HB0059S01 compared with HB0059

{deleted text} shows text that was in HB0059 but was deleted in HB0059S01.

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0059 but was inserted into HB0059S01.

DISCLAIMER: This document is provided to assist you in your comparison of the two bills. Sometimes this automated comparison will not be completely accurate. Therefore, you need to read the actual bill. This automatically generated document could experience abnormalities caused by: limitations of the compare program; bad input data; the timing of the compare; and other potential causes.

Representative Stephen G. Handy proposes the following substitute bill:

ARREST AND REQUIREMENTS - WITH OR WITHOUT WARRANTS

2011 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Stephen G. Handy

Senate	Sponsor:	

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill modifies the Code of Criminal Procedure regarding arrest by a peace officer without a warrant.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- <u>amends language regarding arrest by a peace officer to refer to "probable cause"</u>
 rather than "reasonable cause"; and
- ► {}amends a peace officer's authority to make an arrest without a warrant upon {reasonable} probable cause by providing that this authority includes {any misdemeanor} class B and class A misdemeanors, rather than current law which

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grants the authority to arrest upon {reasonable} probable cause {to} for class A misdemeanors and felonies.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

77-7-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 293

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 77-7-2 is amended to read:

77-7-2. Arrest by peace officers.

A peace officer may make an arrest under authority of a warrant or may, without warrant, arrest a person:

- (1) (a) for any public offense committed or attempted in the presence of any peace officer; and
- (b) as used in this Subsection (1), "presence" includes all of the physical senses or any device that enhances the acuity, sensitivity, or range of any physical sense, or records the observations of any of the physical senses;
- (2) when the peace officer has <u>[reasonable] probable</u> cause to believe a felony or a <u>{{}} or class B</u> misdemeanor has been committed and has <u>[reasonable] probable</u> cause to believe that the person arrested has committed it;
- (3) when the peace officer has <u>[reasonable] probable</u> cause to believe the person has committed a public offense, and there is <u>[reasonable] probable</u> cause for believing the person may:
 - (a) flee or conceal himself or herself to avoid arrest;
 - (b) destroy or conceal evidence of the commission of the offense; or
 - (c) injure another person or damage property belonging to another person; or
- (4) when the peace officer has <u>[reasonable] probable</u> cause to believe the person has committed the offense of failure to disclose identity under Section 76-8-301.5.

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Legislative Review Note

as of 12-20-10 8:03 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel}