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59	 provides that the Legislature may adopt policies regarding the receipt, processing,
60	and response to record requests;
61	 rewrites and reorganizes the section addressing the act's application to the
62	Legislature;
63	 addresses legislative compliance requirements with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Part 9,
64	Public Associations; and
65	makes technical changes.
66	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
67	None
68	Other Special Clauses:
69	This bill \$→ [provides an immediate effective date.] takes effect on July 1, 2011. ←\$
70	Utah Code Sections Affected:
71	AMENDS:
72	20A-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 197
73	58-1-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
74	61-1-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 351
75	61-2f-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 379
76	63G-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 366
77	63G-2-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
78	63G-2-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 380
79	63G-2-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
80	63G-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
81	63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 36 and 379
82	63G-2-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
83	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 6, 113, and 247
84	63G-2-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
85	63G-2-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
86	63G-2-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
87	63G-2-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
88	63G-2-803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 44
89	ENACTS:

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647	(b) [An hourly charge] In calculating the actual cost of labor charged under Subsection
648	(2)(a) [may not exceed the salary of the lowest paid employee who, in the discretion of the
649	custodian of records, has the necessary skill and training to perform the request.], a
650	governmental entity:
651	(i) shall, for a service performed by an employee of the governmental entity, charge the
652	actual hourly pay rate of each employee performing a service in response to the request $\hat{H} \rightarrow$, or the
652a	actual hourly pay rate of the lowest paid employee available to perform the service who, in the
652b	discretion of the custodian of records, has the job classification and training necessary to
652c	perform the service, whichever is lower + Ĥ ;
653	(ii) shall, for a service performed by a person who is not an employee of the
654	governmental entity, charge the actual rate charged to the governmental entity for each service
655	performed in response to the request $\hat{H} \rightarrow$, provided that the service provider certifies that the
655a	rates charged are not higher than the actual hourly pay rate of the lowest paid person having
655b	the job classification and training necessary to perform the service + H ; and
656	(iii) may not include the first quarter hour of time required to perform the service.
657	(c) When assessing an additional cost under Subsection (2)(a), a governmental entity
658	<u>shall:</u>
659	(i) document the actual cost of labor in a manner that clearly identifies the hours and
660	rate applied to each service and the actual cost of third party services charged to the
661	governmental entity; and
662	(ii) provide the documentation to each requestor that is being assessed an additional
663	cost for services in support of the additional cost assessed.
664	[(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(a) and (b), no charge may be made for the first
665	quarter hour of staff time.]
666	[(3) (a) Fees shall be established as provided in this Subsection (3).]
667	[(b) A governmental entity with fees established by the Legislature:]
668	[(i) shall establish the fees defined in Subsection (2), or other actual costs associated
669	with this section through the budget process; and]
670	[(ii) may use the procedures of Section 63J-1-504 to set fees until the Legislature
671	establishes fees through the budget process.]
672	[(c) Political subdivisions shall establish fees by ordinance or written formal policy
673	adopted by the governing body.]
674	[(d) The judiciary shall establish fees by rules of the judicial council.]
675	[(4)] (3) A governmental entity may choose to fulfill a record request without [charge
676	and is encouraged to do so when] a fee or cost assessment, or for a reduced fee or cost
677	assessment if it determines [that]:

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1453	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
1454	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number,
1455	personal email address or other personal electronic or online address, or personal mobile phone
1456	number, if:
1457	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
1458	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
1459	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
1460	kept confidential due to:
1461	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
1462	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
1463	(52) the name, home address, work [addresses, and] address, telephone [numbers]
1463a	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{number}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}} , \underline{\mathbf{and}}$
1464	email address or other personal electronic or online address of an individual that is engaged in,
1465	or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
1466	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
1467	53B-1-102; and
1468	(b) conducted using animals;
1469	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement
1470	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
1471	(54) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance
1472	Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter
1473	12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public,
1474	the information or report;
1475	(55) (a) records of the Utah Educational Savings Plan created under Section
1476	53B-8a-103 if the disclosure of the records would conflict with its fiduciary obligations;
1477	(b) proposals submitted to the Utah Educational Savings Plan; and
1478	(c) contracts entered into by the Utah Educational Savings Plan and the related
1479	payments;
1480	(56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section
1481	62A-4a-1003;
1482	(57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in
1483	furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;

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appeal is filed, or if, as a result of the appeal, the governmental entity is required to produce a record, the governmental entity shall:

(i) produce the record; and

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- (ii) file a notice of compliance with the records committee.
- (d) (i) If the governmental entity that is ordered to produce a record fails to file a notice of compliance or a notice of intent to appeal, the records committee may do either or both of the following:
 - (A) impose a civil penalty of up to \$500 for each day of continuing noncompliance; or
- (B) send written notice of the governmental entity's noncompliance to[· (I) the governor, for executive branch entities; [(II)] the Legislative Management Committee for legislative branch entities; [and (III)], or the Judicial Council, for judicial branch Ĥ→[agencies[]]←Ĥ entities.
 - (ii) In imposing a civil penalty, the records committee shall consider the gravity and circumstances of the violation, including whether the failure to comply was due to neglect or was willful or intentional.
- 1685 (15) The records committee shall make rules to implement this section as provided by
 1686 Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- Section 16. Section **63G-2-404** is amended to read:
- 1688 **63G-2-404.** Judicial review.
 - (1) (a) Any party to a proceeding before the records committee may petition for judicial review by the district court of the records committee's order.
 - (b) The petition shall be filed no later than 30 days after the date of the records committee's order.
 - (c) The records committee is a necessary party to the petition for judicial review.
 - (d) The executive secretary of the records committee shall be served with notice of the petition in accordance with the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
 - (2) (a) A requester may petition for judicial review by the district court of a governmental entity's determination as specified in Subsection 63G-2-402(1)(b).
 - (b) The requester shall file a petition no later than:
- 1699 (i) 30 days after the governmental entity has responded to the records request by either providing the requested records or denying the request in whole or in part;

1763	except for this section; and
1764	(v) Part 9, Public Associations, except to the extent that the part may apply to
1765	legislators or legislative staff employees acting in a private capacity.
1766	[(3)] (2) The Legislature, through the Legislative Management Committee[:(a)], shall
1767	establish policies [to handle requests for classification, designation,] relating to:
1768	(a) receiving, processing, and responding to a record request, including time periods
1769	and procedures for the record request process;
1770	(b) classifying or designating a record;
1771	(c) fees[7] and costs;
1772	(d) access[, denials,] to a record;
1773	(e) denial of access to a record;
1774	(f) segregation[;] of a record;
1775	(g) appeals[,], including time periods and procedures for the appeals process;
1776	(h) ownership, management, and retention[7] of a record; and
1777	(i) amendment of [records; and] a record.
1778	[(b) may establish an appellate board to hear appeals from denials of access.]
1779	[(4) Policies shall include reasonable times for responding to access requests consistent
1780	with the provisions of Part 2, Access to Records, fees, and reasonable time limits for appeals.]
1781	[(5)] (3) Upon request, the state archivist shall:
1782	(a) assist with and advise concerning the establishment of a records management
1783	program in the Legislature; and
1784	(b) as required by the Legislature, provide program services similar to those available
1785	to the executive branch of government, as provided in this chapter and Title 63A, Chapter 12,
1786	[Part 1, Archives and Records Service] Public Records Management Act.
1787	(4) The Legislature is not subject to Title 63A, Chapter 12, Public Records
1788	Management Act, except for compliance with Sections 63A-12-102 and 63A-12-106.
1789	Section 18. Section 63G-2-803 is amended to read:
1790	63G-2-803. No individual liability for certain decisions of a governmental entity.
1791	(1) Neither the governmental entity, nor any officer or employee of the governmental
1792	entity, is liable for damages resulting from the release of a record where the person or
1793	$\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{government}]$ governmental $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ entity requesting the record presented evidence of authority to
1793a	obtain the record,

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rity.
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- (2) Neither the governmental entity, nor any officer or employee of the governmental entity, is liable for damages arising from the negligent disclosure of records classified as private under [Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(f)] Section 63G-2-302 unless:
- (a) the disclosure was of employment records maintained by the governmental entity; or
- (b) the current or former government employee had previously filed the notice required by Section 63G-2-303 and[: (i)] the government entity did not take reasonable steps to preclude access or distribution of the record[; or (ii)] or the release of the record was otherwise willfully or grossly negligent.
- (3) A mailing from a government agency to an individual who has filed an application under Section 63G-2-303 is not a wrongful disclosure under this chapter or under Title 63A, Chapter 12, [Archives and Records Service] Public Records Management Act.

1807 Section 19. **Repealer.**

This bill repeals:

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1809 Section **63G-2-102**, **Legislative intent**.

1810 Section 20. **Effective date.**

- 1813 <u>Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,</u>

1814 <u>the date of veto override.</u>] This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011. ←Ŝ

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel