	LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX DISTRIBUTION
	REVISIONS
	2011 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Jim Nielson
	Senate Sponsor:
LO	NG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill amends the Local Sales and Use Tax Act to modify the distribution of the
tax	es.
Hig	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 adds school-age population as a factor in the distribution of the tax under Title 59,
Cha	apter 12, Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act;
	modifies the distribution of the tax; and
	 makes technical and conforming changes.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Otl	ner Special Clauses:
	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.
Uta	nh Code Sections Affected:
AM	IENDS:
	59-12-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 203 and 385
	59-12-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 92 and 203
	59-12-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
	59-12-354 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384



28	59-12-403 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
29	59-12-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 7
30	59-12-703, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
31	59-12-802 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
32	59-12-804 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
33	59-12-1102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
34	59-12-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
35	59-12-1402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
36	59-12-2103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 323
37	59-12-2206 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
38	63H-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 9
39	63H-1-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 9
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41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 59-12-204 is amended to read:
43	59-12-204. Sales and use tax ordinance provisions Tax rate Distribution of
44	tax revenues Commission requirement to retain an amount to be deposited into the
45	Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund.
46	(1) The tax ordinance adopted pursuant to this part shall impose a tax upon those
47	transactions listed in Subsection 59-12-103(1).
48	(2) (a) The tax ordinance under Subsection (1) shall include a provision imposing a tax
49	upon every transaction listed in Subsection 59-12-103(1) made within a county, including areas
50	contained within the cities and towns located in the county:
51	(i) at the rate of 1% of the purchase price paid or charged; and
52	(ii) if the <u>location of the</u> transaction is [consummated] within the county [in accordance
53	with Section 59-12-205] as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
54	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a tax ordinance under this Subsection (2) shall
55	include a provision prohibiting a county, city, or town from imposing a tax under this section
56	on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are
57	exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
58	(3) Such tax ordinance shall include provisions substantially the same as those

- contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as they relate to sales or use tax, except that the name of the county as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state where necessary for the purpose of this part and that an additional license is not required if one has been or is issued under Section 59-12-106.
- (4) Such tax ordinance shall include a provision that the county shall contract, prior to the effective date of the ordinance, with the commission to perform all functions incident to the administration or operation of the ordinance.
- (5) Such tax ordinance shall include a provision that the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property, the purchase price or the cost of which has been subject to sales or use tax under a sales and use tax ordinance enacted in accordance with this part by any county, city, or town in any other county in this state, shall be exempt from the tax due under this ordinance.
- (6) Such tax ordinance shall include a provision that any person subject to the provisions of a city or town sales and use tax shall be exempt from the county sales and use tax if the city or town sales and use tax is levied under an ordinance including provisions in substance as follows:
- (a) a provision imposing a tax upon every transaction listed in Subsection 59-12-103(1) made within the city or town at the rate imposed by the county in which it is situated pursuant to Subsection (2);
- (b) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a provision prohibiting the city or town from imposing a tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
- (c) provisions substantially the same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, insofar as they relate to sales and use taxes, except that the name of the city or town as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state where necessary for the purposes of this part;
- (d) a provision that the city or town shall contract prior to the effective date of the city or town sales and use tax ordinance with the commission to perform all functions incident to the administration or operation of the sales and use tax ordinance of the city or town;
- (e) a provision that the sale, storage, use, or other consumption of tangible personal property, the gross receipts from the sale of or the cost of which has been subject to sales or use

tax under a sales and use tax ordinance enacted in accordance with this part by any county other than the county in which the city or town is located, or city or town in this state, shall be exempt from the tax; and

- (f) a provision that the amount of any tax paid under Part 1, Tax Collection, shall not be included as a part of the purchase price paid or charged for a taxable item.
- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, beginning July 1, 2000, the commission shall:
 - (a) determine and retain the portion of sales and use tax imposed under this section:
- (i) by each county and by each city and town within that county whose legislative body consents by resolution to the commission's retaining and depositing sales and use tax revenues as provided in this Subsection (7); and
 - (ii) that is equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate;
- (b) deposit the revenues described in Subsection (7)(a) into a special fund of the county, or a city, town, or other political subdivision of the state located within that county, that has issued bonds to finance sports or recreational facilities or that is leasing sports or recreational facilities, in order to repay those bonds or to pay the lease payments; and
- (c) continue to deposit those revenues into the special fund only as long as the bonds or leases are outstanding.
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (8).
- (b) For a city, town, or unincorporated area of a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that month within the boundaries of that city, town, or unincorporated area of a county by the total sales and use tax collected under this part for that month within the boundaries of all of the cities, towns, and unincorporated areas of the counties that impose a tax under this part.
- (c) For a city, town, or unincorporated area of a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall retain each month an amount equal to the product of:
- (i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (8)(b) for the city, town, or unincorporated area of a county; and

121	(ii) \$25,417.
122	(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance
123	with this Subsection (8) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section
124	9-4-1409.
125	(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies
126	Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.
127	Section 2. Section 59-12-205 is amended to read:
128	59-12-205. Definitions Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments
129	Distribution of tax revenues Determination of population.
130	(1) As used in this section:
131	(a) "Population" means:
132	(i) if available, the most recent United States Census Bureau official census or census
133	estimate of total population of a county, city, or town; or
134	(ii) the total population as estimated by the Utah Population Estimates Committee
135	created by executive order of the governor if Ĥ→ [:
136	(A)] ←Ĥ a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
137	Bureau Ĥ→ [; or
138	(B) a county, city, or town demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Utah Population
139	Estimates Committee that the United States Census Bureau population estimate is inaccurate] ←Ĥ .
140	(b) "School-age population" means:
141	(i) Ĥ→ [if available,] the product of:
141a	(A) ←Ĥ the most recent United States Census Bureau official Ĥ→ decennial ←Ĥ
141b	census Ĥ→ [or census
142	estimate] count (#H) of the population that is greater than four years old and less than 18 years old
142a	within a
143	county, city, or town Ĥ→ divided by the most recent United States Census Bureau official
143a	decennial census count of the total population within the county, city, or town; and
143b	(B) the most recent population estimate for the county, city, or town made in accordance with
143c	Subsection (1)(a) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$; or
144	(ii) the population that is greater than four years old and less than 18 years old within a
145	county, city, or town as estimated by the Utah Population Estimates Committee if $\mathbf{\hat{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{:}]$
146	(A)] $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
147	$\underline{\text{Bureau}} \hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{; \text{ or}}]$
148	(B) a county, city, or town demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Utah Population
149	Estimates Committee that the United States Census Bureau population estimate is inaccurate ←Ĥ.
150	(c) "Utah Population Estimates Committee" means the Utah Population Estimates
151	Committee created by executive order of the governor.

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[(1) Each] (2) A county, city, [and] or town, in order to maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section 59-12-204, shall, within 30 days of [any] an amendment [of any] to an applicable [provisions] provision of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments [of their respective] to the county's, city's, or town's sales and use tax ordinances as required to conform [with] to the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection[, insofar as they relate to sales and use taxes].

[(2)] (3) Except as provided in Subsections [(3) through (5)] (4) and (5), the commission shall distribute:

- (a) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part [shall be paid] to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the population of the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all counties, cities, and towns in the state; [and]
- (b) (i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b)(ii), [50%] 25% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part [shall be paid] to each county, city, and town on the basis of the location [where] of the transaction [is consummated] as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215; and
- (ii) [50%] 25% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, [shall be paid] to the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201[:]; and
- (c) 25% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage that the school-age population of the county, city, or town bears to the total school-age population of all counties, cities, and towns in the state.
- [(3)] (4) (a) For fiscal years beginning with fiscal year 1983-84 and ending with fiscal year 2005-06, a county, city, or town may not receive a tax revenue distribution less than .75% of the taxable sales within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.
- (b) The commission shall proportionally reduce monthly distributions to any county, city, or town that, but for the reduction, would receive a distribution in excess of 1% of the sales and use tax revenue collected within the boundaries of the county, city, or town.

183	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ (a) As used in this Subsection $\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ (5):
184	(i) "Alternative minimum tax revenue distribution" means:
185	(A) if the total amount of tax revenue distributions to all counties, cities, and towns
186	under this part for a fiscal year are greater than or equal to the total amount of tax revenue
187	distributions to all counties, cities, and towns under this part for fiscal year 2010-11, the total
188	amount of tax revenue distributions a county, city, or town received under this part for fiscal
189	year 2010-11; or
190	(B) if the total amount of tax revenue distributions to all counties, cities, and towns
191	under this part for a fiscal year are less than the total amount of tax revenue distributions to all
192	counties, cities, and towns under this part for fiscal year 2010-11, the county's, city's, or town's
193	percentage of total tax revenue distributions under this part for fiscal year 2010-11 multiplied
194	by the total amount of revenues to be distributed to all counties, cities, or towns under this part
195	for the fiscal year.
196	[(i)] (ii) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that receives
197	\$2,000 or more in tax revenue distributions in accordance with Subsection [(3)] (4) for each of
198	the following fiscal years:
199	(A) fiscal year 2002-03;
200	(B) fiscal year 2003-04; and
201	(C) fiscal year 2004-05.
202	[(iii)] (iii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the greater of:
203	(A) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town
204	receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2000-01; or
205	(B) the total amount of tax revenue distributions an eligible county, city, or town
206	receives from a tax imposed in accordance with this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
207	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection [(2)] (3) and except as provided in Subsection [(4)]
208	(5)(b)(ii), [beginning with fiscal year 2006-07 and ending with fiscal year 2012-13,] the
209	commission shall distribute to an eligible county, city, or town [shall receive] a tax revenue
210	distribution for a tax imposed in accordance with this part equal to the greater of:
211	(A) the payment required by Subsection [(2)] (3); [or]
212	(B) beginning with fiscal year 2006-07 and ending with fiscal year 2012-13, the
213	minimum tax revenue distribution[-]; or

214	(C) beginning with fiscal year 2011-12 and ending with fiscal year 2020-21, the
215	alternative minimum tax revenue distribution.
216	(ii) If the tax revenue distribution required by Subsection [(4)] (5) (b)(i) for an eligible
217	county, city, or town is equal to the amount described in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5) (b)(i)(A) for three
218	consecutive fiscal years, for fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year immediately following
219	that three consecutive fiscal year period, the commission shall distribute to the eligible county,
220	city, or town [shall receive the] a tax revenue distribution equal to the greater of:
221	(A) the payment required by Subsection [(2):) (3); or
222	(B) beginning with fiscal year 2011-12 and ending with fiscal year 2020-21, the
223	alternative minimum tax revenue distribution.
224	(c) For a fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2013-14 and ending with fiscal year
225	2015-16, the commission shall distribute to an eligible county, city, or town [shall receive] the
226	greater of the minimum tax revenue distribution or the alternative minimum tax revenue
227	distribution for that fiscal year, if for fiscal year 2012-13 the payment required by Subsection
228	[(2)] (3) to that eligible county, city, or town is less than or equal to the product of:
229	(i) the minimum tax revenue distribution; and
230	(ii) .90.
231	[(5) (a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
232	official census or census estimate of the United States Census Bureau.]
233	[(b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Census
234	Bureau, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah Population
235	Estimates Committee created by executive order of the governor.]
236	(d) Beginning with fiscal year 2011-12 and ending with fiscal year 2020-21, the
237	commission shall distribute to a county, city, or town that is not an eligible county, city, or
238	town a tax revenue distribution for a tax imposed in accordance with this part equal to the
239	greater of:
240	(i) the payment required by Subsection (3); or
241	(ii) the alternative minimum tax revenue distribution.
242	(6) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined solely
243	from the unincorporated area of the county.
244	Section 3. Section 59-12-302 is amended to read:

245	59-12-302. Collection of tax Administrative fee Penalties Commission to
246	interpret, audit, and adjudicate transient room tax.
247	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) or (c), the tax authorized under this part
248	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
249	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
250	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
251	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
252	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
253	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-206, each county may collect the tax imposed by
254	the county and need not transmit the tax to the commission or contract with the commission to
255	collect the tax.
256	(ii) The amount of tax collected shall be reported to the commission as provided in
257	Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
258	(c) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
259	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6).
260	(d) (i) If the commission collects a tax under this part, the commission:
261	(A) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B), shall distribute the revenues
262	generated by the tax to the county within which the revenues were generated; and
263	(B) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(d)(i)(A), may retain an amount of tax collected
264	under this part of not to exceed the lesser of:
265	(I) 1.5%; or
266	(II) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part.
267	(ii) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) shall be:
268	(A) placed in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and
269	(B) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).
270	(2) (a) The tax ordinance adopted by a county pursuant to Section 59-12-301 may
271	include provisions for the imposition of penalties and interest if a person or entity required to
272	pay a tax under this part fails to timely remit the tax to the collecting agent.
273	(b) A county legislative body may not establish penalties and interest by ordinance that
274	exceed the penalties and interest rates authorized for the commission in Sections 59-1-401 and
275	59-1-402.

276	(3) A county may adopt an ordinance imposing penalties and interest under Subsection
277	(2) only if the county does not contract with the commission to collect the tax.
278	(4) If a county elects to collect the tax as provided in Subsection (1), the commission
279	shall interpret, audit, and adjudicate the tax imposed under this part.
280	Section 4. Section 59-12-354 is amended to read:
281	59-12-354. Collection of tax Administrative fee Penalties Commission to
282	interpret, audit, and adjudicate transient room tax.
283	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), the tax authorized under this part
284	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
285	(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
286	(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
287	(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
288	(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
289	(2) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-206, a municipality imposing a tax under this part:
290	(a) may collect the tax and is not required to:
291	(i) transmit revenues generated by the tax to the commission; or
292	(ii) contract with the commission to collect the tax;
293	(b) shall report the revenues it collects to the commission as provided in Sections
294	59-12-211 through 59-12-215; and
295	(c) subject to the limitations of Subsections (4) and (5), may adopt an ordinance
296	imposing penalties and interest on a person who:
297	(i) is required to pay the tax under this part; and
298	(ii) does not remit the tax to the collecting agent in a timely manner.
299	(d) (i) If the commission collects a tax under this part, the commission:
300	(A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B), shall distribute the revenues
301	generated by the tax to the municipality within which the revenues were generated; and
302	(B) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A), may retain an amount of tax collected
303	under this part of not to exceed the lesser of:
304	(I) 1.5%; or
305	(II) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part.
306	(ii) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B) shall be:

307	(A) placed in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and
308	(B) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).
309	(3) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
310	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6).
311	(4) A governing body of a municipality adopting an ordinance imposing penalties and
312	interest under Subsection (2)(c) may impose penalties and interest in amounts that are less than
313	or equal to the penalties and interest rates authorized for the commission under Sections
314	59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
315	(5) A municipality may adopt an ordinance imposing penalties and interest under
316	Subsection (2)(c) only if the municipality does not contract with the commission to collect the
317	tax.
318	(6) If a municipality elects to collect the tax as provided in Subsection (2), the
319	commission shall interpret, audit, and adjudicate the tax imposed under this part.
320	Section 5. Section 59-12-403 is amended to read:
321	59-12-403. Enactment or repeal of tax Tax rate change Effective date
322	Notice requirements Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax.
323	(1) For purposes of this section:
324	(a) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part
325	4, Annexation.
326	(b) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town.
327	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) or (d), if, on or after April 1, 2008, a
328	city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment,
329	repeal, or change shall take effect:
330	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
331	(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
332	the requirements of Subsection (2)(b) from the city or town.
333	(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall state:
334	(i) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this
335	part;
336	(ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i);
337	(iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and

338	(iv) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in
339	Subsection (2)(b)(i), the rate of the tax.
340	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of
341	the first billing period:
342	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate
343	increase; and
344	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
345	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under:
346	(I) Section 59-12-401; or
347	(II) Section 59-12-402.
348	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
349	billing period:
350	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
351	and
352	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
353	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
354	(I) Section 59-12-401; or
355	(II) Section 59-12-402.
356	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
357	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of
358	a tax described in Subsection (2)(a) takes effect:
359	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
360	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the
361	rate of the tax under Subsection (2)(a).
362	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
363	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
364	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (d), if, for an annexation that occurs
365	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the
366	rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take
367	effect:
368	(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

369	(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
370	the requirements of Subsection (3)(b) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.
371	(b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall state:
372	(i) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(a) will result in an enactment,
373	repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
374	(ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i);
375	(iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i); and
376	(iv) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in
377	Subsection (3)(b)(i), the rate of the tax.
378	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of
379	the first billing period:
380	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate
381	increase; and
382	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
383	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under:
384	(I) Section 59-12-401; or
385	(II) Section 59-12-402.
386	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
387	billing period:
388	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
389	and
390	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
391	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
392	(I) Section 59-12-401; or
393	(II) Section 59-12-402.
394	(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue
395	sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an
396	enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (3)(a) takes effect:
397	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
398	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the
399	rate of the tax under Subsection (3)(a).

400	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
401	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
402	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a tax authorized under this part shall be
403	administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
404	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
405	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
406	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
407	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
408	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to
409	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6).
410	Section 6. Section 59-12-603 is amended to read:
411	59-12-603. County tax Bases Rates Use of revenues Adoption of
412	ordinance required Advisory board Administration Collection Distribution
413	Enactment or repeal of tax or tax rate change Effective date Notice requirements.
414	(1) (a) In addition to any other taxes, a county legislative body may, as provided in this
415	part, impose a tax as follows:
416	(i) (A) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 3%
417	on all short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days, except for leases
418	and rentals of motor vehicles made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor
419	vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement; and
420	(B) beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a county legislative body of any county
421	imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) may, in addition to imposing the tax under
422	Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), impose a tax of not to exceed 4% on all short-term leases and rentals
423	of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days, except for leases and rentals of motor vehicles made
424	for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor vehicle that is being repaired pursuant
425	to a repair or an insurance agreement;
426	(ii) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 1% of all
427	sales of the following that are sold by a restaurant:
428	(A) alcoholic beverages;
429	(B) food and food ingredients; or
430	(C) prepared food; and

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431	(iii) a county legislative body of a county of the first class may impose a tax of not to
432	exceed .5% on charges for the accommodations and services described in Subsection
433	59-12-103(1)(i).
434	(b) A tax imposed under Subsection (1)(a) is subject to the audit provisions of Section
435	17-31-5.5.
436	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), revenue from the imposition of the taxes provided
437	for in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii) may be used for:
438	(i) financing tourism promotion; and
439	(ii) the development, operation, and maintenance of:
440	(A) an airport facility;
441	(B) a convention facility;
442	(C) a cultural facility;
443	(D) a recreation facility; or
444	(E) a tourist facility.
445	(b) A county of the first class shall expend at least \$450,000 each year of the revenues
446	from the imposition of a tax authorized by Subsection (1)(a)(iii) within the county to fund a
447	marketing and ticketing system designed to:
448	(i) promote tourism in ski areas within the county by persons that do not reside within
449	the state; and
450	(ii) combine the sale of:
451	(A) ski lift tickets; and
452	(B) accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
453	(3) A tax imposed under this part may be pledged as security for bonds, notes, or other
454	evidences of indebtedness incurred by a county, city, or town under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local
455	Government Bonding Act, or a community development and renewal agency under Title 17C,
456	Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds, to finance:
457	(a) an airport facility;
458	(b) a convention facility;
459	(c) a cultural facility;
460	(d) a recreation facility; or
461	(e) a tourist facility.

(4) (a) In order to impose the tax under Subsection (1), each county legislative body shall adopt an ordinance imposing the tax.

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- (b) The ordinance under Subsection (4)(a) shall include provisions substantially the same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, except that the tax shall be imposed only on those items and sales described in Subsection (1).
- (c) The name of the county as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state where necessary, and an additional license is not required if one has been or is issued under Section 59-12-106.
- (5) In order to maintain in effect its tax ordinance adopted under this part, each county legislative body shall, within 30 days of any amendment of any applicable provisions of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments to its tax ordinance to conform with the applicable amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.
- (6) (a) Regardless of whether a county of the first class creates a tourism tax advisory board in accordance with Section 17-31-8, the county legislative body of the county of the first class shall create a tax advisory board in accordance with this Subsection (6).
 - (b) The tax advisory board shall be composed of nine members appointed as follows:
- (i) four members shall be appointed by the county legislative body of the county of the first class as follows:
 - (A) one member shall be a resident of the unincorporated area of the county;
 - (B) two members shall be residents of the incorporated area of the county; and
- (C) one member shall be a resident of the unincorporated or incorporated area of the county; and
- (ii) subject to Subsections (6)(c) and (d), five members shall be mayors of cities or towns within the county of the first class appointed by an organization representing all mayors of cities and towns within the county of the first class.
 - (c) Five members of the tax advisory board constitute a quorum.
 - (d) The county legislative body of the county of the first class shall determine:
 - (i) terms of the members of the tax advisory board;
 - (ii) procedures and requirements for removing a member of the tax advisory board;
- 491 (iii) voting requirements, except that action of the tax advisory board shall be by at 492 least a majority vote of a quorum of the tax advisory board;

493	(iv) chairs or other officers of the tax advisory board;
494	(v) how meetings are to be called and the frequency of meetings; and
495	(vi) the compensation, if any, of members of the tax advisory board.
496	(e) The tax advisory board under this Subsection (6) shall advise the county legislative
497	body of the county of the first class on the expenditure of revenues collected within the county
498	of the first class from the taxes described in Subsection (1)(a).
499	(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a)(ii), a tax authorized under this part
500	shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
501	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
502	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
503	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
504	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
505	(ii) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or
506	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)] <u>(3)</u> through (6).
507	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c):
508	(i) for a tax under this part other than the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the
509	commission shall distribute the revenues to the county imposing the tax; and
510	(ii) for a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the commission shall distribute the revenues
511	according to the distribution formula provided in Subsection (8).
512	(c) The commission shall deduct from the distributions under Subsection (7)(b) an
513	administrative charge for collecting the tax as provided in Section 59-12-206.
514	(8) The commission shall distribute the revenues generated by the tax under Subsection
515	(1)(a)(i)(B) to each county collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) according to the
516	following formula:
517	(a) the commission shall distribute 70% of the revenues based on the percentages
518	generated by dividing the revenues collected by each county under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) by
519	the total revenues collected by all counties under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); and
520	(b) the commission shall distribute 30% of the revenues based on the percentages
521	generated by dividing the population of each county collecting a tax under Subsection
522	(1)(a)(i)(B) by the total population of all counties collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B).
523	(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9):

524	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
525	[Annexation to County] Part 2, County Annexation.
526	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
527	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a county
528	enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or
529	change shall take effect:
530	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
531	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
532	the requirements of Subsection (9)(b)(ii) from the county.
533	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
534	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;
535	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A);
536	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A); and
537	(D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection
538	(9)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
539	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of
540	the first billing period:
541	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate
542	increase; and
543	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
544	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).
545	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
546	billing period:
547	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
548	and
549	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
550	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).
551	(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(e), if, for an annexation that occurs on or
552	after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a
553	tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:
554	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

555	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
556	the requirements of Subsection (9)(d)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.
557	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(d)(i)(B) shall state:
558	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) will result in an enactment,
559	repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
560	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A);
561	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A); and
562	(D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection
563	(9)(d)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
564	(e) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of
565	the first billing period:
566	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate
567	increase; and
568	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
569	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).
570	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
571	billing period:
572	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
573	and
574	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
575	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).
576	Section 7. Section 59-12-703 is amended to read:
577	59-12-703. Opinion question election Base Rate Imposition of tax Uses of
578	tax money Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date Notice requirements.
579	(1) (a) (i) A county legislative body may submit an opinion question to the residents of
580	that county, by majority vote of all members of the legislative body, so that each resident of the
581	county, except residents in municipalities that have already imposed a sales and use tax under
582	Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological
583	Organizations or Facilities, has an opportunity to express the resident's opinion on the
584	imposition of a local sales and use tax of .1% on the transactions described in Subsection
585	59-12-103(1) located within the county, to fund recreational and zoological facilities, botanical.

cultural, and zoological organizations, and rural radio stations, in that county.

- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on:
- (A) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
- (B) sales and uses within municipalities that have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities; and
- (C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.
- (b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
- (c) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.
- (d) The election shall follow the procedures outlined in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
- (2) (a) If the county legislative body determines that a majority of the county's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax have voted in favor of the imposition of the tax as prescribed in Subsection (1)(a), the county legislative body may impose the tax by a majority vote of all members of the legislative body on the transactions:
 - (i) described in Subsection (1); and
- (ii) within the county, including the cities and towns located in the county, except those cities and towns that have already imposed a sales and use tax under Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities.
- (b) A county legislative body may revise county ordinances to reflect statutory changes to the distribution formula or eligible recipients of revenues generated from a tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a):
- (i) after the county legislative body submits an opinion question to residents of the

617	county in accordance with Subsection (1) giving them the opportunity to express their opinion
618	on the proposed revisions to county ordinances; and
619	(ii) if the county legislative body determines that a majority of those voting on the
620	opinion question have voted in favor of the revisions.
621	(3) The money generated from any tax imposed under Subsection (2) shall be used for
622	funding:
623	(a) recreational and zoological facilities located within the county or a city or town
624	located in the county, except a city or town that has already imposed a sales and use tax under
625	Part 14, City or Town Option Funding For Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological
626	Organizations or Facilities; and
627	(b) ongoing operating expenses of:
628	(i) recreational facilities described in Subsection (3)(a);
629	(ii) botanical, cultural, and zoological organizations within the county; and
630	(iii) rural radio stations within the county.
631	(4) (a) A tax authorized under this part shall be:
632	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in
633	accordance with:
634	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
635	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
636	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
637	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
638	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
639	period in accordance with this section.
640	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this part is not subject to
641	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6).
642	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):
643	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,
644	[Annexation to County] Part 2, County Annexation.
645	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
646	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
647	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:

648	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and	
649	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting	
650	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the county.	
651	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:	
652	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;	
653	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);	
654	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and	
655	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the	
656	tax.	
657	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:	
658	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and	
659	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the	
660	enactment of the tax under this section.	
661	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:	
662	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and	
663	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal	
664	of the tax imposed under this section.	
665	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of	
666	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in	
667	Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect:	
668	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and	
669	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under	
670	Subsection (5)(b)(i).	
671	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the	
672	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."	
673	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs	
674	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this	
675	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:	
676	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and	
677	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting	
678	the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.	

679	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
680	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
681	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
682	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);
683	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
684	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A).
685	(f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
686	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
687	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
688	enactment of the tax under this section.
689	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
690	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
691	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
692	of the tax imposed under this section.
693	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
694	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
695	Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
696	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
697	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
698	Subsection (5)(e)(i).
699	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
700	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
701	Section 8. Section 59-12-802 is amended to read:
702	59-12-802. Imposition of rural county health care facilities tax Expenditure of
703	tax revenues Base Rate Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax.
704	(1) (a) A county legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class
705	may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1%:
706	(i) on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county;
707	and
708	(ii) subject to Subsection (3), to fund:
709	(A) for a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class, rural county health care facilities in

710	that county; or
711	(B) for a county of the sixth class:
712	(I) emergency medical services in that county;
713	(II) federally qualified health centers in that county;
714	(III) freestanding urgent care centers in that county;
715	(IV) rural county health care facilities in that county;
716	(V) rural health clinics in that county; or
717	(VI) a combination of Subsections (1)(a)(ii)(B)(I) through (V).
718	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county legislative body may not impose a
719	tax under this section on:
720	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
721	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;
722	(ii) a transaction to the extent a rural city hospital tax is imposed on that transaction in
723	a city that imposes a tax under Section 59-12-804; and
724	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and
725	food ingredients.
726	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
727	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
728	(d) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on
729	amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold
730	as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal
731	property other than food and food ingredients.
732	(2) (a) Before imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a), a county legislative body shall
733	obtain approval to impose the tax from a majority of the:
734	(i) members of the county's legislative body; and
735	(ii) county's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.
736	(b) The county legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures
737	and requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
738	(3) (a) The money generated by a tax imposed under Subsection (1) by a county
739	legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class may only be used for the
740	financing of:

741	(i) ongoing operating expenses of a rural county health care facility within that county;
742	(ii) the acquisition of land for a rural county health care facility within that county; or
743	(iii) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a rural county health care
744	facility within that county.
745	(b) The money generated by a tax imposed under Subsection (1) by a county of the
746	sixth class may only be used for the financing of:
747	(i) ongoing operating expenses of a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection
748	(1)(a)(ii)(B) within that county;
749	(ii) the acquisition of land for a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection
750	(1)(a)(ii)(B) within that county;
751	(iii) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a center, clinic, or facility
752	described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) within that county; or
753	(iv) the provision of rural emergency medical services within that county.
754	(4) (a) A tax under this section shall be:
755	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in
756	accordance with:
757	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
758	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
759	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
760	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
761	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
762	period by the county legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).
763	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this section is not subject to
764	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6).
765	(5) The commission may retain an amount not to exceed 1-1/2% of the tax collected
766	under this section for the cost of administering this tax.
767	Section 9. Section 59-12-804 is amended to read:
768	59-12-804. Imposition of rural city hospital tax Base Rate Administration,
769	collection, and enforcement of tax.
770	(1) (a) A city legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1%:
771	(i) on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the city;

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- 773 (ii) to fund rural city hospitals in that city.
- 774 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a city legislative body may not impose a tax 775 under this section on:
 - (i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
- 778 (ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.
 - (c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
 - (d) A city legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.
 - (2) (a) Before imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a), a city legislative body shall obtain approval to impose the tax from a majority of the:
 - (i) members of the city legislative body; and
 - (ii) city's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.
 - (b) The city legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures and requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.
 - (3) The money generated by a tax imposed under Subsection (1) may only be used for the financing of:
 - (a) ongoing operating expenses of a rural city hospital;
 - (b) the acquisition of land for a rural city hospital; or
 - (c) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a rural city hospital.
- 797 (4) (a) A tax under this section shall be:
- 798 (i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
- (A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
- 801 (I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
- 802 (II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

803	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
804	(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year
805	period by the city legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).
806	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this section is not subject to
807	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)] <u>(3)</u> through (6).
808	(5) The commission may retain an amount not to exceed 1-1/2% of the tax collected
809	under this section for the cost of administering the tax.
810	Section 10. Section 59-12-1102 is amended to read:
811	59-12-1102. Base Rate Imposition of tax Distribution of revenue
812	Administration Commission requirement to retain an amount to be deposited into the
813	Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund Enactment or repeal of tax Effective date
814	Notice requirements.
815	(1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), and in addition to any other tax
816	authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax
817	of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).
818	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this
819	section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are
820	exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.
821	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be
822	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
823	(c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:
824	(i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are
825	located within municipalities in the county; and
826	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of
827	January:
828	(A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the
829	ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or
830	(B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the
831	ordinance is adopted after May 25.
832	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the county option sales and use tax under
833	this section shall be imposed:

834	(i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before
835	September 4, 1997; or
836	(ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997
837	but after September 4, 1997.
838	(2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a
839	county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in
840	the county.
841	(b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting
842	time of no earlier than 6 p.m.
843	(ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven
844	days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published.
845	(c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county
846	shall advertise:
847	(A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax;
848	(B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and
849	(C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments
850	regarding the proposed tax.
851	(ii) The advertisement shall be published:
852	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once each week for the two
853	weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings; and
854	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for two weeks
855	preceding the earlier of the two public hearings.
856	(iii) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be no less than 1/8
857	page in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch
858	border.
859	(iv) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) may not be placed in that
860	portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
861	(v) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A), whenever possible:
862	(A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days a
863	week, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and

(B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the

community, and not one of limited subject matter.

- (d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda Procedures.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population, the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected.
- (b) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state population:
- (i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected; and
- (ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax, based on the total population of each county.
- (c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the amount to be distributed annually to a county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not equal at least \$75,000, then:
- (i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and
- (ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
- (d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).
- (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
 - (i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
- 895 (A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

896	(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
897	(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
898	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to
899	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6).
900	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the fee charged by the commission under
901	Section 59-12-206 shall be based on the distribution amounts resulting after:
902	(i) the applicable distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made; and
903	(ii) the commission retains the amount required by Subsection (5).
904	(5) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion
905	of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (5).
906	(b) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a
907	percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that
908	month within the boundaries of that county by the total sales and use tax collected under this
909	part for that month within the boundaries of all of the counties that impose a tax under this part.
910	(c) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall retain each
911	month an amount equal to the product of:
912	(i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (5)(b)
913	for the county; and
914	(ii) \$6,354.
915	(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance
916	with this Subsection (5) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section
917	9-4-1409.
918	(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies
919	Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.
920	(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):
921	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, [County
922	Consolidations and Annexations] Part 2, County Annexation.
923	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.
924	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
925	county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:
926	(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or

921	(n) the repeat shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
928	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
929	the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the county.
930	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
931	(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
932	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A);
933	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and
934	(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the
935	tax.
936	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
937	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
938	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
939	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).
940	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
941	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
942	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
943	of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
944	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
945	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
946	Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect:
947	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
948	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
949	Subsection (6)(b)(i).
950	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
951	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
952	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
953	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
954	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
955	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
956	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
957	the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.

958	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
959	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
960	repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
961	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A);
962	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and
963	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A).
964	(f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
965	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
966	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
967	enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).
968	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
969	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
970	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
971	of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).
972	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
973	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
974	Subsection (6)(e)(i) takes effect:
975	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
976	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
977	Subsection (6)(e)(i).
978	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
979	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
980	Section 11. Section 59-12-1302 is amended to read:
981	59-12-1302. Imposition of tax Base Rate Enactment or repeal of tax Tax
982	rate change Effective date Notice requirements.
983	(1) Beginning on or after January 1, 1998, the governing body of a town may impose a
984	tax as provided in this part in an amount that does not exceed 1%.
985	(2) A town may impose a tax as provided in this part if the town imposed a license fee
986	or tax on businesses based on gross receipts under Section 10-1-203 on or before January 1,
987	1996.
988	(3) A town imposing a tax under this section shall:

989	(a) except as provided in Subsection (4), impose the tax on the transactions described
990	in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the town; and
991	(b) provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Subsection (5).
992	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a town may not impose a tax under this
993	section on:
994	(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses
995	are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
996	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), amounts paid or charged for food and food
997	ingredients.
998	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (4), the location of a transaction shall be
999	determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
1000	(c) A town imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or
1001	charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a
1002	bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property
1003	other than food and food ingredients.
1004	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):
1005	(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4,
1006	Annexation.
1007	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a town.
1008	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a
1009	town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal,
1010	or change shall take effect:
1011	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1012	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1013	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the town.
1014	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
1015	(A) that the town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;
1016	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);
1017	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection

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(5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

1020 (c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of 1021 the first billing period: 1022 (A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate 1023 increase; and 1024 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the 1025 enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1). 1026 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last 1027 billing period: 1028 (A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; 1029 and 1030 (B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal 1031 of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1). 1032 (d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of 1033 sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of 1034 a tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect: 1035 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the 1036 1037 rate of the tax under Subsection (5)(b)(i). 1038 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1039 commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 1040 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs 1041 on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the 1042 rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take 1043 effect: 1044 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 1045 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting 1046 the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the town that annexes the annexing area.

1047 (ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:

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- (A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
 - (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);

1051	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
1052	(D) if the town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection
1053	(5)(e)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
1054	(f) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of
1055	the first billing period:
1056	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate
1057	increase; and
1058	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
1059	enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).
1060	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
1061	billing period:
1062	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease;
1063	and
1064	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1065	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).
1066	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
1067	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of
1068	a tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
1069	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1070	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the
1071	rate of the tax under Subsection (5)(e)(i).
1072	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1073	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1074	(6) The commission shall:
1075	(a) except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), distribute the revenues generated by the tax
1076	under this section to the town imposing the tax;
1077	(b) except as provided in Subsection (7), administer, collect, and enforce the tax
1078	authorized under this section in accordance with:
1079	(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
1080	(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

1082 (ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and 1083 (c) deduct from the distribution under Subsection (6)(a) an administrative charge for 1084 collecting the tax as provided in Section 59-12-206. 1085 (7) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b), a tax under this section is not subject to 1086 Subsections $59-12-205[\frac{(2)}{(2)}](3)$ through (6). 1087 Section 12. Section **59-12-1402** is amended to read: 1088 59-12-1402. Opinion question election -- Base -- Rate -- Imposition of tax -- Uses 1089 of tax money -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Effective date -- Notice requirements. 1090 (1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (6), beginning on January 1, 2003, a city or town 1091 legislative body subject to this part may submit an opinion question to the residents of that city 1092 or town, by majority vote of all members of the legislative body, so that each resident of the 1093 city or town has an opportunity to express the resident's opinion on the imposition of a local 1094 sales and use tax of .1% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located 1095 within the city or town, to fund recreational and zoological facilities and botanical, cultural, 1096 and zoological organizations in that city or town. (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a city or town legislative body may not 1097 1098 impose a tax under this section: 1099 (A) if the county in which the city or town is located imposes a tax under Part 7, 1100 County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities: 1101 1102 (B) on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and 1103 uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and 1104 (C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients. 1105 1106 (b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be 1107 determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 1108 (c) A city or town legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the 1109 tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients

are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible

(d) The election shall be held at a regular general election or a municipal general

personal property other than food and food ingredients.

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1113	election, as those terms are defined in Section 20A-1-102, and shall follow the procedures
1114	outlined in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, except as provided in
1115	Subsection (6).
1116	(2) If the city or town legislative body determines that a majority of the city's or town's
1117	registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax have voted in favor of the imposition of
1118	the tax as prescribed in Subsection (1)(a), the city or town legislative body may impose the tax
1119	by a majority vote of all members of the legislative body.
1120	(3) The money generated from any tax imposed under Subsection (2) shall be used for
1121	financing:
1122	(a) recreational and zoological facilities within the city or town or within the
1123	geographic area of entities that are parties to an interlocal agreement, to which the city or town
1124	is a party, providing for recreational or zoological facilities; and
1125	(b) ongoing operating expenses of botanical, cultural, and zoological organizations
1126	within the city or town or within the geographic area of entities that are parties to an interlocal
1127	agreement, to which the city or town is a party, providing for the support of botanical, cultural,
1128	or zoological organizations.
1129	(4) (a) A tax authorized under this part shall be:
1130	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in
1131	accordance with:
1132	(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
1133	(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
1134	(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1135	(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
1136	(ii) (A) levied for a period of eight years; and
1137	(B) may be reauthorized at the end of the eight-year period in accordance with this
1138	section.
1139	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this section is not subject to
1140	Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](<u>3)</u> through (6).
1141	(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):

(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part

1144	(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town.
1145	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a city
1146	or town enacts or repeals a tax under this part, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:
1147	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1148	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1149	the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the city or town.
1150	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:
1151	(A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax under this part;
1152	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);
1153	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and
1154	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of
1155	the tax.
1156	(c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
1157	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
1158	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
1159	enactment of the tax under this section.
1160	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
1161	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
1162	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1163	of the tax imposed under this section.
1164	(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
1165	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
1166	Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect:
1167	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1168	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
1169	Subsection (5)(b)(i).
1170	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1171	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1172	(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs
1173	on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this
1174	part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:

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1175	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1176	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1177	the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.
1178	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:
1179	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or
1180	repeal a tax under this part for the annexing area;
1181	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);
1182	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and
1183	(D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A).
1184	(f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
1185	(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and
1186	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the
1187	enactment of the tax under this section.
1188	(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
1189	(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and
1190	(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1191	of the tax imposed under this section.
1192	(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of
1193	sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in
1194	Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:
1195	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1196	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under
1197	Subsection (5)(e)(i).
1198	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1199	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
1200	(6) (a) Before a city or town legislative body submits an opinion question to the
1201	residents of the city or town under Subsection (1)(a)(i), the city or town legislative body shall:
1202	(i) submit to the county legislative body in which the city or town is located a written
1203	notice of the intent to submit the opinion question to the residents of the city or town; and
1204	(ii) receive from the county legislative body:
1205	(A) a written resolution passed by the county legislative body stating that the county

legislative body is not seeking to impose a tax under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities; or

- (B) a written statement that in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) the results of a county opinion question submitted to the residents of the county under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, permit the city or town legislative body to submit the opinion question to the residents of the city or town in accordance with this part.
- (b) (i) Within 60 days after the day the county legislative body receives from a city or town legislative body described in Subsection (6)(a) the notice of the intent to submit an opinion question to the residents of the city or town, the county legislative body shall provide the city or town legislative body:
 - (A) the written resolution described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A); or
- (B) written notice that the county legislative body will submit an opinion question to the residents of the county under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, for the county to impose a tax under that part.
- (ii) If the county legislative body provides the city or town legislative body the written notice that the county legislative body will submit an opinion question as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B), the county legislative body shall submit the opinion question by no later than, from the date the county legislative body sends the written notice, the later of:
 - (A) a 12-month period;

- (B) the next regular primary election; or
- (C) the next regular general election.
- (iii) Within 30 days of the date of the canvass of the election at which the opinion question under Subsection (6)(b)(ii) is voted on, the county legislative body shall provide the city or town legislative body described in Subsection (6)(a) written results of the opinion question submitted by the county legislative body under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, indicating that:
- (A) (I) the city or town legislative body may not impose a tax under this part because a majority of the county's registered voters voted in favor of the county imposing the tax and the county legislative body by a majority vote approved the imposition of the tax; or

(II) for at least 12 months from the date the written results are submitted to the city or town legislative body, the city or town legislative body may not submit to the county legislative body a written notice of the intent to submit an opinion question under this part because a majority of the county's registered voters voted against the county imposing the tax and the majority of the registered voters who are residents of the city or town described in Subsection (6)(a) voted against the imposition of the county tax; or

- (B) the city or town legislative body may submit the opinion question to the residents of the city or town in accordance with this part because although a majority of the county's registered voters voted against the county imposing the tax, the majority of the registered voters who are residents of the city or town voted for the imposition of the county tax.
- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b), at any time a county legislative body may provide a city or town legislative body described in Subsection (6)(a) a written resolution passed by the county legislative body stating that the county legislative body is not seeking to impose a tax under Part 7, County Option Funding for Botanical, Cultural, Recreational, and Zoological Organizations or Facilities, which permits the city or town legislative body to submit under Subsection (1)(a)(i) an opinion question to the city's or town's residents.
 - Section 13. Section **59-12-2103** is amended to read:
- 59-12-2103. Imposition of tax -- Base -- Rate -- Expenditure of revenues collected from the tax -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax by commission -- Administrative fee -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Annexation -- Notice.
- (1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection (2), beginning on January 1, 2009 and ending on June 30, 2016, if a city or town receives a distribution for the 12 consecutive months of fiscal year 2005-06 because the city or town would have received a tax revenue distribution of less than .75% of the taxable sales within the boundaries of the city or town but for Subsection 59-12-205[(3)](4)(a), the city or town legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to .20% on the transactions:
 - (i) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and
 - (ii) within the city or town.

(b) A city or town legislative body that imposes a tax under Subsection (1)(a) shall expend the revenues collected from the tax for the same purposes for which the city or town may expend the city's or town's general fund revenues.

1268 (c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be 1269 determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215. 1270 (2) (a) A city or town legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on: 1271 (i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses 1272 are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and (ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), amounts paid or charged for food and food 1273 1274 ingredients. 1275 (b) A city or town legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the 1276 tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients 1277 are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible 1278 personal property other than food and food ingredients. 1279 (3) To impose a tax under this part, a city or town legislative body shall obtain 1280 approval from a majority of the members of the city or town legislative body. 1281 (4) The commission shall transmit revenues collected within a city or town from a tax 1282 under this part: 1283 (a) to the city or town legislative body; 1284 (b) monthly; and 1285 (c) by electronic funds transfer. 1286 (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the commission shall administer, 1287 collect, and enforce a tax under this part in accordance with: 1288 (i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under: 1289 (A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or 1290 (B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and 1291 (ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies. 1292 (b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3) through (6). 1293 (6) (a) The commission may retain an amount of tax collected under this part of not to 1294 exceed the lesser of: 1295 (i) 1.5%; or 1296 (ii) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part. 1297 (b) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (6)(a) shall be:

(i) deposited into the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and

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1299	(ii) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).
1300	(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b) or (c), if, on or after January 1, 2009,
1301	a city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment,

repeal, or change shall take effect:

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- (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
- 1304 (B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (7)(a)(i) from the city or town.
 - (ii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B) shall state:
- 1307 (A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of the tax under this part;
 - (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A);
 - (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A); and
 - (D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.
 - (b) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase under Subsection (1), the enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.
 - (ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.
 - (c) (i) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) takes effect:
 - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
 - (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under Subsection (7)(a)(i).
- 1327 (ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
- (d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e) or (f), if, for an annexation that occurs

1330	on or after January 1, 2009, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the
1331	rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take
1332	effect:
1333	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1334	(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting
1335	the requirements of Subsection (7)(d)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.
1336	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i)(B) shall state:
1337	(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (7)(d)(i)(B) will result in the
1338	enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;
1339	(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A);
1340	(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A); and
1341	(D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in
1342	Subsection $(7)(d)(ii)(A)$, the rate of the tax.
1343	(e) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the
1344	enactment of the tax or a tax rate increase under Subsection (1), the enactment of a tax or a tax
1345	rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins after the
1346	effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.
1347	(ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal
1348	of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of a tax or a tax rate
1349	decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the
1350	effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.
1351	(f) (i) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales
1352	and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax
1353	described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) takes effect:
1354	(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1355	(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change under
1356	Subsection (7)(d)(i).
1357	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1358	commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale".
1359	Section 14. Section 59-12-2206 is amended to read:
1360	59-12-2206. Administration, collection, and enforcement of a sales and use tax

1361	under this part Transmission of revenues monthly by electronic funds transfer
1362	Transfer of revenues to a public transit district.
1363	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the commission shall administer, collect, and
1364	enforce a sales and use tax imposed under this part.
1365	(2) The commission shall administer, collect, and enforce a sales and use tax imposed
1366	under this part in accordance with:
1367	(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce a tax under:
1368	(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
1369	(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1370	(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
1371	(3) A sales and use tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205[(2)](3)
1372	through (6).
1373	(4) Subject to Section 59-12-2207 and except as provided in Subsection (5) or another
1374	provision of this part, the state treasurer shall transmit revenues collected within a county, city,
1375	or town from a sales and use tax under this part to the county, city, or town legislative body
1376	monthly by electronic funds transfer.
1377	(5) Subject to Section 59-12-2207, the state treasurer shall transfer revenues collected
1378	within a county, city, or town from a sales and use tax under this part directly to a public transit
1379	district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act, if the county,
1380	city, or town legislative body:
1381	(a) provides written notice to the state treasurer requesting the transfer; and
1382	(b) designates the public transit district to which the county, city, or town legislative
1383	body requests the state treasurer to transfer the revenues.
1384	Section 15. Section 63H-1-102 is amended to read:
1385	63H-1-102. Definitions.
1386	As used in this chapter:
1387	(1) "Authority" means the Military Installation Development Authority, created under
1388	Section 63H-1-201.
1389	(2) "Base taxable value" means:
1390	(a) for military land or other land that was exempt from a property tax at the time that a
1301	project area was created that included the military land or other land, a tayable value of zero; or

1392	(b) for private property that is included in a project area, the taxable value of the
1393	property within any portion of the project area, as designated by board resolution, from which
1394	tax increment will be collected, as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized before the
1395	year in which the authority issues a building permit for a building within that portion of the
1396	project area.
1397	(3) "Board" means the governing body of the authority created under Section
1398	63H-1-301.
1399	(4) (a) "Dedicated supplemental tax increment" means supplemental tax increment that
1400	results from a property tax levied by:
1401	(i) a county, including any district the county has established under Subsection
1402	17-34-3(2) to levy a property tax under Title 17, Chapter 34, Municipal-Type Services to
1403	Unincorporated Areas; or
1404	(ii) an included municipality.
1405	(b) "Dedicated supplemental tax increment" does not include a property tax levied by a
1406	county to assess and collect property taxes under Subsections 59-2-1602(1) and (4).
1407	(5) "Development project" means a project to develop land within a project area.
1408	(6) "Elected member" means a member of the authority board who:
1409	(a) is a mayor or member of a legislative body appointed under Subsection
1410	63H-1-302(2)(b); or
1411	(b) (i) is appointed to the authority board under Subsection 63H-1-302(2)(a) or (3); and
1412	(ii) concurrently serves in an elected state, county, or municipal office.
1413	(7) "Included municipality" means a municipality, some or all of which is included
1414	within a project area.
1415	(8) "Military land" means any land or facility, including any leased land or facility, that
1416	is part of a base, camp, post, station, yard, center, or installation under the jurisdiction of the
1417	U.S. Department of Defense or the Utah National Guard.
1418	(9) "Municipal energy tax" means a municipal energy sales and use tax under Title 10,
1419	Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act.
1420	(10) "Municipal services revenue" means revenue that the authority:
1421	(a) collects from the authority's:
1422	(i) levy of a municipal energy tax;

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1423	(ii) levy of a telecommunications tax;
1424	(iii) imposition of a transient room tax; and
1425	(iv) imposition of a resort communities tax;
1426	(b) receives under Subsection 59-12-205[(2)](3)(b)(ii); and
1427	(c) receives as dedicated supplemental tax increment.
1428	(11) "Municipal tax" means a municipal energy tax, telecommunications tax, transient
1429	room tax, or resort communities tax.
1430	(12) "Project area" means the land, including military land, whether consisting of a
1431	single contiguous area or multiple noncontiguous areas, described in a project area plan or draft
1432	project area plan where the development project set forth in the project area plan or draft
1433	project area plan takes place or is proposed to take place.
1434	(13) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative
1435	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area that includes:
1436	(a) the base taxable value of property in the project area;
1437	(b) the projected tax increment expected to be generated within the project area;
1438	(c) the amount of tax increment expected to be shared with other taxing entities;
1439	(d) the amount of tax increment expected to be used to implement the project area plan,
1440	including the estimated amount of tax increment to be used for land acquisition, public
1441	improvements, infrastructure improvements, and loans, grants, or other incentives to private
1442	and public entities;
1443	(e) the tax increment expected to be used to cover the cost of administering the project
1444	area plan;
1445	(f) if tax increment is to be collected at different times or from different portions of the
1446	project area, or both:
1447	(i) (A) the tax identification numbers of the parcels from which tax increment will be
1448	collected; or
1449	(B) a legal description of the portion of the project area from which tax increment will
1450	be collected; and
1451	(ii) an estimate of when other portions of the project area will become subject to tax
1452	increment collection; and
1453	(g) for property that the authority owns or leases and expects to sell or sublease, the

expected total cost of the property to the authority and the expected selling price or lease payments.

- (14) "Project area plan" means a written plan that, after its effective date, guides and controls the development within a project area.
- (15) "Property tax" includes privilege tax and each levy on an ad valorem basis on tangible or intangible personal or real property.
 - (16) "Public entity" means:
 - (a) the state, including any of its departments or agencies; or
- (b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, city, town, school district,
 local district, special service district, or interlocal cooperation entity.
 - (17) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm drainage, electrical, telecommunications, and other similar systems and lines, streets, roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, and other buildings, facilities, infrastructure, and improvements that:
- 1468 (a) benefit the public; and
- 1469 (b) are:

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- (i) publicly owned or owned by a utility; or
- 1471 (ii) publicly owned or publicly maintained or operated by the authority or another 1472 public entity.
 - (18) "Remaining municipal services revenue" means municipal services revenue that the authority has not spent during its fiscal year for municipal services as provided in Subsection 63H-1-503(1).
- 1476 (19) "Resort communities tax" means a sales and use tax imposed under Section 59-12-401.
- 1478 (20) "Supplemental tax increment" means tax increment remaining after the authority is paid the tax increment it is entitled to receive under Subsection 63H-1-501(1).
 - (21) "Taxable value" means the value of property as shown on the last equalized assessment roll as certified by the county assessor.
 - (22) "Tax increment" means the difference between:
- 1483 (a) the amount of property tax revenues generated each tax year by all taxing entities 1484 from the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which

1485	tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property; and
1486	(b) the amount of property tax revenues that would be generated from that same area
1487	using the base taxable value of the property.
1488	(23) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that levies a tax on property within a project
1489	area.
1490	(24) "Telecommunications tax" means a telecommunications license tax under Title
1491	10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act.
1492	(25) "Transient room tax" means a tax under Section 59-12-352.
1493	Section 16. Section 63H-1-502 is amended to read:
1494	63H-1-502. Allowable uses of tax increment and other funds.
1495	(1) The authority may use tax increment and other funds available to the authority,
1496	other than municipal services revenue:
1497	(a) for any purpose authorized under this chapter;
1498	(b) for administrative, overhead, legal, and other operating expenses of the authority;
1499	(c) to pay for, including financing or refinancing, all or part of the development of land
1500	within the project area from which the tax increment funds or other funds were collected,
1501	including assisting the ongoing operation of any development or facility within the project area;
1502	(d) to pay the cost of the installation and construction of any publicly owned
1503	infrastructure and improvements within the project area from which the tax increment funds
1504	were collected;
1505	(e) to pay the cost of the installation of publicly owned infrastructure and
1506	improvements outside the project area if the authority board determines by resolution that the
1507	infrastructure and improvements are of benefit to the project area; and
1508	(f) to pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the authority.
1509	(2) The authority may use revenue generated from the operation of publicly owned
1510	infrastructure operated by the authority or improvements operated by the authority to:
1511	(a) operate and maintain the infrastructure or improvements; and
1512	(b) pay for authority operating expenses, including administrative, overhead, and legal
1513	expenses.
1514	(3) For purposes of Subsection (1), the authority may use:
1515	(a) tax revenues received under Subsection 59-12-205[(2)](3)(b)(ii); and

1516	(b) resort communities tax revenues generated from a project area that contains private
1517	land.
1518	(4) The determination of the authority board under Subsection (1)(e) regarding benefit
1519	to the project area shall be final and conclusive.
1520	Section 17. Effective date.
1521	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-2-11 5:22 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

FISCAL NOTE

H.B. 135

SHORT TITLE: Local Sales and Use Tax Distribution Revisions - As Amended

SPONSOR: Nielson, J.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

Enactment of this bill likely will not materially impact the state budget.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill will have no net impact. There will be a shift in sales tax revenue between local entities.

DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses.

2/14/2011, 12:03 PM, Lead Analyst: Wilko, A./Attorney: RLR

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst