SALES AND USE TAX CHANGES
2010 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
Senate Sponsor:
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends the Sales and Use Tax Act, the Rural Health Services chapter, the
Board of Tourism Development part, and related provisions.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 addresses the distribution and expenditure of revenues in the Rural Health Care
Facilities Fund as a result of the repeal of Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 8, Funding for
Health Care;
• enacts the Rural Health Care Compensation Fund to address the funding of rural
health care as a result of the repeal of Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 8, Funding of
Health Care, and provides for:
 deposits of certain sales and use tax revenues into that fund; and
 the distribution and expenditure of fund monies;
 amends the powers and duties of the State Tax Commission to include distributing
monies deposited into the Rural Health Care Compensation Fund;
 requires adjustments to the property tax certified tax rate under certain
circumstances;
enacts and modifies definitions;
modifies state and local sales and use tax rates;
 modifies the distribution of revenues collected from certain local option sales and



28	use taxes;
29	repeals certain local option sales and use taxes;
30	 modifies an additional state sales and use tax related to transportation and addresses
31	the expenditure of revenues collected from the tax;
32	• enacts the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport Facilities Fund
33	and provides for:
34	 deposits of certain sales and use tax revenues into that fund; and
35	 the distribution and expenditure of fund monies; and
36	 makes technical and conforming changes.
37	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
38	None
39	Other Special Clauses:
40	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2011.
41	This bill provides revisor instructions.
42	This bill coordinates with S.B. 30, Local Option Sales and Use Taxes for
43	Transportation Act, by making technical changes.
44	Utah Code Sections Affected:
45	AMENDS:
46	17C-1-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 61, 231, and 236
47	26-9-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 368
48	26-21b-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 266
49	59-1-210 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 187 and 382
50	59-2-924.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 218
51	59-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 203 and 314
52	59-12-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 203, 344, and 385
53	59-12-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 203 and 385
54	59-12-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 92 and 203
55	59-12-211 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
56	59-12-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 7
57	59-12-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
58	59-12-704 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 296

59	59-12-1201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 203
60	59-12-1802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
61	59-12-2003, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 385
62	63H-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 92 and 397
63	ENACTS:
64	26-9-5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
65	63M-1-1407 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	REPEALS:
67	59-12-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 296
68	59-12-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 302
69	59-12-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
70	59-12-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 253
71	59-12-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
72	59-12-805, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 253
73	59-12-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
74	59-12-808, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 203
75	59-12-809, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
76	59-12-810, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
77	59-12-1301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 243
78	59-12-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
79	59-12-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 203
80	59-12-1305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
81	59-12-1306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
82	59-12-1401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 317
83	59-12-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
84	59-12-1403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 192
85	59-12-1405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 203
86	59-12-1406, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
87	59-12-1407, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
88	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
80	59-12-2003 as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009 Chapter 385

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

- Section 1. Section 17C-1-408 is amended to read:
- 17C-1-408. Base taxable value to be adjusted to reflect other changes.
- (1) (a) (i) As used in this Subsection (1), "qualifying decrease" means:
 - (A) a decrease of more than 20% from the previous tax year's levy; or
- (B) a cumulative decrease over a consecutive five-year period of more than 100% from the levy in effect at the beginning of the five-year period.
- (ii) The year in which a qualifying decrease under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurs is the fifth year of the five-year period.
- (b) If there is a qualifying decrease in the minimum basic school levy under Section 59-2-902 that would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid to an agency:
- (i) the base taxable value of taxable property within the project area shall be reduced in the year of the qualifying decrease to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide the agency with approximately the same amount of tax increment that would have been paid to the agency each year had the qualifying decrease not occurred; and
- (ii) the amount of tax increment paid to the agency each year for the payment of bonds and indebtedness may not be less than what would have been paid to the agency if there had been no qualifying decrease.
- (2) (a) The amount of the base taxable value to be used in determining tax increment shall be:
 - (i) increased or decreased by the amount of an increase or decrease that results from:
 - (A) a statute enacted by the Legislature or by the people through an initiative;
- 114 (B) a judicial decision;
 - (C) an order from the State Tax Commission to a county to adjust or factor its assessment rate under Subsection 59-2-704(2);
- 117 (D) a change in exemption provided in Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 2, or 118 Section 59-2-103; or
- 119 (E) an increase or decrease in the percentage of fair market value, as defined under 120 Section 59-2-102; and

121	(ii) reduced for any year to the extent necessary, even if below zero, to provide an
122	agency with approximately the same amount of money the agency would have received without
123	a reduction in the county's certified tax rate if:
124	(A) in that year there is a decrease in the county's certified tax rate under Subsection
125	59-2-924.2(2)(a) or (3)(a);
126	(B) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
127	previous year; and
128	(C) the decrease would result in a reduction of the amount of tax increment to be paid
129	to the agency.
130	(b) Notwithstanding an increase or decrease under Subsection (2)(a), the amount of tax
131	increment paid to an agency each year for payment of bonds or other indebtedness may not be
132	less than would have been paid to the agency each year if there had been no increase or
133	decrease under Subsection (2)(a).
134	Section 2. Section 26-9-4 is amended to read:
135	26-9-4. Definitions Rural Health Care Facilities Fund Source of revenues
136	Interest Distribution of revenues Expenditure of revenues Unexpended revenues
137	lapse into the General Fund.
138	(1) As used in this section:
139	(a) "Emergency medical services" is as defined in Section 26-8a-102.
140	(b) "Federally qualified health center" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
141	(c) "Fiscal year" means a one-year period beginning on July 1 of each year.
142	(d) "Freestanding urgent care center" [is as defined in Section 59-12-801.] means a
143	facility that provides outpatient health care service:
144	(i) on an as-needed basis, without an appointment;
145	(ii) to the public;
146	(iii) for the diagnosis and treatment of a medical condition if that medical condition
147	does not require hospitalization or emergency intervention for a life threatening or potentially
148	permanently disabling condition; and
149	(iv) including one or more of the following services:
150	(A) a medical history physical examination;
151	(B) an assessment of health status; or

152	(C) treatment:
153	(I) for a variety of medical conditions; and
154	(II) that is commonly offered in a physician's office.
155	(e) "Fund" means the Rural Health Care Facilities Fund created by this section.
156	(f) "Nursing care facility" is as defined in Section 26-21-2.
157	(g) "Qualified expense" means:
158	(i) an ongoing operating expense;
159	(ii) the acquisition of land;
160	(iii) an expense for design, construction, equipping, or furnishing; or
161	(iv) a combination of Subsections (1)(g)(i) through (iii).
162	(h) "Qualifying tax" means a sales and use tax that:
163	(i) a county legislative body or city legislative body imposes to fund rural health care;
164	<u>and</u>
165	(ii) is repealed by this bill.
166	[(g)] (i) "Rural city hospital" [is as defined in Section 59-12-801.] means a hospital
167	owned by a city if that city is located within a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as
168	classified in Section 17-50-501.
169	[(h)] (j) "Rural county health care facility" [is as defined in Section 59-12-801.] means
170	<u>a:</u>
171	(i) rural county hospital; or
172	(ii) rural county nursing care facility.
173	[(i)] (k) "Rural county hospital" [is as defined in Section 59-12-801.] means a hospital
174	owned by a county:
175	(i) of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as classified in Section 17-50-501; and
176	(ii) if that county is located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as
177	designated by the United States Census Bureau.
178	[(j)] <u>(1)</u> "Rural county nursing care facility" [is as defined in Section 59-12-801.] means
179	a nursing care facility owned by a county:
180	(i) of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as classified in Section 17-50-501; and
181	(ii) if that county is located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as
182	designated by the United States Census Bureau.

183	[(k)] (m) "Rural emergency medical services" [is as defined in Section 59-12-801.]
184	means emergency medical services that are provided by a county:
185	(i) of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class, as classified in Section 17-50-501; and
186	(ii) if that county is located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as
187	designated by the United States Census Bureau.
188	[(1)] (n) "Rural health clinic" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
189	(2) There is created a general fund restricted account known as the Rural Health Care
190	Facilities Fund.
191	(3) (a) The fund shall be funded by amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
192	(b) Any interest earned on the fund shall be deposited into the General Fund.
193	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the State Tax Commission shall for a fiscal year
194	distribute monies deposited into the fund to each:
195	(a) county legislative body of a county that, on January 1, 2007, imposes a [tax in
196	accordance with Section 59-12-802] qualifying tax; or
197	(b) city legislative body of a city that, on January 1, 2007, imposes a [tax in accordance
198	with Section 59-12-804] qualifying tax.
199	(5) (a) For purposes of the distribution required by Subsection (4), the State Tax
200	Commission shall:
201	(i) estimate for each county and city described in Subsection (4) the amount by which
202	the revenues collected from [the taxes imposed under Sections 59-12-802 and 59-12-804] \underline{a}
203	qualifying tax for fiscal year 2005-06 would have been reduced [had] if:
204	(A) the amendments made by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 288, Sections 25 and 26, to
205	[Sections 59-12-802 and 59-12-804] the qualifying tax had been in effect for fiscal year
206	2005-06; and
207	(B) each county and city described in Subsection (4) had imposed [the tax under
208	Sections 59-12-802 and 59-12-804] the qualifying tax for the entire fiscal year 2005-06;
209	(ii) calculate a percentage for each county and city described in Subsection (4) by
210	dividing the amount estimated for each county and city in accordance with Subsection $(5)(a)(i)$
211	by \$555,000; and
212	(iii) distribute to each county and city described in Subsection (4) an amount equal to
213	the product of:

214	(A) the percentage calculated in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(ii); and
215	(B) the amount appropriated by the Legislature to the fund for the fiscal year.
216	(b) The State Tax Commission shall make the estimations, calculations, and
217	distributions required by Subsection (5)(a) on the basis of data collected by the State Tax
218	Commission.
219	(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), a county legislative body shall distribute the
220	monies the county legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5):
221	(i) for a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class, to [fund rural county health care
222	facilities in that county; and] finance a qualified expense for one or more rural county health
223	care facilities within the county; or
224	(ii) for a county of the sixth class, to [fund] finance:
225	(A) a qualified expense for one or more rural emergency medical services in that
226	county;
227	(B) <u>a qualified expense for one or more</u> federally qualified health centers in that
228	county;
229	(C) <u>a qualified expense for one or more</u> freestanding urgent care centers in that county;
230	(D) <u>a qualified expense for one or more</u> rural county health care facilities in that
231	county;
232	(E) <u>a qualified expense for one or more</u> rural health clinics in that county; or
233	(F) a combination of Subsections (6)(a)(ii)(A) through (E).
234	(b) A county legislative body shall distribute a percentage of the monies the county
235	legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to each center, clinic, facility, or
236	service described in Subsection (6)(a) equal to the same percentage that the county legislative
237	body distributes to that center, clinic, facility, or service [in accordance with Section 59-12-803
238	for the calendar year ending on the December 31 immediately preceding the first day of the
239	fiscal year for which the county legislative body receives the distribution in accordance with
240	Subsection (5).]:
241	(i) for the calendar year ending on December 31, 2010; and
242	(ii) from the revenues collected from a qualifying tax.
243	(c) (i) A [center, clinic, facility, or service] rural county health care facility within a
244	county of the third, fourth, or fifth class that receives a distribution in accordance with this

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245	Subsection (6) shall expend that distribution [for the same purposes for which monies
246	generated by a tax under Section 59-12-802 may be expended] to finance a qualified expense
247	for that rural county health care facility.
248	(ii) A center, clinic, facility, or service within a county of the sixth class that receives a
249	distribution in accordance with this Subsection (6) shall expend that distribution to finance a
250	qualified expense for that center, clinic, facility, or service.
251	(7) (a) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), a city legislative body shall distribute the monies
252	the city legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to fund rural city hospitals
253	in that city.
254	(b) A city legislative body shall distribute a percentage of the monies the city
255	legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to each rural city hospital described
256	in Subsection (7)(a) equal to the same percentage that the city legislative body distributes to
257	that rural city hospital [in accordance with Section 59-12-805 for the calendar year ending on
258	the December 31 immediately preceding the first day of the fiscal year for which the city
259	legislative body receives the distribution in accordance with Subsection (5).]:
260	(i) for the calendar year ending on December 31, 2010; and
261	(ii) from revenues collected from a qualifying tax.
262	(c) A rural city hospital that receives a distribution in accordance with this Subsection
263	(7) shall expend that distribution [for the same purposes for which monies generated by a tax
264	under Section 59-12-804 may be expended] to finance a qualified expense for that rural city
265	hospital.
266	(8) Any monies remaining in the Rural Health Care Facilities Fund at the end of a
267	fiscal year after the State Tax Commission makes the distributions required by this section
268	shall lapse into the General Fund.
269	Section 3. Section 26-9-5 is enacted to read:
270	26-9-5. Definitions Rural Health Care Compensation Fund Source of
271	revenues Interest Distribution of revenues Expenditure of revenues Unexpended
272	revenues lapse into the General Fund.
273	(1) As used in this section:
274	(a) "Emergency medical services" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.

(b) "Federally qualified health center" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.

276	(c) "Fiscal year" means a one-year period beginning on July 1 of each year.
277	(d) "Freestanding urgent care center" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
278	(e) "Fund" means the Rural Health Care Compensation Fund created by this section.
279	(f) "Nursing care facility" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
280	(g) "Qualified expense" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
281	(h) "Qualifying tax" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
282	(i) "Rural city hospital" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
283	(j) "Rural county health care facility" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
284	(k) "Rural county hospital" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
285	(1) "Rural county nursing care facility" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
286	(m) "Rural emergency medical services" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
287	(n) "Rural health clinic" is as defined in Section 26-9-4.
288	(2) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Rural Health Care
289	Compensation Fund."
290	(3) (a) The fund shall be funded by amounts deposited in accordance with Subsection
291	<u>59-12-103(13).</u>
292	(b) Any interest earned on the fund shall be deposited into the General Fund.
293	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the State Tax Commission shall within a 30-day period
294	after the last day of a fiscal year distribute monies deposited into the fund to each:
295	(a) county legislative body of a county that, on December 31, 2010, imposes a
296	qualifying tax; or
297	(b) city legislative body of a city that, on December 31, 2010, imposes a qualifying tax.
298	(5) (a) For purposes of the distribution required by Subsection (4), the State Tax
299	Commission shall:
300	(i) estimate for each county and city described in Subsection (4) the amount of
301	revenues that would have been collected from a qualifying tax for fiscal year 2008-09 had the
302	county or city imposed the qualifying tax for the entire fiscal year 2008-09;
303	(ii) calculate a percentage for each county and city described in Subsection (4) by
304	dividing the amount estimated for each county and city in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(i)
305	by the total amount deposited in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(13):
306	(A) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011, for

307	that time period; or
308	(B) for a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, for that fiscal year; and
309	(iii) distribute to each county and city described in Subsection (4) an amount equal to
310	the product of:
311	(A) the percentage calculated in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(ii); and
312	(B) the total amount deposited in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(13):
313	(I) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011, for
314	that time period; or
315	(II) for a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, for that fiscal year.
316	(b) The State Tax Commission shall make the estimates, calculations, and distributions
317	required by Subsection (5)(a) on the basis of data collected by the State Tax Commission.
318	(6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), a county legislative body shall distribute the
319	monies the county legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5):
320	(i) for a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class, to finance a qualified expense for one
321	or more rural county health care facilities within the county; or
322	(ii) for a county of the sixth class, to finance:
323	(A) a qualified expense for one or more rural emergency medical services in that
324	county;
325	(B) a qualified expense for one or more federally qualified health centers in that
326	county;
327	(C) a qualified expense for one or more freestanding urgent care centers in that county;
328	(D) a qualified expense for one or more rural county health care facilities in that
329	county;
330	(E) a qualified expense for one or more rural health clinics in that county; or
331	(F) a combination of Subsections (6)(a)(ii)(A) through (E).
332	(b) A county legislative body shall distribute a percentage of the monies the county
333	legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to each center, clinic, facility, or
334	service described in Subsection (6)(a) equal to the same percentage that the county legislative
335	body distributes to that center, clinic, facility, or service:
336	(i) for the calendar year ending on December 31, 2010; and
337	(ii) from revenues collected from a qualifying tax.

338	(c) (i) A rural county health care facility within a county of the third, fourth, or fifth
339	class that receives a distribution in accordance with this Subsection (6) shall expend that
340	distribution to finance a qualified expense for that rural county health care facility.
341	(ii) A center, clinic, facility, or service within a county of the sixth class that receives a
342	distribution in accordance with this Subsection (6) shall expend that distribution to finance a
343	qualified expense for that center, clinic, facility, or service.
344	(7) (a) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), a city legislative body shall distribute the monies
345	the city legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to fund one or more rural
346	city hospitals in that city.
347	(b) A city legislative body shall distribute a percentage of the monies the city
348	legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to each rural city hospital described
349	in Subsection (7)(a) equal to the same percentage that the city legislative body distributes to
350	that rural city hospital:
351	(i) for the calendar year ending on December 31, 2010; and
352	(ii) from revenues collected from a qualifying tax.
353	(c) A rural city hospital that receives a distribution in accordance with this Subsection
354	(7) shall expend that distribution to finance a qualified expense for that rural city hospital.
355	(8) Any monies remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year after the State Tax
356	Commission makes the distributions required by this section shall lapse into the General Fund.
357	Section 4. Section 26-21b-102 is amended to read:
358	26-21b-102. Definitions.
359	As used in this chapter:
360	(1) "Designated facility" means:
361	(a) a freestanding urgent care center, as defined in Section [59-12-801] 26-9-4;
362	(b) a general acute hospital, as defined in Section 26-21-2; or
363	(c) a critical access hospital that meets the criteria of 42 U.S.C. 1395i-4(c)(2) (1998).
364	(2) "Emergency contraception" means the use of a substance, approved by the United
365	States Food and Drug Administration, to prevent pregnancy after sexual intercourse.
366	(3) "Physician" means a person:
367	(a) licensed as a physician under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act; or
368	(b) licensed as a physician under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical

369	Practice Act.
370	(4) "Practitioner" means:
371	(a) a physician; or
372	(b) any other person who is permitted by law to prescribe emergency contraception.
373	(5) "Sexual assault" means any criminal conduct described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part
374	4, Sexual Offenses, that may result in a pregnancy.
375	(6) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who presents to receive, or receives,
376	medical care in consequence of being subjected to sexual assault.
377	Section 5. Section 59-1-210 is amended to read:
378	59-1-210. General powers and duties.
379	The powers and duties of the commission are as follows:
380	(1) to sue and be sued in its own name;
381	(2) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of this state to
382	govern the commission, executive director, division directors, and commission employees in
383	the performance of their duties;
384	(3) to adopt rules and policies consistent with the Constitution and laws of the state, to
385	govern county boards and officers in the performance of any duty relating to assessment,
386	equalization, and collection of taxes;
387	(4) to prescribe the use of forms relating to the assessment of property for state or local
388	taxation, the equalization of those assessments, the reporting of property or income for state or
389	local taxation purposes, or for the computation of those taxes and the reporting of any
390	information, statistics, or data required by the commission;
391	(5) to administer and supervise the tax laws of the state;
392	(6) to prepare and maintain from year to year a complete record of all lands subject to
393	taxation in this state, and all machinery used in mining and all property or surface
394	improvements upon or appurtenant to mines or mining claims;
395	(7) to exercise general supervision over assessors and county boards of equalization
396	including the authority to enforce Section 59-2-303.1, and over other county officers in the
397	performance of their duties relating to the assessment of property and collection of taxes, so
398	that all assessments of property are just and equal, according to fair market value, and that the
399	tax burden is distributed without favor or discrimination;

(8) to reconvene any county board of equalization which, when reconvened, may only address business approved by the commission and extend the time for which any county board of equalization may sit for the equalization of assessments;

- (9) to confer with, advise, and direct county treasurers, assessors, and other county officers in matters relating to the assessment and equalization of property for taxation and the collection of taxes;
- (10) to provide for and hold annually at such time and place as may be convenient a district or state convention of county assessors, auditors, and other county officers to consider and discuss matters relative to taxation, uniformity of valuation, and changes in the law relative to taxation and methods of assessment, to which county assessors and other officers called to attend shall attend at county expense;
- (11) to direct proceedings, actions, and prosecutions to enforce the laws relating to the penalties, liabilities, and punishments of public officers, persons, and officers or agents of corporations for failure or neglect to comply with the statutes governing the reporting, assessment, and taxation of property;
- (12) to cause complaints to be made in the proper court seeking removal from office of assessors, auditors, members of county boards, and other assessing, taxing, or disbursing officers, who are guilty of official misconduct or neglect of duty;
- (13) to require county attorneys to immediately institute and prosecute actions and proceedings in respect to penalties, forfeitures, removals, and punishments for violations of the laws relating to the assessment and taxation of property in their respective counties;
- (14) to require any person to furnish any information required by the commission to ascertain the value and the relative burden borne by all kinds of property in the state, and to require from all state and local officers any information necessary for the proper discharge of the duties of the commission;
 - (15) to examine all records relating to the valuation of property of any person;
- (16) to subpoena witnesses to appear and give testimony and produce records relating to any matter before the commission;
- (17) to cause depositions of witnesses to be taken as in civil actions at the request of the commission or any party to any matter or proceeding before the commission;
 - (18) to authorize any member or employee of the commission to administer oaths and

affirmations in any matter or proceeding relating to the exercise of the powers and duties of the commission;

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- (19) to visit periodically each county of the state, to investigate and direct the work and methods of local assessors and other officials in the assessment, equalization, and taxation of property, and to ascertain whether the law requiring the assessment of all property not exempt from taxation, and the collection of taxes, have been properly administered and enforced;
- (20) to carefully examine all cases where evasion or violation of the laws for assessment and taxation of property is alleged, to ascertain whether existing laws are defective or improperly administered;
- (21) to furnish to the governor from time to time such assistance and information as the governor requires;
- (22) to transmit to the governor and to each member of the Legislature recommendations as to legislation which will correct or eliminate defects in the operation of the tax laws and will equalize the burden of taxation within the state;
- (23) to correct any error in any assessment made by it at any time before the tax is due and report the correction to the county auditor, who shall enter the corrected assessment upon the assessment roll;
- (24) to compile and publish statistics relating to taxation in the state and prepare and submit an annual budget to the governor for inclusion in the state budget to be submitted to the Legislature;
- (25) to perform any further duties imposed by law, and exercise all powers necessary in the performance of its duties;
- (26) to adopt a schedule of fees assessed for services provided by the commission, unless otherwise provided by statute. The fee shall be reasonable and fair, and shall reflect the cost of services provided. Each fee established in this manner shall be submitted to and approved by the Legislature as part of the commission's annual appropriations request. The commission may not charge or collect any fee proposed in this manner without approval by the Legislature;
- (27) to comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, in its adjudicative proceedings; and
 - (28) to distribute the monies deposited into the:

462	(a) Rural Health Care Facilities Fund as required by Section 26-9-4[-]; and
463	(b) Rural Health Care Compensation Fund as required by Section 26-9-5.
464	Section 6. Section 59-2-924.2 is amended to read:
465	59-2-924.2. Adjustments to the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate.
466	(1) For purposes of this section, "certified tax rate" means a certified tax rate calculated
467	in accordance with Section 59-2-924.
468	(2) (a) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from
469	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
470	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter
471	12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax
472	rate to offset the increased revenues.
473	(b) A taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax rate to offset increased revenues from
474	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
475	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 if:
476	(i) the county within which the taxing entity is located:
477	(A) on December 31, 2010, does not impose a sales and use tax in accordance with
478	Section 59-12-703; and
479	(B) on or after January 1, 2011, imposes a tax in accordance with Section 59-12-703;
480	<u>and</u>
481	(ii) the taxing entity receives increased revenues from uniform fees on tangible
482	personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1, 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as
483	a result of the county imposing a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-703.
484	(3) (a) [Beginning] Subject to Subsection (3)(c), beginning on July 1, 1997, if a county
485	has imposed a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax,
486	the county's certified tax rate shall be:
487	(i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
488	revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
489	(ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from
490	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
491	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection
492	(3)(a)(i).

493	[(b) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for
494	purposes of Subsection (3)(a).]
495	(b) Subject to Subsections (3)(c) and (d), if a county that, on December 31, 2010, does
496	not impose a sales and use tax in accordance with Section 59-12-703, imposes a sales and use
497	tax in accordance with Section 59-12-703 on or after January 1, 2011, the county's certified tax
498	rate shall be:
499	(i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax
500	revenue under Section 59-12-703 to be distributed to the county for the first year that the
501	county imposes the tax; and
502	(ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from
503	uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1,
504	59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection
505	<u>(2)(b).</u>
506	(c) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for
507	purposes of Subsections (3)(a)(i) and (b)(i).
508	(d) A certified tax rate increase or decrease required by Subsection (3)(b) shall be
509	made:
510	(i) for the calendar year beginning on the January 1 of the year in which the sales and
511	use tax is imposed that requires the certified tax rate to be increased or decreased in accordance
512	with Subsection (3)(b) if that sales and use tax is imposed for the first time on January 1 or
513	April 1; or
514	(ii) for the calendar year beginning on the January 1 of the year immediately following
515	the year in which the sales and use tax is imposed that requires the certified tax rate to be
516	increased or decreased in accordance with Subsection (3)(b) if that sales and use tax is imposed
517	for the first time on July 1 or October 1.
518	(4) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort
519	communities sales and use tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate
520	shall be decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of
521	estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under
522	Section 59-12-402.
523	(5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies to each county that:

524	(i) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special
525	Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection 17D-1-201(10); and
526	(ii) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section
527	17D-1-105.
528	(b) (i) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (5) applies shall be
529	decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues
530	that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.
531	(ii) Each decrease under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall occur contemporaneously with the
532	levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17D-1-105.
533	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
534	(i) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a
535	public safety district by annexation.
536	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
537	public safety district by annexation.
538	(iii) "Equalized public safety protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:
539	(A) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
540	property tax revenue necessary:
541	(I) in the case of a fire district, to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
542	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:
543	(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
544	(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; or
545	(II) in the case of a police district, to cover all the costs:
546	(Aa) associated with providing law enforcement service:
547	(Ii) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
548	(IIii) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and
549	(Bb) that the police district board designates as the costs to be funded by a property
550	tax; and
551	(B) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) for all
552	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
553	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:
554	(I) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;

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(ii) in:

333	and
556	(II) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.
557	(iv) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
558	Area Act:
559	(A) created to provide fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and
560	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
561	17B-1-214(3)(c).
562	(v) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included
563	within a public safety district at the time of the creation of the public safety district.
564	(vi) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
565	public safety district at the time of the creation of the public safety district.
566	(vii) "Police district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
567	Area Act, within a county of the first class:
568	(A) created to provide law enforcement service; and
569	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
570	17B-1-214(3)(c).
571	(viii) "Public safety district" means a fire district or a police district.
572	(ix) "Public safety service" means:
573	(A) in the case of a public safety district that is a fire district, fire protection,
574	paramedic, and emergency services; and
575	(B) in the case of a public safety district that is a police district, law enforcement
576	service.
577	(b) In the first year following creation of a public safety district, the certified tax rate of
578	each participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount
579	of the equalized public safety tax rate.
580	(c) In the first budget year following annexation to a public safety district, the certified
581	tax rate of each annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by an
582	amount equal to the amount of revenue budgeted by the annexing county or annexing
583	municipality:
584	(i) for public safety service; and

586	(A) for a taxing entity operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,
587	the prior calendar year; or
588	(B) for a taxing entity operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the prior
589	fiscal year.
590	(d) Each tax levied under this section by a public safety district shall be considered to
591	be levied by:
592	(i) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax
593	limitation under Section 59-2-908; and
594	(ii) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the
595	municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a
596	city.
597	(e) The calculation of a public safety district's certified tax rate for the year of
598	annexation shall be adjusted to include an amount of revenue equal to one half of the amount
599	of revenue budgeted by the annexing entity for public safety service in the annexing entity's
600	prior fiscal year if:
601	(i) the public safety district operates on a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year;
602	(ii) the public safety district approves an annexation of an entity operating on a July 1
603	through June 30 fiscal year; and
604	(iii) the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii) takes effect on July 1.
605	(7) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing
606	entity's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, shall be adjusted by
607	the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from
608	excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3) enacted by the
609	Legislature during the 2007 General Session:
610	(a) personal property tax revenue:
611	(i) received by a taxing entity;
612	(ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
613	(iii) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or
614	(b) the taxable value of personal property:
615	(i) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity;
616	(ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

617	(iii) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
618	(8) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be
619	reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal
620	agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
621	Development and Renewal Agencies, with approximately the same amount of money the
622	agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate, calculated in
623	accordance with Section 59-2-924, if:
624	(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a);
625	(ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the
626	previous year; and
627	(iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under
628	Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404.
629	(b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any
630	year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with
631	approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an
632	increase in the certified tax rate that year if:
633	(i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to

- (ii) the certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year.
- (c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a), the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Community Development and Renewal Agencies, for the payment of
- bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than that
- amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or

643 (3)(a).

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Section 7. Section **59-12-102** is amended to read:

a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a); and

- **59-12-102. Definitions.**
- As used in this chapter:
- (1) "800 service" means a telecommunications service that:

648	(a) allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call; and
649	(b) is typically marketed:
650	(i) under the name 800 toll-free calling;
651	(ii) under the name 855 toll-free calling;
652	(iii) under the name 866 toll-free calling;
653	(iv) under the name 877 toll-free calling;
654	(v) under the name 888 toll-free calling; or
655	(vi) under a name similar to Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v) as designated by the
656	Federal Communications Commission.
657	(2) (a) "900 service" means an inbound toll telecommunications service that:
658	(i) a subscriber purchases;
659	(ii) allows a customer of the subscriber described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to call in to
660	the subscriber's:
661	(A) prerecorded announcement; or
662	(B) live service; and
663	(iii) is typically marketed:
664	(A) under the name 900 service; or
665	(B) under a name similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) as designated by the Federal
666	Communications Commission.
667	(b) "900 service" does not include a charge for:
668	(i) a collection service a seller of a telecommunications service provides to a
669	subscriber; or
670	(ii) the following a subscriber sells to the subscriber's customer:
671	(A) a product; or
672	(B) a service.
673	(3) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.
674	(b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
675	organizations.
676	(4) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement adopted on
677	November 12, 2002, including amendments made to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
678	Agreement after November 12, 2002.

679	(5) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates:
680	(a) listed under Subsection (6); and
681	(b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction.
682	(6) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under:
683	(a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A);
684	(b) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b)(i);
685	(c) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c)(i);
686	(d) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d)(i)(A)(I);
687	(e) Section 59-12-204;
688	(f) Section 59-12-401;
689	(g) Section 59-12-402;
690	(h) Section 59-12-501;
691	(i) Section 59-12-502;
692	(j) Section 59-12-703;
693	[(k) Section 59-12-802;]
694	[(1) Section 59-12-804;]
695	[(m)] <u>(k)</u> Section 59-12-1001;
696	[(n)] <u>(1)</u> Section 59-12-1102;
697	[(o) Section 59-12-1302;]
698	[(p) Section 59-12-1402;]
699	[(q)] <u>(m)</u> Section 59-12-1503;
700	[(r)] <u>(n)</u> Section 59-12-1703;
701	[(s)] <u>(o)</u> Section 59-12-1802;
702	[(t)] <u>(p)</u> Section 59-12-1903;
703	$[\frac{(u)}{2}]$ (q) Section 59-12-2003; or
704	[(v)] <u>(r)</u> Section 59-12-2103.
705	(7) "Aircraft" is as defined in Section 72-10-102.
706	(8) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that:
707	(a) is suitable for human consumption; and
708	(b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
709	(9) (a) "Ancillary service" means a service associated with, or incidental to, the

710	provision of telecommunications service.
711	(b) "Ancillary service" includes:
712	(i) a conference bridging service;
713	(ii) a detailed communications billing service;
714	(iii) directory assistance;
715	(iv) a vertical service; or
716	(v) a voice mail service.
717	(10) "Area agency on aging" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
718	(11) "Assisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or ride
719	device that is started and stopped by an individual:
720	(a) who is not the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate the amusement
721	device, skill device, or ride device; and
722	(b) at the direction of the seller of the right to use the amusement device, skill device,
723	or ride device.
724	(12) "Assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property" means cleaning or
725	washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing labor is primarily performed
726	by an individual:
727	(a) who is not the purchaser of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal
728	property; and
729	(b) at the direction of the seller of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal
730	property.
731	(13) "Authorized carrier" means:
732	(a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials
733	indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration
734	Plan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement;
735	(b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operating
736	certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or
737	(c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling
738	stock, the holder of a certificate issued by the United States Surface Transportation Board.
739	(14) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (14)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the
740	following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity:

741 (i) material from a plant or tree; or 742 (ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including: 743 (A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands: 744 (B) animal waste; 745 (C) methane produced: 746 (I) at landfills; or 747 (II) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals; 748 (D) aquatic plants; and 749 (E) agricultural products. 750 (b) "Biomass energy" does not include: 751 (i) black liquor; 752 (ii) treated woods; or 753 (iii) biomass from municipal solid waste other than methane produced: 754 (A) at landfills; or 755 (B) as a byproduct of the treatment of wastewater residuals. 756 (15) (a) "Bundled transaction" means the sale of two or more items of tangible personal 757 property, products, or services if the tangible personal property, products, or services are: 758 (i) distinct and identifiable; and 759 (ii) sold for one nonitemized price. 760 (b) "Bundled transaction" does not include: 761 (i) the sale of tangible personal property if the sales price varies, or is negotiable, on 762 the basis of the selection by the purchaser of the items of tangible personal property included in 763 the transaction; 764 (ii) the sale of real property; 765 (iii) the sale of services to real property; 766 (iv) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service if: 767 (A) the tangible personal property: 768 (I) is essential to the use of the service; and (II) is provided exclusively in connection with the service; and 769 770 (B) the service is the true object of the transaction; 771 (v) the retail sale of two services if:

772	(A) one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service;
773	(B) the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service; and
774	(C) the second service is the true object of the transaction;
775	(vi) a transaction that includes tangible personal property or a product subject to
776	taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property or a product that is not subject to
777	taxation under this chapter if the:
778	(A) seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product subject to
779	taxation under this chapter is de minimis; or
780	(B) seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
781	under this chapter is de minimis; and
782	(vii) the retail sale of tangible personal property that is not subject to taxation under
783	this chapter and tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter if:
784	(A) that retail sale includes:
785	(I) food and food ingredients;
786	(II) a drug;
787	(III) durable medical equipment;
788	(IV) mobility enhancing equipment;
789	(V) an over-the-counter drug;
790	(VI) a prosthetic device; or
791	(VII) a medical supply; and
792	(B) subject to Subsection (15)(f):
793	(I) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
794	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price of that retail sale; or
795	(II) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
796	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total sales price of that retail sale.
797	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (15)(a)(i), tangible personal property, a product, or a
798	service that is distinct and identifiable does not include:
799	(A) packaging that:
800	(I) accompanies the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or service; and
801	(II) is incidental or immaterial to the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or
802	service;

803	(B) tangible personal property, a product, or a service provided free of charge with the
804	purchase of another item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service; or
805	(C) an item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service included in the
806	definition of "purchase price."
807	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (15)(c)(i)(B), an item of tangible personal property, a
808	product, or a service is provided free of charge with the purchase of another item of tangible
809	personal property, a product, or a service if the sales price of the purchased item of tangible
810	personal property, product, or service does not vary depending on the inclusion of the tangible
811	personal property, product, or service provided free of charge.
812	(d) (i) For purposes of Subsection (15)(a)(ii), property sold for one nonitemized price
813	does not include a price that is separately identified by product on the following, regardless of
814	whether the following is in paper format or electronic format:
815	(A) a binding sales document; or
816	(B) another supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser.
817	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (15)(d)(i), a binding sales document or another
818	supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser includes:
819	(A) a bill of sale;
820	(B) a contract;
821	(C) an invoice;
822	(D) a lease agreement;
823	(E) a periodic notice of rates and services;
824	(F) a price list;
825	(G) a rate card;
826	(H) a receipt; or
827	(I) a service agreement.
828	(e) (i) For purposes of Subsection (15)(b)(vi), the sales price of tangible personal
829	property or a product subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis if:
830	(A) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or
831	less of the seller's total purchase price of the bundled transaction; or
832	(B) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or less of

the seller's total sales price of the bundled transaction.

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834 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (15)(b)(vi), a seller: 835 (A) shall use the seller's purchase price or the seller's sales price to determine if the 836 purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation 837 under this chapter is de minimis; and 838 (B) may not use a combination of the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price 839 to determine if the purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product 840 subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis. 841 (iii) For purposes of Subsection (15)(b)(vi), a seller shall use the full term of a service 842 contract to determine if the sales price of tangible personal property or a product is de minimis. 843 (f) For purposes of Subsection (15)(b)(vii)(B), a seller may not use a combination of 844 the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price to determine if tangible personal property 845 subject to taxation under this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price or sales 846 price of that retail sale. 847 (16) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of 848 the agreement that: 849 (a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing 850 jurisdiction: 851 (i) on a transaction; and 852 (ii) in the states that are members of the agreement; 853 (b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a 854 member of the agreement; and 855 (c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (16)(a)(i). (17) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified: 856 857 (a) by the governing board of the agreement; and (b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and 858 859 use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's 860 own purchases. 861 (18) (a) Subject to Subsection (18)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

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suitable for general use.

commission shall make rules:

865	(i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and
866	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the
867	agreement.
868	(19) "Coal-to-liquid" means the process of converting coal into a liquid synthetic fuel
869	(20) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other
870	fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (46) or residential use under
871	Subsection (91).
872	(21) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of
873	transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state.
874	(b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is
875	traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the
876	passenger's place of employment.
877	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (21)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
878	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what
879	constitutes a person's place of employment.
880	(22) "Component part" includes:
881	(a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;
882	(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;
883	(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial
884	greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for
885	off-highway type farm machinery; and
886	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
887	(23) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:
888	(a) (i) in digital form; or
889	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
890	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
891	(24) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:
892	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
893	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
894	(25) (a) "Conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or
895	more participants of an audio conference call or video conference call.

896	(b) "Conference bridging service" includes providing a telephone number as part of the
897	ancillary service described in Subsection (25)(a).
898	(c) "Conference bridging service" does not include a telecommunications service used
899	to reach the ancillary service described in Subsection (25)(a).
900	(26) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
901	converted into real property.
902	(27) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
903	tangible storage media.
904	(28) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
905	(i) by a seller of:
906	(A) tangible personal property;
907	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
908	(C) services; and
909	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property, product transferred
910	electronically, or services described in Subsection (28)(a)(i) to a location designated by the
911	purchaser.
912	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:
913	(i) transportation;
914	(ii) shipping;
915	(iii) postage;
916	(iv) handling;
917	(v) crating; or
918	(vi) packing.
919	(29) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of
920	separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.
921	(30) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
922	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
923	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
924	(i) a vitamin;
925	(ii) a mineral;
926	(iii) an herb or other botanical;

927	(iv) an amino acid;
928	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
929	dietary intake; or
930	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
931	described in Subsections (30)(b)(i) through (v);
932	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (30)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:
933	(A) tablet form;
934	(B) capsule form;
935	(C) powder form;
936	(D) softgel form;
937	(E) gelcap form; or
938	(F) liquid form; or
939	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (30)(c)(i), if the product is not intended for ingestion in
940	a form described in Subsections (30)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
941	(A) as conventional food; and
942	(B) for use as a sole item of:
943	(I) a meal; or
944	(II) the diet; and
945	(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:
946	(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and
947	(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.
948	(31) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
949	mail or other delivery service:
950	(i) to:
951	(A) a mass audience; or
952	(B) addressees on a mailing list provided:
953	(I) by a purchaser of the mailing list; or
954	(II) at the discretion of the purchaser of the mailing list; and
955	(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.
956	(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a
957	purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.

958	(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a
959	single address.
960	(32) "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing:
961	(a) address information; or
962	(b) telephone number information.
963	(33) (a) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" means medical equipment
964	or supplies that:
965	(i) cannot withstand repeated use; and
966	(ii) are purchased by, for, or on behalf of a person other than:
967	(A) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2;
968	(B) a health care provider as defined in Section 78B-3-403;
969	(C) an office of a health care provider described in Subsection (33)(a)(ii)(B); or
970	(D) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (33)(a)(ii)(A) through (C).
971	(b) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" does not include:
972	(i) a drug;
973	(ii) durable medical equipment;
974	(iii) a hearing aid;
975	(iv) a hearing aid accessory;
976	(v) mobility enhancing equipment; or
977	(vi) tangible personal property used to correct impaired vision, including:
978	(A) eyeglasses; or
979	(B) contact lenses.
980	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
981	commission may by rule define what constitutes medical equipment or supplies.
982	(34) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
983	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
984	(i) recognized in:
985	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
986	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
987	(C) the official National Formulary; or
988	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (34)(a)(i)(A) through (C):

989	(ii) intended for use in the:
990	(A) diagnosis of disease;
991	(B) cure of disease;
992	(C) mitigation of disease;
993	(D) treatment of disease; or
994	(E) prevention of disease; or
995	(iii) intended to affect:
996	(A) the structure of the body; or
997	(B) any function of the body.
998	(b) "Drug" does not include:
999	(i) food and food ingredients;
1000	(ii) a dietary supplement;
1001	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
1002	(iv) a prosthetic device.
1003	(35) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (35)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
1004	equipment that:
1005	(i) can withstand repeated use;
1006	(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
1007	(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and
1008	(iv) is not worn in or on the body.
1009	(b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the
1010	equipment described in Subsection (35)(a).
1011	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (35)(a), "durable medical equipment" does not include
1012	mobility enhancing equipment.
1013	(36) "Electronic" means:
1014	(a) relating to technology; and
1015	(b) having:
1016	(i) electrical capabilities;
1017	(ii) digital capabilities;
1018	(iii) magnetic capabilities;
1019	(iv) wireless capabilities;

1020	(v) optical capabilities;
1021	(vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or
1022	(vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (36)(b)(i) through (vi).
1023	(37) "Employee" is as defined in Section 59-10-401.
1024	(38) "Fixed guideway" means a public transit facility that uses and occupies:
1025	(a) rail for the use of public transit; or
1026	(b) a separate right-of-way for the use of public transit.
1027	(39) "Fixed wireless service" means a telecommunications service that provides radio
1028	communication between fixed points.
1029	(40) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances:
1030	(i) regardless of whether the substances are in:
1031	(A) liquid form;
1032	(B) concentrated form;
1033	(C) solid form;
1034	(D) frozen form;
1035	(E) dried form; or
1036	(F) dehydrated form; and
1037	(ii) that are:
1038	(A) sold for:
1039	(I) ingestion by humans; or
1040	(II) chewing by humans; and
1041	(B) consumed for the substance's:
1042	(I) taste; or
1043	(II) nutritional value.
1044	(b) "Food and food ingredients" includes an item described in Subsection (75)(b)(iii).
1045	(c) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
1046	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
1047	(ii) tobacco; or
1048	(iii) prepared food.
1049	(41) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
1050	(i) (A) made by a school; or

1051	(B) made by a school student;
1052	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
1053	materials, or provide transportation; and
1054	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
1055	(b) For purposes of Subsection (41)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
1056	means a school activity:
1057	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
1058	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
1059	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
1060	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
1061	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
1062	controlled by the school or school district.
1063	(42) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows
1064	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
1065	(43) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
1066	that is:
1067	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
1068	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
1069	(44) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "governmental entity" means:
1070	(i) the executive branch of the state, including all departments, institutions, boards,
1071	divisions, bureaus, offices, commissions, and committees;
1072	(ii) the judicial branch of the state, including the courts, the Judicial Council, the
1073	Office of the Court Administrator, and similar administrative units in the judicial branch;
1074	(iii) the legislative branch of the state, including the House of Representatives, the
1075	Senate, the Legislative Printing Office, the Office of Legislative Research and General
1076	Counsel, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal
1077	Analyst;
1078	(iv) the National Guard;
1079	(v) an independent entity as defined in Section 63E-1-102; or
1080	(vi) a political subdivision as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
1081	(b) "Governmental entity" does not include the state systems of public and higher

1082	education, including:
1083	(i) a college campus of the Utah College of Applied Technology;
1084	(ii) a school;
1085	(iii) the State Board of Education;
1086	(iv) the State Board of Regents; or
1087	(v) a state institution of higher education as defined in Section 53B-3-102.
1088	(45) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce
1089	electricity.
1090	(46) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
1091	other fuels:
1092	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
1093	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
1094	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
1095	(i) commercial greenhouses;
1096	(ii) irrigation pumps;
1097	(iii) farm machinery;
1098	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Subsection 41-1a-102(23) that are not
1099	registered under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
1100	(v) other farming activities;
1101	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
1102	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
1103	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
1104	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
1105	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
1106	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
1107	products:
1108	(A) iron;
1109	(B) steel;
1110	(C) nonferrous metal;
1111	(D) paper;
1112	(E) glass;

1113	(F) plastic;
1114	(G) textile; or
1115	(H) rubber; and
1116	(ii) the new products under Subsection (46)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
1117	nonrecycled materials; or
1118	(e) in producing a form of energy or steam described in Subsection 54-2-1(2)(a) by a
1119	cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
1120	(47) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (47)(b), "installation charge" means a charge
1121	for installing:
1122	(i) tangible personal property; or
1123	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
1124	(b) "Installation charge" does not include a charge for repairs or renovations of:
1125	(i) tangible personal property; or
1126	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
1127	(48) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
1128	personal property or a product transferred electronically for:
1129	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
1130	(B) an indeterminate term; and
1131	(ii) consideration.
1132	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
1133	amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
1134	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
1135	Code.
1136	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
1137	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
1138	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
1139	payments;
1140	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the
1141	transfer of title:
1142	(A) upon completion of required payments; and
1143	(B) if the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:

1144	(I) \$100; or
1145	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or
1146	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
1147	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
1148	designed.
1149	(d) For purposes of Subsection (48)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
1150	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:
1151	(i) set-up of tangible personal property;
1152	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
1153	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
1154	(49) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
1155	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
1156	(50) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
1157	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
1158	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
1159	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
1160	(51) "Manufactured home" is as defined in Section 58-56-3.
1161	(52) For purposes of Section 59-12-104, "manufacturing facility" means:
1162	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
1163	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
1164	Management and Budget;
1165	(b) a scrap recycler if:
1166	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
1167	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
1168	products:
1169	(A) iron;
1170	(B) steel;
1171	(C) nonferrous metal;
1172	(D) paper;
1173	(E) glass;
1174	(F) plastic;

1175	(G) textile; or
1176	(H) rubber; and
1177	(ii) the new products under Subsection (52)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
1178	nonrecycled materials; or
1179	(c) a cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
1180	(53) "Member of the immediate family of the producer" means a person who is related
1181	to a producer described in Subsection 59-12-104(20)(a) as a:
1182	(a) child or stepchild, regardless of whether the child or stepchild is:
1183	(i) an adopted child or adopted stepchild; or
1184	(ii) a foster child or foster stepchild;
1185	(b) grandchild or stepgrandchild;
1186	(c) grandparent or stepgrandparent;
1187	(d) nephew or stepnephew;
1188	(e) niece or stepniece;
1189	(f) parent or stepparent;
1190	(g) sibling or stepsibling;
1191	(h) spouse;
1192	(i) person who is the spouse of a person described in Subsections (53)(a) through (g);
1193	or
1194	(j) person similar to a person described in Subsections (53)(a) through (i) as
1195	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1196	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1197	(54) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 58-56-3.
1198	(55) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
1199	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
1200	(56) (a) "Mobile wireless service" means a telecommunications service, regardless of
1201	the technology used, if:
1202	(i) the origination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed;
1203	(ii) the termination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed; or
1204	(iii) the origination point described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) and the termination point
1205	described in Subsection (56)(a)(ii) are not fixed.

1206	(b) "Mobile wireless service" includes a telecommunications service that is provided
1207	by a commercial mobile radio service provider.
1208	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1209	commission may by rule define "commercial mobile radio service provider."
1210	(57) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (57)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
1211	means equipment that is:
1212	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one
1213	place to another;
1214	(ii) appropriate for use in a:
1215	(A) home; or
1216	(B) motor vehicle; and
1217	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility.
1218	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
1219	the equipment described in Subsection (57)(a).
1220	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (57)(a), "mobility enhancing equipment" does not
1221	include:
1222	(i) a motor vehicle;
1223	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
1224	vehicle manufacturer;
1225	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
1226	(iv) a prosthetic device.
1227	(58) "Model 1 seller" means a seller that has selected a certified service provider as the
1228	seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax functions for agreement sales and
1229	use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's
1230	own purchases.
1231	(59) "Model 2 seller" means a seller that:
1232	(a) except as provided in Subsection (59)(b), has selected a certified automated system
1233	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
1234	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (59)(a), retains responsibility for remitting all of the
1235	sales tax:
1236	(i) collected by the seller; and

1237	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
1238	(60) (a) Subject to Subsection (60)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller that has:
1239	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
1240	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
1241	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
1242	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
1243	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
1244	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.
1245	(b) For purposes of Subsection (60)(a), "model 3 seller" includes an affiliated group of
1246	sellers using the same proprietary system.
1247	(61) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section 58-56-3.
1248	(62) "Motor vehicle" is as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
1249	(63) "Oil shale" means a group of fine black to dark brown shales containing
1250	bituminous material that yields petroleum upon distillation.
1251	(64) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
1252	energy.
1253	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
1254	personal property.
1255	(65) (a) "Paging service" means a telecommunications service that provides
1256	transmission of a coded radio signal for the purpose of activating a specific pager.
1257	(b) For purposes of Subsection (65)(a), the transmission of a coded radio signal
1258	includes a transmission by message or sound.
1259	(66) "Pawnbroker" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
1260	(67) "Pawn transaction" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
1261	(68) (a) "Permanently attached to real property" means that for tangible personal
1262	property attached to real property:
1263	(i) the attachment of the tangible personal property to the real property:
1264	(A) is essential to the use of the tangible personal property; and
1265	(B) suggests that the tangible personal property will remain attached to the real
1266	property in the same place over the useful life of the tangible personal property; or
1267	(ii) if the tangible personal property is detached from the real property, the detachment

1268	would:
1269	(A) cause substantial damage to the tangible personal property; or
1270	(B) require substantial alteration or repair of the real property to which the tangible
1271	personal property is attached.
1272	(b) "Permanently attached to real property" includes:
1273	(i) the attachment of an accessory to the tangible personal property if the accessory is:
1274	(A) essential to the operation of the tangible personal property; and
1275	(B) attached only to facilitate the operation of the tangible personal property;
1276	(ii) a temporary detachment of tangible personal property from real property for a
1277	repair or renovation if the repair or renovation is performed where the tangible personal
1278	property and real property are located; or
1279	(iii) property attached to oil, gas, or water pipelines, except for the property listed in
1280	Subsection (68)(c)(iii) or (iv).
1281	(c) "Permanently attached to real property" does not include:
1282	(i) the attachment of portable or movable tangible personal property to real property if
1283	that portable or movable tangible personal property is attached to real property only for:
1284	(A) convenience;
1285	(B) stability; or
1286	(C) for an obvious temporary purpose;
1287	(ii) the detachment of tangible personal property from real property except for the
1288	detachment described in Subsection (68)(b)(ii);
1289	(iii) an attachment of the following tangible personal property to real property if the
1290	attachment to real property is only through a line that supplies water, electricity, gas,
1291	telecommunications, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the commission by rule
1292	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
1293	(A) a computer;
1294	(B) a telephone;
1295	(C) a television; or
1296	(D) tangible personal property similar to Subsections (68)(c)(iii)(A) through (C) as
1297	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1298	Administrative Rulemaking Act; or

1299	(iv) an item listed in Subsection (108)(c).
1300	(69) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
1301	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
1302	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or
1303	combination acting as a unit.
1304	(70) "Place of primary use":
1305	(a) for telecommunications service other than mobile telecommunications service,
1306	means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications
1307	service primarily occurs, which shall be:
1308	(i) the residential street address of the customer; or
1309	(ii) the primary business street address of the customer; or
1310	(b) for mobile telecommunications service, is as defined in the Mobile
1311	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
1312	(71) (a) "Postpaid calling service" means a telecommunications service a person
1313	obtains by making a payment on a call-by-call basis:
1314	(i) through the use of a:
1315	(A) bank card;
1316	(B) credit card;
1317	(C) debit card; or
1318	(D) travel card; or
1319	(ii) by a charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination
1320	or termination of the telecommunications service.
1321	(b) "Postpaid calling service" includes a service, except for a prepaid wireless calling
1322	service, that would be a prepaid wireless calling service if the service were exclusively a
1323	telecommunications service.
1324	(72) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
1325	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(54)(a).
1326	(73) "Prepaid calling service" means a telecommunications service:
1327	(a) that allows a purchaser access to telecommunications service that is exclusively
1328	telecommunications service;
1329	(b) that:

1330	(i) is paid for in advance; and
1331	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
1332	(A) access number; or
1333	(B) authorization code;
1334	(c) that is dialed:
1335	(i) manually; or
1336	(ii) electronically; and
1337	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
1338	(i) by a known amount; and
1339	(ii) with use.
1340	(74) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service:
1341	(a) that provides the right to utilize:
1342	(i) mobile wireless service; and
1343	(ii) other service that is not a telecommunications service, including:
1344	(A) the download of a product transferred electronically;
1345	(B) a content service; or
1346	(C) an ancillary service;
1347	(b) that:
1348	(i) is paid for in advance; and
1349	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
1350	(A) access number; or
1351	(B) authorization code;
1352	(c) that is dialed:
1353	(i) manually; or
1354	(ii) electronically; and
1355	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
1356	(i) by a known amount; and
1357	(ii) with use.
1358	(75) (a) "Prepared food" means:
1359	(i) food:
1360	(A) sold in a heated state; or

1361	(B) heated by a seller;
1362	(ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
1363	item; or
1364	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (75)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided
1365	by the seller, including a:
1366	(A) plate;
1367	(B) knife;
1368	(C) fork;
1369	(D) spoon;
1370	(E) glass;
1371	(F) cup;
1372	(G) napkin; or
1373	(H) straw.
1374	(b) "Prepared food" does not include:
1375	(i) food that a seller only:
1376	(A) cuts;
1377	(B) repackages; or
1378	(C) pasteurizes; or
1379	(ii) (A) the following:
1380	(I) raw egg;
1381	(II) raw fish;
1382	(III) raw meat;
1383	(IV) raw poultry; or
1384	(V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (75)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
1385	and
1386	(B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
1387	Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
1388	Subsection (75)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness; or
1389	(iii) the following if sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
1390	(A) food and food ingredients sold by a seller if the seller's proper primary
1391	classification under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal

1392	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, is manufacturing in
1393	Sector 311, Food Manufacturing, except for Subsector 3118, Bakeries and Tortilla
1394	Manufacturing;
1395	(B) food and food ingredients sold in an unheated state:
1396	(I) by weight or volume; and
1397	(II) as a single item; or
1398	(C) a bakery item, including:
1399	(I) a bagel;
1400	(II) a bar;
1401	(III) a biscuit;
1402	(IV) bread;
1403	(V) a bun;
1404	(VI) a cake;
1405	(VII) a cookie;
1406	(VIII) a croissant;
1407	(IX) a danish;
1408	(X) a donut;
1409	(XI) a muffin;
1410	(XII) a pastry;
1411	(XIII) a pie;
1412	(XIV) a roll;
1413	(XV) a tart;
1414	(XVI) a torte; or
1415	(XVII) a tortilla.
1416	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (75)(a)(iii), an eating utensil provided by the seller
1417	does not include the following used to transport the food:
1418	(i) a container; or
1419	(ii) packaging.
1420	(76) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
1421	(a) (i) orally;
1422	(ii) in writing;

1423	(iii) electronically; or
1424	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
1425	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
1426	(77) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (77)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer
1427	software" means computer software that is not designed and developed:
1428	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
1429	(ii) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
1430	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
1431	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
1432	software is not designed and developed:
1433	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
1434	(B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser;
1435	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (77)(a), computer software designed and developed by
1436	the author or other creator of the computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser
1437	if the computer software is sold to a person other than the purchaser; or
1438	(iii) notwithstanding Subsection (77)(a) and except as provided in Subsection (77)(c),
1439	prewritten computer software or a prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
1440	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
1441	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (77)(b)(iii)(A) is
1442	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
1443	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (77)(b)(iii), "prewritten computer software" does not
1444	include a modification or enhancement described in Subsection (77)(b)(iii) if the charges for
1445	the modification or enhancement are:
1446	(i) reasonable; and
1447	(ii) separately stated on the invoice or other statement of price provided to the
1448	purchaser.
1449	(78) (a) "Private communication service" means a telecommunications service:
1450	(i) that entitles a customer to exclusive or priority use of one or more communications
1451	channels between or among termination points; and
1452	(ii) regardless of the manner in which the one or more communications channels are
1453	connected.

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1454	(b) "Private communications service" includes the following provided in connection
1455	with the use of one or more communications channels:
1456	(i) an extension line;
1457	(ii) a station;
1458	(iii) switching capacity; or
1459	(iv) another associated service that is provided in connection with the use of one or
1460	more communications channels as defined in Section 59-12-215.
1461	(79) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is worn on or in the body to:
1462	(i) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
1463	(ii) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
1464	(iii) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
1465	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
1466	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device;
1467	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device;
1468	(iii) a dental prosthesis; or
1469	(iv) a hearing aid.
1470	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
1471	(i) corrective eyeglasses; or
1472	(ii) contact lenses.
1473	(80) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:
1474	(i) for human wear; and
1475	(ii) that is:
1476	(A) designed as protection:
1477	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
1478	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
1479	(B) not suitable for general use.
1480	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1481	commission shall make rules:
1482	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
1483	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
1484	under the agreement.

1485	(81) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "publication" means any written or
1486	printed matter, other than a photocopy:
1487	(i) regardless of:
1488	(A) characteristics;
1489	(B) copyright;
1490	(C) form;
1491	(D) format;
1492	(E) method of reproduction; or
1493	(F) source; and
1494	(ii) made available in printed or electronic format.
1495	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1496	commission may by rule define the term "photocopy."
1497	(82) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
1498	(i) valued in money; and
1499	(ii) for which tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or
1500	services are:
1501	(A) sold;
1502	(B) leased; or
1503	(C) rented.
1504	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
1505	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property, a product transferred
1506	electronically, or services sold;
1507	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
1508	(A) the cost of materials used;
1509	(B) a labor cost;
1510	(C) a service cost;
1511	(D) interest;
1512	(E) a loss;
1513	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
1514	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
1515	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale; or

1516	(iv) consideration a seller receives from a person other than the purchaser if:
1517	(A) (I) the seller actually receives consideration from a person other than the purchaser;
1518	and
1519	(II) the consideration described in Subsection (82)(b)(iv)(A)(I) is directly related to a
1520	price reduction or discount on the sale;
1521	(B) the seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the
1522	purchaser;
1523	(C) the amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by
1524	the seller at the time of the sale to the purchaser; and
1525	(D) (I) (Aa) the purchaser presents a certificate, coupon, or other documentation to the
1526	seller to claim a price reduction or discount; and
1527	(Bb) a person other than the seller authorizes, distributes, or grants the certificate,
1528	coupon, or other documentation with the understanding that the person other than the seller
1529	will reimburse any seller to whom the certificate, coupon, or other documentation is presented;
1530	(II) the purchaser identifies that purchaser to the seller as a member of a group or
1531	organization allowed a price reduction or discount, except that a preferred customer card that is
1532	available to any patron of a seller does not constitute membership in a group or organization
1533	allowed a price reduction or discount; or
1534	(III) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party price reduction or
1535	discount on the:
1536	(Aa) invoice the purchaser receives; or
1537	(Bb) certificate, coupon, or other documentation the purchaser presents.
1538	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:
1539	(i) a discount:
1540	(A) in a form including:
1541	(I) cash;
1542	(II) term; or
1543	(III) coupon;
1544	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
1545	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
1546	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or

1547	(ii) the following if separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document
1548	provided to the purchaser:
1549	(A) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
1550	services:
1551	(I) a carrying charge;
1552	(II) a financing charge; or
1553	(III) an interest charge;
1554	(B) a delivery charge;
1555	(C) an installation charge;
1556	(D) a manufacturer rebate on a motor vehicle; or
1557	(E) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.
1558	(83) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
1559	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made;
1560	(b) a product is transferred electronically; or
1561	(c) a service is furnished.
1562	(84) "Regularly rented" means:
1563	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or
1564	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
1565	value.
1566	(85) "Renewable energy" means:
1567	(a) biomass energy;
1568	(b) hydroelectric energy;
1569	(c) geothermal energy;
1570	(d) solar energy; or
1571	(e) wind energy.
1572	(86) (a) "Renewable energy production facility" means a facility that:
1573	(i) uses renewable energy to produce electricity; and
1574	(ii) has a production capacity of 20 kilowatts or greater.
1575	(b) A facility is a renewable energy production facility regardless of whether the
1576	facility is:
1577	(i) connected to an electric grid; or

1578	(ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer.
1579	(87) "Rental" is as defined in Subsection (48).
1580	(88) "Repairs or renovations of tangible personal property" means:
1581	(a) a repair or renovation of tangible personal property that is not permanently attached
1582	to real property; or
1583	(b) attaching tangible personal property or a product that is transferred electronically to
1584	other tangible personal property if the other tangible personal property to which the tangible
1585	personal property or product that is transferred electronically is attached is not permanently
1586	attached to real property.
1587	(89) "Research and development" means the process of inquiry or experimentation
1588	aimed at the discovery of facts, devices, technologies, or applications and the process of
1589	preparing those devices, technologies, or applications for marketing.
1590	(90) (a) "Residential telecommunications services" means a telecommunications
1591	service or an ancillary service that is provided to an individual for personal use:
1592	(i) at a residential address; or
1593	(ii) at an institution, including a nursing home or a school, if the telecommunications
1594	service or ancillary service is provided to and paid for by the individual residing at the
1595	institution rather than the institution.
1596	(b) For purposes of Subsection (90)(a), a residential address includes an:
1597	(i) apartment; or
1598	(ii) other individual dwelling unit.
1599	(91) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building, sleeping
1600	quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
1601	(92) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other
1602	than:
1603	(a) resale;
1604	(b) sublease; or
1605	(c) subrent.
1606	(93) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
1607	tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
1608	who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.

1609	(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly
1610	engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
1611	(94) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
1612	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
1613	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.
1614	(b) "Sale" includes:
1615	(i) installment and credit sales;
1616	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
1617	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this
1618	chapter;
1619	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
1620	title as security for the payment of the price; and
1621	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
1622	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession
1623	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
1624	(95) "Sale at retail" is as defined in Subsection (92).
1625	(96) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
1626	personal property or a product transferred electronically that is subject to a tax under this
1627	chapter is transferred:
1628	(a) by a purchaser-lessee;
1629	(b) to a lessor;
1630	(c) for consideration; and
1631	(d) if:
1632	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
1633	of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
1634	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically to the
1635	lessor is intended as a form of financing:
1636	(A) for the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; and
1637	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
1638	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
1639	is required to:

1640	(A) capitalize the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically for
1641	financial reporting purposes; and
1642	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
1643	(97) "Sales price" is as defined in Subsection (82).
1644	(98) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
1645	amounts charged by a school:
1646	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities
1647	including:
1648	(A) the sale of:
1649	(I) textbooks;
1650	(II) textbook fees;
1651	(III) laboratory fees;
1652	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
1653	(V) safety equipment;
1654	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
1655	that:
1656	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
1657	school-related event or school-related activity; and
1658	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
1659	place of ordinary clothing;
1660	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
1661	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
1662	(I) food and food ingredients; or
1663	(II) prepared food; or
1664	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
1665	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
1666	event or school-related activity.
1667	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
1668	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
1669	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (98)(a)(i)(B):
1670	(A) clothing:

1671	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
1672	(C) protective equipment; or
1673	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
1674	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
1675	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
1676	(A) other than a:
1677	(I) school;
1678	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
1679	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
1680	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
1681	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
1682	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
1683	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1684	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
1685	(99) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school":
1686	(a) means:
1687	(i) an elementary school or a secondary school that:
1688	(A) is a:
1689	(I) public school; or
1690	(II) private school; and
1691	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
1692	(ii) a public school district; and
1693	(b) includes the Electronic High School as defined in Section 53A-15-1002.
1694	(100) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
1695	(a) tangible personal property;
1696	(b) a product transferred electronically; or
1697	(c) a service.
1698	(101) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
1699	means tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if the tangible personal
1700	property or product transferred electronically is:
1701	(i) used primarily in the process of:

1702	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
1703	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
1704	(III) research or development of a:
1705	(Aa) semiconductor; or
1706	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
1707	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or
1708	(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:
1709	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
1710	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
1711	(III) research or development of a:
1712	(Aa) semiconductor; or
1713	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
1714	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
1715	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
1716	includes:
1717	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a product
1718	transferred electronically described in Subsection (101)(a); or
1719	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:
1720	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
1721	(I) chemical change; or
1722	(II) physical change;
1723	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
1724	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
1725	(102) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
1726	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
1727	(103) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
1728	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and
1729	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
1730	(104) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing
1731	electricity.
1732	(105) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:

1733	(i) designed for human use; and
1734	(ii) that is:
1735	(A) worn in conjunction with:
1736	(I) an athletic activity; or
1737	(II) a recreational activity; and
1738	(B) not suitable for general use.
1739	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1740	commission shall make rules:
1741	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
1742	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
1743	equipment" under the agreement.
1744	(106) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
1745	(107) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
1746	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except
1747	sale in the regular course of business.
1748	(108) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (108) (d) or (e), "tangible personal
1749	property" means personal property that:
1750	(i) may be:
1751	(A) seen;
1752	(B) weighed;
1753	(C) measured;
1754	(D) felt; or
1755	(E) touched; or
1756	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
1757	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
1758	(i) electricity;
1759	(ii) water;
1760	(iii) gas;
1761	(iv) steam; or
1762	(v) prewritten computer software.
1763	(c) "Tangible personal property" includes the following regardless of whether the item

1764	is attached to real property:
1765	(i) a dishwasher;
1766	(ii) a dryer;
1767	(iii) a freezer;
1768	(iv) a microwave;
1769	(v) a refrigerator;
1770	(vi) a stove;
1771	(vii) a washer; or
1772	(viii) an item similar to Subsections (108)(c)(i) through (vii) as determined by the
1773	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1774	Rulemaking Act.
1775	(d) "Tangible personal property" does not include a product that is transferred
1776	electronically.
1777	(e) "Tangible personal property" does not include the following if attached to real
1778	property, regardless of whether the attachment to real property is only through a line that
1779	supplies water, electricity, gas, telephone, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the
1780	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1781	Rulemaking Act:
1782	(i) a hot water heater;
1783	(ii) a water filtration system; or
1784	(iii) a water softener system.
1785	(109) "Tar sands" means impregnated sands that yield mixtures of liquid hydrocarbon
1786	and require further processing other than mechanical blending before becoming finished
1787	petroleum products.
1788	(110) (a) "Telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or
1789	software" means an item listed in Subsection (110)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
1790	primarily to enable or facilitate one or more of the following to function:
1791	(i) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
1792	(ii) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
1793	(b) The following apply to Subsection (110)(a):
1794	(i) a pole;

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1795	(ii) software;
1796	(iii) a supplementary power supply;
1797	(iv) temperature or environmental equipment or machinery;
1798	(v) test equipment;
1799	(vi) a tower; or
1800	(vii) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
1801	Subsections (110)(b)(i) through (vi) as determined by the commission by rule made in
1802	accordance with Subsection (110)(c).
1803	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1804	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
1805	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (110)(b)(i) through (vi).
1806	(111) "Telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911
1807	service" means equipment, machinery, or software that is required to comply with 47 C.F.R.
1808	Sec. 20.18.
1809	(112) "Telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software"
1810	means equipment, machinery, or software purchased or leased primarily to maintain or repair
1811	one or more of the following, regardless of whether the equipment, machinery, or software is
1812	purchased or leased as a spare part or as an upgrade or modification to one or more of the
1813	following:
1814	(a) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
1815	(b) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
1816	(c) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
1817	(113) (a) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic conveyance, routing, or
1818	transmission of audio, data, video, voice, or any other information or signal to a point, or
1819	among or between points.
1820	(b) "Telecommunications service" includes:
1821	(i) an electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission with respect to which a computer
1822	processing application is used to act:
1823	(A) on the code, form, or protocol of the content;
1824	(B) for the purpose of electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission; and

(C) regardless of whether the service:

1826	(I) is referred to as voice over Internet protocol service; or
1827	(II) is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value
1828	added;
1829	(ii) an 800 service;
1830	(iii) a 900 service;
1831	(iv) a fixed wireless service;
1832	(v) a mobile wireless service;
1833	(vi) a postpaid calling service;
1834	(vii) a prepaid calling service;
1835	(viii) a prepaid wireless calling service; or
1836	(ix) a private communications service.
1837	(c) "Telecommunications service" does not include:
1838	(i) advertising, including directory advertising;
1839	(ii) an ancillary service;
1840	(iii) a billing and collection service provided to a third party;
1841	(iv) a data processing and information service if:
1842	(A) the data processing and information service allows data to be:
1843	(I) (Aa) acquired;
1844	(Bb) generated;
1845	(Cc) processed;
1846	(Dd) retrieved; or
1847	(Ee) stored; and
1848	(II) delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser; and
1849	(B) the purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data
1850	or information;
1851	(v) installation or maintenance of the following on a customer's premises:
1852	(A) equipment; or
1853	(B) wiring;
1854	(vi) Internet access service;
1855	(vii) a paging service;
1856	(viii) a product transferred electronically, including:

1857	(A) music;
1858	(B) reading material;
1859	(C) a ring tone;
1860	(D) software; or
1861	(E) video;
1862	(ix) a radio and television audio and video programming service:
1863	(A) regardless of the medium; and
1864	(B) including:
1865	(I) furnishing conveyance, routing, or transmission of a television audio and video
1866	programming service by a programming service provider;
1867	(II) cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522(6); or
1868	(III) audio and video programming services delivered by a commercial mobile radio
1869	service provider as defined in 47 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3;
1870	(x) a value-added nonvoice data service; or
1871	(xi) tangible personal property.
1872	(114) (a) "Telecommunications service provider" means a person that:
1873	(i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telecommunications service; and
1874	(ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (114)(a)(i) for the shared use with or
1875	resale to any person of the telecommunications service.
1876	(b) A person described in Subsection (114)(a) is a telecommunications service provider
1877	whether or not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates:
1878	(i) that person; or
1879	(ii) the telecommunications service that the person owns, controls, operates, or
1880	manages.
1881	(115) (a) "Telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or
1882	software" means an item listed in Subsection (115)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
1883	primarily for switching or routing:
1884	(i) an ancillary service;
1885	(ii) data communications;
1886	(iii) voice communications; or
1887	(iv) telecommunications service.

1888	(b) The following apply to Subsection (115)(a):
1889	(i) a bridge;
1890	(ii) a computer;
1891	(iii) a cross connect;
1892	(iv) a modem;
1893	(v) a multiplexer;
1894	(vi) plug in circuitry;
1895	(vii) a router;
1896	(viii) software;
1897	(ix) a switch; or
1898	(x) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
1899	Subsections (115)(b)(i) through (ix) as determined by the commission by rule made in
1900	accordance with Subsection (115)(c).
1901	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1902	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
1903	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (115)(b)(i) through (ix).
1904	(116) (a) "Telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software"
1905	means an item listed in Subsection (116)(b) if that item is purchased or leased primarily for
1906	sending, receiving, or transporting:
1907	(i) an ancillary service;
1908	(ii) data communications;
1909	(iii) voice communications; or
1910	(iv) telecommunications service.
1911	(b) The following apply to Subsection (116)(a):
1912	(i) an amplifier;
1913	(ii) a cable;
1914	(iii) a closure;
1915	(iv) a conduit;
1916	(v) a controller;
1917	(vi) a duplexer;
1918	(vii) a filter;

1919	(viii) an input device;
1920	(ix) an input/output device;
1921	(x) an insulator;
1922	(xi) microwave machinery or equipment;
1923	(xii) an oscillator;
1924	(xiii) an output device;
1925	(xiv) a pedestal;
1926	(xv) a power converter;
1927	(xvi) a power supply;
1928	(xvii) a radio channel;
1929	(xviii) a radio receiver;
1930	(xix) a radio transmitter;
1931	(xx) a repeater;
1932	(xxi) software;
1933	(xxii) a terminal;
1934	(xxiii) a timing unit;
1935	(xxiv) a transformer;
1936	(xxv) a wire; or
1937	(xxvi) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
1938	Subsections (116)(b)(i) through (xxv) as determined by the commission by rule made in
1939	accordance with Subsection (116)(c).
1940	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1941	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
1942	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (116)(b)(i) through (xxv).
1943	(117) "Tobacco" means:
1944	(a) a cigarette;
1945	(b) a cigar;
1946	(c) chewing tobacco;
1947	(d) pipe tobacco; or
1948	(e) any other item that contains tobacco.
1949	(118) "Unassisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or

1950 ride device that is started and stopped by the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate 1951 the amusement device, skill device, or ride device. 1952 (119) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal 1953 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), 1954 incident to the ownership or the leasing of that tangible personal property, product transferred 1955 electronically, or service. 1956 (b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of tangible personal 1957 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service in the regular course of business and 1958 held for resale. 1959 (120) "Value-added nonvoice data service" means a service: 1960 (a) that otherwise meets the definition of a telecommunications service except that a 1961 computer processing application is used to act primarily for a purpose other than conveyance, 1962 routing, or transmission; and 1963 (b) with respect to which a computer processing application is used to act on data or 1964 information: 1965 (i) code; 1966 (ii) content; 1967 (iii) form; or 1968 (iv) protocol. 1969 (121) (a) Subject to Subsection (121)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are 1970 required to be titled, registered, or titled and registered: 1971 (i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102; 1972 (ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102; 1973 (iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or 1974 (iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102. 1975 (b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(33) only, "vehicle" includes: (i) a vehicle described in Subsection (121)(a); or 1976 1977 (ii) (A) a locomotive; 1978 (B) a freight car; 1979 (C) railroad work equipment; or

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(D) other railroad rolling stock.

1981	(122) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
1982	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (121).
1983	(123) (a) "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that:
1984	(i) is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services; and
1985	(ii) offers an advanced calling feature that allows a customer to:
1986	(A) identify a caller; and
1987	(B) manage multiple calls and call connections.
1988	(b) "Vertical service" includes an ancillary service that allows a customer to manage a
1989	conference bridging service.
1990	(124) (a) "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables a customer to
1991	receive, send, or store a recorded message.
1992	(b) "Voice mail service" does not include a vertical service that a customer is required
1993	to have in order to utilize a voice mail service.
1994	(125) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (125)(b), "waste energy facility" means a
1995	facility that generates electricity:
1996	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
1997	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
1998	(A) tires;
1999	(B) waste coal; or
2000	(C) oil shale; and
2001	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
2002	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
2003	(i) municipal solid waste;
2004	(ii) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
2005	(iii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
2006	(126) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.
2007	(127) "Wind energy" means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce
2008	electricity.
2009	(128) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
2010	location by the United States Postal Service.
2011	Section 8. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:

2012	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
2013	tax revenues.
2014	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part for amounts paid or
2015	charged for the following transactions:
2016	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
2017	(b) amounts paid for:
2018	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
2019	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
2020	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
2021	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
2022	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
2023	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
2024	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
2025	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
2026	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
2027	(i) gas;
2028	(ii) electricity;
2029	(iii) heat;
2030	(iv) coal;
2031	(v) fuel oil; or
2032	(vi) other fuels;
2033	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
2034	(i) gas;
2035	(ii) electricity;
2036	(iii) heat;
2037	(iv) coal;
2038	(v) fuel oil; or
2039	(vi) other fuels;
2040	(e) sales of prepared food;
2041	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
2042	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,

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2043	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
2044	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
2045	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
2046	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
2047	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
2048	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
2049	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
2050	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
2051	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
2052	(i) the tangible personal property; and
2053	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
2054	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), whether or not any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations
2055	of that tangible personal property;
2056	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
2057	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
2058	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
2059	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
2060	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
2061	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
2062	this state the tangible personal property is:
2063	(i) stored;
2064	(ii) used; or
2065	(iii) otherwise consumed;
2066	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
2067	tangible personal property is:
2068	(i) stored;
2069	(ii) used; or
2070	(iii) consumed; and
2071	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
2072	(i) (A) of a product that:

(I) is transferred electronically; and

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2074	(II) would be subject to a tax under this chapter if the product was transferred in a
2075	manner other than electronically; or
2076	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product that:
2077	(I) is transferred electronically; and
2078	(II) would be subject to a tax under this chapter if the product was transferred in a
2079	manner other than electronically; and
2080	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
2081	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
2082	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
2083	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
2084	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
2085	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (e), a state tax and a local tax
2086	is imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
2087	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
2088	(A) $[4.70\%]$ 4.81%; and
2089	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
2090	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
2091	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
2092	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2093	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
2094	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
2095	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
2096	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2097	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
2098	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
2099	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
2100	on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
2101	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
2102	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
2103	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
2104	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed

on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:

- (i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at a tax rate of 1.75%; and
- (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
- (d) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
- 2114 (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
 - (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
 - (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
 - (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
 - (ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iii), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(d)(i):
 - (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
 - (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
 - (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of

2136 tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter 2137 at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the 2138 higher tax rate unless: 2139 (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower 2140 2141 tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or 2142 (II) state or federal law provides otherwise. 2143 (iii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the 2144 seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular 2145 course of business for nontax purposes. 2146 (e) Subject to Subsections (2)(f) and (g), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax 2147 rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter: 2148 (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 2149 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i); 2150 (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or 2151 (iv) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I). 2152 (f) (i) A tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that 2153 begins after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction 2154 begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under: 2155 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 2156 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); 2157 (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or 2158 (D) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I). 2159 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last 2160 billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate 2161 decrease if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of 2162 the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under: 2163 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);

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(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or

(D) Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).

2167	(g) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(g)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale
2168	is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal
2169	or change in a tax rate takes effect:
2170	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2171	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
2172	(ii) Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
2173	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
2174	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
2175	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
2176	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
2177	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
2178	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
2179	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
2180	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
2181	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
2182	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
2183	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
2184	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
2185	in this chapter:
2186	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
2187	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
2188	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
2189	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B).
2190	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
2191	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be used as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
2192	through (g):
2193	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
2194	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
2195	(B) for the fiscal year; or
2196	(ii) \$17,500,000.
2197	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount

2198 described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the 2199 Department of Natural Resources to: 2200 (A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to 2201 protect sensitive plant and animal species; or 2202 (B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations 2203 act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections 2204 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species. 2205 (ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection 2206 (4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other 2207 person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the 2208 Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq. 2209 (iii) At the end of each fiscal year: 2210 (A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources 2211 Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24; (B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan 2212 2213 Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and 2214 (C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan 2215 Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5. 2216 (c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in 2217 Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund 2218 created in Section 4-18-6. 2219 (d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described 2220 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water 2221 Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of 2222 water rights. 2223 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year: 2224 (A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources 2225 Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;

2228 (C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan

Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and

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(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan

2229 Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.

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- (e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
 - (ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund may also be used to:
 - (A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;
 - (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
 - (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the hiring of technical and legal staff.
 - (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.
 - (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:
 - (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
 - (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
- 2253 (iii) develop surface water sources.
- 2254 (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2255 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this 2256 Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
- 2257 (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the 2258 fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
- 2259 (ii) \$17,500,000.

2260	(b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
2261	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated
2262	credits; and
2263	(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or
2264	restoration.
2265	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
2266	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
2267	created in Section 73-10-24.
2268	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
2269	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
2270	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated
2271	credits; and
2272	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
2273	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
2274	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
2275	in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
2276	created in Section 73-10-24.
2277	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 94% of the
2278	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
2279	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
2280	Division of Water Resources for:
2281	(i) preconstruction costs:
2282	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter
2283	26, Bear River Development Act; and
2284	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
2285	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
2286	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,
2287	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
2288	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project
2289	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and

(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, 73-10-30, and

Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).

- (e) Any unexpended monies described in Subsection (5)(d) that remain in the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund at the end of the fiscal year are nonlapsing.
- (f) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to Subsection (5)(g), 6% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights.
- (g) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in Subsection (5)(f) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
- (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited in the Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102.
- (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and until Subsection (7)(b) applies, beginning on January 1, 2000, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account created in Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable transactions under Subsection (1).
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), when the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations Committee under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable transactions under Subsection (1).
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amount deposited in Subsection (7)(a), and until Subsection (8)(b) applies, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2007, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account created by Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a

2322 portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales 2323 and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products: 2324 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); 2325 2326 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and 2327 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I). 2328 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to the amounts deposited under 2329 Subsection (7)(b), when the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the 2330 highway projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations 2331 2332 Committee under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the 2333 Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes. 2334 2335 which represents a portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated 2336 annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products: 2337 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); 2338 2339 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and 2340 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I). 2341 (9) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for the fiscal year 2008-09 only, the 2342 Division of Finance shall deposit \$55,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed 2343 under Subsection (3)(a) into the Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125. 2344 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and until Subsection (9)(c) applies, for a fiscal 2345 year beginning on or after July 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall annually deposit 2346 \$90,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the 2347 Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125. 2348 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to any amounts deposited under 2349 Subsections (7) and (8), when the general obligation bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 2350 have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are included in the prioritized 2351 project list under Subsection 72-2-125(4) as determined in accordance with Subsection

72-2-125(6), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit \$90,000,000 of the revenues

generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.

- (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 9-4-1409 and expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.
- (11) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (11)(a)(ii), and until Subsection (11)(b) applies, beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a)(i), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Critical Highway Needs Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
- (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (11)(b)(ii), and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (7), (9), and (10), when the general obligation bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are included in the prioritized project list under Subsection 72-2-125(4) as determined in accordance with Subsection 72-2-125(6), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (11)(b)(i), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
- (12) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and except as provided in Subsection
 (12)(b), beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the
 Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102 the amount of tax revenue generated by a

2384	.025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) to be expended to address
2385	chokepoints in construction management.
2386	(b) For purposes of Subsection (12)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into
2387	the Transportation Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and
2388	food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food
2389	and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients
2390	described in Subsection (2)(e).
2391	(13) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (\mathbf{a}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{and}$ except as provided in
2391a	Subsection (13)(b) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$, the $\hat{H} \rightarrow [following amounts shall be deposited]$ Division of Finance shall
2391b	deposit the following amounts ←Ĥ into
2392	the Rural Health Care Compensation Fund created by Section 26-9-5 and expended as provided
2393	<u>in Section 26-9-5:</u>
2394	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(\mathbf{a})}]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30,
2394a	<u>2011,</u>
2395	Ĥ→ [\$4,300,000] the amount of tax revenue generated by a .0111260915% tax rate on the
2395a	<u>transactions described in Subsection (1)</u> $\leftarrow \hat{H}$; and
2396	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{(ii)}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}]$ for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\$\$,600,000}]$
2396a	the amount of tax revenue generated by a .02190604% tax rate on the transactions described
2396b	in Subsection (1) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$.
2396c	Ĥ→ (b) For purposes of Subsection (13)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the
2396d	Rural Health Care Compensation Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or
2396e	charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled
2396f	transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other
2396g	than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
2397	(14) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow (\mathbf{a}) \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \mathbf{and}$ except as provided in
2397a	Subsection (14)(b) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$, the $\hat{H} \rightarrow [following amounts shall be deposited]$ Division of Finance shall
2397b	deposit the following amounts ←Ĥ into
2398	the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport Facilities Fund created by Section
2399	63M-1-1407 and expended as provided in Section 63M-1-1407:
2400	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{(\mathbf{a})}]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30,
2400a	<u>2011,</u>
2401	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\frac{\$15,500,000}{1000}]$ the amount of tax revenue generated by a .0392315788% tax rate on the
2401a	
2401a	<u>transactions described in Subsection (1)</u> $\leftarrow \hat{H}$: and

$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\frac{\$31,000,000}{1}]$ the amount of tax revenue generated by a .07896386% tax rate on the
transactions described in Subsection (1) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$.
$\hat{H} \rightarrow \text{(b) For purposes of Subsection (14)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into$
the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport Facilities Fund any tax revenue
generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue
generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible
personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e). ←Ĥ
Section 9. Section 59-12-204 is amended to read:
59-12-204. Sales and use tax ordinance provisions Tax rate Distribution of
tax revenues Commission requirement to retain an amount to be deposited into the
Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund.
(1) The tax ordinance adopted pursuant to this part shall impose a tax upon those
transactions listed in Subsection 59-12-103(1).
(2) (a) The tax ordinance under Subsection (1) shall include a provision imposing a tax
upon every transaction listed in Subsection 59-12-103(1) made within a county, including areas
contained within the cities and towns located in the county:
(i) at the rate of 1% of the purchase price paid or charged; and
(ii) if the [transaction is consummated] location of the transaction is within the county
in accordance with Section 59-12-205.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a tax ordinance under this Subsection (2) shall include a provision prohibiting a county, city, or town from imposing a tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.

- (3) Such tax ordinance shall include provisions substantially the same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as they relate to sales or use tax, except that the name of the county as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state where necessary for the purpose of this part and that an additional license is not required if one has been or is issued under Section 59-12-106.
- (4) Such tax ordinance shall include a provision that the county shall contract, prior to the effective date of the ordinance, with the commission to perform all functions incident to the administration or operation of the ordinance.
- (5) Such tax ordinance shall include a provision that the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property, the purchase price or the cost of which has been subject to sales or use tax under a sales and use tax ordinance enacted in accordance with this part by any county, city, or town in any other county in this state, shall be exempt from the tax due under this ordinance.
- (6) Such tax ordinance shall include a provision that any person subject to the provisions of a city or town sales and use tax shall be exempt from the county sales and use tax if the city or town sales and use tax is levied under an ordinance including provisions in substance as follows:
- (a) a provision imposing a tax upon every transaction listed in Subsection 59-12-103(1) made within the city or town at the rate imposed by the county in which it is situated pursuant to Subsection (2);
- (b) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a provision prohibiting the city or town from imposing a tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
- (c) provisions substantially the same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as they relate to sales and use taxes, except that the name of the city or town as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state where necessary for the purposes of this part;

(d) a provision that the city or town shall contract prior to the effective date of the city or town sales and use tax ordinance with the commission to perform all functions incident to the administration or operation of the sales and use tax ordinance of the city or town;

- (e) a provision that the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property, the gross receipts from the sale of or the cost of which has been subject to sales or use tax under a sales and use tax ordinance enacted in accordance with this part by any county other than the county in which the city or town is located, or city or town in this state, shall be exempt from the tax; and
- (f) a provision that the amount of any tax paid under Part 1, Tax Collection, shall not be included as a part of the purchase price paid or charged for a taxable item.
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, beginning July 1, 2000, the commission shall:
 - (a) determine and retain the portion of sales and use tax imposed under this section:
- (i) by each county and by each city and town within that county whose legislative body consents by resolution to the commission's retaining and depositing sales and use tax revenues as provided in this Subsection (7); and
 - (ii) that is equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate;
- (b) deposit the revenues described in Subsection (7)(a) into a special fund of the county, or a city, town, or other political subdivision of the state located within that county, that has issued bonds to finance sports or recreational facilities or that is leasing sports or recreational facilities, in order to repay those bonds or to pay the lease payments; and
- (c) continue to deposit those revenues into the special fund only as long as the bonds or leases are outstanding.
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (8).
- (b) For a city, town, or unincorporated area of a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that month within the boundaries of that city, town, or unincorporated area of a county by the total sales and use tax collected under this part for that month within the boundaries of all of the cities, towns, and unincorporated areas of the

2477	counties that impose a tax under this part.
2478	(c) For a city, town, or unincorporated area of a county that imposes a tax under this
2479	part, the commission shall retain each month an amount equal to the product of:
2480	(i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (8)(b)
2481	for the city, town, or unincorporated area of a county; and
2482	(ii) \$25,417.
2483	(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance
2484	with this Subsection (8) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section
2485	9-4-1409.
2486	(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies
2487	Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.
2488	Section 10. Section 59-12-205 is amended to read:
2489	59-12-205. Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments Distribution of
2490	tax revenues Determination of population.
2491	(1) Each county, city, and town, in order to maintain in effect sales and use tax
2492	ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 59-12-204, shall, within 30 days of any amendment of
2493	any applicable provisions of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments of their respective sales
2494	and use tax ordinances to conform with the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as
2495	they relate to sales and use taxes.
2496	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) through (5)[:], the commission shall
2497	distribute revenues collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part as provided in
2498	this Subsection (2).
2499	(b) Before the commission makes a distribution in accordance with Subsections (2)(c)
2500	and (d), the commission shall retain the charge required by Section 59-12-206.
2501	(c) After the amounts described in Subsection (2)(b) are retained in accordance with
2502	Subsection (2)(b), the commission shall distribute:
2503	(i) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011,
2504	\$16,500 to each town that imposes a town option sales and use tax:
2505	(A) on December 31, 2010; and
2506	(B) that is repealed by this bill; and
2507	(ii) for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, \$33,000 to each town that

2508	imposes a town option sales and use tax:
2509	(A) on December 31, 2010; and
2510	(B) that is repealed by this bill.
2511	(d) After the commission makes the distributions required by Subsection (2)(c), the
2512	commission shall distribute the remaining amount of revenues collected from the sales and use
2513	tax authorized by this part as follows:
2514	[(a)] (i) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
2515	shall be paid to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population of
2516	the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the
2517	state; and
2518	$[\underline{(b)}(\underline{i})]$ $\underline{(ii)}(\underline{A})$ except as provided in Subsection $(2)[\underline{(b)}](\underline{d})(\underline{i})(\underline{B})$, 50% of each dollar
2519	collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part shall be paid to each county, city,
2520	and town on the basis of the location [where] of the transaction [is consummated] as
2521	determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215; and
2522	$[\frac{(ii)}{B}]$ $\underline{(B)}$ 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
2523	within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation
2524	development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development
2525	Authority Act, shall be paid to the military installation development authority created in
2526	Section 63H-1-201.
2527	(3) (a) For fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 1983-84 and ending with fiscal year
2528	2005-06, a county, city, or town may not receive a tax revenue distribution less than .75% of
2529	the taxable sales within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
2530	(b) The commission shall proportionally reduce monthly distributions to any county,
2531	city, or town that, but for the reduction, would receive a distribution in excess of 1% of the
2532	sales and use tax revenue collected within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
2533	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
2534	(i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that receives \$2,000 or
2535	more in tax revenue distributions in accordance with Subsection (3) for each of the following
2536	fiscal years:
2537	(A) fiscal year 2002-03;
2538	(B) fiscal year 2003-04; and

2539	(C) fiscal year 2004-05.
2540	(ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the greater of:
2541	(A) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town
2542	receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2000-01; or
2543	(B) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town
2544	receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
2545	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2) and except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii),
2546	beginning with fiscal year 2006-07 and ending with fiscal year 2012-13, an eligible county,
2547	city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax imposed in accordance with this
2548	part equal to the greater of:
2549	(A) the payment required by Subsection (2); or
2550	(B) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
2551	(ii) If the tax revenue distribution required by Subsection (4)(b)(i) for an eligible
2552	county, city, or town is equal to the amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A) for three
2553	consecutive fiscal years, for fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year immediately following
2554	that three consecutive fiscal year period, the eligible county, city, or town shall receive the tax
2555	revenue distribution equal to the payment required by Subsection (2).
2556	(c) For a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2013-14 and ending with fiscal year
2557	2015-16, an eligible county, city, or town shall receive the minimum tax revenue distribution
2558	for that fiscal year if for fiscal year 2012-13 the payment required by Subsection (2) to that
2559	eligible county, city, or town is less than or equal to the product of:
2560	(i) the minimum tax revenue distribution; and
2561	(ii) .90.
2562	(5) (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
2563	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.
2564	(b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
2565	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
2566	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.
2567	(6) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined solely
2568	from the unincorporated area of the county.

Section 11. Section **59-12-211** is amended to read:

2570	59-12-211. Definitions Location of certain transactions Reports to
2571	commission Direct payment provision for a seller making certain purchases
2572	Exceptions.
2573	(1) As used in this section:
2574	(a) (i) "Receipt" and "receive" mean:
2575	(A) taking possession of tangible personal property;
2576	(B) making first use of a service; or
2577	(C) for a product transferred electronically, the earlier of:
2578	(I) taking possession of the product transferred electronically; or
2579	(II) making first use of the product transferred electronically.
2580	(ii) "Receipt" and "receive" do not include possession by a shipping company on behalf
2581	of a purchaser.
2582	(b) "Transportation equipment" means:
2583	(i) a locomotive or rail car that is used to carry a person or property in interstate
2584	commerce;
2585	(ii) a truck or truck-tractor:
2586	(A) with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,001 pounds or more;
2587	(B) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
2588	(C) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
2589	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
2590	(II) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce;
2591	(iii) a trailer, semitrailer, or passenger bus that is:
2592	(A) registered under Section 41-1a-301; and
2593	(B) operated under the authority of a carrier authorized and certificated:
2594	(I) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal authority; and
2595	(II) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce;
2596	(iv) an aircraft that is operated by an air carrier authorized and certificated:
2597	(A) by the United States Department of Transportation or another federal or foreign
2598	authority; and
2599	(B) to engage in carrying a person or property in interstate commerce; or
2600	(v) a container designed for use on, or a component part attached or secured on, an

item of equipment listed in[5] Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iv).

- (2) Except as provided in Subsections (8) and (13), if tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter is received by a purchaser at a business location of a seller, the location of the transaction is the business location of the seller.
- (3) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (13), if tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter is not received by a purchaser at a business location of a seller, the location of the transaction is the location where the purchaser takes receipt of the tangible personal property or service.
- (4) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (13), if Subsection (2) or (3) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the location indicated by an address for or other information on the purchaser if:
 - (a) the address or other information is available from the seller's business records; and
- (b) use of the address or other information from the seller's records does not constitute bad faith.
- (5) (a) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (13), if Subsection (2), (3), or (4) does not apply, the location of the transaction is the location indicated by an address for the purchaser if:
 - (i) the address is obtained during the consummation of the transaction; and
 - (ii) use of the address described in Subsection (5)(a)(i) does not constitute bad faith.
- (b) An address used under Subsection (5)(a) includes the address of a purchaser's payment instrument if no other address is available.
- (6) Subject to Subsection (10), and except as provided in Subsections (7), (8), (9), (11), and (13), if Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5) does not apply or if a seller does not have sufficient information to apply Subsection (2), (3), (4), or (5), the location of the transaction is the location indicated by the address from which:
- (a) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), for tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the tangible personal property is shipped;
- (b) for computer software delivered electronically or for a product transferred electronically that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the computer software or product

transferred electronically is first available for transmission by the seller; or

- (c) for a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, the service is provided.
- 2634 (7) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (7), "shared ZIP Code" means a nine-digit ZIP Code that is located within two or more local taxing jurisdictions.
 - (b) If the location of a transaction determined under Subsections (3) through (6) is in a shared ZIP Code, the location of the transaction is:
 - (i) if there is only one local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest agreement combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that imposes the lowest agreement combined tax rate; or
 - (ii) if two or more local taxing jurisdictions impose the lowest agreement combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code, the local taxing jurisdiction that:
 - (A) imposes the lowest agreement combined tax rate for the shared ZIP Code; and
 - (B) has located within the local taxing jurisdiction the largest number of street addresses within the shared ZIP Code.
 - (c) [For] Notwithstanding any provision under this chapter authorizing or requiring the imposition of a sales and use tax, for purposes of Subsection (7)(b), a seller shall collect a sales and use tax imposed under this chapter at the lowest agreement combined tax rate imposed within the local taxing jurisdiction in which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b) [notwithstanding:].

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2651 [<del>(i)</del> Section 59-12-204;]
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2652 [(ii) Section 59-12-401;]

2653 [(iii) Section 59-12-402;]

2654 [(iv) Section 59-12-501;]

2655 [(v) Section 59-12-502;]

2656 [(vi) Section 59-12-703;]

2657 [(vii) Section 59-12-802;]

2658 [(viii) Section 59-12-804;]

2659 [(ix) Section 59-12-1001;]

2660 [(x) Section 59-12-1102;]

2661 [(xi) Section 59-12-1302;]

2662 [(xii) Section 59-12-1402;]

2663	[(xiii) Section 59-12-1503;]
2664	[(xiv) Section 59-12-1703; or]
2665	[(xv) Section 59-12-1802.]
2666	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2667	commission may make rules:
2668	(i) providing for the circumstances under which a seller has exercised due diligence in
2669	determining the nine-digit ZIP Code for an address; or
2670	(ii) notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b), for determining the local taxing jurisdiction
2671	within which a transaction is located if a seller is unable to determine the local taxing
2672	jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (7)(b).
2673	(8) The location of a transaction made with a direct payment permit described in
2674	Section 59-12-107.1 is the location where receipt of the tangible personal property, product, or
2675	service by the purchaser occurs.
2676	(9) The location of a purchase of direct mail is the location described in Subsection (6),
2677	if the purchaser of the direct mail:
2678	(a) has not been issued a direct payment permit under Section 59-12-107.1; and
2679	(b) does not provide the seller the form or information described in Subsection
2680	59-12-123(1).
2681	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), the location of a transaction
2682	determined under Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9), is the local taxing jurisdiction within
2683	which:
2684	(i) the nine-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3)
2685	through (6), (8), or (9) is located; or
2686	(ii) the five-digit ZIP Code assigned to the location determined under Subsections (3)
2687	through (6), (8), or (9) is located if:
2688	(A) a nine-digit ZIP Code is not available for the location determined under
2689	Subsections (3) through (6), (8), or (9); or
2690	(B) after exercising due diligence, a seller or certified service provider is unable to
2691	determine a nine-digit ZIP Code for the location determined under Subsections (3) through (6),
2692	(8), or (9).
2693	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the

2694	commission may make rules for determining the local taxing jurisdiction within which a
2695	transaction is located if a seller or certified service provider is unable to determine the local
2696	taxing jurisdiction within which the transaction is located under Subsection (10)(a).
2697	(11) (a) As used in this Subsection (11), "florist delivery transaction" means a
2698	transaction commenced by a florist that transmits an order:
2699	(i) by:
2700	(A) telegraph;
2701	(B) telephone; or
2702	(C) a means of communication similar to Subsection (11)(a)(i)(A) or (B); and
2703	(ii) for delivery to another place:
2704	(A) in this state; or
2705	(B) outside this state.
2706	(b) Notwithstanding Subsections (3) through (6), beginning on January 1, 2009, and
2707	ending on December 31, 2009, the location of a florist delivery transaction is the business
2708	location of the florist that commences the florist delivery transaction.
2709	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2710	commission may by rule:
2711	(i) define:
2712	(A) "business location"; and
2713	(B) "florist";
2714	(ii) define what constitutes a means of communication similar to Subsection
2715	(11)(a)(i)(A) or (B) ; and
2716	(iii) provide procedures for determining when a transaction is commenced.
2717	(12) (a) A tax collected under this chapter shall be reported to the commission on a
2718	form that identifies the location of each transaction that occurs during the return filing period.
2719	(b) The form described in Subsection (12)(a) shall be filed with the commission as
2720	required under this chapter.
2721	(13) This section does not apply to:
2722	(a) amounts charged by a seller for:
2723	(i) telecommunications service; or
2724	(ii) the retail sale or transfer of:

2725	(A) a motor vehicle other than a motor vehicle that is transportation equipment;
2726	(B) an aircraft other than an aircraft that is transportation equipment;
2727	(C) a watercraft;
2728	(D) a modular home;
2729	(E) a manufactured home; or
2730	(F) a mobile home; or
2731	(iii) except as provided in Section 59-12-214, the lease or rental of tangible personal
2732	property other than tangible personal property that is transportation equipment;
2733	(b) a tax paid under this chapter:
2734	(i) by a seller; and
2735	(ii) for the seller's purchases; or
2736	(c) a retail sale of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if:
2737	(i) the seller receives the order for the tangible personal property or product transferred
2738	electronically in this state;
2739	(ii) receipt of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically by the
2740	purchaser or the purchaser's donee occurs in this state;
2741	(iii) the location where receipt of the tangible personal property or product transferred
2742	electronically by the purchaser occurs is determined in accordance with Subsections (3)
2743	through (5); and
2744	(iv) at the time the seller receives the order, the record keeping system that the seller
2745	uses to calculate the proper amount of tax imposed under this chapter captures the location
2746	where the order is received.
2747	Section 12. Section 59-12-603 is amended to read:
2748	59-12-603. County tax Bases Rates Use of revenues Adoption of
2749	ordinance required Advisory board Administration Collection Distribution
2750	Enactment or repeal of tax or tax rate change Effective date Notice requirements.
2751	(1) (a) In addition to any other taxes, a county legislative body may, as provided in this
2752	part, impose a tax as follows:
2753	(i) (A) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 3%
2754	on all short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days, except for leases
2755	and rentals of motor vehicles made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor

vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement; and

- (B) beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a county legislative body of any county imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) may, in addition to imposing the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), impose a tax of not to exceed 4% on all short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days, except for leases and rentals of motor vehicles made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement; and
- [(ii) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 1% of all sales of the following that are sold by a restaurant:]
- 2765 [(A) alcoholic beverages;]
- [(B) food and food ingredients; or]
- 2767 [(C) prepared food; and]

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- [(iii)] (ii) a county legislative body of a county of the first class may impose a tax of not to exceed .5% on charges for the accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
- 2771 (b) A tax imposed under Subsection (1)(a) is subject to the audit provisions of Section 2772 17-31-5.5.
- 2773 (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), revenue <u>collected</u> from the imposition of [the taxes] <u>a tax</u> provided for in [Subsections] <u>Subsection</u> (1)(a)[(i) through (iii)] may be [used] expended for:
- 2776 (i) financing tourism promotion; and
- 2777 (ii) the development, operation, and maintenance of:
- 2778 (A) an airport facility;
- 2779 (B) a convention facility;
- 2780 (C) a cultural facility;
- (D) a recreation facility; or
- 2782 (E) a tourist facility.
- (b) A county of the first class shall expend at least \$450,000 each year of the revenues from the imposition of a tax authorized by Subsection (1)(a)[(iii)](ii) within the county to fund a marketing and ticketing system designed to:
- 2786 (i) promote tourism in ski areas within the county by persons that do not reside within

2787	the state; and
2788	(ii) combine the sale of:
2789	(A) ski lift tickets; and
2790	(B) accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
2791	(3) A tax imposed under this part may be pledged as security for bonds, notes, or other
2792	evidences of indebtedness incurred by a county, city, or town under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
2793	Government Bonding Act, or a community development and renewal agency under Title 17C,
2794	Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds, to finance:
2795	(a) an airport facility;
2796	(b) a convention facility;
2797	(c) a cultural facility;
2798	(d) a recreation facility; or
2799	(e) a tourist facility.
2800	(4) (a) In order to impose the tax under Subsection (1), each county legislative body
2801	shall adopt an ordinance imposing the tax.
2802	(b) The ordinance under Subsection (4)(a) shall include provisions substantially the
2803	same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, except that the tax shall be imposed only on
2804	those items and sales described in Subsection (1).
2805	(c) The name of the county as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state
2806	where necessary, and an additional license is not required if one has been or is issued under
2807	Section 59-12-106.
2808	(5) In order to maintain in effect its tax ordinance adopted under this part, each county
2809	legislative body shall, within 30 days of any amendment of any applicable provisions of Part 1,
2810	Tax Collection, adopt amendments to its tax ordinance to conform with the applicable
2811	amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.
2812	(6) (a) Regardless of whether a county of the first class creates a tourism tax advisory
2813	board in accordance with Section 17-31-8, the county legislative body of the county of the first
2814	class shall create a tax advisory board in accordance with this Subsection (6).
2815	(b) The tax advisory board shall be composed of nine members appointed as follows:
2816	(i) four members shall be appointed by the county legislative body of the county of the
2817	first class as follows:

2818	(A) one member shall be a resident of the unincorporated area of the county;
2819	(B) two members shall be residents of the incorporated area of the county; and
2820	(C) one member shall be a resident of the unincorporated or incorporated area of the
2821	county; and
2822	(ii) subject to Subsections (6)(c) and (d), five members shall be mayors of cities or
2823	towns within the county of the first class appointed by an organization representing all mayors
2824	of cities and towns within the county of the first class.
2825	(c) Five members of the tax advisory board constitute a quorum.
2826	(d) The county legislative body of the county of the first class shall determine:
2827	(i) terms of the members of the tax advisory board;
2828	(ii) procedures and requirements for removing a member of the tax advisory board;
2829	(iii) voting requirements, except that action of the tax advisory board shall be by at
2830	least a majority vote of a quorum of the tax advisory board;
2831	(iv) chairs or other officers of the tax advisory board;
2832	(v) how meetings are to be called and the frequency of meetings; and
2833	(vi) the compensation, if any, of members of the tax advisory board.
2834	(e) The tax advisory board under this Subsection (6) shall advise the county legislative
2835	body of the county of the first class on the expenditure of revenues collected within the county
2836	of the first class from the taxes described in Subsection (1)(a).
2837	(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a)(ii), a tax authorized under this part
2838	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
2839	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2840	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2841	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2842	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
2843	(ii) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
2844	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).
2845	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c):
2846	(i) for a tax under this part other than the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the
2847	commission shall distribute the revenues to the county imposing the tax; and
2848	(ii) for a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the commission shall distribute the revenues

2849	according to the distribution formula provided in Subsection (8).
2850	(c) The commission shall deduct from the distributions under Subsection (7)(b) an
2851	administrative charge for collecting the tax as provided in Section 59-12-206.
2852	(8) The commission shall distribute the revenues generated by the tax under Subsection
2853	(1)(a)(i)(B) to each county collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) according to the
2854	following formula:
2855	(a) the commission shall distribute 70% of the revenues based on the percentages
2856	generated by dividing the revenues collected by each county under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) by
2857	the total revenues collected by all counties under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); and
2858	(b) the commission shall distribute 30% of the revenues based on the percentages
2859	generated by dividing the population of each county collecting a tax under Subsection
2860	(1)(a)(i)(B) by the total population of all counties collecting a tax under Subsection $(1)(a)(i)(B)$.
2861	(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9):
2862	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
2863	[Annexation to County] County Consolidations and Annexations.
2864	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
2865	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a county
2866	enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or
2867	change shall take effect:
2868	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2869	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2870	the requirements of Subsection (9)(b)(ii) from the county.
2871	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
2872	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;
2873	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A);
2874	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A); and
2875	(D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection
2876	(9)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

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(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate

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the first billing period:

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billing period:

2880	increase; and
2881	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
2882	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).
2883	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
2884	billing period:
2885	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
2886	and
2887	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
2888	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).
2889	(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(e), if, for an annexation that occurs on or
2890	after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a
2891	tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
2892	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2893	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2894	the requirements of Subsection (9)(d)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
2895	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(d)(i)(B) shall state:
2896	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) will result in an enactment,
2897	repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
2898	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A);
2899	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A); and
2900	(D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection
2901	(9)(d)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
2902	(e) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of
2903	the first billing period:
2904	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate
2905	increase; and
2906	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
2907	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).
2908	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;

2911 and

2912 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).

- Section 13. Section **59-12-703** is amended to read:
- **59-12-703.** Base -- Rate -- Imposition of tax -- Expenditure of tax revenues collected -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Effective date -- Notice requirements.
 - (1) (a) (i) A county legislative body may [submit an opinion question to the residents of that county, by majority vote of all members of the legislative body, so that each resident of the county, except residents in municipalities that have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, has an opportunity to express the resident's opinion on the imposition of a local] by a majority vote of the members of the county legislative body impose a sales and use tax of .1% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county, [to fund recreational and zoological facilities, botanical, cultural, and zoological organizations, and rural radio stations, in that county] including the cities and towns located in the county.
 - (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on:
 - (A) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; <u>and</u>
 - [(B) sales and uses within municipalities that have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities; and]
 - [(C)] (B) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.
 - (b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
 - (c) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

2942	(d) The election shall follow the procedures outlined in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
2943	Government Bonding Act.]
2944	[(2) (a) If the county legislative body determines that a majority of the county's
2945	registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax have voted in favor of the imposition of
2946	the tax as prescribed in Subsection (1)(a), the county legislative body may impose the tax by a
2947	majority vote of all members of the legislative body on the transactions:
2948	[(i) described in Subsection (1); and]
2949	[(ii) within the county, including the cities and towns located in the county, except
2950	those cities and towns that have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or
2951	Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or
2952	Facilities.]
2953	[(b) A county legislative body may revise county ordinances to reflect statutory
2954	changes to the distribution formula or eligible recipients of revenues generated from a tax
2955	imposed under Subsection (2)(a):]
2956	[(i) after the county legislative body submits an opinion question to residents of the
2957	county in accordance with Subsection (1) giving them the opportunity to express their opinion
2958	on the proposed revisions to county ordinances; and]
2959	[(ii) if the county legislative body determines that a majority of those voting on the
2960	opinion question have voted in favor of the revisions.]
2961	[(3)] (2) [The monies generated from any] Subject to Section 59-12-704, the revenues
2962	<u>collected from a tax imposed under [Subsection (2)] this section</u> shall be [used for funding]
2963	expended as follows:
2964	(a) a county legislative body of a county of the first class shall expend revenues
2965	collected from a tax imposed under this section to fund:
2966	[(a)] (i) recreational facilities and zoological facilities located within the county or a
2967	city or town located in the county[, except a city or town that has already imposed a sales and
2968	use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and
2969	Zoological Organizations or Facilities]; and
2970	[(b)] (ii) ongoing operating expenses of:
2971	[(i)] (A) recreational facilities described in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2)(a)(i);
2972	[(ii)] (B) botanical, cultural, and zoological organizations within the county; and

2973	[(iii)] (C) rural radio stations within the county[-]; or
2974	(b) a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class shall:
2975	(i) deposit the revenues collected from a tax imposed under this section into the
2976	county's general fund; and
2977	(ii) expend the revenues collected from a tax imposed under this section for the same
2978	purposes for which the county expends the county's general fund revenues.
2979	[(4)] (3) (a) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a tax authorized under this
2980	part shall be[: (i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b),] administered, collected, and
2981	enforced in accordance with:
2982	[(A)] (i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
2983	[(1)] (A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
2984	[(H)] (B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
2985	[(B)] (ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies[; and].
2986	[(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
2987	period in accordance with this section.]
2988	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection $(4)(a)(i)$, a] \underline{A} tax under this part is not subject to
2989	Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).
2990	[(5)] (4) (a) For purposes of this Subsection $[(5)]$ (4):
2991	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
2992	[Annexation to County] County Consolidations and Annexations.
2993	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
2994	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(5)] (4)(c) or (d), if[, on or after July 1, 2004,]
2995	a county enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
2996	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2997	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
2998	the requirements of Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) (b)(ii) from the county.
2999	(ii) The notice described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$ $\underline{(4)}(b)(i)(B)$ shall state:
3000	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
3001	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) (ii)(A);
3002	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$ $(4)(b)(ii)(A)$; and
3003	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) (b)(ii)(A), the rate of

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the tax.

3005	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
3006	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
3007	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
3008	enactment of the tax under this section.
3009	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
3010	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
3011	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
3012	of the tax imposed under this section.
3013	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
3014	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
3015	Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$ $\frac{(4)}{(b)}(i)$ takes effect:
3016	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
3017	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
3018	Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ $\frac{(4)}{(b)}(i)$.
3019	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3020	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
3021	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) (f) or (g), if, for an annexation that
3022	occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax
3023	under this part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
3024	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
3025	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
3026	the requirements of Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) (e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
3027	(ii) The notice described in Subsection [(5)] (4)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
3028	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection [(5)] (4) (e)(i) will result in an
3029	enactment or repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
3030	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$ $\frac{(4)}{(e)}(ii)(A)$;
3031	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$ $(4)(e)(ii)(A)$; and
3032	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) (e)(ii)(A).
3033	(f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
3034	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and

3035 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 3036 enactment of the tax under this section. 3037 (ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period: 3038 (A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 3039 3040 of the tax imposed under this section. (g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 3041 3042 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in 3043 Subsection [(5)] (4)(e)(i) takes effect: 3044 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under 3045 3046 Subsection [(5)] (4)(e)(i). 3047 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 3048 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 3049 Section 14. Section **59-12-704** is amended to read: 3050 59-12-704. Distribution of revenues -- Advisory board creation -- Determining 3051 operating expenses. 3052 (1) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(b) and (5), and subject to [the requirements 3053 of this section [7], [any] revenues collected by a county of the first class under this 3054 part shall be distributed annually by the county legislative body [to support recreational and 3055 zoological facilities and botanical, cultural, and zoological organizations] for a purpose 3056 described in Subsection 59-12-703(2)(a) within that [first class] county of the first class as 3057 follows: 3058 (a) 30% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed 3059 by the county legislative body to support recreational facilities located within the county; 3060 (b) (i) subject to Subsection (1)(b)(ii) and except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(iii), 3061 12-1/8% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed by the 3062 county legislative body to support no more than three zoological facilities and organizations 3063 located within the county, with 94.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities

and organizations with average annual operating expenses of \$2,000,000 or more and 5.5% of

that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual

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operating expenses of less than \$2,000,000;

- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(iii), the county legislative body shall distribute the monies described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) among the zoological facilities and organizations in proportion to their average annual operating expenses as determined under Subsection (3); and
- (iii) if a zoological facility or organization is created or relocated within the county after June 1, 2003, the county legislative body shall distribute the monies described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) as it determines appropriate;
- (c) (i) 48-7/8% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed to no more than 23 botanical and cultural organizations with average annual operating expenses of more than \$250,000 as determined under Subsection (3);
- (ii) subject to Subsection (1)(c)(iii), the county legislative body shall distribute the monies described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) among the organizations and in proportion to their average annual operating expenses as determined under Subsection (3); and
- (iii) the amount distributed to any organization described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) may not exceed 35% of the organization's operating budget; and
- (d) (i) 9% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed to botanical and cultural organizations that do not receive revenue under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and
- (ii) the county legislative body shall determine how the monies shall be distributed among the organizations described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).
- (2) (a) The county legislative body of each county of the first class that imposes a sales and use tax under this part shall create an advisory board to advise the county legislative body on disbursement of funds to botanical and cultural organizations under Subsection (1)(c)(i).
- (b) (i) The advisory board under Subsection (2)(a) shall consist of seven members appointed by the county legislative body.
- (ii) In a county of the first class, two of the seven members of the advisory board under Subsection (2)(a) shall be appointed from the Utah Arts Council.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), to be eligible to receive monies collected by the county under this part, a botanical, cultural, and zoological organization located within a county of the first class shall, every three years:

3097	(i) calculate their average annual operating expenses based upon audited operating
3098	expenses for three preceding fiscal years; and
3099	(ii) submit to the appropriate county legislative body:
3100	(A) a verified audit of annual operating expenses for each of those three preceding
3101	fiscal years; and
3102	(B) the average annual operating expenses as calculated under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
3103	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the] The county legislative body described in
3104	Subsection (3)(a)(ii) may waive the operating expenses reporting requirements under
3105	Subsection (3)(a) for organizations described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).
3106	(4) When calculating average annual operating expenses as described in Subsection
3107	(3), each botanical, cultural, and zoological organization shall use the same three-year fiscal
3108	period as determined by the county legislative body.
3109	(5) (a) By July 1 of each year, the county legislative body of a first class county may
3110	index the threshold amount in Subsections (1)(c) and (d).
3111	(b) Any change under Subsection (5)(a) shall be rounded off to the nearest \$100.
3112	[(6) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2001, in a county except for a county of the first class, the
3113	county legislative body shall by ordinance provide for the distribution of the entire amount of
3114	the revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section as provided in this Subsection (6).]
3115	[(b) Pursuant to an interlocal agreement established in accordance with Title 11,
3116	Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, a county described in Subsection (6)(a) may distribute
3117	to a city, town, or political subdivision within the county revenues generated by a tax under this
3118	part.]
3119	[(c) The revenues distributed under Subsection (6)(a) or (b) shall be used for one or
3120	more organizations or facilities defined in Section 59-12-702 regardless of whether the
3121	revenues are distributed:]
3122	[(i) directly by the county described in Subsection (6)(a) to be used for an organization
3123	or facility defined in Section 59-12-702; or]
3124	[(ii) in accordance with an interlocal agreement described in Subsection (6)(b).]
3125	(6) (a) A county legislative body that imposes a tax under this part shall transfer
3126	revenues collected from the tax under this part as provided in Subsection (6)(b) to a city
3127	legislative body or town legislative body if, on July 1, 2010, the city or town imposes a city or

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3128	town option sales and use tax:
3129	(i) for botanical, cultural, recreational, and zoological organizations or facilities; and
3130	(ii) that is repealed by this bill.
3131	(b) For purposes of Subsection (6)(a), a county legislative body shall transfer to a city
3132	legislative body or a town legislative body:
3133	(i) if the city or town imposes the city or town option sales and use tax described in
3134	Subsection (6)(a) for the entire fiscal year 2009-10, the amount of revenues the city or town
3135	collects from the city or town option sales and use tax described in Subsection (6)(a) for fiscal
3136	<u>year 2009-10; or</u>
3137	(ii) if the city or town does not impose the city or town option sales and use tax
3138	described in Subsection (6)(a) for the entire fiscal year 2009-10, the amount of revenues the
3139	commission estimates the city or town would have collected from the city or town option sales
3140	and use tax described in Subsection (6)(a) had the city or town collected that city or town
3141	option sales and use tax for the entire fiscal year 2009-10.
3142	(c) Subject to Subsection (6)(d), a city legislative body or town legislative body that
3143	receives a transfer of revenues under this Subsection (6) shall by ordinance provide for the
3144	distribution of the entire amount of the revenues the city legislative body or town legislative
3145	body receives.
3146	(d) A city legislative body or town legislative body that receives a transfer of revenues
3147	under this section shall expend the revenues the city legislative body or town legislative body
3148	receives for one or more of the following:
3149	(i) a botanical organization;
3150	(ii) a cultural organization;
3151	(iii) a recreational facility:
3152	(iv) a zoological facility; or
3153	(v) a zoological organization.
3154	(7) A county legislative body may retain up to $[1.5\%]$ 1.50% of the proceeds from a tax
3155	under this part for the cost of administering [the provisions of] this part.
3156	(8) The commission may retain an amount not to exceed $[\frac{1-1}{2}\%]$ 1.50% of the tax
3157	collected under this part for the cost of administering this part.

Section 15. Section **59-12-1201** is amended to read:

3159	59-12-1201. Motor vehicle rental tax Rate Exemptions Administration,
3160	collection, and enforcement of tax Administrative fee Deposits.
3161	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), there is imposed a tax of 2.5% on all
3162	short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days.
3163	(b) The tax imposed in this section is in addition to all other state, county, or municipal
3164	fees and taxes imposed on rentals of motor vehicles.
3165	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for the tax
3166	imposed under Subsection (1) shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter.
3167	(b) (i) For a transaction subject to a tax under Subsection (1), a tax rate increase shall
3168	take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
3169	(A) that begins after the effective date of the tax rate increase; and
3170	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate
3171	increase imposed under Subsection (1).
3172	(ii) For a transaction subject to a tax under Subsection (1), the repeal of a tax or a tax
3173	rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
3174	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
3175	and
3176	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
3177	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).
3178	(3) A motor vehicle is exempt from the tax imposed under Subsection (1) if:
3179	(a) the motor vehicle is registered for a gross laden weight of 12,001 or more pounds;
3180	(b) the motor vehicle is rented as a personal household goods moving van; or
3181	(c) the lease or rental of the motor vehicle is made for the purpose of temporarily
3182	replacing a person's motor vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair agreement or an
3183	insurance agreement.
3184	(4) (a) (i) The tax authorized under this section shall be administered, collected, and
3185	enforced in accordance with:
3186	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under Part 1,
3187	Tax Collection; and
3188	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
3189	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this part is not subject to

3190	Subsections 39-12-105(4) through $\left[\frac{(12)}{(14)}\right]$ of Section 39-12-107.1 of 39-12-123.
3191	(b) The commission may retain a maximum of 1-1/2% of the tax collected under this
3192	section for the costs of rendering its services under this section.
3193	(c) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(b), all revenue received by the
3194	commission under this section shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited
3195	monthly to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund under Section
3196	72-2-117.
3197	Section 16. Section 59-12-1802 is amended to read:
3198	59-12-1802. State sales and use tax Base Rate Revenues deposited into
3199	General Fund.
3200	(1) (a) If a county does not impose a tax under [Part 11, County Option Sales and Use
3201	Tax, a tax shall be imposed] the following sections, the state shall impose a tax within the
3202	county under this section [by the state: (a)] on the transactions described in Subsection
3203	59-12-103(1)[;] beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on the date the county imposes a tax
3204	under the following sections:
3205	(i) Section 59-12-703; and
3206	(ii) Section 59-12-1102.
3207	(b) [at a rate of .25%; and] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c) or Subsection (2),
3208	for purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the rate of the state tax is equal to the difference between:
3209	<u>(i) .35%; and</u>
3210	(ii) the sum of the tax rates the county described in Subsection (1)(a) imposes under:
3211	(A) Section 59-12-703; and
3212	(B) Section 59-12-1102.
3213	[(c) beginning on January 1, 2008, and ending on the day on which the county imposes
3214	a tax under Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax.]
3215	(c) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), for amounts paid or charged for food and food
3216	ingredients that are not sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food
3217	ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, the rate of the
3218	state tax is equal to the difference between:
3219	(i) .25%; and
3220	(ii) the tay rate a county imposes under Section 59-12-1102

3221	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a tax under this section may not be imposed on the
3222	sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from
3223	taxation under Section 59-12-104.
3224	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in
3225	accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
3226	(4) Revenues collected from the sales and use tax imposed by this section, after
3227	subtracting amounts a seller retains in accordance with Section 59-12-108, shall be deposited
3228	into the General Fund.
3229	Section 17. Section 59-12-2003 is amended to read:
3230	59-12-2003. Imposition Base Rate Revenues distributed to certain public
3231	transit districts and the Transportation Fund.
3232	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection
3233	[(2) or (4)] (3), beginning on [July 1, 2008] January 1, 2011, the state shall impose a tax under
3234	this part on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) within a city, town, or the
3235	unincorporated area of a county [of the first or second class if, on January 1, 2008, there is a
3236	public transit district within any portion of that county of the first or second class.] if within
3237	any city, town, or unincorporated area of the county the sum of the tax rates under any
3238	combination of the following sales and use taxes totals less than .85%:
3239	(a) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-501;
3240	(b) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-502;
3241	(c) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1001;
3242	(d) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1503;
3243	(e) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1703; or
3244	(f) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1903.
3245	[(2) The state may not impose a tax under this part within a county of the first or
3246	second class if within all of the cities, towns, and the unincorporated area of the county of the
3247	first or second class there is imposed a sales and use tax of:]
3248	[(a) .30% under Section 59-12-501;]
3249	[(b) .30% under Section 59-12-1001; or]
3250	[(c) .30% under Section 59-12-1503.]
3251	$[\frac{(3)}{2}]$ (2) (a) Subject to Subsection $[\frac{(3)}{2}]$ (2)(b), if the state imposes a tax under this part.

3232	the tax rate imposed within a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county [of the first of
3253	second class] is a percentage equal to the difference between:
3254	(i) [.30%] <u>.85%</u> ; and
3255	[(ii) (A) for a city within the county of the first or second class, the highest tax rate
3256	imposed within that city under:]
3257	[(I) Section 59-12-501;]
3258	[(II) Section 59-12-1001; or]
3259	[(III) Section 59-12-1503;]
3260	[(B) for a town within the county of the first or second class, the highest tax rate
3261	imposed within that town under:]
3262	[(I) Section 59-12-501;]
3263	[(II) Section 59-12-1001; or]
3264	[(III) Section 59-12-1503; or]
3265	[(C) for the unincorporated area of the county of the first or second class, the highest
3266	tax rate imposed within that unincorporated area under:]
3267	[(I) Section 59-12-501;]
3268	[(II) Section 59-12-1001; or]
3269	[(III) Section 59-12-1503.]
3270	(ii) for each city, town, or unincorporated area within the county, the sum of the tax
3271	rates imposed within that city, town, or unincorporated area of the county under any
3272	combination of the following sales and use taxes:
3273	(A) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-501;
3274	(B) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-502;
3275	(C) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1001;
3276	(D) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1503;
3277	(E) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1703; or
3278	(F) a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-1903.
3279	(b) For purposes of Subsection $[(3)]$ (2) (a), if for a city, town, or the unincorporated
3280	area of a county [of the first or second class, the highest tax rate imposed under Section
3281	59-12-501, 59-12-1001, or 59-12-1503 within that city, town, or unincorporated area of the
3282	county of the first or second class is .30%], the sum of the tax rates totals .85% under any

3283	combination of the sales and use taxes described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the state may not
3284	impose a tax under this part within that city, town, or unincorporated area.
3285	[(4)] (a) The state may not impose a tax under this part on:
3286	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
3287	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; or
3288	(ii) except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (3)(b), amounts paid or charged for food and
3289	food ingredients.
3290	(b) The state shall impose a tax under this part on amounts paid or charged for food
3291	and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction
3292	attributable to food and ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food
3293	ingredients.
3294	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ $(\underline{4})$ For purposes of Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
3295	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
3296	[(6)] (5) The commission shall distribute or deposit the revenues the state collects from
3297	the sales and use tax under this part, after subtracting amounts a seller retains in accordance
3298	with Section 59-12-108, as follows:
3299	(a) the commission shall distribute:
3300	(i) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011,
3301	\$1,425,000 of the revenues to the public transit districts within the cities, towns, and
3302	unincorporated areas within counties of the first or second class:
3303	(A) within which the state imposes a tax under this part on December 31, 2010; and
3304	(B) in proportion to the revenues collected for fiscal year 2008-09 from the sales and
3305	use tax under this part within each city, town, and unincorporated area within counties of the
3306	first or second class within which the state imposes a tax under this part on December 31,
3307	2010; and
3308	(ii) for a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, \$2,850,000 of the revenues to
3309	the public transit districts within the cities, towns, and unincorporated areas within counties of
3310	the first or second class:
3311	[(a)] (A) within which the state imposes a tax under this part on December 31, 2010;
3312	and
3313	[(b)] (B) in proportion to the revenues collected for fiscal year 2008-09 from the sales

3314	and use tax under this part within each city, town, and unincorporated area within counties of
3315	the first or second class within which the state imposes a tax under this part[-] on December 31,
3316	2010; and
3317	(b) after making the distributions required under Subsection (5)(a), the commission
3318	shall deposit the remaining revenues the state collects from the sales and use tax under this part
3319	into the Transportation Fund.
3320	Section 18. Section 63H-1-102 is amended to read:
3321	63H-1-102. Definitions.
3322	As used in this chapter:
3323	(1) "Authority" means the Military Installation Development Authority, created under
3324	Section 63H-1-201.
3325	(2) "Base taxable value" means the taxable value of the property within any portion of
3326	the project area, as designated by board resolution, from which tax increment will be collected,
3327	as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized before the year in which the authority issues a
3328	certificate of occupancy for a building within that portion of the project area.
3329	(3) "Board" means the governing body of the authority created under Section
3330	63H-1-301.
3331	(4) "Dedicated supplemental tax increment" means supplemental tax increment that
3332	results from a property tax levied by:
3333	(a) a county, including any district the county has established under Subsection
3334	17-34-3(2) to levy a property tax under Title 17, Chapter 34, Municipal-Type Services to
3335	Unincorporated Areas; or
3336	(b) an included municipality.
3337	(5) "Development project" means a project to develop land within a project area.
3338	(6) "Elected member" means a member of the authority board who:
3339	(a) is a mayor appointed under Subsection 63H-1-302(2)(b); or
3340	(b) (i) is appointed to the authority board under Subsection 63H-1-302(2)(a) or (3); and
3341	(ii) concurrently serves in an elected state, county, or municipal office.
3342	(7) "Included municipality" means a municipality, some or all of which is included
3343	within a project area.
3344	(8) "Military land" means any land or facility, including any leased land or facility, that

3345	is part of a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, or installation under the jurisdiction of the
3346	U.S. Department of Defense or the Utah National Guard.
3347	(9) "Municipal energy tax" means a municipal energy sales and use tax under Title 10,
3348	Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act.
3349	(10) "Municipal services revenue" means revenue that the authority:
3350	(a) collects from the authority's:
3351	(i) levy of a municipal energy tax;
3352	(ii) levy of a telecommunications tax; and
3353	(iii) imposition of a transient room tax;
3354	(b) receives under Subsection 59-12-205(2)[(b)(ii)](d)(ii)(B); and
3355	(c) receives as dedicated supplemental tax increment.
3356	(11) "Municipal tax" means a municipal energy tax, telecommunications tax, or
3357	transient room tax.
3358	(12) "Project area" means the land, including military land, whether consisting of a
3359	single contiguous area or multiple noncontiguous areas, described in a project area plan or draft
3360	project area plan where the development project set forth in the project area plan or draft
3361	project area plan takes place or is proposed to take place.
3362	(13) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative
3363	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area that includes:
3364	(a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;
3365	(b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area;
3366	(c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities;
3367	(d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan
3368	including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public
3369	improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private
3370	and public entities;
3371	(e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project
3372	area plan;
3373	(f) if tax increment is to be collected at different times or from different portions of the
3374	project area, or both:
3375	(i) (A) the tax identification numbers of the parcels from which tax increment will be

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- 3377 (B) a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment will be collected; and
 - (ii) an estimate of when other portions of the project area will become subject to tax increment collection; and
 - (g) for property that the authority owns or leases and expects to sell or sublease, the expected total cost of the property to the authority and the expected selling price or lease payments.
 - (14) "Project area plan" means a written plan that, after its effective date, guides and controls the development within a project area.
 - (15) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis on tangible or intangible personal or real property.
 - (16) "Public entity" means:
 - (a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or
 - (b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district, local district, special service district, or interlocal cooperation entity.
 - (17) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm drainage, electrical, telecommunications, and other similar systems and lines, streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, and other buildings, facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated.
 - (18) "Remaining municipal services revenue" means municipal services revenue that the authority has not spent during its fiscal year for municipal services as provided in Subsection 63H-1-503(1).
 - (19) "Supplemental tax increment" means tax increment remaining after the authority is paid the tax increment it is entitled to receive under Subsection 63H-1-501(1).
 - (20) "Taxable value" means the value of property as shown on the last equalized assessment roll as certified by the county assessor.
 - (21) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
- 3405 (a) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities 3406 from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which

3407	tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
3408	(b) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area
3409	using the base taxable value of the property.
3410	(22) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a project
3411	area.
3412	(23) "Telecommunications tax" means a telecommunications license tax under Title
3413	10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act.
3414	(24) "Transient room tax" means a tax under Section 59-12-352.
3415	Section 19. Section 63M-1-1407 is enacted to read:
3416	63M-1-1407. Definitions Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and
3417	Airport Facilities Fund Source of revenues Interest Distribution of revenues
3418	Expenditure of revenues Unexpended revenues lapse into the General Fund.
3419	(1) As used in this section:
3420	(a) "Fiscal year" means a one-year period beginning on July 1 of each year.
3421	(b) "Fund" means the Tourism, Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport
3422	Facilities Fund created by this section.
3423	(c) "Qualifying tax" means a sales and use tax that:
3424	(i) a county legislative body imposes on sales of the following that are sold by a
3425	restaurant:
3426	(A) alcoholic beverages;
3427	(B) food and food ingredients; and
3428	(C) prepared food; and
3429	(ii) is repealed by this bill.
3430	(2) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Tourism,
3431	Recreation, Cultural, Convention, and Airport Facilities Fund."
3432	(3) (a) The fund shall be funded by amounts deposited in accordance with Subsection
3433	<u>59-12-103(14).</u>
3434	(b) Any interest earned on the fund shall be deposited into the General Fund.
3435	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the director shall within a 30-day period after the last day
3436	of a fiscal year distribute monies deposited into the fund to each county legislative body of a
3437	county that, on December 31, 2010, imposes a qualifying tax.

3438	(5) (a) For purposes of the distribution required by Subsection (4), the director shall:
3439	(i) estimate for each county described in Subsection (4) the amount of revenues that
3440	would have been collected from a qualifying tax for fiscal year 2008-09 had the county
3441	imposed the qualifying tax for the entire fiscal year 2008-09;
3442	(ii) calculate a percentage for each county described in Subsection (4) by dividing the
3443	amount estimated for each county in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(i) by the total amount
3444	deposited in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(14):
3445	(A) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011, for
3446	that time period; or
3447	(B) for a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, for that fiscal year; and
3448	(iii) distribute to each county described in Subsection (4) an amount equal to the
3449	product of:
3450	(A) the percentage calculated in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(ii); and
3451	(B) the total amount deposited in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(14):
3452	(I) for the time period beginning on January 1, 2011, and ending on June 30, 2011, for
3453	that time period; or
3454	(II) for a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2011-12, for that fiscal year.
3455	(b) The director shall make the estimates, calculations, and distributions required by
3456	Subsection (5)(a) on the basis of data provided to the director by the State Tax Commission.
3457	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(b) and (c), a county legislative body shall expend the
3458	monies the county legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) for:
3459	(i) financing tourism promotion; and
3460	(ii) the development, operation, and maintenance of:
3461	(A) an airport facility;
3462	(B) a convention facility;
3463	(C) a cultural facility;
3464	(D) a recreation facility; or
3465	(E) a tourist facility.
3466	(b) Monies a county legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) may
3467	be pledged as security for bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness incurred by a
3468	county, city, or town under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, or a

3469	community development and renewal agency under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency
3470	Bonds, to finance:
3471	(i) an airport facility;
3472	(ii) a convention facility;
3473	(iii) a cultural facility;
3474	(iv) a recreation facility; or
3475	(v) a tourist facility.
3476	(c) A county legislative body shall expend or pledge the monies the county legislative
3477	body receives in accordance with Subsection (5):
3478	(i) for the same purposes described in Subsections (6)(a) and (b) that the county
3479	expends or pledges revenues collected from a qualifying tax on December 31, 2010; and
3480	(ii) in the same percentages of revenues collected from a qualifying tax that the county
3481	legislative body allocates to the purposes described in Subsections (6)(a) and (b) on December
3482	<u>31, 2010.</u>
3483	(7) Any monies remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year after the director
3484	makes the distributions required by this section shall lapse into the General Fund.
3485	Section 20. Repealer.
3486	This bill repeals:
3487	Section 59-12-701, Purpose statement.
3488	Section 59-12-801, Definitions.
3489	Section 59-12-802, Imposition of rural county health care facilities tax
3490	Expenditure of tax revenues Base Rate Administration, collection, and
3491	enforcement of tax.
3492	Section 59-12-803, Distribution of revenues generated by rural county health care
3493	facilities tax.
3494	Section 59-12-804, Imposition of rural city hospital tax Base Rate
3495	Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax.
3496	Section 59-12-805, Distribution of revenues generated by rural city hospital tax.
3497	Section 59-12-806, Enactment or repeal of tax Tax rate change Effective date
3498	Notice requirements.
3499	Section 59-12-808, Seller or certified service provider reliance on commission

3500	information.
3501	Section 59-12-809, Certified service provider or model 2 seller reliance on
3502	commission certified software.
3503	Section 59-12-810, Purchaser relief from liability.
3504	Section 59-12-1301, Title.
3505	Section 59-12-1302, Imposition of tax Base Rate Enactment or repeal of tax
3506	Tax rate change Effective date Notice requirements.
3507	Section 59-12-1304, Seller or certified service provider reliance on commission
3508	information.
3509	Section 59-12-1305, Certified service provider or model 2 seller reliance on
3510	commission certified software.
3511	Section 59-12-1306, Purchaser relief from liability.
3512	Section 59-12-1401, Purpose statement Definitions Scope of part.
3513	Section 59-12-1402, Opinion question election Base Rate Imposition of tax
3514	Uses of tax monies Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice requirements.
3515	Section 59-12-1403, Distribution of revenues Administrative costs.
3516	Section 59-12-1405, Seller or certified service provider reliance on commission
3517	information.
3518	Section 59-12-1406, Certified service provider or model 2 seller reliance on
3519	commission certified software.
3520	Section 59-12-1407, Purchaser relief from liability.
3521	Section 21. Effective date.
3522	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2011.
3523	Section 22. Revisor instructions.
3524	It is the intent of the Legislature that, in preparing the Utah Code database for
3525	publication, the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall replace the
3526	references in the following subsections from "this bill" to the bill's designated chapter and
3527	section number in the Laws of Utah:
3528	(1) Subsection 26-9-4(1)(h);
3529	(2) Subsection 59-12-205(2)(c);
3530	(3) Subsection $59-12-704(6)(a)(ii)$; and

3531	(4) Subsection 63M-1-1407(1)(c)(ii).
3532	Section 23. Coordinating H.B. 148 with S.B. 30 Technical amendments.
3533	If this H.B. 148 and S.B. 30, Local Option Sales and Use Taxes for Transportation Act,
3534	both pass, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General
3535	Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, change the references in
3536	Subsections 59-12-2003(1) and (2):
3537	(1) from "59-12-501" to "59-12-2213";
3538	(2) from "59-12-502" to "59-12-2214";
3539	(3) from "59-12-1001" to "59-12-2215";
3540	(4) from "59-12-1503" to "59-12-2216";
3541	(5) from "59-12-1703" to "59-12-2217"; and
3542	(6) from "59-12-1903" to "59-12-2218."

Legislative Review Note as of 2-10-10 11:47 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

H.B. 148 - Sales and Use Tax Changes

Fiscal Note

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill could reduce the General Fund by \$1,823,000 in FY 2011 and by \$2,972,000 in FY 2012. The increase to current earmarks resulting from the provisions of the bill will be \$1,657,000 in FY 2011 and \$3,736,000 in FY 2012. Under the provisions of the bill the State will administer funding for the Rural Health Care Compensation Fund, and Restaurant Tax Revenue totaling \$19,800,000 in FY 2011 and \$39,600,000 in FY 2012 formerly administered by local governments.

	FY 2010 <u>Approp.</u>	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2010	F Y 2011	
		Approp.	Approp.	Approp.	Revenue	Revenue
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$1.823.000)	
Restricted Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$21,457,000	\$43,336,000
Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,634,000	\$40,364,000
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## Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Local sales tax revenues could increase by \$34,608,000 in FY 2011 and by \$71,569,000 in FY 2012 due to the provisions in the bill. There will be a corresponding decrease in property tax revenues. Individuals and businesses could see an increase in sales tax paid of .11 percent. There will be a tax decrease of 1 percent in the cost of restaurant purchases for individuals and businesses.

2/17/2010, 10:00:46 AM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A./Attny: RLR

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst