1	WORKPLACE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING
2	2010 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Trisha S. Beck
5	Senate Sponsor: Karen Mayne
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7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions related to an employer testing for drugs and alcohol.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	modifies terminology;
13	clarifies effect of complying with the chapter;
14	 requires certain confirmation testing to be done by a certified laboratory;
15	 addresses grounds for employer action;
16	 addresses presumptions in applying employer protections from liability; and
17	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
18	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	Utah Code Sections Affected:
23	AMENDS:
24	34-38-1 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 234
25	34-38-2 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 234
26	34-38-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 107
27	34-38-6 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 234
28	34-38-8 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 234
29	34-38-10 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 234

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34-38-11 , as enacted by Laws of Otan 1987, Chapter 234
34-38-14 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 73
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 34-38-1 is amended to read:
34-38-1. Legislative findings Purpose and intent of chapter.
(1) The Legislature finds that a healthy and productive work force, safe working
conditions free from the effects of drugs and alcohol, and maintenance of the quality of
products produced and services rendered in this state, are important to employers, employees,
and the general public. The Legislature further finds that the abuse of drugs and alcohol
creates a variety of workplace problems, including increased injuries on the job, increased
absenteeism, increased financial burden on health and benefit programs, increased workplace
theft, decreased employee morale, decreased productivity, and a decline in the quality of
products and services.
[Therefore, in balancing the interests of employers, employees, and the welfare of the
general public, the Legislature finds that fair and equitable testing for drugs and alcohol in the
workplace, in accordance with this chapter, is in the best interest of all parties.]
(2) The Legislature does not intend to prohibit [any] an employee from seeking
damages or job reinstatement, if action [was] is taken by [his] the employer [based on a false
drug or alcohol] on the basis of an inaccurate test result.
Section 2. Section 34-38-2 is amended to read:
34-38-2. Definitions.
For purposes of this chapter:
(1) "Alcohol" means ethyl alcohol or ethanol.
(2) "Drugs" means [any] a substance recognized as a drug in the United States
Pharmacopoeia, the National Formulary, the Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia, or other drug
compendia, or supplement to any of those compendia.
(3) (a) "Employer" means [any] a person[, firm, or corporation], including [any] a

58	public utility or transit district, [which] that has one or more workers or operators employed in
59	the same business, or in or about the same establishment, under any contract of hire, express
60	or implied, oral or written.
61	(b) "Employer" does not include the federal or state government, or other local
62	political subdivisions.
63	(4) "Employee" means [any person] an individual in the service of an employer[, as
64	defined by Subsection (3),] for compensation.
65	(5) "Failed test" means a confirmed drug or alcohol test that indicates that the sample
66	tested is:
67	(a) positive;
68	(b) adulterated; or
69	(c) substituted.
70	(6) "Inaccurate test result" means a test result that is treated as a positive test result,
71	when the sample should not have resulted in a positive test result.
72	(7) "Licensed physician" means an individual who is licensed:
73	(a) as a doctor of medicine under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
74	similar law of another state; or
75	(b) as an osteopathic physician or surgeon under Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah
76	Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, or similar law of another state.
77	[(5)] (8) "Prospective employee" means [any person who has made application] an
78	individual who applies to an employer, [whether written or oral] either in writing or orally, to
79	become [his] the employer's employee.
80	[(6)] (9) "Sample" means urine, blood, breath, saliva, or hair.
81	Section 3. Section 34-38-3 is amended to read:
82	34-38-3. Testing for drugs or alcohol.
83	(1) [It is not unlawful for an] If an employer [to test employees or prospective
84	employees] tests an employee or prospective employee for the presence of drugs or alcohol[, in
85	accordance with the provisions of this chapter,] as a condition of hiring or continued

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employment, the employer is protected from liability as provided in this chapter if the employer complies with this chapter. However, employers and management in general shall submit to the testing themselves on a periodic basis. (2) (a) [Any] An organization [which is operating] that operates a storage facility or transfer facility or [which] that is engaged in the transportation of high-level nuclear waste or greater than class C radioactive waste within the exterior boundaries of the state shall establish a mandatory drug testing program regarding drugs and alcohol for prospective and existing employees as a condition of hiring any employee or the continued employment of any employee. As a part of the program, employers and management in general shall submit to the testing themselves on a periodic basis. The program shall implement testing standards and procedures established under Subsection (2)(b). (b) The executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality, in consultation with the Labor Commission under Section 34A-1-103, shall by rule establish standards for timing of testing and dosage for impairment for the drug and alcohol testing program under this Subsection (2). The standards shall address the protection of the safety. health, and welfare of the public. Section 4. Section **34-38-6** is amended to read: 34-38-6. Requirements for collection and testing. [All sample] (1) The collection and testing of a sample for drugs and alcohol under this chapter shall be performed in accordance with [the following conditions:] this chapter. [(1) the] (2) The collection of [samples] a sample shall be performed under reasonable

- and sanitary conditions[;].
 - [(2) samples] (3) A sample shall be collected and tested:
 - (a) with due regard to the privacy of the individual being tested[7]; and
- 110 (b) in a manner reasonably calculated to prevent substitutions or interference with the collection or testing of <u>a</u> reliable [samples;] sample.
- [(3) sample] (4) The sample collection shall be documented[, and the]. The documentation procedures [shall] required by this Subsection (4) include:

114	(a) labeling of [samples] <u>a sample</u> so as reasonably to preclude the probability of
115	erroneous identification of test results; and
116	(b) an opportunity for the employee or prospective employee to provide notification of
117	any information [which he] that the employee or prospective employee considers relevant to
118	the test, including:
119	(i) identification of currently or recently used prescription or nonprescription drugs[;];
120	or
121	(ii) other relevant medical information.
122	[(4) sample] (5) Sample collection, storage, and transportation to the place of testing
123	shall be performed so as reasonably to preclude the probability of sample contamination or
124	adulteration[; and].
125	[(5) sample testing] (6) (a) Testing of a sample shall conform to scientifically
126	accepted analytical methods and procedures. [Testing]
127	(b) Before a test of a sample may be considered a failed test and used as a basis for an
128	action by an employer under Section 34-38-8, testing of the sample shall include [verification
129	or] <u>a</u> confirmation [of any positive test result] test:
130	(i) by gas chromatography, gas chromatography-mass spectroscopy, or other
131	comparably reliable analytical method[, before the result of any test may be used as a basis for
132	any action by an employer under Section 34-38-8.]; and
133	(ii) if the sample used for a test is a urine sample, by a laboratory that is certified by
134	the United States Department of Health and Human Services under the National Laboratory
135	Certification Program.
136	Section 5. Section 34-38-8 is amended to read:
137	34-38-8. Employer's disciplinary or rehabilitative actions.
138	[Upon receipt of a verified or confirmed positive drug or alcohol test result which]
139	(1) An employer may take an action described in Subsection (2) if:
140	(a) the employer receives a test result that:
141	(i) indicates a failed test;

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142	(ii) is confirmed as required by Subsection 34-38-6(6); and
143	(iii) indicates a violation of the employer's written policy[7]; or [upon the refusal of]
144	(b) an employee or prospective employee refuses to provide a sample[, an].
145	(2) An employer may use [that] a test result or a refusal described in Subsection (1) as
146	the basis for disciplinary or rehabilitative actions, which may include the following:
147	$[\frac{1}{2}]$ (a) a requirement that the employee enroll in an employer-approved
148	rehabilitation, treatment, or counseling program, which may include additional drug or alcohol
149	testing, as a condition of continued employment;
150	[(2)] (b) suspension of the employee with or without pay for a period of time;
151	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(c)}\right]$ (c) termination of employment;
152	[(4)] (d) refusal to hire a prospective employee; or
153	[(5)] (e) other disciplinary measures in conformance with the employer's usual
154	procedures, including [any] a collective bargaining agreement.
155	Section 6. Section 34-38-10 is amended to read:
156	34-38-10. A cause of action does not arise against employer unless inaccurate
156 157	34-38-10. A cause of action does not arise against employer unless inaccurate test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer.
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157	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer.
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157158159	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer. (1) [No] A cause of action [arises] may not arise in favor of [any] a person against an employer who [has established] establishes a program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance
157 158 159 160	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer. (1) [No] A cause of action [arises] may not arise in favor of [any] a person against an employer who [has established] establishes a program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance with this chapter, and who [has taken any] takes an action under Section 34-38-8, unless the
157 158 159 160 161	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer. (1) [No] A cause of action [arises] may not arise in favor of [any] a person against an employer who [has established] establishes a program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance with this chapter, and who [has taken any] takes an action under Section 34-38-8, unless the [employer's action was based on a false test result] employer takes the action on the basis of an
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157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer. (1) [No] A cause of action [arises] may not arise in favor of [any] a person against an employer who [has established] establishes a program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance with this chapter, and who [has taken any] takes an action under Section 34-38-8, unless the [employer's action was based on a false test result] employer takes the action on the basis of an inaccurate test result. (2) [In any claim] If a person bringing a claim, including a claim under Section 34-38-11, [where it is alleged] alleges that an employer's action [was] is based on [a false] an
157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer. (1) [No] A cause of action [arises] may not arise in favor of [any] a person against an employer who [has established] establishes a program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance with this chapter, and who [has taken any] takes an action under Section 34-38-8, unless the [employer's action was based on a false test result] employer takes the action on the basis of an inaccurate test result. (2) [In any claim] If a person bringing a claim, including a claim under Section 34-38-11, [where it is alleged] alleges that an employer's action [was] is based on [a false] an inaccurate test result:
157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166	test result Presumption and limitation of damages in claim against employer. (1) [No] A cause of action [arises] may not arise in favor of [any] a person against an employer who [has established] establishes a program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance with this chapter, and who [has taken any] takes an action under Section 34-38-8, unless the [employer's action was based on a false test result] employer takes the action on the basis of an inaccurate test result. (2) [In any claim] If a person bringing a claim, including a claim under Section 34-38-11, [where it is alleged] alleges that an employer's action [was] is based on [a false] an inaccurate test result: (a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the test result [was] is valid if the employer

170	(3) (a) There is a rebuttable presumption that the employer complies with Section
171	34-38-6 if as part of the employer's drug and alcohol testing program a licensed physician who
172	is trained in the interpretation of drug and alcohol test results:
173	(i) provides medical assessment of a result that indicates a failed test;
174	(ii) requests re-analysis of a test result if necessary; and
175	(iii) makes a determination whether or not alcohol or other drug use has occurred.
176	(b) A court may find that an employer complies with Section 34-38-6 notwithstanding
177	that the employer's drug and alcohol testing program does not include an action described in
178	Subsection (3)(a).
179	Section 7. Section 34-38-11 is amended to read:
180	34-38-11. Bases for cause of action for defamation, libel, slander, or damage to
181	reputation.
182	No cause of action for defamation of character, libel, slander, or damage to reputation
183	arises in favor of any person against an employer who has established a program of drug or
184	alcohol testing in accordance with this chapter, unless:
185	(1) the results of that test were disclosed to any person other than the employer, an
186	authorized employee or agent of the employer, the tested employee, or the tested prospective
187	employee;
188	(2) the information disclosed [was] is based on [a false] an inaccurate test result;
189	(3) [the false] an inaccurate test result [was] is disclosed with malice; and
190	(4) all elements of an action for defamation of character, libel, slander, or damage to
191	reputation as established by statute or common law, are satisfied.
192	Section 8. Section 34-38-14 is amended to read:
193	34-38-14. Employee not "disabled."
194	An employee or prospective employee whose drug or alcohol test [results are verified
195	or] result is confirmed as positive in accordance with [the provisions of] this chapter may not,
196	because of those results alone, be defined as a person with a "disability" for purposes of Title
197	34A, Chapter 5, Utah Antidiscrimination Act.

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