to allege a
1333	violation of this part; and
1334	(vii) provide other information as directed by the commissioner including sources for
1335	information about the financial condition of insurers provided that the information:
1336	(A) is not proprietary; and
1337	(B) is subject to disclosure under public records laws.
1338	(4) (a) An insurer or agent may not deliver a policy or contract described in Subsection
1339	31A-28-103(2)(a) and wholly excluded under Subsection 31A-28-103(2)(b)(i) from coverage
1340	under this part unless the insurer or agent, prior to or at the time of delivery, gives the policy or
1341	contract holder a separate written notice that clearly and conspicuously discloses that the policy
1342	or contract is not covered by the association.
1343	(b) The commissioner shall by rule specify the form and content of the notice required
1344	by Subsection (4)(a).
1345	(5) A member insurer shall retain evidence of compliance with Subsection (2) for the
1346	later of:
1347	(a) three years; or
1348	(b) until the conclusion of the next market conduct examination by the department of
1349	insurance where the member insurer is domiciled.
1350	Section 12. Section 31A-28-120 is amended to read:
1351	31A-28-120. Prospective application.
1352	Notwithstanding any prior or subsequent law, the provisions of this part that are in
1353	effect on the date on which the association first becomes obligated for the policies or contracts
1354	of an insolvent or impaired member [shall] govern the association's rights and obligations to

the [policyholders] policyowners of the insolvent or impaired member.

Legislative Review Note as of 10-26-09 9:08 AM

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

## H.B. 40 - Utah Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Amendments

## **Fiscal Note**

2010 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals or local governments. Business may be impacted due to the proposed change in statute.

12/24/2009, 10:56:20 AM, Lead Analyst: Schoenfeld, J.D./Attny: PO

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst