1	MEAT INSPECTION AMENDMENTS
2	2010 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: John G. Mathis
5	Senate Sponsor: Kevin T. Van Tassell
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill addresses meat inspection provisions.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 provides for the adoption of various federal meat and poultry related provisions by
13	reference;
14	 addresses the Department of Agriculture's adoption of emergency rules;
15	 changes terminology concerning livestock, meat and poultry products, meat
16	establishments, and similar terms;
17	 defines other terms;
18	 makes changes necessary to effectuate changes in terminology;
19	 provides exceptions from licensing requirements for various meat and poultry
20	related activities;
21	 addresses the licensing of a meat establishment;
22	 requires a farm custom slaughter license holder to provide the age of a slaughtered
23	animal; and
24	 makes technical changes.
25	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:

H.B. 108

28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	4-32-2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
32	4-32-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
33	4-32-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 302
34	4-32-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
35	4-32-6, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
36	4-32-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
37	4-32-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 144
38	4-32-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 144
39	4-32-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 144
40	4-32-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
41	4-32-16, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
42	4-32-17, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 2
43	4-32-18, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
44	4-32-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
45	4-32-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 161
46	4-32-22, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 179
47	ENACTS:
48	4-32-2.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	4-32-2.2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	
51	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
52	Section 1. Section 4-32-2 is amended to read:
53	4-32-2. Purpose declaration.
54	(1) It is the purpose of this chapter to provide <u>a</u> meat and poultry [products] inspection
55	[programs] program in the state at least equal to [those] the programs imposed under the
56	Federal Meat Inspection Act [and], the federal Poultry Products Inspection Act, and the
57	Humane Slaughter Act.
58	(2) The commissioner [is directed to] shall administer and enforce this chapter to

59	accomplish this purpose.
60	Section 2. Section 4-32-2.1 is enacted to read:
61	<u>4-32-2.1.</u> Adoption of federal provisions.
62	(1) The following federal laws, regulations, and standards are adopted by reference:
63	(a) 9 C.F.R. Part 300 through Part 500;
64	(b) the Federal Meat Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq.;
65	(c) the Poultry Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 451 et seq.; and
66	(d) the Humane Slaughter Act, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et seq.
67	(2) Changes to the federal laws, regulations, and standards referenced in Subsection (1)
68	are considered incorporated as those changes are made.
69	Section 3. Section 4-32-2.2 is enacted to read:
70	<u>4-32-2.2.</u> Emergency rules.
71	The department may make emergency rules concerning the meat and poultry inspection
72	program only in accordance with Section 63G-3-304.
73	Section 4. Section 4-32-3 is amended to read:
74	4-32-3. Definitions.
75	As used in this chapter:
76	(1) "Adulterated" means any [livestock product] meat or poultry product that:
77	(a) bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance that may render it
78	injurious to health, but, if the substance is not an added substance, the [livestock] meat or
79	poultry product [shall not be] is not considered adulterated under this subsection if the quantity
80	of the substance in or on the [livestock] meat or poultry product does not ordinarily render it
81	injurious to health;
82	(b) bears or contains, by reason of the administration of any substance to the [Hivestock
83	or poultry] animal or otherwise, any added poisonous or added deleterious substance [which]
84	that in the judgment of the commissioner makes the [livestock] meat or poultry product unfit
85	for human food;
86	(c) contains, in whole or in part, a raw agricultural commodity and [such] that
87	commodity bears or contains a pesticide chemical that is unsafe within the meaning of 21
88	U.S.C. Sec. 346a;
89	(d) bears or contains any food additive that is unsafe within the meaning of 21 U.S.C.

90 Sec. 348; 91 (e) bears or contains any color additive that is unsafe within the meaning of 21 U.S.C. 92 Sec. 379e; provided, that a [livestock product which] meat or poultry product that is not 93 otherwise considered adulterated under [Subsections] Subsection (1)(c)[;] or (d)[; or (e)] of this 94 section [shall nevertheless be] is considered adulterated if use of the pesticide chemical, food 95 additive, or color additive is prohibited in official establishments by [rules of the department] 96 federal law, regulation, or standard; 97 (f) consists, in whole or in part, of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance or is for 98 any other reason unsound, unhealthful, unwholesome, or otherwise unfit for human food; 99 (g) has been prepared, packaged, or held under unsanitary conditions if [it] the meat or 100 poultry product may have become contaminated with filth, or if it may have been rendered 101 injurious to health; 102 (h) is in whole or in part the product of an animal that [has died otherwise] died other 103 than by slaughter; 104 (i) is contained in a container that is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or 105 deleterious substance that may render the meat or poultry product injurious to health; 106 (i) has been intentionally subjected to radiation, unless the use of the radiation [was in 107 conformity conforms with a regulation or exemption in effect pursuant to 21 U.S.C. Sec. 348: 108 (k) has a valuable constituent in whole or in part omitted, abstracted, or substituted; or 109 if damage or inferiority is concealed in any manner; or if any substance has been added, mixed, 110 or packed with the meat or poultry product to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality 111 or strength, or to make it appear better or of greater value; or 112 (1) is margarine containing animal fat and any of the raw material used in the margarine 113 consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or decomposed substance. 114 (2) "Animal" means a domesticated or captive mammalian or avian species. 115 $\left[\frac{2}{2}\right]$ (3) "Animal food manufacturer" means any person engaged in the business of 116 preparing animal food derived from [livestock] animal carcasses or parts or products of [such] 117 the carcasses. (4) "Ante mortem inspection" means an inspection of a live animal immediately before 118 119 slaughter. 120 [(3)] (5) "Broker" means any person engaged in the business of buying [or selling

121	livestock or livestock products on commission, or otherwise negotiating purchases or sales of
122	livestock or livestock products other than for such] and selling meat or poultry products other
123	than for the person's own account.
124	[(4)] (6) "Capable of use as human food" means any [livestock] animal carcass, or part
125	or product of a carcass, unless it is denatured or otherwise identified as required by rules of the
126	department to deter its use as human food[, or unless it is naturally inedible by humans].
127	(7) "Commissioner" includes a person authorized by the commissioner to carry out this
128	chapter's provisions.
129	[(5)] (8) "Container" or "package" means any box, can, tin, cloth, plastic, or other
130	receptacle, wrapper, or cover.
131	(9) "Custom exempt processing" means processing meat or wild game as a service for
132	the person who owns the meat or wild game and uses the meat and meat food products for the
133	person's own consumption, including consumption by immediate family members and
134	non-paying guests.
135	(10) "Custom exempt slaughter":
136	(a) means slaughtering an animal as a service for the person who owns the animal and
137	uses the meat and meat products for the person's own consumption, including consumption by
138	immediate family members and non-paying guests; and
139	(b) includes farm custom slaughter.
140	[(6)] (11) "Director of meat inspection" means a licensed graduate veterinarian whose
141	duties and responsibilities are specified by the commissioner.
142	[(7) "Domesticated elk" shall have the meaning as defined in Section 4-39-102.]
143	(12) "Diseased animal":
144	(a) means an animal that:
145	(i) is diagnosed with a disease not known to be cured; or
146	(ii) has exhibited signs or symptoms of a disease that is not known to be cured; and
147	(b) does not include an otherwise healthy animal that suffers only from injuries such as
148	fractures, cuts, or bruises.
149	[(8)] (13) "Farm custom slaughter" means custom exempt slaughtering of [livestock or
150	poultry] an animal for an owner without inspection.
151	(14) "Farm custom mobile unit" means a portable slaughter vehicle or trailer that is

H.B. 108

152 used by a farm custom slaughter licensee to slaughter animals on the animal owner's property. [(9)] (15) "Farm custom slaughter [permit] license" means a [permit] license issued by 153 154 the department to allow farm custom slaughter. 155 $\left[\frac{10}{10}\right]$ (16) "Farm custom slaughter tag" means a tag [which] that specifies the animal's 156 identification and certifies its ownership, which is issued by the department through a brand 157 inspector to the owner of the animal before it is slaughtered. 158 (17) "Federal acts" means: 159 (a) the Federal Meat Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 601 et seq; 160 (b) the Federal Poultry Products Inspection Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 451 et seq.; and 161 (c) the Humane Slaughter Act, 7 U.S.C. 1901 et seq. 162 [(11)] (18) "Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act" means the act so entitled, approved 163 June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1040) (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), and any amendments to it. 164 [(12) "Federal Meat Inspection Act" means the act so entitled approved March 4, 1907 165 (34 Stat. 1260), as amended by the Wholesome Meat Act, 21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.; the term 166 "federal Poultry Products Inspection Act" means the act so entitled approved August 28, 1957 167 71 Stat. 441, as amended by the Wholesome Poultry Products Act, 82 Stat. 791 21 U.S.C. 451 168 et seq.; and the term "federal acts" means these two federal acts.] 169 [(13)] (19) "Immediate container" means any consumer package, or any other container 170 in which [livestock] meat or poultry products not consumer packaged, are packed. 171 [(14)] (20) "Inspector" means a licensed veterinarian or competent lay person working 172 under the supervision of a licensed graduate veterinarian. 173 [(15)] (21) "Label" means a display of printed[,] or graphic matter upon any [livestock] 174 meat or poultry product or the immediate container, not including package liners, of any such 175 product. 176 [(16)] (22) "Labeling" means all labels and other printed[,] or graphic matter: 177 (a) upon any [livestock] meat or poultry product or any of its containers or wrappers; or 178 (b) accompanying a [livestock] meat or poultry product. 179 [(17) "Livestock" means any cattle, domesticated elk, sheep, swine, goats, horses, 180 mules or other equines, whether living or dead.] 181 [(18) "Livestock product" means any carcass, part of a carcass, meat, or meat food 182 product of any livestock.]

183	(23) "Licensee" means a person who holds a valid farm custom slaughter license.
184	(24) "Meat" means the edible muscle and other edible parts of an animal, including
185	edible:
186	(a) skeletal muscle;
187	(b) organs;
188	(c) muscle found in the tongue, diaphragm, heart, or esophagus; and
189	(d) fat, bone, skin, sinew, nerve, or blood vessel that normally accompanies meat and is
190	not ordinarily removed in processing.
191	(25) "Meat establishment" means a plant or fixed premises used to:
192	(a) slaughter animals for human consumption; or
193	(b) process meat or poultry products for human consumption.
194	[(19)] (26) "Meat [food] product" means any product capable of use as human food
195	that is made wholly or in part from any meat or other part of the carcass of any [cattle, sheep,
196	swine, or goats, excepting products that contain meat or other parts of such carcasses in
197	relatively small proportion or that historically have not been considered by consumers as
198	products of the meat food industry, and which are exempted from definition as a meat food
199	product by the commissioner. Meat food product as applied to food products of equines shall
200	have a meaning comparable to that provided in this subsection with respect to cattle, sheep,
201	swine, and goats] non-avian animal.
202	[(20)] (27) "Misbranded" means any [livestock product] meat or poultry product that:
203	(a) bears a label that is false or misleading in any particular;
204	(b) is offered for sale under the name of another food;
205	(c) is an imitation of another food, unless the label bears, in type of uniform size and
206	prominence, the word "imitation" followed by the name of the food imitated;
207	(d) if its container is so made, formed, or filled as to be misleading;
208	(e) does not bear a label showing:
209	(i) the name and place of business of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor; and
210	(ii) an accurate statement of the quantity of the product in terms of weight, measure, or
211	numerical count; provided, that under this Subsection [(20)] (27) (e), exemptions as to
212	[livestock] meat and poultry products not in containers may be established by rules of the
213	department and that under this Subsection $[(20)]$ (27)(e)(ii), reasonable variations may be

214 permitted, and exemptions for small packages may be established for [livestock] meat or
215 poultry products by rule of the department;

(f) does not bear any word, statement, or other information required by or under
authority of this chapter to appear on the label or other labeling is not prominently placed with
such conspicuousness, as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices, in the
labeling, and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary
individual under customary conditions of purchase and use;

(g) is a food for which a definition and standard of identity or composition has been
prescribed by rules of the department under Section 4-32-7 if the food does not conform to
[such] the definition and standard and the label does not bear the name of the food and any
other information that is required by the rule;

(h) is a food for which a standard of fill has been prescribed by rule of the department
for the container and the actual fill of the container falls below that prescribed unless its label
bears, in [such] <u>a</u> manner and form as [such rules specify] the rule specifies, a statement that it
falls below [such] the standard;

(i) is a food for which no standard or definition of identity has been prescribed under
Subsection [(20)] (27)(g) unless its label bears:

231

(i) the common or usual name of the food, if there be any; and

(ii) if it is fabricated from two or more ingredients, the common or usual name of each
such ingredient; except that spices, flavorings, and colorings may, when authorized by the
department, be designated as spices, flavorings, and colorings without naming each; provided,
that to the extent that compliance with the requirements of <u>this</u> Subsection [(20)] <u>(27)</u>(i)(ii) is
impracticable, or results in deception or unfair competition, exemptions shall be established by
rule;

(j) is a food that purports to be or is represented to be for special dietary uses, unless its
label bears [such] information concerning its vitamin, mineral, and other dietary properties as
the department, after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States,
prescribes by rules as necessary to inform purchasers as to its value for [such] special dietary
uses;

(k) bears or contains any artificial flavoring, artificial coloring, or chemical
preservative, unless it bears labeling stating that fact; provided, that to the extent that

compliance with the requirements of this subsection are impracticable, exemptions shall beprescribed by rules of the department; or

(1) does not bear directly thereon and on its containers, as the department may prescribe
by rule, the official inspection legend and establishment number of the official establishment
where the product was prepared, and, unrestricted by any of the foregoing, [such] other
information as the department may require by [rules] rule to assure that [it] the meat or poultry
product will not have false or misleading labeling and that the public will be informed of the
manner of handling required to maintain it in a wholesome condition.

[(21)] (28) "Official certificate" means any certificate prescribed by rules of the
 department for issuance by an inspector or other person performing official functions under this
 chapter.

[(22)] (29) "Official device" means any device prescribed or authorized by the
 commissioner for use in applying any official mark.

[(23)] (30) "Official establishment" means any establishment at which inspection of the
 slaughter of [livestock] animals or the preparation of [livestock] meat or poultry products is
 maintained under the authority of this chapter.

[(24)] (31) "Official inspection legend" means any symbol prescribed by rules of the
 department showing that a [livestock] meat or poultry product was inspected and passed in
 accordance with this chapter.

[(25)] (32) "Official mark" means the official legend or any other symbol prescribed by
 rules of the department to identify the status of any [livestock or livestock] animal carcass or
 <u>meat or poultry</u> product under this chapter.

[(26) "Permittee" means a person who holds a valid farm custom slaughter permit.]
[(27)] (33) "Pesticide chemical," "food additive," "color additive," and "raw
agricultural commodity," have the same meanings for purposes of this chapter as ascribed to
them in the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq.

271 (34) "Post mortem inspection" means an inspection of a slaughtered food animal's
 272 carcass after slaughter.

[(28)] (35) "Poultry" means any domesticated bird, whether living or dead.

274 [(29)] (36) "Poultry product" means any product capable of use as human food that is
 275 made wholly or in part from any poultry carcass, excepting products that contain poultry

- 276 ingredients in relatively small proportion or that historically have not been considered by
- consumers as products of the poultry food industry, and that are exempted from definition as a
- 278 poultry product by the commissioner.
- 279 [(30)] (37) "Prepared" means slaughtered, canned, salted, stuffed, rendered, boned, cut
 280 up, or otherwise manufactured or processed.
- 281 (38) "Process" means to cut, grind, manufacture, compound, smoke, intermix, or
 282 prepare meat or poultry products.
- [(31)] (39) "Renderer" means any person engaged in the business of rendering
 [Hivestock] animal carcasses, or parts or products of [such] animal carcasses, except rendering
 conducted under inspection or exemption under this chapter.
- 286 [(32)] (40) "Slaughter" means:
- 287 (a) the killing of [livestock or poultry] an animal in a humane manner including
 288 skinning[;] or dressing[;]; or
- (b) the process of performing any of the specified acts in preparing [livestock or
 poultry] an animal for human consumption.
- [(33) "Slaughterhouse" or "custom slaughterhouse" means any building, plant, or
 establishment used for the purpose of killing, dressing, or processing, whether such dressing or
 processing is in conjunction with a killing operation or is a separate business, livestock or
 livestock products or poultry or poultry products offered for sale or to be used for human
 consumption.]
- 296 [(34) "Slaughtering of livestock or poultry as a business" means the slaughtering of
- 297 livestock or poultry for the owner or caretaker of the livestock or poultry by a person who is
- 298 not a full-time employee of the owner or caretaker of such livestock or poultry.]
- 299 (41) "Wild game" means an animal, the products of which are food that is not
- 300 classified as a domesticated food animal, captive game animal, or captive game bird, including
- 301 the following when not domesticated:
- 302 <u>(a) deer;</u>
- 303 <u>(b) elk;</u>
- 304 <u>(c) antelope:</u>
- 305 <u>(d) moose;</u>
- 306 <u>(e) bison;</u>

307	(f) bear;
308	(g) rabbit;
309	(h) squirrel;
310	(i) raccoon; and
311	(j) birds.
312	Section 5. Section 4-32-4 is amended to read:
313	4-32-4. Meat establishment license Slaughtering livestock except in licensed
314	meat establishment prohibited Exceptions Violation a misdemeanor.
315	(1) [No person shall operate a slaughterhouse in this state without a license issued by
316	the department, nor shall any person] A person may not, except in a licensed [slaughterhouse,
317	slaughter livestock as a business] meat establishment, slaughter animals for human
318	consumption or assist other persons in the slaughter [of livestock] or processing of animals
319	except as otherwise provided in Subsection (2) [or], (3), or (4).
320	(2) [Except as provided in Subsection (3), a] A person who raises [his own livestock]
321	an animal or an employee of that person may slaughter [livestock] an animal without a farm
322	custom slaughter [permit] <u>license</u> if:
323	(a) (i) the [livestock] animal is slaughtered on property owned by [that] the person; and
324	(ii) (A) slaughtering or processing animals is not prohibited by local ordinance; and
325	(B) any hide, viscera, blood, or other tissue is disposed of by removal to a rendering
326	facility, landfill, or by burial, as allowed by law;
327	(b) the [livestock] meat or poultry product derived from the slaughtered animal is
328	consumed exclusively by [that] the person or [his] the person's immediate family, regular
329	employees of [that] the person, or nonpaying guests; and
330	(c) the [livestock] meat or poultry product is marked "Not For Sale."
331	[(3) Domesticated elk may only be slaughtered as provided in this chapter and in
332	Chapter 39 of this title.]
333	[(4)] (3) Farm custom slaughter may be performed by a person who holds a valid farm
334	custom slaughter [permit] <u>license</u> .
335	(4) A retail establishment that processes meat or poultry products primarily for sale to
336	individual consumers at the retail establishment is exempt from provisions requiring licensing
337	of a meat establishment if:

338	(a) the retail establishment is not engaged in slaughter operations;
339	(b) the retail establishment sells the processed meat and poultry products only to
340	individual consumers at the retail establishment, or to restaurants or institutions for use in
341	meals served at those restaurants or institutions;
342	(c) the retail establishment's sales of processed meat and poultry products to restaurants
343	or institutions do not exceed the federal adjusted dollar limitation, or 25 percent by dollar
344	volume of all meat sales from the retail establishment, whichever is less;
345	(d) the retail establishment receives meat only from a meat establishment licensed
346	under this chapter or inspected by the United States Department of Agriculture under 21 U.S.C.
347	Sections 451 to 695;
348	(e) the operator of the retail establishment does not sell, to any person other than an
349	individual consumer, any meat or poultry product that is cured, smoked, seasoned, canned, or
350	cooked at the retail establishment;
351	(f) the retail establishment does not sell any meat or poultry product that is cured,
352	smoked, seasoned, canned, or cooked at the retail establishment at a location other than the
353	retail establishment; and
354	(g) the operator of the retail establishment does not sell, to any person other than an
355	individual consumer, any meat product made by combining meat from different animal species
356	at the retail establishment.
357	(5) Any person who violates this section, except as otherwise provided in Subsection
358	[(5)] (6), is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
359	(6) Any person who offers for sale or sells any uninspected [livestock] meat or poultry
360	product is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
361	Section 6. Section 4-32-5 is amended to read:
362	4-32-5. Meat establishment and farm custom slaughter licenses Application
363	Fees Expiration Renewal.
364	(1) A person may not operate a meat establishment in the state without a meat
365	establishment license issued by the department.
366	[(1)] (2) (a) Application for a license to operate a [slaughterhouse] meat establishment
367	shall be made to the department upon [forms] <u>a form</u> prescribed and furnished by [it] the
368	department.

369 (b) Upon receipt of a proper application, compliance with all applicable rules, and the 370 payment of an annual license fee determined by the department according to Subsection 371 4-2-2(2), the commissioner, if satisfied that the public convenience and necessity will be 372 served, shall issue a license allowing the applicant to operate a [slaughterhouse] meat 373 establishment through December 31 of the year in which the license is issued, subject to 374 suspension or revocation for cause. 375 (c) A [slaughterhouse] meat establishment license is annually renewable on or before 376 December 31 of each year, upon the payment of an annual license renewal fee in an amount 377 determined by the department according to Subsection 4-2-2(2). 378 [(2)] (3) (a) Application for a farm custom slaughter [permit] license to engage in the 379 business of slaughtering livestock shall be made to the department on [forms] a form 380 prescribed and furnished by [it] the department. 381 (b) Upon receipt of a proper application, compliance with all applicable rules, and 382 payment of a [permit] license fee in an amount determined by the department according to 383 Subsection 4-2-2(2), the commissioner shall issue a [permit] license allowing the applicant to 384 engage in farm custom slaughtering. 385 (c) A farm custom slaughter [permit] license is annually renewable on or before 386 December 31 of each year, upon the payment of an annual renewal [permit] license fee in an 387 amount determined by the department according to Subsection 4-2-2(2). 388 Section 7. Section **4-32-6** is amended to read: 389 4-32-6. Duties of person who holds a farm custom slaughter license. 390 Each person who holds a farm custom slaughter [permit] license shall: 391 (1) keep accurate records of each animal slaughtered including the name, address, and 392 telephone number of each person for whom [livestock] the animal is slaughtered, a full 393 description of each animal slaughtered including age, brands, marks, or other identifying 394 marks, proof of ownership, destination of the carcass for processing, and the date of slaughter; 395 (2) require that each animal presented for slaughter bear a farm custom slaughter tag; 396 (3) render the animal to be slaughtered insensible to pain by captive bolt, gunshot, 397 electric shock, or other humane means before it is shackled, hoisted, thrown, cast, or cut; and 398 (4) stamp and tag the carcass of any slaughtered animal "Not For Sale." 399 Section 8. Section 4-32-7 is amended to read:

400	4-32-7. Mandatory functions, powers, and duties of department prescribed.
401	The department shall make rules pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
402	Rulemaking Act, [regarding] concerning the following functions, powers, and duties, in
403	addition to those specified in Ŝ→ [Title 4,] [] Chapter 1, [] Utah Agricultural Code] Short Title
403a	and General Provisions $\leftarrow \hat{S}$, for the
404	administration and enforcement of this chapter:
405	(1) The department shall require antemortem and postmortem inspections, quarantine,
406	segregation, and reinspections by inspectors appointed for those purposes with respect to the
407	slaughter of [livestock and poultry] animals and the preparation of [livestock] meat and poultry
408	products at official establishments, except as provided in Subsection 4-32-8(13).
409	(2) The department shall require that:
410	(a) [livestock and poultry] animals be identified for inspection purposes;
411	(b) [livestock] meat or poultry products, or their containers be marked or labeled as:
412	(i) "Utah Inspected and Passed" if, upon inspection, the products are found to be
413	unadulterated; and
414	(ii) "Utah Inspected and Condemned" if, upon inspection, the products are found to be
415	adulterated; and
416	(c) condemned <u>animal carcasses or</u> products, which otherwise would be used for
417	human consumption, be destroyed under the supervision of an inspector.
418	(3) The department shall prohibit or limit [livestock] meat products, poultry products,
419	or other materials not prepared under inspection procedures provided in this chapter, from
420	being brought into official establishments.
421	(4) The department shall require that labels and containers for [livestock] meat and
422	poultry products:
423	(a) bear all information required [under] by Section 4-32-3 if the product leaves the
424	official establishment; and
425	(b) be approved [prior to] before sale or transportation.
426	(5) For official establishments required to be inspected under Subsection (1), the
427	department shall:
428	(a) prescribe sanitary standards;
429	(b) require [experts in sanitation or other competent investigators to investigate
430	sanitary conditions] sanitary inspections; and

431 (c) refuse to provide inspection service if the sanitary conditions allow adulteration of 432 any [livestock] meat or poultry product. 433 (6) (a) The department shall require that any person engaged in a business referred to in 434 Subsection (6)(b) [shall]: 435 (i) keep accurate records disclosing all pertinent business transactions; 436 (ii) allow inspection of the business premises at reasonable times and examination of 437 inventory, records, and facilities; and 438 (iii) allow [inventory] samples to be taken [after payment of their fair market value]. 439 (b) Subsection (6)(a) [shall refer] applies to any person who: 440 (i) slaughters [livestock or poultry] animals; 441 (ii) prepares, freezes, packages, labels, buys, sells, transports, or stores any [livestock] 442 meat or poultry products for human or animal consumption; 443 (iii) renders [livestock or poultry] animals; or 444 (iv) buys, sells, or transports any dead, dying, disabled, or diseased [livestock or poultry] animals, or parts of their carcasses that died by a method other than slaughter. 445 446 (7) (a) The department shall: 447 (i) adopt by reference rules and regulations under federal acts with changes that the 448 commissioner considers appropriate to make the rules and regulations applicable to operations 449 and transactions subject to this chapter; and 450 (ii) promulgate any other rules considered necessary for the efficient execution of the 451 provisions of this chapter, including rules of practice providing an opportunity for hearing in 452 connection with the issuance of orders under Subsection (5) or under Subsection 4-32-8(1), (2), 453 or (3) and prescribing procedures for proceedings in these cases. 454 (b) These procedures [shall] do not preclude requiring that a label or container be 455 withheld from use, or inspection be refused under Subsections (1) and (5), or Subsection 456 4-32-8(3), pending issuance of a final order in the proceeding. 457 (8) (a) To prevent the inhumane slaughtering of [livestock and poultry] animals, 458 inspectors shall be appointed to examine and inspect methods of handling and slaughtering 459 [livestock and poultry] animals. 460 (b) Inspection of [new] slaughtering establishments may be refused or temporarily 461 suspended if [livestock or poultry] animals have been slaughtered or handled by any method

462	not in accordance with the Humane Methods of Slaughter Act of 1978, Public Law 95-445.
463	(c) Before slaughtering an animal in accordance with requirements of Kosher, Halal, or
464	a religious faith's requirements that discourage stunning of the animal, the person slaughtering
465	the animal shall file a written request with the commissioner.
466	(9) (a) The department shall require [all livestock and poultry] an animal showing
467	symptoms of disease during antemortem inspection, performed by an inspector appointed for
468	that purpose, to be set apart and slaughtered separately from other livestock and poultry.
469	(b) When slaughtered, the carcasses of livestock and poultry [shall be] are subject to
470	careful examination and inspection in accordance with rules prescribed by the commissioner.
471	Section 9. Section 4-32-8 is amended to read:
472	4-32-8. Discretionary functions, powers, and duties of commissioner prescribed.
473	The commissioner may:
474	(1) remove inspectors from any official establishment that fails to:
475	(a) destroy condemned products pursuant to Subsection 4-32-7(2); or
476	(b) comply with any other [requirements of this chapter] of this chapter's requirements;
477	(2) refuse to provide inspection for any official establishment for any cause specified in
478	Section 401 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act or Section 18 of the federal Poultry Products
479	Inspection Act;
480	(3) withhold the use of labels and containers if the labeling is false or misleading or the
481	containers are misleading in size or form;
482	(4) prescribe the type size and style to be used for labeling:
483	(a) information;
484	(b) definitions; and
485	(c) standards of identity, composition, or container fill;
486	(5) prescribe conditions for the storage and handling of [livestock] meat and poultry
487	products by any person who sells, freezes, stores, or transports these products to prevent them
488	from becoming adulterated or misbranded;
489	(6) require that equines be slaughtered and prepared in <u>official</u> establishments separate
490	from those where other [livestock is] animals are slaughtered or their products are prepared;
491	(7) require that the following people register the name and address of each place of
492	business and all trade names:

(b) renderer;
(c) animal food manufacturer;
(d) wholesaler;
(e) public warehouseman of [livestock] meat or poultry products; or
(f) anyone engaged in the business of buying, selling, or transporting any:
(i) dead, dying, disabled, or diseased [livestock or poultry] animals; or
(ii) parts of [livestock or poultry] animal carcasses that died other than by slaughter;
(8) make inspections of official establishments at night, as well as during the day, if
ivestock, poultry, or livestock] animals or meat and poultry products are slaughtered and
repared for commercial purposes in those establishments at night;
(9) divide the state into inspection districts and designate killing days and partial
illing days for each official establishment;
(10) cooperate with the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States in the
dministration of this chapter and accept federal assistance and use funds appropriated for the
dministration of this chapter to pay the state's proportionate share of the cooperative program;
(11) recommend the names of officials and employees of the department to the
ecretary of Agriculture of the United States for appointment to the advisory committees
rovided for in the federal acts;
(12) serve as the representative of the governor for consultation with the Secretary of
griculture under paragraph (c) of Section 301 of the Federal Meat Inspection Act and Section
(c) of the federal Poultry Products Inspection Act, unless the governor selects another
epresentative; and
(13) exempt from inspection:
(a) the slaughter and processing of [livestock and poultry] an animal by any person
ho raises [livestock or poultry] an animal for [his] the person's own use, members of [his] the
erson's household, [his] employees, or nonpaying guests;
(b) custom exempt slaughter and processing operations;
[(b)] (c) farm custom slaughter performed by a [permittee;] licensee; and
[(c)] (d) any other operation, if the exemption:
(i) furthers the purposes of this chapter; and

524	(ii) conforms to federal acts[; and].
525	[(14) exempt from this chapter the processing of wild game if it:]
526	[(a) is not processed in the same room and at the same time that inspected and
527	approved livestock and poultry products are being processed; and]
528	[(b) is stored in a separate cooler from inspected and passed products.]
529	Section 10. Section 4-32-11 is amended to read:
530	4-32-11. Preparation and slaughter of livestock, poultry, or livestock and poultry
531	products Adulterated or misbranded products Violation of rule or order.
532	(1) [No livestock, poultry, or livestock] An animal or meat or poultry product[, which]
533	that may be used for human consumption shall <u>not</u> be:
534	(a) slaughtered or prepared unless it is done in compliance with [the requirements of
535	this chapter] this chapter's requirements;
536	(b) sold, transported, offered for sale or transportation, or received for transportation, if
537	it is adulterated or misbranded, unless it has been inspected and approved; or
538	(c) subjected to any act while being transported or held for sale after transportation
539	[which results] resulting in one of [these] the products becoming adulterated or being
540	misbranded.
541	(2) [No person shall] A person may not violate any rule or order of the commissioner
542	under Subsection 4-32-7(3) or (6), or Subsection 4-32-8(3), (5), (7), or (14).
543	Section 11. Section 4-32-12 is amended to read:
544	4-32-12. Unauthorized use or possession of official devices, labels, marks, or
545	certificates False statements, misrepresentations, and trade secrets.
546	(1) [No person shall] A person may not cast, print, lithograph, or make any device or
547	label containing or bearing any official mark or simulation of a mark, or any form or simulation
548	of an official certificate unless authorized by the commissioner.
549	(2) [No person shall] A person may not:
550	(a) forge any official device, mark, or certificate;
551	(b) use any official device, mark, or certificate without the authorization of the
552	commissioner;
553	(c) alter, detach, deface, or destroy any official device, mark, or certificate;
554	(d) fail to use, detach, deface, or destroy any official device, mark, or certificate as

555	no aving d by this shoutow
555	required by this chapter;
556	(e) knowingly possess any of the following, if it bears any unauthorized, counterfeit,
557	simulated, forged, or altered official mark:
558	(i) an official device;
559	(ii) a counterfeit, simulated, forged, or altered official certificate;
560	(iii) a device;
561	(iv) a label;
562	(v) a carcass of any animal, including poultry; or
563	(vi) a part or product of any animal, including poultry;
564	(f) knowingly make any false statement in any shipper's certificate, or nonofficial or
565	official certificate;
566	(g) knowingly represent that any [livestock] meat or poultry product has been inspected
567	and approved, or exempted, under this chapter when, in fact, it has not; or
568	(h) use to [his] the person's advantage or reveal any information acquired under the
569	authority of this chapter relating to any matter entitled to protection as a trade secret unless the
570	information is:
571	(i) revealed to an authorized government representative; or
572	(ii) ordered by a court in a judicial proceeding.
573	Section 12. Section 4-32-13 is amended to read:
574	4-32-13. Meat or poultry products to be marked or labeled Meat or poultry
575	products not intended for human food Dead, dying, disabled, or diseased animals.
576	(1) [No person shall] A person may not sell, transport, offer for sale or transportation,
577	or receive for transportation, any animal carcasses [of horses, mules, or other equines] or parts
578	of such carcasses, or the meat or meat [food] products, unless they are plainly and
579	conspicuously marked or labeled or otherwise identified as required by rules adopted by the
580	department to show the kinds of animals from which they were derived.
581	(2) [No person shall] <u>A person may not</u> buy, sell, transport, or offer for sale or
582	transportation, or receive for transportation any [livestock products] meat or poultry products
583	that are not intended for human food unless they are denatured or otherwise identified as
584	required by the rules of the department or are naturally inedible by humans.
585	(3) [No] <u>A</u> person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or transporting dead,

H.B. 108

586 dying, disabled, or diseased animals, or any parts of the carcasses of any animals that died 587 otherwise than by slaughter, [shall] may not buy, sell, transport, offer for sale or transportation, 588 or receive for transportation [such] the animals or parts of carcasses unless [such] the 589 transaction or transportation is made in accordance with rules adopted by the department to 590 assure that [such] the animals or parts of carcasses will be prevented from being used for 591 human food.

592

Section 13. Section 4-32-16 is amended to read:

593

4-32-16. Detention of animals or meat or poultry products -- Removal of official 594 marks.

595 (1) Whenever any [livestock] meat or poultry product or any product exempted from 596 the definition of a [livestock] meat or poultry product, or any dead, dying, disabled, or diseased 597 [livestock or poultry] animal, is found by any authorized representative of the commissioner, 598 and there is reason to believe that it is adulterated or misbranded and is capable of use as 599 human food, or that it has not been inspected and passed, or that it has been or is intended to be 600 distributed in violation of this chapter, it may be detained by [such] the representative pending 601 action under Section 4-32-17, and [shall] may not be moved by any person from the place at 602 which it is located when so detained, until released by such representative.

(2) All official marks may be required by [such] the representative described in 603 604 Subsection (1) to be removed from [such] a product or animal described in Subsection (1) 605 before [it] the product is released.

606

Section 14. Section 4-32-17 is amended to read:

607 4-32-17. Quarantine authorized -- Conditions giving rise to quarantine.

608 (1) Any [livestock] meat or poultry product, or any dead, dying, disabled, or diseased 609 [livestock or poultry] animal that is being transported or is held for sale in this state, and that:

610 (a) is or has been prepared, sold, transported, or otherwise distributed or offered or 611 received for distribution in violation of this chapter[, or];

612

(b) is capable of use as human food and is adulterated or misbranded[,]; or

613 (c) in any other way [is in violation of] violates this chapter, shall be seized and 614 quarantined.

(2) Quarantined animals or products shall be condemned and destroyed, except that the 615 616 owner of [such] the guarantined animals or products may request a hearing within five days,

617	and the commissioner shall, within five days after [such] the request, conduct a hearing to
618	decide whether the quarantined animals or products shall be condemned.
619	(3) The commissioner's decision [shall be] under Subsection (2) is final, and all
620	condemned animals or products shall forthwith be destroyed or denatured in the presence of the
621	commissioner or an inspector.
622	[(2)] (4) This section [shall in no way derogate from] does not limit the authority for
623	condemnation or seizure conferred by other provisions of this chapter, or other laws.
624	Section 15. Section 4-32-18 is amended to read:
625	4-32-18. Rules for the construction and operation of meat establishments
626	authorized.
627	(1) For the purposes of administering this chapter and qualifying [slaughterhouses]
628	meat establishments for licenses, the department [has authority to] may adopt sanitary
629	inspection rules and regulations, and all other necessary rules, including those pertaining to the
630	construction, equipment, and facilities of [slaughterhouses] meat establishments.
631	(2) The rules shall[, so far as practical,] conform with the regulations promulgated
632	under the federal acts.
633	Section 16. Section 4-32-20 is amended to read:
634	4-32-20. Suspension or revocation Grounds.
635	The department may upon its own motion, and shall upon the verified complaint in
636	writing of any person, investigate or cause to be investigated the operation of any
637	[slaughterhouse] meat establishment, and may suspend or revoke the license of the
638	[slaughterhouse] meat establishment upon any of the following grounds:
639	(1) the license was obtained by any false or misleading statement;
640	(2) for slaughtering any [livestock or poultry without inspection (antemortem and
641	postmortem)] animal without an antemortem and a postmortem inspection, or for processing
642	any [livestock] meat or poultry or products of either that have not been inspected and passed,
643	(or exempted) and so identified;
644	(3) the advertising or publicizing of any false or misleading statements that pertain to
645	the slaughtering, processing, or distribution of [livestock or livestock products or poultry]
646	animals or meat or poultry products;
647	(4) the failure to maintain refrigeration, sanitation, or dispose of waste as required by

H.B. 108

648	rules of the department; <u>or</u>
649	(5) the failure to comply with rules of the department pertaining to the disposal of
650	carcasses or parts of carcasses that have been determined to be unfit for human consumption.
651	Section 17. Section 4-32-21 is amended to read:
652	4-32-21. Denial of application for farm custom slaughter license Venue for
653	judicial review.
654	(1) Any applicant[7] whose application for a license to operate a [slaughterhouse] meat
655	establishment or to obtain a farm custom slaughter [permit] license is denied[7] may file a
656	request for agency action with the department, requesting a hearing on the issue of denial.
657	(2) (a) Any person who is aggrieved by an order issued under this section may obtain
658	judicial review.
659	(b) Venue for judicial review of informal adjudicative proceeding is in the district court
660	in the county in which the alleged unlawful activity occurred or, in the case of an order denying
661	a license application, in the county where the applicant resides.
662	(3) The attorney general's office shall represent the department in any original action or
663	any appeal under this section.
664	Section 18. Section 4-32-22 is amended to read:
665	4-32-22. Animals slaughtered or the meat and poultry products not intended for
666	human use No inspection Products to be denatured or otherwise identified.
667	Inspection [shall] may not be provided under this chapter at any establishment for the
668	slaughter of [livestock or poultry] animals or the preparation of any [livestock products] meat
669	or poultry products that are not intended for use as human food, but [such] the products shall be
670	denatured or otherwise identified as prescribed by rules of the department [prior to] before their
671	offer for sale or transportation.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-25-10 11:58 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note

H.B. 108 - Meat Inspection Amendments

2010 General Session

State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/30/2010, 6:30:09 PM, Lead Analyst: Djambov, I./Attny: CRP

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst