	CHANGES TO FIT PREMISES ACT
	2011 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Jennifer M. Seelig
	Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
I	LONG TITLE
(	General Description:
	This bill modifies the Utah Fit Premises Act.
F	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>prohibits an owner from taking action against a renter for requesting assistance from</li> </ul>
a	public safety agency; and
	<ul> <li>prohibits municipalities with a good landlord program from limiting owner</li> </ul>
p	participation in or benefits from the program under certain circumstances.
N	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
(	Other Special Clauses:
	None
ι	Utah Code Sections Affected:
A	AMENDS:
	<b>57-22-5.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 352
	<b>57-22-7</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 352
E	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>57-22-5.1</b> is amended to read:
	57-22-5.1. Crime victim's right to new locks Domestic violence victim's right to



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28	terminate rental agreement Limits an owner relating to assistance from public safety
29	agency.
30	(1) As used in this section[;]:
31	(a) "Crime victim" means a victim of:
32	[(a)] (i) domestic violence, as defined in Section 77-36-1;
33	[(b)] (ii) stalking as defined in Section 76-5-106.5;
34	[(c)] (iii) a crime under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
35	[(d)] (iv) burglary or aggravated burglary under Section 76-6-202 or 76-6-203; or
36	[(e)] (v) dating violence, consisting of verbal, emotional, psychological, physical, or
37	sexual abuse of one person by another in a dating relationship.
38	(b) "Public safety agency" means a governmental entity that provides fire protection,
39	law enforcement, ambulance, medical, or similar service.
40	(2) An acceptable form of documentation of an act listed in Subsection (1) is:
41	(a) a protective order protecting the renter issued pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part
42	1, Cohabitant Abuse Act, subsequent to a hearing of which the petitioner and respondent have
43	been given notice under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Cohabitant Abuse Act; or
44	(b) a copy of a police report documenting an act listed in Subsection (1).
45	(3) (a) A renter who is a crime victim may require the renter's owner to install a new
46	lock to the renter's residential rental unit if the renter:
47	(i) provides the owner with an acceptable form of documentation of an act listed in
48	Subsection (1); and
49	(ii) pays for the cost of installing the new lock.
50	(b) An owner may comply with Subsection (3)(a) by:
51	(i) rekeying the lock if the lock is in good working condition; or
52	(ii) changing the entire locking mechanism with a locking mechanism of equal or
53	greater quality than the lock being replaced.
54	(c) An owner who installs a new lock under Subsection (3)(a) may retain a copy of the
55	key that opens the new lock.
56	(d) Notwithstanding any rental agreement, an owner who installs a new lock under
57	Subsection (3)(a) shall refuse to provide a copy of the key that opens the new lock to the
58	perpetrator of the act listed in Subsection (1).

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59	(e) Notwithstanding Section 78B-6-814, if an owner refuses to provide a copy of the
60	key under Subsection (3)(d) to a perpetrator who is not barred from the residential rental unit
61	by a protective order but is a renter on the rental agreement, the perpetrator may file a petition
62	with a court of competent jurisdiction within 30 days to:
63	(i) establish whether the perpetrator should be given a key and allowed access to the
64	residential rental unit; or
65	(ii) whether the perpetrator should be relieved of further liability under the rental
66	agreement because of the owner's exclusion of the perpetrator from the residential rental unit.
67	(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(ii), a perpetrator may not be relieved of further
68	liability under the rental agreement if the perpetrator is found by the court to have committed
69	the act upon which the landlord's exclusion of the perpetrator is based.
70	(4) A renter who is a victim of domestic violence, as defined in Section 77-36-1, may
71	terminate a rental agreement if the renter:
72	(a) is in compliance with:
73	(i) all provisions of Section 57-22-5; and
74	(ii) all obligations under the rental agreement;
75	(b) provides the owner:
76	(i) written notice of termination; and
77	(ii) a protective order protecting the renter from a domestic violence perpetrator $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{or}} \mathbf{a}$
77a	copy of a police report documenting that the renter is a victim of domestic violence and did not
77b	<b>participate in the violence</b> $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ ; and
78	(c) no later than the date that the renter provides a notice of termination under
79	Subsection (4)(b)(i), pays the owner the equivalent of 45 days' rent for the period beginning on
80	the date that the renter provides the notice of termination.
81	(5) An owner may not:
82	(a) impose a restriction on a renter's ability to request assistance from a public safety
83	agency; or
84	(b) penalize or evict a renter because the renter makes reasonable requests for
85	assistance from a public safety agency.
86	Section 2. Section <b>57-22-7</b> is amended to read:
87	57-22-7. Limitation on counties and municipalities.
88	(1) A county or municipality may not adopt an ordinance, resolution, or regulation that
89	is inconsistent with this chapter.

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(2) (a) Subsection (1) may not be construed to limit the ability of a county or
municipality to enforce an applicable administrative remedy with respect to a residential rental
unit for a violation of a county or municipal ordinance, subject to Subsection (2)(b).
(b) A county or municipality's enforcement of an administrative remedy may not have
the effect of:
(i) modifying the time requirements of a corrective period, as defined in Section
57-22-6;
(ii) limiting or otherwise affecting a tenant's remedies under Section 57-22-6; or
(iii) modifying an owner's obligation under this chapter to a tenant relating to the
habitability of a residential rental unit.
(3) A municipality with a good landlord program under Subsection 10-1-203(5)(e) may
not limit an owner's participation in the program or reduce program benefits to the owner
because of renter or crime victim action that the owner is prohibited under Subsection
57-22-5.1(5) from restricting or penalizing.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-3-11 1:29 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

FISCAL NOTE

H.B. 403

SHORT TITLE: Changes to Fit Premises Act

SPONSOR: Seelig, J.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

Enactment of this bill likely will not materially impact the state budget.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses.

2/18/2011, 08:06 AM, Lead Analyst: Pratt, S./Attorney: RHR

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst