| 1   | PENALTIES FOR VIOLENT CRIME IN   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2   | PRESENCE OF A CHILD  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3   | 2010 GENERAL SESSION   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5   | Chief Sponsor: Janice M. Fisher  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6   | Senate Sponsor: Ross I. Romero   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8   | LONG TITLE   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9   | General Description:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10  | This bill modifies the Criminal Code to provide $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{graduated\ penalties}]$ a penalty $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ for |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10a | committing a   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11  | violent criminal offense in the presence of a child younger than 14 years of age.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12  | Highlighted Provisions:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13  | This bill:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14  | ▶ provides a $\hat{H}$ → [class A] class B ← $\hat{H}$ misdemeanor penalty for a person who, while in  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14a | the presence of  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15  | a child:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16  | <ul> <li>commits or attempts to commit criminal homicide against a third party; or</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17  | <ul> <li>intentionally causes or attempts to cause serious bodily injury to a third party or</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18  | uses a dangerous weapon or other means or force likely to produce death or   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19  | serious bodily injury against a third party;   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20  | Ĥ→ [ → provides for a class B misdemeanor penalty for a person who commits any other   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21  | violent criminal offense in the presence of a child;   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22  | [ requires the court to order a person who commits a violent offense in the presence   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23  | of a child to pay restitution for any necessary counseling for each child who is   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24  | present when the offense was committed, unless the court states on the record why  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25  | the court finds the restitution would not be appropriate;  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26  | provides that a charge of committing a violent criminal offense in the presence of a   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27  | child is separate and distinct from a charge of domestic violence when the victim is   |  |  |  |  |  |  |



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| 28  | the cohabitant and specifies that either or both charges may be filed by the prosecutor;] and  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 29  | [ provides that a person who commits a violent offense in the presence of a child  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30  | when more than one child is present is guilty of one violation regarding each child  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31  | who is present when the offense occurred; and] ←Ĥ  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32  | <ul><li>provides definitions.</li></ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33  | Monies Appropriated in this Bill:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34  | None   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35  | Other Special Clauses:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36  | None   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37  | <b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38  | ENACTS:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39  | <b>76-3-203.10</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41  | Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42  | Section 1. Section <b>76-3-203.10</b> is enacted to read:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43  | 76-3-203.10. Violent offense committed in presence of a child Penalties  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44  | Restitution.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45  | (1) As used in this section:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46  | (a) "In the presence of a child" means:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47  | (i) in the physical presence of a child younger than 14 years of age; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{or}}]$ and $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48  | (ii) having knowledge that $\hat{H} \rightarrow [a]$ the $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ child $\hat{H} \rightarrow [younger than 14 years of age] \leftarrow \hat{H}$ is   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48a | present and may see  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49  | or hear the commission of a violent criminal offense.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50  | (b) "Violent criminal offense" means any criminal offense involving violence or  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51  | physical harm or threat of violence or physical harm, or any attempt to commit a criminal  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52  | offense involving violence or physical harm $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{that}}$ is not a domestic violence offense as                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52a | defined in Section 77-36-1 ←Ĥ .  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53  | (2) A person commits a violent criminal offense in the presence of a child if the  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54  | person:  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55  | (a) commits or attempts to commit criminal homicide, as defined in Section 76-5-201,   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56  | against a third party in the presence of a child;  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57  | (b) intentionally causes or attempts to cause serious bodily injury to a third party or  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58  | uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section 76-1-601, or other means or force likely to   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| 59  | produce death or serious bodily injury, against a third party in the presence of a child; or  |
|-----|---|
| 60  | (c) under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b),   |
| 61  | commits a violent criminal offense in the presence of a child.  |
| 62  | (3) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(a)}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ A person who violates Subsection (2) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(a) \text{ or } (b)}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ is guilty of a |
| 62a | $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{class A}}] \underline{\text{class B}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$  |
| 63  | misdemeanor.  |
| 64  | $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \Rightarrow [\underline{(b)} \text{ A person who violates Subsection (2)(c) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.}]$  |
| 65  | [ $(4)$ $\hat{\Pi} \rightarrow$ [In addition to any other penalty, the] The $\leftarrow$ $\hat{\Pi}$ court shall order a person who   |
| 65a | <u>violates</u>   |
| 66  | Subsection (2) to pay restitution for any necessary counseling for each child who is present  |
| 67  | when the violation was committed, unless the court states on the record reasons why the court   |
| 68  | finds the restitution would not be appropriate.   |
| 69  | (5) (a) A charge under this section is separate and distinct from, and is in addition to, a   |
| 70  | charge of domestic violence when the victim is the cohabitant.  |
| 71  | (b) Either or both charges may be filed by the prosecutor.  |
| 72  | [(6) A person who commits a violation of Subsection (2) when more than one child is   |
| 73  | present is guilty of one violation of Subsection (2) regarding each child who is present when   |
| 74  | the offense occurred.]  |

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Legislative Review Note as of 5-15-09 7:02 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

## H.B. 62 - Penalties for Violent Crime in Presence of a Child

## **Fiscal Note**

2010 General Session State of Utah

## **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will have a net ongoing General Fund cost of \$14,500 per year. The Courts will require \$26,500 per year from the General Fund for workload increases. Enactment of the bill will generate an estimated \$12,000 per year in revenue to the General Fund.

|              | FY 2010 | FY 2011  | FY 2012  | FY 2010 | FY 2011  | FY 2012  |
|--------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|----------|
|              | Approp. | Approp.  | Approp.  | Revenue | Revenue  | Revenue  |
| General Fund | \$0     | \$26,500 | \$26,500 | \$0     | \$12,000 |          |
| Total        | \$0     | \$26,500 | \$26,500 | \$0     | \$12,000 | \$12,000 |
|              |         |          |          |         |          |          |

## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals or businesses. Local government courts may incur additional costs.

2/18/2010, 2:32:54 PM, Lead Analyst: Syphus, G./Attny: SCA

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst