1	FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE AND CONFLICT
2	OF INTEREST AMENDMENTS
3	2010 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Gregory H. Hughes
6	Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies and enacts provisions of the Utah Code that relate to financial
11	disclosures and the declaration of conflicts of interest by certain public officeholders
12	and candidates.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	requires candidates for the following offices to file a financial disclosure at the time
16	of filing a declaration of candidacy:
17	• governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, and attorney general;
18	• the Legislature; and
19	• the State Board of Education;
20	 prohibits a filing officer from accepting a declaration of candidacy unless a financial
21	disclosure has been filed;
22	 provides procedures and requirements for filing financial disclosures;
23	requires a candidate's financial disclosure to be made publicly available:
24	 at the filing officer's place of business; and
25	 on the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website administered by the
26	lieutenant governor;
27	 modifies provisions of the criminal statute that regulate failure to disclose conflicts



28	of interest;
29	provides and modifies definitions;
30	requires the following officeholders to file a financial disclosure at specified times:
31	 governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, and attorney general;
32	 members of the Legislature; and
33	 members of the State Board of Education;
34	 specifies what information the financial disclosure must contain;
35	 provides a criminal penalty if a regulated officeholder engages in an official action
36	that constitutes a conflict of interest if:
37	 the conflict of interest has not been provided on the financial disclosure; and
38	• the officeholder fails to publicly declare a conflict of interest at the time of the
39	action;
39a	Ĥ→ provides a criminal penalty if a regulated officeholder fails to timely file a financial
39b	disclosure on the yearly due date and then fails to timely file the disclosure after receiving
39c	personal notice of the delinquency;
40	 requires conflicts of interest that are declared at the time of the action to be recorded
41	on official records;
41a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{0.2cm}} \underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$ requires the lieutenant governor, the secretary of the Senate, and the chief clerk of
41b	the House of Representatives to provide personal notice of potential criminal penalties to
41c	regulated officeholders who fail to timely file a yearly financial disclosure;
42	 requires blank financial disclosure forms to be available for regulated officeholders
43	and the public;
44	requires financial disclosures that are filed by officeholders to be made available:
45	• on the Internet;
46	• at the lieutenant governor's office, for executive branch officeholders;
47	• at the offices for the Senate or House of Representatives, for legislators; and
48	makes technical changes.
49	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
50	None
51	Other Special Clauses:
52	This bill provides an immediate effective date.
53	Utah Code Sections Affected:
54	AMENDS:
55	20A-9-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 11, 13, 14, and 225
56 57	76-8-109 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 191
57 50	ENACTS:
58	20A-11-1501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

20A-11-1502 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
20A-22-1503 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
20A-9-201. Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for more than one office or of
more than one political party prohibited with exceptions General filing and form
requirements Affidavit of impecuniosity.
(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, a person shall:
(a) be a United States citizen; and
(b) meet the legal requirements of that office.
(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a person may not:
(i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in
Utah during any election year; or
(ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party.
(b) A person may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, President or
Vice President of the United States and another office, if the person resigns the person's
candidacy for the other office after the person is officially nominated for President or Vice
President of the United States.
(3) (a) (i) Except for presidential candidates, before the filing officer may accept any
declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
(A) read to the prospective candidate the constitutional and statutory qualification
requirements for the office that the candidate is seeking; and
(B) require the candidate to state whether or not the candidate meets those
requirements.
(ii) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the
county clerk shall ensure that the person filing that declaration of candidacy is:
(A) a United States citizen;
(B) an attorney licensed to practice law in Utah who is an active member in good
standing of the Utah State Bar;
(C) a registered voter in the county in which he is seeking office; and

90	(D) a current resident of the county in which he is seeking office and either has been a
91	resident of that county for at least one year or was appointed and is currently serving as county
92	attorney and became a resident of the county within 30 days after appointment to the office.
93	(iii) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the
94	county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the person filing that declaration of
95	candidacy is:
96	(A) a United States citizen;
97	(B) an attorney licensed to practice law in Utah who is an active member in good
98	standing of the Utah State Bar;
99	(C) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which he is seeking office; and
100	(D) a current resident of the prosecution district in which he is seeking office and either
101	will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least one year as of the date of the
102	election or was appointed and is currently serving as district attorney and became a resident of
103	the prosecution district within 30 days after receiving appointment to the office.
104	(iv) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county sheriff, the
105	county clerk shall ensure that the person filing the declaration of candidacy:
106	(A) as of the date of filing:
107	(I) is a United States citizen;
108	(II) is a registered voter in the county in which the person seeks office;
109	(III) (Aa) has successfully met the standards and training requirements established for
110	law enforcement officers under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer Training and
111	Certification Act; or
112	(Bb) has passed a certification examination as provided in Section 53-6-206; and
113	(IV) is qualified to be certified as a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section
114	53-13-103; and
115	(B) as of the date of the election, shall have been a resident of the county in which the
116	person seeks office for at least one year.
117	(v) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of governor, lieutenant
118	governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state legislator, or State Board of
119	Education member, the filing officer shall ensure:
120	(A) that the person filing the declaration of candidacy also files the financial disclosure

121	required by Section 20A-11-1503; and
122	(B) if the filing officer is not the lieutenant governor, that the financial disclosure is
123	provided to the lieutenant governor according to the procedures and requirements of Section
124	<u>20A-11-1503.</u>
125	(b) If the prospective candidate states that he does not meet the qualification
126	requirements for the office, the filing officer may not accept the prospective candidate's
127	declaration of candidacy.
128	(c) If the candidate meets the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) and states that he meets
129	the requirements of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
130	(i) inform the candidate that:
131	(A) the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it is written on the declaration of
132	candidacy;
133	(B) the candidate may be required to comply with state or local campaign finance
134	disclosure laws; and
135	(C) the candidate is required to file a financial statement before the candidate's political
136	convention under:
137	(I) Section 20A-11-204 for a candidate for constitutional office;
138	(II) Section 20A-11-303 for a candidate for the Legislature; or
139	(III) local campaign finance disclosure laws, if applicable;
140	(ii) provide the candidate with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws
141	for the office the candidate is seeking and inform the candidate that failure to comply will
142	result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the candidate's name from the ballot;
143	(iii) provide the candidate with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide
144	Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the candidate of the submission
145	deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
146	(iv) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices
147	described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
148	(A) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
149	(B) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer;
150	(v) accept the candidate's declaration of candidacy; and
151	(vi) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the

132	declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county of state political party of which the
153	candidate is a member.
154	(d) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing
155	officer shall:
156	(i) accept the candidate's pledge; and
157	(ii) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
158	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
159	member.
160	(4) Except for presidential candidates, the form of the declaration of candidacy shall be
161	substantially as follows:
162	"State of Utah, County of
163	I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of
164	as a candidate for the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications
165	to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in
166	the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code Phone No; I will not knowingly violate
167	any law governing campaigns and elections; I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports
168	as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a
169	candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I
170	designate for receiving official election notices is
171	
172	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
173	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath.)"
174	(5) (a) Except for presidential candidates, the fee for filing a declaration of candidacy
175	is:
176	(i) \$25 for candidates for the local school district board; and
177	(ii) 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the person
178	holding the office, but not less than \$5, for all other federal, state, and county offices.
179	(b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to
180	any candidate:
181	(i) who is disqualified; or
182	(ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly.

213

Affiant

183	(c) (i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received
184	from candidates.
185	(ii) The lieutenant governor shall:
186	(A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees
187	received for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and
188	(B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the
189	lieutenant governor from the congressional district that the total vote of that county for all
190	candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote of all counties within the
191	congressional district for all candidates for representative in Congress.
192	(d) (i) A person who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a declaration of candidacy
193	without payment of the filing fee upon a prima facie showing of impecuniosity as evidenced by
194	an affidavit of impecuniosity filed with the filing officer and, if requested by the filing officer,
195	a financial statement filed at the time the affidavit is submitted.
196	(ii) A person who is able to pay the filing fee may not claim impecuniosity.
197	(iii) (A) False statements made on an affidavit of impecuniosity or a financial
198	statement filed under this section shall be subject to the criminal penalties provided under
199	Sections 76-8-503 and 76-8-504 and any other applicable criminal provision.
200	(B) Conviction of a criminal offense under Subsection (5)(d)(iii)(A) shall be
201	considered an offense under this title for the purposes of assessing the penalties provided in
202	Subsection 20A-1-609(2).
203	(iv) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in
204	substantially the following form:
205	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity
206	Individual Name
207	Address
208	Phone Number
209	I,(name), do solemnly [swear] [affirm], under penalty of law
210	for false statements, that, owing to my poverty, I am unable to pay the filing fee required by
211	law.
212	Date Signature

214	Subscribed and sworn to before me on (month\day\year)
215	
216	(signature)
217	Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer Oath
218	(v) The filing officer shall provide to a person who requests an affidavit of
219	impecuniosity a statement printed in substantially the following form, which may be included
220	on the affidavit of impecuniosity:
221	"Filing a false statement is a criminal offense. In accordance with Section 20A-1-609, a
222	candidate who is found guilty of filing a false statement, in addition to being subject to criminal
223	penalties, will be removed from the ballot."
224	(vi) The filing officer may request that a person who makes a claim of impecuniosity
225	under this Subsection (5)(d) file a financial statement on a form prepared by the election
226	official.
227	(6) Any person who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of nomination
228	within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to office.
229	(7) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section may not be amended or
230	modified after the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy.
231	Section 2. Section 20A-11-1501 is enacted to read:
232	Part 15. Candidate Financial Disclosures
233	20A-11-1501. Title.
234	This part is known as "Candidate Financial Disclosures."
235	Section 3. Section 20A-11-1502 is enacted to read:
236	20A-11-1502. Definitions.
237	(1) "Filing officer" is as defined in Section 20A-9-101.
238	(2) "State constitutional officer" means the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state
239	auditor, the state treasurer, or the attorney general.
240	Section 4. Section 20A-22-1503 is enacted to read:
241	20A-22-1503. Financial disclosure form Required when filing for candidacy
242	Public availability.
243	(1) Candidates seeking the following offices shall file a financial disclosure with the
244	filing officer at the time of filing a declaration of candidacy:

245	(a) state constitutional officer;
246	(b) state legislator; or
247	(c) State Board of Education member.
248	(2) A filing officer shall not accept a declaration of candidacy for an office listed in
249	Subsection (1) unless the declaration of candidacy is accompanied by the financial disclosure
250	required by this section.
251	(3) The financial disclosure form shall contain the same requirements and shall be in
252	the same format as the financial disclosure form described in Section 76-8-109.
253	(4) The financial disclosure form shall:
254	(a) be made available for public inspection at the filing officer's place of business;
255	(b) if the filing officer is an individual other than the lieutenant governor, be provided
256	to the lieutenant governor within five business days of the date of filing and be made publicly
257	available at the Office of the Lieutenant Governor; and
258	(c) be made publicly available on the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website
259	administered by the lieutenant governor.
260	Section 5. Section 76-8-109 is amended to read:
261	76-8-109. Failure to disclose conflict of interest.
262	(1) As used in this section:
263	[(a) "Business in which the legislator is associated" means any business in which a
264	legislator is a director, officer, owner, member, partner, employee, or is a holder of stocks or
265	bonds in the company that have a fair market value of \$10,000 or more. This does not include
266	business associations by members of the legislator's immediate family.]
267	[(b)] (a) "Conflict of interest" means [legislation or action by a legislator that the
268	legislator] an action that is taken by a regulated officeholder that the officeholder reasonably
269	believes may cause direct financial benefit or detriment to [him] the officeholder, a member of
270	the [legislator's] officeholder's immediate family, or [a business in which the legislator is
271	associated] an entity that the officeholder is required to disclose under the provisions of this
272	section, and that benefit or detriment is distinguishable from the effects of that action on the
273	public or on the [legislator's] officeholder's profession, occupation, or association generally.
274	(b) "Entity" means a corporation, a partnership, a limited liability company, a limited
275	partnership, a sole proprietorship, an association, a cooperative, a trust, an organization, a joint

2/6	venture, a governmental entity, an unincorporated organization, or any other legal entity,
277	whether established primarily for the purpose of gain or economic profit or not.
278	(c) "Filer" means the individual filing a financial declaration under this section.
279	[(c)] (d) "Immediate family" means the [legislator's] regulated officeholder's spouse
280	and children living in the [legislator's] officeholder's immediate household.
281	[(2) In addition to the Declaration of Conflict of Interest form provided for in
282	Subsection (3), before]
283	(e) "Income" means earnings, compensation, or any other payment made to an
284	individual for gain, regardless of source, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission,
285	play, bonus, severance pay, incentive pay, contract payment, interest, per diem, expenses,
286	reimbursement, dividends, or otherwise.
287	(f) "Regulated officeholder" means an individual that is required to file a financial
288	disclosure under the provisions and requirements of this section.
289	(g) "State constitutional officer" means the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state
290	auditor, the state treasurer, or the attorney general.
291	(2) (a) Before or during the execution of any order, settlement, declaration, contract, or
292	any other official act of office in which a state constitutional officer has actual knowledge that
293	the officer has a conflict of interest which is not stated on the financial disclosure form required
294	under Subsection (4), the officer shall publicly declare that the officer may have a conflict of
295	interest and what that conflict of interest is.
296	(b) Before or during any vote on legislation or any legislative matter in which a
297	legislator has actual knowledge that [he] the legislator has a conflict of interest which is not
298	stated on the [conflict of interest form, that] the financial disclosure form required under
299	Subsection (4), the legislator shall orally declare to the committee or body before which the
300	matter is pending that the legislator may have a conflict of interest and what that conflict is.
301	[This declaration of conflict of interest shall be noted in the minutes of any committee meeting
302	or in the Senate or House Journal.]
303	[(3) (a) A legislator shall file a Declaration of Conflict of Interest form with the
304	Secretary of the Senate if the legislator is a senator or with the Chief Clerk of the House of
305	Representatives if the legislator is a representative to satisfy that legislator's disclosure of any
306	conflict of interest as required by Subsection (2).

307	[(b) This Declaration of Conflict of Interest form shall include the businesses in which
308	the legislator is associated and the general legislative subject areas in which the legislator may
309	have a conflict of interest.]
310	[(c) This Declaration of Conflict of Interest form is available to the public.]
311	(c) Before or during any vote on any rule, resolution, order, or any other board matter
312	in which a member of the State Board of Education has actual knowledge that the member has
313	a conflict of interest which is not stated on the financial disclosure form required under
314	Subsection (4), the member shall orally declare to the board that the member may have a
315	conflict of interest and what that conflict of interest is.
316	(3) Any public declaration of a conflict of interest that is made under Subsection (2)
317	shall be noted:
318	(a) on the official record of the action taken, for a state constitutional officer;
319	(b) in the minutes of the committee meeting or in the Senate or House Journal, as
320	applicable, for a legislator; or
321	(c) in the minutes of the meeting or on the official record of the action taken, for a
322	member of the State Board of Education.
323	(4) (a) The following individuals shall file a financial disclosure form:
324	(i) a state constitutional officer, to be due on the tenth day of January of each year, or
325	the following business day if the due date falls on a weekend or holiday;
326	(ii) a legislator, at the following times:
327	(A) on the first day of each general session of the Legislature; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{and}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
328	(B) each time the legislator changes employment; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{and}$
328a	(C) any other time that there is a material change in circumstances which are required
328b	<u>to be disclosed;</u> ←Ĥ
329	(iii) a member of the State Board of Education, at the following times:
330	(A) on the tenth day of January of each year, or the following business day if the due
331	date falls on a weekend or holiday; $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{and}}] \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$
332	(B) each time the member changes employment $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [:]$; and
332a	(C) any other time that there is a material change in circumstances which are required
332b	<u>to be disclosed.</u> ←Ĥ
333	(b) The financial disclosure form shall include:
334	(i) the filer's name;
335	(ii) the name and address of the filer's primary employer;
336	(iii) a brief description of the filer's employment, including the filer's occupation, and
337	as applicable, job title;

338	(iv) for each entity in which the filer is an owner or an officer:
339	(A) the name of the entity;
340	(B) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; and
341	(C) the filer's position in the entity:
342	(v) for each entity that has paid \$5,000 or more in income to the filer within the
343	one-year period ending immediately before the date of the disclosure form:
344	(A) the name of the entity; and
345	(B) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity;
346	(vi) for each entity in which the filer holds any stocks or bonds having a fair market
347	value of \$5,000 or more as of the date of the disclosure form:
348	(A) the name of the entity; and
349	(B) a brief description of the type or business or activity conducted by the entity;
350	(vii) for each entity not listed in Subsections (4)(b)(iv) through (4)(b)(vi), in which the
351	filer serves on the board of directors or in any other type of formal advisory capacity:
352	(A) the name of the entity or organization;
353	(B) a brief description of the type of business or activity conducted by the entity; and
354	(C) the type of advisory position held by the filer;
355	(viii) at the option of the filer, any real property in which the filer holds an ownership
356	or other financial interest that the filer believes may constitute a conflict of interest, including:
357	(A) a description of the real property; and
358	(B) a description of the type of interest held by the filer in the property;
359	(ix) the name of the filer's spouse $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{or\ domestic\ partner} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$, as applicable;
360	(x) a brief description of the employment of the filer's spouse $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{or\ domestic}$
360a	partner ←Ĥ , as applicable, including
361	the spouse's occupation;
362	(xi) at the option of the filer, a description of any other matter or interest that the filer
363	believes may constitute a conflict of interest;
364	(xii) the date the form was completed;
365	(xiii) a statement that the filer believes that the form is true and accurate to the best of
366	the filer's knowledge; and
367	(xiv) the signature of the filer.
368	(c) (i) The financial disclosure shall be filed with:

369	(A) the secretary of the Senate, for a legislator that is a senator;
370	(B) the chief clerk of the House of Representatives, for a legislator that is a
371	representative; or
372	(C) the lieutenant governor, for all other regulated officeholders.
373	(ii) The lieutenant governor, the secretary of the Senate, and the chief clerk of the
374	House of Representatives shall ensure that blank financial disclosure forms are available on the
375	Internet and at their offices.
375a	Ĥ→ (iii) The lieutenant governor, within three working days after the due date provided in
375b	Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (4)(a)(iii)(A), and the secretary of the Senate and chief clerk of the
375c	House of Representatives, within three working days after the due date provided in Subsection
375d	(4)(a)(ii)(A), shall:
375e	(A) review the financial disclosures to determine which regulated officeholders have
375f	failed to timely file the financial disclosure form by the required due date; and
375g	(B) provide personal notice to each regulated officeholder that has failed to timely file
375h	the financial disclosure that:
375i	(I) the financial disclosure was not timely filed; and
375j	(II) failure to file the disclosure form within 3 working days after the date of the
375k	personal notice is a class B misdemeanor. ←Ĥ
376	(d) Financial disclosure forms that are filed under the procedures and requirements of
377	this section shall be made available to the public:
378	(i) on the Internet $\hat{H} \rightarrow$, within three working days after the date the form is filed $\leftarrow \hat{H}$;
378a	<u>and</u>
379	(ii) at the office where the form was filed $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow$, no later than the next working day after
379a	the date the form is filed $\leftarrow \hat{H}$.
380	[(d)] (e) This [requirement of disclosure of any] section's requirement to disclose a
381	conflict of interest does not prohibit a [legislator] regulated officeholder from voting [on any
382	legislation or legislative] or acting on any matter.
383	[(4) Every member of the Legislature who has a conflict of interest in any measure or
384	bill proposed or pending before the Legislature of which he is a member and does not disclose
385	the fact to the house of which he is a member and votes thereon]
386	(5) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (\mathbf{a}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ A regulated officeholder who violates the requirements of Subsection (2)
386a	is guilty
387	of a class B misdemeanor.
387a	Ĥ→ (b) A regulated officeholder who fails to timely file a financial disclosure on the

387b	yearly due date provided in Subsection (4)(a)(i), (4)(a)(ii)(A), or (4)(a)(iii)(A) and subsequently
387c	fails to file that financial disclosure within three working days after the date of receiving
387d	personal notice of the failure to file is guilty of a class B misdemeanor. ←Ĥ
388	Section 6. Effective date.
389	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
390	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
391	Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
392	the date of veto override.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-29-10 10:11 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 270 - Financial Disclosure and Conflict of Interest Amendments

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/30/2010, 7:06:15 PM, Lead Analyst: Allred, S./Attny: ENW

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst