	ABORTION CLINIC LICENSING
	2011 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Carl Wimmer
	Senate Sponsor:
LONG T	TTLE
General	Description:
T	his bill amends provisions of the Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act in
relation to	o abortion clinics.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
T	his bill:
►	defines terms;
►	requires annual licensing for abortion clinics that provide abortions during the first
and secor	nd trimesters of pregnancy;
•	grants rulemaking authority to the Department of Health in relation to licensing of
abortion	clinics;
•	requires, in order for an abortion clinic to obtain and maintain a license, that the
abortion	clinic comply with statutory requirements, rules, health and safety
standards	, and recordkeeping requirements;
•	requires inspection of abortion clinics;
•	requires the department to establish a fee on abortion clinics to pay for the costs
relating to	o this bill;
•	modifies exemptions from the Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act;
•	provides intent language; and
•	makes technical changes.
Money A	ppropriated in this Bill:

28	None
29	Other Special Clauses:
30	None
31	Utah Code Sections Affected:
32	AMENDS:
33	26-21-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 31
34	26-21-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 141
35	26-21-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 155
36	ENACTS:
37	26-21-6.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	Uncodified Material Affected:
39	ENACTS UNCODIFIED MATERIAL
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41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 26-21-2 is amended to read:
43	26-21-2. Definitions.
44	As used in this chapter:
45	[(1) "Abortion clinic" means a facility, other than a general acute or specialty hospital,
46	that performs abortions and provides abortion services during the second trimester of
47	pregnancy.]
48	(1) "Abortion clinic" means a type I abortion clinic or a type II abortion clinic.
49	(2) "Activities of daily living" means essential activities including:
50	(a) dressing;
51	(b) eating;
52	(c) grooming;
53	(d) bathing;
54	(e) toileting;
55	(f) ambulation;
56	(g) transferring; and
57	(h) self-administration of medication.
58	(3) "Ambulatory surgical facility" means a freestanding facility, which provides

59	surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization.
60	(4) "Assistance with activities of daily living" means providing of or arranging for the
61	provision of assistance with activities of daily living.
62	(5) (a) "Assisted living facility" means:
63	(i) a type I assisted living facility, which is a residential facility that provides assistance
64	with activities of daily living and social care to two or more residents who:
65	(A) require protected living arrangements; and
66	(B) are capable of achieving mobility sufficient to exit the facility without the
67	assistance of another person; and
68	(ii) a type II assisted living facility, which is a residential facility with a home-like
69	setting that provides an array of coordinated supportive personal and health care services
70	available 24 hours per day to residents who have been assessed under department rule to need
71	any of these services.
72	(b) Each resident in a type I or type II assisted living facility shall have a service plan
73	based on the assessment, which may include:
74	(i) specified services of intermittent nursing care;
75	(ii) administration of medication; and
76	(iii) support services promoting residents' independence and self sufficiency.
77	(6) "Birthing center" means a freestanding facility, receiving maternal clients and
78	providing care during pregnancy, delivery, and immediately after delivery.
79	(7) "Committee" means the Health Facility Committee created in Section 26-1-7.
80	(8) "Consumer" means any person not primarily engaged in the provision of health care
81	to individuals or in the administration of facilities or institutions in which such care is provided
82	and who does not hold a fiduciary position, or have a fiduciary interest in any entity involved in
83	the provision of health care, and does not receive, either directly or through his spouse, more
84	than 1/10 of his gross income from any entity or activity relating to health care.
85	(9) "End stage renal disease facility" means a facility which furnishes staff-assisted
86	kidney dialysis services, self-dialysis services, or home-dialysis services on an outpatient basis.
87	(10) "Freestanding" means existing independently or physically separated from another
88	health care facility by fire walls and doors and administrated by separate staff with separate
89	records.

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90 (11) "General acute hospital" means a facility which provides diagnostic, therapeutic,
91 and rehabilitative services to both inpatients and outpatients by or under the supervision of
92 physicians.

93 (12) "Governmental unit" means the state, or any county, municipality, or other
94 political subdivision or any department, division, board, or agency of the state, a county,
95 municipality, or other political subdivision.

96 (13) (a) "Health care facility" means general acute hospitals, specialty hospitals, home 97 health agencies, hospices, nursing care facilities, residential-assisted living facilities, birthing 98 centers, ambulatory surgical facilities, small health care facilities, abortion clinics, facilities 99 owned or operated by health maintenance organizations, end stage renal disease facilities, and 100 any other health care facility which the committee designates by rule.

(b) "Health care facility" does not include the offices of private physicians or dentists,
whether for individual or group practice, except that it does include an abortion clinic.

103 (14) "Health maintenance organization" means an organization, organized under the104 laws of any state which:

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(a) is a qualified health maintenance organization under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300e-9; or

(b) (i) provides or otherwise makes available to enrolled participants at least the
following basic health care services: usual physician services, hospitalization, laboratory, x-ray,
emergency, and preventive services and out-of-area coverage;

(ii) is compensated, except for copayments, for the provision of the basic health
services listed in Subsection (14)(b)(i) to enrolled participants by a payment which is paid on a
periodic basis without regard to the date the health services are provided and which is fixed
without regard to the frequency, extent, or kind of health services actually provided; and

(iii) provides physicians' services primarily directly through physicians who are either
employees or partners of such organizations, or through arrangements with individual
physicians or one or more groups of physicians organized on a group practice or individual
practice basis.

(15) (a) "Home health agency" means an agency, organization, or facility or a
subdivision of an agency, organization, or facility which employs two or more direct care staff
persons who provide licensed nursing services, therapeutic services of physical therapy, speech
therapy, occupational therapy, medical social services, or home health aide services on a

121	visiting basis.
122	(b) "Home health agency" does not mean an individual who provides services under
123	the authority of a private license.
124	(16) "Hospice" means a program of care for the terminally ill and their families which
125	occurs in a home or in a health care facility and which provides medical, palliative,
126	psychological, spiritual, and supportive care and treatment.
127	(17) "Nursing care facility" means a health care facility, other than a general acute or
128	specialty hospital, constructed, licensed, and operated to provide patient living
129	accommodations, 24-hour staff availability, and at least two of the following patient services:
130	(a) a selection of patient care services, under the direction and supervision of a
131	registered nurse, ranging from continuous medical, skilled nursing, psychological, or other
132	professional therapies to intermittent health-related or paraprofessional personal care services;
133	(b) a structured, supportive social living environment based on a professionally
134	designed and supervised treatment plan, oriented to the individual's habilitation or
135	rehabilitation needs; or
136	(c) a supervised living environment that provides support, training, or assistance with
137	individual activities of daily living.
138	(18) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company,
139	association, or joint stock association, and the legal successor thereof.
140	(19) "Resident" means a person 21 years of age or older who:
141	(a) as a result of physical or mental limitations or age requires or requests services
142	provided in an assisted living facility; and
143	(b) does not require intensive medical or nursing services as provided in a hospital or
144	nursing care facility.
145	(20) "Small health care facility" means a four to 16 bed facility that provides licensed
146	health care programs and services to residents.
147	(21) "Specialty hospital" means a facility which provides specialized diagnostic,
148	therapeutic, or rehabilitative services in the recognized specialty or specialties for which the
149	hospital is licensed.
150	(22) "Substantial compliance" means in a department survey of a licensee, the
151	department determines there is an absence of deficiencies which would harm the physical

152	health, mental health, safety, or welfare of patients or residents of a licensee.
153	(23) "Type I abortion clinic" means a facility, including a physician's office, but not
154	including a general acute or specialty hospital, that:
155	(a) performs abortions during the first trimester of pregnancy; and
156	(b) does not perform abortions during the second trimester of pregnancy.
157	(24) "Type II abortion clinic" means a facility, other than a general acute or specialty
158	hospital, that:
159	(a) performs abortions during the second trimester of pregnancy; or
160	(b) performs abortions during the first and second trimester of pregnancy.
161	Section 2. Section 26-21-6.5 is enacted to read:
162	<u>26-21-6.5.</u> Licensing of an abortion clinic Rulemaking authority Fee.
163	(1) Beginning on September 1, 2011, a type I abortion clinic may not operate in the
164	state without a license issued by the department to operate a type I abortion clinic.
165	(2) A type II abortion clinic may not operate in the state without a license issued by the
166	department to operate a type II abortion clinic.
167	(3) The department shall make rules establishing minimum health, safety, sanitary, and
168	recordkeeping requirements for:
169	(a) a type I abortion clinic; and
170	(b) a type II abortion clinic.
171	(4) In order to receive and maintain a license described in this section, an abortion
172	clinic shall:
173	(a) apply for a license on a form prescribed by the department;
174	(b) satisfy and maintain the minimum health, safety, sanitary, and recordkeeping
175	requirements described in Subsection (3) that relate to the type of abortion clinic licensed;
176	(c) comply with the recordkeeping and reporting requirements of Subsection
177	<u>76-7-305.6(4) and Section 76-7-313;</u>
178	(d) comply with the requirements of Title 76, Chapter 7, Part 3, Abortion;
179	(e) pay the annual licensing fee; and
180	(f) cooperate with inspections conducted by the department.
181	(5) The department shall, at least twice per year, inspect each abortion clinic in the
182	state to ensure that the abortion clinic is complying with all statutory and licensing

183	requirements relating to the abortion clinic. At least one of the inspections shall be made
184	without providing notice to the abortion clinic.
185	(6) The department shall charge an annual license fee, set in accordance with Section
186	63J-1-504, to an abortion clinic in an amount that will pay for the cost of the licensing and
187	inspection requirements described in this section.
188	Section 3. Section 26-21-7 is amended to read:
189	26-21-7. Exempt facilities.
190	This chapter does not apply to:
191	(1) a dispensary or first aid facility maintained by any commercial or industrial plant,
192	educational institution, or convent;
193	(2) a health care facility owned or operated by an agency of the United States;
194	(3) the office of a physician or dentist whether it is an individual or group practice.
195	except that it does apply to an abortion clinic;
196	(4) a health care facility established or operated by any recognized church or
197	denomination for the practice of religious tenets administered by mental or spiritual means
198	without the use of drugs, whether gratuitously or for compensation, if it complies with statutes
199	and rules on environmental protection and life safety;
200	(5) any health care facility owned or operated by the Department of Corrections,
201	created in Section 64-13-2; and
202	(6) a residential facility providing 24-hour care:
203	(a) that does not employ direct care staff;
204	(b) in which the residents of the facility contract with a licensed hospice agency to
205	receive end-of-life medical care; and
206	(c) that meets other requirements for an exemption as designated by administrative
207	rule.
208	Section 4. Section 26-21-8 is amended to read:
209	26-21-8. License required Not assignable or transferable Posting
210	Expiration and renewal Time for compliance by operating facilities.
211	(1) (a) A person or governmental unit acting severally or jointly with any other person
212	or governmental unit, may not establish, conduct, or maintain a health care facility in this state
213	without receiving a license from the department as provided by this chapter and the rules of the

214	committee.
215	(b) This Subsection (1) does not apply to facilities that are exempt under Section
216	26-21-7.
217	(2) A license issued under this chapter is not assignable or transferable.
218	(3) The current license shall at all times be posted in each health care facility in a place
219	readily visible and accessible to the public.
220	(4) (a) The department may issue a license for a period of time not to exceed $\underline{12}$
221	months from the date of issuance for an abortion clinic, and not to exceed 24 months from the
222	date of issuance [to] for other health care facilities, that meet the provisions of this chapter and
223	department rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
224	(b) Each license expires at midnight on the day designated on the license as the
225	expiration date, unless previously revoked by the department.
226	(c) The license shall be renewed upon completion of the application requirements,
227	unless the department finds the health care facility has not complied with the provisions of this
228	chapter or the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.
229	(5) A license may be issued under this section only for the operation of a specific
230	facility at a specific site by a specific person.
231	(6) Any health care facility in operation at the time of adoption of any applicable rules
232	as provided under this chapter shall be given a reasonable time for compliance as determined
233	by the committee.
234	Section 5. Legislative intent.
235	The Legislature is aware of the discovery, nationwide, of abortion clinics that operate in
236	unsafe and unsanitary conditions, risking the health and safety of women. The Legislature is
237	very concerned of the risks posed to women in these circumstances and intends to take action
238	to help ensure that these conditions do not exist in Utah. The purpose of this bill is to protect
239	women in Utah from these risks in a manner that does conflict with the rights, held by state and
240	federal courts to be protected by the United States Constitution, in relation to abortion. The
241	Legislature intends that the department enact rules, and enforce those rules and the provisions
242	of this bill, in a manner that does not place an undue burden on these rights.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel