59	WHEREAS, Utah is entitled, under the Equal Footing Doctrine, to the same rights of
60	sovereignty, freedom, and independence as the original states;
61	WHEREAS, Section 3 of Utah's Enabling Act, with respect to disposition of public
62	lands, reads: "And said Convention shall provide by ordinance irrevocable with the consent of
63	the United States and the people of said State that until the title (to the unappropriated
64	public lands) have been extinguished by the United States, the same shall be and remain
65	subject to the disposition of the United States";
66	WHEREAS, by these words the United States may only shelter public lands from the
67	obligation of disposal by the consent of the state of Utah;
68	WHEREAS, with the passage of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act
69	(FLPMA) of 1976, the United States shifted from a policy of disposal of public lands and
70	extinguishment of the Federal title to one of retention of public lands and their management in
71	perpetuity through the United States Bureau of Land Management (BLM);
72	WHEREAS, the BLM now $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{has}]$ claims $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ jurisdiction of over 22,600,000
2a	acres of public land in
73	Utah, which is nearly twice as much land as the 11,512,000 acres of land in private ownership;
74	WHEREAS, the BLM was directed to manage the public lands for multiple use and
75	sustained yield and to afford Utah and other Western States a share of the revenues from the
76	production of the natural resources on public lands, including revenues from timbering, oil and
77	gas production, and mining;
78	WHEREAS, the state and federal partnership of public lands management has been
79	eroded by an oppressive and over-reaching federal management agenda that has adversely
80	impacted the sovereignty and the economies of the state of Utah and local governments;
81	WHEREAS, Sections 6, 7, 8, and 12 of Utah's Enabling Act provided for land grants to
82	fund critical public functions such as primary and secondary education, public buildings, and
83	water development;
84	WHEREAS, federal courts, including the United States Supreme Court, have
85	recognized this land grant as the establishment of a trust, even a "solemn contract" between the
86	United States and the state of Utah, with the United States in the role as settlor of the trust and
87	the state of Utah in the role of trustee;
88	WHEREAS, as settlor of the trust, the United States has an obligation to pursue actions
89	and policies that support the trustee in its efforts to fulfill the purposes of the trust;

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183	efforts in a more efficient manner than the federal government, to the benefit of all users,
184	including recreation, conservation, and the responsible development of energy, grazing, timber,
185	and other economic industries;
186	WHEREAS, citizens of the state of Utah have a love of the land and have demonstrated

responsible stewardship of lands within state jurisdiction;

WHEREAS, the state of Utah has a proven regulatory structure to manage public lands for multiple use and sustained yield;

WHEREAS, federal land management policies are eroding the fundamental pillars of sovereignty, freedom, and independence upon which all states and the state of Utah are founded under the Equal Footing clause; and

WHEREAS, by means provided under the Constitution, damaged states may assert their rightful claim to the public lands within their borders and restore the constitutional design for the benefit of present and future generations $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\div]$: and

WHEREAS, Utah fully reserves and asserts all sovereign and constitutional claims to its public lands: ←Ĥ

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Legislature of the state of Utah calls on the United States, through their agent, Congress, to relinquish to the state of Utah all right, title, and jurisdiction in those lands that were committed to the purposes of this state by terms of its enabling act compact with them and that now reside within the state as public lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management that were reserved by Congress after the date of Utah statehood.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Secretary of the United States Department of Interior, to the United States Director of the Federal Bureau of Land Management, to the Majority Leader of the United States Senate, to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, and to the members of Utah's Congressional Delegation.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-18-11 6:17 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel