1	TRANSFER OF THE BUREAU OF EMERGENCY
2	MEDICAL SERVICES FROM THE DEPARTMENT
3	OF HEALTH TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
4	2010 GENERAL SESSION
5	STATE OF UTAH
6	Chief Sponsor: Paul Ray
7	Senate Sponsor:
8	
9	LONG TITLE
10	General Description:
11	This bill moves the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services from the Department of
12	Health to the Department of Public Safety.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	defines terms;
16	 recodifies the State Emergency Medical Services System Act;
17	 moves the State Emergency Medical Services Committee and the Bureau of
18	Emergency Medical Services from the Department of Health to the Department of
19	Public Safety;
20	 changes the name of the State Emergency Medical Services Committee to the State
21	Emergency Medical Services Board;
22	 moves the Trauma System Advisory Committee from the Department of Health to
23	the Department of Public Safety;
24	 changes the name of the Trauma System Advisory Committee to the Trauma
25	System Advisory Council; and
26	makes technical changes.
27	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:



28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	10-2-425, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 350
34	26-1-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 246
35	26-6b-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 185
36	26-8b-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 22
37	26-9-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 368
38	39-1-64 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 82
39	41-22-29 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
40	51-9-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
41	53-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 66
42	58-1-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 242
43	58-57-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 106
44	59-12-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 302
45	62A-15-629, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Fifth Special Session,
46	Chapter 8
47	63C-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 141
48	63G-4-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
49	63J-1-602 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 368
50	75-2a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 99
51	75-2a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 99
52	76-5-102.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
53	76-10-915 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 112
54	78B-8-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
55	ENACTS:
56	53-16-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
57	53-16-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:

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59	53-16-101 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
60	141)
61	53-16-102, (Renumbered from 26-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
62	Chapter 305)
63	53-16-104, (Renumbered from 26-8a-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
64	141)
65	53-16-201 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
66	Chapter 228)
67	53-16-202 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
68	Chapter 382)
69	53-16-301 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
70	Chapter 382)
71	53-16-302 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
72 	141)
73	53-16-303 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
74 75	141)
75 76	53-16-304 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
76 77	Chapter 305) 53 16 305 (Renumbered from 26 % 204 as anceted by Laws of Litch 1000, Chapter
77 78	53-16-305 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-204, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 141)
78 79	53-16-306 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
80	141)
81	53-16-307 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
82	141)
83	53-16-308 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
84	Chapter 82)
85	53-16-309 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-208, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
86	141)
87	53-16-401 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-250, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter
88	305)

53-16-402, (Renumbered from 26-8a-251, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter

- 90 305)
- 91 **53-16-403**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-252, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter
- 92 305)
- 93 **53-16-404**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006,
- 94 Chapter 310)
- 95 **53-16-405**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-254, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter
- 96 305)
- 97 **53-16-501**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
- 98 Chapter 22)
- 99 **53-16-502**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 100 141)
- **53-16-503**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 102 141)
- **53-16-504**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 104 141)
- 53-16-505, (Renumbered from 26-8a-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 106 141)
- **53-16-506**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 108 141)
- 53-16-507, (Renumbered from 26-8a-307, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 110 141)
- **53-16-508**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-308, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
- 112 Chapter 22)
- **53-16-509**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-309, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 114 141)
- **53-16-510**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
- 116 Chapter 382)
- **53-16-601**, (Renumbered from 26-8a-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
- 118 141)
- 53-16-602, (Renumbered from 26-8a-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
- 120 Chapter 1)

121	53-16-603 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006,
122	Chapter 209)
123	53-16-604 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
124	Chapter 382)
125	53-16-605 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003,
126	Chapter 213)
127	53-16-606 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-405.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
128	Chapter 360)
129	53-16-607 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-405.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
130	Chapter 360)
131	53-16-608 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-405.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
132	Chapter 388)
133	53-16-609 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
134	Chapter 388)
135	53-16-610 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
136	Chapter 382)
137	53-16-611, (Renumbered from 26-8a-408, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
138	141)
139	53-16-612, (Renumbered from 26-8a-409, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
140	141)
141	53-16-613, (Renumbered from 26-8a-410, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
142	141)
143	53-16-614 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003,
144	Chapter 213)
145	53-16-615, (Renumbered from 26-8a-412, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
146	141)
147	53-16-616 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003,
148	Chapter 213)
149	53-16-617 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-414, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
150	Chapter 382)
151	53-16-618 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-415, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter

152	141)
153	53-16-619 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-416, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
154	141)
155	53-16-701 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
156	141)
157	53-16-702 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
158	Chapter 22)
159	53-16-703, (Renumbered from 26-8a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
160	Chapter 382)
161	53-16-704, (Renumbered from 26-8a-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
162	Chapter 382)
163	53-16-705, (Renumbered from 26-8a-505, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
164	141)
165	53-16-706, (Renumbered from 26-8a-506, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
166	141)
167	53-16-707, (Renumbered from 26-8a-507, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
168	141)
169	53-16-801 , (Renumbered from 26-8a-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
170	Chapter 22)
171	REPEALS:
172	26-8a-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 22
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174	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
175	Section 1. Section 10-2-425 is amended to read:
176	10-2-425. Filing of notice and plat Recording and notice requirements
177	Effective date of annexation or boundary adjustment.
178	(1) The legislative body of each municipality that enacts an ordinance under this part
179	approving the annexation of an unincorporated area or the adjustment of a boundary shall:
180	(a) within 30 days after enacting the ordinance or, in the case of a boundary
181	adjustment, within 30 days after each of the municipalities involved in the boundary
182	adjustment has enacted an ordinance, file with the lieutenant governor:

183	(i) a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5, that
184	meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
185	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
186	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of annexation or boundary
187	adjustment, as the case may be, under Section 67-1a-6.5:
188	(i) (A) if the annexed area or area subject to the boundary adjustment is located within
189	the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder of that county:
190	(I) the original:
191	(Aa) notice of an impending boundary action;
192	(Bb) certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment; and
193	(Cc) approved final local entity plat; and
194	(II) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation or boundary adjustment;
195	or
196	(B) if the annexed area or area subject to the boundary adjustment is located within the
197	boundaries of more than a single county:
198	(I) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:
199	(Aa) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb), and
200	(Cc); and
201	(Bb) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation or boundary
202	adjustment; and
203	(II) submit to the recorder of each other county:
204	(Aa) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb),
205	and (Cc); and
206	(Bb) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation or boundary
207	adjustment;
208	(ii) send notice of the annexation or boundary adjustment to each affected entity; and
209	(iii) in accordance with Section [26-8a-414] 53-16-617, file with the [Department of
210	Health] Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, created in Section 53-16-103:
211	(A) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation of an unincorporated
212	area or the adjustment of a boundary; and
213	(B) a copy of the approved final local entity plat.

(2) If an annexation or boundary adjustment under this part also causes an automatic annexation to a local district under Section 17B-1-416 or an automatic withdrawal from a local district under Subsection 17B-1-502(2), the municipal legislative body shall, as soon as practicable after the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment under Section 67-1a-6.5, send notice of the annexation or boundary adjustment to the local district to which the annexed area is automatically annexed or from which the annexed area is automatically withdrawn.

- (3) Each notice required under Subsection (1) relating to an annexation or boundary adjustment shall state the effective date of the annexation or boundary adjustment, as determined under Subsection (4).
- (4) An annexation or boundary adjustment under this part is completed and takes effect:
- (a) for the annexation of or boundary adjustment affecting an area located in a county of the first class, except for an annexation under Section 10-2-418:
- (i) July 1 following the lieutenant governor's issuance under Section 67-1a-6.5 of a certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment if:
 - (A) the certificate is issued during the preceding November 1 through April 30; and
 - (B) the requirements of Subsection (1) are met before that July 1; or
- (ii) January 1 following the lieutenant governor's issuance under Section 67-1a-6.5 of a certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment if:
 - (A) the certificate is issued during the preceding May 1 through October 31; and
 - (B) the requirements of Subsection (1) are met before that January 1; and
- (b) for all other annexations and boundary adjustments, the date of the lieutenant governor's issuance, under Section 67-1a-6.5, of a certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment.
 - (5) (a) As used in this Subsection (5):
- 240 (i) "Affected area" means:

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- (A) in the case of an annexation, the annexed area; and
- 242 (B) in the case of a boundary adjustment, any area that, as a result of the boundary 243 adjustment, is moved from within the boundary of one municipality to within the boundary of 244 another municipality.

245	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means:
246	(A) in the case of an annexation, the municipality that annexes an unincorporated area;
247	and
248	(B) in the case of a boundary adjustment, a municipality whose boundary includes an
249	affected area as a result of a boundary adjustment.
250	(b) The effective date of an annexation or boundary adjustment for purposes of
251	assessing property within an affected area is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
252	(c) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) are recorded in the office of the
253	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a municipality may not:
254	(i) levy or collect a property tax on property within an affected area;
255	(ii) levy or collect an assessment on property within an affected area; or
256	(iii) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within an affected area,
257	unless the municipality was charging and collecting the fee within that area immediately before
258	annexation.
259	Section 2. Section 26-1-7 is amended to read:
260	26-1-7. Committees within department.
261	(1) There are created within the department the following committees:
262	(a) Health Facility Committee;
263	[(b) State Emergency Medical Services Committee;]
264	[(c)] <u>(b)</u> Health Data Committee; and
265	[(d)] (c) Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program Advisory
266	Committee.
267	(2) The department shall:
268	(a) review all committees and advisory groups in existence before July 1, 2003 that are
269	not listed in Subsection (1) or Section 26-1-7.5, and not required by state or federal law; and
270	(b) beginning no later than July 1, 2003:
271	(i) consolidate those advisory groups and committees with other committees or
272	advisory groups as appropriate to create greater efficiencies and budgetary savings for the
273	department; and
274	(ii) create in writing, time-limited and subject-limited duties for the advisory groups or
275	committees as necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the department.

270	Section 3. Section 20-00-2 is amended to read:
277	26-6b-2. Definitions.
278	As used in this chapter:
279	(1) "Department" means the Department of Health or a local health department as
280	defined in Section 26A-1-102.
281	(2) "First responder" means:
282	(a) a law enforcement officer as defined in Section 53-13-103;
283	(b) emergency medical service personnel as defined in Section [26-8a-102] <u>53-16-102</u> ;
284	(c) firefighters; and
285	(d) public health personnel having jurisdiction over the location where an individual
286	subject to restriction is found.
287	(3) "Order of restriction" means an order issued by a department or a district court
288	which requires an individual or group of individuals who are subject to restriction to submit to
289	an examination, treatment, isolation, or quarantine.
290	(4) "Public health official" means:
291	(a) the executive director of the Department of Health, or the executive director's
292	authorized representative; or
293	(b) the executive director of a local health department as defined in Section 26A-1-102,
294	or the executive director's authorized representative.
295	(5) "Subject to restriction" as applied to an individual, or a group of individuals, means
296	the individual or group of individuals is:
297	(a) infected or suspected to be infected with a communicable disease that poses a threat
298	to the public health and who does not take action as required by the department to prevent
299	spread of the disease;
300	(b) contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with an infectious agent that poses a
301	threat to the public health, and that could be spread to others if remedial action is not taken;
302	(c) in a condition or suspected condition which, if the individual is exposed to others,
303	poses a threat to public health, or is in a condition which if treatment is not completed the
304	individual will pose a threat to public health; or
305	(d) contaminated or suspected to be contaminated with a chemical or biological agent
306	that poses a threat to the public health and that could be spread to others if remedial action is

307	not taken.
308	Section 4. Section 26-8b-303 is amended to read:
309	26-8b-303. Duties of emergency medical dispatch centers.
310	[Beginning on September 1, 2009, an] An emergency medical dispatch center shall:
311	(1) implement a system to receive and manage the information reported to the
312	emergency medical dispatch center under Section [26-8a-209 or] 26-8b-301;
313	(2) record in the system described in Subsection (1), all information received under
314	Section [26-8a-209 or] 26-8b-301 [as follows: (a) if the information is received under
315	Subsection 26-8a-209(5), within 30 days after the day on which the information is received; or
316	(b) if the information is received under Subsection 26-8a-209(6) or Section 26-8b-301], within
317	14 days after the day on which the information is received;
318	(3) inform a person who calls to report a potential incident of sudden cardiac arrest of
319	the location of any nearby AED; and
320	(4) provide the information contained in the system described in Subsection (1), upon
321	request, to:
322	(a) the bureau; or
323	(b) another emergency medical dispatch center.
324	Section 5. Section 26-9-4 is amended to read:
325	26-9-4. Rural Health Care Facilities Fund Source of revenues Interest
326	Distribution of revenues Expenditure of revenues Unexpended revenues lapse into
327	the General Fund.
328	(1) As used in this section:
329	(a) "Emergency medical services" is as defined in Section [26-8a-102] 53-16-102.
330	(b) "Federally qualified health center" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
331	(c) "Fiscal year" means a one-year period beginning on July 1 of each year.
332	(d) "Freestanding urgent care center" is as defined in Section 59-12-801.
333	(e) "Fund" means the Rural Health Care Facilities Fund created by this section.
334	(f) "Nursing care facility" is as defined in Section 26-21-2.
335	(g) "Rural city hospital" is as defined in Section 59-12-801.
336	(h) "Rural county health care facility" is as defined in Section 59-12-801.
337	(i) "Rural county hospital" is as defined in Section 59-12-801.

338	(j) "Rural county nursing care facility" is as defined in Section 59-12-801.
339	(k) "Rural emergency medical services" is as defined in Section 59-12-801.
340	(l) "Rural health clinic" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
341	(2) There is created a general fund restricted account known as the Rural Health Care
342	Facilities Fund.
343	(3) (a) The fund shall be funded by amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
344	(b) Any interest earned on the fund shall be deposited into the General Fund.
345	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), the State Tax Commission shall for a fiscal year
346	distribute monies deposited into the fund to each:
347	(a) county legislative body of a county that, on January 1, 2007, imposes a tax in
348	accordance with Section 59-12-802; or
349	(b) city legislative body of a city that, on January 1, 2007, imposes a tax in accordance
350	with Section 59-12-804.
351	(5) (a) For purposes of the distribution required by Subsection (4), the State Tax
352	Commission shall:
353	(i) estimate for each county and city described in Subsection (4) the amount by which
354	the revenues collected from the taxes imposed under Sections 59-12-802 and 59-12-804 for
355	fiscal year 2005-06 would have been reduced had:
356	(A) the amendments made by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 288, Sections 25 and 26, to
357	Sections 59-12-802 and 59-12-804 been in effect for fiscal year 2005-06; and
358	(B) each county and city described in Subsection (4) imposed the tax under Sections
359	59-12-802 and 59-12-804 for the entire fiscal year 2005-06;
360	(ii) calculate a percentage for each county and city described in Subsection (4) by
361	dividing the amount estimated for each county and city in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(i)
362	by \$555,000; and
363	(iii) distribute to each county and city described in Subsection (4) an amount equal to
364	the product of:
365	(A) the percentage calculated in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(ii); and
366	(B) the amount appropriated by the Legislature to the fund for the fiscal year.
367	(b) The State Tax Commission shall make the estimations, calculations, and
368	distributions required by Subsection (5)(a) on the basis of data collected by the State Tax

- (6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), a county legislative body shall distribute the monies the county legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5):
- (i) for a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class, to fund rural county health care facilities in that county; and
 - (ii) for a county of the sixth class, to fund:
- 375 (A) emergency medical services in that county;
- 376 (B) federally qualified health centers in that county;
- 377 (C) freestanding urgent care centers in that county;
- 378 (D) rural county health care facilities in that county;
- 379 (E) rural health clinics in that county; or
 - (F) a combination of Subsections (6)(a)(ii)(A) through (E).
 - (b) A county legislative body shall distribute a percentage of the monies the county legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to each center, clinic, facility, or service described in Subsection (6)(a) equal to the same percentage that the county legislative body distributes to that center, clinic, facility, or service in accordance with Section 59-12-803 for the calendar year ending on the December 31 immediately preceding the first day of the fiscal year for which the county legislative body receives the distribution in accordance with Subsection (5).
 - (c) A center, clinic, facility, or service that receives a distribution in accordance with this Subsection (6) shall expend that distribution for the same purposes for which monies generated by a tax under Section 59-12-802 may be expended.
 - (7) (a) Subject to Subsection (7)(b), a city legislative body shall distribute the monies the city legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to fund rural city hospitals in that city.
 - (b) A city legislative body shall distribute a percentage of the monies the city legislative body receives in accordance with Subsection (5) to each rural city hospital described in Subsection (7)(a) equal to the same percentage that the city legislative body distributes to that rural city hospital in accordance with Section 59-12-805 for the calendar year ending on the December 31 immediately preceding the first day of the fiscal year for which the city legislative body receives the distribution in accordance with Subsection (5).

(1) As used in this section:

(c) A rural city hospital that receives a distribution in accordance with this Subsection
(7) shall expend that distribution for the same purposes for which monies generated by a tax
under Section 59-12-804 may be expended.
(8) Any monies remaining in the Rural Health Care Facilities Fund at the end of a
fiscal year after the State Tax Commission makes the distributions required by this section
shall lapse into the General Fund.
Section 6. Section 39-1-64 is amended to read:
39-1-64. Extension of licenses for members of National Guard and reservists.
(1) As used in this section, "license" means any license issued under:
(a) Title 58, Occupations and Professions; and
(b) Section [26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> .
(2) Any license held by a member of the National Guard or reserve component of the
armed forces that expires while the member is on active duty shall be extended until 90 days
after the member is discharged from active duty status.
(3) The licensing agency shall renew a license extended under Subsection (2) until the
next date that the license expires or for the period that the license is normally issued, at no cost
to the member of the National Guard or reserve component of the armed forces if all of the
following conditions are met:
(a) the National Guard member or reservist requests renewal of the license within 90
days after being discharged;
(b) the National Guard member or reservist provides the licensing agency with a copy
of the member's or reservist's official orders calling the member or reservist to active duty, and
official orders discharging the member or reservist from active duty; and
(c) the National Guard member or reservist meets all the requirements necessary for the
renewal of the license, except the member or reservist need not meet the requirements, if any,
that relate to continuing education or training.
(4) The provisions of this section do not apply to regularly scheduled annual training.
Section 7. Section 41-22-29 is amended to read:
41-22-29. Operation by persons under eight years of age prohibited Definitions
Excention Penalty

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(a) "Organized practice" means a scheduled motorcycle practice held in an off-road vehicle facility designated by the division and conducted by an organization carrying liability insurance in at least the amounts specified by the division under Subsection (5) covering all activities associated with the practice.

- (b) "Sanctioned race" means a motorcycle race conducted on a closed course and sponsored and sanctioned by an organization carrying liability insurance in at least the amounts specified by the division under Subsection (5) covering all activities associated with the race.
- (2) Except as provided under Subsection (3), a person under eight years of age may not operate and an owner may not give another person who is under eight years of age permission to operate an off-highway vehicle on any public land, trail, street, or highway of this state.
- (3) A child under eight years of age may participate in a sanctioned race or organized practice if:
 - (a) the child is under the immediate supervision of an adult;
- (b) emergency medical service personnel, as defined in Section [26-8a-102] 53-16-102, are on the premises and immediately available to provide assistance at all times during the sanctioned race or organized practice; and
- (c) an ambulance provider, as defined in Section [26-8a-102] 53-16-102, is on the premises and immediately available to provide assistance for a sanctioned race.
- (4) Any person convicted of a violation of this section is guilty of an infraction and shall be fined not more than \$50 per offense.
- (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the division shall make rules specifying the minimum amounts of liability coverage for an organized practice or sanctioned race.
 - Section 8. Section **51-9-403** is amended to read:

51-9-403. EMS share of surcharge -- Accounting.

- (1) The Division of Finance shall allocate 14% of the collected surcharge established in Section 51-9-401, but not to exceed the amount appropriated by the Legislature, to the <u>account</u> for the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Grants Program [Account] under Section [26-8a-207] 53-16-308.
- 460 (2) The amount shall be recorded by the Department of Health as a dedicated credit.
- Section 9. Section **53-1-104** is amended to read:

462	53-1-104. Boards, bureaus, councils, divisions, and offices.
463	(1) The following are the policymaking boards within the department:
464	(a) the Driver License Medical Advisory Board, created in Section 53-3-303;
465	(b) the Concealed Weapon Review Board, created in Section 53-5-703;
466	(c) the Utah Fire Prevention Board, created in Section 53-7-203;
467	(d) the Liquified Petroleum Gas Board, created in Section 53-7-304; [and]
468	(e) the Private Investigator Hearing and Licensure Board, created in Section
469	53-9-104[-]; and
470	(f) the State Emergency Medical Services Board, created in Section 53-16-201.
471	(2) The following are the councils within the department:
472	(a) the Peace Officer Standards and Training Council, created in Section 53-6-106;
473	[and]
474	(b) the Motor Vehicle Safety Inspection Advisory Council, created in Section
475	53-8-203[-]; and
476	(c) the Trauma System Advisory Council, created in Section 53-16-402.
477	(3) The following are the divisions within the department:
478	(a) the Administrative Services Division, created in Section 53-1-203;
479	(b) the Management Information Services Division, created in Section 53-1-303;
480	(c) the Division of Homeland Security, created in Section 53-2-103;
481	(d) the Driver License Division, created in Section 53-3-103;
482	(e) the Criminal Investigations and Technical Services Division, created in Section
483	53-10-103;
484	(f) the Peace [Officers] Officer Standards and Training Division, created in Section
485	53-6-103;
486	(g) the State Fire Marshal Division, created in Section 53-7-103; and
487	(h) the Utah Highway Patrol Division, created in Section 53-8-103.
488	(4) The Office of Executive Protection is created in Section 53-1-112.
489	(5) The following are bureaus within the department:
490	(a) the Bureau of Criminal Identification, created in Section 53-10-201;
491	(b) the State Bureau of Investigation, created in Section 53-10-301;
492	(c) the Bureau of Forensic Services, created in Section 53-10-401; [and]

493	(d) the Bureau of Communications, created in Section 53-10-501; and
494	(e) the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, created in Section 53-16-103.
495	Section 10. Section 53-16-101, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-101 is
496	renumbered and amended to read:
497	CHAPTER 16. UTAH EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES SYSTEM ACT
498	Part 1. General Provisions
499	[26-8a-101]. <u>53-16-101.</u> Title.
500	This chapter is known as the "Utah Emergency Medical Services System Act."
501	Section 11. Section 53-16-102, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-102 is
502	renumbered and amended to read:
503	[26-8a-102]. <u>53-16-102.</u> Definitions.
504	As used in this chapter:
505	(1) "Ambulance" means a ground, air, or water vehicle that:
506	(a) transports patients and is used to provide emergency medical services; and
507	(b) is required to obtain a permit under Section [26-8a-304] 53-16-504 to operate in the
508	state.
509	(2) "Ambulance provider" means an emergency medical service provider that:
510	(a) transports and provides emergency medical care to patients; and
511	(b) is required to obtain a license under Part [4] 6, Ambulance and Paramedic
512	Providers.
513	(3) "[Committee] <u>Board</u> " means the State Emergency Medical Services [Committee]
514	Board created [by Section 26-1-7] in Section 53-16-201.
515	(4) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services, created in Section
516	<u>53-16-103.</u>
517	(5) "Council" means the Trauma System Advisory Council, created in Section
518	<u>53-16-402.</u>
519	[4) [6] "Direct medical observation" means in-person observation of a patient by a
520	physician, registered nurse, physician's assistant, or individual certified under Section
521	[26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> .
522	$\left[\frac{5}{1}\right]$ "Emergency medical condition" means:
523	(a) a medical condition that manifests itself by symptoms of sufficient severity,

524	including severe pain, that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health
525	and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in:
526	(i) placing the individual's health in serious jeopardy;
527	(ii) serious impairment to bodily functions; or
528	(iii) serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or
529	(b) a medical condition that in the opinion of a physician or his designee requires direct
530	medical observation during transport or may require the intervention of an individual certified
531	under Section [26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> during transport.
532	[(6)] <u>(8)</u> "Emergency medical service personnel":
533	(a) means an individual who provides emergency medical services to a patient and is
534	required to be certified under Section [26-8a-302] 53-16-502; and
535	(b) includes a paramedic, medical director of a licensed emergency medical service
536	provider, emergency medical service instructor, and other categories established by the
537	[committee] board.
538	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Emergency medical service providers" means:
539	(a) licensed ambulance providers and paramedic providers;
540	(b) a facility or provider that is required to be designated under Section [26-8a-303]
541	<u>53-16-503</u> ; and
542	(c) emergency medical service personnel.
543	[(8)] (10) "Emergency medical services" means medical services, transportation
544	services, or both rendered to a patient.
545	[(9)] (11) "Emergency medical service vehicle" means a land, air, or water vehicle that
546	is:
547	(a) maintained and used for the transportation of emergency medical personnel,
548	equipment, and supplies to the scene of a medical emergency; and
549	(b) required to be permitted under Section [26-8a-304] <u>53-16-504</u> .
550	[(10)] (12) "Interested party" means:
551	(a) a licensed or designated emergency medical services provider that provides
552	emergency medical services within or in an area that abuts an exclusive geographic service area
553	that is the subject of an application submitted pursuant to Part [4] 6, Ambulance and Paramedic
554	Providers;

555	(b) any municipality, county, or fire district that lies within or abuts a geographic		
556	service area that is the subject of an application submitted pursuant to Part [4] 6, Ambulance		
557	and Paramedic Providers; or		
558	(c) the department when acting in the interest of the public.		
559	[(11)] (13) "Medical control" means a person who provides medical supervision to an		
560	emergency medical service provider.		
561	[(12)] (14) "Paramedic provider" means an entity that:		
562	(a) employs emergency medical service personnel; and		
563	(b) is required to obtain a license under Part [4] 6, Ambulance and Paramedic		
564	Providers.		
565	[(13)] (15) "Patient" means an individual who, as the result of illness or injury, meets		
566	any of the criteria in Section [26-8a-305] <u>53-16-505</u> .		
567	[(14)] (16) "Trauma" means an injury requiring immediate medical or surgical		
568	intervention.		
569	$[\frac{(15)}{(17)}]$ "Trauma system" means a single, statewide system that:		
570	(a) organizes and coordinates the delivery of trauma care within defined geographic		
571	areas from the time of injury through transport and rehabilitative care; and		
572	(b) is inclusive of all prehospital providers, hospitals, and rehabilitative facilities in		
573	delivering care for trauma patients, regardless of severity.		
574	[(16)] (18) "Triage" means the sorting of patients in terms of disposition, destination,		
575	or priority. For prehospital trauma victims, triage requires a determination of injury severity to		
576	assess the appropriate level of care according to established patient care protocols.		
577	[(17)] (19) "Triage, treatment, transportation, and transfer guidelines" means written		
578	procedures that:		
579	(a) direct the care of patients; and		
580	(b) are adopted by the medical staff of an emergency patient receiving facility, trauma		
581	center, or an emergency medical service provider.		
582	Section 12. Section 53-16-103 is enacted to read:		
583	53-16-103. Bureau of Emergency Medical Services Creation Duties.		
584	(1) There is created within the department, the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services.		
585	(2) The bureau is responsible to:		

586	(a) assist the department in fulfilling the responsibilities assigned to the department
587	under this chapter;
588	(b) assist the board in fulfilling the responsibilities assigned to the board under this
589	chapter; and
590	(c) fulfill the responsibilities assigned to the bureau under this chapter.
591	Section 13. Section 53-16-104, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-106 is
592	renumbered and amended to read:
593	[26-8a-106]. <u>53-16-104.</u> Waiver of rules.
594	(1) Upon application, the [committee] board or department may waive the
595	requirements of a rule it has adopted if:
596	(a) the person applying for the waiver satisfactorily demonstrates that:
597	(i) the waiver is necessary for a pilot project to be undertaken by the applicant;
598	(ii) in the particular situation, the requirement serves no beneficial public purpose; or
599	(iii) circumstances warrant that waiver of the requirement outweighs the public benefit
600	to be gained by adherence to the rule; and
601	(b) for a waiver granted under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (iii), the [committee] board or
602	department:
603	(i) extends the waiver to similarly situated persons upon application; or
604	(ii) amends the rule to be consistent with the waiver.
605	(2) No waiver may be granted under this section that is inconsistent with the provisions
606	of this chapter.
607	Section 14. Section 53-16-201, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-103 is
608	renumbered and amended to read:
609	Part 2. State Emergency Medical Services Board
610	[26-8a-103]. <u>53-16-201.</u> State Emergency Medical Services Board
611	Membership Report Expenses.
612	(1) [The] There is created the State Emergency Medical Services [Committee created
613	by Section 26-1-7] Board. The board shall be composed of the following 16 members
614	appointed by the governor, at least five of whom must reside in a county of the third, fourth,
615	fifth, or sixth class:
616	(a) five physicians licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or

617	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, as follows:	
618	(i) one surgeon who actively provides trauma care at a hospital;	
619	(ii) one rural physician involved in emergency medical care;	
620	(iii) two physicians who practice in the emergency department of a general acute	
621	hospital; and	
622	(iv) one pediatrician who practices in the emergency department or critical care unit of	
623	a general acute hospital or a children's specialty hospital;	
624	(b) one representative from a private ambulance provider;	
625	(c) one representative from an ambulance provider that is neither privately owned nor	
626	operated by a fire department;	
627	(d) two chief officers from fire agencies operated by the following classes of licensed	
628	or designated emergency medical services providers: municipality, county, and fire district,	
629	provided that no class of medical services providers may have more than one representative	
630	under this Subsection (1)(d);	
631	(e) one director of a law enforcement agency that provides emergency medical	
632	services;	
633	(f) one hospital administrator;	
634	(g) one emergency care nurse;	
635	(h) one paramedic in active field practice;	
636	(i) one emergency medical technician in active field practice;	
637	(j) one certified emergency medical dispatcher affiliated with an emergency medical	
638	dispatch center; and	
639	(k) one consumer.	
640	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), members shall be appointed to a	
641	four-year term beginning July 1.	
642	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the time of appointment	
643	or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of [committee] board	
644	members are staggered so that approximately half of the [committee] board is appointed every	
645	two years.	
646	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be	
647	appointed by the governor for the unexpired term.	

648	(3) (a) Each January, the [committee] board shall organize and select one of its		
649	members as chair and one member as vice chair. The [committee] board may organize standing		
650	or ad hoc subcommittees, which shall operate in accordance with guidelines established by the		
651	[committee] board.		
652	(b) The chair shall convene a minimum of four meetings per year. The chair may call		
653	special meetings. The chair shall call a meeting upon request of five or more members of the		
654	[committee] <u>board</u> .		
655	(c) Nine members of the [committee] board constitute a quorum for the transaction of		
656	business and the action of a majority of the members present is the action of the [committee]		
657	board.		
658	(4) The [committee] board shall submit a report in a form acceptable to the		
659	[committee] board each November at the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim		
660	Committee meeting concerning its:		
661	(a) funding priorities and recommended sources;		
662	(b) closest responder recommendations;		
663	(c) centralized dispatch;		
664	(d) duplication of services and any taxing consequences;		
665	(e) appropriate providers for emergency medical services; and		
666	(f) recommendations and suggested legislation.		
667	(5) (a) Members shall receive no compensation or benefits for their services, but may		
668	receive per diem and expenses incurred in the performance of the member's official duties at		
669	the rates established by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.		
670	(b) Members may decline to receive per diem and expenses for their service.		
671	(6) Administrative services for the [committee] board shall be provided by the		
672	department.		
673	Section 15. Section 53-16-202, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-104 is		
674	renumbered and amended to read:		
675	[26-8a-104]. <u>53-16-202.</u> Powers of the board.		
676	The [committee] board shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah		
677	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:		
678	(1) establish certification and reciprocity requirements under Section [26-8a-302]		

6/9	<u>53-16-502;</u>
680	(2) establish designation requirements under Section [26-8a-303] <u>53-16-503</u> ;
681	(3) promote the development of a statewide emergency medical services <u>data</u> system
682	under Section [26-8a-203] <u>53-16-304</u> ;
683	(4) establish insurance requirements for ambulance providers;
684	(5) provide guidelines for requiring patient data under [Section 26-8a-203] Sections
685	53-16-203 and 53-16-304;
686	(6) establish criteria for awarding grants under Section [26-8a-207] <u>53-16-308</u> ;
687	(7) establish requirements for the coordination of emergency medical services and the
688	medical supervision of emergency medical service providers under Section [26-8a-306]
689	<u>53-16-506</u> ; and
690	(8) are necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the [committee] board as specified
691	in other sections of this chapter.
692	Section 16. Section 53-16-203 is enacted to read:
693	<u>53-16-203.</u> Data collection.
694	The board shall specify the information that must be collected for the emergency
695	medical services data system established pursuant to Section 53-16-304.
696	Section 17. Section 53-16-301, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-105 is
697	renumbered and amended to read:
698	Part 3. Department Powers and Duties
699	[26-8a-105]. <u>53-16-301.</u> Department powers.
700	The department shall:
701	(1) coordinate the emergency medical services within the state;
702	(2) administer this chapter and the rules established pursuant to it;
703	(3) establish a voluntary task force representing a diversity of emergency medical
704	service providers to advise the department and the [committee] board on rules; and
705	(4) adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
706	Rulemaking Act, to:
707	(a) license ambulance providers and paramedic providers;
708	(b) permit ambulances and emergency response vehicles;
709	(c) establish application submission and procedural requirements for licenses

710	designations, certificates, and permits; and	
711	(d) establish and implement the programs, plans, and responsibilities as specified in	
712	other sections of this chapter.	
713	Section 18. Section 53-16-302, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-201 is	
714	renumbered and amended to read:	
715	[26-8a-201]. <u>53-16-302.</u> Public awareness efforts.	
716	The department may:	
717	(1) develop programs to inform the public of the emergency medical service system;	
718	and	
719	(2) develop and disseminate emergency medical training programs for the public,	
720	which emphasize the prevention and treatment of injuries and illnesses.	
721	Section 19. Section 53-16-303, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-202 is	
722	renumbered and amended to read:	
723	[26-8a-202]. <u>53-16-303.</u> Emergency medical communications.	
724	Consistent with federal law, the department is the lead agency for coordinating the	
725	statewide emergency medical service communication systems under which emergency medical	
726	personnel, dispatch centers, and treatment facilities provide medical control and coordination	
727	between emergency medical service providers.	
728	Section 20. Section 53-16-304, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-203 is	
729	renumbered and amended to read:	
730	[26-8a-203]. <u>53-16-304.</u> Data collection.	
731	[(1) The committee shall specify the information that must be collected for the	
732	emergency medical services data system established pursuant to Subsection (2).]	
733	[(2)] (1) The department shall establish an emergency medical services data system	
734	which shall provide for the collection of information, as defined by the [committee] board,	
735	relating to the treatment and care of patients who use or have used the emergency medical	
736	services system.	
737	[(3)] (2) Persons providing emergency medical services shall provide information to	
738	the department for the emergency medical services data system established pursuant to	
739	Subsection $\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ $\frac{(1)}{(1)}$.	
740	Section 21 Section 53-16-305 which is renumbered from Section 26-82-204 is	

741	renumbered and amended t	o read:
742	[26-8a-204].	53-16-305. Disaster coordination plan.
743	The department sha	ll develop and implement, in cooperation with state, federal, and
744	local agencies empowered	to oversee disaster response activities, plans to provide emergency
745	medical services during tim	nes of disaster or emergency.
746	Section 22. Section	53-16-306, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-205 is
747	renumbered and amended t	o read:
748	[26-8a-205].	53-16-306. Pediatric quality improvement program.
749	The department sha	ll establish a pediatric quality improvement resource program.
750	Section 23. Section 53-16-307 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-206 is	
751	renumbered and amended t	o read:
752	[26-8a-206].	53-16-307. Personnel stress management program.
753	(1) The department	shall develop and implement a statewide program to provide
754	support and counseling for personnel who have been exposed to one or more stressful incidents	
755	in the course of providing emergency services.	
756	(2) This program sl	nall include:
757	(a) ongoing training	g for agencies providing emergency services and counseling
758	program volunteers; and	
759	(b) critical incident	stress debriefing for personnel at no cost to the emergency
760	provider.	
761	Section 24. Section	53-16-308, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-207 is
762	renumbered and amended t	o read:
763	[26-8a-207].	53-16-308. Emergency medical services grant program.
764	(1) As used in this	section:
765	(a) "Rural area" me	ans an exclusive geographic service area as provided under Section
766	[26-8a-402] $53-16-602$ that	is a city, town, or other similar community with a population of
767	10,000 or less based on the	most recently published data of the United States Census Bureau.
768	(b) "Rural county a	rea" means an exclusive geographic service area as provided under
769	Section [26-8a-402] <u>53-16-</u>	602 that is a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class as provided
770	under Section 17-50-501.	

(2) (a) The department shall receive as dedicated credits the amount established in

- Section 51-9-403. That amount shall be transferred to the department by the Division of Finance from funds generated by the surcharge imposed under Title 51, Chapter 9, Part 4,
- 774 Criminal Conviction Surcharge Allocation.

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- (b) Funds transferred to the department under this section shall be used for improvement of delivery of emergency medical services and administrative costs as described in Subsection (3)(a). Appropriations to the department for the purposes enumerated in this section shall be made from those dedicated credits.
 - (c) All funding for the program created by this section shall be nonlapsing.
 - (3) (a) The department may use the funds transferred to it under Subsection (2):
- 781 (i) to provide staff support; and
 - (ii) for other expenses incurred in:
 - (A) administration of grant funds; and
 - (B) other department administrative costs under this chapter.
 - (b) After funding staff support, administrative expenses, and trauma system development, the department and the [committee] board shall make emergency medical services grants from the remaining funds received as dedicated credits under Subsection (2). A recipient of a grant under this Subsection (3)(b) must actively provide emergency medical services within:
 - (i) a rural area; or
 - (ii) a rural county area.
 - (c) The department shall distribute 50% as per capita block grants for use specifically related to the provision of emergency medical services to nonprofit prehospital emergency medical services providers that are either licensed or designated and to emergency medical services that are the primary emergency medical services for a service area. The department shall determine the grant amounts by prorating available funds on a per capita basis by county as described in department rule.
 - (d) The [committee] board shall award the remaining funds as competitive grants for use specifically related to the provision of emergency medical services based upon rules established by the [committee] board.
- Section 25. Section **53-16-309**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-208 is renumbered and amended to read:

803	[26-8a-208]. <u>53-16-309.</u> Fees for training equipment rental, testing, and
804	quality assurance reviews.
805	(1) The [department] bureau may charge fees, established pursuant to Section [26-1-6]
806	<u>63J-1-303</u> :
807	(a) for the use of department-owned training equipment;
808	(b) to administer tests and conduct quality assurance reviews; and
809	(c) to process an application for a certificate, designation, permit, or license.
810	(2) (a) Fees collected under Subsections (1)(a) and (b) shall be separate dedicated
811	credits.
812	(b) Fees under Subsection (1)(a) may be used to purchase training equipment.
813	(c) Fees under Subsection (1)(b) may be used to administer tests and conduct quality
814	assurance reviews.
815	(3) Fees and other funding available to purchase training equipment and to administer
816	tests and conduct quality assurance reviews shall be nonlapsing.
817	Section 26. Section 53-16-401, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-250 is
818	renumbered and amended to read:
819	Part 4. Statewide Trauma System
820	[26-8a-250]. <u>53-16-401.</u> Establishment of statewide trauma system.
821	The department shall establish and actively supervise a statewide trauma system to:
822	(1) promote optimal care for trauma patients;
823	(2) alleviate unnecessary death and disability from trauma and emergency illness;
824	(3) inform health care providers about trauma system capabilities;
825	(4) encourage the efficient and effective continuum of patient care, including
826	prevention, prehospital care, hospital care, and rehabilitative care; and
827	(5) minimize the overall cost of trauma care.
828	Section 27. Section 53-16-402, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-251 is
829	renumbered and amended to read:
830	[26-8a-251]. <u>53-16-402.</u> Trauma System Advisory Council.
831	(1) There is created within the department the [trauma system advisory committee]
832	Trauma System Advisory Council.
833	(2) (a) The committee shall be comprised of individuals knowledgeable in adult or

834	pediatric trauma care, including physicians, nurses, hospital administrators, emergency medical		
835	services personnel, government officials, consumers, and persons affiliated with professional		
836	health care associations.		
837	(b) Representation on the committee shall be broad and balanced among the health care		
838	delivery systems in the state with no more than three representatives coming from any single		
839	delivery system.		
840	(3) The committee shall:		
841	(a) advise the department regarding trauma system needs throughout the state;		
842	(b) assist the department in evaluating the quality and outcomes of the overall trauma		
843	system;		
844	(c) review and comment on proposals and rules governing the statewide trauma		
845	system; and		
846	(d) make recommendations for the development of statewide triage, treatment,		
847	transportation, and transfer guidelines.		
848	(4) The department shall:		
849	(a) determine, by rule, the term and causes for removal of committee members;		
850	(b) establish committee procedures and administration policies consistent with this		
851	chapter and department rule; and		
852	(c) provide administrative support to the committee.		
853	Section 28. Section 53-16-403, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-252 is		
854	renumbered and amended to read:		
855	[26-8a-252]. <u>53-16-403.</u> Department duties.		
856	In connection with the statewide trauma system established in Section [26-8a-250]		
857	53-16-401, the department shall:		
858	(1) establish a statewide trauma system plan that:		
859	(a) identifies statewide trauma care needs, objectives, and priorities;		
860	(b) identifies the equipment, facilities, personnel training, and other things necessary to		
861	create and maintain a statewide trauma system; and		
862	(c) organizes and coordinates trauma care within defined geographic areas;		
863	(2) support the statewide trauma system by:		
864	(a) facilitating the coordination of prehospital, acute care, and rehabilitation services		

865	and providers through state regulation and oversight;
866	(b) facilitating the ongoing evaluation and refinement of the statewide trauma system;
867	(c) providing educational programs;
868	(d) encouraging cooperation between community organizations, health care facilities,
869	public health officials, emergency medical service providers, and rehabilitation facilities for the
870	development of a statewide trauma system;
871	(e) implementing a quality assurance program using information from the statewide
872	trauma registry established pursuant to Section [26-8a-253] <u>53-16-404</u> ;
873	(f) establishing trauma center designation requirements in accordance with Section
874	[26-8a-254] <u>53-16-405</u> ; and
875	(g) developing standards so that:
876	(i) trauma centers are categorized according to their capability to provide care;
877	(ii) trauma victims are triaged at the initial point of patient contact; and
878	(iii) trauma patients are sent to appropriate health care facilities.
879	Section 29. Section 53-16-404, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-253 is
880	renumbered and amended to read:
881	[26-8a-253]. <u>53-16-404.</u> Statewide trauma registry and quality assurance
882	program.
883	(1) The department shall:
884	(a) establish and fund a statewide trauma registry to collect and analyze information on
885	the incidence, severity, causes, and outcomes of trauma;
886	(b) establish, by rule, the data elements, the medical care providers that must report,
887	and the time frame and format for reporting;
888	(c) use the data collected to:
889	(i) improve the availability and delivery of prehospital and hospital trauma care;
890	(ii) assess trauma care delivery, patient care outcomes, and compliance with the
891	requirements of this chapter and applicable department rules; and
892	(iii) regularly produce and disseminate reports to data providers, state government, and
893	the public; and
894	(d) support data collection and abstraction by providing:
895	(i) a data collection system and technical assistance to each hospital that submits data;

896	and
897	(ii) funding or, at the discretion of the department, personnel for collection and
898	abstraction for each hospital not designated as a trauma center under the standards established
899	pursuant to Section [26-8a-254] <u>53-16-405</u> .
900	(2) (a) Each hospital shall submit trauma data in accordance with rules established
901	under Subsection (1).
902	(b) A hospital designated as a trauma center shall submit data as part of the ongoing
903	quality assurance program established in Section [26-8a-252] <u>53-16-403</u> .
904	(3) The department shall assess:
905	(a) the effectiveness of the data collected pursuant to Subsection (1); and
906	(b) the impact of the statewide trauma system on the provision of trauma care.
907	(4) Data collected under this section shall be subject to Title 26, Chapter 3, Health
908	Statistics.
909	(5) No person may be held civilly liable for having provided data to the department in
910	accordance with this section.
911	Section 30. Section 53-16-405, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-254 is
912	renumbered and amended to read:
913	[26-8a-254]. <u>53-16-405.</u> Trauma center designations and guidelines.
914	(1) The department, after seeking the advice of the [trauma system advisory
915	committee] council, shall establish by rule:
916	(a) trauma center designation requirements; and
917	(b) model state guidelines for triage, treatment, transportation, and transfer of trauma
918	patients to the most appropriate health care facility.
919	(2) The department shall designate as a trauma center each hospital that:
920	(a) voluntarily requests a trauma center designation; and
921	(b) meets the applicable requirements established pursuant to Subsection (1).
922	Section 31. Section 53-16-501 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-301 is
923	renumbered and amended to read:
924	Part 5. Emergency Medical Services
925	[26-8a-301]. <u>53-16-501.</u> General requirement.
926	(1) Except as provided in Section [26-8a-308 or] 26-8b-201 or 53-16-508:

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927	(a) an individual may not provide emergency medical services without a certificate
928	issued under Section [26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> ;
929	(b) a facility or provider may not hold itself out as a designated emergency medical
930	service provider without a designation issued under Section [26-8a-303] <u>53-16-503</u> ;
931	(c) a vehicle may not operate as an ambulance or emergency response vehicle without a
932	permit issued under Section [26-8a-304] <u>53-16-504</u> ; and
933	(d) an entity may not respond as an ambulance or paramedic provider without the
934	appropriate license issued under Part [4] 6, Ambulance and Paramedic Providers.
935	(2) Section $[26-8a-502]$ $53-16-702$ applies to violations of this section.
936	Section 32. Section 53-16-502 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-302 is
937	renumbered and amended to read:
938	[26-8a-302]. <u>53-16-502.</u> Certification of emergency medical service
939	personnel.
940	(1) To promote the availability of comprehensive emergency medical services
941	throughout the state, the [committee] board shall establish:
942	(a) initial and ongoing certification and training requirements for emergency medical
943	service personnel in the following categories:
944	(i) paramedic;
945	(ii) medical director;
946	(iii) emergency medical service instructor; and
947	(iv) other types of emergency medical personnel as the [committee] board considers
948	necessary; and
949	(b) guidelines for giving credit for out-of-state training and experience.
950	(2) The department shall, based on the requirements established in Subsection (1):
951	(a) develop, conduct, and authorize training and testing for emergency medical service
952	personnel; and
953	(b) issue certifications and certification renewals to emergency medical service
954	personnel.
955	(3) As provided in Section [26-8a-502] 53-16-702, an individual issued a certificate
956	under this section may only provide emergency medical services to the extent allowed by the
957	certificate.

958	Section 33. Section 53-16-503, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-303 is
959	renumbered and amended to read:
960	[26-8a-303]. <u>53-16-503.</u> Designation of emergency medical service
961	providers.
962	(1) To ensure quality emergency medical services, the [committee] board shall
963	establish designation requirements for emergency medical service providers in the following
964	categories:
965	(a) quick response provider;
966	(b) resource hospital for emergency medical providers;
967	(c) emergency medical service dispatch center;
968	(d) emergency patient receiving facilities; and
969	(e) other types of emergency medical service providers as the [committee] board
970	considers necessary.
971	(2) The department shall, based on the requirements in Subsection (1), issue
972	designations to emergency medical service providers listed in Subsection (1).
973	(3) As provided in Section [26-8a-502] 53-16-702, an entity issued a designation under
974	Subsection (1) may only function and hold itself out in accordance with its designation.
975	Section 34. Section 53-16-504, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-304 is
976	renumbered and amended to read:
977	[26-8a-304]. <u>53-16-504.</u> Permits for emergency medical service vehicles.
978	(1) To ensure that emergency medical service vehicles are adequately staffed, safe,
979	maintained, and properly equipped, the [committee] board shall establish permit requirements
980	at levels it considers appropriate in the following categories:
981	(a) ambulance; and
982	(b) emergency response vehicle.
983	(2) The department shall, based on the requirements established in Subsection (1),
984	issue permits to emergency medical service vehicles.
985	Section 35. Section 53-16-505 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-305 is
986	renumbered and amended to read:
987	[26-8a-305]. <u>53-16-505.</u> Ambulance license required for emergency
988	medical transport.

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Except as provided in Section [26-8a-308] <u>53-16-508</u>, only an ambulance operating under a permit issued under Section [26-8a-304] <u>53-16-504</u> may transport an individual who:

(1) is in an emergency medical condition;

- (2) is medically or mentally unstable, requiring direct medical observation during transport;
- (3) is physically incapacitated because of illness or injury and in need of immediate transport by emergency medical service personnel;
 - (4) is likely to require medical attention during transport;
 - (5) is being maintained on any type of emergency medical electronic monitoring;
- (6) is receiving or has recently received medications that could cause a sudden change in medical condition that might require emergency medical services;
- (7) requires IV administration or maintenance, oxygen that is not patient-operated, or other emergency medical services during transport;
- (8) needs to be immobilized during transport to a hospital, an emergency patient receiving facility, or mental health facility due to a mental or physical condition, unless the individual is in the custody of a peace officer and the primary purpose of the restraint is to prevent escape;
- (9) needs to be immobilized due to a fracture, possible fracture, or other medical condition; or
- (10) otherwise requires or has the potential to require a level of medical care that the [committee] board establishes as requiring direct medical observation.
- Section 36. Section **53-16-506**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-306 is renumbered and amended to read:

[26-8a-306]. <u>53-16-506.</u> Medical control.

- (1) The [committee] board shall establish requirements for the coordination of emergency medical services rendered by emergency medical service providers, including the coordination between prehospital providers, hospitals, emergency patient receiving facilities, and other appropriate destinations.
- (2) The [committee] board may establish requirements for the medical supervision of emergency medical service providers to assure adequate physician oversight of emergency medical services and quality improvement.

1020	Section 37. Section 53-16-507 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-307 is
1021	renumbered and amended to read:
1022	[26-8a-307]. <u>53-16-507.</u> Patient destination.
1023	(1) If an individual being transported by a ground or air ambulance is in critical or
1024	unstable condition, the ground or air ambulance shall transport the patient to the trauma center
1025	or closest emergency patient receiving facility appropriate to adequately treat the patient.
1026	(2) If the patient's condition is not critical or unstable as determined by medical
1027	control, the ground or air ambulance may transport the patient to the:
1028	(a) hospital, emergency patient receiving facility, or other medical provider chosen by
1029	the patient and approved by medical control as appropriate for the patient's condition and
1030	needs; or
1031	(b) nearest hospital, emergency patient receiving facility, or other medical provider
1032	approved by medical control as appropriate for the patient's condition and needs if the patient
1033	expresses no preference.
1034	Section 38. Section 53-16-508, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-308 is
1035	renumbered and amended to read:
1036	[26-8a-308]. <u>53-16-508.</u> Exemptions.
1037	(1) The following persons may provide emergency medical services to a patient
1038	without being certified or licensed under this chapter:
1039	(a) out-of-state emergency medical service personnel and providers in time of disaster;
1040	(b) an individual who gratuitously acts as a Good Samaritan;
1041	(c) a family member;
1042	(d) a private business if emergency medical services are provided only to employees at
1043	the place of business and during transport;
1044	(e) an agency of the United States government if compliance with this chapter would
1045	be inconsistent with federal law; and
1046	(f) police, fire, and other public service personnel if:
1047	(i) emergency medical services are rendered in the normal course of the person's duties
1048	and
1049	(ii) medical control, after being apprised of the circumstances, directs immediate
1050	transport.

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1051 (2) An ambulance or emergency response vehicle may operate without a permit issued under Section [26-8a-304] 53-16-504 in time of disaster.

- (3) Nothing in this chapter or Title 58, Occupations and Professions, may be construed as requiring a license or certificate for an individual to administer cardiopulmonary resuscitation or to use a fully automated external defibrillator under Section 26-8b-201.
- (4) Nothing in this chapter may be construed as requiring a license, permit, designation, or certificate for an acute care hospital, medical clinic, physician's office, or other fixed medical facility that:
- (a) is staffed by a physician, physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, or registered nurse; and
- (b) treats an individual who has presented himself or was transported to the hospital, clinic, office, or facility.
- Section 39. Section **53-16-509**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-309 is renumbered and amended to read:

[26-8a-309]. 53-16-509. Out-of-state vehicles.

- (1) An ambulance or emergency response vehicle from another state may not pick up a patient in Utah to transport that patient to another location in Utah or to another state without a permit issued under Section [26-8a-304] 53-16-504 and, in the case of an ambulance, a license issued under Part [4] 6, Ambulance and Paramedic Providers.
- (2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an ambulance or emergency response vehicle from another state may, without a permit or license:
 - (a) transport a patient into Utah; and

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- (b) provide assistance in time of disaster.
- (3) The department may enter into agreements with ambulance and paramedic providers and their respective licensing agencies from other states to assure the expeditious delivery of emergency medical services beyond what may be reasonably provided by licensed ambulance and paramedic providers, including the transportation of patients between states.
- Section 40. Section **53-16-510**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-310 is renumbered and amended to read:

1080 [26-8a-310]. <u>53-16-510.</u> Criminal background check.

(1) At the time of application for, or renewal of, a certificate, the department shall

obtain, at the applicant's expense, information from a criminal history record or warrant of arrest information maintained by the Department of Public Safety pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 10, Part 2, Bureau of Criminal Identification, to determine whether the individual has been convicted of a crime that bears upon the individual's fitness to be certified or to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children, the elderly, or persons with disabilities.

- (2) (a) An applicant who has not had residency in the state for the last five years shall submit fingerprints and other identifying information.
- (b) The department shall submit fingerprints obtained under Subsection (2)(a) to the Department of Public Safety to be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a nationwide criminal history record check to determine whether the individual has been convicted of a crime that bears upon the individual's fitness to be certified or to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children, the elderly, or persons with disabilities.
- (3) The department shall have access to juvenile court records to determine whether the applicant has been adjudicated in juvenile court of committing an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony or misdemeanor and that bears upon the applicant's fitness to be certified or to have responsibility for the safety and well-being of children, the elderly, or persons with disabilities if:
 - (a) the applicant is under the age of 28; or

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- (b) the applicant is over the age of 28 and has been convicted, has pleaded no contest, or is currently subject to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for a felony or misdemeanor.
 - (4) Information obtained pursuant to Subsections (1) through (3) may be used to:
 - (a) withhold certification or renewal;
 - (b) commence or substantiate disciplinary action under Section [26-8a-503] 53-16-703;
 - (c) enforce the provisions of this chapter; and
 - (d) notify the individual's employer as necessary to protect the public.
- 1108 (5) The department shall adopt rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 1109 Rulemaking Act, consistent with this chapter, defining the circumstances under which an 1110 applicant who has been convicted of a criminal offense may receive a certification under this chapter.
- 1112 Section 41. Section **53-16-601**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-401 is

1113	renumbered and amended to read:
1114	Part 6. Ambulance and Paramedic Providers
1115	[26-8a-401]. <u>53-16-601.</u> State regulation of emergency medical services
1116	market.
1117	(1) To ensure emergency medical service quality and minimize unnecessary
1118	duplication, the department shall regulate the emergency medical service market after October
1119	1, 1999, by creating and operating a statewide system that:
1120	(a) consists of exclusive geographic service areas as provided in Section [26-8a-402]
1121	<u>53-16-602</u> ; and
1122	(b) establishes maximum rates as provided in Section [26-8a-403] <u>53-16-603</u> .
1123	(2) (a) All licenses issued prior to July 1, 1996, shall expire as stated in the license.
1124	(b) If no expiration date is stated on a license issued before July 1, 1996, the license
1125	shall expire on October 1, 1999, unless:
1126	(i) the license holder requests agency action before August 1, 1999; and
1127	(ii) before October 1, 1999, the department:
1128	(A) finds the license has been used as the basis for responding to requests for
1129	ambulance or paramedic services during the past five years;
1130	(B) identifies one or more specific geographic areas covered by the license in which the
1131	license holder has actively and adequately responded as the primary provider to requests for
1132	ambulance or paramedic services during the past five years; and
1133	(C) determines that the continuation of a license in a specific geographic area identified
1134	in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(B) satisfies:
1135	(I) the standards established pursuant to Subsection [26-8a-404] 53-16-604(2); and
1136	(II) the requirement of public convenience and necessity.
1137	(c) If the department finds that a license meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(b),
1138	the department shall amend the license to reflect:
1139	(i) the specific geographic area of the license; and
1140	(ii) a four-year term extension.
1141	(d) Before July 1, 1999, the department shall publish notice once a week for four
1142	consecutive weeks of the expiration of licenses pursuant to Subsection (2)(b) in a newspaper of
1143	general circulation in the state.

1144 (e) Nothing in this Subsection (2) may be construed as restricting the authority of the 1145 department to amend overlapping licenses pursuant to Section [26-8a-416] 53-16-619. 1146 (3) After October 1, 1999, new licenses and license renewals shall be for a four-year 1147 term. 1148 Section 42. Section **53-16-602**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-402 is 1149 renumbered and amended to read: 1150 [26-8a-402]. 53-16-602. Exclusive geographic service areas. 1151 (1) Each ground ambulance provider license issued under this part shall be for an 1152 exclusive geographic service area as described in the license. Only the licensed ground 1153 ambulance provider may respond to an ambulance request that originates within the provider's 1154 exclusive geographic service area, except as provided in Subsection (5) and Section 1155 [26-8a-416] 53-16-619. 1156 (2) Each paramedic provider license issued under this part shall be for an exclusive 1157 geographic service area as described in the license. Only the licensed paramedic provider may 1158 respond to a paramedic request that originates within the exclusive geographic service area, 1159 except as provided in Subsection (6) and Section [26-8a-416] 53-16-619. 1160 (3) Nothing in this section may be construed as either requiring or prohibiting that the 1161 formation of boundaries in a given location be the same for a licensed paramedic provider as it 1162 is for a licensed ambulance provider. 1163 (4) (a) A licensed ground ambulance or paramedic provider may, as necessary, enter 1164 into a mutual aid agreement to allow another licensed provider to give assistance in times of unusual demand, as that term is defined by the [committee] board in rule. 1165 1166 (b) A mutual aid agreement shall include a formal written plan detailing the type of 1167 assistance and the circumstances under which it would be given. 1168 (c) The parties to a mutual aid agreement shall submit a copy of the agreement to the 1169 department. 1170 (d) Notwithstanding this Subsection (4), a licensed provider may not subcontract with

respond to an ambulance request that originates from the exclusive geographic area of another provider:

another entity to provide services in the licensed provider's exclusive geographic service area.

(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a licensed ground ambulance provider may

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1175	(a) pursuant to a mutual aid agreement;
1176	(b) to render assistance on a case-by-case basis to that provider; and
1177	(c) as necessary to meet needs in time of disaster or other major emergency.
1178	(6) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a licensed paramedic provider may respond to a
1179	paramedic request that originates from the exclusive geographic area of another provider:
1180	(a) pursuant to a mutual aid agreement;
1181	(b) to render assistance on a case-by-case basis to that provider; and
1182	(c) as necessary to meet needs in time of disaster or other major emergency.
1183	Section 43. Section 53-16-603, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-403 is
1184	renumbered and amended to read:
1185	[26-8a-403]. <u>53-16-603.</u> Establishment of maximum rates.
1186	(1) The department shall, after receiving recommendations under Subsection (2),
1187	establish maximum rates for ground ambulance providers and paramedic providers that are just
1188	and reasonable.
1189	(2) The [committee] board may make recommendations to the department on the
1190	maximum rates that should be set under Subsection (1).
1191	(3) (a) The department shall prohibit ground ambulance providers and paramedic
1192	providers from charging fees for transporting a patient when the provider does not transport the
1193	patient.
1194	(b) The provisions of Subsection (3)(a) do not apply to ambulance providers or
1195	paramedic providers in a geographic service area which contains a town as defined in
1196	Subsection 10-2-301(2)(f).
1197	Section 44. Section 53-16-604 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-404 is
1198	renumbered and amended to read:
1199	[26-8a-404]. <u>53-16-604.</u> Ground ambulance and paramedic licenses
1200	Application and department review.
1201	(1) Except as provided in Section [26-8a-413] 53-16-616, an applicant for a ground
1202	ambulance or paramedic license shall apply to the department for a license only by:
1203	(a) submitting a completed application;
1204	(b) providing information in the format required by the department; and
1205	(c) paying the required fees, including the cost of the hearing officer.

1206	(2) The department shall make rules establishing minimum qualifications and
1207	requirements for:
1208	(a) personnel;
1209	(b) capital reserves;
1210	(c) equipment;
1211	(d) a business plan;
1212	(e) operational procedures;
1213	(f) medical direction agreements;
1214	(g) management and control; and
1215	(h) other matters that may be relevant to an applicant's ability to provide ground
1216	ambulance or paramedic service.
1217	(3) An application for a license to provide ground ambulance service or paramedic
1218	service shall be for all ground ambulance services or paramedic services arising within the
1219	geographic service area, except that an applicant may apply for a license for less than all
1220	ground ambulance services or all paramedic services arising within an exclusive geographic
1221	area if it can demonstrate how the remainder of that area will be served.
1222	(4) (a) A ground ambulance service licensee may apply to the department for a license
1223	to provide a higher level of service as defined by department rule if:
1224	(i) the application for the license is limited to non-911 ambulance or paramedic
1225	services; and
1226	(ii) the application includes:
1227	(A) a copy of the new treatment protocols for the higher level of service approved by
1228	the off-line medical director;
1229	(B) an assessment of field performance by the applicant's off-line director; and
1230	(C) an updated plan of operation demonstrating the ability of the applicant to provide
1231	the higher level of service.
1232	(b) If the department determines that the applicant has demonstrated the ability to
1233	provide the higher level of service in accordance with Subsection (4)(a), the department shall
1234	issue a revised license reflecting the higher level of service and the requirements of Section
1235	[26-8a-408] <u>53-16-611</u> do not apply.
1236	(5) Upon receiving a completed application and the required fees, the department shall

1237	review the application and determine whether the application meets the minimum
1238	qualifications and requirements for licensure.
1239	(6) The department may deny an application if it finds that it contains any materially
1240	false or misleading information, is incomplete, or if the application demonstrates that the
1241	applicant fails to meet the minimum qualifications and requirements for licensure under
1242	Subsection (2).
1243	(7) If the department denies an application, it shall notify the applicant in writing
1244	setting forth the grounds for the denial. A denial may be appealed under Title 63G, Chapter 4,
1245	Administrative Procedures Act.
1246	Section 45. Section 53-16-605, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-405 is
1247	renumbered and amended to read:
1248	[26-8a-405]. <u>53-16-605.</u> Ground ambulance and paramedic licenses
1249	Agency notice of approval.
1250	(1) Beginning January 1, 2004, if the department determines that the application meets
1251	the minimum requirements for licensure under Section [26-8a-404] <u>53-16-604</u> , the department
1252	shall issue a notice of the approved application to the applicant.
1253	(2) A current license holder responding to a request for proposal under Section
1254	[26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-607</u> is considered an approved applicant for purposes of Section
1255	[26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-607</u> if the current license holder, prior to responding to the request for
1256	proposal, submits the following to the department:
1257	(a) the information required by Subsection [26-8a-404] 53-16-604(4)(a)(ii); and
1258	(b) if the license holder is a private entity, a financial statement, a pro forma budget
1259	and necessary letters of credit demonstrating a financial ability to expand service to a new
1260	service area; or
1261	(c) if the license holder is a governmental entity, a letter from the governmental entity's
1262	governing body demonstrating the governing body's willingness to financially support the
1263	application.
1264	Section 46. Section 53-16-606 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-405.1 is
1265	renumbered and amended to read:
1266	[26-8a-405.1]. <u>53-16-606.</u> Selection of provider by political subdivision.

(1) For purposes of this section and Sections [26-8a-405.2 and 26-8a-405.3] <u>53-16-607</u>

1268	and 53-16-608:
1269	(a) "911 ambulance or paramedic services" means either 911 ambulance service, or 911
1270	paramedic service, or both and:
1271	(i) means a 911 call received by a designated dispatch center that receives 911 or E911
1272	calls; and
1273	(ii) does not mean a seven digit telephone call received directly by an ambulance
1274	provider licensed under this chapter.
1275	(b) "Governing body" means:
1276	(i) in the case of a municipality or county, the elected council, commission, or other
1277	legislative body that is vested with the legislative power of the municipality;
1278	(ii) in the case of a special service district, local service district, or county service area,
1279	each elected council, commission, or other legislative body that is vested with the legislative
1280	power of the municipalities or counties that are members of the district or service area; and
1281	(iii) in the case of a local district or special service district for fire protection or
1282	interlocal entity, the board or other body vested with the power to adopt, amend, and repeal
1283	rules, bylaws, policies, and procedures for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its
1284	business.
1285	(c) "Political subdivision" means:
1286	(i) a city or town located in a county of the first or second class as defined in Section
1287	17-50-501;
1288	(ii) a county of the first or second class;
1289	(iii) the following districts located in a county of the first or second class:
1290	(A) a special service district created under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
1291	District Act; and
1292	(B) a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities -
1293	Local Districts, for the purpose of providing fire protection, paramedic, and emergency
1294	services; [or]
1295	(iv) areas coming together as described in Subsection [26-8a-405.2]
1296	<u>53-16-607(2)(b)(ii);</u>
1297	(v) municipalities and counties joining together pursuant to Title 11, Chapter 13,
1298	Interlocal Cooperation Act; or

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1299	(vi) a special service district for fire protection service under Subsection 17D-1-201(9).
1300	(2) (a) Only an applicant approved under Section [26-8a-405] 53-16-605 may respond
1301	to a request for a proposal for 911 ambulance or paramedic services issued in accordance with
1302	Section [26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-607</u> by a political subdivision.
1303	(b) A response to a request for proposal is subject to the maximum rates established by
1304	the department under Section [26-8a-403] <u>53-16-603</u> .
1305	(c) A political subdivision may award a contract to an applicant for the provision of
1306	911 ambulance or paramedic services:
1307	(i) in accordance with Section [26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-607</u> ; and
1308	(ii) subject to Subsection (3).
1309	(3) (a) The department shall issue a license to an applicant selected by a political
1310	subdivision under Subsection (2) unless the department finds that issuing a license to that
1311	applicant would jeopardize the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of the geographic
1312	service area.
1313	(b) A license issued under this Subsection (3):
1314	(i) is for the exclusive geographic service area approved by the department in
1315	accordance with Subsection [26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-607</u> (2);
1316	(ii) is valid for four years;
1317	(iii) is not subject to a request for license from another applicant under the provisions
1318	of Sections [26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409] <u>53-16-609 through 53-16-612</u> during the four-year
1319	term, unless the applicant's license is revoked under Section [26-8a-504] 53-16-704; and
1320	(iv) is subject to supervision by the department under Sections [26-8a-503 and
1321	26-8a-504] <u>53-16-703</u> and <u>53-16-704</u> .
1322	(4) Except as provided in Subsection [26-8a-405.3] 53-16-608(4)(a), the provisions of
1323	Sections [26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409] <u>53-16-609 through 53-16-612</u> do not apply to a
1324	license issued under this section.
1325	Section 47. Section 53-16-607, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-405.2 is
1326	renumbered and amended to read:
1327	[26-8a-405.2]. <u>53-16-607.</u> Selection of provider Request for competitive
1328	sealed proposal Public convenience and necessity.
1329	(1) (a) A political subdivision may contract with an applicant approved under Section

1330	[26-8a-404] <u>53-16-604</u> to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services for the geographic
1331	service area that is approved by the department in accordance with Subsection (2), if the
1332	political subdivision complies with the provisions of this section and Section [26-8a-405.3]
1333	<u>53-16-608</u> .
1334	(b) The provisions of this section and Sections [26-8a-405.1 and 26-8a-405.3]
1335	53-16-606 and 53-16-608 do not require a political subdivision to issue a request for proposal
1336	for ambulance or paramedic services. If a political subdivision does not contract with an
1337	applicant in accordance with this section and Section [26-8a-405.3] 53-16-608, the provisions
1338	of Sections [26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409] <u>53-16-609 through 53-16-612</u> apply to the issuance
1339	of a license for ambulance or paramedic services in the geographic service area that is within
1340	the boundaries of the political subdivision.
1341	(c) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (1)(c):
1342	(A) "Local district" means a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
1343	Government Entities - Local Districts, that:
1344	(I) is located in a county of the first or second class; and
1345	(II) provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services.
1346	(B) "Participating municipality" means a city or town whose area is partly or entirely
1347	included within a county service area or local district.
1348	(C) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is partly or
1349	entirely included within a local district.
1350	(ii) A participating municipality or participating county may contract with a provider
1351	for 911 ambulance or paramedic service as provided in this section and Section [26-8a-405.3]
1352	<u>53-16-608</u> .
1353	(iii) If the participating municipality or participating county contracts with a provider
1354	for 911 ambulance or paramedic services under this section and Section [26-8a-405.3]
1355	<u>53-16-608</u> :
1356	(A) the local district is not obligated to provide the ambulance or paramedic services
1357	that are included in the contract between the participating municipality or the participating
1358	county and the 911 ambulance or paramedic provider;
1359	(B) the local district may impose taxes and obligations within the local district in the
1360	same manner as if the participating municipality or participating county were receiving all

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services offered by the local district; and

- (C) the participating municipality's and participating county's obligations to the local district are not diminished.
- (2) (a) The political subdivision shall submit the request for proposal and the exclusive geographic service area to be included in the request for proposal to the department for approval prior to issuing the request for proposal. The department shall approve the request for proposal and the exclusive geographic service area:
 - (i) unless the geographic service area creates an orphaned area; and
- (ii) in accordance with Subsections (2)(b) and (c).
 - (b) The exclusive geographic service area may:
- 1371 (i) include the entire geographic service area that is within the political subdivision's boundaries;
 - (ii) include islands within or adjacent to other peripheral areas not included in the political subdivision that governs the geographic service area; or
 - (iii) exclude portions of the geographic service area within the political subdivision's boundaries if another political subdivision or licensed provider agrees to include the excluded area within their license.
 - (c) The proposed geographic service area for 911 ambulance or paramedic service must demonstrate that non-911 ambulance or paramedic service will be provided in the geographic service area, either by the current provider, the applicant, or some other method acceptable to the department. The department may consider the effect of the proposed geographic service area on the costs to the non-911 provider and that provider's ability to provide only non-911 services in the proposed area.
 - Section 48. Section **53-16-608**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-405.3 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 1386 [26-8a-405.3]. 53-16-608. Use of competitive sealed proposals -- Procedure -- Appeal rights.
 - (1) (a) Competitive sealed proposals for paramedic or 911 ambulance services under Section [26-8a-405.2] 53-16-607 shall be solicited through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section.
 - (b) The governing body of the political subdivision shall approve the request for

proposal prior to the notice of the request for proposals under Subsection (1)(c).

(c) (i) Notice of the request for proposals shall be published:

- 1394 (A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county; or
 - (B) if there is no such newspaper, then notice must be posted for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days.
 - (2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process of negotiations.
 - (b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the political subdivision must hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements.
 - (ii) A political subdivision shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission conference for the proposers to submit proposals.
 - (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the political subdivision may issue addenda to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal must be finalized and posted by the political subdivision at least 45 days prior to the date on which the proposal must be submitted.
 - (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
 - (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
 - (3) (a) (i) A political subdivision may select an applicant approved by the department under Section [26-8a-404] 53-16-604 to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in Subsection 63G-6-103(24).
 - (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the political subdivision, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
 - (b) The applicants who are approved under Section [26-8a-405] <u>53-16-605</u> and who

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(B) staging locations;

(C) experience;

1423	are selected under this section may be the political subdivision issuing the request for
1424	competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity,
1425	or any combination thereof.
1426	(c) A political subdivision may reject all of the competitive proposals.
1427	(4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section,
1428	a political subdivision:
1429	(a) shall apply the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections
1430	[26-8a-408] <u>53-16-611</u> (2) through (6);
1431	(b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant
1432	will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
1433	(c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the
1434	performance standards, including:
1435	(i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
1436	(ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political
1437	subdivision;
1438	(d) (i) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal based on full cost accounting in
1439	accordance with generally accepted accounting principals; and
1440	(ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of
1441	Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and
1442	in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and
1443	(e) shall set forth in the request for proposal:
1444	(i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally
1445	accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such
1446	full cost accounting principles;
1447	(ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and
1448	(iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the political subdivision in the award
1449	of the contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this
1450	Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:
1451	(A) response times;

1454	(D) quality of care; and
1455	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
1456	(5) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection 63G-6-104(3), the provisions of
1457	Title 63G, Chapter 6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies, apply to the procurement
1458	process required by this section, except as provided in Subsection (5)(c).
1459	(b) The Procurement Appeals Board created in Section 63G-6-807 shall have
1460	jurisdiction to review and determine an appeal of an offeror under this section in the same
1461	manner as provided in Section 63G-6-810.
1462	(c) (i) An offeror may appeal the solicitation or award as provided by the political
1463	subdivision's procedures. After all political subdivision appeal rights are exhausted, the offeror
1464	may appeal under the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b).
1465	(ii) The factual determination required by Subsection 63G-6-813(1) shall be based on
1466	whether the solicitation or award was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this
1467	section and Section [26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-607</u> .
1468	(d) The determination of an issue of fact by the appeals board shall be final and
1469	conclusive unless arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous as provided in Section
1470	63G-6-813.
1471	Section 49. Section 53-16-609, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-406 is
1472	renumbered and amended to read:
1473	[26-8a-406]. <u>53-16-609.</u> Ground ambulance and paramedic licenses
1474	Parties.
1475	(1) When an applicant approved under Section [26-8a-404] <u>53-16-604</u> seeks licensure
1476	under the provisions of Sections [26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409] <u>53-16-609 through 53-16-612</u> ,
1477	the department shall:
1478	(a) issue a notice of agency action to the applicant to commence an informal
1479	administrative proceeding;
1480	(b) provide notice of the application to all interested parties; and
1481	(c) publish notice of the application, at the applicant's expense:
1482	(i) once a week for four consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation in the
1483	geographic service area that is the subject of the application; and
1484	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for four weeks.

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1485	(2) An interested party has 30 days to object to an application.
1486	(3) If an interested party objects, the presiding officer must join the interested party as
1487	an indispensable party to the proceeding.
1488	(4) The department may join the proceeding as a party to represent the public interest.
1489	(5) Others who may be affected by the grant of a license to the applicant may join the
1490	proceeding, if the presiding officer determines that they meet the requirement of legal standing.
1491	Section 50. Section 53-16-610, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-407 is
1492	renumbered and amended to read:
1493	[26-8a-407]. <u>53-16-610.</u> Ground ambulance and paramedic licenses
1494	Proceedings.
1495	(1) The presiding officer shall:
1496	(a) commence an informal adjudicative proceeding within 120 days of receiving a
1497	completed application;
1498	(b) meet with the applicant and objecting interested parties and provide no less than
1499	120 days for a negotiated resolution, consistent with the criteria in Section [26-8a-408]
1500	<u>53-16-611</u> ;
1501	(c) set aside a separate time during the proceedings to accept public comment on the
1502	application; and
1503	(d) present a written decision to the executive director if a resolution has been reached
1504	that satisfies the criteria in Section $[26-8a-408]$ $53-16-611$.
1505	(2) At any time during an informal adjudicative proceeding under Subsection (1), any
1506	party may request conversion of the informal adjudicative proceeding to a formal adjudicative
1507	proceeding in accordance with Section 63G-4-202.
1508	(3) Upon conversion to a formal adjudicative proceeding, a hearing officer shall be
1509	assigned to the application as provided in Section [26-8a-409] <u>53-16-612</u> . The hearing office
1510	shall:
1511	(a) set aside a separate time during the proceedings to accept public comment on the
1512	application;
1513	(b) apply the criteria established in Section [26-8a-408] 53-16-611; and
1514	(c) present a recommended decision to the executive director in writing.
1515	(4) The executive director may, as set forth in a final written order, accept, modify,

1516	reject, or remand the decision of a presiding or hearing officer after:
1517	(a) reviewing the record;
1518	(b) giving due deference to the officer's decision; and
1519	(c) determining whether the criteria in Section [26-8a-408] 53-16-611 have been
1520	satisfied.
1521	Section 51. Section 53-16-611, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-408 is
1522	renumbered and amended to read:
1523	[26-8a-408]. <u>53-16-611.</u> Criteria for determining public convenience and
1524	necessity.
1525	(1) The criteria for determining public convenience and necessity is set forth in
1526	Subsections (2) through (6).
1527	(2) Access to emergency medical services must be maintained or improved. The
1528	officer shall consider the impact on existing services, including the impact on response times,
1529	call volumes, populations and exclusive geographic service areas served, and the ability of
1530	surrounding licensed providers to service their exclusive geographic service areas. The
1531	issuance or amendment of a license may not create an orphaned area.
1532	(3) The quality of service in the area must be maintained or improved. The officer
1533	shall consider the:
1534	(a) staffing and equipment standards of the current licensed provider and the applicant
1535	(b) training and certification levels of the current licensed provider's staff and the
1536	applicant's staff;
1537	(c) continuing medical education provided by the current licensed provider and the
1538	applicant;
1539	(d) levels of care as defined by department rule;
1540	(e) plan of medical control; and
1541	(f) the negative or beneficial impact on the regional emergency medical service system
1542	to provide service to the public.
1543	(4) The cost to the public must be justified. The officer must consider:
1544	(a) the financial solvency of the applicant;
1545	(b) the applicant's ability to provide services within the rates established under Section
1546	[26-8a-403] <u>53-16-603</u> ;

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1547	(c) the applicant's ability to comply with cost reporting requirements;
1548	(d) the cost efficiency of the applicant; and
1549	(e) the cost effect of the application on the public, interested parties, and the emergency
1550	medical services system.
1551	(5) Local desires concerning cost, quality, and access must be considered. The officer
1552	shall assess and consider:
1553	(a) the existing provider's record of providing services and the applicant's record and
1554	ability to provide similar or improved services;
1555	(b) locally established emergency medical services goals, including those established in
1556	Subsection (7);
1557	(c) comment by local governments on the applicant's business and operations plans;
1558	(d) comment by interested parties that are providers on the impact of the application on
1559	the parties' ability to provide emergency medical services;
1560	(e) comment by interested parties that are local governments on the impact of the
1561	application on the citizens it represents; and
1562	(f) public comment on any aspect of the application or proposed license.
1563	(6) Other related criteria:
1564	(a) the officer considers necessary; or
1565	(b) established by department rule.
1566	(7) The role of local governments in the licensing of ground ambulance and paramedic
1567	providers that serve areas also served by the local governments is important. The Legislature
1568	strongly encourages local governments to establish cost, quality, and access goals for the
1569	ground ambulance and paramedic services that serve their areas.
1570	(8) In a formal adjudicative proceeding, the applicant bears the burden of establishing
1571	that public convenience and necessity require the approval of the application for all or part of
1572	the exclusive geographic service area requested.
1573	Section 52. Section 53-16-612, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-409 is
1574	renumbered and amended to read:
1575	[26-8a-409]. <u>53-16-612.</u> Ground ambulance and paramedic licenses
1576	Hearing and presiding officers.
1577	(1) The department shall set certification and training standards for hearing officers and

1578	presiding officers
1579	(2) At a n

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- (2) At a minimum, a presiding officer shall:
- (a) be familiar with the theory and application of public convenience and necessity; and
 - (b) have a working knowledge of the emergency medical service system in the state.
- (3) In addition to the requirements in Subsection (2), a hearing officer shall also be licensed to practice law in the state.
- (4) The department shall provide training for hearing officer and presiding officer candidates in the theory and application of public convenience and necessity and on the emergency medical system in the state.
- (5) The department shall maintain a roster of no less than five individuals who meet the minimum qualifications for both presiding and hearing officers and the standards set by the department.
 - (6) The parties may mutually select an officer from the roster if the officer is available.
- (7) If the parties cannot agree upon an officer under Subsection (4), the department shall randomly select an officer from the roster or from a smaller group of the roster agreed upon by the applicant and the objecting interested parties.
- Section 53. Section **53-16-613**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-410 is renumbered and amended to read:

[26-8a-410]. <u>53-16-613.</u> Local approvals.

- (1) Licensed ambulance providers and paramedic providers must meet all local zoning and business licensing standards generally applicable to businesses operating within the jurisdiction.
- (2) Publicly subsidized providers must demonstrate approval of the taxing authority that will provide the subsidy.
- (3) A publicly operated service must demonstrate that the governing body has approved the provision of services to the entire exclusive geographic service area that is the subject of the license, including those areas that may lie outside the territorial or jurisdictional boundaries of the governing body.
- Section 54. Section **53-16-614**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-411 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 1608 [26-8a-411]. 53-16-614. Limitation on repetitive applications.

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1609	A person who has previously applied for a license under Sections [26-8a-406 through
1610	26-8a-409] 53-16-609 through 53-16-612 may not apply for a license for the same service that
1611	covers any exclusive geographic service area that was the subject of the prior application
1612	unless:
1613	(1) one year has passed from the date of the issuance of a final decision under Section
1614	[26-8a-407] <u>53-16-610</u> ; or
1615	(2) all interested parties and the department agree that a new application is in the public
1616	interest.
1617	Section 55. Section 53-16-615, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-412 is
1618	renumbered and amended to read:
1619	$[26-8a-412]$. Solution $\underline{53-16-615}$. License for air ambulance providers.
1620	(1) An applicant for an air ambulance provider shall apply to the department for a
1621	license only by:
1622	(a) submitting a complete application;
1623	(b) providing information in the format required by the department; and
1624	(c) paying the required fees.
1625	(2) The department may make rules establishing minimum qualifications and
1626	requirements for:
1627	(a) personnel;
1628	(b) capital reserves;
1629	(c) equipment;
1630	(d) business plan;
1631	(e) operational procedures;
1632	(f) resource hospital and medical direction agreements;
1633	(g) management and control qualifications and requirements; and
1634	(h) other matters that may be relevant to an applicant's ability to provide air ambulance
1635	services.
1636	(3) Upon receiving a completed application and the required fees, the department shall
1637	review the application and determine whether the application meets the minimum requirements
1638	for licensure.
1639	(4) The department may deny an application for an air ambulance if:

1640	(a) the department finds that the application contains any materially false or misleading
1641	information or is incomplete;
1642	(b) the application demonstrates that the applicant fails to meet the minimum
1643	requirements for licensure; or
1644	(c) the department finds after inspection that the applicant does not meet the minimum
1645	requirements for licensure.
1646	(5) If the department denies an application under this section, it shall notify the
1647	applicant in writing setting forth the grounds for the denial.
1648	Section 56. Section 53-16-616, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-413 is
1649	renumbered and amended to read:
1650	[26-8a-413]. <u>53-16-616.</u> License renewals.
1651	(1) A licensed provider desiring to renew its license must meet the renewal
1652	requirements established by department rule.
1653	(2) The department shall issue a renewal license for a ground ambulance provider or a
1654	paramedic provider upon the licensee's application for a renewal and without a public hearing
1655	if there has been:
1656	(a) no change in controlling interest in the ownership of the licensee as defined in
1657	Section [26-8a-415] <u>53-16-618</u> ;
1658	(b) no serious, substantiated public complaints filed with the department against the
1659	licensee during the term of the previous license;
1660	(c) no material or substantial change in the basis upon which the license was originally
1661	granted;
1662	(d) no reasoned objection from the [committee] board or the department; and
1663	(e) if the applicant was licensed under the provisions of Sections [26-8a-406 through
1664	26-8a-409] <u>53-16-609 through 53-16-612</u> , no conflicting license application.
1665	(3) (a) (i) The provisions of this Subsection (3) apply to a provider licensed under the
1666	provisions of Sections [26-8a-405.1 and 26-8a-405.2] <u>53-16-606</u> and <u>53-16-607</u> .
1667	(ii) A provider may renew its license if the provisions of Subsections (1), (2)(a)
1668	through (d), and this Subsection (3) are met.
1669	(b) (i) The department shall issue a renewal license to a provider upon the provider's
1670	application for renewal for one additional four-year term if the political subdivision certifies to

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the department that the provider has met all of the specifications of the original bid.

- (ii) If the political subdivision does not certify to the department that the provider has met all of the specifications of the original bid, the department may not issue a renewal license and the political subdivision must enter into a public bid process under Sections [26-8a-405.1] and 26-8a-405.2 | 53-16-606 and 53-16-607.
- (c) (i) The department shall issue an additional renewal license to a provider who has already been issued a one-time renewal license under the provisions of Subsection (3)(b)(i) if the department and the political subdivision do not receive, prior to the expiration of the provider's license, written notice from an approved applicant informing the political subdivision of the approved applicant's desire to submit a bid for ambulance or paramedic service.
- (ii) If the department and the political subdivision receive the notice in accordance with Subsection (3)(c)(i), the department may not issue a renewal license and the political subdivision must enter into a public bid process under Sections [26-8a-405.1 and 26-8a-405.2] 53-16-606 and 53-16-607.
- (4) The department shall issue a renewal license for an air ambulance provider upon the licensee's application for renewal and completion of the renewal requirements established by department rule.
- Section 57. Section **53-16-617**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-414 is renumbered and amended to read:

[26-8a-414]. 53-16-617. Annexations.

- (1) A municipality shall comply with the provisions of this section if the municipality is licensed under this chapter and desires to provide service to an area that is:
- (a) included in a petition for annexation under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation; and
 - (b) currently serviced by another provider licensed under this chapter.
- (2) (a) (i) At least 45 days prior to approving a petition for annexation, the municipality shall certify to the department that by the time of the approval of the annexation the municipality can meet or exceed the current level of service provided by the existing licensee for the annexed area by meeting the requirements of Subsections (2)(b)(ii)(A) through (D); and
- (ii) no later than three business days after the municipality files a petition for

annexation in accordance with Section 10-2-403, provide written notice of the petition for annexation to:

- (A) the existing licensee providing service to the area included in the petition of annexation; and
 - (B) the department.

- (b) (i) After receiving a certification under Subsection (2)(a), but prior to the municipality approving a petition for annexation, the department may audit the municipality only to verify the requirements of Subsections (2)(b)(ii)(A) through (D).
- (ii) If the department elects to conduct an audit, the department shall make a finding that the municipality can meet or exceed the current level of service provided by the existing licensee for the annexed area if the department finds that the municipality has or will have by the time of the approval of the annexation:
 - (A) adequate trained personnel to deliver basic and advanced life support services;
 - (B) adequate apparatus and equipment to deliver emergency medical services;
 - (C) adequate funding for personnel and equipment; and
 - (D) appropriate medical controls, such as a medical director and base hospital.
- (iii) The department shall submit the results of the audit in writing to the municipal legislative body.
- (3) (a) If the department audit finds that the municipality meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the department shall issue an amended license to the municipality and all other affected licensees to reflect the municipality's new boundaries after the department receives notice of the approval of the petition for annexation from the municipality in accordance with Section 10-2-425.
- (b) (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection 63G-4-102(2)(k), if the department audit finds that the municipality fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the municipality may request an adjudicative proceeding under the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act. The municipality may approve the petition for annexation while an adjudicative proceeding requested under this Subsection (3)(b)(i) is pending.
- 1731 (ii) The department shall conduct an adjudicative proceeding when requested under 1732 Subsection (3)(b)(i).

1733	(iii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections [26-8a-404 through 26-8a-409]
1734	53-16-604 through 53-16-612, in any adjudicative proceeding held under the provisions of
1735	Subsection (3)(b)(i), the department bears the burden of establishing that the municipality
1736	cannot, by the time of the approval of the annexation, meet the requirements of Subsection
1737	(2)(b)(ii).
1738	(c) If, at the time of the approval of the annexation, an adjudicative proceeding is
1739	pending under the provisions of Subsection (3)(b)(i), the department shall issue amended
1740	licenses if the municipality prevails in the adjudicative proceeding.
1741	Section 58. Section 53-16-618, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-415 is
1742	renumbered and amended to read:
1743	[26-8a-415]. <u>53-16-618.</u> Changes in ownership.
1744	(1) A licensed provider whose ownership or controlling ownership interest has changed
1745	shall submit information to the department, as required by department rule:
1746	(a) to establish whether the new owner or new controlling party meets minimum
1747	requirements for licensure; and
1748	(b) except as provided in Subsection (2), to commence an administrative proceeding to
1749	determine whether the new owner meets the requirement of public convenience and necessity
1750	under Section [26-8a-408] <u>53-16-611</u> .
1751	(2) An administrative proceeding is not required under Subsection (1)(b) if:
1752	(a) the change in ownership interest is among existing owners of a closely held
1753	corporation and the change does not result in a change in the management of the licensee or in
1754	the name of the licensee;
1755	(b) the change in ownership in a closely held corporation results in the introduction of
1756	new owners, provided that:
1757	(i) the new owners are limited to individuals who would be entitled to the equity in the
1758	closely held corporation by the laws of intestate succession had the transferor died intestate at
1759	the time of the transfer;
1760	(ii) the majority owners on January 1, 1999, have been disclosed to the department by
1761	October 1, 1999, and the majority owners on January 1, 1999, retain a majority interest in the
1762	closely held corporation; and

(iii) the name of the licensed provider remains the same;

(c) the change in ownership is the result of one or more owners transferring their interests to a trust, limited liability company, partnership, or closely held corporation so long as the transferors retain control over the receiving entity;

- (d) the change in ownership is the result of a distribution of an estate or a trust upon the death of the testator or the trustor and the recipients are limited to individuals who would be entitled to the interest by the laws of intestate succession had the transferor died intestate at the time of the transfer; or
- (e) other similar changes that the department establishes, by rule, as having no significant impact on the cost, quality, or access to emergency medical services.
- Section 59. Section **53-16-619**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-416 is renumbered and amended to read:

[26-8a-416]. <u>53-16-619.</u> Transition to eliminate inconsistent licenses.

- (1) By May 30, 2000, the department shall review all licenses in effect on October 2, 1999, to identify overlap, as defined in department rule, in the service areas of two or more licensed providers.
- (2) By June 30, 2000, the department shall notify all licensed providers affected by an overlap. By September 30, 2000, the department shall schedule, by order, a deadline to resolve each overlap, considering the effects on the licensed providers and the areas to be addressed.
- (3) For each overlap, the department shall meet with the affected licensed providers and provide 120 days for a negotiated resolution, consistent with the criteria in Section [26-8a-408] 53-16-611.
- (4) (a) If a resolution is reached under Subsection (2) that the department finds satisfies the criteria in Section [26-8a-408] 53-16-611, the department shall amend the licenses to reflect the resolution consistent with Subsection (6).
- (b) If a resolution is not reached under Subsection (2), the department or any of the licensed providers involved in the matter may request the commencement of a formal adjudicative proceeding to resolve the overlap.
- (5) The department shall commence adjudicative proceedings for any overlap that is not resolved by July 1, 2003.
- 1793 (6) Notwithstanding the exclusive geographic service requirement of Section 1794 [26-8a-402] 53-16-602, the department may amend one or more licenses after a resolution is

1793	reached of an adjudicative proceeding has been held to anow:
1796	(a) a single licensed provider to serve all or part of the overlap area;
1797	(b) more than one licensed provider to serve the overlap area;
1798	(c) licensed providers to provide different types of service in the overlap area; or
1799	(d) licenses that recognize service arrangements that existed on September 30, 1999.
1800	(7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6), any license for an overlap area terminates upon:
1801	(a) relinquishment by the provider; or
1802	(b) revocation by the department.
1803	Section 60. Section 53-16-701, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-501 is
1804	renumbered and amended to read:
1805	Part 7. Enforcement Provisions
1806	[26-8a-501]. <u>53-16-701.</u> Discrimination.
1807	(1) No person licensed, certified, or designated pursuant to this chapter may
1808	discriminate in the provision of emergency medical services on the basis of race, sex, color,
1809	creed, or prior inquiry as to ability to pay.
1810	(2) This chapter does not authorize or require medical assistance or transportation over
1811	the objection of an individual on religious grounds.
1812	Section 61. Section 53-16-702, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-502 is
1813	renumbered and amended to read:
1814	[26-8a-502]. <u>53-16-702.</u> Illegal activity.
1815	(1) Except as provided in Section [26-8a-308 or] 26-8b-201 or 53-16-508, a person
1816	may not:
1817	(a) practice or engage in the practice, represent himself to be practicing or engaging in
1818	the practice, or attempt to practice or engage in the practice of any activity that requires a
1819	license, certification, or designation under this chapter unless that person is so licensed,
1820	certified, or designated; or
1821	(b) offer an emergency medical service that requires a license, certificate, or
1822	designation unless the person is so licensed, certified, or designated.
1823	(2) A person may not advertise or hold himself out as one holding a license,
1824	certification, or designation required under this chapter, unless that person holds the license,
1825	certification, or designation.

1826	(3) A person may not employ or permit any employee to perform any service for which
1827	a license or certificate is required by this chapter, unless the person performing the service
1828	possesses the required license or certificate.
1829	(4) A person may not wear, display, sell, reproduce, or otherwise use any Utah
1830	Emergency Medical Services insignia without authorization from the department.
1831	(5) A person may not reproduce or otherwise use materials developed by the
1832	department for certification or recertification testing or examination without authorization from
1833	the department.
1834	(6) A person may not willfully summon an ambulance or emergency response vehicle
1835	or report that one is needed when such person knows that the ambulance or emergency
1836	response vehicle is not needed.
1837	(7) A person who violates this section is subject to Section 26-23-6.
1838	Section 62. Section 53-16-703, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-503 is
1839	renumbered and amended to read:
1840	[26-8a-503]. <u>53-16-703.</u> Discipline of emergency medical services
1841	personnel.
1842	(1) The department may refuse to issue a certificate or renewal, or revoke, suspend,
1843	restrict, or place on probation an individual's certificate if:
1844	(a) the individual does not meet the qualifications for certification under Section
1845	[26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> ;
1846	(b) the individual has engaged in conduct, as defined by [committee] board rule, that:
1847	(i) is unprofessional;
1848	(ii) is adverse to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare; or
1849	(iii) would adversely affect public trust in the emergency medical service system;
1850	(c) the individual has violated Section [26-8a-502] <u>53-16-702</u> or other provision of this
1851	chapter;
1852	(d) a court of competent jurisdiction has determined the individual to be mentally
1853	incompetent for any reason; or
1854	(e) the individual is unable to provide emergency medical services with reasonable
1855	skill and safety because of illness, drunkenness, use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, or any other
1856	type of material, or as a result of any other mental or physical condition, when the individual's

condition demonstrates a clear and unjustifiable threat or potential threat to oneself, coworkers, or the public health, safety, or welfare that cannot be reasonably mitigated.

- (2) (a) An action to revoke, suspend, restrict, or place a certificate on probation shall be done in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the department may issue a cease and desist order under Section [26-8a-507] 53-16-707 to immediately suspend an individual's certificate pending an administrative proceeding to be held within 30 days if there is evidence to show that the individual poses a clear, immediate, and unjustifiable threat or potential threat to the public health, safety, or welfare.
- (3) An individual whose certificate has been suspended, revoked, or restricted may apply for reinstatement of the certificate at reasonable intervals and upon compliance with any conditions imposed upon the certificate by statute, [committee] board rule, or the terms of the suspension, revocation, or restriction.
- (4) In addition to taking disciplinary action under Subsection (1), the department may impose sanctions in accordance with Section 26-23-6.
- Section 63. Section **53-16-704**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-504 is renumbered and amended to read:

[26-8a-504]. <u>53-16-704.</u> Discipline of designated and licensed providers.

- (1) The department may refuse to issue a license or designation or a renewal, or revoke, suspend, restrict, or place on probation, an emergency medical service provider's license or designation if the provider has:
 - (a) failed to abide by terms of the license or designation;
- (b) violated statute or rule;

- (c) failed to provide services at the level or in the exclusive geographic service area required by the license or designation;
- (d) failed to submit a renewal application in a timely fashion as required by department rule;
 - (e) failed to follow operational standards established by the [committee] board; or
- (f) committed an act in the performance of a professional duty that endangered the public or constituted gross negligence.
- 1887 (2) (a) An action to revoke, suspend, restrict, or place a license or designation on

probation shall be done in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures
Act.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the department may issue a cease and desist order under Section [26-8a-507] <u>53-16-707</u> to immediately suspend a license or designation pending an administrative proceeding to be held within 30 days if there is evidence to show that the provider or facility poses a clear, immediate, and unjustifiable threat or potential threat to the public health, safety, or welfare.
- (3) In addition to taking disciplinary action under Subsection (1), the department may impose sanctions in accordance with Section 26-23-6.
- Section 64. Section **53-16-705**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-505 is renumbered and amended to read:

1899 [26-8a-505]. <u>53-16-705.</u> Service interruption or cessation -- Receivership 1900 -- Default coverage -- Notice.

- (1) Acting in the public interest, the department may petition the district court where an ambulance or paramedic provider operates or the district court with jurisdiction in Salt Lake County to appoint the department or an independent receiver to continue the operations of a provider upon any one of the following conditions:
 - (a) the provider ceases or intends to cease operations;
 - (b) the provider becomes insolvent;

- (c) the department has initiated proceedings to revoke the provider's license and has determined that the lives, health, safety, or welfare of the population served within the provider's exclusive geographic service area are endangered because of the provider's action or inaction pending a full hearing on the license revocation; or
- (d) the department has revoked the provider's license and has been unable to adequately arrange for another provider to take over the provider's exclusive geographic service area.
- (2) If a licensed or designated provider ceases operations or is otherwise unable to provide services, the department may arrange for another licensed provider to provide services on a temporary basis until a license is issued.
- (3) A licensed provider shall give the department 30 days notice of its intent to cease operations.
 - Section 65. Section **53-16-706**, which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-506 is

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1919	renumbered and amended to read:
1920	[26-8a-506]. <u>53-16-706.</u> Investigations for enforcement of chapter.
1921	(1) The department may, for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with the
1922	provisions of this chapter, enter and inspect on a routine basis the business premises and
1923	equipment of a person:
1924	(a) with a certificate, designation, permit, or license; or
1925	(b) who holds himself out to the general public as providing a service for which a
1926	certificate, designation, permit, or license is required under Section [26-8a-301] <u>53-16-501</u> .
1927	(2) Before conducting an inspection under Subsection (1), the department shall, after
1928	identifying the person in charge:
1929	(a) give proper identification;
1930	(b) describe the nature and purpose of the inspection; and
1931	(c) if necessary, explain the authority of the department to conduct the inspection.
1932	(3) In conducting an inspection under Subsection (1), the department may, after
1933	meeting the requirements of Subsection (2):
1934	(a) inspect records, equipment, and vehicles; and
1935	(b) interview personnel.
1936	(4) An inspection conducted under Subsection (1) shall be during regular operational
1937	hours.
1938	Section 66. Section 53-16-707 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-507 is
1939	renumbered and amended to read:
1940	[26-8a-507]. <u>53-16-707.</u> Cease and desist orders.
1941	The department may issue a cease and desist order to any person who:
1942	(1) may be disciplined under Section [26-8a-503 or 26-8a-504] <u>53-16-703 or</u>
1943	<u>53-16-704</u> ; or
1944	(2) otherwise violates this chapter or any rules adopted under this chapter.
1945	Section 67. Section 53-16-801 , which is renumbered from Section 26-8a-601 is
1946	renumbered and amended to read:
1947	Part 8. Miscellaneous
1948	$[26-8a-601]$. Solution $\underline{53-16-801}$. Persons and activities exempt from civil liability.
1949	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a licensed physician, physician's

assistant, or licensed registered nurse who, gratuitously and in good faith, gives oral or written instructions to any of the following is not liable for any civil damages as a result of issuing the instructions:

(i) an individual certified under Section [26-8a-302] 53-16-502;

- 1954 (ii) a person who uses a fully automated external defibrillator, as defined in Section 26-8b-102; or
 - (iii) a person who administers CPR, as defined in Section 26-8b-102.
 - (b) The liability protection described in Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if the instructions given were the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct.
 - (2) An individual certified under Section [26-8a-302] 53-16-502, during either training or after certification, a licensed physician, physician's assistant, or a registered nurse who, gratuitously and in good faith, provides emergency medical instructions or renders emergency medical care authorized by this chapter is not liable for any civil damages as a result of any act or omission in providing the emergency medical instructions or medical care, unless the act or omission is the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct.
 - (3) An individual certified under Section [26-8a-302] 53-16-502 is not subject to civil liability for failure to obtain consent in rendering emergency medical services authorized by this chapter to any individual who is unable to give his consent, regardless of the individual's age, where there is no other person present legally authorized to consent to emergency medical care, provided that the certified individual acted in good faith.
 - (4) A principal, agent, contractor, employee, or representative of an agency, organization, institution, corporation, or entity of state or local government that sponsors, authorizes, supports, finances, or supervises any functions of an individual certified under Section [26-8a-302] 53-16-502 is not liable for any civil damages for any act or omission in connection with such sponsorship, authorization, support, finance, or supervision of the certified individual where the act or omission occurs in connection with the certified individual's training or occurs outside a hospital where the life of a patient is in immediate danger, unless the act or omission is inconsistent with the training of the certified individual, and unless the act or omission is the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct.
 - (5) A physician who gratuitously and in good faith arranges for, requests, recommends, or initiates the transfer of a patient from a hospital to a critical care unit in another hospital is

not liable for any civil damages as a result of such transfer where:

- (a) sound medical judgment indicates that the patient's medical condition is beyond the care capability of the transferring hospital or the medical community in which that hospital is located; and
- (b) the physician has secured an agreement from the receiving facility to accept and render necessary treatment to the patient.
- (6) A person who is a registered member of the National Ski Patrol System (NSPS) or a member of a ski patrol who has completed a course in winter emergency care offered by the NSPS combined with CPR for medical technicians offered by the American Red Cross or American Heart Association, or an equivalent course of instruction, and who in good faith renders emergency care in the course of ski patrol duties is not liable for civil damages as a result of any act or omission in rendering the emergency care, unless the act or omission is the result of gross negligence or willful misconduct.
- (7) An emergency medical service provider who, in good faith, transports an individual against his will but at the direction of a law enforcement officer pursuant to Section 62A-15-629 is not liable for civil damages for transporting the individual.

Section 68. Section **58-1-307** is amended to read:

58-1-307. Exemptions from licensure.

- (1) Except as otherwise provided by statute or rule, the following individuals may engage in the practice of their occupation or profession, subject to the stated circumstances and limitations, without being licensed under this title:
- (a) an individual serving in the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, or other federal agencies while engaged in activities regulated under this chapter as a part of employment with that federal agency if the individual holds a valid license to practice a regulated occupation or profession issued by any other state or jurisdiction recognized by the division;
- (b) a student engaged in activities constituting the practice of a regulated occupation or profession while in training in a recognized school approved by the division to the extent the activities are supervised by qualified faculty, staff, or designee and the activities are a defined part of the training program;
 - (c) an individual engaged in an internship, residency, preceptorship, postceptorship,

fellowship, apprenticeship, or on-the-job training program approved by the division while under the supervision of qualified individuals;

- (d) an individual residing in another state and licensed to practice a regulated occupation or profession in that state, who is called in for a consultation by an individual licensed in this state, and the services provided are limited to that consultation;
- (e) an individual who is invited by a recognized school, association, society, or other body approved by the division to conduct a lecture, clinic, or demonstration of the practice of a regulated occupation or profession if the individual does not establish a place of business or regularly engage in the practice of the regulated occupation or profession in this state;
- (f) an individual licensed under the laws of this state, other than under this title, to practice or engage in an occupation or profession, while engaged in the lawful, professional, and competent practice of that occupation or profession;
- (g) an individual licensed in a health care profession in another state who performs that profession while attending to the immediate needs of a patient for a reasonable period during which the patient is being transported from outside of this state, into this state, or through this state;
- (h) an individual licensed in another state or country who is in this state temporarily to attend to the needs of an athletic team or group, except that the practitioner may only attend to the needs of the athletic team or group, including all individuals who travel with the team or group in any capacity except as a spectator;
 - (i) an individual licensed and in good standing in another state, who is in this state:
 - (i) temporarily, under the invitation and control of a sponsoring entity;
- (ii) for a reason associated with a special purpose event, based upon needs that may exceed the ability of this state to address through its licensees, as determined by the division; and
- (iii) for a limited period of time not to exceed the duration of that event, together with any necessary preparatory and conclusionary periods; and
 - (i) a law enforcement officer, as defined under Section 53-13-103, who:
- (i) is operating a voice stress analyzer in the course of the officer's full-time employment with a federal, state, or local law enforcement agency;
 - (ii) has completed the manufacturer's training course and is certified by the

2043 manufacturer to operate that voice stress analyzer; and

- (iii) is operating the voice stress analyzer in accordance with Section 58-64-601, regarding deception detection instruments.
- (2) (a) A practitioner temporarily in this state who is exempted from licensure under Subsection (1) shall comply with each requirement of the licensing jurisdiction from which the practitioner derives authority to practice.
- (b) Violation of a limitation imposed by this section constitutes grounds for removal of exempt status, denial of license, or other disciplinary proceedings.
- (3) An individual who is licensed under a specific chapter of this title to practice or engage in an occupation or profession may engage in the lawful, professional, and competent practice of that occupation or profession without additional licensure under other chapters of this title, except as otherwise provided by this title.
- (4) Upon the declaration of a national, state, or local emergency, a public health emergency as defined in Section 26-23b-102, or a declaration by the President of the United States or other federal official requesting public health-related activities, the division in collaboration with the board may:
- (a) suspend the requirements for permanent or temporary licensure of individuals who are licensed in another state. Individuals exempt under this Subsection (4)(a) are exempt from licensure for the duration of the emergency while engaged in the scope of practice for which they are licensed in the other state;
- (b) modify, under the circumstances described in this Subsection (4) and Subsection (5), the scope of practice restrictions under this title for individuals who are licensed under this title as:
- (i) a physician under Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
- (ii) a nurse under Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, or Chapter 31c, Nurse Licensure Compact;
 - (iii) a certified nurse midwife under Chapter 44a, Nurse Midwife Practice Act;
- 2071 (iv) a pharmacist, pharmacy technician, or pharmacy intern under Chapter 17b, 2072 Pharmacy Practice Act;
 - (v) a respiratory therapist under Chapter 57, Respiratory Care Practices Act;

2074	(vi) a dentist and dental hygienist under Chapter 69, Dentist and Dental Hygienist
2075	Practice Act; and
2076	(vii) a physician assistant under Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act;
2077	(c) suspend the requirements for licensure under this title and modify the scope of
2078	practice in the circumstances described in this Subsection (4) and Subsection (5) for medical
2079	services personnel or paramedics required to be certified under Section [26-8a-302] 53-16-502;
2080	(d) suspend requirements in Subsections 58-17b-620(3) through (6) which require
2081	certain prescriptive procedures;
2082	(e) exempt or modify the requirement for licensure of an individual who is activated as
2083	a member of a medical reserve corps during a time of emergency as provided in Section
2084	26A-1-126; and
2085	(f) exempt or modify the requirement for licensure of an individual who is registered as
2086	a volunteer health practitioner as provided in Title 26, Chapter 49, Uniform Emergency
2087	Volunteer Health Practitioners Act.
2088	(5) Individuals exempt under Subsection (4)(c) and individuals operating under
2089	modified scope of practice provisions under Subsection (4)(b):
2090	(a) are exempt from licensure or subject to modified scope of practice for the duration
2091	of the emergency;
2092	(b) must be engaged in the distribution of medicines or medical devices in response to
2093	the emergency or declaration; and
2094	(c) must be employed by or volunteering for:
2095	(i) a local or state department of health; or
2096	(ii) a host entity as defined in Section 26-49-102.
2097	Section 69. Section 58-57-7 is amended to read:
2098	58-57-7. Exemptions from licensure.
2099	(1) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b), "qualified" means an individual who is a
2100	registered polysomnographic technologist or a Diplomate certified by the American Board of
2101	Sleep Medicine.
2102	(2) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following
2103	persons may engage in the practice of respiratory therapy subject to the stated circumstances
2104	and limitations without being licensed under this chapter:

2105	(a) any person who provides gratuitous care for a member of his immediate family
2106	without representing himself as a licensed respiratory care practitioner;
2107	(b) any person who is a licensed or qualified member of another health care profession,
2108	if this practice is consistent with the accepted standards of the profession and if the person does
2109	not represent himself as a respiratory care practitioner;
2110	(c) any person who serves in the Armed Forces of the United States or any other
2111	agency of the federal government and is engaged in the performance of his official duties;
2112	(d) any person who acts under a certification issued pursuant to Title [26] 53, Chapter
2113	[8a] 16, Utah Emergency Medical Services System Act, while providing emergency medical
2114	services; [and]
2115	(e) any person who delivers, installs, or maintains respiratory related durable medical
2116	equipment and who gives instructions regarding the use of that equipment in accordance with
2117	Subsections 58-57-2(3) and (6), except that this exemption does not include any clinical
2118	evaluation or treatment of the patient;
2119	(f) (i) any person who is working in a practitioner's office, acting under supervision;
2120	and
2121	(ii) for purposes of this Subsection (2)(f) and Subsection (g), "supervision" means one
2122	of the following will be immediately available for consultation in person or by phone:
2123	(A) a practitioner;
2124	(B) a respiratory therapist;
2125	(C) a Diplomate of the American Board of Sleep Medicine; or
2126	(D) a registered polysomnographic technologist; and
2127	(g) a polysomnographic technician or trainee, acting under supervision, as long as they
2128	only administer the following in a sleep lab, sleep center, or sleep facility:
2129	(i) oxygen titration; and
2130	(ii) positive airway pressure that does not include mechanical ventilation.
2131	(3) Nothing in this chapter permits a respiratory care practitioner to engage in the
2132	unauthorized practice of other health disciplines.
2133	Section 70. Section 59-12-801 is amended to read:
2134	59-12-801. Definitions.
2135	As used in this part:

(1) "Emergency medical services" is as defined in Section [26-8a-102] <u>53-16-102</u>.

2137	(2) "Federally qualified health center" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
2138	(3) "Freestanding urgent care center" means a facility that provides outpatient health
2139	care service:
2140	(a) on an as-needed basis, without an appointment;
2141	(b) to the public;
2142	(c) for the diagnosis and treatment of a medical condition if that medical condition
2143	does not require hospitalization or emergency intervention for a life threatening or potentially
2144	permanently disabling condition; and
2145	(d) including one or more of the following services:
2146	(i) a medical history physical examination;
2147	(ii) an assessment of health status; or
2148	(iii) treatment:
2149	(A) for a variety of medical conditions; and
2150	(B) that is commonly offered in a physician's office.
2151	(4) "Nursing care facility" is as defined in Section 26-21-2.
2152	(5) "Rural city hospital" means a hospital owned by a city that is located within a third,
2153	fourth, fifth, or sixth class county.
2154	(6) "Rural county health care facility" means a:
2155	(a) rural county hospital; or
2156	(b) rural county nursing care facility.
2157	(7) "Rural county hospital" means a hospital owned by a county that is:
2158	(a) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
2159	(b) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the
2160	United States Bureau of the Census.
2161	(8) "Rural county nursing care facility" means a nursing care facility owned by a
2162	county that is:
2163	(a) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
2164	(b) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the
2165	United States Census Bureau.
2166	(9) "Rural emergency medical services" means emergency medical services that are

2167 provided by a county that is:

- 2168 (a) a third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class county, as defined in Section 17-50-501; and
- 2169 (b) located outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area, as designated by the 2170 United States Census Bureau.
- 2171 (10) "Rural health clinic" is as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395x.
- Section 71. Section **62A-15-629** is amended to read:

62A-15-629. Temporary commitment -- Requirements and procedures.

- (1) (a) An adult may be temporarily, involuntarily committed to a local mental health authority upon:
- (i) written application by a responsible person who has reason to know, stating a belief that the individual is likely to cause serious injury to himself or others if not immediately restrained, and stating the personal knowledge of the individual's condition or circumstances which lead to that belief; and
- (ii) a certification by a licensed physician or designated examiner stating that the physician or designated examiner has examined the individual within a three-day period immediately preceding that certification, and that he is of the opinion that the individual is mentally ill and, because of his mental illness, is likely to injure himself or others if not immediately restrained.
- (b) Application and certification as described in Subsection (1)(a) authorizes any peace officer to take the individual into the custody of a local mental health authority and transport the individual to that authority's designated facility.
- (2) If a duly authorized peace officer observes a person involved in conduct that gives the officer probable cause to believe that the person is mentally ill, as defined in Section 62A-15-602, and because of that apparent mental illness and conduct, there is a substantial likelihood of serious harm to that person or others, pending proceedings for examination and certification under this part, the officer may take that person into protective custody. The peace officer shall transport the person to be transported to the designated facility of the appropriate local mental health authority pursuant to this section, either on the basis of his own observation or on the basis of a mental health officer's observation that has been reported to him by that mental health officer. Immediately thereafter, the officer shall place the person in the custody of the local mental health authority and make application for commitment of that person to the

local mental health authority. The application shall be on a prescribed form and shall include the following:

- (a) a statement by the officer that he believes, on the basis of personal observation or on the basis of a mental health officer's observation reported to him by the mental health officer, that the person is, as a result of a mental illness, a substantial and immediate danger to himself or others;
 - (b) the specific nature of the danger;

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- (c) a summary of the observations upon which the statement of danger is based; and
- (d) a statement of facts which called the person to the attention of the officer.
- (3) A person committed under this section may be held for a maximum of 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. At the expiration of that time period, the person shall be released unless application for involuntary commitment has been commenced pursuant to Section 62A-15-631. If that application has been made, an order of detention may be entered under Subsection 62A-15-631(3). If no order of detention is issued, the patient shall be released unless he has made voluntary application for admission.
- (4) Transportation of mentally ill persons pursuant to Subsections (1) and (2) shall be conducted by the appropriate municipal, or city or town, law enforcement authority or, under the appropriate law enforcement's authority, by ambulance to the extent that Subsection (5) applies. However, if the designated facility is outside of that authority's jurisdiction, the appropriate county sheriff shall transport the person or cause the person to be transported by ambulance to the extent that Subsection (5) applies.
- (5) Notwithstanding Subsections (2) and (4), a peace officer shall cause a person to be transported by ambulance if the person meets any of the criteria in Section [26-8a-305] 53-16-505. In addition, if the person requires physical medical attention, the peace officer shall direct that transportation be to an appropriate medical facility for treatment.
 - Section 72. Section **63C-7-202** is amended to read:
- 2224 63C-7-202. Powers of the Utah Communications Agency Network.
- The Utah Communications Agency Network shall have the power to:
- 2226 (1) sue and be sued in its own name;
- (2) have an official seal and power to alter that seal at will;
- 2228 (3) make and execute contracts and all other instruments necessary or convenient for

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2229	the performance of its duties and the exercise of its powers and functions under this chapter,
2230	including contracts with private companies licensed under Title [26] 53, Chapter [8a] 16, Utah
2231	Emergency Medical Services System Act;
2232	(4) own, acquire, construct, operate, maintain, and repair a communications network,
2233	and dispose of any portion of it;
2234	(5) borrow money and incur indebtedness;
2235	(6) issue bonds as provided in this chapter;
2236	(7) enter into agreements with public agencies, the state, and federal government to
2237	provide communications network services on terms and conditions it considers to be in the best
2238	interest of its members;
2239	(8) acquire, by gift, grant, purchase, or by exercise of eminent domain, any real
2240	property or personal property in connection with the acquisition and construction of a
2241	communications network and all related facilities and rights-of-way which it owns, operates,
2242	and maintains;
2243	(9) contract with other public agencies, the state, or federal government to provide
2244	public safety communications services in excess of those required to meet the needs or
2245	requirements of its members and the state and federal government if:
2246	(a) it is determined by the executive committee to be necessary to accomplish the
2247	purposes and realize the benefits of this chapter; and
2248	(b) any excess is sold to other public agencies, the state, or federal government and is
2249	sold on terms that assure that the cost of providing the excess service will be received by the
2250	Utah Communications Agency Network; and
2251	(10) perform all other duties authorized by this chapter.
2252	Section 73. Section 63G-4-102 is amended to read:
2253	63G-4-102. Scope and applicability of chapter.
2254	(1) Except as set forth in Subsection (2), and except as otherwise provided by a statute
2255	superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the provisions of
2256	this chapter apply to every agency of the state and govern:
2257	(a) state agency action that determines the legal rights, duties, privileges, immunities,

or other legal interests of an identifiable person, including agency action to grant, deny, revoke,

suspend, modify, annul, withdraw, or amend an authority, right, or license; and

- (b) judicial review of the action.
- 2261 (2) This chapter does not govern:

- (a) the procedure for making agency rules, or judicial review of the procedure or rules;
- (b) the issuance of a notice of a deficiency in the payment of a tax, the decision to waive a penalty or interest on taxes, the imposition of and penalty or interest on taxes, or the issuance of a tax assessment, except that this chapter governs an agency action commenced by a taxpayer or by another person authorized by law to contest the validity or correctness of the action;
- (c) state agency action relating to extradition, to the granting of a pardon or parole, a commutation or termination of a sentence, or to the rescission, termination, or revocation of parole or probation, to the discipline of, resolution of a grievance of, supervision of, confinement of, or the treatment of an inmate or resident of a correctional facility, the Utah State Hospital, the Utah State Developmental Center, or a person in the custody or jurisdiction of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, or a person on probation or parole, or judicial review of the action;
- (d) state agency action to evaluate, discipline, employ, transfer, reassign, or promote a student or teacher in a school or educational institution, or judicial review of the action;
- (e) an application for employment and internal personnel action within an agency concerning its own employees, or judicial review of the action;
- (f) the issuance of a citation or assessment under Title 34A, Chapter 6, Utah Occupational Safety and Health Act, and Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act, Chapter 11a, Cosmetologist/Barber, Esthetician, Electrologist, and Nail Technician Licensing Act, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects Licensing Act, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, Chapter 63, Security Personnel Licensing Act, and Chapter 76, Professional Geologist Licensing Act, except that this chapter governs an agency action commenced by the employer, licensee, or other person authorized by law to contest the validity or correctness of the citation or assessment;
- (g) state agency action relating to management of state funds, the management and disposal of school and institutional trust land assets, and contracts for the purchase or sale of products, real property, supplies, goods, or services by or for the state, or by or for an agency of

- 2291 the state, except as provided in those contracts, or judicial review of the action;
- (h) state agency action under Title 7, Chapter 1, [Article] Part 3, Powers and Duties of
- 2293 Commissioner of Financial Institutions, Title 7, Chapter 2, Possession of Depository Institution
- by Commissioner, Title 7, Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or
- Holding Companies, and Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity Act of Utah, or
- 2296 judicial review of the action;
- (i) the initial determination of a person's eligibility for unemployment benefits, the
- initial determination of a person's eligibility for benefits under Title 34A, Chapter 2, Workers'
- 2299 Compensation Act, and Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, or the initial
- 2300 determination of a person's unemployment tax liability;
- 2301 (j) state agency action relating to the distribution or award of a monetary grant to or
- between governmental units, or for research, development, or the arts, or judicial review of the
- 2303 action;
- 2304 (k) the issuance of a notice of violation or order under Title [26] 53, Chapter [8a] 16,
- 2305 Utah Emergency Medical Services System Act, Title 19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act,
- 2306 Title 19, Chapter 3, Radiation Control Act, Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe Drinking Water Act, Title
- 2307 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 1, Solid and Hazardous Waste Act,
- Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 4, Underground Storage Tank Act, or Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 7, Used
- 2309 Oil Management Act, or Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 10, Mercury Switch Removal Act, except
- that this chapter governs an agency action commenced by a person authorized by law to contest
- the validity or correctness of the notice or order;
- 2312 (1) state agency action, to the extent required by federal statute or regulation, to be
- 2313 conducted according to federal procedures;
 - (m) the initial determination of a person's eligibility for government or public
- 2315 assistance benefits;
- 2316 (n) state agency action relating to wildlife licenses, permits, tags, and certificates of
- 2317 registration;

- 2318 (o) a license for use of state recreational facilities;
- 2319 (p) state agency action under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
- 2320 Management Act, except as provided in Section 63G-2-603;
- 2321 (q) state agency action relating to the collection of water commissioner fees and

2322	delinquency penalties, or judicial review of the action;
2323	(r) state agency action relating to the installation, maintenance, and repair of headgates,
2324	caps, values, or other water controlling works and weirs, flumes, meters, or other water
2325	measuring devices, or judicial review of the action;
2326	(s) the issuance and enforcement of an initial order under Section 73-2-25;
2327	(t) (i) a hearing conducted by the Division of Securities under Section 61-1-11.1; and
2328	(ii) an action taken by the Division of Securities pursuant to a hearing conducted under
2329	Section 61-1-11.1, including a determination regarding the fairness of an issuance or exchange
2330	of securities described in Subsection 61-1-11.1(1); and
2331	(u) state agency action relating to water well driller licenses, water well drilling
2332	permits, water well driller registration, or water well drilling construction standards, or judicial
2333	review of the action.
2334	(3) This chapter does not affect a legal remedy otherwise available to:
2335	(a) compel an agency to take action; or
2336	(b) challenge an agency's rule.
2337	(4) This chapter does not preclude an agency, prior to the beginning of an adjudicative
2338	proceeding, or the presiding officer during an adjudicative proceeding from:
2339	(a) requesting or ordering a conference with parties and interested persons to:
2340	(i) encourage settlement;
2341	(ii) clarify the issues;
2342	(iii) simplify the evidence;
2343	(iv) facilitate discovery; or
2344	(v) expedite the proceeding; or
2345	(b) granting a timely motion to dismiss or for summary judgment if the requirements of
2346	Rule 12(b) or Rule 56 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure are met by the moving party,
2347	except to the extent that the requirements of those rules are modified by this chapter.
2348	(5) (a) A declaratory proceeding authorized by Section 63G-4-503 is not governed by
2349	this chapter, except as explicitly provided in that section.
2350	(b) Judicial review of a declaratory proceeding authorized by Section 63G-4-503 is
2351	governed by this chapter.

(6) This chapter does not preclude an agency from enacting a rule affecting or

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Act, as provided in Section 4-35-6;

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2353	governing an adjudicative proceeding or from following the rule, if the rule is enacted
2354	according to the procedures outlined in Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
2355	Act, and if the rule conforms to the requirements of this chapter.
2356	(7) (a) If the attorney general issues a written determination that a provision of this
2357	chapter would result in the denial of funds or services to an agency of the state from the federal
2358	government, the applicability of the provision to that agency shall be suspended to the extent
2359	necessary to prevent the denial.
2360	(b) The attorney general shall report the suspension to the Legislature at its next
2361	session.
2362	(8) Nothing in this chapter may be interpreted to provide an independent basis for
2363	jurisdiction to review final agency action.
2364	(9) Nothing in this chapter may be interpreted to restrict a presiding officer, for good
2365	cause shown, from lengthening or shortening a time period prescribed in this chapter, except
2366	the time period established for judicial review.
2367	Section 74. Section 63J-1-602 is amended to read:
2368	63J-1-602. Nonlapsing accounts and funds.
2369	(1) The following revenue collections, appropriations from a fund or account, and
2370	appropriations to a program are nonlapsing:
2371	(a) appropriations made to the Legislature and its committees;
2372	(b) funds collected by the grain grading program, as provided in Section 4-2-2;
2373	(c) the Salinity Offset Fund created in Section 4-2-8.5;
2374	(d) the Invasive Species Mitigation Fund created in Section 4-2-8.7;
2375	(e) funds collected by pesticide dealer license registration fees, as provided in Section
2376	4-14-3;
2377	(f) funds collected by pesticide applicator business registration fees, as provided in
2378	Section 4-14-13;
2379	(g) the Rangeland Improvement Fund created in Section 4-20-2;
2380	(h) funds deposited as dedicated credits under the Insect Infestation Emergency Control

(i) the Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404;(j) the Centennial History Fund created in Section 9-8-604;

2384	(k) the Uintah Basin Revitalization Fund, as provided in Section 9-10-108;
2385	(1) the Navajo Revitalization Fund created in Section 9-11-104;
2386	(m) the LeRay McAllister Critical Land Conservation Program created in Section
2387	11-38-301;
2388	(n) the Clean Fuels and Vehicle Technology Fund created in Section 19-1-403;
2389	(o) fees deposited as dedicated credits for hazardous waste plan reviews, as provided in
2390	Section 19-6-120;
2391	(p) an appropriation made to the Division of Wildlife Resources for the appraisal and
2392	purchase of lands under the Pelican Management Act, as provided in Section 23-21a-6;
2393	(q) award monies under the Crime Reduction Assistance Program, as provided under
2394	Section 24-1-19;
2395	(r) funds collected from the emergency medical services grant program, as provided in
2396	Section [26-8a-207] <u>53-16-308</u> ;
2397	(s) fees and other funding available to purchase training equipment and to administer
2398	tests and conduct quality assurance reviews, as provided in Section [26-8a-208] <u>53-16-309</u> ;
2399	(t) funds collected as a result of a sanction under Section 1919 of Title XIX of the
2400	federal Social Security Act, as provided in Section 26-18-3;
2401	(u) the Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section
2402	26-46-102;
2403	(v) monies collected from subscription fees for publications prepared or distributed by
2404	the insurance commissioner, as provided in Section 31A-2-208;
2405	(w) monies received by the Insurance Department for administering, investigating
2406	under, and enforcing the Insurance Fraud Act, as provided in Section 31A-31-108;
2407	(x) certain monies received for penalties paid under the Insurance Fraud Act, as
2408	provided in Section 31A-31-109;
2409	(y) the fund for operating the state's Federal Health Care Tax Credit Program, as
2410	provided in Section 31A-38-104;
2411	(z) certain funds in the Department of Workforce Services' program for the education,
2412	training, and transitional counseling of displaced homemakers, as provided in Section
2413	35A-3-114;
2414	(aa) the Employment Security Administration Fund created in Section 35A-4-505;

2415	(bb) the Special Administrative Expense Fund created in Section 35A-4-506;
2416	(cc) funding for a new program or agency that is designated as nonlapsing under
2417	Section 36-24-101;
2418	(dd) the Oil and Gas Conservation Account created in Section 40-6-14.5;
2419	(ee) funds available to the State Tax Commission for purchase and distribution of
2420	license plates and decals, as provided in Section 41-1a-1201;
2421	(ff) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the Motor Vehicle Act, as
2422	provided in Section 41-1a-1221;
2423	(gg) certain fees collected for administering and enforcing the Motor Vehicle Business
2424	Regulation Act, as provided in Section 41-3-601;
2425	(hh) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the Motor Vehicle Business
2426	Regulation Act, as provided in Section 41-3-604;
2427	(ii) the Off-Highway Access and Education Restricted Account created in Section
2428	41-22-19.5;
2429	(jj) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the Motor Vehicle Act, as
2430	provided in Section 41-22-36;
2431	(kk) monies collected under the Notaries Public Reform Act, as provided under
2432	46-1-23;
2433	(II) certain funds associated with the Law Enforcement Operations Account, as
2434	provided in Section 51-9-411;
2435	(mm) the Public Safety Honoring Heroes Restricted Account created in Section
2436	53-1-118;
2437	(nn) funding for the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in
2438	Section 53-2-107;
2439	(oo) appropriations made to the Department of Public Safety from the Department of
2440	Public Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section 53-3-106;
2441	(pp) appropriations to the Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section
2442	53-3-905;
2443	(qq) fees collected by the State Fire Marshal Division under the Utah Fire Prevention
2444	and Safety Act, as provided in Section 53-7-314;
2445	(rr) the DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section 53-10-407;

2446	(ss) the minimum school program, as provided in Section 53A-17a-105;
2447	(tt) certain funds appropriated from the Uniform School Fund to the State Board of
2448	Education for new teacher bonus and performance-based compensation plans, as provided in
2449	Section 53A-17a-148;
2450	(uu) certain funds appropriated from the Uniform School Fund to the State Board of
2451	Education for implementation of proposals to improve mathematics achievement test scores, as
2452	provided in Section 53A-17a-152;
2453	(vv) the School Building Revolving Account created in Section 53A-21-401;
2454	(ww) monies received by the State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of certain
2455	products or services, as provided in Section 53A-24-105;
2456	(xx) the State Board of Regents, as provided in Section 53B-6-104;
2457	(yy) certain funds appropriated from the General Fund to the State Board of Regents
2458	for teacher preparation programs, as provided in Section 53B-6-104;
2459	(zz) a certain portion of monies collected for administrative costs under the School
2460	Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202;
2461	(aaa) certain surcharges on residence and business telecommunications access lines
2462	imposed by the Public Service Commission, as provided in Section 54-8b-10;
2463	(bbb) certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional
2464	Licensing for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and
2465	enforcement purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505;
2466	(ccc) the Nurse Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section 58-31b-103;
2467	(ddd) funding of the controlled substance database, as provided in Section 58-37-7.7;
2468	(eee) the Certified Nurse Midwife Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section
2469	58-44a-103;
2470	(fff) funding for the building inspector's education program, as provided in Section
2471	58-56-9;
2472	(ggg) certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional
2473	Licensing for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as
2474	provided in Section 58-63-103;
2475	(hhh) the Professional Geologist Education and Enforcement Fund created in Section
2476	58-76-103:

2477	(iii) certain monies in the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund, as
2478	provided in Section 59-12-103;
2479	(jjj) funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background
2480	check for broker and sales agent licenses, as provided in Section 61-2-9;
2481	(kkk) the Utah Housing Opportunity Restricted Account created in Section 61-2-28;
2482	(Ill) funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background
2483	check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202;
2484	(mmm) funds paid to the Division of Real Estate in relation to examination of records
2485	in an investigation, as provided in Section 61-2c-401;
2486	(nnn) certain funds donated to the Department of Human Services, as provided in
2487	Section 62A-1-111;
2488	(000) certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as provided
2489	in Section 62A-4a-110;
2490	(ppp) the Mental Health Therapist Grant and Scholarship Program, as provided in
2491	Section 62A-13-109;
2492	(qqq) assessments for DUI violations that are forwarded to an account created by a
2493	county treasurer, as provided in Section 62A-15-503;
2494	(rrr) appropriations to the Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided
2495	in Section 62A-5-102;
2496	(sss) certain donations to the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, as
2497	provided in Section 62A-15-103;
2498	(ttt) certain funds received by the Division of Parks and Recreation from the sale or
2499	disposal of buffalo, as provided under Section 63-11-19.2;
2500	(uuu) revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades State
2501	Park, or Jordan River State Park, as provided under Section 63-11-19.5;
2502	(vvv) revenue for golf user fees at the Green River State Park, as provided under
2503	Section 63-11-19.6;
2504	(www) the Centennial Nonmotorized Paths and Trail Crossings Program created under
2505	Section 63-11a-503;
2506	(xxx) the Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 63-11a-504;
2507	(yyy) the account for the Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 63-73-10;

2508	(zzz) the Risk Management Fund created under Section 63A-4-201;
2509	(aaaa) the Child Welfare Parental Defense Fund created in Section 63A-11-203;
2510	(bbbb) the Constitutional Defense Restricted Account created in Section 63C-4-103;
2511	(cccc) a portion of the funds appropriated to the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, as
2512	provided in Section 63C-6-104;
2513	(dddd) funding for the Medical Education Program administered by the Medical
2514	Education Council, as provided in Section 63C-8-102;
2515	(eeee) certain monies payable for commission expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah
2516	Athletic Commission, as provided under Section 63C-11-301;
2517	(ffff) funds collected for publishing the Division of Administrative Rules' publications
2518	as provided in Section 63G-3-402;
2519	(gggg) the appropriation to fund the Governor's Office of Economic Development's
2520	Enterprise Zone Act, as provided in Section 63M-1-416;
2521	(hhhh) the Tourism Marketing Performance Account, as provided in Section
2522	63M-1-1406;
2523	(iiii) certain funding for rural development provided to the Office of Rural
2524	Development in the Governor's Office of Economic Development, as provided in Section
2525	63M-1-1604;
2526	(jjjj) certain monies in the Development for Disadvantaged Rural Communities
2527	Restricted Account, as provided in Section 63M-1-2003;
2528	(kkkk) appropriations to the Utah Science Technology and Research Governing
2529	Authority, created under Section 63M-2-301, as provided under Section 63M-3-302;
2530	(Illl) certain monies in the Rural Broadband Service Fund, as provided in Section
2531	63M-1-2303;
2532	(mmmm) funds collected from monthly offender supervision fees, as provided in
2533	Section 64-13-21.2;
2534	(nnnn) funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state parole
2535	inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2);
2536	(0000) the Sovereign Lands Management account created in Section 65A-5-1;
2537	(pppp) certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of Forestry, Fire,
2538	and State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103:

2539	(qqqq) the Department of Human Resource Management user training program, as
2540	provided in Section 67-19-6;
2541	(rrrr) funds for the University of Utah Poison Control Center program, as provided in
2542	Section 69-2-5.5;
2543	(ssss) appropriations to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan
2544	Fund, as provided in Section 72-2-117;
2545	(tttt) appropriations to the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund, as
2546	provided in Section 72-2-117.5;
2547	(uuuu) appropriations to the Tollway Restricted Special Revenue Fund, as provided in
2548	Section 77-2-120;
2549	(vvvv) appropriations to the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund, as
2550	provided in Section 77-2-122;
2551	(www) appropriations to the State Park Access Highways Improvement Program, as
2552	provided in Section 72-3-207;
2553	(xxxx) the Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112;
2554	(yyyy) certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well drilling fines
2555	or bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25;
2556	(zzzz) certain monies appropriated to increase the carrying capacity of the Jordan River
2557	that are transferred to the Division of Parks and Recreation, as provided in Section 73-10e-1;
2558	(aaaaa) certain fees for the cost of electronic payments under the State Boating Act, as
2559	provided in Section 73-18-25;
2560	(bbbbb) certain monies appropriated from the Water Resources Conservation and
2561	Development Fund, as provided in Section 73-23-2;
2562	(cccc) the Lake Powell Pipeline Project Operation and Maintenance Fund created in
2563	Section 73-28-404;
2564	(ddddd) certain funds in the Water Development and Flood Mitigation Reserve
2565	Account, as provided in Section 73-103-1;
2566	(eeeee) certain funds appropriated for compensation for special prosecutors, as
2567	provided in Section 77-10a-19;
2568	(fffff) the Indigent Aggravated Murder Defense Trust Fund created in Section
2569	77-32-601;

2570	(ggggg) the Indigent Felony Defense Trust Fund created in Section 77-32-701;
2571	(hhhhh) funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as provided in
2572	Subsection 78A-6-203(c);
2573	(iiiii) a state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210;
2574	and
2575	(jjjjj) fees from the issuance and renewal of licenses for certified court interpreters, as
2576	provided in Section 78B-1-146.
2577	(2) No revenue collection, appropriation from a fund or account, or appropriation to a
2578	program may be treated as nonlapsing unless:
2579	(a) it is expressly referenced by this section;
2580	(b) it is designated in a condition of appropriation in the appropriations bill; or
2581	(c) nonlapsing authority is granted under Section 63J-1-603.
2582	(3) Each legislative appropriations subcommittee shall review the accounts and funds
2583	that have been granted nonlapsing authority under this section or Section 63J-1-603.
2584	Section 75. Section 75-2a-103 is amended to read:
2585	75-2a-103. Definitions.
2586	As used in this chapter:
2587	(1) "Adult" means a person who is:
2588	(a) at least 18 years of age; or
2589	(b) an emancipated minor.
2590	(2) "Advance health care directive":
2591	(a) includes:
2592	(i) a designation of an agent to make health care decisions for an adult when the adult
2593	cannot make or communicate health care decisions; or
2594	(ii) an expression of preferences about health care decisions;
2595	(b) may take one of the following forms:
2596	(i) a written document, voluntarily executed by an adult in accordance with the
2597	requirements of this chapter; or
2598	(ii) a witnessed oral statement, made in accordance with the requirements of this
2599	chapter; and
2600	(c) does not include a life with dignity order.

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2601	(3) "Agent" means a person designated in an advance health care directive to make
2602	health care decisions for the declarant.
2603	(4) "APRN" means a person who is:
2604	(a) certified or licensed as an advance practice registered nurse under Subsection
2605	58-31b-301(2)(d);
2606	(b) an independent practitioner;
2607	(c) acting under a consultation and referral plan with a physician; and
2608	(d) acting within the scope of practice for that person, as provided by law, rule, and
2609	specialized certification and training in that person's area of practice.
2610	(5) "Best interest" means that the benefits to the person resulting from a treatment
2611	outweigh the burdens to the person resulting from the treatment, taking into account:
2612	(a) the effect of the treatment on the physical, emotional, and cognitive functions of the
2613	person;
2614	(b) the degree of physical pain or discomfort caused to the person by the treatment or
2615	the withholding or withdrawal of treatment;
2616	(c) the degree to which the person's medical condition, the treatment, or the
2617	withholding or withdrawal of treatment, result in a severe and continuing impairment of the
2618	dignity of the person by subjecting the person to humiliation and dependency;
2619	(d) the effect of the treatment on the life expectancy of the person;
2620	(e) the prognosis of the person for recovery with and without the treatment;
2621	(f) the risks, side effects, and benefits of the treatment, or the withholding or
2622	withdrawal of treatment; and
2623	(g) the religious beliefs and basic values of the person receiving treatment, to the extent
2624	these may assist the decision maker in determining the best interest.
2625	(6) "Capacity to appoint an agent" means that the adult understands the consequences
2626	of appointing a particular person as agent.
2627	(7) "Declarant" means an adult who has completed and signed or directed the signing
2628	of an advance health care directive.
2629	(8) "Default surrogate" means the adult who may make decisions for an individual
2630	when either:
2631	(a) an agent or guardian has not been appointed; or

2632	(b) an agent is not able, available, or willing to make decisions for an adult.
2633	(9) "Emergency medical services provider" means a person who is licensed,
2634	designated, or certified under Title [26] 53, Chapter [8a] 16, Utah Emergency Medical Services
2635	System Act.
2636	(10) "Generally accepted health care standards":
2637	(a) is defined only for the purpose of:
2638	(i) this chapter and does not define the standard of care for any other purpose under
2639	Utah law; and
2640	(ii) enabling health care providers to interpret the statutory form set forth in Section
2641	75-2a-117; and
2642	(b) means the standard of care that justifies a provider in declining to provide life
2643	sustaining care because the proposed life sustaining care:
2644	(i) will not prevent or reduce the deterioration in the health or functional status of a
2645	person;
2646	(ii) will not prevent the impending death of a person; or
2647	(iii) will impose more burden on the person than any expected benefit to the person.
2648	(11) "Health care" means any care, treatment, service, or procedure to improve,
2649	maintain, diagnose, or otherwise affect a person's physical or mental condition.
2650	(12) "Health care decision":
2651	(a) means a decision about an adult's health care made by, or on behalf of, an adult, that
2652	is communicated to a health care provider;
2653	(b) includes:
2654	(i) selection and discharge of a health care provider and a health care facility;
2655	(ii) approval or disapproval of diagnostic tests, procedures, programs of medication,
2656	and orders not to resuscitate; and
2657	(iii) directions to provide, withhold, or withdraw artificial nutrition and hydration and
2658	all other forms of health care; and
2659	(c) does not include decisions about an adult's financial affairs or social interactions
2660	other than as indirectly affected by the health care decision.
2661	(13) "Health care decision making capacity" means an adult's ability to make an
2662	informed decision about receiving or refusing health care, including:

2663	(a) the ability to understand the nature, extent, or probable consequences of health
2664	status and health care alternatives;
2665	(b) the ability to make a rational evaluation of the burdens, risks, benefits, and
2666	alternatives of accepting or rejecting health care; and
2667	(c) the ability to communicate a decision.
2668	(14) "Health care facility" means:
2669	(a) a health care facility as defined in Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility
2670	Licensing and Inspection Act; and
2671	(b) private offices of physicians, dentists, and other health care providers licensed to
2672	provide health care under Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
2673	(15) "Health care provider" is as defined in Section 78B-3-403, except that it does not
2674	include an emergency medical services provider.
2675	(16) (a) "Life sustaining care" means any medical intervention, including procedures,
2676	administration of medication, or use of a medical device, that maintains life by sustaining,
2677	restoring, or supplanting a vital function.
2678	(b) "Life sustaining care" does not include care provided for the purpose of keeping a
2679	person comfortable.
2680	(17) "Life with dignity order" means an order, designated by the Department of Health
2681	under Section 75-2a-106(5)(a), that gives direction to health care providers, health care
2682	facilities, and emergency medical services providers regarding the specific health care
2683	decisions of the person to whom the order relates.
2684	(18) "Minor" means a person who:
2685	(a) is under 18 years of age; and
2686	(b) is not an emancipated minor.
2687	(19) "Physician" means a physician and surgeon or osteopathic surgeon licensed under
2688	Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act or Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical
2689	Practice Act.
2690	(20) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed as a physician assistant under Title
2691	58, Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act.
2692	(21) "Reasonably available" means:
2693	(a) readily able to be contacted without undue effort; and

2694	(b) willing and able to act in a timely manner considering the urgency of the
2695	circumstances.
2696	(22) "Substituted judgment" means the standard to be applied by a surrogate when
2697	making a health care decision for an adult who previously had the capacity to make health care
2698	decisions, which requires the surrogate to consider:
2699	(a) specific preferences expressed by the adult:
2700	(i) when the adult had the capacity to make health care decisions; and
2701	(ii) at the time the decision is being made;
2702	(b) the surrogate's understanding of the adult's health care preferences;
2703	(c) the surrogate's understanding of what the adult would have wanted under the
2704	circumstances; and
2705	(d) to the extent that the preferences described in Subsections (22)(a) through (c) are
2706	unknown, the best interest of the adult.
2707	(23) "Surrogate" means a health care decision maker who is:
2708	(a) an appointed agent;
2709	(b) a default surrogate under the provisions of Section 75-2a-108; or
2710	(c) a guardian.
2711	Section 76. Section 75-2a-106 is amended to read:
2712	75-2a-106. Emergency medical services Life with dignity order.
2713	(1) A life with dignity order may be created by or on behalf of a person as described in
2714	this section.
2715	(2) A life with dignity order shall, in consultation with the person authorized to consent
2716	to the order pursuant to this section, be prepared by:
2717	(a) the physician, APRN, or, subject to Subsection (11), physician assistant of the
2718	person to whom the life with dignity order relates; or
2719	(b) a health care provider who:
2720	(i) is acting under the supervision of a person described in Subsection (2)(a); and
2721	(ii) is:
2722	(A) a nurse, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
2723	(B) a physician assistant, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant
2724	Act;

2725	(C) a mental health professional, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 60, Mental Health
2726	Professional Practice Act; or
2727	(D) another health care provider, designated by rule as described in Subsection (10).
2728	(3) A life with dignity order shall be signed:
2729	(a) personally, by the physician, APRN, or, subject to Subsection (11), physician
2730	assistant of the person to whom the life with dignity order relates; and
2731	(b) (i) if the person to whom the life with dignity order relates is an adult with health
2732	care decision making capacity, by:
2733	(A) the person; or
2734	(B) an adult who is directed by the person to sign the life with dignity order on behalf
2735	of the person;
2736	(ii) if the person to whom the life with dignity order relates is an adult who lacks health
2737	care decision making capacity, by:
2738	(A) the surrogate with the highest priority under Section 75-2a-111;
2739	(B) the majority of the class of surrogates with the highest priority under Section
2740	75-2a-111; or
2741	(C) a person directed to sign the order by, and on behalf of, the persons described in
2742	Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A) or (B); or
2743	(iii) if the person to whom the life with dignity order relates is a minor, by a parent or
2744	guardian of the minor.
2745	(4) If a life with dignity order relates to a minor and directs that life sustaining
2746	treatment be withheld or withdrawn from the minor, the order shall include a certification by
2747	two physicians that, in their clinical judgment, an order to withhold or withdraw life sustaining
2748	treatment is in the best interest of the minor.
2749	(5) A life with dignity order:
2750	(a) shall be in writing, on a form approved by the Department of Health;
2751	(b) shall state the date on which the order was made;
2752	(c) may specify the level of life sustaining care to be provided to the person to whom
2753	the order relates; and
2754	(d) may direct that life sustaining care be withheld or withdrawn from the person to

whom the order relates.

2756 (6) A health care provider or emergency medical service provider, licensed or certified 2757 under Title [26] 53, Chapter [8a] 16, Utah Emergency Medical Services System Act, is 2758 immune from civil or criminal liability, and is not subject to discipline for unprofessional 2759 conduct, for: 2760 (a) complying with a life with dignity order in good faith; or 2761 (b) providing life sustaining treatment to a person when a life with dignity order directs that the life sustaining treatment be withheld or withdrawn. 2762 2763 (7) To the extent that the provisions of a life with dignity order described in this 2764 section conflict with the provisions of an advance health care directive made under Section 2765 75-2a-107, the provisions of the life with dignity order take precedence. 2766 (8) An adult, or a parent or guardian of a minor, may revoke a life with dignity order 2767 by: 2768 (a) orally informing emergency service personnel; 2769 (b) writing "void" across the form; 2770 (c) burning, tearing, or otherwise destroying or defacing: 2771 (i) the form; or 2772 (ii) a bracelet or other evidence of the life with dignity order; 2773 (d) asking another adult to take the action described in this Subsection (8) on the 2774 person's behalf; 2775 (e) signing or directing another adult to sign a written revocation on the person's 2776 behalf; 2777 (f) stating, in the presence of an adult witness, that the person wishes to revoke the order: or 2778 2779 (g) completing a new life with dignity order. 2780 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), a surrogate for an adult who lacks 2781 health care decision making capacity may only revoke a life with dignity order if the revocation 2782 is consistent with the substituted judgment standard. 2783 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), a surrogate who has authority under this 2784 section to sign a life with dignity order may revoke a life with dignity order, in accordance with

(i) signing a written revocation of the life with dignity order; or

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Subsection (9)(a), by:

2787	(ii) completing and signing a new life with dignity order.
2788	(c) A surrogate may not revoke a life with dignity order during the period of time
2789	beginning when an emergency service provider is contacted for assistance, and ending when
2790	the emergency ends.
2791	(10) (a) The Department of Health shall adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
2792	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
2793	(i) create the forms and systems described in this section; and
2794	(ii) develop uniform instructions for the form established in Section 75-2a-117.
2795	(b) The Department of Health may adopt rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2796	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to designate health care professionals, in addition to
2797	those described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), who may prepare a life with dignity order.
2798	(c) The Department of Health may assist others with training of health care
2799	professionals regarding this chapter.
2800	(11) A physician assistant may not prepare or sign a life with dignity order, unless the
2801	physician assistant is permitted to prepare or sign the life with dignity order under the physician
2802	assistant's delegation of services agreement, as defined in Section 58-70a-102.
2803	Section 77. Section 76-5-102.7 is amended to read:
2804	76-5-102.7. Assault against health care provider and emergency medical service
2805	worker Penalty.
2806	(1) A person who assaults a health care provider or emergency medical service worker
2807	is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if:
2808	(a) the person knew that the victim was a health care provider or emergency medical
2809	service worker; and
2810	(b) the health care provider or emergency medical service worker was performing
2811	emergency or life saving duties within the scope of his authority at the time of the assault.
2812	(2) As used in this section:
2813	(a) "Emergency medical service worker" means a person certified under Section
2814	[26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> .
2815	(b) "Health care provider" has the meaning as provided in Section 78B-3-403.
2816	Section 78. Section 76-10-915 is amended to read:

76-10-915. Exempt activities.

(1) This [act] part may not be construed to prohibit:

(a) the activities of any public utility to the extent that those activities are subject to regulation by the public service commission, the state or federal department of transportation, the federal energy regulatory commission, the federal communications commission, the interstate commerce commission, or successor agencies;

- (b) the activities of any insurer, insurance producer, independent insurance adjuster, or rating organization including, but not limited to, making or participating in joint underwriting or reinsurance arrangements, to the extent that those activities are subject to regulation by the commissioner of insurance;
- (c) the activities of securities dealers, issuers, or agents, to the extent that those activities are subject to regulation under the laws of either this state or the United States;
- (d) the activities of any state or national banking institution, to the extent that the activities are regulated or supervised by state government officers or agencies under the banking laws of this state or by federal government officers or agencies under the banking laws of the United States;
- (e) the activities of any state or federal savings and loan association to the extent that those activities are regulated or supervised by state government officers or agencies under the banking laws of this state or federal government officers or agencies under the banking laws of the United States;
 - (f) the activities of a municipality to the extent authorized or directed by state law; or
- (g) the activities of an emergency medical service provider licensed under Title [26] 53, Chapter [8a] 16, Utah Emergency Medical Services System Act, to the extent that those activities are regulated by state government officers or agencies under that act.
 - (2) (a) The labor of a human being is not a commodity or article of commerce.
- (b) Nothing contained in the antitrust laws shall be construed to forbid the existence and operation of labor, agricultural, or horticultural organizations, instituted for the purpose of mutual help and not having capital stock or conducted for profit, or to forbid or restrain individual members of these organizations from lawfully carrying out their legitimate objects; nor may these organizations or membership in them be held to be illegal combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade under the antitrust laws.
 - (3) (a) As used in this section, an entity is also a municipality if the entity was formed

2849	under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, prior to January 1, 1981, and the entity
2850	is:
2851	(i) a project entity as defined in Section 11-13-103;
2852	(ii) an electric interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103; or
2853	(iii) an energy services interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103.
2854	(b) The activities of the entities under Subsection (3)(a) are authorized or directed by
2855	state law.
2856	Section 79. Section 78B-8-401 is amended to read:
2857	78B-8-401. Definitions.
2858	For purposes of this chapter:
2859	(1) "Blood or contaminated body fluids" includes blood, amniotic fluid, pericardial
2860	fluid, peritoneal fluid, pleural fluid, synovial fluid, cerebrospinal fluid, semen, and vaginal
2861	secretions, and any body fluid visibly contaminated with blood.
2862	(2) "Disease" means Human Immunodeficiency Virus infection, acute or chronic
2863	Hepatitis B infection, Hepatitis C infection, and any other infectious disease specifically
2864	designated by the Labor Commission in consultation with the Department of Health for the
2865	purposes of this chapter.
2866	(3) "Emergency medical services provider" means an individual certified under Section
2867	[26-8a-302] <u>53-16-502</u> , a public safety officer, local fire department personnel, or personnel
2868	employed by the Department of Corrections or by a county jail, who provide prehospital
2869	emergency medical care for an emergency medical services provider either as an employee or
2870	as a volunteer.
2871	(4) "First aid volunteer" means a person who provides voluntary emergency assistance
2872	or first aid medical care to an injured person prior to the arrival of an emergency medical
2873	services provider or public safety officer.
2874	(5) "Public safety officer" means a peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13,
2875	Peace Officer Classifications.
2876	(6) "Significant exposure" and "significantly exposed" mean:
2877	(a) exposure of the body of one person to the blood or body fluids of another person
2878	by:

(i) percutaneous injury, including a needle stick or cut with a sharp object or

2880	instrument; or
2881	(ii) contact with an open wound, mucous membrane, or nonintact skin because of a cut,
2882	abrasion, dermatitis, or other damage; or
2883	(b) exposure that occurs by any other method of transmission defined by the
2884	Department of Health as a significant exposure.
2885	Section 80. Repealer.
2886	This bill repeals:
2887	Section 26-8a-209, Fully automated external defibrillator statewide database.

Legislative Review Note as of 1-21-10 6:25 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

Fiscal Note

H.B. 253 - Transfer of the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services from the Department of Health to the Department of Public Safety

2010 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

This bill transfers the Bureau of Emergency Medical Services and all its funding from the Department of Health to the Department of Public Safety. The total amount to be transferred is \$4,616,500 with \$486,000 coming from the General Fund.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

2/2/2010, 2:56:39 PM, Lead Analyst: Frandsen, R./Attny: TRV

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst