1	COUNTY RECORDER AMENDMENTS
2	2010 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: R. Curt Webb
5	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions relating to county recorders.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul><li>for cities, counties, and towns:</li></ul>
13	• clarifies plat recordation requirements;
14	• amends the requirements to submit a subdivision plat for recording;
15	• permits a recorder to record a document absent a certificate or written approval;
16	• amends provisions governing the conveyance of a common or community area
17	parcel;
18	• amends provisions governing the recording of an amended plat; and
19	• amends recording requirements for a public street, right-of-way, or easement
20	vacated by a legislative body;
21	<ul> <li>creates certain exceptions for abstracting an instrument in a tract index;</li> </ul>
22	<ul> <li>prohibits a person from bringing an action against a recorder as a result of</li> </ul>
23	information contained in a recorded instrument;
24	<ul> <li>states that the recordation of an instrument does not cure a failure to give public</li> </ul>
25	notice caused by an error, omission, or defect in the instrument;
26	<ul> <li>amends joint tenancy provisions;</li> </ul>
27	<ul> <li>amends provisions relating to the rescinding or cancelling of a trustee's deed;</li> </ul>
28	► for purposes of an assessment, states an effective date for a boundary change of a
29	taxing entity; and

30	<ul> <li>makes technical corrections.</li> </ul>
31	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
32	None
33	Other Special Clauses:
34	None
35	Utah Code Sections Affected:
36	AMENDS:
37	10-9a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 326
38	10-9a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
39	10-9a-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 240
40	10-9a-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
41	10-9a-607, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
42	10-9a-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 67 and 338
43	10-9a-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
44	10-9a-609.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
45	17-17-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 207
46	17-21-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 241
47	17-21-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 350
48	17-27a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 250 and 326
49	17-27a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
50	17-27a-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, First Special Session, Chapter 1
51	17-27a-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
52	17-27a-607, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 254
53	17-27a-608, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 67 and 338
54	17-27a-609, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
55	17-27a-609.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 338
56	38-9-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 69
57	38-9-3, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 125

58	38-9-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 223
59	57-1-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 97 and 250
50	57-1-5.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 97
51	57-1-28, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 209
52	57-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 3 and 97
53	59-2-1304, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 3
54	59-2-1325, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 3
65	72-3-107, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 270
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67	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
58	Section 1. Section <b>10-9a-603</b> is amended to read:
59	10-9a-603. Plat required when land is subdivided Approval of plat Owner
70	acknowledgment, surveyor certification, and underground utility facilities owner
71	approval of plat Recording plat.
72	(1) Unless exempt under Section 10-9a-605 or excluded from the definition of
73	subdivision under Subsection 10-9a-103(50), whenever any land is laid out and platted, the
74	owner of the land shall provide an accurate plat that describes or specifies:
75	(a) a <u>subdivision</u> name [or designation of the subdivision] that is distinct from any
76	subdivision name on a plat [already] recorded in the county recorder's office;
77	(b) the boundaries, course, and dimensions of all of the parcels of ground divided, by
78	their boundaries, course, and extent, whether the owner proposes that any parcel of ground is
79	intended to be used as a street or for any other public use, and whether any such area is
30	reserved or proposed for dedication for a public purpose;
31	(c) the lot or unit reference, block or building reference, street or site address, street
32	name or coordinate address, acreage or square footage for all parcels, units, or lots, and length
33	and width of the blocks and lots intended for sale; and
55	
34	(d) every existing right-of-way and easement grant of record for underground

86	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (3), (4), and (5), if the plat conforms to the
87	municipality's ordinances and this part and has been approved by the culinary water authority
88	and the sanitary sewer authority, the municipality shall approve the plat.
89	(b) Municipalities are encouraged to receive a recommendation from the fire authority
90	before approving a plat.
91	(3) The municipality may withhold an otherwise valid plat approval until the owner of
92	the land provides the legislative body with a tax clearance indicating that all taxes, interest,
93	and penalties owing on the land have been paid.
94	[(4) (a) The owner of the land shall acknowledge the plat before an officer authorized
95	by law to take the acknowledgment of conveyances of real estate and shall obtain the signature
96	of each individual designated by the municipality.]
97	(4) (a) A plat may not be submitted to a county recorder for recording unless:
98	(i) prior to recordation, each owner of record of land described on the plat has signed
99	the owner's dedication as shown on the plat; and
100	(ii) the signature of each owner described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) is acknowledged as
101	provided by law.
102	(b) The surveyor making the plat shall certify that the surveyor:
103	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
104	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
105	(ii) has completed a survey of the property described on the plat in accordance with
106	Section 17-23-17 and has verified all measurements; and
107	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat.
108	(c) (i) As applicable, the owner or operator of the underground and utility facilities
109	shall approve the:
110	(A) boundary, course, dimensions, and intended use of the right-of-way and easement
111	grants of record;
112	(B) location of existing underground and utility facilities; and
113	(C) conditions or restrictions governing the location of the facilities within the

114	right-of-way, and easement grants of records, and utility facilities within the subdivision.
115	(ii) The approval of an owner or operator under Subsection (4)(c)(i):
116	(A) indicates only that the plat approximates the location of the existing underground
117	and utility facilities but does not warrant or verify their precise location; and
118	(B) does not affect a right that the owner or operator has under:
119	(I) Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to Underground Utility Facilities;
120	(II) a recorded easement or right-of-way;
121	(III) the law applicable to prescriptive rights; or
122	(IV) any other provision of law.
123	(5) (a) After the plat has been acknowledged, certified, and approved, the owner of the
124	land shall, within the time period designated by ordinance, record the plat in the county
125	recorder's office in the county in which the lands platted and laid out are situated.
126	(b) An owner's failure to record a plat within the time period designated by ordinance
127	renders the plat voidable.
128	Section 2. Section <b>10-9a-604</b> is amended to read:
129	10-9a-604. Subdivision plat approval procedure Effect of not complying.
	<ul><li><b>10-9a-604.</b> Subdivision plat approval procedure Effect of not complying.</li><li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for</li></ul>
129	
129 130	(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for
129 130 131	(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless:
129 130 131 132	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless:</li> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> </ul>
129 130 131 132 133	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless:</li> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> </ul>
129 130 131 132 133 134	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless:</li> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the municipality in which the land described in the plat is</li> </ul>
129 130 131 132 133 134 135	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless:</li> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the municipality in which the land described in the plat is located; and</li> </ul>
129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless: <ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the municipality in which the land described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the municipality designates in its ordinance; and</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>129</li> <li>130</li> <li>131</li> <li>132</li> <li>133</li> <li>134</li> <li>135</li> <li>136</li> <li>137</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless: <ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the municipality in which the land described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the municipality designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<ol> <li>129</li> <li>130</li> <li>131</li> <li>132</li> <li>133</li> <li>134</li> <li>135</li> <li>136</li> <li>137</li> <li>138</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for recording unless: <ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 10-9a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the municipality in which the land described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the municipality designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat by the designated officers.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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142	Section 3. Section <b>10-9a-605</b> is amended to read:
143	10-9a-605. Exemptions from plat requirement.
144	(1) Notwithstanding Sections 10-9a-603 and 10-9a-604, the land use authority may
145	approve a subdivision of 10 lots or less without a plat, by certifying in writing that:
146	(a) the municipality has provided notice as required by ordinance; and
147	(b) the proposed subdivision:
148	(i) is not traversed by the mapped lines of a proposed street as shown in the general
149	plan and does not require the dedication of any land for street or other public purposes;
150	(ii) has been approved by the culinary water authority and the sanitary sewer authority;
151	(iii) is located in a zoned area; and
152	(iv) conforms to all applicable land use ordinances or has properly received a variance
153	from the requirements of an otherwise conflicting and applicable land use ordinance.
154	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (1), a lot or parcel resulting from a division of
155	agricultural land is exempt from the plat requirements of Section 10-9a-603 if the lot or parcel:
156	(i) qualifies as land in agricultural use under Section 59-2-502;
157	(ii) meets the minimum size requirement of applicable land use ordinances; and
158	(iii) is not used and will not be used for any nonagricultural purpose.
159	(b) The boundaries of each lot or parcel exempted under Subsection $[(1)]$ (2)(a) shall
160	be graphically illustrated on a record of survey map that, after receiving the same approvals as
161	are required for a plat under Section 10-9a-604, shall be recorded with the county recorder.
162	(c) If a lot or parcel exempted under Subsection (2)(a) is used for a nonagricultural
163	purpose, the municipality may require the lot or parcel to comply with the requirements of
164	Section 10-9a-603.
165	(3) (a) Documents recorded in the county recorder's office that divide property by a
166	metes and bounds description do not create an approved subdivision allowed by this part
167	unless the land use authority's certificate of written approval required by Subsection (1) is
168	attached to the document.

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(b) The absence of the certificate or written approval required by Subsection (1) does

170	not <u>:</u>
171	(i) prohibit the county recorder from recording a document; or
172	(ii) affect the validity of a recorded document.
173	(c) A document which does not meet the requirements of Subsection (1) may be
174	corrected by the recording of an affidavit to which the required certificate or written approval
175	is attached in accordance with Section 57-3-106.
176	Section 4. Section <b>10-9a-606</b> is amended to read:
177	10-9a-606. Common or community area parcels on a plat No separate
178	ownership Ownership interest equally divided among other parcels on plat and
179	included in description of other parcels.
180	(1) (a) A parcel designated as a common or community area on a plat recorded in
181	compliance with this part may not be separately owned or conveyed independent of the other
182	lots, units, or parcels created by the plat unless:
183	$[(a)]$ (i) the parcel is being acquired by $[the] \underline{a}$ municipality for a governmental
184	purpose; [or] and
185	[(b)] (ii) the [separate ownership or] conveyance is approved by the owners of at least
186	75% of the lots, units, or parcels on the plat, after the municipality gives its approval.
187	(b) A notice of the owner approval described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall be:
188	(i) attached as an exhibit to the document of conveyance; or
189	(ii) recorded concurrently with the conveyance as a separate document.
190	(2) The ownership interest in a parcel described in Subsection (1) shall:
191	(a) for purposes of assessment, be divided equally among all parcels created by the
192	plat, unless a different division of interest for assessment purposes is indicated on the plat or
193	an accompanying recorded document; and
194	(b) be considered to be included in the description of each instrument describing a
195	parcel on the plat by its identifying plat number, even if the common or community area
196	interest is not explicitly stated in the instrument.
197	Section 5. Section <b>10-9a-607</b> is amended to read:

198	10-9a-607. Dedication of streets and other public places.
199	(1) [Plats, when made, acknowledged, and recorded] A plat that is signed, dedicated,
200	and acknowledged by each owner of record, and approved according to the procedures
201	specified in this part, [operate] operates, when recorded, as a dedication of all streets and other
202	public places, and [vest] vests the fee of those parcels of land in the municipality for the public
203	for the uses named or intended in [those plats] the plat.
204	(2) The dedication established by this section does not impose liability upon the
205	municipality for streets and other public places that are dedicated in this manner but are
206	unimproved.
207	Section 6. Section <b>10-9a-608</b> is amended to read:
208	10-9a-608. Vacating or amending a subdivision plat.
209	(1) (a) A fee owner of land, as shown on the last county assessment roll, in a
210	subdivision that has been laid out and platted as provided in this part may file a written
211	petition with the land use authority to have some or all of the plat vacated[ <del>, altered,</del> ] or
212	amended.
213	(b) If a petition is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the land use authority shall hold a
214	public hearing within 45 days after the day on which the petition is filed if:
215	(i) any owner within the plat notifies the municipality of the owner's objection in
216	writing within 10 days of mailed notification; or
217	(ii) a public hearing is required because all of the owners in the subdivision have not
218	signed the revised plat.
219	(2) The public hearing requirement of Subsection (1)(b) does not apply and a land use
220	authority may consider at a public meeting an owner's petition to [alter] vacate or amend a
221	subdivision plat if:
222	(a) the petition seeks to join two or more of the owner's contiguous, residential lots;
223	and
224	(b) notice has been given to adjacent property owners and pursuant to local ordinance.
225	(3) Each request to vacate or [alter] amend a plat that contains a request to vacate or

[alter] amend a public street, right-of-way, or easement is also subject to Section 10-9a-609.5.

- (4) Each petition to vacate[<del>, alter,</del>] or amend an entire plat or a portion of a plat shall
  include:
- (a) the name and address of each owner of record of the land contained in the entireplat or on that portion of the plat described in the petition; and
- (b) the signature of each [of these owners] owner described in Subsection (4)(a) who
   consents to the petition.
- (5) (a) The owners of record of adjacent parcels that are described by either a metes
  and bounds description or <u>by</u> a recorded plat may exchange title to portions of those parcels if
  the exchange of title is approved by the land use authority in accordance with Subsection
  (5)(b).
- (b) The land use authority shall approve an exchange of title under Subsection (5)(a) ifthe exchange of title will not result in a violation of any land use ordinance.
- (c) If an exchange of title is approved under Subsection (5)(b):
- (i) a notice of approval shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder which:
- 241 (A) is executed by each owner included in the exchange and by the land use authority;
- (B) contains an acknowledgment for each party executing the notice in accordance
  with the provisions of Title 57, Chapter 2a, Recognition of Acknowledgments Act; and
- (C) recites the descriptions of both the original parcels and the parcels created by theexchange of title; and
- (ii) a <u>document of conveyance [of title reflecting the approved change]</u> shall be
  recorded in the office of the county recorder.
- (d) A notice of approval recorded under this Subsection (5) does not act as a
  conveyance of title to real property and is not required [for the recording of] in order to record
  a document [purporting to convey] conveying title to real property.
- (6) (a) The name of a recorded subdivision may be changed by recording an amended
  plat making that change, as provided in this section and subject to Subsection (6)(c).
- 253
- (b) The surveyor preparing the amended plat shall certify that the surveyor:

254	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
255	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
256	(ii) has completed a survey of the property described on the plat in accordance with
257	Section 17-23-17 and has verified all measurements; and
258	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat.
259	(c) An owner of land may not submit for recording an amended plat that gives the
260	subdivision described in the amended plat the same name as a subdivision in a plat already
261	recorded in the county recorder's office.
262	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(a), the recording of a declaration or other
263	document that purports to change the name of a recorded plat is [voidable] void.
264	Section 7. Section 10-9a-609 is amended to read:
265	10-9a-609. Land use authority approval of vacation, alteration, or amendment of
266	plat Recording the amended plat.
267	(1) The land use authority may approve the vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment of a
268	plat by signing an amended plat showing the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment if the land
269	use authority finds that:
270	(a) there is good cause for the vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment; and
271	(b) no public street, right-of-way, or easement has been vacated or [altered] amended.
272	(2) The land use authority shall ensure that the amended plat showing the vacation[ <del>,</del>
273	alteration,] or amendment is recorded in the office of the county recorder in which the land is
274	located.
275	[(3) If an entire subdivision is vacated, the legislative body shall ensure that a
276	legislative body resolution containing a legal description of the entire vacated subdivision is
277	recorded in the county recorder's office.]
278	(3) A legislative body may vacate a subdivision or a portion of a subdivision by
279	recording in the county recorder's office an ordinance describing the subdivision or the portion
280	being vacated.
281	(4) An amended plat may not be submitted to the county recorder for recording unless

282	it is signed, acknowledged, and dedicated by each owner of record of the portion of the plat
283	that is amended.
284	(5) A management committee may sign and dedicate an amended plat as provided in
285	Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
286	(6) A plat may be corrected as provided in Section 57-3-106.
287	Section 8. Section 10-9a-609.5 is amended to read:
288	10-9a-609.5. Vacating a street, right-of-way, or easement.
289	(1) A petition to vacate some or all of a public street, right-of-way, or easement shall
290	include:
291	(a) the name and address of each owner of record of land that is:
292	(i) adjacent to the public street, right-of-way, or easement; or
293	(ii) accessed exclusively by or within 300 feet of the public street, right-of-way, or
294	easement; and
295	(b) the signature of each owner under Subsection (1)(a) who consents to the vacation.
296	(2) If a petition is submitted containing a request to vacate some or all of a street,
297	right-of-way, or easement, the legislative body shall hold a public hearing in accordance with
298	Section 10-9a-208 and determine whether:
299	(a) good cause exists for the vacation; and
300	(b) the public interest or any person will be materially injured by the proposed
301	vacation.
302	(3) The legislative body may adopt an ordinance granting a petition to vacate some or
303	all of a public street, right-of-way, or easement if the legislative body finds that:
304	(a) good cause exists for the vacation; and
305	(b) neither the public interest nor any person will be materially injured by the vacation.
306	(4) If the legislative body adopts an ordinance vacating some or all of a public street,
307	right-of-way, or easement, the legislative body shall ensure that [a plat reflecting the vacation]
308	one or both of the following is recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the
309	land is located[ <del>.</del> ]:

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310	(a) a plat reflecting the vacation; or
311	(b) an ordinance described in Subsection (3).
312	(5) The action of the legislative body vacating some or all of a street, right-of-way, or
313	easement that has been dedicated to public use:
314	(a) operates to the extent to which it is vacated, upon the effective date of the recorded
315	plat, as a revocation of the acceptance of and the relinquishment of the municipality's fee in
316	the vacated street, right-of-way, or easement; and
317	(b) may not be construed to impair:
318	(i) any right-of-way or easement of any lot owner; or
319	(ii) the franchise rights of any public utility.
320	Section 9. Section 17-17-1 is amended to read:
321	17-17-1. Duties of assessor Effective date of boundary changes for assessment.
322	(1) The assessor, in cooperation with the State Tax Commission, shall:
323	[(1)] (a) perform the duties required in Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of
324	Taxes, except those duties that have been reassigned to the treasurer in an ordinance adopted
325	under Section 17-16-5.5; and
326	[(2)] (b) perform any other duties required by law.
327	(2) An assessment shall be collected in accordance with the effective date and
328	boundary adjustment provisions in Subsection 17-2-209(4).
329	Section 10. Section 17-21-6 is amended to read:
330	17-21-6. General duties of recorder Records and indexes.
331	(1) Each recorder shall:
332	(a) keep an entry record, in which the recorder shall, upon acceptance <u>and recording</u> of
333	any instrument, enter the instrument in the order of its [reception] recording, the names of the
334	parties to the instrument, its date, the hour, the day of the month and the year of recording, and
335	a brief description, and endorse upon each instrument a number corresponding with the
336	number of the entry;
337	(b) keep a grantors' index in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments

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(b) keep a grantors' index, in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments

or decrees partitioning or affecting the title to or possession of real property, which shall show
the entry number of the instrument, the name of each grantor in alphabetical order, the name
of the grantee, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the
book and page, and a brief description;

(c) keep a grantees' index, in which the recorder shall index deeds and final judgments
or decrees partitioning or affecting the title to or possession of real property, which shall show
the entry number of the instrument, the name of each grantee in alphabetical order, the name
of the grantor, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the
book and page, and a brief description;

(d) keep a mortgagors' index, in which the recorder shall enter all mortgages, deeds of
trust, liens, and other instruments in the nature of an encumbrance upon real estate, which
shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each mortgagor, debtor, or person
charged with the encumbrance in alphabetical order, the name of the mortgagee, lien holder,
creditor, or claimant, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the instrument,
consideration, the book and page, and a brief description;

(e) keep a mortgagees' index, in which the recorder shall enter all mortgages, deeds of
trust, liens, and other instruments in the nature of an encumbrance upon real estate, which
shall show the entry number of the instrument, the name of each mortgagee, lien holder,
creditor, or claimant, in alphabetical order, the name of the mortgagor or person charged with
the encumbrance, the date of the instrument, the time of recording, the kind of instrument, the
consideration, the book and page, and a brief description;

(f) <u>subject to Subsection (3)</u>, keep a tract index, which shall show by description every
instrument recorded, the date and the kind of instrument, the time of recording, and the book
and page and entry number;

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(g) keep an index of recorded maps, plats, and subdivisions;

363 (h) keep an index of powers of attorney showing the date and time of recording, the364 book, the page, and the entry number;

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(i) keep a miscellaneous index, in which the recorder shall enter all instruments of a

miscellaneous character not otherwise provided for in this section, showing the date of
recording, the book, the page, the entry number, the kind of instrument, from, to, and the
parties;
(j) keep an index of judgments showing the judgment debtors, the judgment creditors,

the amount of judgment, the date and time of recording, the satisfaction, and the book, the
page, and the entry number; and

(k) keep a general recording index in which the recorder shall index all executions and
writs of attachment, and any other instruments not required by law to be spread upon the
records, and in separate columns the recorder shall enter the names of the plaintiffs in the
execution and the names of the defendants in the execution.

376 (2) The recorder shall alphabetically arrange the indexes required by this section and377 keep a reverse index.

378 (3) (a) The tract index required by Subsection (1)(f) shall be kept so that it shows a

true chain of title to each tract or parcel, together with [their encumbrances] each

380 <u>encumbrance on the tract or parcel</u>, according to the records of the office.

381 (b) A recorder shall abstract an instrument in the tract index unless:

- 382 (i) the instrument is required to contain a legal description under Section 17-21-20 and
- 383 does not contain that legal description; or
- 384 (ii) the instrument contains errors, omissions, or defects to the extent that the tract or
- 385 parcel to which the instrument relates cannot be determined.
- 386 (c) If a recorder abstracts an instrument in the tract index or another index required by

387 this section, the recorder may:

388 (i) use a tax parcel number;

389 (ii) use a site address;

390 (iii) reference to other instruments of record recited on the instrument; or

- 391 (iv) reference another instrument that is recorded concurrently with the instrument.
- 392 (d) A recorder is not required to go beyond the face of an instrument to determine the
- 393 tract or parcel to which an instrument may relate.

394	(e) A person may not bring an action against a recorder for injuries or damages
395	suffered as a result of information contained in an instrument recorded in a tract index or other
396	index that is required by this section despite errors, omissions, or defects in the instrument.
397	(f) The fact that a recorded instrument described in Subsection (3)(e) is included in the
398	tract index does not cure a failure to give public notice caused by an error, omission, or defect.
399	(g) A document that is indexed in all or part of the indexes required by this section
400	shall give constructive notice.
401	(4) Nothing in this section prevents the recorder from using a single name index if that
402	index includes all of the indexes required by this section.
403	Section 11. Section 17-21-20 is amended to read:
404	17-21-20. Recording required Recorder may impose requirements on
405	documents to be recorded Prerequisites Additional fee for noncomplying documents
406	Recorder may require tax serial number Exceptions Requirements for recording
407	final local entity plat.
408	(1) Subject to Subsections (2), (3), and (4), each paper, notice, and instrument
409	required by law to be [filed] recorded in the office of the county recorder shall be recorded
410	unless otherwise provided.
411	(2) Each document executed on or after July 1, 2007 that is submitted for recording to
412	a county recorder's office shall:
413	(a) unless otherwise provided by law, be an original or certified copy of the document;
414	(b) be in English or be accompanied by an accurate English translation of the
415	document;
416	(c) contain a brief title, heading, or caption on the first page stating the nature of the
417	document;
418	(d) contain the legal description of the property that is the subject of the document;
419	(e) comply with the requirements of Section 17-21-25 and Subsections 57-3-105(1)
420	and (2);
421	(f) be notarized with the notary stamp with the seal legible; and

422	(g) have original signatures.
423	(3) (a) Beginning September 1, 2007, a county recorder may require that each paper,
424	notice, and instrument submitted for recording in the county recorder's office:
425	(i) be on white paper that is 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches in size;
426	(ii) have a margin of one inch on the left and right sides and at the bottom of each
427	page;
428	(iii) have a space of 2-1/2 inches down and 4-1/2 inches across the upper right corner
429	of the first page and a margin of one inch at the top of each succeeding page;
430	(iv) not be on sheets of paper that are continuously bound together at the side, top, or
431	bottom;
432	(v) not contain printed material on more than one side of each page;
433	(vi) be printed in black ink and not have text smaller than seven lines of text per
434	vertical inch; and
435	(vii) be sufficiently legible to make certified copies.
436	(b) A county recorder who intends to establish requirements under Subsection (3)(a)
437	shall first:
438	(i) provide formal notice of the requirements; and
439	(ii) establish and publish an effective date for the requirements that is at least three
440	months after the formal notice under Subsection (3)(b)(i).
441	(c) If a county recorder establishes requirements under this Subsection (3), the county
442	recorder may charge and collect from persons who submit a document for recording that does
443	not comply with the requirements, in addition to any other fee that the county recorder is
444	authorized to charge and collect, a fee that:
445	(i) is calculated to recover the additional cost of handling and recording noncomplying
446	documents; and
447	(ii) may not exceed \$2 per page.
448	(4) (a) To facilitate the abstracting of an instrument, a county recorder may require
449	that the applicable tax serial number of each parcel [affected by] described in the instrument

450	[appear on each] be noted on the instrument before it may be accepted for recording.
451	(b) If a county recorder requires the applicable tax serial number to be on an
452	instrument before it may be recorded:
453	(i) the county recorder shall post a notice of that requirement in a conspicuous place at
454	the recorder's office;
455	(ii) the tax serial number may not be considered to be part of the legal description and
456	may be indicated on the margin of the instrument; and
457	(iii) an error in the tax serial number does not affect the validity of the instrument or
458	effectiveness of the recording.
459	(5) Subsections (2), (3), and (4) do not apply to:
460	(a) a map;
461	(b) a certificate or affidavit of death;
462	(c) a military discharge;
463	(d) a document regarding taxes that is issued by the Internal Revenue Service of the
464	United States Department of the Treasury;
465	(e) a document submitted for recording that has been filed with a court and conforms
466	to the formatting requirements established by the court; or
467	(f) a document submitted for recording that is in a form required by law.
468	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
469	(i) "Boundary action" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17-23-20.
470	(ii) "Local entity" has the same meaning as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5.
471	(b) A person may not submit to a county recorder for recording a plat depicting the
472	boundary of a local entity as the boundary exists as a result of a boundary action, unless:
473	(i) the plat has been approved under Section 17-23-20 by the county surveyor as a
474	final local entity plat, as defined in Section 17-23-20; and
475	(ii) the person also submits for recording:
476	(A) the original notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section
477	67-1a-6.5, for the boundary action for which the plat is submitted for recording; and

478	(B) the original applicable certificate, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5, issued by the
479	lieutenant governor under Section 67-1a-6.5 for the boundary action for which the plat is
480	submitted for recording; and
481	(C) each other document required by statute to be submitted for recording with the
482	notice of an impending boundary action and applicable certificate.
483	(c) Promptly after recording the documents described in Subsection (6)(b) relating to a
484	boundary action, but no later than 10 days after recording, the county recorder shall send a
485	copy of all those documents to the State Tax Commission.
486	Section 12. Section 17-27a-603 is amended to read:
487	17-27a-603. Plat required when land is subdivided Approval of plat
488	Recording plat.
489	(1) Unless exempt under Section 17-27a-605 or excluded from the definition of
490	subdivision under Subsection 17-27a-103(48), whenever any land is laid out and platted, the
491	owner of the land shall provide an accurate plat that describes or specifies:
492	(a) a <u>subdivision</u> name [or designation of the subdivision] that is distinct from any
493	subdivision name on a plat [already] recorded in the county recorder's office;
494	(b) the boundaries, course, and dimensions of all of the parcels of ground divided, by
495	their boundaries, course, and extent, whether the owner proposes that any parcel of ground is
496	intended to be used as a street or for any other public use, and whether any such area is
497	reserved or proposed for dedication for a public purpose;
498	(c) the lot or unit reference, block or building reference, street or site address, street
499	name or coordinate address, acreage or square footage for all parcels, units, or lots, and length
500	and width of the blocks and lots intended for sale; and
501	(d) every existing right-of-way and easement grant of record for underground
502	facilities, as defined in Section 54-8a-2, and for other utility facilities.
503	(2) (a) Subject to Subsections (3), (4), and (5), if the plat conforms to the county's
504	ordinances and this part and has been approved by the culinary water authority and the
505	sanitary sewer authority, the county shall approve the plat.

506	(b) Counties are encouraged to receive a recommendation from the fire authority
507	before approving a plat.
508	(3) The county may withhold an otherwise valid plat approval until the owner of the
509	land provides the legislative body with a tax clearance indicating that all taxes, interest, and
510	penalties owing on the land have been paid.
511	[(4) (a) The owner of the land shall acknowledge the plat before an officer authorized
512	by law to take the acknowledgment of conveyances of real estate and shall obtain the signature
513	of each individual designated by the county.]
514	(4) (a) A plat may not be submitted to a county recorder for recording unless:
515	(i) prior to recordation, each owner of record of land described on the plat has signed
516	the owner's dedication as shown on the plat; and
517	(ii) the signature of each owner described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) is acknowledged as
518	provided by law.
519	(b) The surveyor making the plat shall certify that the surveyor:
520	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
521	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
522	(ii) has completed a survey of the property described on the plat in accordance with
523	Section 17-23-17 and has verified all measurements; and
524	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat.
525	(c) (i) As applicable, the owner or operator of the underground and utility facilities
526	shall approve the:
527	(A) boundary, course, dimensions, and intended use of the right-of-way and easement
528	grants of record;
529	(B) location of existing underground and utility facilities; and
530	(C) conditions or restrictions governing the location of the facilities within the
531	right-of-way, and easement grants of records, and utility facilities within the subdivision.
532	(ii) The approval of an owner or operator under Subsection $(4)(c)(i)$ :
533	(A) indicates only that the plat approximates the location of the existing underground

534	and utility facilities but does not warrant or verify their precise location; and
535	(B) does not affect a right that the owner or operator has under:
536	(I) Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to Underground Utility Facilities;
537	(II) a recorded easement or right-of-way;
538	(III) the law applicable to prescriptive rights; or
539	(IV) any other provision of law.
540	(5) (a) After the plat has been acknowledged, certified, and approved, the owner of the
541	land shall, within the time period designated by ordinance, record the plat in the county
542	recorder's office in the county in which the lands platted and laid out are situated.
543	(b) An owner's failure to record a plat within the time period designated by ordinance
544	renders the plat voidable.
545	Section 13. Section 17-27a-604 is amended to read:
546	17-27a-604. Subdivision plat approval procedure Effect of not complying.
547	(1) A person may not submit a subdivision plat to the county recorder's office for
548	recording unless:
548 549	recording unless: (a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);
549	(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);
549 550	(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a); [ <del>(a)</del> ] (b) the plat has been approved by:
549 550 551	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> </ul>
549 550 551 552	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>(a) (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land described in the plat is located; and</li> </ul>
549 550 551 552 553	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>(a) (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> <li>described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>549</li> <li>550</li> <li>551</li> <li>552</li> <li>553</li> <li>554</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> <li>described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat</li> </ul>
549 550 551 552 553 554 555	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> <li>described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat</li> <li>by designated officers.</li> </ul>
549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> <li>described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat</li> <li>by designated officers.</li> <li>(2) A plat recorded without the signatures required under this section is void.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>549</li> <li>550</li> <li>551</li> <li>552</li> <li>553</li> <li>554</li> <li>555</li> <li>556</li> <li>557</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> <li>described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat</li> <li>by designated officers.</li> <li>(2) A plat recorded without the signatures required under this section is void.</li> <li>(3) A transfer of land pursuant to a void plat is voidable.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>549</li> <li>550</li> <li>551</li> <li>552</li> <li>553</li> <li>554</li> <li>555</li> <li>556</li> <li>557</li> <li>558</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(a) the person has complied with the requirements of Subsection 17-27a-603(4)(a);</li> <li>[(a)] (b) the plat has been approved by:</li> <li>(i) the land use authority of the county in whose unincorporated area the land</li> <li>described in the plat is located; and</li> <li>(ii) other officers that the county designates in its ordinance; and</li> <li>[(b)] (c) all approvals described in Subsection (1)(b) are entered in writing on the plat</li> <li>by designated officers.</li> <li>(2) A plat recorded without the signatures required under this section is void.</li> <li>(3) A transfer of land pursuant to a void plat is voidable.</li> <li>Section 14. Section 17-27a-605 is amended to read:</li> </ul>

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562 in writing that: 563 (a) the county has provided notice as required by ordinance; and 564 (b) the proposed subdivision: 565 (i) is not traversed by the mapped lines of a proposed street as shown in the general 566 plan and does not require the dedication of any land for street or other public purposes; 567 (ii) has been approved by the culinary water authority and the sanitary sewer authority; 568 (iii) is located in a zoned area; and 569 (iv) conforms to all applicable land use ordinances or has properly received a variance 570 from the requirements of an otherwise conflicting and applicable land use ordinance. 571 (2) (a) Subject to Subsection (1), a lot or parcel resulting from a division of 572 agricultural land is exempt from the plat requirements of Section 17-27a-603 if the lot or parcel: 573 574 (i) qualifies as land in agricultural use under Section 59-2-502: 575 (ii) meets the minimum size requirement of applicable land use ordinances; and 576 (iii) is not used and will not be used for any nonagricultural purpose. 577 (b) The boundaries of each lot or parcel exempted under Subsection [(1)] (2)(a) shall 578 be graphically illustrated on a record of survey map that, after receiving the same approvals as 579 are required for a plat under Section 17-27a-604, shall be recorded with the county recorder. 580 (c) If a lot or parcel exempted under Subsection (2)(a) is used for a nonagricultural 581 purpose, the county may require the lot or parcel to comply with the requirements of Section 582 17-27a-603. 583 (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a document recorded in the county 584 recorder's office that divides property by a metes and bounds description does not create an 585 approved subdivision allowed by this part unless the land use authority's certificate of written 586 approval required by Subsection (1) is attached to the document. 587 (b) The absence of the certificate or written approval required by Subsection (1) does 588 not: 589 (i) prohibit the county recorder from recording a document; or

590	(ii) affect the validity of a recorded document.
591	(c) A document which does not meet the requirements of Subsection (1) may be
592	corrected by the recording of an affidavit to which the required certificate or written approval
593	is attached in accordance with Section 57-3-106.
594	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4):
595	(i) "Divided land" means land that:
596	(A) is described as the land to be divided in a notice under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
597	(B) has been divided by a minor subdivision.
598	(ii) "Land to be divided" means land that is proposed to be divided by a minor
599	subdivision.
600	(iii) "Minor subdivision" means a division of at least 100 contiguous acres of
601	agricultural land in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class to create one new lot that,
602	after the division, is separate from the remainder of the original 100 or more contiguous acres
603	of agricultural land.
604	(iv) "Minor subdivision lot" means a lot created by a minor subdivision.
605	(b) Notwithstanding Sections 17-27a-603 and 17-27a-604, an owner of at least 100
606	contiguous acres of agricultural land may make a minor subdivision by submitting for
607	recording in the office of the recorder of the county in which the land to be divided is located:
608	(i) a recordable deed containing the legal description of the minor subdivision lot; and
609	(ii) a notice:
610	(A) indicating that the owner of the land to be divided is making a minor subdivision;
611	(B) referring specifically to this section as the authority for making the minor
612	subdivision; and
613	(C) containing the legal description of:
614	(I) the land to be divided; and
615	(II) the minor subdivision lot.
616	(c) A minor subdivision lot:
617	(i) may not be less than one acre in size;

618	(ii) may not be within 1,000 feet of another minor subdivision lot; and
619	(iii) is not subject to the subdivision ordinance of the county in which the minor
620	subdivision lot is located.
621	(d) Land to be divided by a minor subdivision may not include divided land.
622	(e) A county:
623	(i) may not deny a building permit to an owner of a minor subdivision lot based on:
624	(A) the lot's status as a minor subdivision lot; or
625	(B) the absence of standards described in Subsection (4)(e)(ii); and
626	(ii) may, in connection with the issuance of a building permit, subject a minor
627	subdivision lot to reasonable health, safety, and access standards that the county has
628	established and made public.
629	Section 15. Section 17-27a-606 is amended to read:
630	17-27a-606. Common or community area parcels on a plat No separate
631	ownership Ownership interest equally divided among other parcels on plat and
632	included in description of other parcels.
633	(1) (a) A parcel designated as a common or community area on a plat recorded in
634	compliance with this part may not be separately owned or conveyed independent of the other
635	lots, units, or parcels created by the plat unless:
636	[(a)] (i) the parcel is being acquired by [the] <u>a</u> county for a governmental purpose; [or]
637	and
638	[(b)] (ii) the [separate ownership or] conveyance is approved by the owners of at least
639	75% of the lots, units, or parcels on the plat, after the county gives its approval.
640	(b) A notice of the approval required in Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall be:
641	(i) attached as an exhibit to the document of conveyance; or
642	(ii) recorded concurrently with the conveyance as a separate document.
643	(2) The ownership interest in a parcel described in Subsection (1) shall:
644	(a) for purposes of assessment, be divided equally among all parcels created by the
(17	

645 plat, unless a different division of interest for assessment purposes is indicated on the plat or

646	an accompanying recorded document; and
647	(b) be considered to be included in the description of each instrument describing a
648	parcel on the plat by its identifying plat number, even if the common or community area
649	interest is not explicitly stated in the instrument.
650	Section 16. Section 17-27a-607 is amended to read:
651	17-27a-607. Dedication of streets and other public places.
652	(1) [Plats, when made, acknowledged, and recorded] A plat that is signed, dedicated,
653	and acknowledged by each owner of record, and approved according to the procedures
654	specified in this part, [operate] operates, when recorded, as a dedication of all streets and other
655	public places, and [vest] vests the fee of those parcels of land in the county for the public for
656	the uses named or intended in [those plats] the plat.
657	(2) The dedication established by this section does not impose liability upon the
658	county for streets and other public places that are dedicated in this manner but are
659	unimproved.
660	Section 17. Section 17-27a-608 is amended to read:
661	17-27a-608. Vacating or amending a subdivision plat.
662	(1) (a) A fee owner of land, as shown on the last county assessment roll, in a
663	subdivision that has been laid out and platted as provided in this part may file a written
664	petition with the land use authority to have some or all of the plat vacated[, altered,] or
665	amended.
666	(b) If a petition is filed under Subsection (1)(a), the land use authority shall hold a
667	public hearing within 45 days after the petition is filed if:
668	(i) any owner within the plat notifies the county of the owner's objection in writing
669	within 10 days of mailed notification; or
670	(ii) a public hearing is required because all of the owners in the subdivision have not
671	signed the revised plat.
672	(2) The public hearing requirement of Subsection (1)(b) does not apply and a land use
673	authority may consider at a public meeting an owner's petition to [alter] vacate or amend a

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674	subdivision plat if:
675	(a) the petition seeks to join two or more of the owner's contiguous, residential lots;
676	and
677	(b) notice has been given to adjacent property owners and pursuant to local ordinance.
678	(3) Each request to vacate or [alter] amend a plat that contains a request to vacate or
679	[alter] amend a public street, right-of-way, or easement is also subject to Section
680	17-27a-609.5.
681	(4) Each petition to vacate[ <del>, alter,</del> ] or amend an entire plat or a portion of a plat shall
682	include:
683	(a) the name and address of each owner of record of the land contained in:
684	(i) the entire plat; or
685	(ii) that portion of the plat described in the petition; and
686	(b) the signature of each of these owners who consents to the petition.
687	(5) (a) The owners of record of adjacent parcels that are described by either a metes
688	and bounds description or by a recorded plat may exchange title to portions of those parcels if
689	the exchange of title is approved by the land use authority in accordance with Subsection
690	(5)(b).
691	(b) The land use authority shall approve an exchange of title under Subsection (5)(a) if
692	the exchange of title will not result in a violation of any land use ordinance.
693	(c) If an exchange of title is approved under Subsection (5)(b):
694	(i) a notice of approval shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder which:
695	(A) is executed by each owner included in the exchange and by the land use authority;
696	(B) contains an acknowledgment for each party executing the notice in accordance
697	with the provisions of Title 57, Chapter 2a, Recognition of Acknowledgments Act; and
698	(C) recites the descriptions of both the original parcels and the parcels created by the
699	exchange of title; and
700	(ii) a <u>document of</u> conveyance of title reflecting the approved change shall be recorded
701	in the office of the county recorder.

702	(d) A notice of approval recorded under this Subsection (5) does not act as a
703	conveyance of title to real property and is not required [for the recording of] to record a
704	document [purporting to convey] conveying title to real property.
705	(6) (a) The name of a recorded subdivision may be changed by recording an amended
706	plat making that change, as provided in this section and subject to Subsection (6)(c).
707	(b) The surveyor preparing the amended plat shall certify that the surveyor:
708	(i) holds a license in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and
709	Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
710	(ii) has completed a survey of the property described on the plat in accordance with
711	Section 17-23-17 and has verified all measurements; and
712	(iii) has placed monuments as represented on the plat.
713	(c) An owner of land may not submit for recording an amended plat that gives the
714	subdivision described in the amended plat the same name as a subdivision [in a plat already]
715	recorded in the county recorder's office.
716	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(a), the recording of a declaration or other
717	document that purports to change the name of a recorded plat is [voidable] void.
718	Section 18. Section 17-27a-609 is amended to read:
719	17-27a-609. Land use authority approval of vacation or amendment of plat
720	Recording the amended plat.
721	(1) The land use authority may approve the vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment of a
722	plat by signing an amended plat showing the vacation[, alteration,] or amendment if the land
723	use authority finds that:
724	(a) there is good cause for the vacation[ <del>, alteration,</del> ] or amendment; and
725	(b) no public street, right-of-way, or easement has been vacated or [altered] amended.
726	(2) The land use authority shall ensure that the amended plat showing the vacation[ <del>,</del>
727	alteration,] or amendment is recorded in the office of the county recorder in which the land is
728	located.
729	[(3) If an entire subdivision is vacated, the legislative body shall ensure that a

730	legislative body resolution containing a legal description of the entire vacated subdivision is
731	recorded in the county recorder's office.]
732	(3) A legislative body may vacate a subdivision or a portion of a subdivision by
733	recording in the county recorder's office an ordinance describing the subdivision or the portion
734	being vacated.
735	(4) An amended plat may not be submitted to the county recorder for recording unless
736	it is signed, acknowledged, and dedicated by each owner of record of the portion of the plat
737	that is amended.
738	(5) A management committee may sign and dedicate an amended plat as provided in
739	Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act.
740	(6) A plat may be corrected as provided in Section 57-3-106.
741	Section 19. Section 17-27a-609.5 is amended to read:
742	17-27a-609.5. Vacating a street, right-of-way, or easement.
743	(1) A petition to vacate some or all of a public street, right-of-way, or easement shall
744	include:
745	(a) the name and address of each owner of record of land that is:
746	(i) adjacent to the public street, right-of-way, or easement; or
747	(ii) accessed exclusively by or within 300 feet of the public street, right-of-way, or
748	easement; and
749	(b) the signature of each owner under Subsection (1)(a) who consents to the vacation.
750	(2) If a petition is submitted containing a request to vacate some or all of a street,
751	right-of-way, or easement, the legislative body shall hold a public hearing in accordance with
752	Section 17-27a-208 and determine whether:
753	(a) good cause exists for the vacation; and
754	(b) the public interest or any person will be materially injured by the proposed
755	vacation.
756	(3) The legislative body may adopt an ordinance granting a petition to vacate some or
757	all of a public street, right-of-way, or easement if the legislative body finds that:

750	(a) and arrists for the mostion, and
758	(a) good cause exists for the vacation; and
759	(b) neither the public interest nor any person will be materially injured by the vacation.
760	(4) If the legislative body adopts an ordinance vacating some or all of a public street,
761	right-of-way, or easement, the legislative body shall ensure that [a plat reflecting the vacation]
762	one or both of the following is recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the
763	land is located[-]:
764	(a) a plat reflecting the vacation; or
765	(b) an ordinance described in Subsection (3).
766	(5) The action of the legislative body vacating some or all of a street, right-of-way, or
767	easement that has been dedicated to public use:
768	(a) operates to the extent to which it is vacated, upon the effective date of the recorded
769	plat, as a revocation of the acceptance of and the relinquishment of the county's fee in the
770	vacated street, right-of-way, or easement; and
771	(b) may not be construed to impair:
772	(i) any right-of-way or easement of any lot owner; or
773	(ii) the franchise rights of any public utility.
774	Section 20. Section <b>38-9-1</b> is amended to read:
775	38-9-1. Definitions.
776	As used in this chapter:
777	(1) "Interest holder" means a person who holds or possesses a present, lawful property
778	interest in certain real property, including an owner, title holder, mortgagee, trustee, or
779	beneficial owner.
780	(2) "Lien claimant" means a person claiming an interest in real property who offers a
781	document for recording or filing with any county recorder in the state asserting a lien, or
782	notice of interest, or other claim of interest in certain real property.
783	(3) "Owner" means a person who has a vested ownership interest in certain real
784	property.
785	(4) (a) "Record interest holder" means a person who holds or possesses a present,

786 lawful property interest in certain real property, including an owner, titleholder, mortgagee, 787 trustee, or beneficial owner, and whose name and interest in that real property appears in the 788 county recorder's records for the county in which the property is located. 789 (b) "Record interest holder" includes any grantor in the chain of the title in certain real 790 property. 791 (5) "Record owner" means an owner whose name and ownership interest in certain 792 real property is recorded or filed in the county recorder's records for the county in which the 793 property is located. 794 (6) "Wrongful lien" means any document that purports to create a lien, notice of 795 interest, or encumbrance on an owner's interest in certain real property and at the time it is 796 recorded [or filed] is not: 797 (a) expressly authorized by this chapter or another state or federal statute; (b) authorized by or contained in an order or judgment of a court of competent 798 799 jurisdiction in the state; or 800 (c) signed by or authorized pursuant to a document signed by the owner of the real 801 property. 802 Section 21. Section 38-9-3 is amended to read: 803 38-9-3. County recorder may reject wrongful lien within scope of employment --804 Good faith requirement. 805 (1) (a) A county recorder may reject recording of a lien if the county recorder 806 determines the lien is a wrongful lien as defined in Section 38-9-1. 807 (b) If the county recorder rejects [the] a document to record a lien in accordance with Subsection (1)(a), the county recorder shall immediately return the original document together 808 809 with a notice that the document was rejected pursuant to this section to the person attempting 810 to record [or file] the document or to the address provided on the document. 811 (2) A county recorder who, within the scope of the county recorder's employment, 812 rejects or accepts a document for recording [or filing] in good faith under this section [may] is 813 not [be] liable for damages [except as otherwise provided by law].

- 814 (3) If a rejected document is later found to be recordable pursuant to a court order, it815 shall have no retroactive recording priority.
- 816 (4) Nothing in this chapter shall preclude any person from pursuing any remedy817 pursuant to Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 65A, Injunctions.
- 818 Section 22. Section **38-9-4** is amended to read:

819 **38-9-4.** Civil liability for recording wrongful lien -- Damages.

(1) A lien claimant who records [or files] or causes a wrongful lien as defined in
Section 38-9-1 to be recorded [or filed] in the office of the county recorder against real
property is liable to a record interest holder for any actual damages proximately caused by the
wrongful lien.

(2) If the person in violation of Subsection (1) refuses to release or correct the
wrongful lien within 10 days from the date of written request from a record interest holder of
the real property delivered personally or mailed to the last-known address of the lien claimant,
the person is liable to that record interest holder for \$3,000 or for treble actual damages,
whichever is greater, and for reasonable attorney fees and costs.

(3) A person is liable to the record owner of real property for \$10,000 or for treble
actual damages, whichever is greater, and for reasonable attorney fees and costs, who records
[or files] or causes to be recorded [or filed] a wrongful lien as defined in Section 38-9-1 in the
office of the county recorder against the real property, knowing or having reason to know that
the document:

- (a) is a wrongful lien;
- (b) is groundless; or

(c) contains a material misstatement or false claim.

837 Section 23. Section **57-1-5** is amended to read:

838 57-1-5. Creation of joint tenancy presumed -- Tenancy in common -- Severance
839 of joint tenancy -- Tenants by the entirety -- Tenants holding as community property.

- 840 (1) (a) Beginning on May 5, 1997, every ownership interest in real estate granted to
- two persons in their own right who are designated as husband and wife in the granting

842	documents is presumed to be a joint tenancy interest with rights of survivorship, unless
843	severed, converted, or expressly declared in the grant to be otherwise.
844	(b) Every ownership interest in real estate that does not qualify for the joint tenancy
845	presumption as provided in Subsection (1)(a) is presumed to be a tenancy in common interest
846	unless expressly declared in the grant to be otherwise.
847	(2) (a) Use of words "joint tenancy" or "with rights of survivorship" or "and to the
848	survivor of them" or words of similar import means a joint tenancy.
849	(b) Use of words "tenancy in common" or "with no rights of survivorship" or
850	"undivided interest" or words of similar import declare a tenancy in common.
851	(3) A sole owner of real property creates a joint tenancy in himself and another or
852	others:
853	(a) by making a transfer to himself and another or others as joint tenants by use of the
854	words as provided in Subsection (2)(a); or
855	(b) by conveying to another person or persons an interest in land in which an interest
856	is retained by the grantor and by declaring the creation of a joint tenancy by use of the words
857	as provided in Subsection (2)(a).
858	(4) In all cases, the interest of joint tenants shall be equal and undivided.
859	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), if a joint tenant makes a bona fide
860	conveyance of the joint tenant's interest in property held in joint tenancy to himself or another,
861	the joint tenancy is severed and converted into a tenancy in common.
862	(b) If there is more than one joint tenant remaining after a joint tenant severs a joint
863	tenancy under Subsection (5)(a), the remaining joint tenants continue to hold their interest in
864	joint tenancy.
865	(6) The amendments to this section in Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 124, have no
866	retrospective operation and shall govern instruments executed and recorded on or after May 5,
867	1997.
868	(7) Tenants by the entirety are considered to be joint tenants.
869	(8) Tenants holding title as community property are considered to be joint tenants.

870	Section 24. Section 57-1-5.1 is amended to read:
871	57-1-5.1. Termination of an interest in real estate Affidavit.
872	(1) Joint tenancy, tenancy by the entirety, life estate, or determinable or conditional
873	interest in real estate may be terminated by an affidavit that:
874	(a) meets the requirements of Subsection (2); and
875	(b) is recorded in the office of the recorder of the county in which the affected
876	property is located.
877	(2) Each affidavit required by Subsection (1) shall:
878	(a) cite the interest that is being terminated;
879	(b) contain a legal description of the real property that is affected;
880	(c) reference the entry number and the book and page of the instrument creating the
881	interest to be terminated; and
882	(d) if the termination is the result of a death, have attached as an exhibit, a copy of the
883	death certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency as described in Section
884	<u>75-1-107</u> certifying the death.
885	(3) The affidavit required by Subsection (1) may be in substantially the following
886	form:
887	"Affidavit
888	State of Utah )
889	) ss
890	County of)
891	I, (name of affiant), being of legal age and being first duly sworn, depose and state as
892	follows:
893	(The name of the deceased person), the decedent in the attached certificate of death or
894	other document witnessing death is the same person as (the name of the deceased person)
895	named as a party in the document dated (date of document) as entry in book
896	, page in the records of the (name of county) County Recorder.
897	This affidavit is given to terminate the decedent's interest in the following described

898	property located in County, State of Utah: (description of the
899	property).
900	Dated this day of,
901	
902	(Signature of affiant)
903	Subscribed to and sworn before me this day of,
904	
905	
906	Notary public"
907	Section 25. Section 57-1-28 is amended to read:
908	57-1-28. Sale of trust property by trustee Payment of bid Trustee's deed
909	delivered to purchaser Recitals Effect.
910	(1) (a) The purchaser at the sale shall pay the price bid as directed by the trustee.
911	(b) The beneficiary shall receive a credit on the beneficiary's bid in an amount not to
912	exceed the amount representing:
913	(i) the unpaid principal owed;
914	(ii) accrued interest as of the date of the sale;
915	(iii) advances for the payment of:
916	(A) taxes;
917	(B) insurance; and
918	(C) maintenance and protection of the trust property;
919	(iv) the beneficiary's lien on the trust property; and
920	(v) costs of sale, including reasonable trustee's and attorney's fees.
921	(2) (a) (i) Within three business days of the day the trustee receives payment of the
922	price bid, the trustee shall make the trustee's deed available to the purchaser.
923	(ii) If the trustee does not comply with this Subsection (2)(a), the trustee is liable for
924	any loss incurred by the purchaser because of the trustee's failure to comply with this
925	Subsection (2)(a).

926	(b) The trustee's deed may contain recitals of compliance with the requirements of
927	Sections 57-1-19 through 57-1-36 relating to the exercise of the power of sale and sale of the
928	property described in the trustee's deed, including recitals concerning:
929	(i) any mailing, personal delivery, and publication of the notice of default;
930	(ii) any mailing and the publication and posting of the notice of sale; and
931	(iii) the conduct of sale.
932	(c) The recitals described in Subsection (2)(b):
933	(i) constitute prima facie evidence of compliance with Sections 57-1-19 through
934	57-1-36; and
935	(ii) are conclusive evidence in favor of bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for
936	value and without notice.
937	(3) The trustee's deed shall operate to convey to the purchaser, without right of
938	redemption, the trustee's title and all right, title, interest, and claim of the trustor and the
939	trustor's successors in interest and of all persons claiming by, through, or under them, in and to
940	the property sold, including all right, title, interest, and claim in and to the property acquired
941	by the trustor or the trustor's successors in interest subsequent to the execution of the trust
942	deed, which trustee's deed shall be considered effective and relate back to the time of the sale.
943	(4) In accordance with Section 57-3-106, an interest of a purchaser in a trustee's deed
944	that is recorded with the county recorder may not be divested if a person records an affidavit
945	or other document purporting to rescind or cancel the trustee's deed.
946	Section 26. Section <b>57-3-106</b> is amended to read:
947	57-3-106. Original documents required Captions Legibility.
948	(1) A person may not present and a county recorder may refuse to accept a document
949	for recording if the document does not comply with this section.
950	(2) (a) Unless otherwise provided, a document presented for recording in the office of
951	the county recorder shall:
952	(i) be an original;
953	(ii) contain a brief caption on the first page of the document stating the nature of the

954	document; and
955	(iii) contain a legal description of the property as required under Section 57-3-105.
956	(b) If a document is a master form, as defined in Section 57-3-201, the caption
957	required by Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall state that the document is a master form.
958	(3) A court judgment or an abstract of a court judgment presented for recording in the
959	office of the county recorder in compliance with Section 78B-5-202 shall:
960	(a) be an original or certified copy; and
961	(b) include the information identifying the judgment debtor as referred to in
962	Subsection 78B-5-201(4) either:
963	(i) in the judgment or abstract of judgment; or
964	(ii) as a separate information statement of the judgment creditor as referred to in
965	Subsection 78B-5-201(5).
966	(4) A judgment, abstract of judgment, and separate information statement of the
967	judgment creditor does not require an acknowledgment or a legal description to be recorded.
968	(5) A foreign judgment or an abstract of a foreign judgment recorded in the office of a
969	county recorder shall include the affidavit as required in Section 78B-5-303.
970	(6) Any document recorded in the office of the county recorder to release or assign a
971	judgment lien shall include:
972	(a) the name of any judgment creditor, debtor, assignor, or assignee;
973	(b) the date of recording; and
974	(c) the entry number of the instrument creating the judgment lien.
975	(7) A document presented for recording shall be sufficiently legible for the recorder to
976	make certified copies of the document.
977	(8) (a) (i) A document that is of record in the office of the appropriate county recorder
978	in compliance with this chapter may not be recorded again in that same county recorder's
979	office unless the original document has been reexecuted by all parties who executed the
980	document.
981	(ii) Unless exempt by statute, an original document that is reexecuted shall contain the

982 appropriate acknowledgment, proof of execution, jurat, or other notarial certification for all 983 parties who are reexecuting the document as required by Title 46, Chapter 1, Notaries Public 984 Reform Act, and Title 57, Chapter 2, Acknowledgments. 985 (iii) A document submitted for rerecording shall contain a brief statement explaining 986 the reason for rerecording. 987 (b) A person may not present and a county recorder may refuse to accept a document 988 for rerecording if that document does not conform to this section. 989 (c) This Subsection (8) applies only to documents executed after July 1, 1998. 990 (9) Minor typographical or clerical errors in a document of record may be corrected by 991 the recording of an affidavit or other appropriate instrument. 992 (10) (a) [Subject to federal bankruptcy law,] Except as required by federal law, or by 993 agreement between a borrower under the trust deed and a grantee under the trustee's deed, and 994 subject to Subsection (10)(b), neither the recordation of an affidavit under Subsection (9) nor 995 the reexecution and rerecording of a document under Subsection (8): 996 [(a)] (i) divests a grantee of any real property interest; 997 [(b)] (ii) alters an interest in real property; or 998 [(c)] (iii) returns to the grantor an interest in real property conveyed by statute. 999 (b) A person who reexecutes and rerecords a document under Subsection (8), or 1000 records an affidavit under Subsection (9), shall include with the document or affidavit a notice containing the name and address to which real property valuation and tax notices shall be 1001 1002 mailed. 1003 Section 27. Section 59-2-1304 is amended to read: 1004 59-2-1304. Rate of previous year governs -- Proration among taxing units --Effective date of boundary changes for assessment. 1005 1006 (1) (a) The amount of taxes to be collected in the current year on personal property 1007 assessed by the county assessor shall be based on the tax rates levied by all taxing entities for the previous year, and the tax so billed shall be the full tax on the property for the current year. 1008 1009 (b) The money collected in accordance with Subsection (1)(a) shall be paid:

1010	(i) into the county treasury; and [paid]
1011	(ii) by the treasurer to the various taxing entities pro rata in accordance with the tax
1012	rates levied and approved for the current year, including new entities levying for the first time.
1013	(2) An assessment shall be collected in accordance with the effective date and
1014	boundary adjustment provisions in Subsection 17-2-209(4).
1015	Section 28. Section <b>59-2-1325</b> is amended to read:
1016	59-2-1325. Nature and extent of lien Time of attachment Effective date of
1017	boundary changes for assessment.
1018	(1) (a) A tax upon real property is a lien against the property assessed.
1019	(b) A tax due upon improvements upon real property assessed to a person other than
1020	the owner of the real property is a lien upon the property and improvements. [These liens
1021	attach as of]
1022	(c) A lien described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b) shall attach on January 1 of each year.
1023	(2) An assessment shall be collected in accordance with the effective date and
1024	boundary adjustment provisions in Subsection 17-2-209(4).
1025	Section 29. Section 72-3-107 is amended to read:
1026	72-3-107. County executive to keep plats of roads and highways.
1027	(1) The county executive of each county shall determine all county roads existing in
1028	the county and prepare and keep current plats and specific descriptions of the county roads.
1029	(2) (a) The plats and specific descriptions shall be kept on file in the office of the
1030	county clerk or recorder.
1031	(b) A county clerk or recorder may not remove a platted road from the records unless
1032	the legislative body has vacated the road after a public hearing in accordance with Section
1033	<u>72-3-108.</u>