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H.B. 73

1	UTAH CONSTRUCTION TRADES CONTINUING						
2	EDUCATION AMENDMENTS						
3	2010 GENERAL SESSION						
4	STATE OF UTAH						
5	Chief Sponsor: Michael T. Morley						
6	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams						
7 8	LONG TITLE						
9	General Description:						
10	This bill modifies provisions of the Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act related to						
11	continuing education.						
12	Highlighted Provisions:						
13	This bill:						
14	 defines "approved continuing education;" 						
15	 requires a contractor licensee to complete six hours of approved continuing 						
16	education during a two-year licensing cycle;						
17	 requires the commission, with the concurrence of the division, to establish a 						
18	program of approved continuing education for contractor licensees;						
19	 authorizes the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to charge a 						
20	reasonable fee to administer the continuing education program; and						
21	 modifies a provision relating to what constitutes unlawful conduct under the Utah 						
22	Construction Trades Licensing Act.						
23	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:						
24	None						
25	Other Special Clauses:						
26	None						
27	Utah Code Sections Affected:						



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28	AMENDS:						
29	58-55-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 215						
30	58-55-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 198						
31	58-55-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 377						
32	ENACTS:						
33 34	58-55-302.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953						
35	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:						
36	Section 1. Section 58-55-102 is amended to read:						
37	58-55-102. Definitions.						
38	In addition to the definitions in Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:						
39	(1) (a) "Alarm business or company" means a person engaged in the sale, installation,						
40	maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring of an alarm system,						
41	except as provided in Subsection (1)(b).						
42	(b) "Alarm business or company" does not include:						
43	(i) a person engaged in the manufacture and sale of alarm systems when that person is						
44	not engaged in the installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or						
45	monitoring of alarm systems, and the manufacture or sale occurs only at a place of business						
46	established by the person engaged in the manufacture or sale and does not involve site visits at						
47	the place or intended place of installation of an alarm system; or						
48	(ii) an owner of an alarm system, or an employee of the owner of an alarm system who						
49	is engaged in installation, maintenance, alteration, repair, replacement, servicing, or monitoring						
50	of the alarm system owned by that owner.						
51	(2) "Alarm company agent" means any individual employed within this state by a						
52	person engaged in the alarm business.						
53	(3) "Alarm system" means equipment and devices assembled for the purpose of:						
54	(a) detecting and signaling unauthorized intrusion or entry into or onto certain						
55	premises; or						
56	(b) signaling a robbery or attempted robbery on protected premises.						
57	(4) "Apprentice electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as an						
58	apprentice electrician who is learning the electrical trade under approved supervision of a						

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59	master electrician, residential master electrician, a journeyman electrician, or a residential					
60	journeyman electrician.					
61	(5) "Apprentice plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as an apprentice					
62	plumber who is learning the plumbing trade under approved supervision of a master plumber,					
63	residential master plumber, journeyman plumber, or a residential journeyman plumber.					
64	(6) "Approved continuing education" means instruction provided through courses					
65	under a program established under Subsection 58-55-302.5(2).					
66	[(6)] (7) "Approved supervision" means the immediate supervision of apprentices by					
67	qualified licensed electricians or plumbers as a part of a planned program of training.					
68	[(7)] (8) "Board" means the Electrician Licensing Board, Alarm System Security and					
69	Licensing Board, or Plumbers Licensing Board created in Section 58-55-201.					
70	[(8)] (9) "Combustion system" means an assembly consisting of:					
71	(a) piping and components with a means for conveying, either continuously or					
72	intermittently, natural gas from the outlet of the natural gas provider's meter to the burner of the					
73	appliance;					
74	(b) the electric control and combustion air supply and venting systems, including air					
75	ducts; and					
76	(c) components intended to achieve control of quantity, flow, and pressure.					
77	[(9)] (10) "Commission" means the Construction Services Commission created under					
78	Section 58-55-103.					
79	[(10)] (11) "Construction trade" means any trade or occupation involving:					
80	(a) (i) construction, alteration, remodeling, repairing, wrecking or demolition, addition					
81	to, or improvement of any building, highway, road, railroad, dam, bridge, structure, excavation					
82	or other project, development, or improvement to other than personal property; and					
83	(ii) constructing, remodeling, or repairing a manufactured home or mobile home as					
84	defined in Section 58-56-3; or					
85	(b) installation or repair of a residential or commercial natural gas appliance or					
86	combustion system.					
87	[(11)] (12) "Construction trades instructor" means a person licensed under this chapter					
88	to teach one or more construction trades in both a classroom and project environment, where a					
89	project is intended for sale to or use by the public and is completed under the direction of the					

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90	instructor, who has no economic interest in the project.					
91	[(12)] (13) (a) "Contractor" means any person who for compensation other than wages					
92	as an employee undertakes any work in the construction, plumbing, or electrical trade for					
93	which licensure is required under this chapter and includes:					
94	(i) a person who builds any structure on his own property for the purpose of sale or					
95	who builds any structure intended for public use on his own property;					
96	(ii) any person who represents himself to be a contractor by advertising or any other					
97	means;					
98	(iii) any person engaged as a maintenance person, other than an employee, who					
99	regularly engages in activities set forth under the definition of "construction trade";					
100	(iv) any person engaged in any construction trade for which licensure is required under					
101	this chapter; or					
102	(v) a construction manager who performs management and counseling services on a					
103	construction project for a fee.					
104	(b) "Contractor" does not include an alarm company or alarm company agent.					
105	[(13)] (14) (a) "Electrical trade" means the performance of any electrical work involved					
106	in the installation, construction, alteration, change, repair, removal, or maintenance of facilities,					
107	buildings, or appendages or appurtenances.					
108	(b) "Electrical trade" does not include:					
109	(i) transporting or handling electrical materials;					
110	(ii) preparing clearance for raceways for wiring; or					
111	(iii) work commonly done by unskilled labor on any installations under the exclusive					
112	control of electrical utilities.					
113	(c) For purposes of Subsection $[(13)]$ (14)(b):					
114	(i) no more than one unlicensed person may be so employed unless more than five					
115	licensed electricians are employed by the shop; and					
116	(ii) a shop may not employ unlicensed persons in excess of the five-to-one ratio					
117	permitted by this Subsection [(13)] (14)(c).					
118	[(14)] (15) "Employee" means an individual as defined by the division by rule giving					
119	consideration to the definition adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of					
120	Workforce Services.					

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[(15)] (16) "Engage in a construction trade" means to:

(a) engage in, represent oneself to be engaged in, or advertise oneself as being engagedin a construction trade; or

(b) use the name "contractor" or "builder" or in any other way lead a reasonable personto believe one is or will act as a contractor.

126 [(16)] (17) (a) "Financial responsibility" means a demonstration of a current and 127 expected future condition of financial solvency evidencing a reasonable expectation to the 128 division and the board that an applicant or licensee can successfully engage in business as a 129 contractor without jeopardy to the public health, safety, and welfare.

(b) Financial responsibility may be determined by an evaluation of the total history
concerning the licensee or applicant including past, present, and expected condition and record
of financial solvency and business conduct.

133 [(17)] (18) "Gas appliance" means any device that uses natural gas to produce light,
134 heat, power, steam, hot water, refrigeration, or air conditioning.

135 [(18)] (19) (a) "General building contractor" means a person licensed under this 136 chapter as a general building contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and 137 knowledge to perform or superintend construction of structures for the support, shelter, and 138 enclosure of persons, animals, chattels, or movable property of any kind or any of the 139 components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and 140 manufactured housing installation, for which the general building contractor shall employ the 141 services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a general building 142 contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and multifamily residences up to four 143 units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed plumber or electrician as an 144 employee.

(b) The division may by rule exclude general building contractors from engaging in the
performance of other construction specialties in which there is represented a substantial risk to
the public health, safety, and welfare, and for which a license is required unless that general
building contractor holds a valid license in that specialty classification.

[(19)] (20) (a) "General engineering contractor" means a person licensed under this
 chapter as a general engineering contractor qualified by education, training, experience, and
 knowledge to perform construction of fixed works in any of the following: irrigation, drainage,

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152 water, power, water supply, flood control, inland waterways, harbors, railroads, highways,

tunnels, airports and runways, sewers and bridges, refineries, pipelines, chemical and industrial
plants requiring specialized engineering knowledge and skill, piers, and foundations, or any of

155 the components of those works.

- (b) A general engineering contractor may not perform construction of structures builtprimarily for the support, shelter, and enclosure of persons, animals, and chattels.
- [(20)] (21) "Immediate supervision" means reasonable direction, oversight, inspection,
 and evaluation of the work of a person, in or out of the immediate presence of the supervising
 person, so as to ensure that the end result complies with applicable standards.
- 161 [(21)] (22) "Individual" means a natural person.
- [(22)] (23) "Journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
 journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to wire,
 install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
- [(23)] (24) "Journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a
 journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and technical knowledge
 to engage in the plumbing trade.
- [(24)] (25) "Master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master
 electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan,
 layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of electrical apparatus and equipment
 for light, heat, power, and other purposes.
- [(25)] (26) "Master plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a master
 plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan and
 layout projects and supervise persons in the plumbing trade.
- 175 [(26)] (27) "Person" means a natural person, sole proprietorship, joint venture,
 176 corporation, limited liability company, association, or organization of any type.
- [(27)] (28) (a) "Plumbing trade" means the performance of any mechanical work
 pertaining to the installation, alteration, change, repair, removal, maintenance, or use in
 buildings, or within three feet beyond the outside walls of buildings of pipes, fixtures, and
 fittings for:
- 181 (i) delivery of the water supply;
- 182 (ii) discharge of liquid and water carried waste; or

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(iii) the building drainage system within the walls of the building.

(b) "Plumbing trade" includes work pertaining to the water supply, distribution pipes,
fixtures and fixture traps, soil, waste and vent pipes, and the building drain and roof drains
together with their devices, appurtenances, and connections where installed within the outside
walls of the building.

188 [(28)] (29) (a) "Ratio of apprentices" means, for the purpose of determining 189 compliance with the requirements for planned programs of training and electrician apprentice 190 licensing applications, the shop ratio of apprentice electricians to journeyman or master 191 electricians shall be one journeyman or master electrician to one apprentice on industrial and 192 commercial work, and one journeyman or master electrician to three apprentices on residential 193 work.

(b) On-the-job training shall be under circumstances in which the ratio of apprentices
to supervisors is in accordance with a ratio of one-to-one on nonresidential work and up to
three apprentices to one supervisor on residential projects.

197 [(29)] (30) "Residential and small commercial contractor" means a person licensed 198 under this chapter as a residential and small commercial contractor qualified by education, 199 training, experience, and knowledge to perform or superintend the construction of 200 single-family residences, multifamily residences up to four units, and commercial construction 201 of not more than three stories above ground and not more than 20,000 square feet, or any of the 202 components of that construction except plumbing, electrical work, mechanical work, and 203 manufactured housing installation, for which the residential and small commercial contractor 204 shall employ the services of a contractor licensed in the particular specialty, except that a 205 residential and small commercial contractor engaged in the construction of single-family and 206 multifamily residences up to four units may perform the mechanical work and hire a licensed 207 plumber or electrician as an employee.

[(30)] (31) "Residential building," as it relates to the license classification of residential
 journeyman plumber and residential master plumber, means a single or multiple family
 dwelling of up to four units.

[(31)] (32) "Residential journeyman electrician" means a person licensed under this
 chapter as a residential journeyman electrician having the qualifications, training, experience,
 and knowledge to wire, install, and repair electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat,

214 power, and other purposes on buildings using primarily nonmetallic sheath cable.

[(32)] (33) "Residential journeyman plumber" means a person licensed under this
 chapter as a residential journeyman plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and
 knowledge to engage in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.

218 [(33)] (34) "Residential master electrician" means a person licensed under this chapter 219 as a residential master electrician having the qualifications, training, experience, and 220 knowledge to properly plan, layout, and supervise the wiring, installation, and repair of 221 electrical apparatus and equipment for light, heat, power, and other purposes on residential 222 projects.

[(34)] (35) "Residential master plumber" means a person licensed under this chapter as a residential master plumber having the qualifications, training, experience, and knowledge to properly plan and layout projects and supervise persons in the plumbing trade as limited to the plumbing of residential buildings.

[(35)] (36) "Residential project," as it relates to an electrician or electrical contractor, means buildings primarily wired with nonmetallic sheathed cable, in accordance with standard rules and regulations governing this work, including the National Electrical Code, and in which the voltage does not exceed 250 volts line to line and 125 volts to ground.

[(36)] (37) (a) "Specialty contractor" means a person licensed under this chapter under
a specialty contractor classification established by rule, who is qualified by education, training,
experience, and knowledge to perform those construction trades and crafts requiring
specialized skill, the regulation of which are determined by the division to be in the best
interest of the public health, safety, and welfare.

(b) A specialty contractor may perform work in crafts or trades other than those inwhich he is licensed if they are incidental to the performance of his licensed craft or trade.

238 [(37)] (38) "Unlawful conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-501.

239 [(38)] (39) "Unprofessional conduct" is as defined in Sections 58-1-501 and 58-55-502
240 and as may be further defined by rule.

[(39)] (40) "Wages" means amounts due to an employee for labor or services whether
the amount is fixed or ascertained on a time, task, piece, commission, or other basis for
calculating the amount.

244 Section 2. Section **58-55-302.5** is enacted to read:

245	58-55-302.5. Continuing education requirements of contractor licensees					
246	Continuing education courses.					
247	(1) Each contractor licensee under a license issued under this chapter shall complete					
248	six hours of approved continuing education during each two-year renewal cycle established by					
249	rule under Subsection 58-55-303(1).					
250	(2) The commission shall, with the concurrence of the division, establish by rule a					
251	program of approved continuing education for contractor licensees.					
252	(3) The division may contract with a person to establish and maintain a continuing					
253	education registry to include:					
254	(a) an online application for a continuing education course provider to apply to the					
255	division for approval of the course for inclusion in the program of approved continuing					
256	education:					
257	(b) a list of courses that the division has approved for inclusion in the program of					
258	approved continuing education; and					
259	(c) a list of courses that:					
260	(i) a contractor licensee has completed under the program of approved continuing					
261	education; and					
262	(ii) the licensee may access to monitor the licensee's compliance with the continuing					
263	education requirement established under Subsection (1).					
264	(4) The division may charge a $\hat{S} \rightarrow [reasonable] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ fee $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{A}$, as established by the					
264a	division under Section 63J-1-504, \leftarrow \hat{S} to administer the requirements of this					
265	section.					
266	Section 3. Section 58-55-303 is amended to read:					
267	58-55-303. Term of license Expiration Renewal.					
268	(1) Each license issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with a two-year					
269	renewal cycle established by rule. The division may by rule extend or shorten a renewal period					
270	by as much as one year to stagger the renewal cycle it administers.					
271	(2) At the time of renewal, the $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{contractor}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$ licensee shall show satisfactory					
271a	evidence of:					
272	(a) continuing financial responsibility as required under Section 58-55-306[-]; and					
273	(b) $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{for \ a \ contractor \ licensee}, \leftarrow \hat{S}$ completion of six hours of approved continuing					
273a	education, as required in Section					
274	<u>58-55-302.5.</u>					
275	(3) Each license automatically expires on the expiration date shown on the license					

unless the licensee renews the license in accordance with Section 58-1-308.

(4) The requirements of Subsection 58-55-302(9) shall also apply to applicants seekingto renew or reinstate a license.

(5) In addition to any other requirements imposed by law, if a license has been
suspended or revoked for any reason, the applicant must pay in full all fines imposed by the
division, resolve any outstanding citations or disciplinary actions with the division, satisfy any
Section 58-55-503 judgment and sentence or nontrial resolution, complete a new financial
responsibility review as required under Section 58-55-306, using only titled assets, and pay in
full any reimbursement amount as provided in Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction
and Lien Recovery Fund Act.

286 Section 4. Section **58-55-501** is amended to read:

287 **58-55-501.** Unlawful conduct.

288 Unlawful conduct includes:

(1) engaging in a construction trade, acting as a contractor, an alarm business or
company, or an alarm company agent, or representing oneself to be engaged in a construction
trade or to be acting as a contractor in a construction trade requiring licensure, unless the
person doing any of these is appropriately licensed or exempted from licensure under this
chapter;

(2) acting in a construction trade, as an alarm business or company, or as an alarmcompany agent beyond the scope of the license held;

(3) hiring or employing in any manner an unlicensed person, other than an employee
for wages who is not required to be licensed under this chapter, to engage in a construction
trade for which licensure is required or to act as a contractor or subcontractor in a construction
trade requiring licensure;

300 (4) applying for or obtaining a building permit either for oneself or another when not301 licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;

302 (5) issuing a building permit to any person for whom there is no evidence of a current
 303 license or exemption from licensure as a contractor under this chapter;

304 (6) applying for or obtaining a building permit for the benefit of or on behalf of any
305 other person who is required to be licensed under this chapter but who is not licensed or is
306 otherwise not entitled to obtain or receive the benefit of the building permit;

- 307 (7) failing to obtain a building permit when required by law or rule; 308 (8) submitting a bid for any work for which a license is required under this chapter by a 309 person not licensed or exempted from licensure as a contractor under this chapter; (9) willfully or deliberately misrepresenting or omitting a material fact in connection 310 311 with an application to obtain or renew a license under this chapter; 312 (10) allowing one's license to be used by another except as provided by statute or rule; 313 (11) doing business under a name other than the name appearing on the license, except 314 as permitted by statute or rule; 315 (12) if licensed as a specialty contractor in the electrical trade or plumbing trade, 316 journeyman plumber, residential journeyman plumber, journeyman electrician, master 317 electrician, or residential electrician, failing to directly supervise an apprentice under one's 318 supervision or exceeding the number of apprentices one is allowed to have under his 319 supervision; 320 (13) if licensed as a contractor or representing oneself to be a contractor, receiving any 321 funds in payment for a specific project from an owner or any other person, which funds are to 322 pay for work performed or materials and services furnished for that specific project, and after 323 receiving the funds to exercise unauthorized control over the funds by failing to pay the full 324 amounts due and payable to persons who performed work or furnished materials or services 325 within a reasonable period of time; 326
 - (14) employing an unlicensed alarm business or company or an unlicensed individual
 as an alarm company agent, except as permitted under the exemption from licensure provisions
 under Section 58-1-307;

(15) if licensed as an alarm company or alarm company agent, filing with the division
fingerprint cards for an applicant which are not those of the applicant, or are in any other way
false or fraudulent and intended to mislead the division in its consideration of the applicant for
licensure;

- 333 (16) if licensed under this chapter, willfully or deliberately disregarding or violating:
- 334

(a) the building or construction laws of this state or any political subdivision;

- 335 (b) the safety and labor laws applicable to a project;
- 336 (c) any provision of the health laws applicable to a project;
- 337 (d) the workers' compensation insurance laws of the state applicable to a project;

338	(e) the laws governing withholdings for employee state and federal income taxes,
339	unemployment taxes, FICA, or other required withholdings; or
340	(f) reporting, notification, and filing laws of this state or the federal government;
341	(17) aiding or abetting any person in evading the provisions of this chapter or rules
342	established under the authority of the division to govern this chapter;
343	(18) engaging in the construction trade or as a contractor for the construction of
344	residences of up to two units when not currently registered or exempt from registration as a
345	qualified beneficiary under Title 38, Chapter 11, Residence Lien Restriction and Lien Recovery
346	Fund Act;
347	(19) failing, as an original contractor, as defined in Section 38-11-102, to include in a
348	written contract the notification required in Section 38-11-108;
349	(20) wrongfully filing a mechanics' lien in violation of Section 38-1-25; or
350	(21) if licensed as a contractor, not completing [a three-hour core education class and
351	an additional three hours of professional education approved by the division and the
352	Construction Services Commission within each two-year renewal cycle, beginning with the
353	two-year renewal cycle that starts July 1, 2005, and ends June 30, 2007 unless an exemption
354	has been granted to the licensee by the Construction Services Commission, with the
355	concurrence of the division, except that this Subsection (21) is repealed effective July 1, 2010
356	and its implementation is subject to the division receiving adequate funding for its
357	implementation through a legislative appropriation] the approved continuing education
358	required under Section 58-55-302.5.

Legislative Review Note as of 12-16-09 9:41 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 73 - Utah Construction Trades Continuing Education Amendments

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

The Department of Commerce will incur expenses of approximately \$35,400 annually for licensure and oversight of continuing education courses. Fees established by the bill will generate the same amount in revenue to the Commerce Service Fund.

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2010	FY 2011	EV 2012
	<u>Approp.</u>	<u>Approp.</u>	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
Commerce Service Fund	\$0	\$35,400	\$35,400	N	\$35.400	\$35,400
Total	\$0	\$35,400	\$35,400	\$0	\$35,400	

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Providers of continuing education will be required to pay a new course transaction fee; licensees will incur a cost in completing the courses.

1/14/2010, 1:18:02 PM, Lead Analyst: Pratt, S./Attny: RHR

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst