### **Representative Carl Wimmer** proposes the following substitute bill:

	CUSTODIAL INTERFERENCE AMENDMENTS
	2010 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
Ļ	Chief Sponsor: Carl Wimmer
	Senate Sponsor: Mark B. Madsen
)	LONG TITLE
	General Description:
	This bill amends Utah Criminal Code provisions relating to the crime of custodial
	interference.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>defines terms;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>enacts a modified version of the crime of custodial interference;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>provides that custodial interference is:</li> </ul>
	• a class B misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of at least \$500, but not more than
	\$1,000;
	• a class B misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of at least \$750, but not more than
	\$1,000, if the actor was previously convicted of custodial interference in the
	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\text{three}] \text{ two} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ -year period preceding the latest commission;
	• a class B misdemeanor, punishable by a fine and imprisonment, if the actor was
	previously convicted of custodial interference at least twice in the $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\text{three}] \underline{\text{two}} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ -year
	period preceding the latest commission; and
	• a felony of the third degree if, during the course of the custodial interference, the
	actor removes, causes the removal, or directs the removal of the child from the

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26	state; and
27	<ul> <li>creates affirmative defenses to the crime of custodial interference.</li> </ul>
28	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
29	None
30	Other Special Clauses:
31	None
32	Utah Code Sections Affected:
33	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
34	76-5-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 255
35	
36	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
37	Section 1. Section <b>76-5-303</b> is repealed and reenacted to read:
38	<u>76-5-303.</u> Custodial interference.
39	(1) As used in this section:
40	(a) "Child" means a person under the age of 18.
41	(b) "Custody" means court-ordered physical custody, entered by a court of competent
42	jurisdiction.
43	(c) "Visitation" means court-ordered parent-time or visitation, entered by a court of
44	competent jurisdiction.
45	(2) (a) A person who is entitled to custody of a child is guilty of custodial interference
46	if, during a period of time when another person is entitled to visitation of the child, the person
47	takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child from the person entitled to visitation of
48	the child, with the intent to interfere with the visitation of the child.
49	(b) A person who is entitled to visitation of a child is guilty of custodial interference if,
50	during a period of time when the person is not entitled to visitation of the child, the person
51	takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child from a person who is entitled to custody
52	of the child, with the intent to interfere with the custody of the child.
53	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), (5), or (6), custodial interference is a class B
54	misdemeanor:
55	(a) punishable by a fine of at least \$500, but not more than \$1,000; and
56	(b) notwithstanding Section 76-3-204, not punishable by a term of imprisonment.

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57	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5) or (6), if the actor described in Subsection (2)
58	<u>commits custodial interference within</u> $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{three}] \underline{two} \leftarrow \hat{H}$ years after the day on which the actor
58a	was
59	previously convicted of custodial interference, custodial interference is a class B misdemeanor:
60	(a) punishable by a fine of at least \$750, but not more than \$1,000; and
61	(b) notwithstanding Section 76-3-204, not punishable by a term of imprisonment.
62	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), the actor described in Subsection (2) is guilty
63	of a class B misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of at least \$300, but not more than \$1,000, and
64	a term of imprisonment not exceeding six months if the actor:
65	(a) commits custodial interference; and
66	(b) has been convicted of custodial interference at least twice in the
66a	Ĥ→ [three] two ←Ĥ -year_period
67	immediately preceding the day on which the commission of custodial interference described in
68	Subsection (5)(a) occurs.
69	(6) Custodial interference is a felony of the third degree if, during the course of the
70	custodial interference, the actor described in Subsection (2) removes, causes the removal, or
71	directs the removal of the child from the state.
72	(7) In addition to the affirmative defenses described in Section 76-5-305, it is an
73	affirmative defense to the crime of custodial interference that:
74	(a) the action is consented to by the person whose custody or visitation of the child was
75	interfered with; or
76	(b) (i) the action is based on a reasonable belief that the action is necessary to protect a
77	child from abuse, including sexual abuse; and
78	(ii) before engaging in the action, the person reports the person's intention to engage in
79	the action, and the basis for the belief described in Subsection (7)(b)(i), to the Division of
80	Child and Family Services or law enforcement.

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### **Fiscal Note**

2010 General Session

State of Utah

#### **State Impact**

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

#### Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/13/2010, 3:13:23 PM, Lead Analyst: Jardine, S./Attny: TRV

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst