1	UTAH CODE TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS
2	2011 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Brad J. Galvez
5	Senate Sponsor: Stuart C. Reid
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill replaces the terms "monies" and "moneys" with the term "money" throughout
10	the Utah Code.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	replaces the terms "monies" and "moneys" with the term "money" throughout the
14	Utah Code; and
15	makes technical changes.
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
17	None
18	Other Special Clauses:
19	None
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:
21	AMENDS:
22	4-2-8.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
23	4-20-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
24	9-3-606, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 152
25	9-4-630, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 241
26	9-4-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 279
27	9-4-707, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 95



H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

28	9-4-708, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 381
29	9-4-914, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
30	9-4-1409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 385
31	9-6-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 241
32	9-6-506, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 241
33	9-8-706, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 121
34	9-8-707, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 121
35	11-25-20, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 276
36	11-27-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
37	24-1-19, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
38	24-1-20 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 296
39	31A-23a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
40	31A-23a-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 349
41	31A-28-113 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 161
42	31A-38-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 221
43	31A-41-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 220
44	34A-2-202.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 85
45	34A-2-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 288
46	35A-3-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 116
47	35A-3-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
48	35A-3-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 13
49	35A-4-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 375
50	35A-4-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 110
51	35A-4-507, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 277 and 278
52	36-24-101 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 82
53	38-11-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 84
54	40-6-14.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
55	40-10-25.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 256
56	40-10-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 344 and 388
57	41-1a-422 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 139, 166, 369, and 379
58	41-12a-803 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 166 and 382

59	51-7-3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
60	51-7a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 277
61	51-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 182
62	51-9-402 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 402
63	51-9-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 339 and renumbered and
64	amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
65	51-9-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 216 and renumbered and
66	amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
67	51-9-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 176
68	51-9-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, First Special Session, Chapter 4
69	52-5-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
70	53-1-117, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
71	53-2-109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 281
72	53-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 370
73	53-2-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 370
74	53-2-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 77
75	53A-1-612, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
76	53A-1-708, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 265
77	53A-1-903, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 2
78	53A-1a-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 157, 178, and 332
79	53A-1a-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
80	53A-1a-706, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 35
81	53A-1a-806 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 30
82	53A-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 310
83	53A-16-107.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 160
84	53A-17a-105, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 399
85	53A-17a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 3
86	53A-17a-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 3
87	53A-17a-123.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 3
88	53A-17a-134, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 399
89	53A-17a-144 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 88 and 221

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

90	53A-17a-150 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 305
91	53A-28-301 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 62
92	53A-28-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
93	53A-28-401 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
94	53A-28-402 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 62
95	53B-8a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 6
96	53B-13-107 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
97	53B-21-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 271
98	53C-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 79
99	54-4-15.2 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 118
100	54-7-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
101	54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
102	54-9-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 105
103	58-63-103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 308
104	59-2-1365, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 54
105	59-9-102.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 85
106	59-12-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 412
107	59-21-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
108	59-21-2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
109	61-2e-203 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 269
110	62A-1-119 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 359
111	62A-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 75
112	63A-8-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 65
113	63B-1b-402 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
114	63B-2-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 304
115	63B-2-211 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 304
116	63B-3-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 300
117	63B-3-211 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 300
118	63B-4-111 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 329
119	63B-5-111 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 335
120	63B-6-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 391

121	63B-6-211 , as enacted by Laws of Otan 1997, Chapter 270
122	63B-6-304 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 270
123	63B-6-411 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 391
124	63B-7-111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 67
125	63B-7-211 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 316
126	63B-7-304 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 316
127	63B-7-411, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 67
128	63B-8-111 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 309
129	63B-8-211 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 331
130	63B-8-304 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 331
131	63B-8-411 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 309
132	63B-10-111 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 321
133	63B-10-204 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 321
134	63B-11-111 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 199
135	63B-11-211 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 252
136	63B-11-311 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 278
137	63B-11-404 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 278
138	63B-11-511 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 266
139	63B-11-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 266
140	63C-6-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 66
141	63C-11-301, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 369
142	63C-11-304, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 369
143	63E-2-110 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 201
144	63G-1-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
145	63J-1-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 278 and 391
146	63J-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 3
147	63J-1-210, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
148	63J-1-312, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
149	63J-1-602.5 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 265
150	63J-3-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
151	63M-1-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 378 and renumbered and

amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
63M-1-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 18 and renumbered and
amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
63M-1-1218, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 143
63M-1-1406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 394
63M-7-511, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 339 and renumbered and
amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
63M-7-514, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 339 and renumbered and
amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
65A-8-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 136
65A-8-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 136
67-3-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 360 and 382
67-4-11, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 14
67-5-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 48
67-19d-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 99
70D-3-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 72
72-2-117, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
72-2-117.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
72-2-121.2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
72-2-122 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
72-2-205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 270
73-10-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 365
73-10-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 169
73-10c-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 142
73-26-302 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 84
73-28-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 216
73-28-404 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
76-8-401 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 106
77-18-1.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 337
77-28-1 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1980, Chapter 15
79-5-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344

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102	01-12-11 11:52 AM H.B. 18
183 184	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
185	Section 1. Section 4-2-8.5 is amended to read:
186	4-2-8.5. Salinity Offset Fund.
187	(1) As used in this section, "Colorado River Salinity Offset Program" means a
188	program, administered by the Division of Water Quality, allowing oil, gas, or mining
189	companies and other entities to provide funds to finance salinity reduction projects in the
190	Colorado River Basin by purchasing salinity credits as offsets against discharges made by the
191	company under permits issued by the Division of Water Quality.
192	(2) (a) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Salinity Offset
193	Fund."
194	(b) The fund shall consist of:
195	(i) [monies] money received from the Division of Water Quality that [have] has been
196	collected as part of the Colorado River Salinity Offset Program;
197	(ii) grants from local governments, the state, or the federal government;
198	(iii) grants from private entities; and
199	(iv) interest on fund [monies] money.
200	(3) Any unallocated balance in the fund at the end of a fiscal year is nonlapsing.
201	(4) (a) The department shall:
202	(i) subject to the rules established under Subsection (4)(a)(ii), distribute fund [monies]
203	money to farmers, ranchers, mutual irrigation companies, and other entities in the state to assist
204	in financing irrigation, rangeland, and watershed improvement projects that will, in accordance
205	with the Colorado River Salinity Offset Program, reduce salinity in the Colorado River; and
206	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
207	make rules establishing:
208	(A) a project funding application process;
209	(B) project funding requirements;

(b) The department may require entities seeking fund [monies] money to provide

(D) standards for evaluating the effectiveness of funded projects in reducing salinity in

(C) project approval criteria; and

the Colorado River.

	H.B. 180 U1-12-11 11:52 A
214	matching funds.
215	(c) The department shall submit to the Water Quality Board's executive secretary
216	proposed funding projects for the executive secretary's review and approval.
217	(5) The department may use fund [monies] money for the administration of the fund,
218	but this amount may not exceed 10% of the annual receipts to the fund.
219	Section 2. Section 4-20-3 is amended to read:
220	4-20-3. Rangeland Improvement Account distribution.
221	(1) The department shall distribute restricted account money as provided in this
222	section.
223	(a) The department shall:
224	(i) distribute pro rata to each school district the [monies] money received by the state
225	under Subsection 4-20-2(1)(b)(i) from the sale or lease of public lands based upon the amount
226	of revenue generated from the sale or lease of public lands within the district; and
227	(ii) ensure that all [monies] money generated from the sale or lease of public lands
228	within a school district [are] \underline{is} credited and deposited to the general school fund of that school
229	district.
230	(b) (i) After the commissioner approves a request from a regional board, the
231	department shall distribute pro rata to each regional board [monies] money received by the
232	state under Subsection 4-20-2(1)(b)(i) from fees based upon the amount of revenue generated
233	from the imposition of fees within that grazing district.
234	(ii) The regional board shall expend [monies] money received in accordance with
235	Subsection (2).
236	(c) (i) The department shall distribute or expend [monies] money received by the state
237	under Subsections 4-20-2(1)(b)(ii) through (iv) for the purposes outlined in Subsection (2).
238	(ii) The department may require entities seeking funding from sources outlined in
239	Subsections 4-20-2(1)(b)(ii) through (iv) to provide matching funds.
240	(2) The department shall ensure that restricted account distributions or expenditures
241	under Subsections (1)(b) and (c) are used for:
242	(a) range improvement and maintenance;

(c) the control, management, or extermination of invading species, range damaging

(b) the control of predatory and depredating animals;

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245	organisms, and poisonous or noxious weeds;
246	(d) the purchase or lease of lands for the benefit of a grazing district;
247	(e) watershed protection, development, distribution, and improvement; and
248	(f) the general welfare of livestock grazing within a grazing district.
249	Section 3. Section 9-3-606 is amended to read:
250	9-3-606. Authority Powers.
251	(1) The authority shall:
252	(a) facilitate or operate and maintain a scenic and historic railroad in and around Weber
253	and Box Elder Counties;
254	(b) facilitate or operate and maintain one or more railroad history museums in and
255	around Weber and Box Elder Counties;
256	(c) facilitate the restoration, preservation, and public display of railroad artifacts and
257	heritage in and around Weber and Box Elder Counties; and
258	(d) facilitate the restoration, preservation, and operation of historically significant
259	railroad related properties in and around Weber and Box Elder Counties for public benefit.
260	(2) The authority has perpetual succession as a body politic and corporate and may:
261	(a) adopt, amend, and repeal policies and procedures for the regulation of its affairs and
262	the conduct of its business;
263	(b) sue and be sued in its own name;
264	(c) maintain an office at a place or places it designates within the state;
265	(d) adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws and rules, consistent with this part, to carry into
266	effect the powers and purposes of the authority and the conduct of its business;
267	(e) purchase, lease, sell, and otherwise dispose of property and rights-of-way;
268	(f) employ experts and other professionals it considers necessary;
269	(g) employ and retain independent legal counsel;
270	(h) make and execute contracts and all other instruments necessary or convenient for
271	the performance of its duties under this part as described in Subsection (1);
272	(i) procure insurance for liability and against any loss in connection with its property
273	and other assets in amounts and from insurers it considers desirable;
274	(j) receive appropriations from the Legislature and receive other public [moneys]
275	money and accept aid or contributions from any source of money, property, labor, or other

things of value to be held, used, and applied to carry out the purposes of this part, subject to the conditions upon which the grants and contributions are made, including gifts or grants from a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States or of this state for any purpose consistent with this part;

- (k) enter into agreements with a department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States or this state for the purpose of providing for the operation and maintenance of a scenic railway in and around Weber and Box Elder Counties; and
- (l) do any act necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers granted to the authority by this part.
- (3) (a) All [monies] money received by the authority under Subsection (2)(j) and from any other source [are] is for the exclusive use of the authority in the performance and exercise of its duties under this part as described in Subsection (1).
- (b) [Monies] Money received by the authority may not be used for any other purpose or by any other entity.

Section 4. Section **9-4-630** is amended to read:

9-4-630. Investment in authority authorized.

- (1) The state, public officers, political subdivisions, public bodies, banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks and institutions, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, investment companies, insurance companies, insurance associations, other persons carrying on a banking or insurance business, executors, administrators, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries may legally invest money or funds belonging to them or within their control in any bonds or other obligations issued by a housing authority created under this part or issued by any public housing authority or agency in the United States, any of its territories, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, or the Virgin Islands.
- (2) These bonds or other obligations shall be secured by a pledge of annual contributions or other financial assistance to be paid by the United States government or any of its agencies, or by an agreement between the United States government or any of its agencies and the public housing authority or agency in which the United States government or its agency agrees to lend to the public housing authority or agency, prior to the maturity of the bonds or other obligations, [moneys] money in an amount which, together with any other [moneys] money irrevocably committed to the payment of interest on the bonds or other obligations, will

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307	suffice to pay the principal of the bonds or other obligations with interest to maturity.
308	(3) [These moneys] The money, under the terms of the agreement, shall be required to
309	be used for this purpose, and the bonds and other obligations shall be authorized security for all
310	public deposits and shall be fully negotiable in this state.
311	(4) Nothing contained in this section may be construed to relieve any person, firm, or
312	corporation from any duty of exercising reasonable care in selecting securities.
313	(5) The provisions of this section apply notwithstanding any restrictions on
314	investments contained in other laws.
315	Section 5. Section 9-4-704 is amended to read:
316	9-4-704. Distribution of fund money.
317	(1) The executive director shall:
318	(a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section
319	9-4-705, as directed by the board;
320	(b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will
321	be made; and
322	(c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded.
323	(2) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal
324	[moneys] money contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions
325	placed upon the use of [those moneys] the money by the federal government.
326	(3) (a) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any funds
327	received pursuant to Section 17C-1-412 to pay the costs of providing income targeted housing
328	within the community that created the community development and renewal agency under Title
329	17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal
330	Agencies Act.
331	(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a):
332	(i) "Community" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
333	(ii) "Income targeted housing" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
334	(4) Except federal money and money received under Section 17C-1-412, the executive

(a) Not less than 30% of all fund [moneys] money shall be distributed to rural areas of

director shall distribute, as directed by the board, all other [moneys] money from the fund

according to the following requirements:

338 the state.

- (b) At least 50% of the [moneys] money in the fund shall be distributed as loans to be repaid to the fund by the entity receiving them.
- (i) (A) Of the fund [moneys] money distributed as loans, at least 50% shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (B) The remaining loan [moneys] money shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall lend [moneys] money in accordance with this Subsection (4) at a rate based upon the borrower's ability to pay.
 - (c) Any fund [moneys] money not distributed as loans shall be distributed as grants.
- (i) At least 90% of the fund [moneys] money distributed as grants shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The remaining fund [moneys] money distributed as grants may be used by the executive director to obtain federal matching funds or for other uses consistent with the intent of this part, including the payment of reasonable loan servicing costs, but no more than 3% of the revenues of the fund may be used to offset other department or board administrative expenses.
 - (5) The executive director may with the approval of the board:
- (a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
- (b) service or contract, pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code, for the servicing of loans made by the fund.
 - Section 6. Section **9-4-707** is amended to read:

9-4-707. Application process and priorities.

(1) (a) In each calendar year that [moneys are] money is available from the fund for distribution by the executive director under the direction of the board, the director shall, at least once in that year, announce a grant and loan application period by sending notice to interested persons.

369	(b) The executive director shall accept applications which are received in a timely
370	manner.
371	(2) The executive director shall give first priority to applications for projects and
372	activities that use existing privately owned housing stock, including privately owned housing
373	stock purchased by nonprofit public development authorities.
374	(3) Preference shall be given to applications that demonstrate the following:
375	(a) a high degree of leverage with other sources of financing;
376	(b) high recipient contributions to total project costs, including allied contributions
377	from other sources such as professional, craft and trade services, and lender interest rate
378	subsidies;
379	(c) high local government project contributions in the form of infrastructure
380	improvements, or other assistance;
381	(d) projects that encourage ownership, management, and other project-related
382	responsibility opportunities;
383	(e) projects that demonstrate a strong probability of serving the original target group or
384	income level for a period of at least 15 years;
385	(f) projects where the applicant has demonstrated the ability, stability, and resources to
386	complete the project;
387	(g) projects that appear to serve the greatest need;
388	(h) projects that provide housing for persons and families with the lowest income;
389	(i) projects that promote economic development benefits;
390	(j) projects that allow integration into a local government housing plan; and
391	(k) projects that would mitigate or correct existing health, safety, or welfare problems.
392	(4) Consideration may be given to projects that increase the supply of accessible
393	housing.
394	Section 7. Section 9-4-708 is amended to read:
395	9-4-708. Annual accounting.
396	(1) The executive director shall monitor the activities of recipients of grants and loans
397	issued under this part on a yearly basis to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions
398	imposed on the recipient by the director with the approval of the board or by this part.
399	(2) The entities receiving grants or loans shall provide the executive director with an

400 annual accounting of how the [moneys] money they received from the fund [have] has been 401 spent. 402 (3) The executive director shall make an annual report to the board accounting for the 403 expenditures authorized by the board. 404 (4) The board shall submit an annual written report to the Workforce Services and 405 Community and Economic Development Interim Committee before December 1 of each year: 406 (a) accounting for expenditures authorized by the board; and 407 (b) evaluating the effectiveness of the program. Section 8. Section **9-4-914** is amended to read: 408 409 9-4-914. Capital reserve funds -- Capital reserve fund requirement --410 Establishment of other funds. 411 (1) (a) (i) The corporation may create and establish one or more reserve funds, herein 412 referred to as "capital reserve funds," from: 413 (A) any proceeds of sale of notes or bonds, to the extent provided in the resolution or 414 resolutions of the corporation authorizing the issuance thereof; 415 (B) any [monies] money appropriated and made available by the state for the purpose 416 of the funds; 417 (C) any [monies] money directed by the corporation to be transferred to the funds; and 418 (D) any other [monies] money which may be made available to the corporation for the 419 purpose of the funds from any other source or sources. 420 (ii) All [monies] money held in any capital reserve fund shall be used, as required, 421 solely for the payment of the principal of bonds or of the sinking fund payments with respect to 422 the bonds, the purchase or redemption of bonds, the payment of interest on bonds, or the 423 payment of any redemption premium required to be paid when the bonds are redeemed prior to 424 maturity. 425 (b) (i) [Monies] Money in any capital reserve fund may not be withdrawn from the 426 fund at any time in an amount as would reduce the level of [monies] money in the fund to less 427 than the capital reserve fund requirement, except for the purpose of paying principal and

redemption price of and interest on bonds and the sinking fund payments, as the payments

become due and for the payment of which other [monies] money of the corporation [are] is not

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available.

- (ii) Any income or interest earned by the investment of [monies] money held in any fund may be transferred by the corporation to other funds or accounts of the corporation to the extent that the transfer does not reduce the amount of the fund to below the capital reserve fund requirement.
- (c) The corporation may provide by resolution or resolutions that it may not issue bonds under a resolution or resolutions at any time if upon issuance the amount in the capital reserve fund which will secure the bonds shall be less than the capital reserve fund requirement, unless the corporation at the time of issuance of the bonds shall deposit in the fund from the proceeds of the bonds to be so issued, or other sources, an amount which, together with the amount then in the fund, may not be less than the capital reserve fund requirement.
- (d) In computing the amount of the capital reserve funds for the purpose of this part, securities in which all or a portion of the funds shall be invested shall be valued at par, cost, or by other method of valuation as the corporation may provide by resolution.
- (e) (i) "Capital reserve fund requirement" means, as of any particular date of computation, and with respect to any particular issue of bonds, an amount as the corporation may provide, or may have previously provided, by resolution, which amount may be in the form of a sum certain or a formula.
- (ii) In establishing reserves and setting capital reserve fund requirements, the corporation shall consider the following:
- (A) the qualifications for obtaining an investment grade rating from one or more nationally recognized bond rating agencies;
- (B) the economic feasibility and marketability of the bonds being issued, taking into account all security for the bonds, including the capital reserve fund; and
- (C) applicable requirements pertaining to reserve funds under federal and state income tax laws and regulations.
- (f) (i) To assure the continued operation and solvency of the corporation for carrying out of its corporate purposes, provision is made in Subsection (1)(b) for the accumulation in the capital reserve funds of an amount equal to the maximum capital reserve fund requirement.
- (ii) The president of the corporation shall annually, on or before December first, certify to the governor and to the director of finance the amount, if any, required to restore the capital

462	reserve funds to the capital reserve fund requirement.
463	(iii) The governor may request from the Legislature an appropriation of the certified
464	amount to restore the capital reserve funds to the capital reserve fund requirement.
465	(g) Amounts appropriated, if any, shall be repaid to the General Fund of the state, from
466	any [monies] money in excess of the amounts which the corporation determines will keep it
467	self-supporting.
468	(2) The corporation may create and establish any other funds as may be necessary or
469	desirable for its corporate purposes.
470	Section 9. Section 9-4-1409 is amended to read:
471	9-4-1409. Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund Expenditure of revenues.
472	(1) As used in this section:
473	(a) "Association of governments" means the following created under the authority of
474	Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act:
475	(i) an association of governments; or
476	(ii) a regional council that acts as an association of governments.
477	(b) "Food and food ingredients" is as defined in Section 59-12-102.
478	(c) "Pounds of food donated" means the aggregate number of pounds of food and food
479	ingredients that are donated:
480	(i) to a qualified emergency food agency; and
481	(ii) by a person, other than an organization that as part of its activities operates a
482	program that has as the program's primary purpose to:
483	(A) warehouse and distribute food to other agencies and organizations providing food
484	and food ingredients to low-income persons; or
485	(B) provide food and food ingredients directly to low-income persons.
486	(d) "Qualified emergency food agency" means an organization that:
487	(i) is:
488	(A) exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue
489	Code; or
490	(B) an association of governments;
491	(ii) as part of its activities operates a program that has as the program's primary purpose
492	to:

493	(A) warehouse and distribute food to other agencies and organizations providing food
494	and food ingredients to low-income persons; or
495	(B) provide food and food ingredients directly to low-income persons; and
496	(iii) the office determines to be a qualified emergency food agency.
497	(2) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the Qualified
498	Emergency Food Agencies Fund.
499	(3) (a) The Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund shall be funded by the sales and
500	use tax revenues described in:
501	(i) Section 59-12-103;
502	(ii) Section 59-12-204; and
503	(iii) Section 59-12-1102.
504	(b) Any interest earned on the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund shall be
505	deposited into the General Fund.
506	(4) The office shall for a fiscal year distribute [monies] money deposited into the
507	Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund to qualified emergency food agencies within the
508	state as provided in this section.
509	(5) A qualified emergency food agency shall file an application with the office before
510	the qualified emergency food agency may receive a distribution under this section.
511	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the office shall for a fiscal year distribute to a
512	qualified emergency food agency an amount equal to the product of:
513	(a) the pounds of food donated to the qualified emergency food agency during that
514	fiscal year; and
515	(b) \$.12.
516	(7) If the [monies] money deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund
517	[are] is insufficient to make the distributions required by Subsection (6), the office shall make
518	distributions to qualified emergency food agencies in the order that the office receives
519	applications from the qualified emergency food agencies until all of the [monies] money
520	deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund for the fiscal year [are] is
521	expended.
522	(8) A qualified emergency food agency may expend a distribution received in
523	accordance with this section only for a purpose related to:

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

524	(a) warehousing and distributing food and food ingredients to other agencies and
525	organizations providing food and food ingredients to low-income persons; or
526	(b) providing food and food ingredients directly to low-income persons.
527	(9) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
528	Division of Housing and Community Development may make rules providing procedures for
529	implementing the distributions required by this section, including:
530	(a) standards for determining and verifying the amount of a distribution that a qualified
531	emergency food agency may receive;
532	(b) procedures for a qualified emergency food agency to apply for a distribution,
533	including the frequency with which a qualified emergency food agency may apply for a
534	distribution; and
535	(c) consistent with Subsection (1)(d), determining whether an entity is a qualified
536	emergency food agency.
537	Section 10. Section 9-6-503 is amended to read:
538	9-6-503. Arts organization endowment funds.
539	(1) Any Utah nonprofit arts organization may create an endowment fund into which
540	there may be deposited [moneys] money from the state fund. The principal of each endowment
541	fund may not be expended by the qualifying organization and shall be held in perpetuity solely
542	by the qualifying organization or by the council on behalf of the qualifying organization. Only
543	interest income earned on the amount in each endowment fund may be expended by the
544	qualifying organization. The principal of each endowment fund shall be invested in accordance
545	with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act [of 1974].
546	(2) If a qualifying organization receives \$50,000 or more from the state fund, [these
547	moneys] the money shall be administered in accordance with generally accepted accounting
548	principles by the qualifying organization's professional management. Amounts less than
549	\$50,000 shall be placed in a state trust and agency fund invested by the state treasurer, who
550	shall allocate interest income to the qualifying organization.
551	(3) If an endowment fund is invested by the state treasurer the costs for this
552	administration shall be deducted from the interest income before allocations of interest income
553	may be made to the qualifying organization.

Section 11. Section **9-6-506** is amended to read:

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555	9-0-500.	Unallocated	шопеу

[Moneys] Money in the state fund that [are] is unallocated shall be reallocated by the board on a proportionate basis to qualifying organizations that raise 100% of their required match by the date determined under Subsection 9-6-505(5)(a).

Section 12. Section **9-8-706** is amended to read:

9-8-706. Unallocated money.

[Monies] Money in the state fund that [are] is unallocated shall be reallocated by the division on a proportionate basis, not exceeding existing match, to qualifying organizations that raise more than 100% of their required match by the date determined by the board.

Section 13. Section 9-8-707 is amended to read:

9-8-707. Spending restrictions -- Return of endowment.

- (1) A qualifying organization, once it has received its endowment money from the state fund, may not expend any of [those monies] the money or the required matching [monies] money in its endowment fund, but may expend only the interest income earned on the [monies] money in its endowment fund.
- (2) If a qualifying organization expends any amount of the endowment money received from the state fund or any amount of the required matching [monies] money, the qualifying organization shall return the amount it received from the state fund. The division shall reallocate any such returned [monies] money to qualifying organizations in the manner as provided in Section 9-8-706.
 - Section 14. Section 11-25-20 is amended to read:

11-25-20. Money received as trust funds -- Depository as trustee.

All [moneys] money received pursuant to the provisions of this part, whether proceeds from the sale of bonds or revenues, shall be deemed to be trust funds to be held and applied solely as provided in this part. Any bank or trust company in which [these moneys are] the money is deposited shall act as trustee of the [moneys] money and shall hold and apply the same for the purposes specified in this part, subject to the terms of the resolution authorizing the bonds.

Section 15. Section 11-27-3 is amended to read:

584 11-27-3. Action by resolution of governing body -- Purposes for bond issue --

Exchange or sale -- Interest rate limitations inapplicable -- Principal amount --

Investment of proceeds -- Safekeeping and application of proceeds -- Computing indebtedness -- Payment of bonds -- Combination issues -- Laws applicable to issuance -- Payment from taxes or pledged revenues.

- (1) Any formal action taken by the governing body of a public body under the authority of this chapter may be taken by resolution of that governing body.
- (2) (a) The governing body of any public body may by resolution provide for the issuance of refunding bonds to refund outstanding bonds issued by the public body or its predecessor, either prior to or after the effective date of this chapter, only:
- (i) to pay or discharge all or any part of any outstanding series or issue of bonds, including applicable interest, in arrears or about to become due and for which sufficient funds are not available;
 - (ii) to achieve a savings; or

- (iii) to achieve another objective that the governing body finds to be beneficial to the public body.
- (b) Any refunding bonds may be delivered in exchange for the outstanding bonds being refunded or may be sold in a manner, at terms, with details, and at a price above, at, or below par as the governing body determines advisable. The refunding bonds may be issued without an election, unless an election is required by the Utah Constitution.
- (c) It is the express intention of the Legislature that interest rate limitations elsewhere appearing in the laws of the state not apply to nor limit the rates of interest borne by refunding bonds.
- (3) Advance refunding bonds may be issued in a principal amount in excess of the principal amount of the bonds to be refunded as determined by the governing body. This amount may be equal to the full amount required to pay the principal of, interest on, and redemption premiums, if any, due in connection with the bonds to be refunded to and including their dates of maturity or redemption in accordance with the advance refunding plan adopted by the governing body, together with all costs incurred in accomplishing this refunding. The principal amount of refunding bonds may be less than or the same as the principal amount of the bonds being refunded so long as provision is duly and sufficiently made for the retirement or redemption of the bonds to be refunded. Any reserves held or taxes levied or collected to secure the bonds to be refunded may be applied to the redemption or retirement of the bonds,

or otherwise, as the governing body may determine.

- (4) Prior to the application of the proceeds derived from the sale of advance refunding bonds to the purposes for which the bonds have been issued, these proceeds, together with any other legally available funds, including reserve funds, may be invested and reinvested only in government obligations maturing at such times as may be required to provide funds sufficient to pay principal of, interest on, and redemption premiums, if any, due in connection with the bonds to be refunded or the advance refunding bonds, or both, in accordance with the advance refunding plan. To the extent incidental expenses have been capitalized, these bond proceeds may be used to defray these expenses.
- (5) The governing body may contract regarding the safekeeping and application of the proceeds of sale of advance refunding bonds and other funds included with them and the income from them, including the right to appoint a trustee, which may be any trust company or state or national bank having powers of a trust company inside or outside the state. The governing body may provide in the advance refunding plan that until such [monies are] money is required to redeem or retire the bonds to be refunded, the advance refunding bond proceeds and other funds, and the income from them, shall be used to pay and secure payment of principal of, interest on, and redemption premiums, if any, due in connection with all or a portion of the advance refunding bonds or the bonds being refunded, or both.
- (6) In computing indebtedness for the purpose of any applicable constitutional or statutory debt limitation, there shall be deducted from the amount of outstanding indebtedness the principal amount of outstanding general obligation bonds for the payment of which there has been dedicated and deposited in escrow government obligations, the principal of or interest on which, or both, will be sufficient to provide for the payment of these general obligation bonds as to principal, interest, and redemption premiums, if any, when due at maturity or upon some earlier date upon which the bonds have been called for redemption in accordance with their terms.
- (7) When a public body has irrevocably set aside for and pledged to the payment of bonds to be refunded proceeds of advance refunding bonds and other [monies] money in amounts which, together with known earned income from their investment, will be sufficient in amount to pay the principal of, interest on, and any redemption premiums due on the bonds to be refunded as the same become due and to accomplish the refunding as scheduled, the

refunded bonds shall be considered duly paid and discharged for the purpose of any applicable constitutional or statutory debt limitation.

- (8) Refunding bonds and bonds issued for any other purpose may be issued separately or issued in combination in one or more series or issues by the same issuer.
- (9) Except as specifically provided in this section, refunding bonds issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of law applicable to the type of bonds of the issuer being refunded in effect either at the time of the issuance of the refunding bonds or at the time of issuance of the bonds to be refunded. Refunding bonds and coupons, if any, pertaining to them may bear facsimile signatures as provided in Section 11-14-304.
- (10) Refunding bonds may be made payable from any taxes or pledged revenues, or both, or any assessments, special improvement guaranty funds, or other funds which might be legally pledged for the payment of the bonds to be refunded at the time of the issuance of the refunding bonds or at the time of the issuance of the bonds to be refunded, as the governing body may determine.
 - Section 16. Section **24-1-19** is amended to read:

24-1-19. Crime Reduction Assistance Program.

- (1) There is created the Crime Reduction Assistance Program.
- (2) The program shall fund crime prevention and law enforcement activities that have the purpose of:
- (a) deterring crime by depriving criminals of the profits and proceeds of their illegal activities;
 - (b) weakening criminal enterprises by removing the instrumentalities of crime;
- (c) reducing crimes involving substance abuse by supporting the creation, administration, or operation of drug court programs throughout the state;
- (d) encouraging cooperation between local, state, and multijurisdictional law enforcement agencies;
- (e) allowing the costs and expenses of law enforcement to be defrayed by the forfeited proceeds of crime; and
- (f) increasing the equitability and accountability of the use of forfeited property used to assist law enforcement in reducing and preventing crime.
 - (3) (a) When property is forfeited under this chapter and transferred to the fund, the

- Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall make awards of [monies] money from the fund to state, local, or multijurisdictional law enforcement agencies or political subdivisions of the state in compliance with this section and to further the program purposes under Subsection (2).
 - (b) In granting the awards, the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall ensure that the amount of each award takes into consideration:
 - (i) the demonstrated needs of the agency;
 - (ii) the demonstrated ability of the agency to appropriately use the award;
 - (iii) the degree to which the agency's need is offset through the agency's participation in federal equitable sharing or through other federal and state grant programs; and
 - (iv) the agency's cooperation with other state and local agencies and task forces.
 - (4) Agencies or political subdivisions shall apply for program awards by completing and submitting forms specified by the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice.
 - (5) Applying agencies or political subdivisions shall demonstrate compliance with all reporting and policy requirements applicable under this chapter and under Title 63M, Chapter 7, Criminal Justice and Substance Abuse, in order to qualify as a potential award recipient.
 - (6) Recipient law enforcement agencies may only use program award [monies] money after approval or appropriation by the agency's legislative body, and the award [monies are] money is nonlapsing.
 - (7) A recipient law enforcement agency or political subdivision shall use program awards only for law enforcement or controlled substance law enforcement purposes as described in Subsection (8), and only as these purposes are specified by the agency or political subdivision in its application for the award.
 - (8) Permissible law enforcement purposes for which award [monies] money may be used include:
 - (a) controlled substance interdiction and enforcement activities;
 - (b) drug court programs;
 - (c) activities calculated to enhance future investigations;
 - (d) law enforcement training that includes:
 - (i) implementation of the Fourth Amendment of the federal constitution and Utah Constitution Article I, Section 7, and addresses the protection of the individual's rights of due

710	process;
711	(ii) protection of the rights of innocent property holders; and
712	(iii) the Tenth Amendment of the federal constitution regarding states' sovereignty and
713	the states' reserved rights;
714	(e) law enforcement or detention facilities;
715	(f) law enforcement operations or equipment which are not routine costs or operational
716	expenses;
717	(g) drug, gang, or crime prevention education programs which are sponsored in whole
718	or in part by the law enforcement agency or its legislative body; and
719	(h) matching funds for other state or federal law enforcement grants.
720	(9) Law enforcement purposes for which award [monies] money may not be granted or
721	used include:
722	(a) payment of salaries, retirement benefits, or bonuses to any person;
723	(b) payment of enforcement expenses not related to law enforcement;
724	(c) uses not specified in the agency's award application;
725	(d) uses not approved or appropriated by the agency's legislative body;
726	(e) payments, transfers, or pass-through funding to entities other than law enforcement
727	agencies; or
728	(f) uses, payments, or expenses that are not within the scope of the agency's functions.
729	(10) For each fiscal year, any state, local, or multijurisdictional agency or political
730	subdivision that received a program award shall prepare, and file with the Utah Commission on
731	Criminal and Juvenile Justice and the state auditor, a report in a form specified by the Utah
732	Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice. The report shall include the following
733	regarding each award:
734	(a) the agency's name;
735	(b) the amount of the award;
736	(c) the date of the award;
737	(d) how the award has been used; and
738	(e) a statement signed by both the agency's or political subdivision's executive officer
739	or designee and by the agency's legal counsel, that:
740	(i) the agency or political subdivision has complied with all inventory, policy, and

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- 741 reporting requirements of this chapter;
- 742 (ii) all program awards were used for crime reduction or law enforcement purposes as 743 specified in the application; and
 - (iii) and only upon approval or appropriation by the agency's or political subdivision's legislative body.
 - (11) The Utah Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall report in writing to the legislative Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee annually regarding the forfeited property transferred to the fund, awards made by the program, uses of program awards, and any equitable share of property forfeited by the federal government as reported by agencies pursuant to Subsection 24-1-15(3).
- 751 Section 17. Section **24-1-20** is amended to read:
- 752 **24-1-20.** State Law Enforcement Forfeiture Account created -- Revenue sources -- Use of account designated.
- 754 (1) (a) There is created in the General Fund a restricted account called the State Law 755 Enforcement Forfeiture Account.
 - (b) All [monies] money awarded to the Department of Public Safety or the Department of Corrections, or any division or agency within either department, through the Crime Reduction Assistance Program created in Section 24-1-19 shall be deposited into the State Law Enforcement Forfeiture Account.
 - (c) All [monies] money previously deposited, or currently held in the Drug Forfeiture Account created in Section 58-37-20, and that [were] was in that account when it was repealed by Initiative B, which passed in 2000, and which became effective March 29, 2001, shall be transferred to and deposited in the State Law Enforcement Forfeiture Account created in this Subsection (1).
 - (2) The Department of Public Safety and the Department of Corrections may expend amounts as appropriated by the Legislature from the State Law Enforcement Forfeiture Account for law enforcement purposes or controlled substance law enforcement purposes as specified in Section 24-1-19.
- 769 (3) That portion of funds forfeited or that are required to be disbursed to other 770 governmental entities under existing contractual agreements or Utah statutory requirements are 771 exempt from this section.

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM	
(4) Funds forfeited as a result of the Salt Lake Airport Drug Program operated by the	
Department of Public Safety, not to exceed the Department of Public Safety's expenditure to	
that program, are exempt from this section.	
(5) The Department of Public Safety and the Department of Corrections, as part of the	
annual legislative budget hearings, shall provide to the legislative Executive Offices and	
Criminal Justice Appropriations Subcommittee a complete accounting of expenditures and	
revenues from the funds received under this section.	

- (6) The Legislature may annually provide, in an appropriations act, legislative direction for anticipated expenditures of the [monies] money received under this section.
 - Section 18. Section 31A-23a-204 is amended to read:

31A-23a-204. Special requirements for title insurance producers and agencies.

A title insurance producer, including an agency, shall be licensed in accordance with this chapter, with the additional requirements listed in this section.

- (1) (a) A person that receives a new license under this title as a title insurance agency, shall at the time of licensure be owned or managed by one or more individuals who are licensed for at least three of the five years immediately proceeding the date on which the title insurance agency applies for a license with both:
 - (i) a search line of authority; and
 - (ii) an escrow line of authority.
- (b) A title insurance agency subject to Subsection (1)(a) may comply with Subsection (1)(a) by having the title insurance agency owned or managed by:
- (i) one or more individuals who are licensed with the search line of authority for the time period provided in Subsection (1)(a); and
- (ii) one or more individuals who are licensed with the escrow line of authority for the time period provided in Subsection (1)(a).
- (c) The Title and Escrow Commission may by rule, subject to Section 31A-2-404, exempt an attorney with real estate experience from the experience requirements in Subsection (1)(a).
 - (2) (a) A title insurance agency or producer appointed by an insurer shall maintain:
- 801 (i) a fidelity bond;

802 (ii) a professional liability insurance policy; or

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803	(iii) a financial protection:
804	(A) equivalent to that described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii); and
805	(B) that the commissioner considers adequate.
806	(b) The bond, insurance, or financial protection required by this Subsection (2):
807	(i) shall be supplied under a contract approved by the commissioner to provide
808	protection against the improper performance of any service in conjunction with the issuance of
809	a contract or policy of title insurance; and
810	(ii) be in a face amount no less than \$50,000.
811	(c) The Title and Escrow Commission may by rule, subject to Section 31A-2-404,
812	exempt title insurance producers from the requirements of this Subsection (2) upon a finding
813	that, and only so long as, the required policy or bond is generally unavailable at reasonable
814	rates.
815	(3) A title insurance agency or producer appointed by an insurer may maintain a
816	reserve fund to the extent [monies were] money was deposited before July 1, 2008, and not
817	withdrawn to the income of the title insurance producer.
818	(4) An examination for licensure shall include questions regarding the search and
819	examination of title to real property.
820	(5) A title insurance producer may not perform the functions of escrow unless the title
821	insurance producer has been examined on the fiduciary duties and procedures involved in those
822	functions.
823	(6) The Title and Escrow Commission shall adopt rules, subject to Section 31A-2-404,
824	after consulting with the department and the department's test administrator, establishing an
825	examination for a license that will satisfy this section.
826	(7) A license may be issued to a title insurance producer who has qualified:
827	(a) to perform only searches and examinations of title as specified in Subsection (4);
828	(b) to handle only escrow arrangements as specified in Subsection (5); or
829	(c) to act as a title marketing representative.
830	(8) (a) A person licensed to practice law in Utah is exempt from the requirements of
831	Subsections (2) and (3) if that person issues 12 or less policies in any 12-month period.

(b) In determining the number of policies issued by a person licensed to practice law in

Utah for purposes of Subsection (8)(a), if the person licensed to practice law in Utah issues a

834	policy to more than one party to the same closing, the person is considered to have issued only
835	one policy.
836	(9) A person licensed to practice law in Utah, whether exempt under Subsection (8) or
837	not, shall maintain a trust account separate from a law firm trust account for all title and real
838	estate escrow transactions.
839	Section 19. Section 31A-23a-409 is amended to read:
840	31A-23a-409. Trust obligation for money collected.
841	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (7), a licensee is a trustee for [monies] money received or
842	collected for forwarding to insurers or to insureds.
843	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(ii), a licensee may not commingle trust
844	funds with:
845	(A) the licensee's own [monies] money; or
846	(B) [monies] money held in any other capacity.
847	(ii) This Subsection (1)(b) does not apply to:
848	(A) amounts necessary to pay bank charges; and
849	(B) [monies] money paid by insureds and belonging in part to the licensee as a fee or
850	commission.
851	(c) Except as provided under Subsection (4), a licensee owes to insureds and insurers
852	the fiduciary duties of a trustee with respect to money to be forwarded to insurers or insureds
853	through the licensee.
854	(d) (i) Unless [monies are] money is sent to the appropriate payee by the close of the
855	next business day after their receipt, the licensee shall deposit them in an account authorized
856	under Subsection (2).
857	(ii) [Monies] Money deposited under this Subsection (1)(d) shall remain in an account
858	authorized under Subsection (2) until sent to the appropriate payee.
859	(2) [Monies] Money required to be deposited under Subsection (1) shall be deposited:
860	(a) in a federally insured trust account in a depository institution, as defined in Section
861	7-1-103, which:
862	(i) has an office in this state, if the licensee depositing the [monies] money is a resident
863	licensee;

(ii) has federal deposit insurance; and

- 865 (iii) is authorized by its primary regulator to engage in the trust business, as defined by Section 7-5-1, in this state; or
 - (b) in some other account, approved by the commissioner by rule or order, providing safety comparable to federally insured trust accounts.
 - (3) It is not a violation of Subsection (2)(a) if the amounts in the accounts exceed the amount of the federal insurance on the accounts.
 - (4) A trust account into which [monies are] money is deposited may be interest bearing. The interest accrued on the account may be paid to the licensee, so long as the licensee otherwise complies with this section and with the contract with the insurer.
 - (5) A depository institution or other organization holding trust funds under this section may not offset or impound trust account funds against debts and obligations incurred by the licensee.
 - (6) A licensee who, not being lawfully entitled to do so, diverts or appropriates any portion of the [monies] money held under Subsection (1) to the licensee's own use, is guilty of theft under Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 4, Theft. Section 76-6-412 applies in determining the classification of the offense. Sanctions under Section 31A-2-308 also apply.
 - (7) A nonresident licensee:
 - (a) shall comply with Subsection (1)(a) by complying with the trust account requirements of the nonresident licensee's home state; and
 - (b) is not required to comply with the other provisions of this section.
 - Section 20. Section 31A-28-113 is amended to read:

31A-28-113. Credit for assessments paid.

- (1) (a) A member insurer may offset against its premium tax liability to this state an assessment described in Subsection 31A-28-109(2)(b) to the extent of 20% of the amount of the assessment for each of the five calendar years following the year in which the assessment was paid.
- (b) To the extent that the offsets described in Subsection (1)(a) exceed premium tax liability, the offsets may be carried forward and used to offset premium tax liability in future years.
- (c) If a member insurer ceases doing business, all uncredited assessments may be credited against its premium tax liability for the year it ceases doing business.

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

896	(2) (a) [Monies] Money shall be paid by the insurers to the state in a manner required by
897	the State Tax Commission if the [monies] money:
898	(i) [are] is acquired by refund in accordance with Subsection 31A-28-109(6) from the
899	association by member insurers; and
900	(ii) [have] has been offset against premium taxes as provided in Subsection (1).
901	(b) The association shall notify the commissioner that the refunds described in
902	Subsection (2)(a) have been made.
903	Section 21. Section 31A-38-104 is amended to read:
904	31A-38-104. Authorization Money transferred for reserves.
905	(1) The Department of Workforce Services may:
906	(a) convert the bridge program to the state program through any of the following, or
907	combination of the following, that the Department of Workforce Services considers best serves
908	the needs of qualified participants:
909	(i) a contract with a licensed insurance company authorized to do business in the state;
910	(ii) through any other arrangement acceptable under the Trade Reform Act; or
911	(iii) a self-insurance program through a third party administrator as provided in
912	Subsection 31A-38-103(3)(b)(ii);
913	(b) (i) in cooperation with the Division of Finance, establish an appropriate state fund
914	for the purpose of operation of the state program; and
915	(ii) transfer the balance of any [monies] money received under the bridge program into
916	this fund; and
917	(c) obligate up to \$2,000,000 of the Workforce Services Special Administrative
918	Expense Fund as reserves for the state program.
919	(2) The [monies] money in the fund created under Subsection (1)(b) [are] is:
920	(a) nonlapsing; and
921	(b) restricted to the purposes of the state program established under this chapter.
922	(3) The [monies] money in Subsection (1)(c) may be:
923	(a) used until the reserves in the state program become adequate; and
924	(b) transferred into or out of any fund created under Subsection (1)(b).
925	Section 22. Section 31A-41-304 is amended to read:
926	31A-41-304. Insufficient funds to satisfy judgment.

927	If the [monies] money in the fund [are] is insufficient to satisfy a claim ordered to be
928	paid under Section 31A-41-303, when sufficient money is in the fund, the department shall pay
929	a person with an unpaid claim:
930	(1) in the order that petitions related to unpaid claims are originally served on the
931	department; and
932	(2) an amount equal to the sum of:
933	(a) the unpaid claim; and
934	(b) interest on the unpaid claim at a rate of 5% per annum from the date the court
935	orders payment from the fund until the day on which the claim is paid.
936	Section 23. Section 34A-2-202.5 is amended to read:
937	34A-2-202.5. Offset for occupational health and safety related donations.
938	(1) As used in this section:
939	(a) "Occupational health and safety center" means the Rocky Mountain Center for
940	Occupational and Environmental Health created in Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 8, Rocky
941	Mountain Center for Occupational and Environmental Health.
942	(b) "Qualified donation" means a donation that is:
943	(i) cash;
944	(ii) given directly to an occupational health and safety center; and
945	(iii) given exclusively for the purpose of:
946	(A) supporting graduate level education and training in fields of:
947	(I) safety and ergonomics;
948	(II) industrial hygiene;
949	(III) occupational health nursing; and
950	(IV) occupational medicine;
951	(B) providing continuing education programs for employers designed to promote
952	workplace safety; and
953	(C) paying reasonable administrative, personnel, equipment, and overhead costs of the
954	occupational health and safety center.
955	(c) "Self-insured employer" is a self-insured employer as defined in Section
956	34A-2-201.5 that is required to pay the assessment imposed under Section 34A-2-202.
957	(2) (a) A self-insured employer may offset against the assessment imposed under

958	Section 34A-2-202 an amount equal to the lesser of:
959	(i) the total of qualified donations made by the self-insured employer in the calendar
960	year for which the assessment is calculated; and
961	(ii) .10% of the self-insured employer's total calculated premium calculated under
962	Subsection 34A-2-202(1)(d) for the calendar year for which the assessment is calculated.
963	(b) The offset provided under this Subsection (2) shall be allocated in proportion to the
964	percentages provided in Subsection 59-9-101(2)(c).
965	(3) An occupational health and safety center shall:
966	(a) provide a self-insured employer a receipt for any qualified donation made by the
967	self-insured employer to the occupational health and safety center;
968	(b) expend [monies] money received by a qualified donation:
969	(i) for the purposes described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
970	(ii) in a manner that can be audited to ensure that the [monies are] money is expended
971	for the purposes described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
972	(c) in conjunction with the report required by Section 59-9-102.5, report to the
973	Legislature through the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by no later than July 1 of each
974	year:
975	(i) the qualified donations received by the occupational health and safety center in the
976	previous calendar year; and
977	(ii) the expenditures during the previous calendar year of qualified donations received
978	by the occupational health and safety center.
979	Section 24. Section 34A-2-704 is amended to read:
980	34A-2-704. Uninsured Employers' Fund.
981	(1) (a) There is created an Uninsured Employers' Fund. The Uninsured Employers'
982	Fund has the purpose of assisting in the payment of workers' compensation benefits to a person
983	entitled to the benefits, if:
984	(i) that person's employer:
985	(A) is individually, jointly, or severally liable to pay the benefits; and
986	(B) (I) becomes or is insolvent;
987	(II) appoints or has appointed a receiver; or
988	(III) otherwise does not have sufficient funds, insurance, sureties, or other security to

Default Indemnity Fund.

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989	cover workers' compensation liabilities; and
990	(ii) the employment relationship between that person and the person's employer is
991	localized within the state as provided in Subsection (20).
992	(b) The Uninsured Employers' Fund succeeds to [monies] money previously held in the
993	Default Indemnity Fund.

- (c) If it becomes necessary to pay benefits, the Uninsured Employers' Fund is liable for the obligations of the employer set forth in this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, with the exception of a penalty on those obligations.
- (2) (a) [Monies] Money for the Uninsured Employers' Fund shall be deposited into the Uninsured Employers' Fund in accordance with this chapter and Subsection 59-9-101(2).
- 999 (b) The commissioner shall appoint an administrator of the Uninsured Employers' 1000 Fund.
 - (c) (i) The state treasurer is the custodian of the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
 - (ii) The administrator shall make provisions for and direct distribution from the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
 - (3) Reasonable costs of administering the Uninsured Employers' Fund or other fees required to be paid by the Uninsured Employers' Fund may be paid from the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
 - (4) The state treasurer shall:
- 1008 (a) receive workers' compensation premium assessments from the State Tax 1009 Commission; and
 - (b) invest the Uninsured Employers' Fund to ensure maximum investment return for both long and short term investments in accordance with Section 51-7-12.5.
 - (5) (a) The administrator may employ, retain, or appoint counsel to represent the Uninsured Employers' Fund in a proceeding brought to enforce a claim against or on behalf of the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
- 1015 (b) If requested by the commission, the following shall aid in the representation of the 1016 Uninsured Employers' Fund:
 - (i) the attorney general; or
- 1018 (ii) the city attorney, or county attorney of the locality in which:
- 1019 (A) an investigation, hearing, or trial under this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah

1020	Occupational Disease Act, is pending;
1021	(B) the employee resides; or
1022	(C) an employer:
1023	(I) resides; or
1024	(II) is doing business.
1025	(c) (i) Notwithstanding Title 63A, Chapter 8, Office of State Debt Collection, the
1026	administrator shall provide for the collection of [monies] money required to be deposited in the
1027	Uninsured Employers' Fund under this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
1028	(ii) To comply with Subsection (5)(c)(i), the administrator may:
1029	(A) take appropriate action, including docketing an award in a manner consistent with
1030	Section 34A-2-212; and
1031	(B) employ counsel and other personnel necessary to collect the [monies] money
1032	described in Subsection (5)(c)(i).
1033	(6) To the extent of the compensation and other benefits paid or payable to or on behalf
1034	of an employee or the employee's dependents from the Uninsured Employers' Fund, the
1035	Uninsured Employers' Fund, by subrogation, has the rights, powers, and benefits of the
1036	employee or the employee's dependents against the employer failing to make the compensation
1037	payments.
1038	(7) (a) The receiver, trustee, liquidator, or statutory successor of an employer meeting a
1039	condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) is bound by a settlement of a covered claim by the
1040	Uninsured Employers' Fund.
1041	(b) A court with jurisdiction shall grant a payment made under this section a priority
1042	equal to that to which the claimant would have been entitled in the absence of this section
1043	against the assets of the employer meeting a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B).
1044	(c) The expenses of the Uninsured Employers' Fund in handling a claim shall be
1045	accorded the same priority as the liquidator's expenses.
1046	(8) (a) The administrator shall periodically file the information described in Subsection
1047	(8)(b) with the receiver, trustee, or liquidator of:
1048	(i) an employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B);
1049	(ii) a public agency insurance mutual, as defined in Section 31A-1-103, that meets a
1050	condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); or

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accordance with Subsection (5)(c).

1051	(iii) an insolvent insurance carrier.
1052	(b) The information required to be filed under Subsection (8)(a) is:
1053	(i) a statement of the covered claims paid by the Uninsured Employers' Fund; and
1054	(ii) an estimate of anticipated claims against the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
1055	(c) A filing under this Subsection (8) preserves the rights of the Uninsured Employers'
1056	Fund for claims against the assets of the employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection
1057	(1)(a)(i)(B).
1058	(9) When an injury or death for which compensation is payable from the Uninsured
1059	Employers' Fund has been caused by the wrongful act or neglect of another person not in the
1060	same employment, the Uninsured Employers' Fund has the same rights as allowed under
1061	Section 34A-2-106.
1062	(10) The Uninsured Employers' Fund, subject to approval of the administrator, shall
1063	discharge its obligations by:
1064	(a) adjusting its own claims; or
1065	(b) contracting with an adjusting company, risk management company, insurance
1066	company, or other company that has expertise and capabilities in adjusting and paying workers'
1067	compensation claims.
1068	(11) (a) For the purpose of maintaining the Uninsured Employers' Fund, an
1069	administrative law judge, upon rendering a decision with respect to a claim for workers'
1070	compensation benefits in which an employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection
1071	(1)(a)(i)(B) is duly joined as a party, shall:
1072	(i) order the employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) to
1073	reimburse the Uninsured Employers' Fund for the benefits paid to or on behalf of an injured
1074	employee by the Uninsured Employers' Fund along with interest, costs, and attorney fees; and
1075	(ii) impose a penalty against the employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection
1076	(1)(a)(i)(B):
1077	(A) of 15% of the value of the total award in connection with the claim; and
1078	(B) that shall be deposited into the Uninsured Employers' Fund.
1079	(b) An award under this Subsection (11) shall be collected by the administrator in

(12) The state, the commission, and the state treasurer, with respect to payment of

1082 compensation benefits, expenses, fees, or disbursement properly chargeable against the 1083 Uninsured Employers' Fund: 1084 (a) are liable only to the assets in the Uninsured Employers' Fund; and 1085 (b) are not otherwise in any way liable for the making of a payment. 1086 (13) The commission may make reasonable rules for the processing and payment of a 1087 claim for compensation from the Uninsured Employers' Fund. 1088 (14) (a) (i) If it becomes necessary for the Uninsured Employers' Fund to pay benefits 1089 under this section to an employee described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii), the Uninsured Employers' 1090 Fund may assess all other self-insured employers amounts necessary to pay: 1091 (A) the obligations of the Uninsured Employers' Fund subsequent to a condition listed 1092 in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurring; 1093 (B) the expenses of handling covered a claim subsequent to a condition listed in 1094 Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurring; 1095 (C) the cost of an examination under Subsection (15); and 1096 (D) other expenses authorized by this section. 1097 (ii) This Subsection (14) applies to benefits paid to an employee of: 1098 (A) a self-insured employer, as defined in Section 34A-2-201.5, that meets a condition 1099 listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); or 1100 (B) if the self-insured employer that meets a condition described in Subsection 1101 (1)(a)(i)(B) is a public agency insurance mutual, a member of the public agency insurance 1102 mutual. 1103 (b) The assessments of a self-insured employer shall be in the proportion that the 1104 manual premium of the self-insured employer for the preceding calendar year bears to the 1105 manual premium of all self-insured employers for the preceding calendar year. (c) A self-insured employer shall be notified of the self-insured employer's assessment

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- (d) (i) A self-insured employer may not be assessed in any year an amount greater than 2% of that self-insured employer's manual premium for the preceding calendar year.
- 1110 (ii) If the maximum assessment does not provide in a year an amount sufficient to 1111 make all necessary payments from the Uninsured Employers' Fund for one or more self-insured

not later than 30 days before the day on which the assessment is due.

1112 employers that meet a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the unpaid portion shall be

paid as soon as [monies become] money becomes available.

- (e) A self-insured employer is liable under this section for a period not to exceed three years after the day on which the Uninsured Employers' Fund first pays benefits to an employee described in Subsection (14)(a)(ii) for the self-insured employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B).
- (f) This Subsection (14) does not apply to a claim made against a self-insured employer that meets a condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) if the condition listed in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) occurred before July 1, 1986.
- (15) (a) The following shall notify the division of any information indicating that any of the following may be insolvent or in a financial condition hazardous to its employees or the public:
 - (i) a self-insured employer; or
- 1125 (ii) if the self-insured employer is a public agency insurance mutual, a member of the public agency insurance mutual.
 - (b) Upon receipt of the notification described in Subsection (15)(a) and with good cause appearing, the division may order an examination of:
 - (i) that self-insured employer; or
 - (ii) if the self-insured employer is a public agency insurance mutual, a member of the public agency mutual.
 - (c) The cost of the examination ordered under Subsection (15)(b) shall be assessed against all self-insured employers as provided in Subsection (14).
 - (d) The results of the examination ordered under Subsection (15)(b) shall be kept confidential.
 - (16) (a) In a claim against an employer by the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or by or on behalf of the employee to whom or to whose dependents compensation and other benefits are paid or payable from the Uninsured Employers' Fund, the burden of proof is on the employer or other party in interest objecting to the claim.
 - (b) A claim described in Subsection (16)(a) is presumed to be valid up to the full amount of workers' compensation benefits claimed by the employee or the employee's dependents.
 - (c) This Subsection (16) applies whether the claim is filed in court or in an adjudicative

1144	proceeding under the authority of the commission.
1145	(17) A partner in a partnership or an owner of a sole proprietorship may not recover
1146	compensation or other benefits from the Uninsured Employers' Fund if:
1147	(a) the person is not included as an employee under Subsection 34A-2-104(3); or
1148	(b) the person is included as an employee under Subsection 34A-2-104(3), but:
1149	(i) the person's employer fails to insure or otherwise provide adequate payment of
1150	direct compensation; and
1151	(ii) the failure described in Subsection (17)(b)(i) is attributable to an act or omission
1152	over which the person had or shared control or responsibility.
1153	(18) A director or officer of a corporation may not recover compensation or other
1154	benefits from the Uninsured Employers' Fund if the director or officer is excluded from
1155	coverage under Subsection 34A-2-104(4).
1156	(19) The Uninsured Employers' Fund:
1157	(a) shall be:
1158	(i) used in accordance with this section only for:
1159	(A) the purpose of assisting in the payment of workers' compensation benefits in
1160	accordance with Subsection (1); and
1161	(B) in accordance with Subsection (3), payment of:
1162	(I) reasonable costs of administering the Uninsured Employers' Fund; or
1163	(II) fees required to be paid by the Uninsured Employers' Fund; and
1164	(ii) expended according to processes that can be verified by audit; and
1165	(b) may not be used for:
1166	(i) administrative costs unrelated to the Uninsured Employers' Fund; or
1167	(ii) an activity of the commission other than an activity described in Subsection (19)(a)
1168	(20) (a) For purposes of Subsection (1), an employment relationship is localized in the
1169	state if:
1170	(i) (A) the employer who is liable for the benefits has a business premise in the state;
1171	and
1172	(B) (I) the contract for hire is entered into in the state; or
1173	(II) the employee regularly performs work duties in the state for the employer who is
1174	liable for the benefits; or

11/3	(ii) the employee is:
1176	(A) a resident of the state; and
1177	(B) regularly performs work duties in the state for the employer who is liable for the
1178	benefits.
1179	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1180	commission shall by rule define what constitutes regularly performing work duties in the state.
1181	Section 25. Section 35A-3-116 is amended to read:
1182	35A-3-116. Restricted special revenue fund Use of money Committee and
1183	director duties Restrictions.
1184	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund, known as the "Refugee Services
1185	Fund," hereafter referred to in this section as "the fund."
1186	(2) The director or the director's designee, hereafter referred to in this section as the
1187	director, shall administer the fund with input from the Department of Community and Culture,
1188	including any advisory committees within the Department of Community and Culture that deal
1189	with refugee services issues.
1190	(3) (a) Money shall be deposited into the fund from numerous sources, including
1191	federal grants, private foundations, and individual donors.
1192	(b) The director shall encourage a refugee who receives services from activities funded
1193	under Subsection (8) to become a donor to the fund once the refugee's financial situation
1194	improves to the point where the refugee is capable of making a donation.
1195	(4) The director may not expend [monies] money in the fund that [are] is not restricted
1196	to a specific use under federal law or by donors without input from the Department of
1197	Community and Culture, either directly or through an advisory committee identified in
1198	Subsection (2).
1199	(5) The state treasurer shall invest the [monies] money in the fund under Title 51,
1200	Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, and all interest or other earnings derived from the
1201	fund [monies] money shall be deposited in the fund.
1202	(6) The [monies] money in the fund may not be used by the director for administrative
1203	expenses.
1204	(7) If the Department of Community and Culture establishes a refugee services

advisory committee referred to in Subsection (2), that committee may:

H.B. 186

01-12-11 11:52 AM

1206	(a) advise the director on refugee services needs in the state and on relevant operational
1207	aspects of any grant or revenue collection program established under this part;
1208	(b) recommend specific refugee projects to the director;
1209	(c) recommend policies and procedures for administering the fund;
1210	(d) make recommendations on grants made from the fund for any of the refugee
1211	services activities authorized under this section;
1212	(e) advise the director on the criteria by which grants shall be made from the fund;
1213	(f) recommend the order in which approved projects would be funded;
1214	(g) make recommendations regarding the distribution of money from the fund in
1215	accordance with the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon [monies] money in
1216	the fund by donors; and
1217	(h) have joint responsibility to solicit public and private funding for the fund.
1218	(8) The director may use fund [monies] money to:
1219	(a) train an existing refugee organization to develop its capacity to operate
1220	professionally and effectively and to become an independent, viable organization; or
1221	(b) provide grants to an existing refugee organization and other entities identified in
1222	Subsection (9) to assist them:
1223	(i) with case management;
1224	(ii) in meeting emergency housing needs for refugees;
1225	(iii) in providing English language services;
1226	(iv) in providing interpretive services;
1227	(v) in finding and maintaining employment for refugees;
1228	(vi) in collaborating with the state's public education system to improve the
1229	involvement of refugee parents in assimilating their children into public schools;
1230	(vii) in meeting the health and mental health needs of refugees;
1231	(viii) in providing or arranging for child care services; or
1232	(ix) in administering refugee services.
1233	(9) In addition to Subsection (8), the director with advice from the Department of
1234	Community and Culture or its refugee services advisory committee, if one is created, may grant
1235	fund money for refugee services outlined in Subsection (8) through a request for proposal
1236	process to:

1237	(a) local governments;
1238	(b) nonprofit community, charitable, or neighborhood-based organizations or private
1239	for profit organizations that deal solely or in part with providing or arranging for the provision
1240	of refugee services; or
1241	(c) regional or statewide nonprofit organizations.
1242	(10) The director shall enter into a written agreement with each successful grant
1243	applicant that has specific terms for each grant consistent with the provisions of this section
1244	that includes the structure, amount, and nature of the grant.
1245	(11) The director shall monitor the activities of the recipients of grants issued from the
1246	fund on an annual basis to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions imposed on the
1247	recipient by the fund.
1248	(12) An entity receiving a grant shall provide the director with periodic accounting of
1249	how the [monies] money it received from the fund [were] was spent.
1250	(13) By November 1 of each year the director shall make an annual report to the
1251	Workforce Services and Community and Economic Development Interim Committee regarding
1252	the status of the fund and the programs and services funded by the fund.
1253	Section 26. Section 35A-3-205 is amended to read:
1254	35A-3-205. Creation of committee.
1255	(1) There is created a Child Care Advisory Committee.
1256	(2) The committee shall counsel and advise the office in fulfilling its statutory
1257	obligations to include:
1258	(a) a review of and recommendations on the office's annual budget;
1259	(b) recommendations on how the office might best respond to child care needs
1260	throughout the state; and
1261	(c) recommendations on the use of new [monies] money that [come] comes into the
1262	office, including those for the Child Care Fund.
1263	(3) The committee is composed of the following members, with special attention given
1264	to insure diversity and representation from both urban and rural groups:
1265	(a) one expert in early childhood development;
1266	(b) one child care provider who operates a center;
1267	(c) one child care provider who operates a family child care business;

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

1268	(d) one parent who is representative of households receiving a child care subsidy from
1269	the office;
1270	(e) one representative from the public at-large;
1271	(f) one representative of the State Office of Education;
1272	(g) one representative of the Department of Health;
1273	(h) one representative of the Department of Human Services;
1274	(i) one representative of the Department of Community and Culture;
1275	(j) two representatives from the corporate community, one who is a recent "Family
1276	Friendly" award winner and who received the award because of efforts in the child care arena;
1277	(k) two representatives from the small business community;
1278	(l) one representative from child care advocacy groups;
1279	(m) one representative of children with disabilities;
1280	(n) one representative from the state Head Start Association appointed by the
1281	association;
1282	(o) one representative from each child care provider association; and
1283	(p) one representative of a child care resource and referral center appointed by the
1284	organization representing child care resource and referral agencies.
1285	(4) (a) The executive director shall appoint the members designated in Subsections
1286	(3)(a) through (e) and (j) through (n).
1287	(b) The head of the respective departments shall appoint the members referred to in
1288	Subsections (3)(f) through (i).
1289	(c) Each child care provider association shall appoint its respective member referred to
1290	in Subsection (3)(o).
1291	(5) (a) Except as required by Subsection (5)(b), as terms of current committee members
1292	expire, the appointing authority shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a
1293	four-year term.
1294	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (5)(a), the appointing authority
1295	shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the
1296	terms of committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the committee is
1297	appointed every two years.
1298	(6) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, including missing three

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1299	consecutive meetings where the member has not been excused by the chair prior to or during
1300	the meeting, the replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
1301	(7) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
1302	(8) (a) The executive director shall select a chair from the committee membership.
1303	(b) A chair may serve no more than two one-year terms as chair.
1304	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1305	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1306	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1307	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1308	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1309	63A-3-107.
1310	Section 27. Section 35A-3-206 is amended to read:
1311	35A-3-206. Restricted special revenue fund Use of money Committee and
1312	director duties Restrictions.
1313	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Child Care Fund."
1314	(2) The director of the office shall administer the fund under the direction of the
1315	committee.
1316	(3) (a) The office may form nonprofit corporations or foundations controlled by the
1317	director of the office and the committee to aid and assist the office in attaining its charitable,
1318	research, and educational objectives.
1319	(b) The nonprofit corporations or foundations may receive and administer Legislative
1320	appropriations, government grants, contracts, and private gifts to carry out their public
1321	purposes.
1322	(c) [Monies] Money collected by the nonprofit corporation or foundation may be
1323	deposited in the Child Care Fund.
1324	(d) A nonprofit foundation controlled by the director of the office and the committee
1325	shall submit to the Division of Finance, within 60 days after the close of the foundation's fiscal
1326	year, a financial report summarizing the foundation's financial position and results of
1327	operations of the most recent fiscal year.

(4) (a) There shall be deposited into the fund money from numerous sources, including,

grants, private foundations, and individual donors.

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

1330	(b) The fund shall be used to accept [monies] money designated for child care
1331	initiatives improving the quality, affordability, or accessibility of child care.
1332	(5) The [monies] money in the fund that [are] is not restricted to a specific use under
1333	federal law or by donors may not be expended without approval of the committee.
1334	(6) The state treasurer shall invest the [monies] money in the fund under Title 51,
1335	Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, except that all interest or other earnings derived
1336	from the fund [monies] money shall be deposited in the fund.
1337	(7) The [monies] money in the fund may not be used for administrative expenses of the
1338	office normally provided for by legislative appropriation.
1339	(8) The committee shall:
1340	(a) advise the director of the office on child care needs in the state and on relevant
1341	operational aspects of any grant, loan, or revenue collection program established under this
1342	part;
1343	(b) recommend specific child care projects to the director of the office;
1344	(c) recommend policy and procedures for administering the fund;
1345	(d) make recommendations on grants, loans, or contracts from the fund for any of the
1346	child care activities authorized under this part;
1347	(e) establish the criteria by which loans and grants will be made;
1348	(f) determine the order in which approved child care projects will be funded;
1349	(g) make recommendations regarding the distribution of money from the fund in
1350	accordance with the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the [monies] money
1351	by the donors; and
1352	(h) have joint responsibility with the office to solicit public and private funding for the
1353	fund.
1354	(9) Fund [monies] money shall be used for any of the following activities:
1355	(a) training of child care providers;
1356	(b) scholarships and grants for child care providers' professional development;
1357	(c) child care public awareness and consumer education services;
1358	(d) child care provider recruitment;
1359	(e) Office of Child Care sponsored activities;
1360	(f) matching money for obtaining grants; or

1301	(g) other activities that will assist in the improvement of child care quality,
1362	affordability, or accessibility.
1363	(10) The director of the office, with the consent of the committee and the executive
1364	director, may grant, lend, or contract fund money for child care purposes to:
1365	(a) local governments;
1366	(b) nonprofit community, charitable, or neighborhood-based organizations;
1367	(c) regional or statewide nonprofit organizations; or
1368	(d) child care providers.
1369	(11) Preference may be given but awards may not be limited to applicants for fund
1370	[monies] money that demonstrate any of the following:
1371	(a) programmatic or financial need;
1372	(b) diversity of clientele or geographic location; and
1373	(c) coordination with or enhancement of existing services.
1374	(12) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall monitor the
1375	activities of the recipients of grants, loans, or contracts issued from the fund on an annual basis
1376	to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions imposed on the recipient by the fund.
1377	(13) The entities receiving grants, loans, or contracts shall provide the director of the
1378	office with an annual accounting of how the [monies] money they received from the fund
1379	[have] has been spent.
1380	(14) (a) The director of the office shall make an annual report to the committee
1381	regarding the status of the fund and the programs and services funded by the fund.
1382	(b) The report shall be included as a component of the report to the Legislature
1383	required under Subsection 35A-3-203(11).
1384	Section 28. Section 35A-4-107 is amended to read:
1385	35A-4-107. Limit of liability State Department.
1386	(1) Benefits shall be considered to be due and payable under this chapter only to the
1387	extent provided in this chapter and to the extent that [moneys are] money is available to the
1388	credit of the Unemployment Compensation Fund.
1389	(2) The state, the department, or any division of the department may not be held liable
1390	for any amount that exceeds the [monies] money available in the Unemployment
1391	Compensation Fund.

Section 29. Section **35A-4-303** is amended to read:

35A-4-303. Determination of contribution rates.

- (1) (a) An employer's basic contribution rate is the same as the employer's benefit ratio, determined by dividing the total benefit costs charged back to an employer during the immediately preceding four fiscal years by the total taxable wages of the employer for the same time period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any.
 - (b) In calculating the basic contribution rate under Subsection (1)(a):
- (i) if four fiscal years of data are not available, the data of three fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period;
- (ii) if three fiscal years of data are not available, the data of two fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period; or
- (iii) if two fiscal years of data are not available, the data of one fiscal year shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period.
 - (2) (a) In calculating the social contribution rate under Subsection (2)(b) or (c):
- (i) if four fiscal years of data are not available, the data of three fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period; or
- (ii) if three fiscal years of data are not available, the data of two fiscal years shall be divided by the total taxable wages for the same time period.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2005, the division shall calculate the social contribution rate by dividing all social costs as defined in Subsection 35A-4-307(1) applicable to the preceding four fiscal years by the total taxable wages of all employers subject to contributions for the same period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding any remaining fraction.
- (c) Beginning January 1, 2009, the division shall calculate the social contribution rate by dividing all social costs as defined in Subsection 35A-4-307(1) applicable to the preceding four fiscal years by the total taxable wages of all employers subject to contributions for the same period, calculated to four decimal places, disregarding any remaining fraction, and rounded to three decimal places, disregarding any further fraction, if the fourth decimal place is .0004 or less, or rounding up to the next higher number, if the fourth decimal place is .0005 or more.
- (3) (a) Beginning January 1, 2000, the division shall by administrative decision set the reserve factor at a rate that shall sustain an adequate reserve.

- (b) For the purpose of setting the reserve factor:
 - (i) (A) the adequate reserve is defined as between 17 and 19 months of benefits at the average of the five highest benefit cost rates in the last 25 years;
 - (B) beginning January 1, 2009, the adequate reserve is defined as between 18 and 24 months of benefits at the average of the five highest benefit cost rates in the last 25 years;
 - (ii) the reserve factor shall be 1.0000 if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is determined to be an adequate reserve;
 - (iii) the reserve factor will be set between 0.5000 and 1.0000 if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is greater than the adequate reserve;
 - (iv) the reserve factor will be set between 1.0000 and 1.5000 if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 prior to the computation date is less than the adequate reserve;
 - (v) if the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is insolvent or negative or if there is an outstanding loan from the Federal Unemployment Account, the reserve factor will be set at 2.0000 until the actual reserve fund balance as of June 30 preceding the computation date is determined to be an adequate reserve;
 - (vi) the reserve factor will be set on or before January 1 of each year; and
 - (vii) [monies] money made available to the state under Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, which [are] is received on or after January 1, 2004, may not be considered in establishing the reserve factor under this section for the rate year 2005 or any subsequent rate year.
 - (4) (a) On or after January 1, 2004, an employer's overall contribution rate is the employer's basic contribution rate multiplied by the reserve factor established according to Subsection (3), calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, plus the social contribution rate established according to Subsection (2), and calculated to three decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, but not more than a maximum overall contribution rate of 9.0%, plus the applicable social contribution rate and not less than 1.1% for new employers.
 - (b) Beginning January 1, 2009, an employer's overall contribution rate is the employer's basic contribution rate multiplied by the reserve factor established according to Subsection (3)(b), calculated to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, plus the social contribution rate established according to Subsection (2), and calculated to three decimal

places, disregarding the remaining fraction, but not more than a maximum overall contribution rate of 9%, plus the applicable social contribution rate and not less than 1.1% for new employers.

- (c) The overall contribution rate does not include the addition of any penalty applicable to an employer as a result of delinquency in the payment of contributions as provided in Subsection (9).
- (d) The overall contribution rate does not include the addition of any penalty applicable to an employer assessed a penalty rate under Subsection 35A-4-304(5)(a).
- (5) Except as provided in Subsection (9), each new employer shall pay a contribution rate based on the average benefit cost rate experienced by employers of the major industry as defined by department rule to which the new employer belongs, the basic contribution rate to be determined as follows:
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), by January 1 of each year, the basic contribution rate to be used in computing the employer's overall contribution rate is the benefit cost rate which is the greater of:
- (i) the amount calculated by dividing the total benefit costs charged back to both active and inactive employers of the same major industry for the last two fiscal years by the total taxable wages paid by those employers that were paid during the same time period, computed to four decimal places, disregarding the remaining fraction, if any; or
 - (ii) 1%.
- (b) If the major industrial classification assigned to a new employer is an industry for which a benefit cost rate does not exist because the industry has not operated in the state or has not been covered under this chapter, the employer's basic contribution rate shall be 5.4%. This basic contribution rate is used in computing the employer's overall contribution rate.
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, and except as provided in Subsection (7), if an employing unit that moves into this state is declared to be a qualified employer because it has sufficient payroll and benefit cost experience under another state, a rate shall be computed on the same basis as a rate is computed for all other employers subject to this chapter if that unit furnishes adequate records on which to compute the rate.
- (7) An employer who begins to operate in this state after having operated in another state shall be assigned the maximum overall contribution rate until the employer acquires

sufficient experience in this state to be considered a "qualified employer" if the employer is:

- (a) regularly engaged as a contractor in the construction, improvement, or repair of buildings, roads, or other structures on lands;
- (b) generally regarded as being a construction contractor or a subcontractor specialized in some aspect of construction; or
- (c) required to have a contractor's license or similar qualification under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, or the equivalent in laws of another state.
- (8) (a) If an employer acquires the business or all or substantially all the assets of another employer and the other employer had discontinued operations upon the acquisition or transfers its trade or business, or a portion of its trade or business, under Subsection 35A-4-304(3)(a):
- (i) for purposes of determining and establishing the acquiring party's qualifications for an experience rating classification, the payrolls of both employers during the qualifying period shall be jointly considered in determining the period of liability with respect to:
 - (A) the filing of contribution reports;
 - (B) the payment of contributions; and
 - (C) after January 1, 1985, the benefit costs of both employers;
- (ii) the transferring employer shall be divested of the transferring employer's unemployment experience provided the transferring employer had discontinued operations, but only to the extent as defined under Subsection 35A-4-304(3)(c); and
- (iii) if an employer transfers its trade or business, or a portion of its trade or business, as defined under Subsection 35A-4-304(3), the transferring employer may not be divested of its employer's unemployment experience.
- (b) An employing unit or prospective employing unit that acquires the unemployment experience of an employer shall, for all purposes of this chapter, be an employer as of the date of acquisition.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 35A-4-310, when a transferring employer, as provided in Subsection (8)(a), is divested of the employer's unemployment experience by transferring all of the employer's business to another and by ceasing operations as of the date of the transfer, the transferring employer shall cease to be an employer, as defined by this chapter, as of the date of transfer.

- (9) (a) A rate of less than 8% shall be effective January 1 of any contribution year on or after January 1, 1985, but before January 1, 1988, and a rate of less than the maximum overall contribution rate on or after January 1, 1988, only with respect to new employers and to those qualified employers who, except for amounts due under division determinations that have not become final, paid all contributions prescribed by the division with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters in the fiscal year immediately preceding the computation date on or after January 1, 1985.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsections (1), (5), (6), and (8), on or after January 1, 1988, an employer who fails to pay all contributions prescribed by the division with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters in the fiscal year immediately preceding the computation date, except for amounts due under determinations that have not become final, shall pay a contribution rate equal to the overall contribution rate determined under the experience rating provisions of this chapter, plus a surcharge of 1% of wages.
- (c) An employer who pays all required contributions shall, for the current contribution year, be assigned a rate based upon the employer's own experience as provided under the experience rating provisions of this chapter effective the first day of the calendar quarter in which the payment was made.
- (d) Delinquency in filing contribution reports shall not be the basis for denial of a rate less than the maximum contribution rate.
 - Section 30. Section **35A-4-507** is amended to read:

35A-4-507. Authority to obtain money from state's account in federal unemployment trust fund -- Use and deposit.

- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 35A-4-501 and 35A-4-506, the department may requisition and receive from the state's account in the unemployment trust fund in the treasury of the United States the [moneys] money standing to the state's credit as may, consistent with conditions for approval of this chapter under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, 26 U.S.C. 3301 et seq., be used for expenses of administering this chapter and to expend [those moneys] the money for that purpose.
- (2) [Moneys] Money requisitioned under Subsection (1) shall be deposited in the Special Administrative Expense Account created by Section 35A-4-506.
 - Section 31. Section **36-24-101** is amended to read:

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1547	36-24-101. Review of new programs and agencies.
1548	(1) When legislation is passed that creates a new program or agency, the legislative
1549	sponsor shall consider providing that the funding for the first fiscal year should be nonlapsing,

(2) The legislative interim committee with oversight responsibility for the new program or agency:

with the option of continuing [those] the nonlapsing [monies] money for an additional year.

- (a) shall hear the limited scope audit report prepared by the Office of Legislative Auditor General as provided in Section 36-12-15 on or before the committee's November meeting;
- (b) shall review each new program or agency on which it receives a report to assure that it is being implemented in a manner consistent with its statutory directive;
- (c) shall determine whether the statutory directive is being followed and whether any change in law is necessary and if a change in law is necessary, make that recommendation to the Legislature; and
- (d) may request the Office of Legislative Auditor General to conduct a more in-depth review of the program or agency.
- (3) The legislative appropriations subcommittee with oversight responsibility for the new program or agency:
- (a) shall hear the limited scope audit report prepared by the Office of Legislative Auditor General as provided in Section 36-12-15 on or before the committee's November meeting;
- (b) shall review each new program or agency on which it receives a report to determine whether the agency is appropriately using the funds provided; and
- (c) may request the Office of Legislative Auditor General to conduct a more in-depth review of the program or agency.
- 1572 Section 32. Section **38-11-102** is amended to read:
- 1573 **38-11-102.** Definitions.
- 1574 (1) "Board" means the Residence Lien Recovery Fund Advisory Board established 1575 under Section 38-11-104.
- 1576 (2) "Certificate of compliance" means an order issued by the director to the owner 1577 finding that the owner is in compliance with the requirements of Subsections 38-11-204(4)(a)

and (4)(b) and is entitled to protection under Section 38-11-107.

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- 1579 (3) "Construction on an owner-occupied residence" means designing, engineering, 1580 constructing, altering, remodeling, improving, repairing, or maintaining a new or existing 1581 residence.
 - (4) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
- 1583 (5) "Director" means the director of the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
 - (6) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
- 1586 (7) "Duplex" means a single building having two separate living units.
- 1587 (8) "Encumbered fund balance" means the aggregate amount of outstanding claims
 1588 against the fund. The remainder of [monies] the money in the fund [are] is unencumbered
 1589 funds.
 - (9) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Commerce.
- 1591 (10) "Factory built housing" is as defined in Section 58-56-3.
- 1592 (11) "Factory built housing retailer" means a person that sells factory built housing to consumers.
- 1594 (12) "Fund" means the Residence Lien Recovery Fund established under Section 38-11-201.
 - (13) "Laborer" means a person who provides services at the site of the construction on an owner-occupied residence as an employee of an original contractor or other qualified beneficiary performing qualified services on the residence.
 - (14) "Licensee" means any holder of a license issued under Title 58, Chapters 3a, Architects Licensing Act, 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors

 Licensing Act, 53, Landscape Architects Licensing Act, and 55, Utah Construction Trades

 Licensing Act.
 - (15) "Nonpaying party" means the original contractor, subcontractor, or real estate developer who has failed to pay the qualified beneficiary making a claim against the fund.
 - (16) "Original contractor" means a person who contracts with the owner of real property or the owner's agent to provide services, labor, or material for the construction of an owner-occupied residence.
- 1608 (17) "Owner" means a person who:

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1609	(a) contracts with a person who is licensed as a contractor or is exempt from licensure
1610	under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for the construction on an
1611	owner-occupied residence upon real property owned by that person;
1612	(b) contracts with a real estate developer to buy a residence upon completion of the
1613	construction on the owner-occupied residence; or
1614	(c) buys a residence from a real estate developer after completion of the construction
1615	on the owner-occupied residence.
1616	(18) "Owner-occupied residence" means a residence that is, or after completion of the
1617	construction on the residence will be, occupied by the owner or the owner's tenant or lessee as a
1618	primary or secondary residence within 180 days from the date of the completion of the
1619	construction on the residence.
1620	(19) "Qualified beneficiary" means a person who:
1621	(a) provides qualified services;
1622	(b) pays necessary fees or assessments required under this chapter; and
1623	(c) registers with the division:
1624	(i) as a licensed contractor under Subsection 38-11-301(1) or (2), if that person seeks
1625	recovery from the fund as a licensed contractor; or
1626	(ii) as a person providing qualified services other than as a licensed contractor under
1627	Subsection 38-11-301(3) if the person seeks recovery from the fund in a capacity other than as
1628	a licensed contractor.
1629	(20) (a) "Qualified services" means the following performed in construction on an
1630	owner-occupied residence:
1631	(i) contractor services provided by a contractor licensed or exempt from licensure
1632	under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act;
1633	(ii) architectural services provided by an architect licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a,
1634	Architects Licensing Act;
1635	(iii) engineering and land surveying services provided by a professional engineer or
1636	land surveyor licensed or exempt from licensure under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional
1637	Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;

(iv) landscape architectural services by a landscape architect licensed or exempt from

licensure under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects Licensing Act;

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

1640	(v) design and specification services of mechanical or other systems;
1641	(vi) other services related to the design, drawing, surveying, specification, cost
1642	estimation, or other like professional services;
1643	(vii) providing materials, supplies, components, or similar products;
1644	(viii) renting equipment or materials;
1645	(ix) labor at the site of the construction on the owner-occupied residence; and
1646	(x) site preparation, set up, and installation of factory built housing.
1647	(b) "Qualified services" do not include the construction of factory built housing in the
1648	factory.
1649	(21) "Real estate developer" means a person having an ownership interest in real
1650	property who:
1651	(a) contracts with a person who is licensed as a contractor or is exempt from licensure
1652	under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act, for the construction of a
1653	residence that is offered for sale to the public; or
1654	(b) is a licensed contractor under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades
1655	Licensing Act, who engages in the construction of a residence that is offered for sale to the
1656	public.
1657	(22) (a) "Residence" means an improvement to real property used or occupied, to be
1658	used or occupied as, or in conjunction with:
1659	(i) a primary or secondary detached single-family dwelling; or
1660	(ii) a multifamily dwelling up to and including duplexes.
1661	(b) "Residence" includes factory built housing.
1662	(23) "Subsequent owner" means a person who purchases a residence from an owner
1663	within 180 days from the date the construction on the residence is completed.
1664	Section 33. Section 40-6-14.5 is amended to read:
1665	40-6-14.5. Oil and Gas Conservation Account created Contents Use of
1666	account money.
1667	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the Oil and
1668	Gas Conservation Account.
1669	(2) The contents of the account shall consist of:
1670	(a) revenues from the fee levied under Section 40-6-14, including any penalties or

1671	interest charged for delinquent payments; and
1672	(b) interest and earnings on account [monies] money.
1673	(3) Account [monies] money shall be used to pay for the:
1674	(a) administration of this chapter; and
1675	(b) plugging and reclamation of abandoned oil or gas wells or bore, core, or
1676	exploratory holes for which:
1677	(i) there is no reclamation surety; or
1678	(ii) the forfeited surety is insufficient for plugging and reclamation.
1679	(4) Priority in the use of the [monies] money shall be given to paying for the
1680	administration of this chapter.
1681	(5) Appropriations for plugging and reclamation of abandoned oil or gas wells or bore,
1682	core, or exploratory holes shall be nonlapsing.
1683	(6) The balance of the Oil and Gas Conservation Account at the end of a fiscal year
1684	may not exceed \$750,000. Any excess [monies] money shall be transferred to the General
1685	Fund.
1686	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "excess fee revenue" means revenue collected in
1687	fiscal year 1999-2000 from the fee levied under Section 40-6-14 that exceeds the fee revenue
1688	appropriated to the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining in fiscal year 1999-2000.
1689	(b) If there is a General Fund surplus for fiscal year 1999-2000, the Division of Finance
1690	shall transfer General Fund surplus [monies] money to the Oil and Gas Conservation Account
1691	in an amount up to the excess fee revenue.
1692	(c) The transfer provided in Subsection (7)(b) shall be made after General Fund surplus
1693	[monies are] money is transferred to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account pursuant to
1694	Section 63J-1-312.
1695	Section 34. Section 40-10-25.1 is amended to read:
1696	40-10-25.1. Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund created Contents Use of
1697	money.
1698	(1) (a) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Abandoned
1699	Mine Reclamation Fund."
1700	(b) (i) The fund shall consist of the [monies] money specified in Subsections (2) and
1701	(3).

1702 (ii) The [monies] money of Subsection (2) shall be segregated from the [monies] 1703 money of Subsection (3). 1704 (2) (a) [Monies] Money received by the state from the following sources shall be 1705 deposited into the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund: 1706 (i) recovered liens filed against privately owned land as provided by Section 40-10-28; 1707 (ii) fees for the use of reclaimed lands as provided by Section 40-10-28; (iii) fines collected for violations of this chapter or any rule or order issued under this 1708 1709 chapter; 1710 (iv) donations designated for reclamation of abandoned mines; and 1711 (v) interest credited to the fund pursuant to Subsection (2)(b). 1712 (b) [Monies] Money received under Subsection (2)(a) shall be invested by the state 1713 treasurer and the income earned shall be credited to the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund, 1714 except interest income earned over \$19,000 per year shall be credited to the General Fund. 1715 (c) The division may at any time expend [monies] money deposited into the fund under 1716 Subsection (2)(a) to accomplish the purposes of the abandoned mine reclamation program. 1717 (3) (a) (i) [Monies] Money received by the state from the secretary of the United States Department of Interior, which [are] is granted as special state set-aside [monies] money in 1718 1719 accordance with 30 U.S.C. Sec. 1232 et seg. shall be deposited in the Abandoned Mine 1720 Reclamation Fund. 1721 (ii) [Monies] Money deposited into the fund under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be 1722 invested by the state treasurer and the income earned shall be credited to the Abandoned Mine 1723 Reclamation Fund. 1724 (b) After August 3, 1992, the division shall use the [monies] money deposited into the 1725 Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund under this Subsection (3) to accomplish the purposes set 1726 forth in Sections 40-10-25 through 40-10-28.1. 1727 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d), the [monies] money deposited into the 1728 Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund under this Subsection (3) shall be made available to the 1729 division through legislative appropriations. 1730 (d) The director of the division with the concurrence of the board may at any time

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expend [monies] money deposited into the Abandoned Mine Reclamation Fund under

Subsection (3)(a) for any emergency requiring immediate reclamation.

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of property nor of trespass on it.

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1733	Section 35. Section 40-10-27 is amended to read:
1734	40-10-27. Entry upon land adversely affected by past coal mining practices
1735	Conducting of studies or exploratory work State acquisition of land Lien Waste
1736	disposal fund Water pollution control and treatment plants.
1737	(1) (a) If the board, after notice and hearing, makes a finding of fact as provided in
1738	Subsection (1)(b), the agents, employees, or contractors of the division shall have the right to
1739	enter property adversely affected by past coal mining practices and any other property to have
1740	access to property adversely affected by past coal mining practices to do whatever is necessary
1741	or expedient to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or prevent the adverse effects.
1742	(b) The board shall find that:
1743	(i) land or water resources have been adversely affected by past coal mining practices;
1744	(ii) the adverse effects are at a stage where, in the public interest, action to restore,
1745	reclaim, abate, control, or prevent should be taken; and
1746	(iii) the owners of the land or water resources where entry must be made to restore,
1747	reclaim, abate, control, or prevent the adverse effects of past coal mining practices:
1748	(A) are not known;
1749	(B) are not readily available; or
1750	(C) will not give permission for the state or its political subdivisions, their agents,
1751	employees, or contractors to enter upon the property to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or
1752	prevent the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
1753	(c) Notice of the division's right to enter the property shall be:
1754	(i) if the owners are known, given by mail; and
1755	(ii) if the owners are not known:
1756	(A) posted upon the premises; and
1757	(B) advertised:
1758	(I) once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the land lies; and
1759	(II) as required in Section 45-1-101.
1760	(d) This entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police power for the protection of
1761	public health, safety, and general welfare and may not be construed as an act of condemnation

(e) The [monies] money expended for this work and the benefits accruing to the

premises entered upon shall be chargeable against the land and shall mitigate or offset any claim in or any action brought by any owner of any interest in these premises for any alleged damages by virtue of the entry.

- (f) This Subsection (1) is not intended to create new rights of action or eliminate existing immunities.
- (2) (a) The agents, employees, or contractors of the division may enter upon any property for the purpose of conducting studies or exploratory work to determine the existence of adverse effects of past coal mining practices and to determine the feasibility of restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of these adverse effects.
- (b) This entry shall be construed as an exercise of the police power for the protection of public health, safety, and general welfare and may not be construed as an act of condemnation of property or trespass on it.
- (3) The state may acquire any land by purchase, donation, or condemnation which is adversely affected by past coal mining practices if the board, after notice and hearing, determines that acquisition of this land is necessary to successful reclamation and that:
- (a) the acquired land, after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices, will serve recreation and historic purposes, conservation and reclamation purposes, or provide open space benefits; and
- (b) (i) permanent facilities such as a treatment plant or a relocated stream channel will be constructed on the land for the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices; or
- (ii) acquisitions of coal refuse disposal sites and all coal refuse on the sites will serve the purposes of this chapter or that public ownership is desirable to meet emergency situations and prevent recurrences of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
 - (4) (a) Title to all lands acquired under this section shall be in the name of the state.
- (b) The price paid for land acquired under this section shall reflect the market value of the land as adversely affected by past coal mining practices.
- (5) (a) If land acquired under this section is considered suitable for industrial, commercial, residential, or recreational development, the division, in conjunction with the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, may sell this land by public sale under a system of competitive bidding, at not less than fair market value, and under any other rules promulgated

to insure that the land is put to proper use consistent with local and state land use plans.

- (b) (i) The state, when requested after appropriate public notice, shall hold a public hearing with the appropriate notice, in the counties or appropriate political subdivisions of the state in which lands acquired under this section are located.
- (ii) The hearing shall be held at a time which shall afford local citizens and governments the maximum opportunity to participate in the decision concerning the use or disposition of the lands after restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
- (6) (a) The state, through the division and the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, shall have the authority to accept lands acquired and reclaimed by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to Section 407(h) of Public Law 95-87.
- (b) The division has the authority to accept grants from the Secretary to carry out the purposes of Section 407(h) of Public Law 95-87.
- (7) (a) Within six months after the completion of projects to restore, reclaim, abate, control, or prevent adverse effects of past coal mining practices on privately owned land, the division shall itemize the [monies] money expended and may file a statement of those expenses in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the land lies, together with a notarized appraisal by an independent appraiser of the value of the land before the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of adverse effects of past coal mining practices if the [monies] money expended [result] results in a significant increase in property value.
 - (b) This statement shall constitute a lien upon the land described in it.
- (c) The lien may not exceed the amount determined by the appraisal to be the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining practices.
- (d) A lien may not be filed against the property of any person, in accordance with this subsection who owned the surface prior to May 2, 1977, and who neither consented to nor participated in nor exercised control over the mining operation which necessitated the reclamation performed.
- (8) (a) The landowner may proceed to petition within 60 days after the filing of the lien to determine the increase in the market value of the land as a result of the restoration, reclamation, abatement, control, or prevention of the adverse effects of past coal mining

1826 practices.

(b) The amount reported to be the increase in value of the premises shall constitute the amount of the lien and shall be recorded with the statement provided for in Subsection (7).

- (c) Any party aggrieved by the decision may appeal as provided by law.
- (9) (a) The lien provided in this section shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the land lies.
- (b) The statement shall constitute a lien upon the land as of the date of the expenditure of the [monies] money and shall have priority as a lien second only to the lien of real estate taxes imposed upon the land.
- (10) (a) The division may fill any voids, seal any abandoned tunnels, shafts, and entryways, and reclaim surface impacts of underground or surface mines which the division determines could endanger life and property, constitute a hazard to the public health and safety, or degrade the environment.
- (b) The division may make expenditures and carry out the purposes of this section without regard to the provisions of Subsections 40-10-25(2) and (3) only after all reclamation with respect to abandoned coal lands or coal development impacts have been met, except for those reclamation projects relating to the protection of the public health or safety.
- (c) In those instances where mine waste piles are being reworked for conservation purposes, the incremental costs of disposing of the wastes from these operations by filling voids and sealing tunnels may be eligible for funding if the disposal of these wastes meets the purposes of this section.
- (d) The division may acquire by purchase, donation, easement, or otherwise those interests in land it determines necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (11) (a) The division may request the attorney general, who is hereby authorized to initiate, in addition to any other remedies provided for in this chapter, in any court of competent jurisdiction, an action in equity for an injunction to restrain any interference with the exercise of the right to enter or to conduct any work provided in this section.
- (b) (i) The division, in conjunction with appropriate state agencies as determined in the rules, may construct and operate plants for the control and treatment of water pollution resulting from mine drainage.
 - (ii) The extent of this control and treatment of water pollution may be dependent upon

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development programs;

1857	the ultimate use of the water.
1858	(iii) This Subsection (11) may not be construed to repeal or supersede any portion of
1859	the federal Water Pollution Control Act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1151 et seq., and no control or
1860	treatment under this Subsection (11) shall in any way be less than that required under the
1861	federal Water Pollution Control Act.
1862	(iv) The construction of a plant may include major interceptors and other facilities
1863	appurtenant to the plant.
1864	(c) The division may transfer funds to other appropriate state agencies, in order to carry
1865	out the reclamation activities authorized by this chapter.
1866	Section 36. Section 41-1a-422 is amended to read:
1867	41-1a-422. Support special group license plates Contributor Voluntary
1868	contribution collection procedures.
1869	(1) As used in this section:
1870	(a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), "contributor" means a person who
1871	has donated or in whose name at least \$25 has been donated to:
1872	(A) a scholastic scholarship fund of a single named institution;
1873	(B) the Department of Veterans' Affairs for veterans' programs;
1874	(C) the Division of Wildlife Resources for the Wildlife Resources Account created in
1875	Section 23-14-13, for conservation of wildlife and the enhancement, preservation, protection,
1876	access, and management of wildlife habitat;
1877	(D) the Department of Agriculture and Food for the benefit of conservation districts;
1878	(E) the Division of Parks and Recreation for the benefit of snowmobile programs;
1879	(F) the Guardian Ad Litem Services Account and the Children's Museum of Utah, with
1880	the donation evenly divided between the two;
1881	(G) the Boy Scouts of America for the benefit of a Utah Boy Scouts of America
1882	council as specified by the contributor;
1883	(H) No More Homeless Pets in Utah for distribution to organizations or individuals
1884	that provide spay and neuter programs that subsidize the sterilization of domestic animals;
1885	(I) the Utah Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs, Inc. to provide and enhance youth

(J) the Utah Association of Public School Foundations to support public education;

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

1888 (K) the Utah Housing Opportunity Restricted Account created in Section 61-2-204 to 1889 assist people who have severe housing needs; 1890 (L) the Public Safety Honoring Heroes Restricted Account created in Section 53-1-118 1891 to support the families of fallen Utah Highway Patrol troopers and other Department of Public 1892 Safety employees; 1893 (M) the Division of Parks and Recreation for distribution to organizations that provide 1894 support for Zion National Park; 1895 (N) the Firefighter Support Restricted Account created in Section 53-7-109 to support 1896 firefighter organizations; 1897 (O) the Share the Road Bicycle Support Restricted Account created in Section 1898 72-2-127 to support bicycle operation and safety awareness programs; 1899 (P) the Cancer Research Restricted Account created in Section 26-21a-302 to support 1900 cancer research programs; 1901 (Q) Autism Awareness Restricted Account created in Section 53A-1-304 to support 1902 autism awareness programs; or 1903 (R) Humanitarian Service and Educational and Cultural Exchange Restricted Account 1904 created in Section 9-17-102 to support humanitarian service and educational and cultural 1905 programs. 1906 (ii) (A) For a veterans' special group license plate, "contributor" means a person who 1907 has donated or in whose name at least a \$25 donation at the time of application and \$10 annual 1908 donation thereafter has been made. 1909 (B) For a Utah Housing Opportunity special group license plate, "contributor" means a 1910 person who: 1911 (I) has donated or in whose name at least \$30 has been donated at the time of 1912 application and annually after the time of application; and 1913 (II) is a member of a trade organization for real estate licensees that has more than

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- (C) For an Honoring Heroes special group license plate, "contributor" means a person who has donated or in whose name at least \$35 has been donated at the time of application and annually thereafter.
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15,000 Utah members.

(D) For a firefighter support special group license plate, "contributor" means a person

1919	who:

- (I) has donated or in whose name at least \$15 has been donated at the time of application and annually after the time of application; and
 - (II) is a currently employed, volunteer, or retired firefighter.
- (E) For a cancer research special group license plate, "contributor" means a person who has donated or in whose name at least \$35 has been donated at the time of application and annually after the time of application.
- (b) "Institution" means a state institution of higher education as defined under Section 53B-3-102 or a private institution of higher education in the state accredited by a regional or national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education.
- (2) (a) An applicant for original or renewal collegiate special group license plates under Subsection (1)(a)(i) must be a contributor to the institution named in the application and present the original contribution verification form under Subsection (2)(b) or make a contribution to the division at the time of application under Subsection (3).
- (b) An institution with a support special group license plate shall issue to a contributor a verification form designed by the commission containing:
 - (i) the name of the contributor;
 - (ii) the institution to which a donation was made;
 - (iii) the date of the donation; and
 - (iv) an attestation that the donation was for a scholastic scholarship.
- (c) The state auditor may audit each institution to verify that the [moneys] money collected by the institutions from contributors [are] is used for scholastic scholarships.
- (d) After an applicant has been issued collegiate license plates or renewal decals, the commission shall charge the institution whose plate was issued, a fee determined in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for management and administrative expenses incurred in issuing and renewing the collegiate license plates.
- (e) If the contribution is made at the time of application, the contribution shall be collected, treated, and deposited as provided under Subsection (3).
- (3) (a) An applicant for original or renewal support special group license plates under this section must be a contributor to the sponsoring organization associated with the license plate.

1950	(b) This contribution shall be:
1951	(i) unless collected by the named institution under Subsection (2), collected by the
1952	division;
1953	(ii) considered a voluntary contribution for the funding of the activities specified under
1954	this section and not a motor vehicle registration fee;
1955	(iii) deposited into the appropriate account less actual administrative costs associated
1956	with issuing the license plates; and
1957	(iv) for a firefighter special group license plate, deposited into the appropriate account
1958	less:
1959	(A) the costs of reordering firefighter special group license plate decals; and
1960	(B) the costs of replacing recognition special group license plates with new license
1961	plates under Subsection 41-1a-1211(13).
1962	(c) The donation described in Subsection (1)(a) must be made in the 12 months prior to
1963	registration or renewal of registration.
1964	(d) The donation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be a one-time donation made to
1965	the division when issuing original:
1966	(i) snowmobile license plates; or
1967	(ii) conservation license plates.
1968	(4) Veterans' license plates shall display one of the symbols representing the Army,
1969	Navy, Air Force, Marines, Coast Guard, or American Legion.
1970	Section 37. Section 41-12a-803 is amended to read:
1971	41-12a-803. Program creation Administration Selection of designated agent
1972	Duties Rulemaking Audits.
1973	(1) There is created the Uninsured Motorist Identification Database Program to:
1974	(a) establish an Uninsured Motorist Identification Database to verify compliance with
1975	motor vehicle owner's or operator's security requirements under Section 41-12a-301 and other
1976	provisions under this part;
1977	(b) assist in reducing the number of uninsured motor vehicles on the highways of the
1978	state;
1979	(c) assist in increasing compliance with motor vehicle registration and sales and use tax
1980	laws;

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- 1981 (d) assist in protecting a financial institution's bona fide security interest in a motor 1982 vehicle; and 1983 (e) assist in the identification and prevention of identity theft and other crimes. 1984 (2) The program shall be administered by the department with the assistance of the 1985 designated agent and the Motor Vehicle Division. 1986 (3) (a) The department shall contract in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah 1987 Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain an Uninsured Motorist 1988 Identification Database for the purposes established under this part. 1989 (b) The contract may not obligate the department to pay the third party more [monies] 1990 money than [are] is available in the account. 1991 (4) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the department's designated 1992 agent, and shall develop and maintain a computer database from the information provided by: 1993 (i) insurers under Section 31A-22-315: 1994 (ii) the division under Subsection (6); and (iii) the Motor Vehicle Division under Section 41-1a-120. 1995 1996 (b) (i) The database shall be developed and maintained in accordance with guidelines 1997 established by the department so that state and local law enforcement agencies and financial 1998 institutions as defined in Section 7-1-103 can efficiently access the records of the database, 1999 including reports useful for the implementation of the provisions of this part. 2000 (ii) (A) The reports shall be in a form and contain information approved by the department. 2001 2002 (B) The reports may be made available through the Internet or through other electronic 2003 medium, if the department determines that sufficient security is provided to ensure compliance 2004 with Section 41-12a-805 regarding limitations on disclosure of information in the database. 2005 (5) With information provided by the department and the Motor Vehicle Division, the 2006 designated agent shall, at least monthly for submissions under Subsection 31A-22-315(2)(b) or 2007 at least twice a month for submissions under Subsection 31A-22-315(2)(a):
 - (a) update the database with the motor vehicle insurance information provided by the insurers in accordance with Section 31A-22-315; and
 - (b) compare all current motor vehicle registrations against the database.
 - (6) The division shall provide the designated agent with the name, date of birth,

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

2012	address, and driver license number of all persons on the driver license database.
2013	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2014	department shall make rules and develop procedures in cooperation with the Motor Vehicle
2015	Division to use the database for the purpose of administering and enforcing this part.
2016	(8) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semi-annually for
2017	auditing purposes.
2018	(b) The internal audit unit of the tax commission provided under Section 59-1-206
2019	shall audit the program at least every three years.
2020	(c) The audit under Subsection (8)(b) shall include verification of:
2021	(i) billings made by the designated agent; and
2022	(ii) the accuracy of the designated agent's matching of vehicle registration with
2023	insurance data.
2024	Section 38. Section 51-7-3 is amended to read:
2025	51-7-3. Definitions.
2026	As used in this chapter:
2027	(1) "Agent" means "agent" as defined in Section 61-1-13.
2028	(2) "Certified dealer" means:
2029	(a) a primary reporting dealer recognized by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York
2030	who is certified by the director as having met the applicable criteria of council rule; or
2031	(b) a broker dealer who:
2032	(i) has and maintains an office and a resident registered principal in the state;
2033	(ii) meets the capital requirements established by council rules;
2034	(iii) meets the requirements for good standing established by council rule; and
2035	(iv) is certified by the director as meeting quality criteria established by council rule.
2036	(3) "Certified investment adviser" means a federal covered adviser, as defined in
2037	Section 61-1-13, or an investment adviser, as defined in Section 61-1-13, who is certified by
2038	the director as having met the applicable criteria of council rule.
2039	(4) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of financial institutions.
2040	(5) "Council" means the State Money Management Council created by Section
2041	51-7-16.
2042	(6) "Director" means the director of the Utah State Division of Securities of the

2043 Department of Commerce.

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- 2044 (7) (a) "Endowment funds" means gifts, devises, or bequests of property of any kind donated to a higher education institution from any source.
 - (b) "Endowment funds" does not mean [monies] money used for the general operation of a higher education institution that [are] is received by the higher education institution from:
 - (i) state appropriations;
- 2049 (ii) federal contracts;
- 2050 (iii) federal grants;
- 2051 (iv) private research grants; and
- (v) tuition and fees collected from students.
 - (8) "First tier commercial paper" means commercial paper rated by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations in the highest short-term rating category.
 - (9) "Funds functioning as endowments" means funds, regardless of source, whose corpus is intended to be held in perpetuity by formal institutional designation according to the institution's policy for designating those funds.
 - (10) "GASB" or "Governmental Accounting Standards Board" means the Governmental Accounting Standards Board that is responsible for accounting standards used by public entities.
 - (11) "Hard put" means an unconditional sell-back provision or a redemption provision applicable at issue to a note or bond, allowing holders to sell their holdings back to the issuer or to an equal or higher-rated third party provider at specific intervals and specific prices determined at the time of issuance.
- 2065 (12) "Higher education institution" means the institutions specified in Section 2066 53B-1-102.
 - (13) "Investment adviser representative" means "investment adviser representative" as defined in Section 61-1-13.
 - (14) (a) "Investment agreement" means any written agreement that has specifically negotiated withdrawal or reinvestment provisions and a specifically negotiated interest rate.
 - (b) "Investment agreement" includes any agreement to supply investments on one or more future dates.
- 2073 (15) "Local government" means a county, municipality, school district, local district

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2074	under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, special service
2075	district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other political
2076	subdivision of the state.
2077	(16) "Market value" means market value as defined in the Master Repurchase
2078	Agreement.
2079	(17) "Master Repurchase Agreement" means the current standard Master Repurchase
2080	Agreement approved by the Public Securities Association or by any successor organization.
2081	(18) "Maximum amount" means, with respect to qualified depositories, the total
2082	amount of:
2083	(a) deposits in excess of the federal deposit insurance limit; and
2084	(b) nonqualifying repurchase agreements.
2085	(19) "Money market mutual fund" means an open-end managed investment fund:
2086	(a) that complies with the diversification, quality, and maturity requirements of Rule
2087	2a-7 or any successor rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to money
2088	market mutual funds; and
2089	(b) that assesses no sales load on the purchase of shares and no contingent deferred
2090	sales charge or other similar charges, however designated.
2091	(20) "Nationally recognized statistical rating organization" means an organization that
2092	has been designated as a nationally recognized statistical rating organization by the Securities
2093	and Exchange Commission's Division of Market Regulation.
2094	(21) "Nonqualifying repurchase agreement" means a repurchase agreement evidencing
2095	indebtedness of a qualified depository arising from the transfer of obligations of the United
2096	States Treasury or other authorized investments to public treasurers that is:
2097	(a) evidenced by a safekeeping receipt issued by the qualified depository;
2098	(b) included in the depository's maximum amount of public funds; and
2099	(c) valued and maintained at market value plus an appropriate margin collateral
2100	requirement based upon the term of the agreement and the type of securities acquired.
2101	(22) "Operating funds" means current balances and other funds that are to be disbursed
2102	for operation of the state government or any of its boards, commissions, institutions,

departments, divisions, agencies, or other similar instrumentalities, or any county, city, school

district, political subdivision, or other public body.

- (23) "Permanent funds" means funds whose principal may not be expended, the earnings from which are to be used for purposes designated by law.
- (24) "Permitted depository" means any out-of-state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the council.
- (25) "Public funds" means [monies] money, funds, and accounts, regardless of the source from which the [monies] money, funds, and accounts are derived, that are owned, held, or administered by the state or any of its boards, commissions, institutions, departments, divisions, agencies, bureaus, laboratories, or other similar instrumentalities, or any county, city, school district, political subdivision, or other public body.
 - (26) (a) "Public [monies] money" means "public funds."
- (b) "Public [monies] money," as used in Article VII, Sec. 15, Utah Constitution, means the same as "state funds."
- (27) "Public treasurer" includes the state treasurer and the official of any state board, commission, institution, department, division, agency, or other similar instrumentality, or of any county, city, school district, political subdivision, or other public body who has the responsibility for the safekeeping and investment of any public funds.
- (28) "Qualified depository" means a Utah depository institution or an out-of-state depository institution, as those terms are defined in Section 7-1-103 that is authorized to conduct business in this state under Section 7-1-702 or Title 7, Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, whose deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government and that has been certified by the commissioner of financial institutions as having met the requirements established under this chapter and the rules of the council to be eligible to receive deposits of public funds.
- (29) "Qualifying repurchase agreement" means a repurchase agreement evidencing indebtedness of a financial institution or government securities dealer acting as principal arising from the transfer of obligations of the United States Treasury or other authorized investments to public treasurers only if purchased securities are:
- (a) delivered to the public treasurer's safekeeping agent or custodian as contemplated by Section 7 of the Master Repurchase Agreement; and
- (b) valued and maintained at market value plus an appropriate margin collateral requirement based upon the term of the agreement and the type of securities acquired.

H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM

(30) "Securities division" means Utah's Division of Securities created within the

2137	Department of Commerce by Section 13-1-2.
2138	(31) "State funds" means:
2139	(a) public [monies] money raised by operation of law for the support and operation of
2140	the state government; and
2141	(b) all other [monies] money, funds, and accounts, regardless of the source from which
2142	the [monies] money, funds, or accounts are derived, that are owned, held, or administered by
2143	the state or any of its boards, commissions, institutions, departments, divisions, agencies,
2144	bureaus, laboratories, or other similar instrumentalities.
2145	Section 39. Section 51-7a-101 is amended to read:
2146	CHAPTER 7a. INVESTMENT OF LAND GRANT TRUST FUND MONEY
2147	51-7a-101. Title.
2148	This chapter is known as the "Investment of Land Grant Trust Fund [Monies] Money."
2149	Section 40. Section 51-8-102 is amended to read:
2150	51-8-102. Definitions.
2151	As used in this chapter:
2152	(1) "Charitable purpose" means the relief of poverty, the advancement of education or
2153	religion, the promotion of health, the promotion of governmental purposes, and any other
2154	purpose the achievement of which is beneficial to the community.
2155	(2) (a) "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund, or any part of an institutional
2156	fund, not wholly expendable by the institution on a current basis under the terms of a gift
2157	instrument.
2158	(b) "Endowment fund" does not include assets of an institution designated by the
2159	institution as an endowment fund for its own use.
2160	(3) "Gift instrument" means a record or records, including an institutional solicitation,
2161	under which property is granted to, transferred to, or held by an institution as an institutional
2162	fund.
2163	(4) (a) "Governing board" means the body responsible for the management of an
2164	institution or of an institutional fund.
2165	(b) "Governing board" means, for a higher education institution, the board of trustees
2166	of the higher education institution.

2167	(5) "Higher education institution" means the institutions specified in Section
2168	53B-1-102.
2169	(6) "Institution" means:
2170	(a) a person, other than an individual, organized and operated exclusively for charitable
2171	purposes;
2172	(b) a government or a governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality to the
2173	extent that it holds funds exclusively for a charitable purpose; and
2174	(c) a trust that had both charitable and noncharitable interests, after all noncharitable
2175	interests have terminated.
2176	(7) (a) "Institutional fund" means a fund held by an institution exclusively for
2177	charitable purposes.
2178	(b) "Institutional fund" does not include:
2179	(i) program-related assets;
2180	(ii) a fund held for an institution by a trustee that is not an institution;
2181	(iii) a fund in which a beneficiary that is not an institution has an interest, other than an
2182	interest that could arise upon violation or failure of the purposes of the fund; or
2183	(iv) operating funds.
2184	(8) "Manager" means either:
2185	(a) the state treasurer; or
2186	(b) a higher education institution that accepts the responsibility for the management of
2187	institutional funds of a different higher education institution.
2188	(9) "Operating funds" means [monies] money used for the general operation of a higher
2189	education institution that [are] is received by the higher education institution from:
2190	(a) state appropriations;
2191	(b) government contracts;
2192	(c) government grants; or
2193	(d) tuition and fees collected from students.
2194	(10) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust,
2195	partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation,
2196	government or governmental subdivision, agency, instrumentality, or any other legal or
2197	commercial entity.

2198	(11) "Program-related asset" means an asset held by an institution primarily to
2199	accomplish a charitable purpose of the institution and not primarily for appreciation or the
2200	production of income.
2201	(12) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is
2202	stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
2203	Section 41. Section 51-9-402 is amended to read:
2204	51-9-402. Division of collected money retained by state treasurer and local
2205	governmental collecting entity Purpose of surcharge Allocation of collections
2206	Financial information.
2207	(1) The amount of the surcharge imposed under this part by courts of record shall be
2208	collected before any fine and deposited with the state treasurer.
2209	(2) The amount of the surcharge and the amount of criminal fines, penalties, and
2210	forfeitures imposed under this part by courts not of record shall be collected concurrently.
2211	(a) As [monies are] money is collected on criminal fines, penalties, and forfeitures
2212	subject to the 90% surcharge, the [monies] money shall be divided pro rata so that the local
2213	governmental collecting entity retains 53% of the collected [monies] money and the state
2214	retains 47% of the collected [monies] money.
2215	(b) As [monies are] money is collected on criminal fines, penalties, and forfeitures
2216	subject to the 35% surcharge, the [monies] money shall be divided pro rata so that the local
2217	governmental collecting entity retains 74% of the collected [monies] money and the state
2218	retains 26% of the collected [monies] money.
2219	(c) The court shall deposit with the state treasurer the surcharge portion of all [monies]
2220	money as [they are] it is collected.
2221	(3) Courts of record, courts not of record, and administrative traffic proceedings shall
2222	collect financial information to determine:
2223	(a) the total number of cases in which:
2224	(i) a final judgment has been rendered;
2225	(ii) surcharges and fines are paid by partial or installment payment; and
2226	(iii) the judgment is fulfilled by an alternative method upon the court's order; and
2227	(b) the total dollar amounts of surcharges owed to the state and fines owed to the state
2228	and county or municipality, including:

2229	(i) waived surcharges;
2230	(ii) uncollected surcharges; and
2231	(iii) collected surcharges.
2232	(4) The courts of record, courts not of record, and administrative traffic proceedings
2233	shall report all collected financial information monthly to the Administrative Office of the
2234	Courts. The collected information shall be categorized by cases subject to the 90% and 35%
2235	surcharge.
2236	(5) The purpose of the surcharge is to finance the trust funds and support accounts as
2237	provided in this part.
2238	(6) (a) From the surcharge, the Division of Finance shall allocate in the manner and for
2239	the purposes described in Sections 51-9-403 through 51-9-411.
2240	(b) Allocations shall be made on a fiscal year basis.
2241	(7) The provisions of this section and Section 51-9-401 may not impact the distribution
2242	and allocation of fines and forfeitures imposed in accordance with Sections 23-14-13,
2243	78A-5-110, and 78A-7-120.
2244	Section 42. Section 51-9-404 is amended to read:
2245	51-9-404. Distribution of surcharge amounts.
2246	(1) In this section:
2247	(a) "Reparation fund" means the Crime Victim Reparations Fund.
2248	(b) "Safety account" means the Public Safety Support Account.
2249	(2) (a) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Crime Victim
2250	Reparations Fund" to be administered and distributed as provided in this part by the Office of
2251	Crime Victim Reparations under Title 63M, Chapter 7, Part 5, Crime Victim Reparations Act,
2252	in cooperation with the Division of Finance.
2253	(b) [Monies] Money deposited in this fund [are] is for victim reparations, criminal
2254	justice and substance abuse, other victim services, and, as appropriated, for administrative costs
2255	of the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice under Title 63M, Chapter 7.
2256	(3) (a) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "Public
2257	Safety Support Account" to be administered and distributed by the Department of Public Safety
2258	in cooperation with the Division of Finance as provided in this part.

(b) [Monies] Money deposited in this account shall be appropriated to:

2260	(i) the Division of Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) as described in Title
2261	53, Chapter 6, Peace Officer Standards and Training Act; and
2262	(ii) the Office of the Attorney General for the support of the Utah Prosecution Council
2263	established in Title 67, Chapter 5a, and the fulfillment of the council's duties.
2264	(4) The Division of Finance shall allocate from the collected surcharge established in
2265	Section 51-9-401:
2266	(a) 35% to the Crime Victim Reparations Fund;
2267	(b) 18.5% to the safety account for POST, but not to exceed the amount appropriated
2268	by the Legislature; and
2269	(c) 3% to the safety account for support of the Utah Prosecution Council, but not to
2270	exceed the amount appropriated by the Legislature.
2271	(5) (a) In addition to the funding provided by other sections of this part, a percentage of
2272	the income earned by inmates working for correctional industries in a federally certified private
2273	sector/prison industries enhancement program shall be deposited in the Crime Victim
2274	Reparations Fund.
2275	(b) The percentage of income deducted from inmate pay under Subsection (5)(a) shall
2276	be determined by the executive director of the Department of Corrections in accordance with
2277	the requirements of the private sector/prison industries enhancement program.
2278	(6) (a) In addition to other [monies] money collected from the surcharge, judges are
2279	encouraged to, and may in their discretion, impose additional reparations to be paid into the
2280	Crime Victim Reparations Fund by convicted criminals.
2281	(b) The additional discretionary reparations may not exceed the statutory maximum
2282	fine permitted by Title 76, Utah Criminal Code, for that offense.
2283	Section 43. Section 51-9-411 is amended to read:
2284	51-9-411. Law Enforcement Operations Account Share of surcharge Uses.
2285	(1) As used in this section:
2286	(a) "Account" means the Law Enforcement Operations Account.
2287	(b) "Commission" means the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice created in
2288	Section 63M-7-201.
2289	(c) "Law enforcement agency" means a state or local law enforcement agency.

(d) "Other appropriate agency" means a state or local government agency, or a nonprofit

organization, that works to prevent illegal drug activity and enforce laws regarding illegal drug activity and related criminal activity by:

- (i) programs, including education, prevention, treatment, and research programs; and
- (ii) enforcement of laws regarding illegal drugs.
- (2) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the Law Enforcement Operations Account.
- (3) (a) The Division of Finance shall allocate the balance of the collected surcharge under Section 51-9-401 that is not allocated under Title 51, Chapter 9, Part 4, Criminal Conviction Surcharge Allocation, to the account, to be appropriated by the Legislature.
- (b) Money in the account shall be appropriated to the commission for implementing law enforcement operations and programs related to reducing illegal drug activity and related criminal activity as listed in Subsection (5).
- (c) The state treasurer shall invest [monies] money in the account according to Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
- (d) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from investment of account [monies] money into the General Fund.
- (4) (a) The commission shall allocate grants of funds from the account for the purposes under Subsection (5) to state, local, or multijurisdictional law enforcement agencies and other appropriate agencies.
- (b) The grants shall be made by an application process established by the commission in accordance with Subsection (6).
- (5) (a) The first priority of the commission is to annually allocate not more than \$2,500,000, depending upon funding available from other sources, to directly fund the operational costs of state and local law enforcement agencies' drug or crime task forces, including multijurisdictional task forces.
- (b) The second priority of the commission is to allocate grants for specified law enforcement agency functions and other agency functions as the commission finds appropriate to more effectively reduce illegal drug activity and related criminal activity, including providing education, prevention, treatment, and research programs.
- 2320 (6) (a) In allocating grants and determining the amount of the grants, the commission shall consider:

2322	(1) the demonstrated ability of the agency to appropriately use the grant to implement
2323	the proposed functions and how this function or task force will add to the law enforcement
2324	agency's current efforts to reduce illegal drug activity and related criminal activity; and
2325	(ii) the agency's cooperation with other state and local agencies and task forces.
2326	(b) Agencies qualify for a grant only if they demonstrate compliance with all reporting
2327	and policy requirements applicable under this section and under Title 63M, Chapter 7,
2328	Criminal Justice and Substance Abuse, in order to qualify as a potential grant recipient.
2329	(7) Recipient agencies may only use grant [monies] money after approval or
2330	appropriation by the agency's governing body, and a determination that the grant [monies are]
2331	money is nonlapsing.
2332	(8) A recipient law enforcement agency may use funds granted under this section only
2333	for the purposes stated by the commission in the grant.
2334	(9) For each fiscal year, any law enforcement agency that receives a grant from the
2335	commission under this section shall prepare, and file with the commission and the state auditor
2336	a report in a form specified by the commission. The report shall include the following
2337	regarding each grant:
2338	(a) the agency's name;
2339	(b) the amount of the grant;
2340	(c) the date of the grant;
2341	(d) how the grant has been used; and
2342	(e) a statement signed by both the agency's or political subdivision's executive officer
2343	or designee and by the agency's legal counsel, that all grant funds were used for law
2344	enforcement operations and programs approved by the commission and that relate to reducing
2345	illegal drug activity and related criminal activity, as specified in the grant.
2346	(10) The commission shall report in writing to the legislative Law Enforcement and
2347	Criminal Justice Interim Committee annually regarding the grants allocated under this section,
2348	including the amounts and uses of the grants.
2349	Section 44. Section 51-9-504 is amended to read:
2350	51-9-504. Utah Navajo royalties and related issues.
2351	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Title 63, Chapter 88, Navajo Trust Fund, repealed July 1,
2352	2008, and except as provided in Subsection (7), the following are subject to this Subsection (1)

2353	(i) the repealed board of trustees;
2354	(ii) the repealed trust administrator;
2355	(iii) an employee or agent of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund; or
2356	(iv) the repealed Dineh Committee.
2357	(b) The repealed board of trustees may not:
2358	(i) beginning on March 17, 2008, take an action that imposes or may impose a liability
2359	or obligation described in Subsection (1)(d) that is:
2360	(A) anticipated to be completed on or after January 1, 2010; or
2361	(B) equal to or greater than \$100,000; or
2362	(ii) on or after May 5, 2008, take an action that imposes or may impose a liability or
2363	obligation described in Subsection (1)(d).
2364	(c) On or after March 17, 2008 a person described in Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv)
2365	may not take an action that imposes or may impose a liability or obligation described in
2366	Subsection (1)(d).
2367	(d) Subsection (1)(b) applies to a liability or obligation on:
2368	(i) the repealed Navajo Trust Fund;
2369	(ii) the Navajo Revitalization Fund created under Title 9, Chapter 11, Navajo
2370	Revitalization Fund Act;
2371	(iii) the state; or
2372	(iv) any of the following related to an entity described in this Subsection (1)(d):
2373	(A) a department;
2374	(B) a division;
2375	(C) an office;
2376	(D) a committee;
2377	(E) a board;
2378	(F) an officer;
2379	(G) an employee; or
2380	(H) a similar agency or individual.
2381	(2) The Division of Finance shall:
2382	(a) establish a fund by no later than July 1, 2008:
2383	(i) to hold:

H.B. 186

01-12-11 11:52 AM

2384	(A) the [monies] money in the repealed Navajo Trust Fund as of June 30, 2008;
2385	(B) Utah Navajo royalties received by the state on or after July 1, 2008;
2386	(C) revenues from investments made by the state treasurer of the [monies] money in
2387	the fund established under this Subsection (2)(a);
2388	(D) [monies] money owed to the repealed Navajo Trust Fund, including [monies]
2389	money received by the repealed trust administrator or repealed Dineh Committee from an
2390	agreement executed by:
2391	(I) the repealed board of trustees;
2392	(II) the repealed trust administrator; or
2393	(III) the repealed Dineh Committee; and
2394	(E) [monies] money related to litigation, including settlement of litigation related to
2395	Utah Navajo royalties; and
2396	(ii) from which [monies] money may not be transferred or expended, except:
2397	(A) as provided in Subsection (7); or
2398	(B) as authorized by congressional action to designate a new recipient of the Utah
2399	Navajo royalties; and
2400	(b) by no later than July 1, 2008, transfer to the fund created under Subsection (2)(a) in
2401	a manner consistent with this section the related assets and liabilities of the repealed Navajo
2402	Trust Fund, including the transfer of [monies] money in the repealed Navajo Trust Fund.
2403	(3) The state treasurer shall invest [monies] money in the fund created in Subsection
2404	(2)(a) in accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
2405	(4) (a) By no later than May 5, 2008, the repealed board of trustees shall:
2406	(i) adopt a list of all related assets and liabilities of the repealed trust fund that are not
2407	satisfied by May 5, 2008, which may include assets and liabilities that are contingent in nature
2408	or amount;
2409	(ii) adopt a list of all individuals who at the time of adoption meet the requirements of
2410	Subsection (7)(b); and
2411	(iii) provide a copy of the lists described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) and (ii) to:
2412	(A) the state auditor; and
2413	(B) the Department of Administrative Services.
2414	(b) The state auditor, in addition to completing its Fiscal Year 2007-2008 audit of the

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necessary to secure the purchase:

2415	repealed Navajo Trust Fund, shall:
2416	(i) verify the list of the related assets and liabilities of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund
2417	adopted by the repealed board of trustees under Subsection (4)(a) by no later than June 30,
2418	2008; and
2419	(ii) provide a written copy of the verification to the governor and the Legislature by no
2420	later than July 30, 2008.
2421	(5) The governor shall ensure that the reporting requirements under P.L. 90-306, 82
2422	Stat. 121, are met.
2423	(6) The Department of Administrative Services, in cooperation with the Department of
2424	Human Resources, may assist employees of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund as of June 30,
2425	2008, in accordance with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
2426	(7) With the fund created under Subsection (2) and the fixed assets of the repealed
2427	Navajo Trust Fund, the Department of Administrative Services shall:
2428	(a) subject to Subsection (8), fulfill the liabilities and obligations of the repealed
2429	Navajo Trust Fund as of June 30, 2008;
2430	(b) provide [monies] money to an individual enrolled member of the Navajo Nation
2431	who:
2432	(i) resides in San Juan County;
2433	(ii) as of June 30, 2012, has received [monies] money under this Subsection (7)(b) for
2434	postsecondary education;
2435	(iii) beginning the later of June 30 or the day on which the individual first receives
2436	[monies] money under this Subsection (7)(b), is enrolled in postsecondary education for the
2437	equivalent of at least two semesters each year; and
2438	(iv) meets the eligibility requirements adopted by the repealed board of trustees as of
2439	March 17, 2008;
2440	(c) through the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, reasonably
2441	maintain the fixed assets of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund, to the extent that a lessee of a
2442	fixed asset is not required by a lease to maintain a fixed asset;

(d) through the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, take those steps

(i) of the following that is owned by the repealed Navajo Trust Fund as of May 5,

2446	2008:
2447	(A) the government service building; or
2448	(B) another fixed asset of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund, if the sale of the fixed asset
2449	is consistent with the obligations of the state with regard to the Utah Navajo royalties; and
2450	(ii) (A) in an arms length manner; and
2451	(B) so that fair market compensation is paid to the repealed Navajo Trust Fund; and
2452	(e) charge the fund established under Subsection (2)(a) for the expenses that are
2453	necessary and reasonable to comply with the requirements of this Subsection (7).
2454	(8) To fulfill the liabilities and obligations of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund as of
2455	June 30, 2008, the Division of Finance may expend [monies] money from the fund:
2456	(a) for a liability or obligation incurred before March 17, 2008, to the extent that the
2457	expenditure was expressly a liability or obligation of the repealed Navajo Trust Fund as of
2458	March 17, 2008; and
2459	(b) on and after March 11, 2010, for a project approved under Subsection (1)(b)(i) by
2460	the repealed board of trustees, except that the Division of Finance may not expend [monies]
2461	money from the fund for a project approved under Subsection (1)(b)(i):
2462	(i) in excess of \$100,000 in the aggregate for the project; or
2463	(ii) to fulfill a liability or obligation related to the project if the expenditure would be
2464	on or after the earlier of:
2465	(A) the day on which [monies] money from the fund [are] is transferred as authorized
2466	by congressional action to designate a new recipient of the Utah Navajo royalties; or
2467	(B) January 1, 2012.
2468	(9) Unless expressly prohibited by this part, the state may take any action with regard
2469	to the assets held by the state under this part that is consistent with the obligations of the state
2470	related to the Utah Navajo royalties.
2471	Section 45. Section 51-9-602 is amended to read:
2472	51-9-602. Creation of fund County Road and School Fund from Forest
2473	Reserves.
2474	There is established a fund known as the "County Road and School Fund from Forest
2475	Reserves," comprised of:
2476	(1) [monies] money which shall come into the hands of the state treasurer from the

2477	United States under the Act of May 23, 1908, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 500 et seq., and all acts
2478	amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto; and
2479	(2) [monies] money paid under the act described in Subsection (1) that:
2480	(a) [have] has come into the hands of the state treasurer; and
2481	(b) (i) the state treasurer had not apportioned to counties as of February 24, 2009; or
2482	(ii) were apportioned to a county by the state treasurer, but were returned by the county
2483	to the state treasurer on or before June 15, 2009.
2484	Section 46. Section 52-5-102 is amended to read:
2485	52-5-102. Definitions.
2486	As used in this chapter:
2487	(1) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following:
2488	(i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of
2489	value to a fund;
2490	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift,
2491	subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
2492	anything of value to a fund; or
2493	(iii) any transfer of funds from another elected official or surrogate to the filing elected
2494	official's or surrogate's fund.
2495	(b) "Contribution" does not include money lent to the elected official or surrogate by a
2496	financial institution in the ordinary course of business.
2497	(2) "Disbursement" means [monies] money, transfers, or other withdrawals from a fund
2498	for any purpose.
2499	(3) "Elected official" means each person elected to a state office, county office,
2500	municipal office, school board or school district office, local district office, or special service
2501	district office, but does not include judges standing for retention election.
2502	(4) (a) "Fund" means any sum of money or other resources, however titled or
2503	described, that is segregated, designated, or set aside for the use or benefit of an elected
2504	official.
2505	(b) "Fund" does not mean:
2506	(i) an elected official's or surrogate's private money or public money; or
2507	(ii) campaign funds or accounts established by candidates under the authority of Title

2308	20A, Chapter 11, Part 2, State Office Candidates - Campaign Organization and Financial
2509	Reporting Requirements, Title 20A, Chapter 11, Part 3, Candidates for Legislative Office -
2510	Campaign Organization and Financial Reporting Requirements, and Title 20A, Chapter 11,
2511	Part 4, Officeholder Financial Reporting [Requirement] Requirements.
2512	(5) "Private money" means personal [monies] money used to pay normal expenses for
2513	which an elected official or surrogate is personally liable for state and federal taxes.
2514	(6) "Public money" means [monies] money controlled by an elected official or
2515	surrogate in their public capacity that [are] is accounted for by a governmental entity.
2516	(7) "Surrogate" means any committee, party, organization, or other person or group
2517	who holds or maintains a fund for the benefit of an elected official.
2518	Section 47. Section 53-1-117 is amended to read:
2519	53-1-117. Alcohol or drug enforcement funding Rulemaking Legislative
2520	findings.
2521	(1) From [monies] money appropriated by the Legislature and any other funds made
2522	available for the purposes described under this section, the department shall assist the law
2523	enforcement agencies of the state and its political subdivisions in the enforcement of alcohol or
2524	drug-related offenses.
2525	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2526	commissioner shall make rules establishing criteria and procedures for granting [monies]
2527	money under this section to law enforcement agencies for:
2528	(a) providing equipment, including drug and alcohol testing equipment;
2529	(b) funding the training and overtime of peace officers; and
2530	(c) managing driving under the influence related abandoned vehicles.
2531	(3) The Legislature finds that [these monies are] the money is for a general and
2532	statewide public purpose.
2533	Section 48. Section 53-2-109 is amended to read:
2534	53-2-109. General duties of the Search and Rescue Advisory Board.
2535	The duties of the Search and Rescue Advisory Board shall include:
2536	(1) conducting a board meeting at least once per quarter;
2537	(2) receiving applications for reimbursement of eligible expenses from county search
2538	and rescue operations by the end of the first quarter of each calendar year;

2539	(3) determining the reimbursement to be provided from the Search and Rescue
2540	Financial Assistance Program to each applicant;
2541	(4) standardizing the format and maintaining key search and rescue statistical data from
2542	each county within the state; and
2543	(5) disbursing funds accrued in the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program,
2544	created under Section 53-2-107, to eligible applicants until the program [monies are] money is
2545	depleted in that fiscal year.
2546	Section 49. Section 53-2-403 is amended to read:
2547	53-2-403. State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account.
2548	(1) (a) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "State
2549	Disaster Recovery Restricted Account."
2550	(b) The disaster recovery fund shall consist of:
2551	(i) [monies] money deposited into the disaster recovery fund in accordance with
2552	Section 63J-1-314;
2553	(ii) [monies] money appropriated to the disaster recovery fund by the Legislature; and
2554	(iii) any other public or private [monies] money received by the division that [are] is:
2555	(A) given to the division for purposes consistent with this section; and
2556	(B) deposited into the disaster recovery fund at the request of:
2557	(I) the division; or
2558	(II) the person giving the [monies] money.
2559	(c) The Division of Finance shall deposit interest or other earnings derived from
2560	investment of fund [monies] money into the General Fund.
2561	(d) Subject to being appropriated by the Legislature, [monies] money in the disaster
2562	recovery fund may only be expended or committed to be expended as follows:
2563	(i) (A) subject to Section 53-2-406, in any fiscal year the division may expend or
2564	commit to expend an amount that does not exceed \$250,000, in accordance with Section
2565	53-2-404, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a declared
2566	disaster;
2567	(B) subject to Section 53-2-406, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit
2568	to expend an amount that exceeds \$250,000, but does not exceed \$1,000,000, in accordance
2569	with Section 53-2-404, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a

2570 declared disaster if the division:

- (I) before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, obtains approval for the expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor;
- (II) subject to Subsection (4), provides written notice of the expenditure or commitment to expend to the speaker of the House of Representatives, the president of the Senate, the Division of Finance, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst no later than 72 hours after making the expenditure or commitment to expend; and
 - (III) makes the report required by Subsection 53-2-406(2); and
- (C) subject to Section 53-2-406, in any fiscal year the division may expend or commit to expend an amount that exceeds \$1,000,000, but does not exceed \$3,000,000, in accordance with Section 53-2-404, to fund costs to the state of emergency disaster services in response to a declared disaster if, before making the expenditure or commitment to expend, the division:
- (I) obtains approval for the expenditure or commitment to expend from the governor; and
- (II) submits the expenditure or commitment to expend to the Executive Appropriations Committee in accordance with Subsection 53-2-406(3); and
- (ii) subject to being appropriated by the Legislature, [monies] money not described in Subsection (1)(d)(i) may be expended or committed to be expended to fund costs to the state directly related to a declared disaster that are not costs related to:
 - (A) emergency disaster services;
 - (B) emergency preparedness; or
- (C) notwithstanding whether or not a county participates in the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-204, any fire suppression or presuppression costs that may be paid for from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund if the county participates in the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund.
- (2) The state treasurer shall invest [monies] money in the disaster recovery fund according to Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1), the [monies] money in the disaster recovery fund may not be diverted, appropriated, expended, or committed to be expended for a purpose that is not listed in this section.
- 2600 (b) Notwithstanding Section 63J-1-410, the Legislature may not appropriate [monies]

2601	money from the disaster recovery fund to eliminate or otherwise reduce an operating deficit if
2602	the [monies] money appropriated from the disaster recovery fund [are] is expended or
2603	committed to be expended for a purpose other than one listed in this section.
2604	(c) The Legislature may not amend the purposes for which [monies] money in the
2605	disaster recovery fund may be expended or committed to be expended except by the affirmative
2606	vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house.
2607	(4) The division:
2608	(a) shall provide the notice required by Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) using the best available
2609	method under the circumstances as determined by the division; and
2610	(b) may provide the notice required by Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) in electronic format.
2611	Section 50. Section 53-2-404 is amended to read:
2612	53-2-404. State costs for emergency disaster services.
2613	(1) Subject to this section and Section 53-2-403, the division shall expend or commit to
2614	expend [monies] money described in Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i) to fund costs to the state of
2615	emergency disaster services.
2616	(2) [Monies] Money paid by the division under this section to government entities and
2617	private persons providing emergency disaster services are subject to Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah
2618	Procurement Code.
2619	Section 51. Section 53-2-405 is amended to read:
2620	53-2-405. Local government disaster funds.
2621	(1) (a) Subject to this section and notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in
2622	Title 10, Utah Municipal Code, or Title 17, Counties, Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
2623	Government Entities - Local Districts, or Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, the
2624	governing body of a local government may create and maintain by ordinance a special fund
2625	known as a local government disaster fund.

2626 (b) The local fund shall consist of:

- (i) subject to the limitations of this section, [monies] money transferred to it in accordance with Subsection (2);
- 2629 (ii) any other public or private [monies] money received by the local government that 2630 [are] is:
- 2631 (A) given to the local government for purposes consistent with this section; and

2632	(B) deposited into the local fund at the request of:
2633	(I) the governing body of the local government; or
2634	(II) the person giving the [monies] money; and
2635	(iii) interest or income realized from the local fund.
2636	(c) Interest or income realized from the local fund shall be deposited into the local
2637	fund.
2638	(d) [Monies] Money in a local fund may be:
2639	(i) deposited or invested as provided in Section 51-7-11; or
2640	(ii) transferred by the local government treasurer to the state treasurer under Section
2641	51-7-5 for the state treasurer's management and control under Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money
2642	Management Act.
2643	(e) (i) The [monies] money in a local fund may accumulate from year to year until the
2644	local government governing body determines to spend any money in the local fund for one or
2645	more of the purposes specified in Subsection (3).
2646	(ii) [Monies] Money in a local fund at the end of a fiscal year:
2647	(A) shall remain in the local fund for future use; and
2648	(B) may not be transferred to any other fund or used for any other purpose.
2649	(2) The amounts transferred to a local fund may not exceed 10% of the total estimated
2650	revenues of the local government for the current fiscal period that are not restricted or
2651	otherwise obligated.
2652	(3) [Monies] Money in the fund may only be used to fund the services and activities of
2653	the local government creating the local fund in response to:
2654	(a) a declared disaster within the boundaries of the local government;
2655	(b) the aftermath of the disaster that gave rise to a declared disaster within the
2656	boundaries of the local government; and
2657	(c) subject to Subsection (5), emergency preparedness.
2658	(4) (a) A local fund is subject to this part and:
2659	(i) in the case of a town, Title 10, Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah
2660	Towns, except that:
2661	(A) in addition to the funds listed in Section 10-5-106, the mayor shall prepare a
2662	budget for the local fund;

2663	(B) Section 10-5-119 addressing termination of special funds does not apply to a local			
2664	fund; and			
2665	(C) the council of the town may not authorize an interfund loan under Section			
2666	10-5-120 from the local fund;			
2667	(ii) in the case of a city, Title 10, Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah			
2668	Cities, except that:			
2669	(A) in addition to the funds listed in Section 10-6-109, the mayor shall prepare a			
2670	budget for the local fund;			
2671	(B) Section 10-6-131 addressing termination of special funds does not apply to a local			
2672	fund; and			
2673	(C) the governing body of the city may not authorize an interfund loan under Section			
2674	10-6-132 from the local fund; and			
2675	(iii) in the case of a county, Title 17, Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for			
2676	Counties, except that:			
2677	(A) Section 17-36-29 addressing termination of special funds does not apply to a local			
2678	fund; and			
2679	(B) the governing body of the county may not authorize an interfund loan under			
2680	Section 17-36-30 from the local fund; and			
2681	(iv) in the case of a local district or special service district, Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6,			
2682	Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts, except that:			
2683	(A) Section 17B-1-625, addressing termination of a special fund, does not apply to a			
2684	local fund; and			
2685	(B) the governing body of the local district or special service district may not authorize			
2686	an interfund loan under Section 17B-1-626 from the local fund.			
2687	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), transfers of [monies] money to a local fund or			
2688	the accumulation of [monies] money in a local fund do not affect any limits on fund balances,			
2689	net assets, or the accumulation of retained earnings in any of the following of a local			
2690	government:			
2691	(i) a general fund;			
2692	(ii) an enterprise fund;			
2693	(iii) an internal service fund; or			

2694	(iv) any other fund.			
2695	(5) (a) A local government may not expend during a fiscal year more than 10% of the			
2696	[monies] money budgeted to be deposited into a local fund during that fiscal year for			
2697	emergency preparedness.			
2698	(b) The amount described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be determined before the adoption			
2699	of the tentative budget.			
2700	Section 52. Section 53A-1-612 is amended to read:			
2701	53A-1-612. Basic Skills Education Stipend Program.			
2702	(1) As used in this section:			
2703	(a) "Basic skills education" means individual or group instruction, including			
2704	assessments, designed to develop the skills and knowledge necessary to pass the Utah Basic			
2705	Skills Competency Test.			
2706	(b) "Basic skills provider" means:			
2707	(i) a school district;			
2708	(ii) a charter school;			
2709	(iii) an accredited public or private educational institution; or			
2710	(iv) other entity that meets board requirements pursuant to Subsection (12).			
2711	(c) "Program" means the Basic Skills Education Stipend Program.			
2712	(d) "Stipend recipient" means a student who receives a stipend under this section.			
2713	(e) "Utah Basic Skills Competency Test" or "UBSCT" means the basic skills			
2714	competency test administered to students pursuant to Section 53A-1-611.			
2715	(2) The Basic Skills Education Stipend Program is created to provide students who			
2716	have not passed the UBSCT supplemental instruction in the skills and knowledge necessary to			
2717	pass the test.			
2718	(3) The State Board of Education shall administer the Basic Skills Education Stipend			
2719	Program.			
2720	(4) (a) A student may receive a stipend for basic skills education if:			
2721	(i) the student's score on one more subtests is below the midpoint of the partial mastery			
2722	range;			
2723	(ii) the student's parent or guardian is a Utah resident;			
2724	(iii) the student is enrolled full-time in a public school in the state; and			

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- 2725 (iv) the student does not qualify for the Utah Alternative Assessment.
 - (b) A student who meets the criteria of Subsection (4)(a) may receive a stipend for basic skills education in the subject of each subtest failed. Depending upon the number of subtests failed, a student may receive one, two, or three stipends. A student may receive a stipend only once for each subtest failed.
 - (5) Stipend amounts shall be based on a student's subtest score as follows:
 - (a) \$500, if the student's subtest score was below the midpoint of the partial mastery range but above the minimal mastery range;
 - (b) \$1,000, if the student's subtest score was below the partial mastery range, but above or at the midpoint of the minimal mastery range; or
 - (c) \$1,500, if the student's subtest score was below the midpoint of the minimal mastery range.
- 2737 (6) A stipend recipient may apply for basic skills education from any basic skills provider.
 - (7) Each basic skill provider shall accept stipend recipients on a first come/first served basis.
 - (8) A stipend recipient shall give the following to the basic skills provider selected to provide basic skills education:
 - (a) a voucher in the amount of the stipend which the basic skills educator may present for payment by the board if the stipend recipient passes the subtest corresponding to the basic skills education provided by the basic skills provider; and
 - (b) an authorization signed by the stipend recipient's parent or guardian for the stipend recipient's school to release records of the stipend recipient to the basic skills provider, if the basic skills provider is not the school district or charter school in which the stipend recipient is enrolled.
 - (9) A basic skills provider who possesses a voucher shall receive payment from the board in the amount of the stipend, if, on a subsequent administration of the UBSCT, the stipend recipient passes the subtest corresponding to the basic skills education provided by the basic skills provider.
- 2754 (10) (a) A basic skills provider may charge a stipend recipient an amount in addition to that paid by the board.

2756	(b) The additional amount charged by a basic skills provider shall be:			
2757	(i) consistent with the restriction in Utah Constitution Article X, Section 2;			
2758	(ii) disclosed to the stipend recipient's parent or guardian when the stipend recipient			
2759	applies for basic skills education; and			
2760	(iii) reported to the board before receiving payment from the board.			
2761	(c) A basic skills provider may not make any additional charge or refund of a charge			
2762	contingent upon a stipend recipient's passing or failing a UBSCT subtest.			
2763	(11) (a) Stipends shall be awarded by the board subject to the availability of money			
2764	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.			
2765	(b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the board from the General			
2766	Fund to make stipend payments.			
2767	(c) If [monies are] money is not available to pay for all stipends requested, the stipends			
2768	shall be allocated according to rules adopted by the State Board of Education.			
2769	(12) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,			
2770	the State Board of Education shall make rules:			
2771	(a) establishing qualifications for basic skills providers who are not school districts,			
2772	high schools, or accredited public or private educational institutions;			
2773	(b) establishing procedures for the administration of the Basic Skills Education Stipend			
2774	Program; and			
2775	(c) requiring the parent or guardian of a stipend recipient who selects a basic skills			
2776	provider other than the school district or charter school in which the stipend recipient is			
2777	enrolled to sign:			
2778	(i) an acknowledgment that the school district or charter school is released from further			
2779	remediation responsibility for the stipend recipient; and			
2780	(ii) if the student has an IEP, an acknowledgment that offering a voucher to the basic			
2781	skill provider has the same effect as a parental refusal to consent to services pursuant to Section			
2782	614(a)(1) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.			
2783	(13) School districts and charter schools shall provide each student who qualifies for a			

including:

(a) voucher applications; and

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basic skills education stipend information about the Basic Skills Education Stipend Program,

2787	(b) how to access a list of approved public and private providers.		
2788	Section 53. Section 53A-1-708 is amended to read:		
2789	53A-1-708. Grants for online delivery of U-PASS tests.		
2790	(1) As used in this section:		
2791	(a) "summative tests" means tests administered near the end of a course to assess		
2792	overall achievement of course goals;		
2793	(b) "uniform online summative test system" means a single system for the online		
2794	delivery of summative tests required under U-PASS that:		
2795	(i) is coordinated by the Utah State Office of Education;		
2796	(ii) ensures the reliability and security of U-PASS tests; and		
2797	(iii) is selected through collaboration between Utah State Office of Education and		
2798	school district representatives with expertise in technology, assessment, and administration;		
2799	and		
2800	(c) "U-PASS" means the Utah Performance Assessment System for Students.		
2801	(2) The State Board of Education may award grants to school districts and charter		
2802	schools to implement a uniform online summative test system to enable parents of students and		
2803	school staff to review U-PASS test scores by the end of the school year.		
2804	(3) (a) Grant [monies] money may be used to pay for any of the following, provided it		
2805	is directly related to implementing a uniform online summative test system:		
2806	(i) computer equipment and peripherals, including electronic data capture devices		
2807	designed for electronic test administration and scoring;		
2808	(ii) software;		
2809	(iii) networking equipment;		
2810	(iv) upgrades of existing equipment or software;		
2811	(v) upgrades of existing physical plant facilities;		
2812	(vi) personnel to provide technical support or coordination and management; and		
2813	(vii) teacher professional development.		
2814	(b) Equipment purchased in compliance with Subsection (3)(a), when not in use for the		
2815	online delivery of summative tests required under U-PASS may be used for other purposes.		
2816	(4) The State Board of Education may award grants only to school districts and charter		
2817	schools that intend to implement a uniform online summative test system.		

(5) (a) The State Board of Education shall make rules specifying:

2819	(i) establishing procedures for applying for and awarding grants;			
2820	(ii) specifying how grant [monies] money shall be allocated among school districts and			
2821	charter schools that qualify to receive grants under Subsection (4); and			
2822	(iii) requiring reporting of grant money expenditures and evidence showing that the			
2823	grant [monies have] money has been used to implement a uniform online summative test			
2824	system.			
2825	(b) To ensure that small school districts and charter schools receive adequate funds to			
2826	implement a uniform online summative test system, grant [monies] money shall be allocated o			
2827	a 25% base, with the remaining 75% distributed on a per pupil basis.			
2828	(6) If a school district or charter school uses grant [monies] money for purposes other			
2829	than those stated in Subsection (3), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing			
2830	the State Board of Education in the amount of the grant [monies] money improperly used.			
2831	Section 54. Section 53A-1-903 is amended to read:			
2832	53A-1-903. Federal programs School official duties.			
2833	(1) School officials may:			
2834	(a) apply for, receive, and administer funds made available through programs of the			
2835	federal government;			
2836	(b) only expend federal funds for the purposes for which they are received and are			
2837	accounted for by the state, school district, or charter school; and			
2838	(c) reduce or eliminate a program created with or expanded by federal funds to the			
2839	extent allowed by law when federal funds for that program are subsequently reduced or			
2840	eliminated.			
2841	(2) School officials shall:			
2842	(a) prioritize resources, especially to resolve conflicts between federal provisions or			
2843	between federal and state programs, including:			
2844	(i) providing first priority to meeting state goals, objectives, program needs, and			
2845	accountability systems as they relate to federal programs; and			
2846	(ii) providing second priority to implementing federal goals, objectives, program needs			
2847	and accountability systems that do not directly and simultaneously advance state goals,			
2848	objectives, program needs, and accountability systems;			

2849	(b) interpret the provisions of federal programs in the best interest of students in this			
2850	state;			
2851	(c) maximize local control and flexibility;			
2852	(d) minimize additional state resources that are diverted to implement federal program			
2853	beyond the federal [monies] money that [are] is provided to fund the programs;			
2854	(e) request changes to federal educational programs, especially programs that are			
2855	underfunded or provide conflicts with other state or federal programs, including:			
2856	(i) federal statutes;			
2857	(ii) federal regulations; and			
2858	(iii) other federal policies and interpretations of program provisions; and			
2859	(f) seek waivers from all possible federal statutes, requirements, regulations, and			
2860	program provisions from federal education officials to:			
2861	(i) maximize state flexibility in implementing program provisions; and			
2862	(ii) receive reasonable time to comply with federal program provisions.			
2863	(3) The requirements of school officials under this part, including the responsibility to			
2864	lobby federal officials, are not intended to mandate school officials to incur costs or require the			
2865	hiring of lobbyists, but are intended to be performed in the course of school officials' normal			
2866	duties.			
2867	Section 55. Section 53A-1a-108 is amended to read:			
2868	53A-1a-108. School community councils authorized Duties Composition			
2869	Election procedures and selection of members.			
2870	(1) As used in this section:			
2871	(a) (i) "Parent or guardian member" means a member of a school community council			
2872	who is a parent or guardian of a student who is attending the school or who will be enrolled at			
2873	the school at any time during the parent's or guardian's initial term of office.			
2874	(ii) "Parent or guardian member" may not include a person who meets the definition of			
2875	a school employee member unless the person's employment at the school does not exceed an			
2876	average of six hours per week.			
2877	(b) "School employee member" means a member of a school community council who			
2878	is a person employed at a school by the school or school district, including the principal.			
2879	(2) Each public school, in consultation with its local school board, shall establish a			

2880	school community council at the school building level.			
2881	(3) (a) Each school community council shall:			
2882	(i) develop a school improvement plan in accordance with Section 53A-1a-108.5;			
2883	(ii) develop the School LAND Trust Program in accordance with Section			
2884	53A-16-101.5;			
2885	(iii) assist in the development and implementation of a staff professional development			
2886	plan as provided by Section 53A-3-701;			
2887	(iv) develop a child access routing plan in accordance with Section 53A-3-402; and			
2888	(v) advise and make recommendations to school and school district administrators and			
2889	the local school board regarding the school and its programs, school district programs, and			
2890	other issues relating to the community environment for students.			
2891	(b) In addition to the duties specified in Subsection (3)(a), a school community council			
2892	for an elementary school shall develop a reading achievement plan in accordance with Section			
2893	53A-1-606.5.			
2894	(4) (a) Each school community council shall consist of school employee members and			
2895	parent or guardian members in accordance with this section.			
2896	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(c):			
2897	(i) each school community council for a high school shall have six parent or guardian			
2898	members and five school employee members, including the principal; and			
2899	(ii) each school community council for a school other than a high school shall have			
2900	four parent or guardian members and three school employee members, including the principal.			
2901	(c) (i) A school community council may have a larger membership provided that the			
2902	number of parent or guardian members exceeds the number of school employee members.			
2903	(ii) A school community council may have a smaller membership provided that:			
2904	(A) the number of parent or guardian members exceeds the number of school employee			
2905	members; and			
2906	(B) there are at least two school employee members on the school community council.			
2907	(5) (a) Each school employee member, except the principal, shall be elected by secret			
2908	ballot by a majority vote of the school employees and serve a two-year term. The principal			
2909	shall serve as an ex officio member with full voting privileges.			

(b) (i) Each parent or guardian member shall be elected by secret ballot at an election

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2911 held at the school by a majority vote of those voting at the election and serve a two-year term.

- (ii) Only parents or guardians of students attending the school may vote at the election under Subsection (5)(b)(i).
- (iii) Any parent or guardian of a student who meets the qualifications of this section may file or declare himself as a candidate for election to a school community council.
- (c) (i) The principal of the school, or the principal's designee, shall provide notice of the available community council positions to school employees, parents, and guardians at least 14 days before the date that voting commences for the elections held under Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b).
- (ii) The notice shall include:
 - (A) the dates and times of the elections;
 - (B) a list of council positions that are up for election; and
 - (C) instructions for becoming a candidate for a community council position.
- (iii) The principal of the school, or the principal's designee, shall oversee the elections held under Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b).
- (iv) Ballots cast in an election held under Subsection (5)(b) shall be deposited in a secure ballot box;
- (d) Results of the elections held under Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b) shall be made available to the public upon request.
- (e) (i) If a parent or guardian position on a school community council remains unfilled after an election is held, the other parent or guardian members of the council shall appoint a parent or guardian who meets the qualifications of this section to fill the position.
- (ii) If a school employee position on a school community council remains unfilled after an election is held, the other school employee members of the council shall appoint a school employee to fill the position.
- (iii) The chair of the community council shall notify the local school board of each appointment made under Subsection (5)(e)(i)[7] or this Subsection (5)(e)(iii).
- (iv) A member appointed to a school community council under Subsection (5)(e)(i) or (ii) shall serve a two-year term.
- 2940 (f) Initial terms shall be staggered so that no more than 50% of the council members stand for election in any one year.

2942 (g) (i) Each public school, in consultation with its local school board, shall set the 2943 beginning date of the term of office for school community council members. 2944 (ii) Council members may serve up to three successive terms. (h) (i) Each school community council shall elect a chair and vice chair from its parent 2945 2946 or guardian members and elected employee members. 2947 (ii) No more than one parent or guardian member or elected employee member may at 2948 the same time serve as an officer specified in Subsection (5)(h)(i). 2949 (6) (a) A school community council may create subcommittees or task forces to: 2950 (i) advise or make recommendations to the council; or 2951 (ii) develop all or part of a plan listed in Subsection (3). 2952 (b) Any plan or part of a plan developed by a subcommittee or task force shall be 2953 subject to the approval of the school community council. 2954 (c) A school community council may appoint individuals who are not council members 2955 to serve on a subcommittee or task force, including parents, school employees, or other 2956 community members. 2957 (7) (a) A school community council shall provide the following information: 2958 (i) the proposed school community council meeting schedule for the year, provided 2959 during the first two weeks of the school year: 2960 (ii) a summary of the school community council's actions and activities during the first 2961 half of the school year information, provided at the mid-point of the school year; and 2962 (iii) a summary of the annual report required under Section 53A-16-101.5 on how the 2963 school's School LAND Trust Program [monies were] money was used to enhance or improve 2964 academic excellence at the school and implement a component of the school's improvement 2965 plan, provided at the beginning of the next school year. (b) The school community council shall provide the information described in 2966 2967 Subsection (7)(a) by: 2968 (i) posting the information on the school's website; and

2971 (A) mailing the information;

school by:

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(B) delivering a voice message describing the information and explaining where to

(ii) providing individual delivery to each household that has a student attending the

obtain the full information;

2974	(C) sending an e-mail message containing the information;		
2975	(D) providing the information in a packet that is to be delivered to a student's parent of		
2976	guardian:		
2977	(I) during the school's annual registration period; or		
2978	(II) with the student's report card; or		
2979	(E) using a combination of the methods described in Subsections (7)(b)(ii)(A) through		
2980	(D).		
2981	(8) A school community council shall, at least one week prior to a meeting, post the		
2982	following information on the school's website:		
2983	(a) notice of the meeting date, time, and place;		
2984	(b) an agenda for the meeting; and		
2985	(c) a summary of the previous meeting.		
2986	Section 56. Section 53A-1a-601 is amended to read:		
2987	53A-1a-601. Job enhancements for mathematics, science, technology, and special		
2988	education training.		
2989	(1) As used in this part, "special education teacher" includes occupational therapist.		
2990	(2) The Public Education Job Enhancement Program is established to attract, train, and		
2991	retain highly qualified:		
2992	(a) secondary teachers with expertise in mathematics, physics, chemistry, physical		
2993	science, learning technology, or information technology;		
2994	(b) special education teachers; and		
2995	(c) teachers in grades four through six with mathematics endorsements.		
2996	(3) The program shall provide for the following:		
2997	(a) application by a school district superintendent or the principal of a school on behalf		
2998	of a qualified teacher;		
2999	(b) an award of up to \$20,000 or a scholarship to cover the tuition costs for a master's		
3000	degree, an endorsement, or graduate education in the areas identified in Subsection (2) to be		
3001	given to selected public school teachers on a competitive basis:		
3002	(i) whose applications are approved under Subsection 53A-1a-602(4); and		
3003	(ii) who teach in the state's public education system for four years in the areas		

identified in Subsection (2);

- (c) (i) as to the cash awards under Subsection (3)(b), payment of the award in two installments, with an initial payment of up to \$10,000 at the beginning of the term and up to \$10,000 at the conclusion of the term;
- (ii) repayment of a portion of the initial payment by the teacher if the teacher fails to complete two years of the four-year teaching term in the areas identified in Subsection (2) as provided by rule of the State Board of Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, unless waived for good cause by the Job Enhancement Committee created in Section 53A-1a-602; and
- (iii) nonpayment of the second installment if the teacher fails to complete the four-year teaching term; and
- (d) (i) as to the scholarships awarded under Subsection (3)(b), provision for the providing institution to certify adequate performance in obtaining the master's degree, endorsement, or graduate education in order for the teacher to maintain the scholarship; and
- (ii) repayment by the teacher of a prorated portion of the scholarship, if the teacher fails to complete the authorized classes or program or to teach in the state system of public education in the areas identified in Subsection (2) for four years after obtaining the master's degree, the endorsement, or graduate education.
- (4) An individual teaching in the public schools under a letter of authorization may participate in the cash award program if:
- (a) the individual has taught under the letter of authorization for at least one year in the areas referred to in Subsection (2); and
- (b) the application made under Subsection (3)(a) is based in large part upon the individual receiving a superior evaluation as a classroom teacher.
- (5) (a) The program may provide for the expenditure of up to \$1,000,000 of available [monies] money, if at least an equal amount of matching [monies become] money becomes available, to provide professional development training to superintendents, administrators, and principals in the effective use of technology in public schools.
- (b) An award granted under this Subsection (5) shall be made in accordance with criteria developed and adopted by the Job Enhancement Committee created in Section 53A-1a-602.

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3035	(c) An amount up to \$120,000 of the \$1,000,000 authorized in Subsection (5)(a) may			
3036	be expended, regardless of the matching [monies] money being available.			
3037	Section 57. Section 53A-1a-706 is amended to read:			
3038	53A-1a-706. Scholarship payments.			
3039	(1) (a) Scholarships shall be awarded by the board subject to the availability of money			
3040	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.			
3041	(b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the board from the General			
3042	Fund to make scholarship payments.			
3043	(c) (i) If [monies are] money is not available to pay for all scholarships requested, the			
3044	scholarships shall be allocated on a random basis except that preference shall be given to			
3045	students who received scholarships in the previous school year.			
3046	(ii) If [monies are] money is insufficient in a school year to pay for all the continuing			
3047	scholarships, new scholarships may not be awarded during that school year and the [monies]			
3048	money available for scholarships shall be prorated among the eligible students who received			
3049	scholarships in the previous year.			
3050	(2) Full-year scholarships shall be awarded in the following amounts:			
3051	(a) for a student who received an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special			
3052	education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to			
3053	exceed the lesser of:			
3054	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 2.5; or			
3055	(ii) the private school tuition and fees; and			
3056	(b) for a student who received an average of less than 180 minutes per day of special			
3057	education services in a public school before transferring to a private school, an amount not to			
3058	exceed the lesser of:			
3059	(i) the value of the weighted pupil unit multiplied by 1.5; or			
3060	(ii) the private school tuition and fees.			
3061	(3) The scholarship amount for a student enrolled in a half-day kindergarten program			
3062	shall be the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) multiplied by .55.			
3063	(4) (a) The scholarship amount for a student who receives a waiver under Subsection			

53A-1a-704(3) shall be based upon the assessment team's determination of the appropriate

level of special education services to be provided to the student.

(b) (i) If the student requires an average of 180 minutes per day or more of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(a).

- (ii) If the student requires less than an average of 180 minutes per day of special education services, a full-year scholarship shall be equal to the amount specified in Subsection (2)(b).
- (iii) If the student is enrolled in a half-day kindergarten program, a full-year scholarship is equal to the amount specified in Subsection (3).

- (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), upon review and receipt of documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or continuing enrollment and attendance at, a private school, the board shall make scholarship payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 15 of each school year in which a scholarship is in force.
- (b) In accordance with board rule, the board may make a scholarship payment before the first quarterly payment of the school year, if a private school requires partial payment of tuition before the start of the school year to reserve space for a student admitted to the school.
- (6) A parent of a scholarship student shall notify the board if the student does not have continuing enrollment and attendance at an eligible private school.
- (7) Before scholarship payments are made, the board shall cross-check enrollment lists of scholarship students, school districts, and youth in custody to ensure that scholarship payments are not erroneously made.
- (8) (a) Scholarship payments shall be made by the board by individual warrant made payable to the student's parent and mailed by the board to the private school. The parent shall restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private school.
- (b) A person, on behalf of a private school, may not accept a power of attorney from a parent to sign a warrant referred to in Subsection (8)(a), and a parent of a scholarship student may not give a power of attorney designating a person, on behalf of a private school, as the parent's attorney-in-fact.
- (9) (a) Scholarships shall be retroactively awarded to students with disabilities for attendance at a private school in the 2004-05 school year, if:

3097	(i) the student meets the qualifications for a scholarship under Section 53A-1a-704 and			
3098	is awarded a scholarship under this section; and			
3099	(ii) the private school meets the eligibility requirements of Section 53A-1a-705,			
3100	including submitting an application to enroll scholarship students in the 2005-06 school year.			
3101	(b) Subsection (5) does not apply to retroactive scholarship payments.			
3102	Section 58. Section 53A-1a-806 is amended to read:			
3103	53A-1a-806. Scholarship payments.			
3104	(1) (a) Scholarships shall be awarded by the board subject to the availability of money			
3105	appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose.			
3106	(b) The Legislature shall annually appropriate money to the board from the General			
3107	Fund to make scholarship payments for all students projected to apply for scholarships.			
3108	(c) (i) If [monies are] money is not available to pay for all scholarships requested, the			
3109	scholarships shall be allocated on a random basis except that preference shall be given to			
3110	students who received scholarships in the previous year.			
3111	(ii) If [monies are] money is insufficient in a school year to pay for all the continuing			
3112	scholarships:			
3113	(A) new scholarships may not be awarded during that school year;			
3114	(B) the [monies] money available for scholarships shall be prorated among the eligible			
3115	students who received scholarships in the previous year; and			
3116	(C) the board shall request a supplemental appropriation from the Legislature to make			
3117	full scholarship payments as provided in Subsection (4) or (5).			
3118	(2) (a) Scholarships shall be awarded based upon the income of a scholarship student's			
3119	parents in the calendar year immediately preceding the school year for which a scholarship is			
3120	sought.			
3121	(b) (i) The board shall make rules specifying how the income of a prospective			
3122	scholarship student's parents shall be determined and verified.			
3123	(ii) The rules shall provide that the scholarship shall be based upon parental income as			
3124	follows:			
3125	(A) if the parents are married, the income of both parents;			
3126	(B) if a parent is widowed, the income of the widowed parent;			
3127	(C) if a parent is widowed and has remarried, the income of the parent and stepparent;			

3128	(D) if the parents are divorced, the income of the parent with whom the scholarship			
3129	student resided for the greatest amount of time during the past 12 months;			
3130	(E) if the parents are divorced and the scholarship student resided with each parent an			
3131	equal amount of time, the income of the parent who provided more financial support during the			
3132	past 12 months;			
3133	(F) if the divorced parent with whom the scholarship student resided for the greatest			
3134	amount of time or who provided the greatest financial support has remarried, the income of the			
3135	parent and stepparent; and			
3136	(G) if the scholarship student resides with a guardian, the income of the guardian,			
3137	unless the guardian's income is exempt by board rule.			
3138	(iii) The rules shall provide that:			
3139	(A) if a parent filed federal or state income tax forms, income shall be based upon			
3140	adjusted gross income as listed on the income tax forms;			
3141	(B) if a parent was exempt from filing federal and state income tax forms, income shall			
3142	be based on income earned from work; and			
3143	(C) a parent shall submit documentation verifying income.			
3144	(3) (a) The board shall compare the income of a scholarship student's parents to the			
3145	maximum annual incomes listed in the income eligibility guideline as defined in Section			
3146	53A-1a-803 to set the scholarship amount.			
3147	(b) In determining scholarship amounts, the board shall use:			
3148	(i) the income eligibility guideline in effect for the school year immediately preceding			
3149	the school year for which a scholarship is sought; and			
3150	(ii) the scholarship student's household size as the applicable household size for the			
3151	purpose of determining maximum annual income under the income eligibility guideline.			
3152	(4) Full-year scholarships shall be awarded in the amounts shown in the following			
3153	table, or for the amount of tuition for a full year, whichever is less.			
3154	If the annual income of a scholarship			
3155	student's parents is: The full-year scholarship amount is:			
3156	Less than or equal to 100% of the			
3157	income eligibility guideline \$3,000			
3158	Greater than 100% but less than or equal			

H.B. 186

3159	to 125% of the income eligibility guideline	\$2,750
3160	Greater than 125% but less than or equal to	
3161	150% of the income eligibility guideline	\$2,500
3162	Greater than 150% but less than or equal to	
3163	175% of the income eligibility guideline	\$2,250
3164	Greater than 175% but less than or equal to	
3165	200% of the income eligibility guideline	\$2,000
3166	Greater than 200% but less than or equal to	
3167	225% of the income eligibility guideline	\$1,750
3168	Greater than 225% but less than or equal to	
3169	250% of the income eligibility guideline	\$1,000
3170	Greater than 250% of the income eligibility guideline	\$500

- (5) The full-year scholarship amounts shown in the table in Subsection (4) apply to scholarships for all grades except kindergarten. The full-year scholarship amount for kindergarten shall be .55 times the amounts shown in the table in Subsection (4).
- (6) The board shall annually increase the full-year scholarship amounts shown in the table in Subsection (4) by the same percentage annual increase in the value of the weighted pupil unit established in Section 53A-17a-103.
- (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), upon review and receipt of documentation that verifies a student's admission to, or continuing enrollment and attendance at, a private school, the board shall make scholarship payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 15 of each school year in which a scholarship is in force.
- (b) In accordance with board rule, the board shall make a scholarship payment before the first quarterly payment of the school year, if a private school requires partial payment of tuition before the start of the school year to reserve space for a student admitted to the school.
- (8) A parent of a scholarship student and the student's private school shall notify the board if the student does not have continuing enrollment and attendance at the private school.
- (9) Before scholarship payments are made, the board shall cross-check enrollment lists of scholarship students, school districts, and youth in custody to ensure that scholarship payments are not erroneously made.

3190	(10) (a) Scholarship payments shall be made by the board by individual warrant made
3191	payable to the student's parent and mailed by the board to the private school. The parent shall
3192	restrictively endorse the warrant to the private school for deposit into the account of the private
3193	school.
3194	(b) A person, on behalf of a private school, may not accept a power of attorney from a
3195	parent to sign a warrant referred to in Subsection (10)(a), and a parent of a scholarship student
3196	may not give a power of attorney designating a person, on behalf of a private school, as the
3197	parent's attorney in fact.
3198	Section 59. Section 53A-4-205 is amended to read:
3199	53A-4-205. Establishment of public education foundations Powers and duties
3200	Tax exempt status.
3201	(1) State and local school boards may establish foundations to:
3202	(a) assist in the development and implementation of the programs authorized under this
3203	part to promote educational excellence; and
3204	(b) assist in the accomplishment of other education-related objectives.
3205	(2) A foundation established under Subsection (1):
3206	(a) may solicit and receive contributions from private enterprises for the purpose of this
3207	part;
3208	(b) shall comply with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, and rules
3209	made under the act;
3210	(c) has no power or authority to incur contractual obligations or liabilities that
3211	constitute a claim against public funds except as provided in this section;
3212	(d) may not exercise executive, administrative, or rulemaking authority over the
3213	programs referred to in this part, except to the extent specifically authorized by the responsible
3214	school board;
3215	(e) is exempt from all taxes levied by the state or any of its political subdivisions with
3216	respect to activities conducted under this part;
3217	(f) may participate in the Risk Management Fund under Section 63A-4-204;
3218	(g) shall provide a school with information detailing transactions and balances of funds
3219	managed for that school;
3220	(h) shall, for foundation accounts from which [monies are] money is distributed to

3221	schools, provide all the schools within a school district information that:
3222	(i) details account transactions; and
3223	(ii) shows available balances in the accounts; and
3224	(i) may not:
3225	(i) engage in lobbying activities;
3226	(ii) attempt to influence legislation; or
3227	(iii) participate in any campaign activity for or against:
3228	(A) a political candidate; or
3229	(B) an initiative, referendum, proposed constitutional amendment, bond, or any other
3230	ballot proposition submitted to the voters.
3231	(3) A local school board that establishes a foundation under Subsection (1) shall:
3232	(a) require the foundation to:
3233	(i) use the school district's accounting system; or
3234	(ii) follow written accounting policies established by the board;
3235	(b) review and approve the foundation's accounting, purchasing, and check issuance
3236	policies to ensure that there is an adequate separation of responsibilities; and
3237	(c) approve procedures to verify that issued foundation payments have been properly
3238	approved.
3239	Section 60. Section 53A-16-107.1 is amended to read:
3240	53A-16-107.1. School capital outlay in counties of the first class Allocation
3241	Report to Education Interim Committee.
3242	(1) For purposes of this section:
3243	(a) "Average annual enrollment growth over the prior three years" means the quotient
3244	of:
3245	(i) (A) enrollment in the current school year, based on October 1 enrollment counts;
3246	minus
3247	(B) enrollment in the year three years prior, based on October 1 enrollment counts;
3248	divided by
3249	(ii) three.
3250	(b) "Capital outlay increment [monies] money" means the amount of revenue equal to
3251	the difference between:

(i) the amount of revenue generated by a levy of .0006 per dollar of taxable value within a receiving school district during a fiscal year; and

- (ii) the amount of revenue the receiving school district received during the same fiscal year from the distribution described in Subsection (2).
- (c) "Contributing school district" means a school district in a county of the first class that in a fiscal year receives less revenue from the distribution described in Subsection (2) than it would have received during the same fiscal year from a levy imposed within the school district of .0006 per dollar of taxable value.
- (d) "Receiving school district" means a school district in a county of the first class that in a fiscal year receives more revenue from the distribution described in Subsection (2) than it would have received during the same fiscal year from a levy imposed within the school district of .0006 per dollar of taxable value.
- (2) The county treasurer of a county of the first class shall distribute revenues generated by the .0006 portion of the capital outlay levy required in Subsection 53A-16-107(3) to school districts located within the county of the first class as follows:
- (a) 25% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's percentage of the total enrollment growth in all of the school districts within the county that have an increase in enrollment, calculated on the basis of the average annual enrollment growth over the prior three years in all of the school districts within the county that have an increase in enrollment over the prior three years, as of the October 1 enrollment counts; and
- (b) 75% of the revenues shall be distributed in proportion to a school district's percentage of the total current year enrollment in all of the school districts within the county, as of the October 1 enrollment counts.
- (3) If a new school district is created or school district boundaries are adjusted, the enrollment and average annual enrollment growth for each affected school district shall be calculated on the basis of enrollment in school district schools located within that school district's newly created or adjusted boundaries, as of October 1 enrollment counts.
- (4) On or before December 31 of each year, the State Board of Education shall provide a county treasurer with audited enrollment information from the fall enrollment audit necessary to distribute revenues as required by this section.
 - (5) On or before March 31 of each year, a county treasurer in a county of the first class

shall distribute the revenue generated within the county of the first class during the prior calendar year from the capital outlay levy described in Section 53A-16-107.

- (6) On or before the November meeting of the Education Interim Committee of each year, a receiving school district shall report to the committee:
- (a) how the receiving school district spent the district's capital outlay increment [monies] money during the prior fiscal year; and
- (b) the receiving school district's plan to increase student capacity of existing school buildings within the district.
- (7) The Education Interim Committee shall consider the reports of receiving school districts described in Subsection (6) as part of a review to reauthorize this section and provisions related to this section, if the committee is directed to conduct a review pursuant to Title 63I, Legislative Oversight and Sunset Act.
 - Section 61. Section **53A-17a-105** is amended to read:

53A-17a-105. Powers and duties of State Board of Education to adjust Minimum School Program allocations.

- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (4), if the number of weighted pupil units in a program is underestimated, the State Board of Education shall reduce the value of the weighted pupil unit in that program so that the total amount paid for the program does not exceed the amount appropriated for the program.
- (2) If the number of weighted pupil units in a program is overestimated, the State Board of Education shall spend excess [monies] money appropriated for the following purposes giving priority to the purpose described in Subsection (2)(a):
- (a) to support the value of the weighted pupil unit in a program within the basic state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated;
- (b) to support the state guarantee per weighted pupil unit provided under the voted leeway program established in Section 53A-17a-133 or the board-approved leeway program established in Section 53A-17a-134, if:
- (i) local contributions to the voted leeway program or board-approved leeway program are overestimated; or
- (ii) the number of weighted pupil units within school districts qualifying for a guarantee is underestimated;

(c) to support the state supplement to local property taxes allocated to charter schools, if the state supplement is less than the amount prescribed by Subsection 53A-1a-513(4);

- (d) for charter school administrative costs, if the appropriation for charter school administrative costs is insufficient to provide the amount per student prescribed in Subsection 53A-17a-108(2)(a); or
- (e) to support a school district with a loss in student enrollment as provided in Section 53A-17a-139.
- (3) If local contributions from the minimum basic tax rate imposed under Section 53A-17a-135 are overestimated, the State Board of Education shall reduce the value of the weighted pupil unit for all programs within the basic state-supported school program so the total state contribution to the basic state-supported school program does not exceed the amount of state funds appropriated.
- (4) If local contributions from the minimum basic tax rate imposed under Section 53A-17a-135 are underestimated, the State Board of Education shall:
- (a) spend the excess local contributions for the purposes specified in Subsection (2), giving priority to supporting the value of the weighted pupil unit in programs within the basic state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated; and
- (b) reduce the state contribution to the basic state-supported school program so the total cost of the basic state-supported school program does not exceed the total state and local funds appropriated to the basic state-supported school program plus the local contributions necessary to support the value of the weighted pupil unit in programs within the basic state-supported school program in which the number of weighted pupil units is underestimated.
- (5) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (4), the State Board of Education shall reduce the guarantee per weighted pupil unit provided under the voted leeway program established in Section 53A-17a-133 or board-approved leeway program established in Section 53A-17a-134, if:
- (a) local contributions to the voted leeway program or board-approved leeway program are overestimated; or
- (b) the number of weighted pupil units within school districts qualifying for a guarantee is underestimated.

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add-on WPUs foundation formula.

3345	(6) [Monies] Money appropriated to the State Board of Education [are] is nonlapsing.
3346	(7) The State Board of Education shall report actions taken by the board under this
3347	section to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and the Governor's Office of Planning
3348	and Budget.
3349	Section 62. Section 53A-17a-111 is amended to read:
3350	53A-17a-111. Weighted pupil units for programs for students with disabilities
3351	District allocation.
3352	(1) The number of weighted pupil units for students with disabilities shall reflect the
3353	direct cost of programs for those students conducted in accordance with rules established by the
3354	State Board of Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3355	Rulemaking Act.
3356	(2) Disability program [monies] money allocated to districts [are] is restricted and shall
3357	be spent for the education of students with disabilities but may include expenditures for
3358	approved programs of services conducted for certified instructional personnel who have
3359	students with disabilities in their classes.
3360	(3) The State Board of Education shall establish and strictly interpret definitions and
3361	provide standards for determining which students have disabilities and shall assist districts in
3362	determining the services that should be provided to students with disabilities.
3363	(4) Each year the board shall evaluate the standards and guidelines that establish the
3364	identifying criteria for disability classifications to assure strict compliance with those standards
3365	by the districts.
3366	(5) (a) [Monies] Money appropriated to the State Board of Education for add-on WPUs
3367	for students with disabilities enrolled in regular programs shall be allocated to school districts
3368	as provided in this Subsection (5).
3369	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2003, the State Board of Education shall:
3370	(i) use a district's average number of special education add-on weighted pupil units
3371	determined by the previous five year's average daily membership data as a foundation for the
3372	special education add-on appropriation; and
3373	(ii) implement a hold harmless provision for up to three years as needed to accomplish

a phase-in period for school districts to accommodate the change in the special education

3376	(c) A district's special education add-on WPUs for the current year may not be less than
3377	the foundation special education add-on WPUs.
3378	(d) Growth WPUs shall be added to the prior year special education add-on WPUs, and
3379	growth WPUs shall be determined as follows:
3380	(i) The special education student growth factor is calculated by comparing S-3 total
3381	special education ADM of two years previous to the current year to the S-3 total special
3382	education ADM three years previous to the current year, not to exceed the official October total
3383	district growth factor from the prior year.
3384	(ii) When calculating and applying the growth factor, a district's S-3 total special
3385	education ADM for a given year is limited to 12.18% of the district's S-3 total student ADM
3386	for the same year.
3387	(iii) Growth ADMs are calculated by applying the growth factor to the S-3 total special
3388	education ADM of two years previous to the current year.
3389	(iv) Growth ADMs for each district are multiplied by 1.53 weighted pupil units and
3390	added to the prior year special education add-on WPU to determine each district's total
3391	allocation.
3392	(6) If [monies] money appropriated under this chapter for programs for students with
3393	disabilities [do] does not meet the costs of districts for those programs, each district shall first
3394	receive the amount generated for each student with a disability under the basic program.
3395	Section 63. Section 53A-17a-121 is amended to read:
3396	53A-17a-121. Appropriation for at-risk programs.
3397	(1) Money appropriated to the State Board of Education for at-risk programs shall be
3398	allocated to local school boards for the following programs:
3399	(a) youth in custody;
3400	(b) homeless and disadvantaged minority students;
3401	(c) mathematics, engineering, and science achievement programs;
3402	(d) gang prevention and intervention; and
3403	(e) at-risk flow through.
3404	(2) Districts shall spend [monies] money for these programs according to rules

established by the State Board of Education in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

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Administrative Rulemaking Act.

3407	(3) (a) From the amount appropriated for youth at risk programs, the board shall
3408	allocate [moneys] money to school districts for homeless and disadvantaged minority students.
3409	(b) Each district shall receive its allocation on the basis of:
3410	(i) the total number of homeless students in the district;
3411	(ii) added to 50% of the number of disadvantaged minority students in the district;
3412	(iii) multiplying the total of Subsections (3)(b)(i) and (ii) by the value of the weighted
3413	pupil unit; and
3414	(iv) prorating the amount under Subsection (3)(b)(iii) to the amount in Subsection
3415	(3)(a).
3416	(4) (a) From the amount appropriated for at-risk programs, the board shall allocate
3417	[monies] money for mathematics, engineering, and science achievement programs, MESA
3418	programs, in the districts.
3419	(b) The board shall make the distribution to school districts on a competitive basis by
3420	application under guidelines established by the board.
3421	(5) (a) From the amount appropriated for at-risk programs, the board shall distribute
3422	[moneys] money for gang prevention and intervention programs at the district or school level.
3423	(b) The board shall make the distribution to school districts under guidelines
3424	established by the board consistent with Section 53A-15-601.
3425	(6) (a) From the amount appropriated for at-risk programs, the board shall distribute
3426	[moneys] money for programs for youth in custody.
3427	(b) The board shall allocate [these moneys] the money to school districts which operate
3428	programs for youth in custody in accordance with standards established by the board.
3429	(7) From the amount appropriated for at-risk programs, the board shall allocate
3430	[monies] money based on:
3431	(a) a formula which takes into account prior year WPU's per district and a district's low
3432	income population; and
3433	(b) a minimum base of no less than \$18,600 for small school districts.
3434	Section 64. Section 53A-17a-123.5 is amended to read:
3435	53A-17a-123.5. Interventions for Student Success Block Grant Program State
3436	contribution.
3437	(1) The State Board of Education shall distribute money appropriated for the

Interventions for Student Success Block Grant Program to school districts and charter schools according to a formula adopted by the board, after consultation with school districts and charter schools, that allocates the funding in a fair and equitable manner.

- (2) Schools districts and charter schools shall use Interventions for Student Success Block Grant money to improve student academic success, with priority given to interventions on behalf of students not performing to standards as determined by U-PASS test results.
- (3) (a) Each school district shall develop a plan for the expenditure of Interventions for Student Success Block Grant money.
 - (b) The plan:

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- (i) shall specify anticipated results; and
- (ii) may include continuing existing programs to improve students' academic success for which funds were appropriated before the establishment of the block grant.
- (c) The local school board shall approve the plan for the expenditure of the block grant money in an open public meeting before the money [are] is spent.
 - Section 65. Section **53A-17a-134** is amended to read:

53A-17a-134. Board-approved leeway -- Purpose -- State support -- Disapproval.

- (1) Each local school board may levy a tax rate of up to .0004 per dollar of taxable value to maintain a school program above the cost of the basic school program as follows:
- (a) a local school board shall use the [monies] money generated by the tax for class size reduction within the school district;
- (b) if a local school board determines that the average class size in the school district is not excessive, it may use the [monies] money for other school purposes but only if the board has declared the use for other school purposes in a public meeting prior to levying the tax rate; and
- (c) a district may not use the [monies] money for other school purposes under Subsection (1)(b) until it has certified in writing that its class size needs are already being met and has identified the other school purposes for which the [monies] money will be used to the State Board of Education and the state board has approved their use for other school purposes.
- (2) (a) The state shall contribute an amount sufficient to guarantee \$25.25 per weighted pupil unit for each .0001 per dollar of taxable value.
 - (b) The guarantee shall increase in the same manner as provided for the voted leeway

3469 guarantee in Subsection 53A-17a-133(3)(c).

- (c) (i) The amount of state guarantee money to which a school district would otherwise be entitled to under this Subsection (2) may not be reduced for the sole reason that the district's levy is reduced as a consequence of changes in the certified tax rate under Section 59-2-924 pursuant to changes in property valuation.
- (ii) Subsection (2)(c)(i) applies for a period of five years following any such change in the certified tax rate.
 - (d) The guarantee provided under this section does not apply to:
- (i) a board-authorized leeway in the first fiscal year the leeway is in effect, unless the leeway was approved by voters pursuant to Subsections (4) through (6); or
- (ii) the portion of a board-authorized leeway rate that is in excess of the board-authorized leeway rate that was in effect for the previous fiscal year.
- (3) The levy authorized under this section is not in addition to the maximum rate of .002 authorized in Section 53A-17a-133, but is a board-authorized component of the total tax rate under that section.
- (4) As an exception to Section 53A-17a-133, the board-authorized levy does not require voter approval, but the board may require voter approval if requested by a majority of the board.
- (5) An election to consider disapproval of the board-authorized levy is required, if within 60 days after the levy is established by the board, referendum petitions signed by the number of legal voters required in Section 20A-7-301, who reside within the school district, are filed with the school district.
- (6) (a) A local school board shall establish its board-approved levy by April 1 to have the levy apply to the fiscal year beginning July 1 in that same calendar year except that if an election is required under this section, the levy applies to the fiscal year beginning July 1 of the next calendar year.
- (b) The approval and disapproval votes authorized in Subsections (4) and (5) shall occur at a general election in even-numbered years, except that a vote required under this section in odd-numbered years shall occur at a special election held on a day in odd-numbered years that corresponds to the general election date. The school district shall pay for the cost of a special election.

3500	(7) (a) Modification or termination of a voter-approved leeway rate authorized under
3501	this section is governed by Section 53A-17a-133.
3502	(b) A board-authorized leeway rate may be modified or terminated by a majority vote
3503	of the board subject to disapproval procedures specified in this section.
3504	(8) A board levy election does not require publication of a voter information pamphlet.
3505	Section 66. Section 53A-17a-144 is amended to read:
3506	53A-17a-144. Contribution of state to cost of minimum school program
3507	Determination of amounts Levy on taxable property Disbursal Deficiency.
3508	The state's contribution to the total cost of the minimum school program is determined
3509	and distributed as follows:
3510	(1) The State Tax Commission shall levy an amount determined by the Legislature on
3511	all taxable property of the state.
3512	(a) This amount, together with other funds provided by law, is the state's contribution
3513	to the minimum school program.
3514	(b) The statewide levy is set at zero until changed by the Legislature.
3515	(2) During the first week in November, the State Tax Commission shall certify to the
3516	State Board of Education the amounts designated as state aid for each district under Section
3517	59-2-902.
3518	(3) (a) The actual amounts computed under Section 59-2-902 are the state's
3519	contribution to the minimum school program of each district.
3520	(b) The state board shall provide each district with a statement of the amount of state
3521	aid.
3522	(4) Prior to the first day of each month, the state treasurer and the Division of Finance,
3523	with the approval of the State Board of Education, shall disburse 1/12 of the state's contribution
3524	to the cost of the minimum school program to each school district.
3525	(a) A disbursement may not be made to a district whose payments have been
3526	interrupted under Subsection (4)(d).
3527	(b) Discrepancies between the monthly disbursements and the actual cost of the
3528	program shall be adjusted in the final settlement under Subsection (5).
3529	(c) If the monthly distributions overdraw the money in the Uniform School Fund, the
3530	Division of Finance is authorized to run this fund in a deficit position.

3531	(d) The state board may interrupt disbursements to a district if, in the judgment of the
3532	board, the district is failing to comply with the minimum school program, is operating
3533	programs that are not approved by the state board, or has not submitted reports required by law
3534	or the state board.
3535	(i) Disbursements shall be resumed upon request of the state board.
3536	(ii) Back disbursements shall be included in the next regular disbursement, and the
3537	amount disbursed certified to the State Division of Finance and state treasurer by the state
3538	board.
3539	(e) The State Board of Education may authorize exceptions to the 1/12 per month
3540	disbursement formula for grant funds if the board determines that a different disbursement
3541	formula would better serve the purposes of the grant.
3542	(5) (a) If [monies] money in the Uniform School Fund [are] is insufficient to meet the
3543	state's contribution to the minimum school program as appropriated, the amount of the
3544	deficiency thus created shall be carried as a deficiency in the Uniform School Fund until the
3545	next session of the Legislature, at which time the Legislature shall appropriate funds to cover
3546	the deficiency.
3547	(b) If there is an operating deficit in public education Uniform School Fund
3548	appropriations, the Legislature shall eliminate the deficit by:
3549	(i) budget transfers or other legal means;
3550	(ii) appropriating money from the Education Budget Reserve Account;
3551	(iii) appropriating up to 25% of the balance in the General Fund Budget Reserve
3552	Account; or
3553	(iv) some combination of Subsections (5)(b)(i), (ii), and (iii).
3554	(c) Nothing in Subsection (5)(b) precludes the Legislature from appropriating more
3555	than 25% of the balance in the General Fund Budget Reserve Account to fund operating
3556	deficits in public education appropriations.
3557	Section 67. Section 53A-17a-150 is amended to read:
3558	53A-17a-150. K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
3559	(1) As used in this section:
3560	(a) "program" means the K-3 Reading Improvement Program; and
3561	(b) "program [monies] money" means:

3562	(1) school district revenue from the levy authorized under Section 53A-1/a-151;
3563	(ii) school district revenue allocated to the program from other [monies] money
3564	available to the school district, except [monies] money provided by the state, for the purpose of
3565	receiving state funds under this section; and
3566	(iii) [monies] money appropriated by the Legislature to the program.
3567	(2) The K-3 Reading Improvement Program consists of program [monies] money and
3568	is created to achieve the state's goal of having third graders reading at or above grade level.
3569	(3) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature may annually appropriate
3570	money to the K-3 Reading Improvement Program.
3571	(4) (a) Prior to using program [monies] money, a school district or charter school shall
3572	submit a plan to the State Board of Education for reading proficiency improvement that
3573	incorporates the following components:
3574	(i) assessment;
3575	(ii) intervention strategies;
3576	(iii) professional development;
3577	(iv) reading performance standards; and
3578	(v) specific measurable goals that are based upon gain scores.
3579	(b) The State Board of Education shall provide model plans which a school district or
3580	charter school may use, or the district or school may develop its own plan.
3581	(c) Plans developed by a school district or charter school shall be approved by the State
3582	Board of Education.
3583	(5) There is created within the K-3 Reading Achievement Program three funding
3584	programs:
3585	(a) the Base Level Program;
3586	(b) the Guarantee Program; and
3587	(c) the Low Income Students Program.
3588	(6) [Monies] Money appropriated to the State Board of Education for the K-3 Reading
3589	Improvement Program shall be allocated to the three funding programs as follows:
3590	(a) 8% to the Base Level Program;
3591	(b) 46% to the Guarantee Program; and
3592	(c) 46% to the Low Income Students Program.

(7) (a) To participate in the Base Level Program, a school district or charter school
shall submit a reading proficiency improvement plan to the State Board of Education as
provided in Subsection (4) and must receive approval of the plan from the board.

- (b) (i) Each school district qualifying for Base Level Program funds and the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall receive a base amount.
- (ii) The base amount for the qualifying elementary charter schools combined shall be allocated among each school in an amount proportionate to:
- (A) each existing charter school's prior year fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through grade 3; and
- (B) each new charter school's estimated fall enrollment in grades kindergarten through grade 3.
- (8) (a) A school district that applies for program [monies] money in excess of the Base Level Program funds shall choose to first participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program.
- (b) A school district must fully participate in either the Guarantee Program or the Low Income Students Program before it may elect to either fully or partially participate in the other program.
 - (c) To fully participate in the Guarantee Program, a school district shall:
 - (i) levy a tax rate of .000056 under Section 53A-17a-151;
- (ii) allocate to the program other [monies] money available to the school district, except [monies] money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000056; or
- (iii) levy a tax under Section 53A-17a-151 and allocate to the program other [monies] money available to the school district, except [monies] money provided by the state, so that the total revenue from the combined revenue sources equals the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000056.
 - (d) To fully participate in the Low Income Students Program, a school district shall:
 - (i) levy a tax rate of .000065 under Section 53A-17a-151;
- 3621 (ii) allocate to the program other [monies] money available to the school district, 3622 except [monies] money provided by the state, equal to the amount of revenue that would be 3623 generated by a tax rate of .000065; or

(iii) levy a tax under Section 53A-17a-151 and allocate to the program other [monies] money available to the school district, except [monies] money provided by the state, so that the total revenue from the combined revenue sources equals the amount of revenue that would be generated by a tax rate of .000065.

- (9) (a) A school district that fully participates in the Guarantee Program shall receive state funds in an amount that is:
- (i) equal to the difference between \$21 times the district's total WPUs and the revenue the school district is required to generate or allocate under Subsection (8)(c) to fully participate in the Guarantee Program; and
 - (ii) not less than \$0.

- (b) An elementary charter school shall receive under the Guarantee Program an amount equal to \$21 times the school's total WPUs.
- (10) The State Board of Education shall distribute Low Income Students Program funds in an amount proportionate to the number of students in each school district or charter school who qualify for free or reduced price school lunch multiplied by two.
- (11) A school district that partially participates in the Guarantee Program or Low Income Students Program shall receive program funds based on the amount of district revenue generated for or allocated to the program as a percentage of the amount of revenue that could have been generated or allocated if the district had fully participated in the program.
- (12) (a) Each school district and charter school shall use program [monies] money for reading proficiency improvement in grades kindergarten through grade three.
- (b) Program [monies] money may not be used to supplant funds for existing programs, but may be used to augment existing programs.
- (13) (a) Each school district and charter school shall annually submit a report to the State Board of Education accounting for the expenditure of program [monies] money in accordance with its plan for reading proficiency improvement.
- (b) If a school district or charter school uses program [monies] money in a manner that is inconsistent with Subsection (12), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the State Board of Education for the amount of program [monies] money improperly used, up to the amount of program [monies] money received from the State Board of Education.

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3655	(14) (a) The State Board of Education shall make rules to implement the program.
3656	(b) (i) The rules under Subsection (14)(a) shall require each school district or charter
3657	school to annually report progress in meeting goals stated in the district's or charter school's
3658	plan for student reading proficiency as measured by gain scores.
3659	(ii) If a school district or charter school does not meet or exceed the goals, the school
3660	district or charter school shall prepare a new plan which corrects deficiencies. The new plan
3661	must be approved by the State Board of Education before the school district or charter school
3662	receives an allocation for the next year.
3663	(15) If after 36 months of program operation, a school district fails to meet goals stated
3664	in the district's plan for student reading proficiency as measured by gain scores, the school
3665	district shall terminate any levy imposed under Section 53A-17a-151.
3666	Section 68. Section 53A-28-301 is amended to read:
3667	53A-28-301. Business administrator duties Paying agent to provide notice
3668	State treasurer to execute transfer to paying agents Effect of transfer.
3669	(1) (a) The business administrator of each board with outstanding, unpaid bonds shall
3670	transfer [monies] money sufficient for the scheduled debt service payment to its paying agent at
3671	least 15 days before any principal or interest payment date for the bonds.
3672	(b) The paying agent may, if instructed to do so by the business administrator, invest
3673	the [monies] money at the risk and for the benefit of the board until the payment date.
3674	(c) A business administrator who is unable to transfer the scheduled debt service
3675	payment to the paying agent 15 days before the payment date shall immediately notify the
3676	paying agent and the state treasurer by:
3677	(i) telephone;
3678	(ii) a writing sent by facsimile transmission; and
3679	(iii) a writing sent by first-class United States mail.
3680	(2) If sufficient funds are not transferred to the paying agent as required by Subsection
3681	(1), the paying agent shall notify the state treasurer of that failure in writing at least 10 days
3682	before the scheduled debt service payment date by:
3683	(a) telephone;

(b) a writing sent by facsimile transmission; and

(c) a writing sent by first-class United States mail.

3686	(3) (a) If sufficient [monies] money to pay the scheduled debt service payment [have]
3687	<u>has</u> not been transferred to the paying agent, the state treasurer shall, on or before the scheduled
3688	payment date, transfer sufficient [monies] money to the paying agent to make the scheduled
3689	debt service payment.
3690	(b) The payment by the treasurer:
3691	(i) discharges the obligation of the issuing board to its bondholders for the payment;
3692	and
3693	(ii) transfers the rights represented by the general obligation of the board from the
3694	bondholders to the state.
3695	(c) The board shall pay the transferred obligation to the state as provided in this
3696	chapter.
3697	Section 69. Section 53A-28-302 is amended to read:
3698	53A-28-302. State financial assistance intercept mechanism State treasurer
3699	duties Interest and penalty provisions.
3700	(1) (a) If one or more payments on bonds are made by the state treasurer as provided in
3701	Section 53A-28-301, the state treasurer shall:
3702	(i) immediately intercept any payments from the Uniform School Fund or from any
3703	other source of operating [monies] money provided by the state to the board that issued the
3704	bonds that would otherwise be paid to the board by the state; and
3705	(ii) apply the intercepted payments to reimburse the state for payments made pursuant
3706	to the state's guaranty until all obligations of the board to the state arising from those payments,
3707	including interest and penalties, are paid in full.
3708	(b) The state has no obligation to the board or to any person or entity to replace any
3709	[monies] money intercepted under authority of Subsection (1)(a).
3710	(2) The board that issued bonds for which the state has made all or part of a debt
3711	service payment shall:
3712	(a) reimburse all [monies] money drawn by the state treasurer on its behalf;
3713	(b) pay interest to the state on all [monies] money paid by the state from the date the
3714	[monies were] money was drawn to the date they are repaid at a rate not less than the average
3715	prime rate for national money center banks plus 1%; and
3716	(c) pay all penalties required by this chapter.

- (3) (a) The state treasurer shall establish the reimbursement interest rate after considering the circumstances of any prior draws by the board on the state, market interest and penalty rates, and the cost of funds, if any, that were required to be borrowed by the state to make payment on the bonds.
- (b) The state treasurer may, after considering the circumstances giving rise to the failure of the board to make payment on its bonds in a timely manner, impose on the board a penalty of not more than 5% of the amount paid by the state pursuant to its guaranty for each instance in which a payment by the state is made.
- (4) (a) (i) If the state treasurer determines that amounts obtained under this section will not reimburse the state in full within one year from the state's payment of a board's scheduled debt service payment, the state treasurer shall pursue any legal action, including mandamus, against the board to compel it to:
- (A) levy and provide property tax revenues to pay debt service on its bonds when due as required by Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act; and
 - (B) meet its repayment obligations to the state.
- (ii) In pursuing its rights under this Subsection (4)(a), the state shall have the same substantive and procedural rights under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, as would a holder of the bonds of a board.
 - (b) The attorney general shall assist the state treasurer in these duties.
- (c) The board shall pay the attorney's fees, expenses, and costs of the state treasurer and the attorney general.
- (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c), any board whose operating funds were intercepted under this section may replace those funds from other board [monies] money or from ad valorem property taxes, subject to the limitations provided in this Subsection (5).
- (b) A board may use ad valorem property taxes or other [monies] money to replace intercepted funds only if the ad valorem property taxes or other [monies were] money was derived from:
- (i) taxes originally levied to make the payment but which were not timely received by the board;
- 3746 (ii) taxes from a special levy made to make the missed payment or to replace the 3747 intercepted [monies] money;

3748 (iii) [monies] money transferred from the capital outlay fund of the board or the 3749 undistributed reserve, if any, of the board; or (iv) any other source of money on hand and legally available. 3750 3751 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b), a board may not 3752 replace operating funds intercepted by the state with [monies] money collected and held to 3753 make payments on bonds if that replacement would divert [monies] money from the payment 3754 of future debt service on the bonds and increase the risk that the state's guaranty would be 3755 called upon a second time. 3756 Section 70. Section **53A-28-401** is amended to read: 3757 53A-28-401. Backup liquidity arrangements -- Issuance of notes. 3758 (1) (a) If, at the time the state is required to make a debt service payment under its 3759 guaranty on behalf of a board, sufficient [monies] money of the state [are] is not on hand and 3760 available for that purpose, the state treasurer may: 3761 (i) seek a loan from the Permanent School Fund sufficient to make the required 3762 payment; or 3763 (ii) issue state debt as provided in Subsection (2). 3764 (b) Nothing in this Subsection (1) requires the Permanent School Fund to lend 3765 [monies] money to the state treasurer. 3766 (2) (a) The state treasurer may issue state debt in the form of general obligation notes 3767 to meet its obligations under this chapter. 3768 (b) The amount of notes issued may not exceed the amount necessary to make payment 3769 on all bonds with respect to which the notes are issued plus all costs of issuance, sale, and 3770 delivery of the notes, rounded up to the nearest natural multiple of \$5,000. 3771 (c) Each series of notes issued may not mature later than 18 months from the date the 3772 notes are issued. 3773 (d) Notes issued may be refunded using the procedures set forth in this chapter for the 3774 issuance of notes, in an amount not more than the amount necessary to pay principal of and

(e) Each series of refunding notes may not mature later than 18 months from the date the refunding notes are issued.

of the refunding notes, rounded up to the nearest natural multiple of \$5,000.

accrued but unpaid interest on any refunded notes plus all costs of issuance, sale, and delivery

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value, and all details of issuance of the notes.

plan of financing and with this chapter.

3779 (3) (a) Before issuing or selling any general obligation note to other than a state fund or 3780 account, the state treasurer shall: 3781 (i) prepare a written plan of financing; and 3782 (ii) file it with the governor. 3783 (b) The plan of financing shall provide for: 3784 (i) the terms and conditions under which the notes will be issued, sold, and delivered; 3785 (ii) the taxes or revenues to be anticipated; 3786 (iii) the maximum amount of notes that may be outstanding at any one time under the 3787 plan of financing; 3788 (iv) the sources of payment of the notes; 3789 (v) the rate or rates of interest, if any, on the notes or a method, formula, or index under 3790 which the interest rate or rates on the notes may be determined during the time the notes are 3791 outstanding; and 3792 (vi) all other details relating to the issuance, sale, and delivery of the notes. 3793 (c) In identifying the taxes or revenues to be anticipated and the sources of payment of 3794 the notes in the financing plan, the state treasurer may include: 3795 (i) the taxes authorized by Section 53A-28-402; 3796 (ii) the intercepted revenues authorized by Section 53A-28-302; 3797 (iii) the proceeds of refunding notes; or 3798 (iv) any combination of Subsections (3)(c)(i), (ii), and (iii). 3799 (d) The state treasurer may include in the plan of financing the terms and conditions of 3800 arrangements entered into by the state treasurer on behalf of the state with financial and other 3801 institutions for letters of credit, standby letters of credit, reimbursement agreements, and 3802 remarketing, indexing, and tender agent agreements to secure the notes, including payment 3803 from any legally available source of fees, charges, or other amounts coming due under the 3804 agreements entered into by the state treasurer. 3805 (e) When issuing the notes, the state treasurer shall issue an order setting forth the 3806 interest, form, manner of execution, payment, manner of sale, prices at, above, or below face

(f) The order and the details set forth in the order shall conform with any applicable

(g) (i) Each note shall recite that it is a valid obligation of the state and that the full
faith, credit, and resources of the state are pledged for the payment of the principal of and
interest on the note from the taxes or revenues identified in accordance with its terms and the
constitution and laws of Utah.

- (ii) These general obligation notes do not constitute debt of the state for the purposes of the 1.5% debt limitation of the Utah Constitution, Article XIV, Section 1.
 - (h) Immediately upon the completion of any sale of notes, the state treasurer shall:
- (i) make a verified return of the sale to the state auditor, specifying the amount of notes sold, the persons to whom the notes were sold, and the price, terms, and conditions of the sale; and
- (ii) credit the proceeds of sale, other than accrued interest and amounts required to pay costs of issuance of the notes, to the General Fund to be applied to the purpose for which the notes were issued.
 - Section 71. Section **53A-28-402** is amended to read:

53A-28-402. Unlimited ad valorem tax as pledge of full faith and credit -- State Tax Commission duties -- Property tax abated.

- (1) (a) In each year after the issuance of general obligation notes under this chapter and until all outstanding notes are retired, there is levied a direct annual tax on all real and personal property within the state subject to state taxation, sufficient to pay all principal of and interest on the general obligation notes as they become due.
- (b) If [monies] money expected to be intercepted under Section 53A-28-302 [are] is expected to be insufficient to reimburse the state for its payments of school districts' scheduled debt service payments or if it is necessary for the state treasurer to borrow as provided in Section 53A-28-401 and amounts to be intercepted under Section 53A-28-302 are expected to be insufficient to timely pay the general obligation notes issued or other borrowing undertaken under that section, the state treasurer shall certify to and give notice to the state tax commission of the amount of the deficiency.
- (c) After receipt of that certified notice from the state treasurer, the state tax commission shall:
- (i) immediately fix the tax rate necessary and levy direct ad valorem property tax on all real and personal property in the state subject to state taxation sufficient to provide [monies]

3841	<u>money</u> in the amount of the deficiency stated in the notice; and
3842	(ii) require that the tax be collected and remitted as soon as may be in the ordinary
3843	course of ad valorem tax levy and collection.
3844	(2) To the extent that other legally available revenues and funds of the state are
3845	sufficient to meet the certified deficiency, the property tax for this purpose is abated.
3846	Section 72. Section 53B-8a-103 is amended to read:
3847	53B-8a-103. Creation of Utah Educational Savings Plan Powers and duties of
3848	plan.
3849	(1) There is created the Utah Educational Savings Plan, which may also be known and
3850	function as the Utah Educational Savings Plan Trust.
3851	(2) The plan:
3852	(a) is a non-profit, self-supporting agency that administers a public trust;
3853	(b) shall administer the various programs, funds, trusts, plans, functions, duties, and
3854	obligations assigned to the plan:
3855	(i) consistent with sound fiduciary principles; and
3856	(ii) subject to review of the board; and
3857	(c) shall be known as and managed as a qualified tuition program in compliance with
3858	Section 529, Internal Revenue Code, that is sponsored by the state.
3859	(3) The plan may:
3860	(a) make and enter into contracts necessary for the administration of the plan payable
3861	from plan [moneys] money, including:
3862	(i) contracts for goods and services; and
3863	(ii) contracts to engage:
3864	(A) personnel, including consultants, actuaries, managers, counsel, and auditors for the
3865	purpose of rendering professional, managerial, and technical assistance and advice; and
3866	(B) one or more investment advisors, registered under the Investment Advisers Act of
3867	1940, with at least 5,000 advisory clients and at least \$1,000,000,000 under management, to
3868	provide investment advice to the board with respect to the assets held in each account;
3869	(b) adopt a corporate seal and change and amend it from time to time;
3870	(c) invest [moneys] money within the program fund:
3871	(i) (A) in any investments that are determined by the board to be appropriate; or

3872	(B) in mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, consistent
	• •
3873	with the best interests of a designated beneficiary's higher education funding needs; and
3874	(ii) that [are] is in compliance with rules of the State Money Management Council
3875	applicable to gift funds;
3876	(d) invest [moneys] money within the endowment fund in any investments that are:
3877	(i) determined by the board to be appropriate;
3878	(ii) approved by the state treasurer; and
3879	(iii) in compliance with rules of the State Money Management Council applicable to
3880	gift funds;
3881	(e) enter into agreements with account owners, any institution of higher education, any
3882	federal or state agency, or other entity as required to implement this chapter;
3883	(f) solicit and accept any grants, gifts, legislative appropriations, and other [moneys]
3884	money from the state, any unit of federal, state, or local government, or any other person, firm,
3885	partnership, or corporation for deposit to the administrative fund, endowment fund, or the
3886	program fund;
3887	(g) make provision for the payment of costs of administration and operation of the
3888	plan;
3889	(h) carry out studies and projections in order to advise account owners regarding
3890	present and estimated future higher education costs and levels of financial participation in the
3891	plan required in order to enable account owners to achieve their educational funding objective;
3892	(i) participate in federal, state, local governmental, or private programs;
3893	(j) create public and private partnerships, including investment or management
3894	relationships with other 529 plans or entities;
3895	(k) promulgate, impose, and collect administrative fees and charges in connection with
3896	transactions of the plan, and provide for reasonable service charges;
3897	(l) procure insurance:
3898	(i) against any loss in connection with the property, assets, or activities of the plan; and
3899	(ii) indemnifying any member of the board from personal loss or accountability arising
3900	from liability resulting from a member's action or inaction as a member of the plan's board;
3900 3901 3902	(m) administer outreach efforts to:(i) market and publicize the plan and its products to existing and prospective account

3903	owners; and
3904	(ii) encourage economically challenged populations to save for post-secondary
3905	education;
3906	(n) adopt, trademark, and copyright names and materials for use in marketing and
3907	publicizing the plan and its products;
3908	(o) administer the funds of the plan;
3909	(p) sue and be sued in its own name; and
3910	(q) have and exercise any other powers or duties that are necessary or appropriate to
3911	carry out and effectuate the purposes of this chapter.
3912	Section 73. Section 53B-13-107 is amended to read:
3913	53B-13-107. Payment of funds Payment on warrants Contracts with
3914	bondholders Security.
3915	(1) The funds of the board, except as otherwise authorized or provided in this section,
3916	are paid to the state treasurer.
3917	(2) The [moneys] money in the accounts [are] is paid out on warrants signed by the
3918	State Division of Finance on requisition of the chairman of the board or of a board authorized
3919	officer or employee.
3920	(3) The board, subject to the approval of the state treasurer, may contract with the
3921	holders of its bonds as to the custody, collection, securing, investment, and payment of money
3922	of the board or of money held in trust or otherwise for the payment of bonds.
3923	(4) Money held in trust or otherwise for the payment of bonds or to secure bonds and
3924	deposits of the money may be secured in the same manner as money of the board.
3925	(5) Banks and trust companies are authorized to give such security for the deposits.
3926	Section 74. Section 53B-21-105 is amended to read:
3927	53B-21-105. Disposition and use of income from operation of buildings
3928	Payment of principal and interest on bonds.
3929	(1) Except for the revenues paid directly to a trustee under Subsection
3930	53B-21-102(3)(f), all income and revenues from the operation of the buildings under this
3931	chapter are deposited as collected in a fund established in compliance with the State Money
3932	Management Act [of 1974].
3933	(2) (a) [These moneys are] This money is for the payment of the principal and interest

3934	on the bonds authorized under this chapter.
3935	(b) [They] The money shall also be used, to the extent provided in the resolution
3936	authorizing the bonds, to pay for the cost of maintaining and operating the building and to
3937	establish reserves for that purpose.
3938	(3) The State Board of Regents treasurer or other designated fiscal officer shall, not
3939	less than 15 days prior to the date interest and principal payments are due, transmit to the
3940	paying agent sufficient money from the fund to pay the obligation.
3941	Section 75. Section 53C-3-202 is amended to read:
3942	53C-3-202. Collection and distribution of revenues from federal land exchange
3943	parcels.
3944	(1) The director shall collect all bonus payments, rentals, and royalties from the lease
3945	of:
3946	(a) minerals on acquired lands;
3947	(b) acquired mineral interests;
3948	(c) minerals on exchanged lands; and
3949	(d) exchanged mineral interests.
3950	(2) No later than the last day of the second month following each calendar quarter, the
3951	director shall distribute:
3952	(a) bonus payments received during the calendar quarter from the lease of coal, oil and
3953	gas, and coalbed methane on the identified tracts as follows:
3954	(i) 50% to the United States; and
3955	(ii) 50% to the Land Exchange Distribution Account created in Section 53C-3-203;
3956	(b) rentals and royalties received during the calendar quarter from the lease of subject
3957	minerals on the acquired lands and the lease of acquired mineral interests as follows:
3958	(i) 50% to the Land Grant Management Fund created by Section 53C-3-101; and
3959	(ii) 50% to the Land Exchange Distribution Account created in Section 53C-3-203;
3960	(c) mineral bonus, rental, and royalty revenue generated from the lease of subject
3961	minerals, other than oil shale, on exchanged lands or from the lease of exchanged mineral
3962	interests, other than interests in oil shale, as follows:
3963	(i) 50% to the Land Grant Management Fund created by Section 53C-3-101; and

(ii) 50% to the Land Exchange Distribution Account created in Section 53C-3-203; and

- (d) mineral bonus, rental, and royalty revenue generated from the lease of oil shale on exchanged lands or the lease of exchanged mineral interests that are interests in oil shale, net of amounts paid to the United States pursuant to a reserved interest of the United States in oil shale, as follows:
 - (i) 50% to the Land Grant Management Fund created by Section 53C-3-101; and
 - (ii) 50% to the Land Exchange Distribution Account created in Section 53C-3-203.
- (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the director may retain up to 3% of the [monies] money collected under Subsection (1) to pay for administrative costs incurred under Subsections (1) and (2).
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the director may deduct administrative costs before distributions are made under Subsection (2).
- (c) The director may not deduct administrative costs from the portion of collections derived from minerals on exchanged lands or exchanged mineral interests that is equal to the United States' reserved interest in oil shale.
 - (d) The director shall keep the administrative cost deductions in separate accounts.
 - (e) The [monies] money retained under Subsection (3)(a) [are] is nonlapsing.
- (f) The director shall distribute in accordance with Subsection (2) the unused balance of the [monies] money retained under Subsection (3)(a) that exceeds \$2,000,000 at the end of a fiscal year.
 - Section 76. Section **54-4-15.2** is amended to read:

54-4-15.2. Signals or devices at grade crossings -- Funds for payment of costs.

The funds provided by the state for purposes of this act shall be used in conjunction with other available [moneys] money, including [those] money received from federal sources, to pay all or part of the cost of the installation, maintenance, reconstruction or improvement of any signals or devices described in Section 54-4-15.1 at any grade crossing of a public highway or any road over the tracks of any railroad or street railroad corporation in this state.

Section 77. Section **54-7-17** is amended to read:

54-7-17. Stay of commission's order or decision pending appeal.

- (1) A petition for judicial review does not stay or suspend the operation of the order or decision of the commission.
- (2) (a) The court may stay or suspend, in whole or in part, the operation of the

commission's order or decision after at least three days' notice and after a hearing.

- (b) If the court stays or suspends the order or decision of the commission, the order shall contain a specific finding, based upon evidence submitted to the court and identified by reference, that:
- (i) great or irreparable damage will result to the petitioner absent suspension or a stay of the order; and
 - (ii) specifies the nature of the damage.

- (3) (a) The court's order staying or suspending the decision of the commission is not effective until a supersedeas bond is executed, filed with, and approved by the commission (or approved, on review, by the court).
- (b) The bond shall be payable to the state, and shall be sufficient in amount and security to insure the prompt payment by the party petitioning for the review of:
- (i) all damages caused by the delay in the enforcement of the order or decision of the commission; and
- (ii) all [moneys] money that any person or corporation is compelled to pay, pending the review proceedings, for transportation, transmission, product, commodity, or service in excess of the charges fixed by the order or decision of the commission.
- (c) Whenever necessary to insure the prompt payment of damages and any overcharges, the court may order the party petitioning for a review to give additional security or to increase the supersedeas bond.
- (4) (a) When the court stays or suspends the order or decision of the commission in any matter affecting rates, fares, tolls, rentals, charges, or classifications, it shall order the public utility affected to pay into court, or into some bank or trust company paying interest on deposits, all sums of money collected by the public utility that are greater than the sum a person would have paid if the order or decision of the commission had not been stayed or suspended.
- (b) (i) Upon the final decision by the court, the public utility shall refund all [moneys] money collected by it that [are greater than those] exceeds the amount authorized by the court's final decision, together with interest if the [moneys were] money was deposited in a bank or trust company, to the persons entitled to the refund.
 - (ii) The commission shall prescribe the methods for distributing the refund.
 - (c) (i) If any of the refund money has not been claimed within one year from the final

4027	decision of the court, the commission shall publish notice of the refund:
4028	(A) (I) once per week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
4029	printed and published in the city and county of Salt Lake; and
4030	(II) in any other newspapers that the commission designates; and
4031	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two successive weeks.
4032	(ii) The notice shall state the names of the persons entitled to the [moneys] money and
4033	the amount due each person.
4034	(iii) All [moneys] money not claimed within three months after the publication of the
4035	notice shall be paid by the public utility into the General Fund.
4036	(5) When the court stays or suspends any order or decision lowering any rate, fare, toll,
4037	rental, charge, or classification, after the execution and approval of the supersedeas bond, the
4038	commission shall order the public utility affected to keep accounts, verified by oath, that show:
4039	(a) the amounts being charged or received by the public utility; and
4040	(b) the names and addresses of the persons to whom overcharges will be refundable.
4041	Section 78. Section 54-8b-10 is amended to read:
4042	54-8b-10. Imposing a surcharge to provide hearing and speech impaired persons
4043	with telecommunication devices Definitions Procedures for establishing program
4044	Surcharge Administration and disposition of surcharge money.
4045	(1) As used in this section:
4046	(a) "Certified deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired person" means any state
4047	resident who:
4048	(i) is so certified by:
4049	(A) a licensed physician;
4050	(B) an otolaryngologist;
4051	(C) a speech language pathologist;
4052	(D) an audiologist; or
4053	(E) a qualified state agency; and
4054	(ii) qualifies for assistance under any low income public assistance program
4055	administered by a state agency.
4056	(b) "Certified interpreter" means a person who is a certified interpreter under Title
4057	53A, Chapter 26a, Interpreter Services for the Hearing Impaired Act.

4058	(c) (i) "Telecommunication device" means any mechanical adaptation device that
4059	enables a deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired person to use the telephone.
4060	(ii) "Telecommunication device" includes:
4061	(A) telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD);
4062	(B) telephone amplifiers;
4063	(C) telephone signal devices;
4064	(D) artificial larynxes; and
4065	(E) adaptive equipment for TDD keyboard access.
4066	(2) The commission shall hold hearings to establish a program whereby any certified
4067	deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired customer of a telephone corporation that provides
4068	service through a local exchange or of a wireless telecommunications provider may obtain a
4069	telecommunication device capable of serving the customer at no charge to the customer beyond
4070	the rate for basic service.
4071	(3) (a) The program described in Subsection (2) shall provide a dual party relay system
4072	using third party intervention to connect a certified deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired
4073	person with a normal hearing person by way of telecommunication devices designed for that
4074	purpose.
4075	(b) The commission may, by rule, establish the type of telecommunications device to
4076	be provided to ensure functional equivalence.
4077	(4) (a) The commission shall impose a surcharge on each residence and business access
4078	line of each customer to the local exchange of any telephone corporation providing such lines
4079	in this state to cover the costs of:
4080	(i) the program described in Subsection (2); and
4081	(ii) payments made under Subsection (5).
4082	(b) The commission shall establish by rule the amount to be charged under this section,
4083	which may not exceed 25 cents per residence and business access line.
4084	(c) The telephone corporation shall collect the surcharge from its customers and
4085	transfer the money collected to the commission under rules adopted by the commission.
4086	(d) The surcharge shall be separately identified on customer bills.

(5) (a) Any money collected from the surcharge imposed under Subsection (4) shall be

deposited in the state treasury as dedicated credits to be administered as determined by the

4087

4089	Public Service Commission.
4090	(b) These dedicated credits may be used only:
4091	(i) for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and distribution of telecommunication
4092	devices;
4093	(ii) for the acquisition, operation, maintenance, and repair of a dual party relay system;
4094	(iii) to reimburse telephone corporations for the expenses incurred in collecting and
4095	transferring to the commission the surcharge imposed by the commission;
4096	(iv) for the general administration of the program;
4097	(v) to train persons in the use of telecommunications devices; and
4098	(vi) by the commission to contract, in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah
4099	Procurement Code, with:
4100	(A) an institution within the state system of higher education listed in Section
4101	53B-1-102 for a program approved by the Board of Regents that trains persons to qualify as
4102	certified interpreters; or
4103	(B) the Division of Services to the Deaf and Hard of Hearing for a program that trains
4104	persons to qualify as certified interpreters.
4105	(c) (i) The commission shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
4106	Administrative Rulemaking Act, for the administration of [monies] money under Subsection
4107	(5)(b)(vi).
4108	(ii) In the initial rulemaking to determine the administration of [monies] money under
4109	Subsection (5)(b)(vi), the commission shall give notice and hold a public hearing.
4110	(d) [Monies] Money received by the commission under Subsection (4) [are] is
4111	nonlapsing.
4112	(6) (a) The telephone surcharge need not be collected by a local exchange company if
4113	the amount collected would be less than the actual administrative costs of the collection.
4114	(b) If Subsection (6)(a) applies, the local exchange company shall submit to the
4115	commission, in lieu of the revenue from the surcharge collection, a breakdown of the
4116	anticipated costs and the expected revenue from the collection, showing that the costs exceed
4117	the revenue.
4118	(7) The commission shall solicit the advice, counsel, and physical assistance of

severely hearing or speech impaired persons and the organizations serving them in the design

and implementation of the program.

Section 79. Section **54-9-106** is amended to read:

54-9-106. Funding -- Power sales contracts -- Revenue bonds -- Fee in lieu of ad valorem property taxes -- Bond issues -- Public purpose.

- (1) A public power entity participating in common facilities under this chapter may furnish money and provide property, both real and personal, and, in addition to any other authority now existing, may issue and sell, either at public or privately negotiated sale, general obligation bonds or revenue bonds, pledging either the revenues of its entire electric system or only its interest or share of the revenues derived from the common facilities in order to pay its respective share of the costs of the planning, financing, acquisition, construction, repair, and replacement of common facilities.
- (2) (a) Capacity or output derived by a public power entity from its ownership share of common facilities not then required by the public power entity for its own use and for the use of its customers may be sold or exchanged for a consideration, for a period, and upon other terms and conditions as may be determined by the parties prior to the sale and as embodied in a power sales contract.
- (b) Any revenues arising under a power sales contract under Subsection (2)(a) may be pledged by the public power entity to the payment of revenue bonds issued to pay its respective share of the costs of the common facilities.
- (c) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(c), "nonexempt purchaser" means a purchaser that is not exempt from property taxes under Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 2.
- (ii) (A) Each power sales contract between a public power entity and a nonexempt purchaser shall contain a provision requiring the nonexempt purchaser to pay an annual fee to the public power entity in lieu of ad valorem property taxes.
- (B) The amount of the fee in lieu of ad valorem property taxes under Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be based on the taxable value of the public power entity's percentage ownership of the common facilities used to produce the capacity or output that the public power entity sells to or exchanges with the nonexempt purchaser.
- (iii) The public power entity shall pay over to the county treasurer each fee in lieu of ad valorem property taxes that it receives from a nonexempt purchaser for distribution in the same manner as other ad valorem tax revenues.

(iv) This Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to a public power entity to the extent that its
interest in common facilities is subject to or exempt from the fee in lieu of ad valorem property
taxes under Section 11-13-302.

- (3) A public power entity acquiring or owning an undivided interest in common facilities may contract with a county to pay, solely from the revenues derived from the interest of the public power entity in the common facilities, to the county or counties in which the common facilities are located, an annual fee in lieu of ad valorem property taxes based upon the taxable value of the percentage of the ownership share of the public power entity in the common facilities, which fee in lieu of ad valorem property taxes shall be paid over by the public power entity to the county treasurer of the county or counties in which the common facilities are located for distribution as per distribution of other ad valorem tax revenues.
- (4) (a) Bonds issued by a city or town shall be issued under the applicable provisions of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, authorizing the issuance of bonds for the acquisition and construction of electric public utility properties by cities or towns.
- (b) Bonds or other debt instruments issued by an interlocal entity shall be issued under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other applicable law.
- (5) All [moneys] money paid or property supplied by a public power entity for the purpose of carrying out powers conferred by this chapter [are] is declared to be for a public purpose.
 - Section 80. Section **58-63-103** is amended to read:

58-63-103. Use of dedicated credits for licensing, education, and enforcement.

- (1) The director may, with the concurrence of the board, use the [monies] money collected under Section 58-63-503 for the following purposes:
 - (a) educating and training licensees under this chapter;
- (b) educating and training the general public or other interested persons in matters concerning the laws that govern the practices licensed under this chapter; and
 - (c) enforcing this chapter by:
 - (i) investigating unprofessional or unlawful conduct; and
- 4179 (ii) providing legal representation to the division when it takes legal action against a 4180 person charged with unprofessional or unlawful conduct.
- 4181 (2) The [monies] money collected under Section 58-63-503 and used for the purposes

4182	listed in Subsection (1) [are] is nonlapsing.
4183	Section 81. Section 59-2-1365 is amended to read:
4184	59-2-1365. Payment to taxing entities by county treasurer Investment of
4185	proceeds Transfer and receipt of money between taxing entities.
4186	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the county treasurer shall pay to the
4187	treasurer of each taxing entity in the county on or before the tenth day of each month:
4188	(a) all [moneys] money that the county treasurer received during the preceding month
4189	that [are] is due to the taxing entity; and
4190	(b) each taxing entity's proportionate share of [moneys] money the county treasurer
4191	received during the preceding month for:
4192	(i) delinquent taxes;
4193	(ii) interest;
4194	(iii) penalties; and
4195	(iv) costs on all tax sales and redemptions.
4196	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the county treasurer shall:
4197	(a) adopt an appropriate procedure to account for the transfer and receipt of [moneys]
4198	money between taxing entities;
4199	(b) make a final annual settlement on March 31 with each taxing entity, including
4200	providing the taxing entity a written statement for the most recent calendar year of the amount
4201	of:
4202	(i) total taxes charged;
4203	(ii) current taxes collected;
4204	(iii) treasurer's relief;
4205	(iv) redemptions;
4206	(v) penalties;
4207	(vi) interest;
4208	(vii) in lieu fee collections on motor vehicles; and
4209	(viii) miscellaneous collections;
4210	(c) invest the [moneys] money it receives under Subsection (1); and
4211	(d) pay annually to each taxing entity in the county the interest earned on the invested
4212	[moneys] money under Subsection (2)(c):

4213	(1) on or before March 31; and
4214	(ii) apportioned according to the proportion that the taxing entity's tax receipts bear to
4215	the total tax receipts received by the county treasurer.
4216	(3) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) and (2), a county may:
4217	(a) negotiate with a taxing entity a procedure other than the procedure provided in
4218	Subsection (2)(a) to account for the transfer and receipt of [moneys] money between the county
4219	and the taxing entity; and
4220	(b) establish a date other than the tenth day of each month for the county treasurer to
4221	make payments required under Subsection (1).
4222	(4) This section does not invalidate an existing contract between a county and a taxing
4223	entity relating to the apportionment and payment of [moneys] money or interest.
4224	Section 82. Section 59-9-102.5 is amended to read:
4225	59-9-102.5. Offset for occupational health and safety related donations.
4226	(1) As used in this section:
4227	(a) "Occupational health and safety center" means the Rocky Mountain Center for
4228	Occupational and Environmental Health created in Title 53B, Chapter 17, Part 8, Rocky
4229	Mountain Center for Occupational and Environmental Health.
4230	(b) "Qualified donation" means a donation that is:
4231	(i) cash;
4232	(ii) given directly to an occupational health and safety center; and
4233	(iii) given exclusively for the purpose of:
4234	(A) supporting graduate level education and training in fields of:
4235	(I) safety and ergonomics;
4236	(II) industrial hygiene;
4237	(III) occupational health nursing; and
4238	(IV) occupational medicine;
4239	(B) providing continuing education programs for employers designed to promote
4240	workplace safety; and
4241	(C) paying reasonable administrative, personnel, equipment, and overhead costs of the
4242	occupational health and safety center.
4243	(c) "Workers' compensation insurer" means an admitted insurer writing workers'

4244	compensation insurance in this state that is required to pay the premium assessment imposed
4245	under Subsection 59-9-101(2).
4246	(2) (a) A workers' compensation insurer may offset against the premium assessment
4247	imposed under Subsection 59-9-101(2) an amount equal to the lesser of:
4248	(i) the total of qualified donations made by the workers' compensation insurer in the
4249	calendar year for which the premium assessment is calculated; and
4250	(ii) .10% of the workers' compensation insurer's total workers' compensation premium
4251	income as defined in Subsection 59-9-101(2)(b) in the calendar year for which the premium
4252	assessment is calculated.
4253	(b) The offset provided under this Subsection (2) shall be allocated in proportion to the
4254	percentages provided in Subsection 59-9-101(2)(c).
4255	(3) An occupational health and safety center shall:
4256	(a) provide a workers' compensation insurer a receipt for any qualified donation made
4257	by the workers' compensation insurer to the occupational health and safety center;
4258	(b) expend [monies] money received by a qualified donation:
4259	(i) for the purposes described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
4260	(ii) in a manner that can be audited to ensure that the [monies are] money is expended
4261	for the purposes described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
4262	(c) in conjunction with the report required by Section 34A-2-202.5, report to the
4263	Legislature through the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by no later than July 1 of each
4264	year:
4265	(i) the qualified donations received by the occupational health and safety center in the
4266	previous calendar year; and
4267	(ii) the expenditures during the previous calendar year of qualified donations received
4268	by the occupational health and safety center.
4269	Section 83. Section 59-12-103 is amended to read:
4270	59-12-103. Sales and use tax base Rates Effective dates Use of sales and use
4271	tax revenues.
4272	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part for amounts paid or
4273	charged for the following transactions:
4274	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;

4275 (b) amounts paid for: 4276 (i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that 4277 originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state: (ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the 4278 4279 boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications 4280 Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or (iii) an ancillary service associated with a: 4281 4282 (A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or 4283 (B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); 4284 (c) sales of the following for commercial use: 4285 (i) gas; 4286 (ii) electricity; 4287 (iii) heat; 4288 (iv) coal; 4289 (v) fuel oil; or 4290 (vi) other fuels; 4291 (d) sales of the following for residential use: 4292 (i) gas; 4293 (ii) electricity; 4294 (iii) heat; 4295 (iv) coal; 4296 (v) fuel oil; or 4297 (vi) other fuels; 4298 (e) sales of prepared food; 4299 (f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or 4300 user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature, 4301 exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries, 4302 fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit 4303 television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf 4304 driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails, 4305 tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,

4306	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
4307	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
4308	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
4309	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
4310	(i) the tangible personal property; and
4311	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
4312	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), whether or not any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations
4313	of that tangible personal property;
4314	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
4315	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
4316	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
4317	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
4318	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
4319	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
4320	this state the tangible personal property is:
4321	(i) stored;
4322	(ii) used; or
4323	(iii) otherwise consumed;
4324	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
4325	tangible personal property is:
4326	(i) stored;
4327	(ii) used; or
4328	(iii) consumed; and
4329	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
4330	(i) (A) of a product that:
4331	(I) is transferred electronically; and
4332	(II) would be subject to a tax under this chapter if the product was transferred in a
4333	manner other than electronically; or
4334	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product that:
4335	(I) is transferred electronically; and
4336	(II) would be subject to a tax under this chapter if the product was transferred in a

4337	manner other than electronically; and
4338	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
4339	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
4340	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
4341	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
4342	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition.
4343	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (e), a state tax and a local tax
4344	is imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
4345	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:
4346	(A) 4.70%; and
4347	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
4348	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
4349	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
4350	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4351	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
4352	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
4353	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
4354	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4355	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
4356	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
4357	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
4358	on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
4359	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
4360	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
4361	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
4362	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d) or (e), a state tax and a local tax is imposed
4363	on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
4364	(i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at
4365	a tax rate of 1.75%; and
4366	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
4367	amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.

4368	(d) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and
4369	tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is
4370	imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
4371	(A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
4372	(I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
4373	(II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State
4374	Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections
4375	59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18,
4376	Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4377	(Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State
4378	Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections
4379	59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which
4380	the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
4381	(B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates
4382	described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
4383	(ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d)(iii), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled
4384	transaction described in Subsection (2)(d)(i):
4385	(A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal
4386	property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible
4387	personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the
4388	entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
4389	(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible
4390	personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the
4391	books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
4392	(II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
4393	(B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of
4394	tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter
4395	at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the
4396	higher tax rate unless:
4397	(I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible
4398	personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower

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4399	tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
4400	(II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
4401	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(d)(ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the
4402	seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular
4403	course of business for nontax purposes.
4404	(e) Subject to Subsections (2)(f) and (g), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax
4405	rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
4406	(i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4407	(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4408	(iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
4409	(iv) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4410	(f) (i) A tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that
4411	begins after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction
4412	begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
4413	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4414	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4415	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
4416	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4417	(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last
4418	billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate
4419	decrease if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of
4420	the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
4421	(A) Subsection $(2)(a)(i)(A)$;
4422	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4423	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
4424	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4425	(g) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(g)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale
4426	is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal
4427	or change in a tax rate takes effect:

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

H.B. 186

01-12-11 11:52 AM

4430	(ii) Subsection (2)(g)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:
4431	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4432	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4433	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
4434	(D) Subsection $(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$.
4435	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4436	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
4437	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
4438	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4439	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4440	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
4441	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
4442	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
4443	in this chapter:
4444	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
4445	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
4446	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
4447	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B).
4448	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
4449	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be used as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
4450	through (g):
4451	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
4452	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
4453	(B) for the fiscal year; or
4454	(ii) \$17,500,000.
4455	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
4456	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the
4457	Department of Natural Resources to:
4458	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
4459	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
4460	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations

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4461	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
4462	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
4463	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
4464	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
4465	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
4466	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
4467	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
4468	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
4469	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
4470	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
4471	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
4472	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
4473	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
4474	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
4475	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund
4476	created in Section 4-18-6.
4477	(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
4478	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water
4479	Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for the adjudication of
4480	water rights.
4481	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:
4482	(A) 50% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Water Resources
4483	Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
4484	(B) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Utah Wastewater Loan
4485	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
4486	(C) 25% of any unexpended dedicated credits shall lapse to the Drinking Water Loan
4487	Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
4488	(e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described

in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Water Resources Conservation and Development

(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and

Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.

4492 Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and 4493 Development Fund may also be used to: 4494 (A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water 4495 Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of 4496 quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an 4497 area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and 4498 accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource; (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and 4499 4500 (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the 4501 hiring of technical and legal staff. 4502 (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 4503 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount 4504 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects. 4505 (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited in the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount 4506 4507 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to: 4508 (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and 4509 distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102; 4510 (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and 4511 (iii) develop surface water sources. 4512 (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 4513 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this 4514 Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1: 4515 (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the 4516 fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and 4517 (ii) \$17,500,000. 4518 (b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be: 4519 (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as dedicated

(B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or

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credits; and

restoration.

4523	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
4524	in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
4525	created in Section 73-10-24.
4526	(c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the
4527	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
4528	(A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as dedicated
4529	credits; and
4530	(B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects
4531	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
4532	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended dedicated credits described
4533	in Subsection $(5)(c)(i)$ shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
4534	created in Section 73-10-24.
4535	(d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 94% of the
4536	remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water
4537	Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the
4538	Division of Water Resources for:
4539	(i) preconstruction costs:
4540	(A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter
4541	26, Bear River Development Act; and
4542	(B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project
4543	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
4544	(ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,
4545	Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;
4546	(iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project
4547	authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
4548	(iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, 73-10-30, and
4549	Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
4550	(e) Any unexpended [monies] money described in Subsection (5)(d) that [remain]
4551	remains in the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund at the end of the fiscal
4552	year [are] is nonlapsing.
4553	(f) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c) and subject to

4554 Subsection (5)(g), 6% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be 4555 transferred each year as dedicated credits to the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs 4556 incurred for employing additional technical staff for the administration of water rights. (g) At the end of each fiscal year, any unexpended dedicated credits described in 4557 4558

- Subsection (5)(f) over \$150,000 lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
- (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year shall be deposited in the Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102.
- (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and until Subsection (7)(b) applies, beginning on January 1, 2000, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account created in Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable transactions under Subsection (1).
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), when the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations Committee under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to the revenues generated by a 1/64% tax rate on the taxable transactions under Subsection (1).
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to the amount deposited in Subsection (7)(a), for the 2010-11 fiscal year only, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account created by Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 1.93% of the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:
 - (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 4583 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);

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4584 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and

4585	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
4586	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amount deposited in
4587	Subsection (7)(a), and until Subsection (8)(c) applies, for a fiscal year beginning on or after
4588	July 1, 2011, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Centennial Highway Fund
4589	Restricted Account created by Section 72-2-118 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection
4590	(3)(a) equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes, which represents a
4591	portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated annually by the sales
4592	and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:
4593	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4594	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4595	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
4596	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
4597	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to the amounts deposited under
4598	Subsection (7)(b), when the highway general obligation bonds have been paid off and the
4599	highway projects completed that are intended to be paid from revenues deposited in the
4600	Centennial Highway Fund Restricted Account as determined by the Executive Appropriations
4601	Committee under Subsection 72-2-118(6)(d), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the
4602	Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes
4603	listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 8.3% of the revenues collected from the following taxes
4604	which represents a portion of the approximately 17% of sales and use tax revenues generated
4605	annually by the sales and use tax on vehicles and vehicle-related products:
4606	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
4607	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
4608	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
4609	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A)(I).
4610	(9) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for the fiscal year 2008-09 only, the
4611	Division of Finance shall deposit \$55,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed
4612	under Subsection (3)(a) into the Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125.
4613	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and until Subsection (9)(c) applies, for a fiscal
4614	year beginning on or after July 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall annually deposit
4615	\$90,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the

Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125.

- (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (7) and (8), when the general obligation bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are included in the prioritized project list under Subsection 72-2-125(4) as determined in accordance with Subsection 72-2-125(6), the Division of Finance shall annually deposit \$90,000,000 of the revenues generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124.
- (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 9-4-1409 and expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.
- (11) (a) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (11)(a)(ii), and until Subsection (11)(b) applies, beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Critical Highway Needs Fund created by Section 72-2-125 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (11)(a)(i), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Critical Highway Needs Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
- (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), except as provided in Subsection (11)(b)(ii), and in addition to any amounts deposited under Subsections (7), (9), and (10), when the general obligation bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 have been paid off and the highway projects completed that are included in the prioritized project list under Subsection 72-2-125(4) as determined in accordance with Subsection 72-2-125(6), the Division of Finance shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 the amount of tax revenue generated by a .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1).
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (11)(b)(i), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or

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1647	charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled
1648	transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than
1649	food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
4650	(12) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and except as provided in Subsection
4651	(12)(b), beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the

- (12)(b), beginning on January 1, 2009, the Division of Finance shall deposit into the
 Transportation Fund created by Section 72-2-102 the amount of tax revenue generated by a
 .025% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) to be expended to address
 chokepoints in construction management.
 - (b) For purposes of Subsection (12)(a), the Division of Finance may not deposit into the Transportation Fund any tax revenue generated by amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients, except for tax revenue generated by a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients described in Subsection (2)(e).
 - Section 84. Section **59-21-1** is amended to read:
 - 59-21-1. Disposition of federal mineral lease money -- Priority to political subdivisions impacted by mineral development -- Disposition of mineral bonus payments -- Appropriation of money attributable to royalties from extraction of minerals on federal land located within boundaries of Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument.
 - (1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) through (4), all [monies] money received from the United States under the provisions of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act, 30 U.S.C. Sec. 181 et seq., shall:
 - (a) be deposited in the Mineral Lease Account of the General Fund; and
 - (b) be appropriated by the Legislature giving priority to those subdivisions of the state socially or economically impacted by development of minerals leased under the Mineral Lands Leasing Act, for:
- 4672 (i) planning;
- 4673 (ii) construction and maintenance of public facilities; and
- 4674 (iii) provision of public services.
- 4675 (2) Seventy percent of money received from federal mineral lease bonus payments 4676 shall be deposited into the Permanent Community Impact Fund and shall be used as provided 4677 in Title 9, Chapter 4, Part 3, Community Impact Alleviation.

(3) Thirty percent of money received from federal mineral lease bonus payments shall

4679	be deposited in the Mineral Bonus Account created by Subsection 59-21-2(1) and appropriated
4680	as provided in that subsection.
4681	(4) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (4):
4682	(i) the "boundaries of the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument" means the
4683	boundaries:
4684	(A) established by Presidential Proclamation No. 6920, 61 Fed. Reg. 50,223 (1996);
4685	and
4686	(B) modified by:
4687	(I) Pub. L. No. 105-335, 112 Stat. 3139; and
4688	(II) Pub. L. No. 105-355, 112 Stat. 3247; and
4689	(ii) a special service district, school district, or federal land is considered to be located
4690	within the boundaries of the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument if a portion of the
4691	special service district, school district, or federal land is located within the boundaries
4692	described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
4693	(b) Beginning on July 1, 1999, the Legislature shall appropriate, as provided in
4694	Subsections (4)(c) through (g), [monies] money received from the United States that [are] is
4695	attributable to royalties from the extraction of minerals on federal land that, on September 18,
4696	1996, was located within the boundaries of the Grand Staircase-Escalante National Monument.
4697	(c) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 40% of the [monies] money described in
4698	Subsection (4)(b) to the Department of Transportation to be distributed by the Department of
4699	Transportation to special service districts that are:
4700	(i) established by counties under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
4701	(ii) socially or economically impacted by the development of minerals under the
4702	Mineral Lands Leasing Act; and
4703	(iii) located within the boundaries of the Grand Staircase-Escalante National
4704	Monument.
4705	(d) The Department of Transportation shall distribute the money described in
4706	Subsection (4)(c) in amounts proportionate to the amount of federal mineral lease money
4707	generated by the county in which a special service district is located.
4708	(e) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 40% of the [monies] money described in

4709	Subsection (4)(b) to the State Board of Education to be distributed equally to school districts
4710	that are:
4711	(i) socially or economically impacted by the development of minerals under the
4712	Mineral Lands Leasing Act; and
4713	(ii) located within the boundaries of the Grand Staircase-Escalante National
4714	Monument.
4715	(f) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 2.25% of the [monies] money described
4716	in Subsection (4)(b) to the Utah Geological Survey to facilitate the development of energy and
4717	mineral resources in counties that are:
4718	(i) socially or economically impacted by the development of minerals under the
4719	Mineral Lands Leasing Act; and
4720	(ii) located within the boundaries of the Grand Staircase-Escalante National
4721	Monument.
4722	(g) Seventeen and three-fourths percent of the [monies] money described in Subsection
4723	(4)(b) shall be deposited annually into the State School Fund established by Utah Constitution
4724	Article X, Section 5.
4725	Section 85. Section 59-21-2 is amended to read:
4726	59-21-2. Mineral Bonus Account created Contents Use of Mineral Bonus
4727	Account money Mineral Lease Account created Contents Appropriation of money
4728	from Mineral Lease Account.
4729	(1) (a) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the
4730	"Mineral Bonus Account."
4731	(b) The Mineral Bonus Account consists of federal mineral lease bonus payments
4732	deposited pursuant to Subsection 59-21-1(3).
4733	(c) The Legislature shall make appropriations from the Mineral Bonus Account in
4734	accordance with Section 35 of the Mineral Lands Leasing Act of 1920, 30 U.S.C. Sec. 191.
4735	(d) The state treasurer shall:
4736	(i) invest the money in the Mineral Bonus Account by following the procedures and
4737	requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act; and
4738	(ii) deposit all interest or other earnings derived from the account into the Mineral
4739	Bonus Account.

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4740	(2) (a) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the
4741	"Mineral Lease Account."
4742	(b) The Mineral Lease Account consists of federal mineral lease money deposited
4743	pursuant to Subsection 59-21-1(1).
4744	(c) The Legislature shall make appropriations from the Mineral Lease Account as
4745	provided in Subsection 59-21-1(1) and this Subsection (2).
4746	(d) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 32.5% of all deposits made to the
4747	Mineral Lease Account to the Permanent Community Impact Fund established by Section
4748	9-4-303.
4749	(e) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 2.25% of all deposits made to the
4750	Mineral Lease Account to the State Board of Education, to be used for education research and
4751	experimentation in the use of staff and facilities designed to improve the quality of education in
4752	Utah.
4753	(f) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 2.25% of all deposits made to the
4754	Mineral Lease Account to the Utah Geological Survey, to be used for activities carried on by
4755	the survey having as a purpose the development and exploitation of natural resources in the
4756	state.
4757	(g) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 2.25% of all deposits made to the
4758	Mineral Lease Account to the Water Research Laboratory at Utah State University, to be used
4759	for activities carried on by the laboratory having as a purpose the development and exploitation
4760	of water resources in the state.
4761	(h) (i) The Legislature shall annually appropriate to the Department of Transportation
4762	40% of all deposits made to the Mineral Lease Account to be distributed as provided in
4763	Subsection (2)(h)(ii) to:
4764	(A) counties;
4765	(B) special service districts established:
4766	(I) by counties;
4767	(II) under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act; and
4768	(III) for the purpose of constructing, repairing, or maintaining roads; or
4769	(C) special service districts established:

(I) by counties;

4//1	(II) under little 1/D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act; and
4772	(III) for other purposes authorized by statute.
4773	(ii) The Department of Transportation shall allocate the funds specified in Subsection
4774	(2)(h)(i):
4775	(A) in amounts proportionate to the amount of mineral lease money generated by each
4776	county; and
4777	(B) to a county or special service district established by a county under Title 17D,
4778	Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, as determined by the county legislative body.
4779	(i) (i) The Legislature shall annually appropriate 5% of all deposits made to the
4780	Mineral Lease Account to the Department of Community and Culture to be distributed to:
4781	(A) special service districts established:
4782	(I) by counties;
4783	(II) under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act; and
4784	(III) for the purpose of constructing, repairing, or maintaining roads; or
4785	(B) special service districts established:
4786	(I) by counties;
4787	(II) under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act; and
4788	(III) for other purposes authorized by statute.
4789	(ii) The Department of Community and Culture may distribute the amounts described
4790	in Subsection (2)(i)(i) only to special service districts established under Title 17D, Chapter 1,
4791	Special Service District Act, by counties:
4792	(A) of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class;
4793	(B) in which 4.5% or less of the mineral lease [moneys] money within the state [are] is
4794	generated; and
4795	(C) that are significantly socially or economically impacted as provided in Subsection
4796	(2)(i)(iii) by the development of minerals under the Mineral Lands Leasing Act, 30 U.S.C. Sec
4797	181 et seq.
4798	(iii) The significant social or economic impact required under Subsection (2)(i)(ii)(C)
4799	shall be as a result of:
4800	(A) the transportation within the county of hydrocarbons, including solid hydrocarbons
4801	as defined in Section 59-5-101;

4802	(B) the employment of persons residing within the county in hydrocarbon extraction,
4803	including the extraction of solid hydrocarbons as defined in Section 59-5-101; or
4804	(C) a combination of Subsections (2)(i)(iii)(A) and (B).
4805	(iv) For purposes of distributing the appropriations under this Subsection (2)(i) to
4806	special service districts established by counties under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service
4807	District Act, the Department of Community and Culture shall:
4808	(A) (I) allocate 50% of the appropriations equally among the counties meeting the
4809	requirements of Subsections (2)(i)(ii) and (iii); and
4810	(II) allocate 50% of the appropriations based on the ratio that the population of each
4811	county meeting the requirements of Subsections (2)(i)(ii) and (iii) bears to the total population
4812	of all of the counties meeting the requirements of Subsections (2)(i)(ii) and (iii); and
4813	(B) after making the allocations described in Subsection (2)(i)(iv)(A), distribute the
4814	allocated revenues to special service districts established by the counties under Title 17D,
4815	Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, as determined by the executive director of the
4816	Department of Community and Culture after consulting with the county legislative bodies of
4817	the counties meeting the requirements of Subsections (2)(i)(ii) and (iii).
4818	(v) The executive director of the Department of Community and Culture:
4819	(A) shall determine whether a county meets the requirements of Subsections (2)(i)(ii)
4820	and (iii);
4821	(B) shall distribute the appropriations under Subsection (2)(i)(i) to special service
4822	districts established by counties under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, that
4823	meet the requirements of Subsections (2)(i)(ii) and (iii); and
4824	(C) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4825	may make rules:
4826	(I) providing a procedure for making the distributions under this Subsection (2)(i) to
4827	special service districts; and
4828	(II) defining the term "population" for purposes of Subsection (2)(i)(iv).
4829	(j) (i) The Legislature shall annually make the following appropriations from the
4830	Mineral Lease Account:
4831	(A) an amount equal to 52 cents multiplied by the number of acres of school or
4832	institutional trust lands, lands owned by the Division of Parks and Recreation, and lands owned

by the Division of Wildlife Resources that are not under an in lieu of taxes contract, to each county in which those lands are located;

- (B) to each county in which school or institutional trust lands are transferred to the federal government after December 31, 1992, an amount equal to the number of transferred acres in the county multiplied by a payment per acre equal to the difference between 52 cents per acre and the per acre payment made to that county in the most recent payment under the federal payment in lieu of taxes program, 31 U.S.C. Sec. 6901 et seq., unless the federal payment was equal to or exceeded the 52 cents per acre, in which case a payment under this Subsection (2)(j)(i)(B) may not be made for the transferred lands;
- (C) to each county in which federal lands, which are entitlement lands under the federal in lieu of taxes program, are transferred to the school or institutional trust, an amount equal to the number of transferred acres in the county multiplied by a payment per acre equal to the difference between the most recent per acre payment made under the federal payment in lieu of taxes program and 52 cents per acre, unless the federal payment was equal to or less than 52 cents per acre, in which case a payment under this Subsection (2)(j)(i)(C) may not be made for the transferred land; and
 - (D) to a county of the fifth or sixth class, an amount equal to the product of:
- 4850 (I) \$1,000; and
 - (II) the number of residences described in Subsection (2)(j)(iv) that are located within the county.
 - (ii) A county receiving money under Subsection (2)(j)(i) may, as determined by the county legislative body, distribute the money or a portion of the money to:
 - (A) special service districts established by the county under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act;
 - (B) school districts; or
 - (C) public institutions of higher education.
 - (iii) (A) Beginning in fiscal year 1994-95 and in each year after fiscal year 1994-95, the Division of Finance shall increase or decrease the amounts per acre provided for in Subsections (2)(j)(i)(A) through (C) by the average annual change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor.
 - (B) For fiscal years beginning on or after fiscal year 2001-02, the Division of Finance

4864	shall increase or decrease the amount described in Subsection (2)(j)(i)(D)(I) by the average			
4865	annual change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the			
4866	Department of Labor.			
4867	(iv) Residences for purposes of Subsection (2)(j)(i)(D)(II) are residences that are:			
4868	(A) owned by:			
4869	(I) the Division of Parks and Recreation; or			
4870	(II) the Division of Wildlife Resources;			
4871	(B) located on lands that are owned by:			
4872	(I) the Division of Parks and Recreation; or			
4873	(II) the Division of Wildlife Resources; and			
4874	(C) are not subject to taxation under:			
4875	(I) Chapter 2, Property Tax Act; or			
4876	(II) Chapter 4, Privilege Tax.			
4877	(k) The Legislature shall annually appropriate to the Permanent Community Impact			
4878	Fund all deposits remaining in the Mineral Lease Account after making the appropriations			
4879	provided for in Subsections (2)(d) through (j).			
4880	(3) (a) Each agency, board, institution of higher education, and political subdivision			
4881	receiving money under this chapter shall provide the Legislature, through the Office of the			
4882	Legislative Fiscal Analyst, with a complete accounting of the use of that money on an annual			
4883	basis.			
4884	(b) The accounting required under Subsection (3)(a) shall:			
4885	(i) include actual expenditures for the prior fiscal year, budgeted expenditures for the			
4886	current fiscal year, and planned expenditures for the following fiscal year; and			
4887	(ii) be reviewed by the Economic Development and Human Resources Appropriation			
4888	Subcommittee as part of its normal budgetary process under Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary			
4889	Procedures Act.			
4890	Section 86. Section 61-2e-203 is amended to read:			
4891	61-2e-203. Criminal background check Conditional registration Changes in			
4892	ownership or controlling person.			
4893	(1) The division shall request the Department of Public Safety to complete a Federal			
4894	Bureau of Investigation criminal background check for an individual described in Subsection			

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4895	61-2e-202(1)(e) or (g) through the national criminal history system or any successor system.
4896	(2) (a) The entity filing the application under Section 61-2e-202 shall pay the cost of
4897	the criminal background check and the fingerprinting.
4898	(b) [Monies] Money paid to the division by an entity for the cost of a criminal
4899	background check [are] is nonlapsing.
4900	(3) (a) A registration issued under Section 61-2e-202 is conditional, pending
4901	completion of a criminal background check.
4902	(b) If a criminal background check discloses that an individual described in Subsection
4903	61-2e-202(1)(e) or (g) fails to accurately disclose a criminal history, the registration is
4904	immediately and automatically revoked.
4905	(c) An entity whose conditional registration is revoked under this Subsection (3) is
4906	entitled to a post-revocation hearing conducted in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,
4907	Administrative Procedures Act, to challenge the revocation.
4908	(d) The board shall decide whether relief from the revocation of a registration under
4909	this Subsection (3) will be granted, except that relief from a revocation under this Subsection
4910	(3) may be granted only if:
4911	(i) the criminal history upon which the revocation is based:
4912	(A) did not occur; or
4913	(B) is the criminal history of another individual;
4914	(ii) (A) the revocation is based on a failure to accurately disclose a criminal history;
4915	and
4916	(B) the entity has a reasonable good faith belief at the time of application that there is
4917	no criminal history to be disclosed; or
4918	(iii) the division fails to follow the prescribed procedure for the revocation.
4919	(e) If a registration is revoked or a revocation under this Subsection (3) is upheld after
4920	a post-revocation hearing, the entity may not apply for a new registration until at least 12
4921	months after the day on which the registration is revoked.
4922	(4) (a) An appraisal management company shall comply with this Subsection (4) if
4923	there is a change in:

(ii) the controlling person designated as the contact as required by Section 61-2e-201.

(i) an individual who owns 10% or more of the entity; or

4926	(b) If there is a change in an individual described in Subsection (4)(a), within 30 days
4927	of the day on which the change occurs, the appraisal management company shall file with the
4928	division:
4929	(i) the individual's name, address, and contact information;
4930	(ii) a statement of whether or not the individual has had a license or certificate to
4931	engage in an act related to a real estate or mortgage transaction refused, denied, canceled, or
4932	revoked in this state or in another state; and
4933	(iii) (A) fingerprint cards in a form acceptable to the division at the time the
4934	registration application is filed; and
4935	(B) consent to a criminal background check by the Utah Bureau of Criminal
4936	Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding the application.
4937	Section 87. Section 62A-1-119 is amended to read:
4938	62A-1-119. Respite Care Assistance Fund Use of money Restrictions
4939	Annual report.
4940	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the Respite Care
4941	Assistance Fund.
4942	(2) The fund shall consist of:
4943	(a) gifts, grants, devises, donations, and bequests of real property, personal property, or
4944	services, from any source, made to the fund; and
4945	(b) any additional amounts as appropriated by the Legislature.
4946	(3) The fund shall be administered by the director of the Utah Developmental
4947	Disabilities Council.
4948	(4) All [monies] money appropriated to the fund [are] is nonlapsing.
4949	(5) The fund [monies] money shall be used for the following activities:
4950	(a) to support a respite care information and referral system;
4951	(b) to educate and train caregivers and respite care providers; and
4952	(c) to provide grants to caregivers.
4953	(6) An individual who receives services paid for from the fund shall:
4954	(a) be a resident of Utah; and
4955	(b) be a primary care giver for:
4956	(i) an aging individual; or

4957	(ii) an individual with a cognitive, mental, or physical disability.
4958	(7) The fund [monies] money may not be used for:
4959	(a) administrative expenses that are normally provided for by legislative appropriation;
4960	or
4961	(b) direct services or support mechanisms that are available from or provided by
4962	another government or private agency.
4963	(8) All interest and other earnings derived from the fund [monies] money shall be
4964	deposited into the fund.
4965	(9) The state treasurer shall invest the [monies] money in the fund under Title 51,
4966	Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
4967	(10) The Department of Human Services shall make an annual report to the appropriate
4968	appropriations subcommittee of the Legislature regarding the status of the fund, including a
4969	report on the contributions received, expenditures made, and programs and services funded.
4970	Section 88. Section 62A-15-102 is amended to read:
4971	62A-15-102. Definitions.
4972	As used in this chapter:
4973	(1) "Director" means the director of the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental
4974	Health.
4975	(2) "Division" means the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health established
4976	in Section 62A-15-103.
4977	(3) "Local mental health authority" means a county legislative body.
4978	(4) "Local substance abuse authority" means a county legislative body.
4979	(5) (a) "Public funds" means federal [monies] money received from the Department of
4980	Human Services or the Department of Health, and state [monies] money appropriated by the
4981	Legislature to the Department of Human Services, the Department of Health, a county
4982	governing body, or a local substance abuse authority, or a local mental health authority for the
4983	purposes of providing substance abuse or mental health programs or services.
4984	(b) "Public funds" [includes those] include federal and state [monies] money that
4985	[have] has been transferred by a local substance abuse authority or a local mental health
4986	authority to a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide
4987	comprehensive substance abuse or mental health programs or services for the local substance

4988	abuse authority or local mental health authority. [Those monies maintain] The money
1989	maintains the nature of "public funds" while in the possession of the private entity that has an
1990	annual or otherwise ongoing contract with a local substance abuse authority or a local mental
1991	health authority to provide comprehensive substance abuse or mental health programs or
1992	services for the local substance abuse authority or local mental health authority.
1993	(c) Public funds received for the provision of services pursuant to substance abuse or
1994	mental health service plans may not be used for any other purpose except those authorized in
1995	the contract between the local mental health or substance abuse authority and provider for the
1996	provision of plan services.
1997	(6) "Severe mental disorder" means schizophrenia, major depression, bipolar disorders,
1998	delusional disorders, psychotic disorders, and other mental disorders as defined by the division.
1999	Section 89. Section 63A-8-301 is amended to read:
5000	63A-8-301. State Debt Collection Fund.
5001	(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund entitled the "State Debt Collection
5002	Fund."
5003	(2) The fund consists of:
5004	(a) all amounts appropriated to the fund under this chapter;
5005	(b) fees and interest established by the office under Subsection 63A-8-201(4)(g); and
5006	(c) except as otherwise provided by law, all postjudgment interest collected by the
5007	office or the state except postjudgment interest on restitution.
5008	(3) [Monies] Money in this fund shall be used to pay for:
5009	(a) the costs of the office in the performance of its duties under this chapter;
5010	(b) restitution to victims to whom the debt is owed;
5011	(c) interest accrued that is associated with the debt;
5012	(d) principal on the debt to the state agencies or other entities that placed the receivable
5013	for collection; and
5014	(e) other legal obligations including those ordered by a court.
5015	(4) (a) The fund may collect interest.
5016	(b) All interest earned from the fund shall be deposited in the General Fund.

(5) The office shall ensure that [monies] money remaining in the fund at the end of the

fiscal year that [are] is not committed under the priorities established under Subsection (3) [are]

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5019	is deposited into the General Fund.
5020	(6) (a) The office shall report at least annually to the appropriations subcommittee
5021	assigned to review the budget of the Department of Administrative Services on the fund
5022	balance and its revenues and expenditures and administrative offsets.
5023	(b) The report shall include the amounts paid under each provision under Subsection
5024	(3).
5025	Section 90. Section 63B-1b-402 is amended to read:
5026	63B-1b-402. Commission may authorize revenue bonds Contents of bond
5027	document Special and reserve funds Limitation on liability Restoration of money
5028	in reserve funds Payment of bonds and other technical requirements Refunding
5029	Report to Division of Finance.
5030	(1) (a) In order to provide authorizing agencies with an alternative method of
5031	liquidating agency bonds and, by doing so, providing authorizing agencies with additional
5032	funds to further the purposes of authorizing agencies, the commission may authorize the
5033	issuance of revenue bonds from time to time by the state.
5034	(b) These revenue bonds shall be payable solely from a special fund established by the
5035	state treasurer as provided in Subsection (4).
5036	(c) Revenue bonds may be sold at public or private sale and may be issued in one or
5037	more series.
5038	(2) Revenue bonds may be authorized, issued, and sold by the commission on behalf of
5039	the state at a time or times and in a manner set forth in a bond document that provides for:
5040	(a) the terms and conditions of sale, including price, whether at, below or above face
5041	value;
5042	(b) interest rates, including a variable rate;
5043	(c) authorized denomination;
5044	(d) maturity dates;
5045	(e) form;
5046	(f) manner of execution;

(g) manner of authentication;

(i) redemption terms;

(h) place and medium of payment;

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01-12-11 11:52 AM H.B. 186

5050	(j) authorized signatures of public officials; and
5051	(k) other provisions and details considered necessary or appropriate.
5052	(3) To the extent set forth in the resolution, the proceeds of revenue bonds may be used
5053	for the purposes set forth in Subsection (1) and to:
5054	(a) provide for any necessary or desirable reserve fund as provided for in Subsection
5055	(5); and
5056	(b) pay fees, charges, and other amounts related to the issuance and sale of the revenue
5057	bonds.
5058	(4) (a) As provided in the bond document, the principal of, premium, if any, and
5059	interest on, any issue of revenue bonds is payable solely from and secured by one or more
5060	special funds consisting of:
5061	(i) the pledge and assignment of any agency bonds, including all amounts payable on or
5062	with respect to them, and other [monies] money and security, as provided for in an agreement
5063	entered into under Subsection 63B-1b-401(2);
5064	(ii) amounts on deposit in the reserve fund, if any, established under Subsection (5);
5065	(iii) amounts available pursuant to any security device or credit enhancement device
5066	that the commission authorizes for the purpose of improving the marketability of the revenue
5067	bonds; and
5068	(iv) other amounts available and pledged by the commission to secure payment of that
5069	issue of revenue bonds.
5070	(b) Owners of revenue bonds do not have recourse against the general funds or general
5071	credit of the state or its political subdivisions or agencies, but this limitation does not limit or
5072	alter the obligations of political subdivisions on agency bonds in any manner.
5073	(c) Revenue bonds do not constitute nor give rise to a general obligation or liability of,
5074	or constitute a charge or lien against, the general credit or taxing power of the state or its
5075	political subdivisions or agencies, including any authorizing agency.
5076	(d) Revenue bonds shall contain on their face a statement that:
5077	(i) the revenue bonds are payable solely from the sources set forth in this Subsection

5079 (ii) neither the state nor any political subdivision of the state is obligated to pay the revenue bonds; and

(4) and specified in the bond document with respect to the revenue bonds;

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- (iii) neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any of its political subdivisions is pledged to the payment of principal or redemption price of, or premium, if any, or interest on the revenue bonds.
- (e) Revenue bonds do not constitute debt of the state within the meaning of Utah Constitution Article XIII, Sec. 5 (3) or Article XIV, Sec. 1.
- (5) (a) The commission may establish a reserve fund with respect to any issue of revenue bonds.
- (b) If a reserve fund is established, the bond document relating to that issue of revenue bonds shall specify:
 - (i) the minimum amount that is required to be on deposit in the reserve fund;
- (ii) the amount of sale proceeds from the sale of that issue of revenue bonds that shall be deposited in the reserve fund; and
 - (iii) the manner in which any deficiency in the reserve fund shall be replenished.
- (c) (i) On or before the first day of December of each year, the state treasurer shall certify to the governor and the director of the Division of Finance the amount, if any, that may be required to restore all reserve funds established to the minimum amount specified by the state treasurer with respect to each reserve fund.
- (ii) The governor may request an appropriation from the Legislature equal to the certified amount in order to restore each reserve fund to the specified minimum amount.
- (6) (a) (i) The commission may provide in the bond document that any signature of a public official authorized to sign revenue bonds may be by the facsimile signature of that official imprinted, engraved, stamped, or otherwise placed on the revenue bonds.
- (ii) If all signatures of public officials on the revenue bonds are facsimile signatures, the bond document shall provide for a manual authenticating signature on the revenue bonds by or on behalf of a designated authenticating agent.
- (iii) If an official ceases to hold office before delivery of the revenue bonds signed by that official, the signature or facsimile signature of the official is valid and sufficient for all purposes.
- (b) A facsimile of the seal of the state may be imprinted, engraved, stamped, or otherwise placed on the revenue bonds.
- (7) (a) The commission may provide in the bond document for the replacement of lost,

destroyed, stolen, or mutilated revenue bonds or for the exchange of revenue bonds after issuance for revenue bonds of smaller or larger denominations.

- (b) Revenue bonds in changed denominations shall:
- (i) be exchanged for the original revenue bonds in the aggregate principal amounts and in a manner that prevents the duplication of interest; and
- (ii) bear interest at the same rate, be of the same series, mature on the same date, and be as nearly as practicable in the same form as the original revenue bonds.
- (8) (a) (i) Revenue bonds may be registered as to both principal and interest or may be in a book entry form under which the right to principal and interest may be transferred only through a book entry.
- (ii) The commission may provide for the services and payment for the services of one or more financial institutions, other entities or persons, or nominees, within or outside the state, for:
- 5125 (A) authentication;
- 5126 (B) registration;

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- 5127 (C) transfer, including record, bookkeeping, or book entry functions;
- 5128 (D) exchange; and
- 5129 (E) payment.
- 5130 (b) The records of ownership, registration, transfer, and exchange of the revenue 5131 bonds, and of persons to whom payment with respect to them is made, are classified as private 5132 or protected as defined in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management 5133 Act.
 - (c) The revenue bonds and any evidences of participation interests in the revenue bonds may be issued, executed, authenticated, registered, transferred, exchanged, and otherwise made to comply with Title 15, Chapter 7, Registered Public Obligations Act, or any other act of the Legislature relating to the registration of obligations enacted to meet the requirements of Section 149 (a), Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any comparable predecessor or successor provision, and applicable regulations.
 - (9) (a) The commission may authorize the execution and delivery of whatever agreements and contracts that the commission considers necessary and appropriate in connection with the issuance of revenue bonds.

- (b) These agreements and contracts may include agreements and contracts with financial and other institutions for financial advisory services, trustee services, insurance, letters of credit, reimbursement agreements, tender agreements, put agreements, repurchase agreements, and indexing and tender agent agreements to:

 (i) facilitate the sale of the revenue bonds; or
- (ii) secure or provide liquidity to support any agreement, obligation, or contract entered into by an authorized officer on behalf of the state in connection with:
 - (A) the issuance and sale of the revenue bonds;
 - (B) any repurchase, remarketing, or other pledge of the revenue bonds; and
- (C) any insurance, repurchase, remarketing, tender, put, letter of credit, or agreement, obligation, or contract entered into in connection with them, including payment of fees, charges, or other amounts coming due under agreements entered into with financial or other institutions on behalf of the state.
- (10) When all revenue bonds of an issue have been paid, or provision for their payment has been made, there shall be transferred to the appropriate authorizing agency or agencies, in the amounts and in the manner that the commission considers fair and equitable, and to the extent not required to secure payment of the revenue bonds and related fees, charges, and other amounts:
- (a) all amounts remaining on deposit in any reserve fund established with respect to the issue of revenue bonds; and
- (b) all other amounts and all agency bonds held by the commission and any trustee and pledged to the payment of the revenue bonds.
- (11) (a) The state treasurer or the commission may create any funds and accounts necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
 - (b) (i) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain those funds and accounts.
- (ii) The state treasurer may invest all [monies] money held in those funds and accounts in accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act, and in accordance with the bond document or any other agreement entered into on behalf of the state as authorized by the bond document.
- (iii) The commission may not approve the bond document or other agreement with respect to the investment and application of [these monies] the money unless the state treasurer

has affirmatively approved any investment provisions contained in the bond document or other agreement.

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- (c) All income from the [monies] money invested in a fund or account created under this Subsection (11) shall accrue to the benefit of the fund or account and shall be used for the purpose for which the fund or account was established.
- (12) (a) The commission may authorize the issuance of refunding revenue bonds of the state in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond Act, for the purpose of refunding any revenue bonds.
- (b) The state is considered a "public body" and the commission its "governing body" for purposes of that act.
- (13) (a) Revenue bonds may not be issued under this section until an authorized official finds and certifies that all conditions precedent to the issuance of the revenue bond have been satisfied.
- (b) A recital on any revenue bond of a finding and certification conclusively establishes the completion and satisfaction of all conditions of this section.
- (14) Revenue bonds, interest paid on revenue bonds, and any income from revenue bonds is not taxable within this state for any purpose, except for the corporate franchise tax.
- (15) (a) Revenue bonds are legal investments for all state trust funds, insurance companies, banks, trust companies, and the State School Fund.
 - (b) Revenue bonds may also be used as collateral to secure legal obligations.
- (16) Immediately upon the issuance of each issue of revenue bonds, an authorized official shall make a verified return to the Division of Finance of:
 - (a) the aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds issued;
 - (b) the amount of proceeds of sale of revenue bonds received by the state;
 - (c) the amount paid to the authorizing agency or agencies for the agency bonds;
- 5199 (d) the total amount of all fees and expenses relating to the issuance of the revenue 5200 bonds;
- 5201 (e) the amount of sale proceeds of the revenue bonds used to pay fees and expenses; 5202 and
- 5203 (f) the amount of sale proceeds of the revenue bonds deposited in the reserve fund 5204 established with respect to the issue of revenue bonds, if any.

5205	Section 91. Section 63B-2-111 is amended to read:
5206	63B-2-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5207	income and unexpended proceeds.
5208	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5209	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5210	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5211	provided by the commission by resolution.
5212	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5213	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5214	money by this trustee.
5215	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5216	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5217	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5218	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5219	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5220	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5221	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5222	this chapter.
5223	Section 92. Section 63B-2-211 is amended to read:
5224	63B-2-211. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5225	income and unexpended proceeds.
5226	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5227	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5228	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5229	provided by the commission by resolution.
5230	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5231	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5232	money by this trustee.
5233	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5234	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.

(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be

applied as provided by resolution of the commission	ission	commiss	of the	resolution	provided by	applied as	5236
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- (3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under this chapter.
 - Section 93. Section **63B-3-111** is amended to read:

63B-3-111. Bond proceeds -- Deposits -- Investment -- Disposition of investment income and unexpended proceeds.

- (1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
- (b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise provided by the commission by resolution.
- (c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the money by this trustee.
- (2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
- (b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
- (3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under this chapter.
 - Section 94. Section **63B-3-211** is amended to read:

63B-3-211. Bond proceeds -- Deposits -- Investment -- Disposition of investment income and unexpended proceeds.

- (1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
- (b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise provided by the commission by resolution.
 - (c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the

income and unexpended proceeds.

5267	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5268	money by this trustee.
5269	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5270	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5271	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5272	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5273	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5274	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5275	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5276	this chapter.
5277	Section 95. Section 63B-4-111 is amended to read:
5278	63B-4-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5279	income and unexpended proceeds.
5280	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5281	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5282	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5283	provided by the commission by resolution.
5284	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5285	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5286	money by this trustee.
5287	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5288	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5289	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5290	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5291	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5292	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5293	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5294	this chapter.
5295	Section 96. Section 63B-5-111 is amended to read:
5296	63B-5-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment

(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.

- (b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise provided by the commission by resolution.
- (c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the money by this trustee.
- (2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
- (b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
- (3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under this chapter.
 - Section 97. Section **63B-6-111** is amended to read:

- 63B-6-111. Bond proceeds -- Deposits -- Investment -- Disposition of investment income and unexpended proceeds.
- (1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
- (b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise provided by the commission by resolution.
- (c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the money by this trustee.
- (2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
- (b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
- (3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless

5329	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5330	this chapter.
5331	Section 98. Section 63B-6-211 is amended to read:
5332	63B-6-211. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5333	income and unexpended proceeds.
5334	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5335	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5336	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5337	provided by the commission by resolution.
5338	(c) The commission, by resolution, may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5339	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5340	money by this trustee.
5341	(2) (a) The commission, by resolution, shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5342	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5343	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5344	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5345	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5346	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5347	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5348	this chapter.
5349	Section 99. Section 63B-6-304 is amended to read:
5350	63B-6-304. General provisions Funds and accounts.
5351	(1) (a) Sections 63B-6-205, 63B-6-206, 63B-6-213, 63B-6-214, 63B-6-215, and
5352	63B-6-216 apply to any notes or renewals of notes issued under this part.
5353	(b) (i) For purposes of this part, any action that those sections require or permit the
5354	commission to take shall be considered sufficient if taken by the state treasurer.
5355	(ii) The treasurer may take action by issuing a written order, or in some other manner
5356	that he finds necessary or convenient, to accomplish the purposes of this part.
5357	(2) The treasurer may:
5358	(a) in a written order, establish whatever funds and accounts are necessary or desirable
5359	to carry out the purposes of this part; and

5360	(b) until the [monies are] money is needed for the purpose for which the fund or
5361	account was created, invest the [monies] money held in those funds and accounts by following
5362	the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
5363	Section 100. Section 63B-6-411 is amended to read:
5364	63B-6-411. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5365	income and unexpended proceeds.
5366	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5367	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5368	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5369	provided by the commission by resolution.
5370	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5371	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5372	money by this trustee.
5373	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5374	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5375	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5376	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5377	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5378	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5379	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5380	this chapter.
5381	Section 101. Section 63B-7-111 is amended to read:
5382	63B-7-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5383	income and unexpended proceeds.
5384	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5385	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5386	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5387	provided by the commission by resolution.
5388	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5389	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5390	money by this trustee.

5391	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5392	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5393	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5394	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5395	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5396	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5397	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5398	this chapter.
5399	Section 102. Section 63B-7-211 is amended to read:
5400	63B-7-211. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5401	income and unexpended proceeds.
5402	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5403	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5404	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5405	provided by the commission by resolution.
5406	(c) The commission, by resolution, may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5407	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5408	money by this trustee.
5409	(2) (a) The commission, by resolution, shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5410	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5411	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5412	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5413	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5414	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5415	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5416	this chapter.
5417	Section 103. Section 63B-7-304 is amended to read:
5418	63B-7-304. General provisions Funds and accounts.
5419	(1) (a) Sections 63B-7-205, 63B-7-206, 63B-7-213, 63B-7-214, 63B-7-215, and
5420	63B-7-216 apply to any notes or renewals of notes issued under this part.

(b) (i) For purposes of this part, any action that those sections require or permit the

5422	commission to take shall be considered sufficient if taken by the state treasurer.
5423	(ii) The treasurer may take action by issuing a written order, or in some other manner
5424	that he finds necessary or convenient, to accomplish the purposes of this part.
5425	(2) The treasurer may:
5426	(a) in a written order, establish whatever funds and accounts are necessary or desirable
5427	to carry out the purposes of this part; and
5428	(b) until the [monies are] money is needed for the purpose for which the fund or
5429	account was created, invest the [monies] money held in those funds and accounts by following
5430	the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
5431	Section 104. Section 63B-7-411 is amended to read:
5432	63B-7-411. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5433	income and unexpended proceeds.
5434	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5435	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5436	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5437	provided by the commission by resolution.
5438	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5439	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5440	money by this trustee.
5441	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5442	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5443	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5444	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5445	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5446	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5447	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5448	this chapter.
5449	Section 105. Section 63B-8-111 is amended to read:
5450	63B-8-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5451	income and unexpended proceeds.
5452	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited

5453 within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.

- (b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise provided by the commission by resolution.
- (c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the money by this trustee.
- (2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
- (b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
- (3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under this chapter.

Section 106. Section **63B-8-211** is amended to read:

63B-8-211. Bond proceeds -- Deposits -- Investment -- Disposition of investment income and unexpended proceeds.

- (1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
- (b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise provided by the commission by resolution.
- (c) The commission, by resolution, may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the money by this trustee.
- (2) (a) The commission, by resolution, shall provide for the kinds of investments in which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
- (b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
- (3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under

5484	this chapter.
5485	Section 107. Section 63B-8-304 is amended to read:
5486	63B-8-304. General provisions Funds and accounts.
5487	(1) (a) Sections 63B-8-205, 63B-8-206, 63B-8-213, 63B-8-214, 63B-8-215, and
5488	63B-8-216 apply to any notes or renewals of notes issued under this part.
5489	(b) (i) For purposes of this part, any action that those sections require or permit the
5490	commission to take shall be considered sufficient if taken by the state treasurer.
5491	(ii) The treasurer may take action by issuing a written order, or in some other manner
5492	that he finds necessary or convenient, to accomplish the purposes of this part.
5493	(2) The treasurer may:
5494	(a) in a written order, establish whatever funds and accounts are necessary or desirable
5495	to carry out the purposes of this part; and
5496	(b) until the [monies are] money is needed for the purpose for which the fund or
5497	account was created, invest the [monies] money held in those funds and accounts by following
5498	the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
5499	Section 108. Section 63B-8-411 is amended to read:
5500	63B-8-411. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5501	income and unexpended proceeds.
5502	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5503	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5504	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5505	provided by the commission by resolution.
5506	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5507	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5508	money by this trustee.
5509	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5510	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5511	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5512	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5513	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon

completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless

5515	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5516	this chapter.
5517	Section 109. Section 63B-10-111 is amended to read:
5518	63B-10-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5519	income and unexpended proceeds.
5520	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5521	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5522	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5523	provided by the commission by resolution.
5524	(c) The commission, by resolution, may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5525	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5526	money by this trustee.
5527	(2) (a) The commission, by resolution, shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5528	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5529	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5530	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5531	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5532	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5533	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5534	this chapter.
5535	Section 110. Section 63B-10-204 is amended to read:
5536	63B-10-204. General provisions Funds and accounts.
5537	(1) (a) Sections 63B-10-105, 63B-10-106, 63B-10-113, 63B-10-114, 63B-10-115, and
5538	63B-10-116 apply to any notes or renewals of notes issued under this part.
5539	(b) (i) For purposes of this part, any action that those sections require or permit the
5540	commission to take shall be considered sufficient if taken by the state treasurer.
5541	(ii) The treasurer may take action by issuing a written order, or in some other manner
5542	that he finds necessary or convenient, to accomplish the purposes of this part.
5543	(2) The treasurer may:
5544	(a) in a written order, establish whatever funds and accounts are necessary or desirable
5545	to carry out the purposes of this part; and

5546	(b) until the [monies are] money is needed for the purpose for which the fund or
5547	account was created, invest the [monies] money held in those funds and accounts by following
5548	the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
5549	Section 111. Section 63B-11-111 is amended to read:
5550	63B-11-111. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5551	income and unexpended proceeds.
5552	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5553	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5554	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5555	provided by the commission by resolution.
5556	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5557	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5558	money by this trustee.
5559	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5560	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5561	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5562	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5563	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5564	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5565	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5566	this chapter.
5567	Section 112. Section 63B-11-211 is amended to read:
5568	63B-11-211. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5569	income and unexpended proceeds.
5570	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5571	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5572	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5573	provided by the commission by resolution.
5574	(c) The commission by resolution may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5575	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5576	money by this trustee.

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	01-12-11 11:52 AM H.B. 18
5577	(2) (a) The commission by resolution shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5578	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5579	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5580	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5581	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5582	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5583	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5584	this chapter.
5585	Section 113. Section 63B-11-311 is amended to read:
5586	63B-11-311. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5587	income and unexpended proceeds.
5588	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5589	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5590	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5591	provided by the commission by resolution.
5592	(c) The commission, by resolution, may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5593	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5594	money by this trustee.
5595	(2) (a) The commission, by resolution, shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5596	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5597	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5598	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5599	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5600	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5601	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5602	this chapter.
5603	Section 114. Section 63B-11-404 is amended to read:
5604	63B-11-404. General provisions Funds and accounts.

(b) (i) For purposes of this part, any action that those sections require or permit the

63B-11-316 apply to any notes or renewals of notes issued under this part.

(1) (a) Sections 63B-11-305, 63B-11-306, 63B-11-313, 63B-11-314, 63B-11-315, and

5608	commission to take shall be considered sufficient if taken by the state treasurer.
5609	(ii) The treasurer may take action by issuing a written order, or in some other manner
5610	that he finds necessary or convenient, to accomplish the purposes of this part.
5611	(2) The treasurer may:
5612	(a) in a written order, establish whatever funds and accounts are necessary or desirable
5613	to carry out the purposes of this part; and
5614	(b) until the [monies are] money is needed for the purpose for which the fund or
5615	account was created, invest the [monies] money held in those funds and accounts by following
5616	the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
5617	Section 115. Section 63B-11-511 is amended to read:
5618	63B-11-511. Bond proceeds Deposits Investment Disposition of investment
5619	income and unexpended proceeds.
5620	(1) (a) Proceeds from the sale of bonds issued under this chapter shall be deposited
5621	within one or more accounts as determined by resolution of the commission.
5622	(b) The state treasurer shall administer and maintain these accounts unless otherwise
5623	provided by the commission by resolution.
5624	(c) The commission, by resolution, may provide for the deposit of [these monies] the
5625	money with a trustee and the administration, disposition, or investment of [these monies] the
5626	money by this trustee.
5627	(2) (a) The commission, by resolution, shall provide for the kinds of investments in
5628	which the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter may be invested.
5629	(b) Income from the investment of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter shall be
5630	applied as provided by resolution of the commission.
5631	(3) Any unexpended bond proceeds issued under this chapter shall be deposited, upon
5632	completion of the purposes for which the bonds were issued, in the sinking fund, unless
5633	otherwise provided in the resolution of the commission authorizing the issuance of bonds under
5634	this chapter.
5635	Section 116. Section 63B-11-604 is amended to read:
5636	63B-11-604. General provisions Funds and accounts.
5637	(1) (a) Sections 63B-11-505, 63B-11-506, 63B-11-513, 63B-11-514, 63B-11-515, and

63B-11-516 apply to any notes or renewals of notes issued under this part.

5639	(b) (i) For purposes of this part, any action that those sections require or permit the
5640	commission to take shall be considered sufficient if taken by the state treasurer.
5641	(ii) The treasurer may take action by issuing a written order, or in some other manner
5642	that he finds necessary or convenient, to accomplish the purposes of this part.
5643	(2) The treasurer may:
5644	(a) in a written order, establish whatever funds and accounts are necessary or desirable
5645	to carry out the purposes of this part; and
5646	(b) until the [monies are] money is needed for the purpose for which the fund or
5647	account was created, invest the [monies] money held in those funds and accounts by following
5648	the procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.
5649	Section 117. Section 63C-6-104 is amended to read:
5650	63C-6-104. Staffing and appropriated funds.
5651	(1) Staff support to the commission shall be provided by the Division of Homeland
5652	Security and the Utah Geological Survey.
5653	(2) [Monies] Money not expended by the Utah Seismic Safety Commission during a
5654	fiscal year [are] is nonlapsing except that any balance of General Fund [monies] money greater
5655	than \$10,000 lapses to the General Fund.
5656	Section 118. Section 63C-11-301 is amended to read:
5657	63C-11-301. Licensing.
5658	(1) A license is required for a person to act as or to represent that the person is:
5659	(a) a promoter;
5660	(b) a manager;
5661	(c) a contestant;
5662	(d) a second;
5663	(e) a referee;
5664	(f) a judge; or
5665	(g) another official established by the commission by rule.
5666	(2) The commission shall issue to a person who qualifies under this chapter a license in
5667	the classifications of:
5668	(a) promoter;
5669	(b) manager;

5670	(c) contestant;
5671	(d) second;
5672	(e) referee;
5673	(f) judge; or
5674	(g) another official who meets the requirements established by rule under Subsection
5675	(1)(g).
5676	(3) (a) All [monies] money collected pursuant to this section and Sections 63C-11-304,
5677	63C-11-307, 63C-11-310, and 63C-11-313 shall be retained as dedicated credits to pay for
5678	commission expenses.
5679	(b) All [monies] money available to the commission under Subsection (3)(a) to pay for
5680	commission expenses [are] is nonlapsing for fiscal year 2009-10 only.
5681	(4) Each applicant for licensure as a promoter shall:
5682	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the commission;
5683	(b) pay the fee determined by the commission under Section 63J-1-504;
5684	(c) provide to the commission evidence of financial responsibility, which shall include
5685	financial statements and other information that the commission may reasonably require to
5686	determine that the applicant or licensee is able to competently perform as and meet the
5687	obligations of a promoter in this state;
5688	(d) make assurances that the applicant:
5689	(i) is not engaging in illegal gambling with respect to sporting events or gambling with
5690	respect to the promotions the applicant is promoting;
5691	(ii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have engaged in or
5692	attempted to engage in any fraud or misrepresentation in connection with a contest or any other
5693	sporting event; and
5694	(iii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have violated or attempted
5695	to violate any law with respect to a contest in any jurisdiction or any law, rule, or order relating
5696	to the regulation of contests in this state or any other jurisdiction;
5697	(e) acknowledge in writing to the commission receipt, understanding, and intent to
5698	comply with this chapter and the rules made under this chapter; and
5699	(f) if requested by the commission or the director, meet with the commission or the
5700	director to examine the applicant's qualifications for licensure.

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any other sporting event; and

5701	(5) Each applicant for licensure as a contestant shall:
5702	(a) be not less than 18 years of age at the time the application is submitted to the
5703	commission;
5704	(b) submit an application in a form prescribed by the commission;
5705	(c) pay the fee established by the commission under Section 63J-1-504;
5706	(d) provide a certificate of physical examination, dated not more than 60 days prior to
5707	the date of application for licensure, in a form provided by the commission, completed by a
5708	licensed physician and surgeon certifying that the applicant is free from any physical or mental
5709	condition that indicates the applicant should not engage in activity as a contestant;
5710	(e) make assurances that the applicant:
5711	(i) is not engaging in illegal gambling with respect to sporting events or gambling with
5712	respect to a contest in which the applicant will participate;
5713	(ii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have engaged in or
5714	attempted to have engaged in any fraud or misrepresentation in connection with a contest or
5715	any other sporting event; and
5716	(iii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have violated or attempted
5717	to violate any law with respect to contests in any jurisdiction or any law, rule, or order relating
5718	to the regulation of contests in this state or any other jurisdiction;
5719	(f) acknowledge in writing to the commission receipt, understanding, and intent to
5720	comply with this chapter and the rules made under this chapter; and
5721	(g) if requested by the commission or the director, meet with the commission or the
5722	director to examine the applicant's qualifications for licensure.
5723	(6) Each applicant for licensure as a manager or second shall:
5724	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the commission;
5725	(b) pay a fee determined by the commission under Section 63J-1-504;
5726	(c) make assurances that the applicant:
5727	(i) is not engaging in illegal gambling with respect to sporting events or gambling with
5728	respect to a contest in which the applicant is participating;
5729	(ii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have engaged in or

attempted to have engaged in any fraud or misrepresentation in connection with a contest or

5732 (iii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have violated or attempted to violate any law with respect to a contest in any jurisdiction or any law, rule, or order relating 5733 5734 to the regulation of contests in this state or any other jurisdiction; 5735 (d) acknowledge in writing to the commission receipt, understanding, and intent to 5736 comply with this chapter and the rules made under this chapter; and 5737 (e) if requested by the commission or director, meet with the commission or the director to examine the applicant's qualifications for licensure. 5738 5739 (7) Each applicant for licensure as a referee or judge shall: 5740 (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the commission; 5741 (b) pay a fee determined by the commission under Section 63J-1-504; 5742 (c) make assurances that the applicant: 5743 (i) is not engaging in illegal gambling with respect to sporting events or gambling with 5744 respect to a contest in which the applicant is participating: 5745 (ii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have engaged in or 5746 attempted to have engaged in any fraud or misrepresentation in connection with a contest or 5747 any other sporting event; and 5748 (iii) has not been found in a criminal or civil proceeding to have violated or attempted 5749 to violate any law with respect to contests in any jurisdiction or any law, rule, or order relating 5750 to the regulation of contests in this state or any other jurisdiction; 5751 (d) acknowledge in writing to the commission receipt, understanding, and intent to 5752 comply with this chapter and the rules made under this chapter; 5753 (e) provide evidence satisfactory to the commission that the applicant is qualified by 5754 training and experience to competently act as a referee or judge in a contest; and 5755 (f) if requested by the commission or the director, meet with the commission or the 5756 director to examine the applicant's qualifications for licensure. 5757 (8) The commission may make rules concerning the requirements for a license under this chapter, that deny a license to an applicant for the violation of a crime that, in the 5758

(9) (a) A licensee serves at the pleasure, and under the direction, of the commission while participating in any way at a contest.

commission's determination, would have a material affect on the integrity of a contest held

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under this chapter.

5/63	(b) A licensee's license may be suspended, or a fine imposed, if the licensee does not
5764	follow the commission's direction at an event or contest.
5765	Section 119. Section 63C-11-304 is amended to read:
5766	63C-11-304. Additional fees for license of promoter Dedicated credits
5767	Promotion of contests Annual exemption of showcase event.
5768	(1) In addition to the payment of any other fees and money due under this chapter,
5769	every promoter shall pay a license fee determined by the commission and established in rule.
5770	(a) License fees collected under Subsection (1)(a) from professional boxing contests or
5771	exhibitions shall be retained by the commission as a dedicated credit to be used by the
5772	commission to award grants to organizations that promote amateur boxing in the state and
5773	cover commission expenses.
5774	(b) [Monies] Money available to the commission for awarding grants to organizations
5775	that promote amateur boxing in the state and covering commission expenses [are] is nonlapsing
5776	for fiscal year 2009-10 only.
5777	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
5778	commission shall adopt rules:
5779	(a) governing the manner in which applications for grants under Subsection (1) may be
5780	submitted to the commission; and
5781	(b) establishing standards for awarding grants under Subsection (1) to organizations
5782	which promote amateur boxing in the state.
5783	(3) (a) For the purpose of creating a greater interest in contests in the state, the
5784	commission may exempt from the payment of license fees under this section one contest or
5785	exhibition in each calendar year, intended as a showcase event.
5786	(b) The commission shall select the contest or exhibition to be exempted based on
5787	factors which include:
5788	(i) attraction of the optimum number of spectators;
5789	(ii) costs of promoting and producing the contest or exhibition;
5790	(iii) ticket pricing;
5791	(iv) committed promotions and advertising of the contest or exhibition;
5792	(v) rankings and quality of the contestants; and
5793	(vi) committed television and other media coverage of the contest or exhibition.

5794	Section 120. Section 63E-2-110 is amended to read:
5795	63E-2-110. Budgetary and fiscal requirements.
5796	(1) The board of each independent corporation shall annually adopt a budget.
5797	(2) (a) All [monies] money held in trust by an independent corporation [are] is not
5798	public funds, even if they were public funds before [those monies were] the money was
5799	received by the independent corporation.
5800	(b) The [monies] money of an independent corporation [are] is not required to be held
5801	in the custody of the state treasurer.
5802	Section 121. Section 63G-1-201 is amended to read:
5803	63G-1-201. Official state language.
5804	(1) English is declared to be the official language of Utah.
5805	(2) As the official language of this State, the English language is the sole language of
5806	the government, except as otherwise provided in this section.
5807	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), all official documents, transactions,
5808	proceedings, meetings, or publications issued, conducted, or regulated by, on behalf of, or
5809	representing the state and its political subdivisions shall be in English.
5810	(4) Languages other than English may be used when required:
5811	(a) by the United States Constitution, the Utah State Constitution, federal law, or
5812	federal regulation;
5813	(b) by law enforcement or public health and safety needs;
5814	(c) by public and higher education systems according to rules made by the State Board
5815	of Education and the State Board of Regents to comply with Subsection (5);
5816	(d) in judicial proceedings, when necessary to insure that justice is served;
5817	(e) to promote and encourage tourism and economic development, including the
5818	hosting of international events such as the Olympics; and
5819	(f) by libraries to:
5820	(i) collect and promote foreign language materials; and
5821	(ii) provide foreign language services and activities.
5822	(5) The State Board of Education and the State Board of Regents shall make rules
5823	governing the use of foreign languages in the public and higher education systems that promote
5824	the following principles:

5825	(a) non-English speaking children and adults should become able to read, write, and
5826	understand English as quickly as possible;
5827	(b) foreign language instruction should be encouraged;
5828	(c) formal and informal programs in English as a Second Language should be initiated,
5829	continued, and expanded; and
5830	(d) public schools should establish communication with non-English speaking parents
5831	of children within their systems, using a means designed to maximize understanding when
5832	necessary, while encouraging those parents who do not speak English to become more
5833	proficient in English.
5834	(6) Unless exempted by Subsection (4), all state funds appropriated or designated for
5835	the printing or translation of materials or the provision of services or information in a language
5836	other than English shall be returned to the General Fund.
5837	(a) Each state agency that has state funds appropriated or designated for the printing or
5838	translation of materials or the provision of services or information in a language other than
5839	English shall:
5840	(i) notify the Division of Finance that [those monies exist] the money exists and the
5841	amount of [those monies] the money; and
5842	(ii) return [those monies] the money to the Division of Finance.
5843	(b) The Division of Finance shall account for [those monies] the money and inform the
5844	Legislature of the existence and amount of [those monies] the money at the beginning of the
5845	Legislature's annual general session.
5846	(c) The Legislature may appropriate any [monies] money received under this section to
5847	the State School Board for use in English as a Second Language programs.
5848	(7) Nothing in this section affects the ability of government employees, private
5849	businesses, nonprofit organizations, or private individuals to exercise their rights under:
5850	(a) the First Amendment of the United States Constitution; and
5851	(b) Utah Constitution, Article 1, Sections 1 and 15.
5852	(8) If any provision of this section, or the application of any such provision to any
5853	person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of this act shall be given effect without
5854	the invalid provision or application.

Section 122. Section **63J-1-104** is amended to read:

5856	63J-1-104. Revenue types Disposition of funds collected or credited by a state
5857	agency.
5858	(1) (a) The Division of Finance shall:
5859	(i) account for revenues in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
5860	and
5861	(ii) use the major revenue types in internal accounting.
5862	(b) Each agency shall:
5863	(i) use the major revenue types to account for revenues;
5864	(ii) deposit revenues and other public funds received by them by following the
5865	procedures and requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act; and
5866	(iii) expend revenues and public funds as required by this chapter.
5867	(2) (a) Each agency shall deposit its free revenues into the appropriate fund.
5868	(b) An agency may expend free revenues up to the amount specifically appropriated by
5869	the Legislature.
5870	(c) Any free revenue funds appropriated by the Legislature to an agency that remain
5871	unexpended at the end of the fiscal year lapse to the source fund unless the Legislature provides
5872	by law that those funds are nonlapsing.
5873	(3) (a) Each agency shall deposit its restricted revenues into the applicable restricted
5874	account or fund.
5875	(b) Revenues in a restricted account or fund do not lapse to another account or fund
5876	unless otherwise specifically provided for by law or legislative appropriation.
5877	(c) The Legislature may appropriate restricted revenues from a restricted account or
5878	fund for the specific purpose or program designated by law.
5879	(d) If the fund equity of a restricted account or fund is insufficient to provide the
5880	accounts appropriated from it by the Legislature, the Division of Finance may reduce the
5881	appropriation to a level that ensures that the fund equity is not less than zero.
5882	(e) Any restricted revenues appropriated by the Legislature to an agency that remain
5883	unexpended at the end of the fiscal year lapse to the applicable restricted account or fund unless
5884	the Legislature provides by law that those appropriations, or the program or line item financed
5885	by those appropriations, are nonlapsing.
5886	(4) (a) An agency may expend dedicated credits for any purpose within the program or

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dedicated credits lapse.

5887	line item.
5888	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b)(ii), an agency may not expend dedicated
5889	credits in excess of the amount appropriated as dedicated credits by the Legislature.
5890	(ii) In order to expend dedicated credits in excess of the amount appropriated as
5891	dedicated credits by the Legislature, the following procedure shall be followed:
5892	(A) The agency seeking to make the excess expenditure shall:
5893	(I) develop a new work program that:
5894	(Aa) consists of the currently approved work program and the excess expenditure
5895	sought to be made; and
5896	(Bb) complies with the requirements of Section 63J-2-202;
5897	(II) prepare a written justification for the new work program that sets forth the purpose
5898	and necessity of the excess expenditure; and
5899	(III) submit the new work program and the written justification for the new work
5900	program to the Division of Finance.
5901	(B) The Division of Finance shall process the new work program with written
5902	justification and make this information available to the Governor's Office of Planning and
5903	Budget and the legislative fiscal analyst.
5904	(iii) An expenditure of dedicated credits in excess of amounts appropriated as
5905	dedicated credits by the Legislature may not be used to permanently increase personnel within
5906	the agency unless:
5907	(A) the increase is approved by the Legislature; or
5908	(B) the [monies are] money is deposited as a dedicated [credits] credit in:
5909	(I) the Drug Stamp Tax Fund under Section 59-19-105; or
5910	(II) a line item covering tuition or federal vocational funds at an institution of higher
5911	education.
5912	(c) (i) All excess dedicated credits lapse to the appropriate fund at the end of the fiscal
5913	year unless the Legislature has designated the entire program or line item that is partially or
5914	fully funded from dedicated credits as nonlapsing.
5915	(ii) The Division of Finance shall determine the appropriate fund into which the

(5) (a) The Legislature may establish by law the maximum amount of fixed collections

that an agency may expend.

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- (b) If an agency receives less than the maximum amount of expendable fixed collections established by law, the agency's authority to expend is limited to the amount of fixed collections that it receives.
- (c) If an agency receives fixed collections greater than the maximum amount of expendable fixed collections established by law, those excess amounts lapse to the General Fund, the Education Fund, the Transportation Fund, or the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 as designated by the director of the Division of Finance at the end of the fiscal year.
- (6) Unless otherwise specifically provided by law, when an agency has a program or line item that is funded by more than one major revenue type:
 - (a) the agency shall expend its dedicated credits and fixed collections first; and
- (b) if the program or line item includes both free revenue and restricted revenue, an agency shall expend those revenues based upon a proration of the amounts appropriated from each of those major revenue types.
 - Section 123. Section **63J-1-206** is amended to read:
- 63J-1-206. Appropriations governed by chapter -- Restrictions on expenditures -- Transfer of funds -- Exclusion.
- (1) As used in this section, "work program" means a budget that contains revenues and expenditures for specific purposes or functions within an item of appropriation.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), (3)(e), or where expressly exempted in the appropriating act:
- (i) all [monies] money appropriated by the Legislature [are] is appropriated upon the terms and conditions set forth in this chapter; and
- (ii) any department, agency, or institution that accepts [monies] money appropriated by the Legislature does so subject to the requirements of this chapter.
 - (b) This section does not apply to:
 - (i) the Legislature and its committees; and
- 5945 (ii) the Investigation Account of the Water Resources Construction Fund, which is governed by Section 73-10-8.
- 5947 (3) (a) Each appropriation item is to be expended subject to any schedule of programs 5948 and any restriction attached to the appropriation item, as designated by the Legislature.

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5949	(b) Each schedule of programs or restriction attached to an appropriation item:
5950	(i) is a restriction or limitation upon the expenditure of the respective appropriation
5951	made;
5952	(ii) does not itself appropriate any money; and
5953	(iii) is not itself an item of appropriation.
5954	(c) An appropriation or any surplus of any appropriation may not be diverted from any
5955	department, agency, institution, or division to any other department, agency, institution, or
5956	division.
5957	(d) The money appropriated subject to a schedule or programs or restriction may be
5958	used only for the purposes authorized.
5959	(e) In order for a department, agency, or institution to transfer [monies] money
5960	appropriated to it from one program to another program within an item of appropriation, the
5961	following procedure shall be followed:
5962	(i) The department, agency, or institution seeking to make the transfer shall prepare:
5963	(A) a new work program for the fiscal year involved that consists of the currently
5964	approved work program and the transfer sought to be made; and
5965	(B) a written justification for the new work program that sets forth the purpose and
5966	necessity for the transfer.
5967	(ii) The Division of Finance shall process the new work program with written
5968	justification and make this information available to the Governor's Office of Planning and
5969	Budget and the legislative fiscal analyst.
5970	(f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(f)(ii), [monies] money may not be
5971	transferred from one item of appropriation to any other item of appropriation.
5972	(ii) The state superintendent may transfer [monies] money appropriated for the
5973	Minimum School Program between line items of appropriation in accordance with Section
5974	53A-17a-105.
5975	(g) (i) The procedures for transferring [monies] money between programs within an
5976	item of appropriation as provided by Subsection (3)(e) do not apply to [monies] money
5977	appropriated to the State Board of Education for the Minimum School Program or capital

outlay programs created in Title 53A, Chapter 21, Public Education Capital Outlay Act.

(ii) The state superintendent may transfer [monies] money appropriated for the

9900	programs specified in Subsection (3)(g)(1) only as provided by Section 33A-17a-103.
5981	Section 124. Section 63J-1-210 is amended to read:
5982	63J-1-210. Restrictions on agency expenditures of money Lobbyists.
5983	(1) As used in this section:
5984	(a) (i) "Agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
5985	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,
5986	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
5987	(ii) "Agency" includes the legislative branch, the judicial branch, the Board of Regents,
5988	the board of trustees of each higher education institution, each higher education institution, or a
5989	public education entity.
5990	(b) "Executive action" means action undertaken by the governor, including signing or
5991	vetoing legislation, and action undertaken by any official in the executive branch of
5992	government.
5993	(c) "Legislative action" means action undertaken by the Utah Legislature or any part of
5994	it.
5995	(d) "Lobbyist" means a person who is not an employee of an agency who is hired as an
5996	independent contractor by the agency to communicate with legislators or the governor for the
5997	purpose of influencing the passage, defeat, amendment, or postponement of legislative or
5998	executive action.
5999	(2) A state agency or entity to which [monies are] money is appropriated by the
5000	Legislature may not expend any [monies] money to pay a lobbyist.
5001	Section 125. Section 63J-1-312 is amended to read:
5002	63J-1-312. Establishing a General Fund Budget Reserve Account Providing for
5003	deposits and expenditures from the account Providing for interest generated by the
5004	account.
5005	(1) As used in this section:
6006	(a) "Education Fund budget deficit" means a situation where appropriations made by
5007	the Legislature from the Education Fund for a fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues
6008	adopted by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for the Education Fund
5009	in that fiscal year.
5010	(b) "General Fund appropriations" means the sum of the spending authority for a fiscal

6011 year that is:

- (i) granted by the Legislature in all appropriation acts and bills; and
- (ii) identified as coming from the General Fund.
 - (c) "General Fund budget deficit" means a situation where General Fund appropriations made by the Legislature for a fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues adopted by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for the General Fund in that fiscal year.
 - (d) "General Fund revenue surplus" means a situation where actual General Fund revenues collected in a completed fiscal year exceed the estimated revenues for the General Fund for that fiscal year that were adopted by the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature.
 - (e) "Operating deficit" means that, at the end of the fiscal year, the unreserved and undesignated fund balance in the General Fund is less than zero.
 - (2) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account to be known as the General Fund Budget Reserve Account, which is designated to receive the legislative appropriations, investment earnings, and the surplus revenue required to be deposited into the account by this section.
 - (3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), at the end of any fiscal year in which the Division of Finance, in consultation with the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and in conjunction with the completion of the annual audit by the state auditor, determines that there is a General Fund revenue surplus, the Division of Finance shall transfer 25% of the General Fund revenue surplus to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account.
 - (ii) If the transfer of 25% of the General Fund revenue surplus to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account would cause the balance in the account to exceed 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which the revenue surplus occurred, the Division of Finance shall transfer only those funds necessary to ensure that the balance in the account equals 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which the General Fund revenue surplus occurred.
 - (iii) The Division of Finance shall calculate the amount to be transferred under this Subsection (3)(a):
- 6040 (A) before transferring from the General Fund revenue surplus any other year-end contingency appropriations, year-end set-asides, or other year-end transfers required by law;

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(B) excluding the investment earnings for the fiscal year and excluding any direct legislative appropriation made to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account for the fiscal year.

- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), in addition to Subsection (3)(a)(i), if a General Fund revenue surplus exists and if, within the last 10 years, the Legislature has appropriated any money from the General Fund Budget Reserve Account that has not been replaced by appropriation or as provided in this Subsection (3)(b), the Division of Finance shall transfer up to 25% more of the General Fund revenue surplus to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account to replace the amounts appropriated, until direct legislative appropriations, if any, and transfers from the General Fund revenue surplus under this Subsection (3)(b) have replaced the appropriations from the account.
- (ii) If the transfer under Subsection (3)(b)(i) would cause the balance in the account to exceed 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which the revenue surplus occurred, the Division of Finance shall transfer only those funds necessary to ensure that the balance in the account equals 6% of General Fund appropriations for the fiscal year in which the revenue surplus occurred.
- (iii) The Division of Finance shall calculate the amount to be transferred under this Subsection (3)(b):
- (A) before transferring from the General Fund revenue surplus any other year-end contingency appropriations, year-end set-asides, or other year-end transfers required by law; and
- (B) excluding the investment earnings for the fiscal year and excluding any direct legislative appropriation made to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account for the fiscal year.
- (c) For appropriations made by the Legislature to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account, the Division of Finance shall treat those appropriations, unless otherwise specified in the appropriation, as replacement funds for appropriations made from the account if funds were appropriated from the General Fund Budget Reserve Account within the past 10 years and have not yet been replaced.
- (4) (a) If, at the close of any fiscal year, there [appear] appears to be insufficient [monies] money to pay additional debt service for any bonded debt authorized by the Legislature, the Division of Finance may hold back from any General Fund revenue surplus

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[monies] money sufficient to pay the additional debt service requirements resulting from issuance of bonded debt that was authorized by the Legislature.

- (b) The Division of Finance may not spend the hold back amount for debt service under Subsection (4)(a) unless and until it is appropriated by the Legislature.
- (c) If, after calculating the amount for transfers to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account, the remaining General Fund revenue surplus is insufficient to cover the hold back for debt service required by Subsection (4)(a), the Division of Finance shall reduce the transfer to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account by the amount necessary to cover the debt service hold back.
- (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), the Division of Finance shall hold back the General Fund balance for debt service authorized by this Subsection (4) before making any transfers to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account or any other designation or allocation of General Fund revenue surplus.
- (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), if, at the end of a fiscal year, the Division of Finance determines that an operating deficit exists and that holding back the transfers to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account under Section 63J-1-314 does not eliminate the operating deficit, the Division of Finance may reduce the transfer to the General Fund Budget Reserve Account by the amount necessary to eliminate the operating deficit.
- (6) The Legislature may appropriate [monies] money from the General Fund Budget Reserve Account only to:
- (a) resolve a General Fund budget deficit, for the fiscal year in which the General Fund budget deficit occurs;
- (b) pay some or all of state settlement agreements approved under Title 63G, Chapter 10, State Settlement Agreements Act;
 - (c) pay retroactive tax refunds; or
 - (d) resolve an Education Fund budget deficit.
- (7) Interest generated from investments of money in the General Fund Budget Reserve
 Account shall be deposited into the General Fund.
- Section 126. Section **63J-1-602.5** is amended to read:
- 6102 63J-1-602.5. List of nonlapsing funds and accounts -- Title 64 and thereafter.
- (1) Funds collected by the housing of state probationary inmates or state parole

- inmates, as provided in Subsection 64-13e-104(2).
- 6105 (2) The Sovereign Lands Management account created in Section 65A-5-1.
- 6106 (3) Certain forestry and fire control funds utilized by the Division of Forestry, Fire, and 6107 State Lands, as provided in Section 65A-8-103.
- 6108 (4) The Department of Human Resource Management user training program, as 6109 provided in Section 67-19-6.
- 6110 (5) Funds for the University of Utah Poison Control Center program, as provided in Section 69-2-5.5.
- 6112 (6) Appropriations to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund, 6113 as provided in Section 72-2-117.
- 6114 (7) Appropriations to the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund, as provided 6115 in Section 72-2-117.5.
- 6116 (8) Appropriations to the Tollway Special Revenue Fund, as provided in Section 72-2-120.
- 6118 (9) Appropriations to the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund, as provided 6119 in Section 72-2-122.
- 6120 (10) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
- 6121 (11) Certain funds received by the Office of the State Engineer for well drilling fines or bonds, as provided in Section 73-3-25.
- 6123 (12) Certain [monies] money appropriated to increase the carrying capacity of the
 6124 Jordan River that [are] is transferred to the Division of Parks and Recreation, as provided in
 6125 Section 73-10e-1.
- 6126 (13) Certain funds in the Water Development and Flood Mitigation Reserve Account, 6127 as provided in Section 73-10e-1.
- 6128 (14) Certain [monies] money appropriated from the Water Resources Conservation and 6129 Development Fund, as provided in Section 73-23-2.
- 6130 (15) The Lake Powell Pipeline Project Operation and Maintenance Fund created in Section 73-28-404.
- 6132 (16) Certain funds appropriated for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided 6133 in Section 77-10a-19.
- 6134 (17) The Indigent Aggravated Murder Defense Trust Fund created in Section

6135	77-32-601.
6136	(18) The Indigent Felony Defense Trust Fund created in Section 77-32-701.
6137	(19) Funds donated or paid to a juvenile court by private sources, as provided in
6138	Subsection 78A-6-203(1)(c).
6139	(20) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210.
6140	(21) The account for the Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
6141	(22) Revenue for golf user fees at the Wasatch Mountain State Park, Palisades State
6142	Park, Jordan River State Park, and Green River State Park, as provided under Section
6143	79-4-403.
6144	(23) Certain funds received by the Division of Parks and Recreation from the sale or
6145	disposal of buffalo, as provided under Section 79-4-1001.
6146	(24) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
6147	Section 127. Section 63J-3-205 is amended to read:
6148	63J-3-205. Money excluded from the limitation.
6149	[Monies] Money from the following sources [are] is excluded from the revenues
6150	appropriated and used in determining a limitation:
6151	(1) [monies] money received from the government of the United States including
6152	federal mineral lease payments;
6153	(2) [monies] money received by the state from another unit of government, except the
6154	proceeds of taxes, fees, or penalties imposed by the state and collected by the other unit of
6155	government;
6156	(3) [monies] money derived from the issuance of, or to pay interest, principal, or
6157	redemption premiums on, any security;
6158	(4) [monies] money received from the sale of fixed assets or gains on fixed asset
6159	transfers;
6160	(5) the proceeds of contracts, grants, gifts, donations, and bequests made to the state for
6161	a purpose specified by the contractor or donor;
6162	(6) user charges derived by the state from the sale of a product or service pledged or
6163	legally available to repay any security or for which the quantity of the product or level of
6164	service provided to a user is at the discretion of the user; and

(7) [monies] money raised to meet fiscal emergencies.

6166	Section 128. Section 63M-1-303 is amended to read:
6167	63M-1-303. Board duties and powers.
6168	(1) The board shall:
6169	(a) promote and encourage the economic, commercial, financial, industrial,
6170	agricultural, and civic welfare of the state;
6171	(b) do all lawful acts for the development, attraction, and retention of businesses,
6172	industries, and commerce within the state;
6173	(c) promote and encourage the expansion and retention of businesses, industries, and
6174	commerce located in the state;
6175	(d) support the efforts of local government and regional nonprofit economic
6176	development organizations to encourage expansion or retention of businesses, industries, and
6177	commerce located in the state;
6178	(e) do other acts not specifically enumerated in this chapter, if the acts are for the
6179	betterment of the economy of the state;
6180	(f) work in conjunction with companies and individuals located or doing business
6181	within the state to secure favorable rates, fares, tolls, charges, and classification for
6182	transportation of persons or property by:
6183	(i) railroad;
6184	(ii) motor carrier; or
6185	(iii) other common carriers;
6186	(g) recommend policies, priorities, and objectives to the office regarding the assistance,
6187	retention, or recruitment of business, industries, and commerce in the state; and
6188	(h) recommend how any money or program administered by the office or its divisions
6189	for the assistance, retention, or recruitment of businesses, industries, and commerce in the state
6190	shall be administered, so that the money or program is equitably available to all areas of the
6191	state unless federal or state law requires or authorizes the geographic location of a recipient of
6192	the money or program to be considered in the distribution of the money or administration of the
6193	program.
6194	(2) The board may:
6195	(a) in furtherance of the authority granted under Subsection (1)(f), appear as a party
6196	litigant on behalf of individuals or companies located or doing business within the state in

proceedings before regulatory commissions of the state, other states, or the federal government having jurisdiction over such matters; and

- (b) make, amend, or repeal rules for the conduct of its business consistent with this part and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), when [monies are] money is appropriated or otherwise made available to the office by the Legislature for the purchase of a contract for the sale of land, the board, with the approval of the state treasurer, may purchase the contract if the board makes a finding that the purchase of the contract promotes a statewide public interest such as promoting ease of interstate or intrastate travel or advancing economic development.
- (b) (i) As used in this Subsection (3)(b), "net projected debt service cost" means the [monies] money projected to be necessary to pay bond issuance costs for a general obligation bond and to make any interest payments for that general obligation bond less the projected investment earnings from the state's investment of that bond's proceeds, if any.
- (ii) When some or all of the [monies] money made available by the Legislature to purchase a contract for the sale of land [are] is provided from the proceeds from the issuance of one or more general obligation bonds, if the board and state treasurer decide to purchase the contract, the board and state treasurer shall purchase the contract at a price discounted by an amount equal to the total net projected debt service cost for those bonds.
- (iii) The State Bonding Commission shall certify the total net projected debt service cost to the board and the state treasurer.
 - (iv) In purchasing a contract, the board and state treasurer may:
 - (A) purchase the contract with a single payment; or
- (B) arrange to have the contract placed in escrow pending the final payment on the contract and make multiple payments on the contract according to a schedule that is negotiated with the holder of the contract and included as part of the contract.
 - (c) Before purchasing a contract, the board and the state treasurer shall:
- (i) contract with a qualified person or entity to prepare a report evaluating the purchaser of the land;
 - (ii) ensure that the report evaluates:
- 6226 (A) the purchaser's financial ability to pay the money to complete the purchase on the 6227 date that the final payment is due under the contract;

H.B. 186

01-12-11 11:52 AM

6228	(B) whether or not the security underlying the contract is adequate to protect the state if
6229	the purchaser defaults;
6230	(C) the purchaser's balance sheet and general credit-worthiness;
6231	(D) environmental issues affecting the property under federal or state law; and
6232	(E) any other items that will assist the board and the state treasurer in determining
6233	whether or not to purchase the contract;
6234	(iii) ensure that the state has or will have a properly perfected security interest in, title
6235	to, or a deed in escrow for, the property that is the subject of the purchase; and
6236	(iv) after reviewing the report, evaluating the state's security in case of a default on the
6237	contract, and considering the terms of the proposed contract, determine whether or not to
6238	purchase the contract.
6239	(d) The board and the state treasurer may not purchase a contract under this Subsection
6240	(3) if the date of the last payment owed by the land purchaser under the contract is more than
6241	seven years from the date that the board purchases the contract.
6242	Section 129. Section 63M-1-1207 is amended to read:
6243	63M-1-1207. Utah Capital Investment Corporation Powers and purposes.
6244	(1) (a) There is created an independent quasi-public nonprofit corporation known as the
6245	Utah Capital Investment Corporation.
6246	(b) The corporation:
6247	(i) may exercise all powers conferred on independent corporations under Section
6248	63E-2-106;
6249	(ii) is subject to the prohibited participation provisions of Section 63E-2-107; and
6250	(iii) is subject to the other provisions of Title 63E, Chapter 2, Independent
6251	Corporations Act, except as otherwise provided in this part.
6252	(c) The corporation shall file with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code:
6253	(i) articles of incorporation; and
6254	(ii) any amendment to its articles of incorporation.
6255	(d) In addition to the articles of incorporation, the corporation may adopt bylaws and
6256	operational policies that are consistent with this chapter.
6257	(e) Except as otherwise provided in this part, this part does not exempt the corporation
6258	from the requirements under state law which apply to other corporations organized under Title

0239	63E, Chapter 2, independent Corporations Act.
6260	(2) The purposes of the corporation are to:
6261	(a) organize the Utah fund of funds;
6262	(b) select a venture capital investment fund allocation manager to make venture capital
6263	fund investments by the Utah fund of funds;
6264	(c) negotiate the terms of a contract with the venture capital investment fund allocation
6265	manager;
6266	(d) execute the contract with the selected venture capital investment fund manager on
6267	behalf of the Utah fund of funds;
6268	(e) receive funds paid by designated investors for the issuance of certificates by the
6269	board for private investment in the Utah fund of funds;
6270	(f) receive investment returns from the Utah fund of funds; and
6271	(g) establish the redemption reserve to be used by the corporation to redeem
6272	certificates.
6273	(3) The corporation may not:
6274	(a) exercise governmental functions;
6275	(b) have members;
6276	(c) pledge the credit or taxing power of the state or any political subdivision of the
6277	state; or
6278	(d) make its debts payable out of any [moneys] money except [those] money of the
6279	corporation.
6280	(4) The obligations of the corporation are not obligations of the state or any political
6281	subdivision of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory debt limitations,
6282	but are obligations of the corporation payable solely and only from the corporation's funds.
6283	(5) The corporation may:
6284	(a) engage consultants and legal counsel;
6285	(b) expend funds;
6286	(c) invest funds;
6287	(d) issue debt and borrow funds;
6288	(e) enter into contracts;
6289	(f) insure against loss;

6290	(g) hire employees; and
6291	(h) perform any other act necessary to carry out its purposes.
6292	Section 130. Section 63M-1-1218 is amended to read:
6293	63M-1-1218. Certificates and contingent tax credits.
6294	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6295	board, in consultation with the State Tax Commission, shall make rules governing the form,
6296	issuance, transfer, and redemption of certificates.
6297	(2) The board's issuance of certificates and related contingent tax credits to designated
6298	investors is subject to the following:
6299	(a) the aggregate outstanding certificates may not exceed a total of \$300,000,000 of
6300	contingent tax credits;
6301	(b) the board shall issue a certificate contemporaneously with an investment in the
6302	Utah fund of funds by a designated investor;
6303	(c) the board shall issue contingent tax credits in a manner that not more than
6304	\$20,000,000 of contingent tax credits for each \$100,000,000 increment of contingent tax
6305	credits may be redeemable in any fiscal year; and
6306	(d) the credits are certifiable if there are insufficient funds in the redemption reserve to
6307	make a cash redemption and the board does not exercise its other options under Subsection
6308	63M-1-1220(3)(b).
6309	(3) In determining the \$300,000,000 maximum limit in Subsection (2)(a) and the
6310	\$20,000,000 limitation for each \$100,000,000 increment of contingent tax credits in Subsection
6311	(2)(c):
6312	(a) the board shall use the cumulative amount of scheduled aggregate returns on
6313	certificates issued by the board to designated investors;
6314	(b) certificates and related contingent tax credits which have expired may not be
6315	included; and
6316	(c) certificates and related contingent tax credits which have been redeemed shall be
6317	included only to the extent of tax credits actually allowed.
6318	(4) Contingent tax credits are subject to the following:
6319	(a) a contingent tax credit may not be redeemed except by a designated investor in
6320	accordance with the terms of a certificate from the board;

6321	(b) a contingent tax credit may not be redeemed prior to the time the Utah fund of
6322	funds receives full payment from the designated investor for the certificate;
6323	(c) a contingent tax credit shall be claimed for a tax year that begins during the
6324	calendar year maturity date stated on the certificate;
6325	(d) an investor who redeems a certificate and the related contingent tax credit shall
6326	allocate the amount of the contingent tax credit to the taxpayers of the investor based on the
6327	taxpayer's pro rata share of the investor's earnings; and
6328	(e) a contingent tax credit shall be claimed as a refundable credit.
6329	(5) In calculating the amount of a contingent tax credit:
6330	(a) the board shall certify a contingent tax credit only if the actual return or payment of
6331	principal and interest to the designated investor is less than that targeted at the issuance of the
6332	certificate;
6333	(b) the amount of the contingent tax credit for a designated investor with an equity
6334	interest may not exceed the difference between:
6335	(i) the sum of:
6336	(A) the initial private investment of the designated investor in the Utah fund of funds;
6337	and
6338	(B) the scheduled aggregate return to the designated investor at rates of return
6339	authorized by the board at the issuance of the certificate; and
6340	(ii) the aggregate actual return received by the designated investor and any predecessor
6341	in interest of the initial equity investment and interest on the initial equity investment;
6342	(c) the rates, whether fixed rates or variable rates, shall be determined by a formula
6343	stipulated in the certificate; and
6344	(d) the amount of the contingent tax credit for a designated investor with a loan or
6345	other debt obligation from the Utah fund of funds shall be equal to the amount of any principal,
6346	interest, or interest equivalent unpaid at the redemption of the loan or other obligation, as
6347	stipulated in the certificate.
6348	(6) The board shall clearly indicate on the certificate:
6349	(a) the targeted return on the invested capital, if the private investment is an equity
6350	interest;
6351	(b) the payment schedule of principal, interest, or interest equivalent, if the private

0332	investment is a roan or other debt obligation;
6353	(c) the amount of the initial private investment;
6354	(d) the calculation formula for determining the scheduled aggregate return on the initial
6355	equity investment, if applicable; and
6356	(e) the calculation formula for determining the amount of the contingent tax credit that
6357	may be claimed.
6358	(7) Once [moneys are] money is invested by a designated investor, the certificate:
6359	(a) is binding on the board; and
6360	(b) may not be modified, terminated, or rescinded.
6361	(8) Funds invested by a designated investor for a certificate shall be paid to the
6362	corporation for placement in the Utah fund of funds.
6363	(9) The State Tax Commission may, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
6364	Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in consultation with the board, make rules to help
6365	implement this section.
6366	Section 131. Section 63M-1-1406 is amended to read:
6367	63M-1-1406. Tourism Marketing Performance Account.
6368	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the Tourism
6369	Marketing Performance Account.
6370	(2) The account shall be administered by the office for the purposes listed in
6371	Subsection (5).
6372	(3) (a) The account shall earn interest.
6373	(b) All interest earned on account [monies] money shall be deposited into the account.
6374	[(c) Monies in the account are nonlapsing.]
6375	(4) The account shall be funded by appropriations made to the account by the
6376	Legislature in accordance with this section.
6377	(5) The director may use account [monies] money appropriated to the office to pay for
6378	the statewide advertising, marketing, and branding campaign for promotion of the state as
6379	conducted by the office.
6380	(6) (a) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007, the director shall allocate 10% of the
6381	account [monies] money appropriated to the office to be distributed to a sports organization for
6382	advertising, marketing, branding, and promoting Utah in attracting sporting events into the

6383	state as	determined	by	the	office

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- (b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2008, the amount distributed under Subsection (6)(a) shall be indexed from the July 1, 2007 fiscal year to reflect a percent increase or decrease of [monies] money set aside into the account as compared to the previous fiscal year.
- (c) The [monies] money distributed under Subsections (6)(a) and (b) [are] is nonlapsing.
- (d) The office shall provide for an annual accounting to the office by a sports organization of the use of [monies] money it receives under Subsection (6)(a) or (b).
- 6392 (e) For purposes of this Subsection (6), "sports organization" means an organization 6393 that is:
 - (i) exempt from federal income taxation in accordance with Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
 - (ii) created to foster national and international amateur sports competitions to be held in the state and sports tourism throughout the state, to include advertising, marketing, branding, and promoting Utah for the purpose of attracting sporting events into the state.
 - (7) (a) [Monies] Money set aside into the account shall be as follows:
- 6400 (i) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005 only, an amount appropriated in Section 7 of this bill;
 - (ii) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006:
 - (A) the beginning nonlapsing appropriation balances, if any, in the Tourism Marketing Performance Account;
 - (B) any legislative appropriation from the sales and use tax revenue increases identified in Subsection (8); and
 - (C) any appropriation made by the Legislature from the General Fund to the account in an appropriations bill; and
 - (iii) for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007, and for each fiscal year thereafter, a \$1,000,000 reduction in the prior year's appropriation sources other than the sales and use tax revenue increases identified in Subsection (8), plus a legislative appropriation from the cumulative sales and use tax revenue increases identified in Subsection (8).
 - (b) [Monies] Money in the account [are] is nonlapsing.

(8) (a) In fiscal years 2006 through 2015, a portion of the state sales and use tax revenues determined under this Subsection (8) shall be certified as a set-aside for the account by the State Tax Commission and reported to the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst.

- (b) The State Tax Commission shall determine the set-aside under this Subsection (8) in each fiscal year by applying the following formula: if the increase in the state sales and use tax revenues derived from the retail sales of tourist-oriented goods and services in the fiscal year two years prior to the fiscal year in which the set-aside is to be made for the account is at least 3% over the state sales and use tax revenues derived from the retail sales of tourist-oriented goods and services generated in the fiscal year three years prior to the fiscal year in which the set-aside is to be made, an amount equal to 1/2 of the state sales and use tax revenues generated above the 3% increase shall be calculated by the commission and set aside by the state treasurer for appropriation to the account.
- (c) Total [monies] money to be appropriated to the account in any fiscal year under Subsections (8)(a) and (b) may not exceed the amount in the account under this section in the fiscal year immediately preceding the current fiscal year by more than \$3,000,000.
- (d) As used in this Subsection (8), "sales of tourism-oriented goods and services" are those sales by businesses registered with the State Tax Commission under the following codes of the 1997 North American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget:
 - (i) NAICS Code 453 Miscellaneous Store Retailers;
- (ii) NAICS Code 481 Passenger Air Transportation;
 - (iii) NAICS Code 487 Scenic and Sightseeing Transportation;
- (iv) NAICS Code 711 Performing Arts, Spectator Sports and Related Industries;
 - (v) NAICS Code 712 Museums, Historical Sites and Similar Institutions;
- 6438 (vi) NAICS Code 713 Amusement, Gambling and Recreation Industries;
- 6439 (vii) NAICS Code 721 Accommodations;

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- 6440 (viii) NAICS Code 722 Food Services and Drinking Places;
- 6441 (ix) NAICS Code 4483 Jewelry, Luggage, and Leather Goods Stores;
- 6442 (x) NAICS Code 4853 Taxi and Limousine Service;
- 6443 (xi) NAICS Code 4855 Charter Bus;
- 6444 (xii) NAICS Code 5615 Travel Arrangement and Reservation Services;

6445	(XIII) NAICS Code 44611 Pharmacies and Drug Stores;
6446	(xiv) NAICS Code 45111 Sporting Goods Stores;
6447	(xv) NAICS Code 45112 Hobby Toy and Game Stores;
6448	(xvi) NAICS Code 45121 Book Stores and News Dealers;
6449	(xvii) NAICS Code 445120 Convenience Stores without Gas Pumps;
6450	(xviii) NAICS Code 447110 Gasoline Stations with Convenience Stores;
6451	(xix) NAICS Code 447190 Other Gasoline Stations;
6452	(xx) NAICS Code 532111 Passenger Car Rental; and
6453	(xxi) NAICS Code 532292 Recreational Goods Rental.
6454	(e) For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2009, \$6,000,000 of ongoing [monies]
6455	money in the account shall be transferred to the General Fund.
6456	Section 132. Section 63M-7-511 is amended to read:
6457	63M-7-511. Compensable losses and amounts.
6458	A reparations award under this chapter may be made if:
6459	(1) the reparations officer finds the claim satisfies the requirements for the award under
6460	the provisions of this chapter and the rules of the board;
6461	(2) [monies are] money is available in the fund;
6462	(3) the person for whom the award of reparations is to be paid is otherwise eligible
6463	under this part; and
6464	(4) the claim is for an allowable expense incurred by the victim, as follows:
6465	(a) reasonable and necessary charges incurred for products, services, and
6466	accommodations;
6467	(b) inpatient and outpatient medical treatment and physical therapy, subject to rules
6468	promulgated by the board pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
6469	Act;
6470	(c) mental health counseling which:
6471	(i) is set forth in a mental health treatment plan which has been approved prior to any
6472	payment by a reparations officer; and
6473	(ii) qualifies within any further rules promulgated by the board pursuant to Title 63G,
6474	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
6475	(d) actual loss of past earnings and anticipated loss of future earnings because of a

	H.B. 186 01-12-11 11:52 AM
6476	death or disability resulting from the personal injury at a rate not to exceed 66-2/3% of the
6477	person's weekly gross salary or wages or the maximum amount allowed under the state
6478	workers' compensation statute;
6479	(e) care of minor children enabling a victim or spouse of a victim, but not both of them,
6480	to continue gainful employment at a rate per child per week as determined under rules
6481	established by the board;
6482	(f) funeral and burial expenses for death caused by the criminally injurious conduct,
6483	subject to rules promulgated by the board pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
6484	Administrative Rulemaking Act;
6485	(g) loss of support to the dependent or dependents not otherwise compensated for a
6486	pecuniary loss for personal injury, for as long as the dependence would have existed had the
6487	victim survived, at a rate not to exceed 66-2/3% of the person's weekly salary or wages or the
6488	maximum amount allowed under the state workers' compensation statute, whichever is less;
6489	(h) personal property necessary and essential to the health or safety of the victim as
6490	defined by rules promulgated by the board pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
6491	Administrative Rulemaking Act; and

- (i) medical examinations as defined in Section 63M-7-502, subject to rules promulgated by the board pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, which may allow for exemptions from Sections 63M-7-509, 63M-7-512, and 63M-7-513.
 - Section 133. Section **63M-7-514** is amended to read:

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63M-7-514. Notification of claimant -- Suspension of proceedings.

- (1) The Office of Crime Victim Reparations shall immediately notify the claimant in writing of any award and shall forward to the Division of Finance a certified copy of the award and a warrant request for the amount of the award. The Division of Finance shall pay the claimant the amount submitted to the division, out of the fund. If [monies] money in the fund [are] is temporarily depleted, claimants approved to receive awards shall be placed on a waiting list and shall receive their awards as funds are available in the order in which their awards were approved.
- (2) The reparations officer may suspend the proceedings pending disposition of a criminal prosecution that has been commenced or is imminent.
 - Section 134. Section **65A-8-103** is amended to read:

0307	05A-8-105. Forestry and tire control lunds.
6508	(1) The division shall use [monies] money available to it to meet the costs of:
6509	(a) controlling forest, range, and watershed fires;
6510	(b) controlling insect and disease epidemics;
6511	(c) rehabilitating or reforesting nonfederal forest, range, and watershed lands; and
6512	(d) carrying on the purposes of this chapter.
6513	(2) All [monies] money available to the division to meet the costs of Subsections (1)(a)
6514	through (d) [are] is nonlapsing and available to the division until expended.
6515	(3) (a) The collection and disbursement of all money made available to the division
6516	shall be in accordance with the rules of the Division of Finance.
6517	(b) [Monies] Money collected by the division from fees, rentals, sales, contributions,
6518	reimbursements, and other such sources shall be deposited in the appropriate account.
6519	Section 135. Section 65A-8-205 is amended to read:
6520	65A-8-205. Agreements for coverage by the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund
6521	Eligible lands County and state obligations Termination Revocation.
6522	(1) (a) A county legislative body may enter annually into a written agreement with the
6523	state forester to provide for payment from the Wildland Fire Suppression Fund of fire
6524	suppression costs incurred by the county in excess of the county's fire suppression budget.
6525	(b) Fire suppression costs on forest, range, and watershed lands within the
6526	unincorporated area of a county, except federal or state lands, are eligible for coverage by the
6527	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund.
6528	(2) (a) An agreement for payment of fire suppression costs from the Wildland Fire
6529	Suppression Fund shall provide that the county shall:
6530	(i) except as provided by Subsection (2)(b), pay into the fund an amount equal to:
6531	(A) .01 times the number of acres of privately- or county-owned land in the
6532	unincorporated area of the county; and
6533	(B) .0001151 times the taxable value of real property in the unincorporated area of the
6534	county; and
6535	(ii) budget an amount for fire suppression costs determined to be normal by the state
6536	forester in accordance with the formula specified by rule.
6537	(b) A county is not required to pay for an acre or real property described in Subsection

6538	(2)(a)(1) if the acre or real property:
6539	(i) is subject to concentrated residential, commercial, or industrial development;
6540	(ii) would not be exposed to wildland fire; and
6541	(iii) would not expose any wildland to fire spreading from it.
6542	(3) (a) Any county that elects to initiate participation in the fund, or reestablish
6543	participation in the fund after participation was terminated, shall make an equity payment, in
6544	addition to the assessment provided in Subsection (2)(a)(i).
6545	(b) The equity payment shall represent what the county's equity in the fund would be if
6546	the county had made assessments into the fund for each of the previous three years.
6547	(c) The equity payment shall be determined by the state forester in accordance with
6548	division rules.
6549	(4) The agreement shall provide that:
6550	(a) the state shall pay into the fund an amount equal to the county's payment, including
6551	any equity payment required under Subsection (3); and
6552	(b) if [monies] money in the fund [are] is insufficient to pay for all eligible fire
6553	suppression costs, the state shall pay for 1/2 of the county's remaining costs.
6554	(5) The agreement shall provide for revocation of the agreement for failure to pay
6555	assessments when due.
6556	(6) Any county that elects to withdraw from participation in the fund, or whose
6557	participation in the fund is revoked due to failure to pay its assessments when due, shall forfeit
6558	any right to any previously paid assessments by the county.
6559	Section 136. Section 67-3-1 is amended to read:
6560	67-3-1. Functions and duties.
6561	(1) (a) The state auditor is the auditor of public accounts and is independent of any
6562	executive or administrative officers of the state.
6563	(b) The state auditor is not limited in the selection of personnel or in the determination
6564	of the reasonable and necessary expenses of the state auditor's office.
6565	(2) The state auditor shall examine and certify annually in respect to each fiscal year,
6566	financial statements showing:
6567	(a) the condition of the state's finances;
6568	(b) the revenues received or accrued;

determination of any or all of the following:

6569	(c) expenditures paid or accrued;
6570	(d) the amount of unexpended or unencumbered balances of the appropriations to the
6571	agencies, departments, divisions, commissions, and institutions; and
6572	(e) the cash balances of the funds in the custody of the state treasurer.
6573	(3) (a) The state auditor shall:
6574	(i) audit each permanent fund, each special fund, the General Fund, and the accounts of
6575	any department of state government or any independent agency or public corporation as the law
6576	requires, as the auditor determines is necessary, or upon request of the governor or the
6577	Legislature;
6578	(ii) perform the audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and
6579	other auditing procedures as promulgated by recognized authoritative bodies;
6580	(iii) as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct the audits to determine:
6581	(A) honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs;
6582	(B) accuracy and reliability of financial statements;
6583	(C) effectiveness and adequacy of financial controls; and
6584	(D) compliance with the law.
6585	(b) If any state entity receives federal funding, the state auditor shall ensure that the
6586	audit is performed in accordance with federal audit requirements.
6587	(c) (i) The costs of the federal compliance portion of the audit may be paid from an
6588	appropriation to the state auditor from the General Fund.
6589	(ii) If an appropriation is not provided, or if the federal government does not
6590	specifically provide for payment of audit costs, the costs of the federal compliance portions of
6591	the audit shall be allocated on the basis of the percentage that each state entity's federal funding
6592	bears to the total federal funds received by the state.
6593	(iii) The allocation shall be adjusted to reflect any reduced audit time required to audit
6594	funds passed through the state to local governments and to reflect any reduction in audit time
6595	obtained through the use of internal auditors working under the direction of the state auditor.
6596	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the state auditor shall, in addition to
6597	financial audits, and as the auditor determines is necessary, conduct performance and special
6598	purpose audits, examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public funds, including a

6600	(i) the honesty and integrity of all its fiscal affairs;
6601	(ii) whether or not its administrators have faithfully complied with legislative intent;
6602	(iii) whether or not its operations have been conducted in an efficient, effective, and
6603	cost-efficient manner;
6604	(iv) whether or not its programs have been effective in accomplishing the intended
6605	objectives; and
6606	(v) whether or not its management, control, and information systems are adequate and
6607	effective.
6608	(b) The auditor may not conduct performance and special purpose audits,
6609	examinations, and reviews of any entity that receives public funds if the entity:
6610	(i) has an elected auditor; and
6611	(ii) has, within the entity's last budget year, had its financial statements or performance
6612	formally reviewed by another outside auditor.
6613	(5) The state auditor shall administer any oath or affirmation necessary to the
6614	performance of the duties of the auditor's office, and may subpoena witnesses and documents,
6615	whether electronic or otherwise, and examine into any matter that the auditor considers
6616	necessary.
6617	(6) The state auditor may require all persons who have had the disposition or
6618	management of any property of this state or its political subdivisions to submit statements
6619	regarding it at the time and in the form that the auditor requires.
6620	(7) The state auditor shall:
6621	(a) except where otherwise provided by law, institute suits in Salt Lake County in
6622	relation to the assessment, collection, and payment of its revenues against:
6623	(i) persons who by any means have become entrusted with public [monies] money or
6624	property and have failed to pay over or deliver [those monies] the money or property; and
6625	(ii) all debtors of the state;
6626	(b) collect and pay into the state treasury all fees received by the state auditor;
6627	(c) perform the duties of a member of all boards of which the state auditor is a member
6628	by the constitution or laws of the state, and any other duties that are prescribed by the
6629	constitution and by law;
6630	(d) stop the payment of the salary of any state official or state employee who:

- (i) refuses to settle accounts or provide required statements about the custody and disposition of public funds or other state property;
- (ii) refuses, neglects, or ignores the instruction of the state auditor or any controlling board or department head with respect to the manner of keeping prescribed accounts or funds; or
- (iii) fails to correct any delinquencies, improper procedures, and errors brought to the official's or employee's attention;
- (e) establish accounting systems, methods, and forms for public accounts in all taxing or fee-assessing units of the state in the interest of uniformity, efficiency, and economy;
 - (f) superintend the contractual auditing of all state accounts;
- (g) subject to Subsection (8), withhold state allocated funds or the disbursement of property taxes from any state taxing or fee-assessing unit, if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in those taxing units of the state comply with state laws and procedures in the budgeting, expenditures, and financial reporting of public funds; and
- (h) subject to Subsection (9), withhold the disbursement of tax [monies] money from any county, if necessary, to ensure that officials and employees in the county comply with Section 59-2-303.1.
- (8) Except as otherwise provided by law, the state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(g) until a taxing or fee-assessing unit has received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days to make the specified corrections.
- (9) The state auditor may not withhold funds under Subsection (7)(h) until a county has received formal written notice of noncompliance from the auditor and has been given 60 days to make the specified corrections.
 - (10) The state auditor shall:
- (a) establish audit guidelines and procedures for audits of local mental health and substance abuse authorities and their contract providers, conducted pursuant to Title 17, Chapter 43, Parts 2, Local Substance Abuse Authorities and 3, Local Mental Health Authorities, Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act, and Title 62A, Chapter 15, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Act; and

(b) ensure that those guidelines and procedures provide assurances to the state that:

- (i) state and federal funds appropriated to local mental health authorities are used for mental health purposes;
- (ii) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide comprehensive mental health programs or services for a local mental health authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and federal law;
- (iii) state and federal funds appropriated to local substance abuse authorities are used for substance abuse programs and services; and
- (iv) a private provider under an annual or otherwise ongoing contract to provide comprehensive substance abuse programs or services for a local substance abuse authority is in compliance with state and local contract requirements, and state and federal law.
- (11) The state auditor may, in accordance with the auditor's responsibilities for political subdivisions of the state as provided in Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act, initiate audits or investigations of any political subdivision that are necessary to determine honesty and integrity in fiscal affairs, accuracy and reliability of financial statements, effectiveness, and adequacy of financial controls and compliance with the law.
- (12) (a) The state auditor may not audit work that the state auditor performed before becoming state auditor.
- (b) If the state auditor has previously been a responsible official in state government whose work has not yet been audited, the Legislature shall:
 - (i) designate how that work shall be audited; and
 - (ii) provide additional funding for those audits, if necessary.
 - (13) The state auditor shall:

- (a) with the assistance, advice, and recommendations of an advisory committee appointed by the state auditor from among local district boards of trustees, officers, and employees and special service district boards, officers, and employees:
 - (i) prepare a Uniform Accounting Manual for Local Districts that:
- (A) prescribes a uniform system of accounting and uniform budgeting and reporting procedures for local districts under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Local Districts, and special service districts under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service

6693 District Act;

- (B) conforms with generally accepted accounting principles; and
- (C) prescribes reasonable exceptions and modifications for smaller districts to the uniform system of accounting, budgeting, and reporting;
 - (ii) maintain the manual under Subsection (13)(a) so that it continues to reflect generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (iii) conduct a continuing review and modification of procedures in order to improve them:
 - (iv) prepare and supply each district with suitable budget and reporting forms; and
 - (v) prepare instructional materials, conduct training programs, and render other services considered necessary to assist local districts and special service districts in implementing the uniform accounting, budgeting, and reporting procedures; and
 - (b) continually analyze and evaluate the accounting, budgeting, and reporting practices and experiences of specific local districts and special service districts selected by the state auditor and make the information available to all districts.
 - (14) (a) The following records in the custody or control of the state auditor are protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act:
 - (i) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a past or present governmental employee if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the state auditor through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the state auditor in preparing a final audit report;
 - (ii) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who during the course of an audit, communicated the existence of any waste of public funds, property, or manpower, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
 - (iii) before an audit is completed and the final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not an employee or head of a governmental entity for their

6724	response or information;
6725	(iv) records that would disclose an outline or part of any audit survey plans or audit
6726	program; and
6727	(v) requests for audits, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an audit.
6728	(b) The provisions of Subsections (14)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) do not prohibit the disclosure
6729	of records or information that relate to a violation of the law by a governmental entity or
6730	employee to a government prosecutor or peace officer.
6731	(c) The provisions of this Subsection (14) do not limit the authority otherwise given to
6732	the state auditor to classify a document as public, private, controlled, or protected under Title
6733	63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
6734	Section 137. Section 67-4-11 is amended to read:
6735	67-4-11. Delict of treasurer Duties of auditor and governor Suspension.
6736	(1) The state auditor shall notify the governor if the state auditor examines the books of
6737	the state treasurer, and finds that:
6738	(a) the books do not correspond with the amount of funds on hand;
6739	(b) the books do not show the actual condition of the funds;
6740	(c) [monies] money belonging to the state [have] has been embezzled, diverted, or in
6741	any manner taken from the treasury without authority of law; or
6742	(d) the state treasurer has been guilty of negligence in keeping the books or in taking
6743	care of the public [monies] money.
6744	(2) Upon receipt of the notice, the governor shall:
6745	(a) take possession of all books, [monies] money, papers, and other property belonging
6746	to the state in the possession of the state treasurer; and
6747	(b) temporarily suspend the state treasurer from office.
6748	(3) (a) The state auditor shall:
6749	(i) examine the books, papers, and all matters connected with the office of the
6750	suspended state treasurer; and
6751	(ii) notify the governor of the findings.
6752	(b) If, based upon the examination, the auditor concludes that the state treasurer has
6753	embezzled or converted to personal use the public [monies] money, or has been negligent in

keeping the books, or in taking care of the public [monies] money, the governor shall appoint

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another person to replace the suspended state treasurer.

- (c) The new state treasurer shall execute an official bond, and enter upon the office of state treasurer, as provided by law.
 - (d) The governor shall report all of the acts done under this section to the Legislature.
- (4) The new state treasurer shall hold office until the suspended state treasurer is restored or until his successor is elected and qualified.
 - Section 138. Section **67-5-1** is amended to read:
- 6762 **67-5-1.** General duties.
 - The attorney general shall:
- 6764 (1) perform all duties in a manner consistent with the attorney-client relationship under 6765 Section 67-5-17;
 - (2) except as provided in Sections 10-3-928 and 17-18-1, attend the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of this state, and all courts of the United States, and prosecute or defend all causes to which the state, or any officer, board, or commission of the state in an official capacity is a party; and take charge, as attorney, of all civil legal matters in which the state is interested;
 - (3) after judgment on any cause referred to in Subsection (2), direct the issuance of process as necessary to execute the judgment;
 - (4) account for, and pay over to the proper officer, all [moneys] money that [come] comes into the attorney general's possession that [belong] belongs to the state;
 - (5) keep a file of all cases in which the attorney general is required to appear, including any documents and papers showing the court in which the cases have been instituted and tried, and whether they are civil or criminal, and:
 - (a) if civil, the nature of the demand, the stage of proceedings, and when prosecuted to judgment, a memorandum of the judgment and of any process issued whether satisfied, and if not satisfied, the return of the sheriff;
 - (b) if criminal, the nature of the crime, the mode of prosecution, the stage of proceedings, and when prosecuted to sentence, a memorandum of the sentence and of the execution, if the sentence has been executed, if not executed, of the reason of the delay or prevention; and
 - (c) deliver this information to the attorney general's successor in office;

(6) exercise supervisory powers over the district and county attorneys of the state in all matters pertaining to the duties of their offices, and from time to time require of them reports of the condition of public business entrusted to their charge;

- (7) give the attorney general's opinion in writing and without fee to the Legislature or either house, and to any state officer, board, or commission, and to any county attorney or district attorney, when required, upon any question of law relating to their respective offices;
- (8) when required by the public service or directed by the governor, assist any county, district, or city attorney in the discharge of his duties;
- (9) purchase in the name of the state, under the direction of the state Board of Examiners, any property offered for sale under execution issued upon judgments in favor of or for the use of the state, and enter satisfaction in whole or in part of the judgments as the consideration of the purchases;
- (10) when the property of a judgment debtor in any judgment mentioned in Subsection (9) has been sold under a prior judgment, or is subject to any judgment, lien, or encumbrance taking precedence of the judgment in favor of the state, redeem the property, under the direction of the state Board of Examiners, from the prior judgment, lien, or encumbrance, and pay all money necessary for the redemption, upon the order of the state Board of Examiners, out of any money appropriated for these purposes;
- (11) when in his opinion it is necessary for the collection or enforcement of any judgment, institute and prosecute on behalf of the state any action or proceeding necessary to set aside and annul all conveyances fraudulently made by the judgment debtors, and pay the cost necessary to the prosecution, when allowed by the state Board of Examiners, out of any money not otherwise appropriated;
- (12) discharge the duties of a member of all official boards of which the attorney general is or may be made a member by the Utah Constitution or by the laws of the state, and other duties prescribed by law;
- (13) institute and prosecute proper proceedings in any court of the state or of the United States, to restrain and enjoin corporations organized under the laws of this or any other state or territory from acting illegally or in excess of their corporate powers or contrary to public policy, and in proper cases forfeit their corporate franchises, dissolve the corporations, and wind up their affairs;

6817	(14) institute investigations for the recovery of all real or personal property that may
6818	have escheated or should escheat to the state, and for that purpose, subpoena any persons
6819	before any of the district courts to answer inquiries and render accounts concerning any
6820	property, examine all books and papers of any corporations, and when any real or personal
6821	property is discovered that should escheat to the state, institute suit in the district court of the
6822	county where the property is situated for its recovery, and escheat that property to the state;
6823	(15) administer the Children's Justice Center as a program to be implemented in
6824	various counties pursuant to Sections 67-5b-101 through 67-5b-107;
6825	(16) assist the Constitutional Defense Council as provided in Title 63C, Chapter 4,
6826	Constitutional Defense Council;
6827	(17) pursue any appropriate legal action to implement the state's public lands policy
6828	established in Subsection 63C-4-105(1);
6829	(18) investigate and prosecute violations of all applicable state laws relating to fraud in
6830	connection with the state Medicaid program and any other medical assistance program
6831	administered by the state, including violations of Title 26, Chapter 20, False Claims Act;
6832	(19) investigate and prosecute complaints of abuse, neglect, or exploitation of patients
6833	at:
6834	(a) health care facilities that receive payments under the state Medicaid program; and
6835	(b) board and care facilities, as defined in the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C.
6836	Sec. 1396b(q)(4)(B), regardless of the source of payment to the board and care facility; and
6837	(20) (a) report at least twice per year to the Legislative Management Committee on any
6838	pending or anticipated lawsuits, other than eminent domain lawsuits, that might:
6839	(i) cost the state more than \$500,000; or
6840	(ii) require the state to take legally binding action that would cost more than \$500,000
6841	to implement; and
6842	(b) if the meeting is closed, include an estimate of the state's potential financial or other
6843	legal exposure in that report.
6844	Section 139. Section 67-19d-201 is amended to read:
6845	67-19d-201. Trust fund Creation Oversight Dissolution.
6846	(1) There is created a post-retirement benefits trust fund entitled the "State
6847	Post-Retirement Benefits Trust Fund."

6848	(2) The trust fund consists of:
6849	(a) revenue provided from an ongoing labor additive as defined in Subsection
6850	67-19d-202(2)(g);
6851	(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature, if any;
6852	(c) income as defined in Section 67-19d-102; and
6853	(d) other revenues received from other sources.
6854	(3) The Division of Finance shall account for the receipt and expenditures of trust fund
6855	[monies] money.
6856	(4) (a) The state treasurer shall invest trust fund [monies] money by following the
6857	procedures and requirements of Part 3, Trust Fund Investments.
6858	(b) (i) The trust fund shall earn interest.
6859	(ii) The state treasurer shall deposit all interest or other income earned from investment
6860	of the trust fund back into the trust fund.
6861	(5) The board of trustees created in Section 67-19d-202 may expend [monies] money
6862	from the trust fund for:
6863	(a) the employer portion of the costs of the programs established in Sections 67-19-14
6864	through 67-19-14.4; and
6865	(b) reasonable administrative costs that the board of trustees incurs in performing their
6866	duties as trustees of the trust fund.
6867	(6) The board of trustees shall ensure that:
6868	(a) [monies] money deposited into the trust fund [are] is irrevocable and [are] is
6869	expended only for the employer portion of the costs of post-retirement benefits;
6870	(b) assets of the trust fund are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their
6871	beneficiaries according to the terms of the post-retirement benefit plans established by statute
6872	and rule; and
6873	(c) creditors of the board of trustees and of employers liable for the post-retirement
6874	benefits may not seize, attach, or otherwise obtain assets of the trust fund.
6875	(7) When all of the liabilities for which the trust fund was created are paid, the
6876	Division of Finance shall transfer any assets remaining in the state trust fund into the
6877	appropriate fund.
6878	Section 140. Section 70D-3-402 is amended to read:

08/9	70D-3-402. Prombhed acts.
6880	(1) An individual transacting the business of a loan originator in this state may not:
6881	(a) violate or not comply with:
6882	(i) this chapter;
6883	(ii) an order of the commissioner under this chapter;
6884	(iii) a rule made by the commissioner under this chapter;
6885	(iv) Title 70C, Utah Consumer Credit Code, if subject to that title; or
6886	(v) Chapter 2, Mortgage Lending and Servicing Act, if subject to that chapter;
6887	(b) engage in an act that is performed to:
6888	(i) evade this chapter; or
6889	(ii) assist another person to evade this chapter;
6890	(c) do any of the following to induce a lender to extend credit as part of a residential
6891	mortgage loan transaction:
6892	(i) make a false statement or representation;
6893	(ii) cause a false document to be generated; or
6894	(iii) knowingly permit false information to be submitted by a person in a transaction;
6895	(d) fail to respond within the required time period to:
6896	(i) a notice or complaint of the commissioner; or
6897	(ii) a request for information from the commissioner;
6898	(e) make a false representation to the commissioner, including in a licensure
6899	application;
6900	(f) engage in the business of a loan originator with respect to a residential mortgage
6901	loan transaction if the individual also acts in any of the following capacities with respect to the
6902	same residential mortgage loan transaction:
6903	(i) appraiser;
6904	(ii) escrow agent;
6905	(iii) real estate agent;
6906	(iv) general contractor; or
6907	(v) title insurance agent;
6908	(g) engage in an act or omission in transacting the business of a loan originator that
6909	constitutes dishonesty, fraud, or misrepresentation;

6910	(h) engage in false or misleading advertising;
6911	(i) (i) fail to account for [monies] money received in connection with a residential
6912	mortgage loan;
6913	(ii) use [monies] money for a different purpose than the purpose for which the [monies
6914	are] money is received; or
6915	(iii) subject to Subsection (3), retain [monies] money paid for services if the services
6916	are not performed;
6917	(j) fail, within 90 calendar days of a request from a borrower who has paid for an
6918	appraisal, to give a copy of an appraisal ordered and used for a residential mortgage loan to the
6919	borrower;
6920	(k) recommend or encourage default, delinquency, or continuation of an existing
6921	default or delinquency, by a mortgage applicant on an existing indebtedness before the closing
6922	of a residential mortgage loan that will refinance all or part of the indebtedness; or
6923	(l) pay or offer to pay an individual who does not hold a license under this chapter for
6924	services that require the individual to hold a license under this chapter.
6925	(2) (a) An individual engaging solely in loan processor or underwriter activities, may
6926	not represent to the public that the individual can or will perform any act of a loan originator.
6927	(b) A representation prohibited under this Subsection (2) includes an advertisement or
6928	other means of communicating or providing information including the use of:
6929	(i) a business card;
6930	(ii) stationery;
6931	(iii) a brochure;
6932	(iv) a sign;
6933	(v) a rate list; or
6934	(vi) another promotional item.
6935	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(i)(iii), if a licensee complies with Section
6936	70D-2-305, the licensee may charge a reasonable cancellation fee for services completed to
6937	originate a residential mortgage loan if the residential mortgage loan is not closed.
6938	Section 141. Section 72-2-117 is amended to read:
6939	72-2-117. Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund
6940	Distribution Renayment Rulemaking.

6941	(1) There is created the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund
6942	within the Transportation Fund.
6943	(2) The fund shall be funded from the following sources:
6944	(a) motor vehicle rental tax imposed under Section 59-12-1201;
6945	(b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;
6946	(c) contributions from other public and private sources for deposit into the fund;
6947	(d) interest earnings on cash balances;
6948	(e) all [monies] money collected for repayments and interest on fund [monies] money;
6949	(f) all [monies] money collected from rents and sales of real property acquired with
6950	fund [monies] money; and
6951	(g) proceeds from general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, or other obligations as
6952	authorized by Title 63B, Bonds.
6953	(3) All [monies] money appropriated to the Transportation Corridor Preservation
6954	Revolving Loan Fund [are] is nonlapsing.
6955	(4) (a) The commission shall authorize the expenditure of fund [monies] money to
6956	allow the department to acquire real property or any interests in real property for state, county,
6957	and municipal transportation corridors subject to:
6958	(i) [monies] money available in the fund;
6959	(ii) rules made under Subsection (7); and
6960	(iii) Subsection (9).
6961	(b) Fund [monies] money may be used to pay interest on debts incurred in accordance
6962	with this section.
6963	(5) Administrative costs for transportation corridor preservation shall be paid from the
6964	fund.
6965	(6) The department:
6966	(a) may apply to the commission under this section for [monies] money from the
6967	Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund for a specified transportation
6968	corridor project, including for county and municipal projects; and
6969	(b) shall repay the fund [monies] money authorized for the project to the fund as
6970	required under Subsection (7).
6971	(7) The commission shall:

6972	(a) administer the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund to:
6973	(i) preserve transportation corridors;
6974	(ii) promote long-term statewide transportation planning;
6975	(iii) save on acquisition costs; and
6976	(iv) promote the best interests of the state in a manner which minimizes impact on
6977	prime agricultural land;
6978	(b) prioritize fund [monies] money based on considerations, including:
6979	(i) areas with rapidly expanding population;
6980	(ii) the willingness of local governments to complete studies and impact statements
6981	that meet department standards;
6982	(iii) the preservation of corridors by the use of local planning and zoning processes;
6983	(iv) the availability of other public and private matching funds for a project; and
6984	(v) the cost-effectiveness of the preservation projects;
6985	(c) designate high priority corridor preservation projects in cooperation with a
6986	metropolitan planning organization;
6987	(d) administer the program for the purposes provided in this section;
6988	(e) prioritize fund [monies] money in accordance with this section; and
6989	(f) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
6990	Rulemaking Act, establishing:
6991	(i) the procedures for the awarding of fund [monies] money;
6992	(ii) the procedures for the department to apply for transportation corridor preservation
6993	[monies] money for projects; and
6994	(iii) repayment conditions of the [monies] money to the fund from the specified project
6995	funds.
6996	(8) (a) The proceeds from any bonds or other obligations secured by revenues of the
6997	Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund shall be used for:
6998	(i) the acquisition of real property in hardship cases; and
6999	(ii) any of the purposes authorized for funds in the Transportation Corridor
7000	Preservation Revolving Loan Fund under this section.
7001	(b) The commission shall pledge the necessary part of the revenues of the
7002	Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund to the payment of principal of and

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Disposition of fund money.

(1) As used in this section:

7003	interest on the bonds or other obligations.
7004	(9) (a) The department may not apply for [monies] money under this section unless the
7005	highway authority has an access management policy or ordinance in effect that meets the
7006	requirements under Subsection (9)(b).
7007	(b) The access management policy or ordinance shall:
7008	(i) be for the purpose of balancing the need for reasonable access to land uses with the
7009	need to preserve the smooth flow of traffic on the highway system in terms of safety, capacity,
7010	and speed; and
7011	(ii) include provisions:
7012	(A) limiting the number of conflict points at driveway locations;
7013	(B) separating conflict areas;
7014	(C) reducing the interference of through traffic;
7015	(D) spacing at-grade signalized intersections; and
7016	(E) providing for adequate on-site circulation and storage.
7017	(c) The department shall develop a model access management policy or ordinance that
7018	meets the requirements of this Subsection (9) for the benefit of a county or municipality under
7019	this section.
7020	(10) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
7021	Act, the commission shall make rules establishing a corridor preservation advisory council.
7022	(b) The corridor preservation advisory council shall:
7023	(i) assist with and help coordinate the corridor preservation efforts of the department
7024	and local governments;
7025	(ii) provide recommendations and priorities concerning corridor preservation and the
7026	use of fund [monies] money to the department and to the commission; and
7027	(iii) include members designated by each metropolitan planning organization in the
7028	state to represent local governments that are involved with corridor preservation through
7029	official maps and planning.
7030	Section 142. Section 72-2-117.5 is amended to read:
7031	72-2-117.5. Definitions Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund

- 227 -

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- 7034 (a) "Council of governments" means a decision-making body in each county composed 7035 of the county governing body and the mayors of each municipality in the county. 7036 (b) "Metropolitan planning organization" has the same meaning as defined in Section 7037 72-1-208.5. 7038 (2) There is created the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund within the 7039 Transportation Fund. 7040 (3) The fund shall be funded from the following sources: 7041 (a) a local option highway construction and transportation corridor preservation fee 7042 imposed under Section 41-1a-1222; (b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature; 7043 7044 (c) contributions from other public and private sources for deposit into the fund; 7045 (d) all [monies] money collected from rents and sales of real property acquired with 7046 fund [monies] money; 7047 (e) proceeds from general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, or other obligations issued 7048 as authorized by Title 63B, Bonds; 7049 (f) the portion of the sales and use tax described in Subsection 59-12-2217(2)(b) and 7050 required by Subsection 59-12-2217(8)(a) to be deposited into the fund; and 7051 (g) sales and use tax revenues deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 7052 59-12-2218. 7053 (4) (a) The fund shall earn interest. 7054 (b) All interest earned on fund [monies] money shall be deposited into the fund. 7055 (c) All [monies] money appropriated to the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation 7056 Fund [are] is nonlapsing. 7057 (d) The State Tax Commission shall provide the department with sufficient data for the 7058 department to allocate the revenues: 7059 (i) provided under Subsection (3)(a) to each county imposing a local option highway 7060 construction and transportation corridor preservation fee under Section 41-1a-1222;
- 7063 (iii) provided under Subsection (3)(g) to each county of the second class or city or town 7064 within a county of the second class that imposes the sales and use tax authorized by Section

option sales and use tax for transportation; and

(ii) provided under Subsection 59-12-2217(2)(b) to each county imposing a county

7065 59-12-2218.

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- 7066 (e) (i) The department shall annually allocate the interest earned on fund [monies]
 7067 money to each county based on the proportionate amount of interest earned on each county's
 7068 allocation of funds under Subsection (4)(d) on an average monthly balance basis.
 - (ii) The initial annual allocation of fund interest shall include all interest earned on fund [monies] money since the creation of the fund.
 - (f) The [monies] money allocated under Subsection (4)(d):
- 7072 (i) shall be used for the purposes provided in this section for each county, city, or town; 7073 and
- 7074 (ii) are allocated to each county, city or town as provided in this section:
 - (A) with the condition that the state will not be charged for any asset purchased with the [monies] money allocated under Subsections (4)(d) and (e); and
- 7077 (B) are considered a local matching contribution for the purposes described under 7078 Section 72-2-123 if used on a state highway.
- 7079 (g) Administrative costs of the department to implement this section shall be paid from 7080 the fund.
 - (5) (a) The department shall authorize the expenditure of fund [monies] money to allow a highway authority to acquire real property or any interests in real property for state, county, and municipal highway corridors subject to:
- 7084 (i) [monies] money available in the fund to each county under Subsections (4)(d) and 7085 (e); and
 - (ii) the provisions of this section.
 - (b) Fund [monies] money may be used to pay interest on debts incurred in accordance with this section.
 - (c) (i) (A) Fund [monies] money may be used to pay maintenance costs of properties acquired under this section but limited to a total of 5% of the purchase price of the property.
 - (B) Any additional maintenance cost shall be paid from funds other than under this section.
- 7093 (C) Revenue generated by any property acquired under this section is excluded from the limitations under this Subsection (5)(c)(i).
- 7095 (ii) Fund [monies] money may be used to pay direct costs of acquisition of properties

acquired under this section.

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(d) Fund [monies] money allocated under Subsections (4)(d) and (e) may be used by a county highway authority for countywide transportation planning if:

- (i) the county is not included in a metropolitan planning organization;
- (ii) the transportation planning is part of the county's continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive process for transportation planning, corridor preservation, right-of-way acquisition, and project programming;
- (iii) no more than four years allocation every 20 years to each county is used for transportation planning under this Subsection (5)(d); and
- (iv) the county otherwise qualifies to use the fund [monies] money as provided under this section.
- (e) (i) Subject to Subsection (11), fund [monies] money allocated under Subsections (4)(d) and (e) may be used by a county highway authority for transportation corridor planning that is part of the corridor elements of an ongoing work program of transportation projects.
- (ii) The transportation corridor planning under Subsection (5)(e)(i) shall be under the direction of:
- (A) the metropolitan planning organization if the county is within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization; or
- (B) the department if the county is not within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization.
- (6) (a) (i) The Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall be used to preserve highway corridors, promote long-term statewide transportation planning, save on acquisition costs, and promote the best interests of the state in a manner which minimizes impact on prime agricultural land.
- (ii) The Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall only be used to preserve a highway corridor that is right-of-way:
 - (A) in a county of the first or second class for a:
- 7123 (I) state highway;
- 7124 (II) a principal arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
- 7125 (III) a minor arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; or
- 7126 (IV) a collector highway in an urban area as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; or

7127	(B) in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class for a:
7128	(I) state highway;
7129	(II) a principal arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
7130	(III) a minor arterial highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5;
7131	(IV) a major collector highway as defined in Section 72-4-102.5; or
7132	(V) a minor collector road as defined in Section 72-4-102.5.
7133	(iii) The Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund may not be used for a
7134	highway corridor that is primarily a recreational trail as defined under Section 79-5-102.
7135	(b) (i) The department shall develop and implement a program to educate highway
7136	authorities on the objectives, application process, use, and responsibilities of the Local
7137	Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund as provided under this section to promote the most
7138	efficient and effective use of fund [monies] money including priority use on designated high
7139	priority corridor preservation projects.
7140	(ii) The department shall develop a model transportation corridor property acquisition
7141	policy or ordinance that meets federal requirements for the benefit of a highway authority to
7142	acquire real property or any interests in real property under this section.
7143	(c) The department shall authorize the expenditure of fund [monies] money after
7144	determining that the expenditure is being made in accordance with this section from
7145	applications that are:
7146	(i) made by a highway authority;
7147	(ii) endorsed by the council of governments; and
7148	(iii) for a right-of-way purchase for a highway authorized under Subsection (6)(a)(ii).
7149	(7) (a) (i) A council of governments shall establish a council of governments
7150	endorsement process which includes prioritization and application procedures for use of the
7151	[monies] money allocated to each county under this section.
7152	(ii) The endorsement process under Subsection (7)(a)(i) may include review or
7153	endorsement of the preservation project by the:
7154	(A) metropolitan planning organization if the county is within the boundaries of a
7155	metropolitan planning organization; or
7156	(B) the department if the county is not within the boundaries of a metropolitan
7157	planning organization.

7158	(b) All fund [monies] money shall be prioritized by each highway authority and council
7159	of governments based on considerations, including:
7160	(i) areas with rapidly expanding population;
7161	(ii) the willingness of local governments to complete studies and impact statements
7162	that meet department standards;
7163	(iii) the preservation of corridors by the use of local planning and zoning processes;
7164	(iv) the availability of other public and private matching funds for a project;
7165	(v) the cost-effectiveness of the preservation projects;
7166	(vi) long and short-term maintenance costs for property acquired; and
7167	(vii) whether the transportation corridor is included as part of:
7168	(A) the county and municipal master plan; and
7169	(B) (I) the statewide long range plan; or
7170	(II) the regional transportation plan of the area metropolitan planning organization if
7171	one exists for the area.
7172	(c) The council of governments shall:
7173	(i) establish a priority list of highway corridor preservation projects within the county;
7174	(ii) submit the list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) to the county's legislative body for
7175	approval; and
7176	(iii) obtain approval of the list described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) from a majority of the
7177	members of the county legislative body.
7178	(d) A county's council of governments may only submit one priority list described in
7179	Subsection (7)(c)(i) per calendar year.
7180	(e) A county legislative body may only consider and approve one priority list described
7181	in Subsection (7)(c)(i) per calendar year.
7182	(8) (a) Unless otherwise provided by written agreement with another highway
7183	authority, the highway authority that holds the deed to the property is responsible for
7184	maintenance of the property.
7185	(b) The transfer of ownership for property acquired under this section from one
7186	highway authority to another shall include a recorded deed for the property and a written
7187	agreement between the highway authorities.
7188	(9) (a) The proceeds from any bonds or other obligations secured by revenues of the

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- Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund shall be used for the purposes authorized for
 funds under this section.
 - (b) The highway authority shall pledge the necessary part of the revenues of the Local Transportation Corridor Preservation Fund to the payment of principal and interest on the bonds or other obligations.
 - (10) (a) A highway authority may not apply for [monies] money under this section to purchase a right-of-way for a state highway unless the highway authority has:
 - (i) a transportation corridor property acquisition policy or ordinance in effect that meets federal requirements for the acquisition of real property or any interests in real property under this section; and
 - (ii) an access management policy or ordinance in effect that meets the requirements under Subsection 72-2-117(9).
 - (b) The provisions of Subsection (10)(a)(i) do not apply if the highway authority has a written agreement with the department for the acquisition of real property or any interests in real property under this section.
 - (11) (a) The department shall, in expending or authorizing the expenditure of fund [monies] money, ensure to the extent possible that the fund [monies] money allocated to a city or town in accordance with Subsection (4) [are] is expended:
 - (i) to fund a project or service as allowed by this section within the city or town to which the fund [monies are] money is allocated;
 - (ii) to pay debt service, principal, or interest on a bond or other obligation as allowed by this section if that bond or other obligation is:
 - (A) secured by [monies] money allocated to the city or town; and
 - (B) issued to finance a project or service as allowed by this section within the city or town to which the fund [monies are] money is allocated;
 - (iii) to fund transportation planning as allowed by this section within the city or town to which the fund [monies are] money is allocated; or
 - (iv) for another purpose allowed by this section within the city or town to which the fund [monies are] money is allocated.
- 7218 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department may make rules to implement the requirements of Subsection (11)(a).

7220	Section 143. Section 72-2-121.2 is amended to read:
7221	72-2-121.2. Definition County of the Second Class State Highway Projects
7222	Fund Use of fund money.
7223	(1) As used in this section, "fund" means the County of the Second Class State
7224	Highway Projects Fund created by this section.
7225	(2) There is created within the Transportation Fund a special revenue fund known as
7226	the County of the Second Class State Highway Projects Fund.
7227	(3) The fund shall be funded by [monies] money collected from:
7228	(a) any voluntary contributions the department receives for new construction, major
7229	renovations, and improvements to state highways within a county of the second class; and
7230	(b) sales and use taxes deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-2218.
7231	(4) The department shall make a separate accounting for:
7232	(a) the revenues described in Subsection (3); and
7233	(b) each county of the second class or city or town within a county of the second class
7234	for which revenues are deposited into the fund.
7235	(5) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
7236	(b) Interest earned on fund [monies] money shall be deposited into the fund.
7237	(6) Subject to Subsection (9), the executive director may use fund [monies] money
7238	only:
7239	(a) for right-of-way acquisition, new construction, major renovations, and
7240	improvements to state highways within a county of the second class or a city or town within a
7241	county of the second class in an amount that does not exceed the amounts deposited for or
7242	allocated to that county of the second class or city or town within a county of the second class
7243	in accordance with this section;
7244	(b) to pay any debt service and bond issuance costs related to a purpose described in
7245	Subsection (6)(a) in an amount that does not exceed the amounts deposited for or allocated to
7246	that county of the second class or city or town within a county of the second class described in
7247	Subsection (6)(a) in accordance with this section; and
7248	(c) to pay the costs of the department to administer the fund in an amount not to exceed
7249	interest earned by the fund [monies] money.
7250	(7) If interest remains in the fund after the executive director pays the costs of the

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7251	department to administer the fund, the interest shall be:
7252	(a) allocated to each county of the second class

- (a) allocated to each county of the second class or city or town within a county of the second class for which revenues are deposited into the fund in proportion to the deposits made into the fund for that county of the second class or city or town within a county of the second class; and
 - (b) expended for the purposes described in Subsection (6).
- (8) Revenues described in Subsection (3)(b) that are deposited into the fund are considered to be a local matching contribution for the purposes described in Section 72-2-123.
- (9) (a) The executive director shall, in using fund [monies] money, ensure to the extent possible that the fund [monies] money deposited for or allocated to a city or town [are] is used:
- (i) for a purpose described in Subsection (6)(a) within the city or town to which the fund [monies are] money is allocated;
- (ii) to pay debt service and bond issuance costs described in Subsection (6)(b) if the debt service and bond issuance costs are:
 - (A) secured by [monies] money deposited for or allocated to the city or town; and
- (B) related to a project described in Subsection (6)(a) within the city or town to which the fund [monies are] money is allocated; or
 - (iii) for a purpose described in Subsection (6)(c).
- 7269 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department may make rules to implement the requirements of Subsection (9)(a).
- 7271 Section 144. Section **72-2-122** is amended to read:

7272 **72-2-122.** Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund -- Distribution -- 7273 Repayment -- Rulemaking.

- (1) There is created the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund within the Transportation Fund.
 - (2) The fund shall include [monies] money from the following sources:
- 7277 (a) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;
- 7278 (b) contributions from other public and private sources for deposit into the fund;
- 7279 (c) interest earnings on cash balances;
- 7280 (d) all [monies] money collected for repayments and interest on fund [monies] money;
- 7281 and

7282	(e) proceeds from revenue bonds or other obligations issued in accordance with Title
7283	63B, Chapter 1, Part 3, State Building Ownership Authority Act, and Title 63B, Bonds.
7284	(3) All [monies] money appropriated to the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan
7285	Fund [are] is nonlapsing.
7286	(4) (a) The commission shall authorize the expenditure of fund [monies] money for
7287	construction, major reconstruction, major renovation, or property acquisition of airports and
7288	airport runways for state, county, and municipal airports subject to:
7289	(i) [monies] money available in the fund; and
7290	(ii) rules made under Subsection (7).
7291	(b) Fund [monies] money may be used to pay interest on debts incurred in accordance
7292	with this section.
7293	(5) Administrative costs of the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund shall
7294	be paid from the fund.
7295	(6) The Operations Division:
7296	(a) may apply to the commission under this section for [monies] money from the
7297	Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund for a specified aeronautics project, including
7298	for county and municipal projects; and
7299	(b) shall repay the fund [monies] money authorized for the project to the fund as
7300	required under Subsection (7).
7301	(7) The commission shall:
7302	(a) administer the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund to promote
7303	long-term statewide aeronautics transportation;
7304	(b) prioritize fund [monies] money based on considerations, including:
7305	(i) areas with rapidly expanding population;
7306	(ii) the willingness of local governments to:
7307	(A) complete studies and impact statements that meet department standards; and
7308	(B) preserve long-term airport operations by the use of local planning and zoning
7309	processes;
7310	(iii) the availability of other public and private matching funds for a project; and
7311	(iv) the cost-effectiveness of the projects; and
7312	(c) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

7313	Rulemaking Act, establishing:
7314	(i) the procedures for the awarding of fund [monies] money;
7315	(ii) the procedures for the Operations Division to apply for Aeronautics Construction
7316	Revolving Loan Fund [monies] money for projects; and
7317	(iii) repayment schedules and conditions of replacing the [monies] money back into the
7318	fund.
7319	(8) For loans made under this section to a county or municipal airport, the Division of
7320	Finance shall:
7321	(a) collect and account for a loan made in accordance with this section; and
7322	(b) have custody of all loan documents evidencing indebtedness of the Aeronautics
7323	Construction Revolving Loan Fund, including all:
7324	(i) notes; and
7325	(ii) contracts.
7326	(9) (a) The proceeds from the revenue bonds or other obligations issued on revenues of
7327	the Aeronautics Construction Revolving Loan Fund shall be used for the purposes authorized
7328	for funds under this section.
7329	(b) The commission shall pledge the necessary part of the revenues of the Aeronautics
7330	Construction Revolving Loan Fund to the payment of principal of and interest on the revenue
7331	bonds or other obligations.
7332	Section 145. Section 72-2-205 is amended to read:
7333	72-2-205. Loan contracts of state agencies.
7334	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Sections 53B-21-113 and 63A-1-112, a state agency may
7335	obtain an infrastructure loan.
7336	(b) A state agency may contract to repay an infrastructure loan from the [monies]
7337	money which [are] is appropriated to the agency and may pledge all or any portion of [those
7338	monies] the money to repay the loan.
7339	(c) A state agency's infrastructure loan may not constitute a debt of the state or lending
7340	the credit of the state within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory limitation.
7341	(2) The terms of an infrastructure loan contract shall bind the state and a state agency,
7342	and the state agency shall unconditionally repay the loan from the [monies] money the agency

has pledged under the terms of the loan contract.

7344	Section 146. Section 73-10-8 is amended to read:
7345	73-10-8. Water Resources Construction Fund Creation and contents of fund
7346	Use Investigation Account created Interest Retainage Loans and grants for dam
7347	safety work.
7348	(1) There is created the Water Resources Construction Fund, which consists of:
7349	(a) money appropriated or otherwise made available to it by the Legislature;
7350	(b) money from the sale or management of the 500,000 acres of land selected for the
7351	establishment of reservoirs under Section 12 of the Utah Enabling Act;
7352	(c) charges assessed against water and power users pursuant to Section 73-10-6; and
7353	(d) interest accrued pursuant to Subsection (5).
7354	(2) The board may authorize the use of money in the fund for the following purposes:
7355	(a) to develop water conservation projects, including paying the costs of construction,
7356	engineering, investigation, inspection, and other related expenses;
7357	(b) to provide loans and grants to dam owners to conduct dam safety studies;
7358	(c) to provide loans and grants to dam owners:
7359	(i) to upgrade dams in conformance with the minimum standards established by the
7360	state engineer in rules; or
7361	(ii) for nonstructural solutions developed to meet minimum standards or lower hazard
7362	ratings that are approved by the state engineer, including the purchase of habitable structures,
7363	purchase of flood easements, and installation of early warning systems; or
7364	(d) as otherwise provided by law.
7365	(3) The board may provide for the repayment of the costs of investigation, engineering,
7366	and inspection out of the first [monies] money to be paid under a contract for the construction
7367	of a water project. [Those monies] The money repaid shall be deposited into a subaccount
7368	within the Water Resources Construction Fund known as the Investigation Account, to be used
7369	by the board for the purpose of making investigations for the development and use of the water
7370	resources of the state.
7371	(4) Contributions of money, property, or equipment may be received from any political
7372	subdivision of the state, federal agency, water users' association, person, or corporation for use
7373	in making investigations, constructing projects, or otherwise carrying out the purposes of this
7374	section.

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- 7375 (5) All [monies] money deposited into the Water Resources Construction Fund shall be invested by the state treasurer with interest accruing to the Water Resources Construction Fund.
 - (6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to construct a project funded by the Water Resources Construction Fund is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - (7) Loans to dam owners for dam safety studies and to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards shall be secured by taking water rights associated with the dam.
 - (8) The following restrictions apply to any grant made to a dam owner for a dam safety study:
 - (a) only a nonprofit mutual irrigation company or a water users association is eligible to receive a grant;
 - (b) the dam safety study shall be required by the state engineer pursuant to Section 73-5a-503; and
 - (c) the amount of any grant shall be limited to up to 50% of the costs of the dam safety study.
 - (9) (a) The board may provide grants to mutual irrigation companies and water users associations to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards of the state engineer. Each grant authorized by the board for the upgrade of a dam of a mutual irrigation company or water users association in conformance with the minimum standards shall be sufficient to pay for 80% of the costs to upgrade the dam.
 - (b) (i) Pursuant to guidelines specified in Subsection (9)(b)(ii), the board may provide loans or grants, or both, to entities other than mutual irrigation companies and water users associations to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards of the state engineer.
 - (ii) In determining the type of financial assistance to be provided to an entity other than a mutual irrigation company or water users association, the board shall consider the dam owner's ability to pay and may consider other factors including:
 - (A) the degree of hazard;
- 7403 (B) the threat to public safety;
- 7404 (C) the state engineer's priority list of dams;
- 7405 (D) the cost effectiveness of the restoration;

7406	(E) the number of potential and actual applications for financial assistance; and
7407	(F) the funds available.
7408	(10) The amount of money in the fund that may be used for grants for dam safety
7409	studies shall be limited to the amount of money appropriated to the fund for that purpose.
7410	(11) The board shall consult with the state engineer in establishing a priority list of
7411	dams to be upgraded with money in the fund.
7412	(12) A dam owner who has initiated or completed construction approved by the state
7413	engineer to upgrade the dam in conformance with minimum standards may apply for a grant or
7414	loan from the board as reimbursement for those construction expenditures.
7415	Section 147. Section 73-10-30 is amended to read:
7416	73-10-30. Construction in conjunction with Water Resources Construction Fund
7417	Supplemental financing.
7418	(1) Projects authorized under this chapter may be constructed in participation with
7419	[moneys] money from the Water Resources Construction Fund when authorized by the board.
7420	(2) Projects specified by the Legislature to be financed by general obligation bonds of
7421	the state may receive supplemental financing from the Water Resources Conservation and
7422	Development Fund when needed and [moneys are] money is available.
7423	Section 148. Section 73-10c-5 is amended to read:
7424	73-10c-5. Water Development Security Fund created Water Quality Security
7425	and Drinking Water Security Subaccounts created Use Revolving loan funds
7426	Hardship grants.
7427	(1) There is established an enterprise fund known as the Water Development Security
7428	Fund which includes the Water Quality Security Subaccount and the Drinking Water Security
7429	Subaccount.
7430	(2) The Water Quality Security Subaccount consists of four subaccounts:
7431	(a) the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount, which consists of:
7432	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
7433	(ii) money received from the repayment of the principal of loans made by the Water
7434	Quality Board under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6 from the Utah Wastewater Loan Program
7435	Subaccount; and
7436	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;

7437	(b) the Utah State Revolving Fund for Wastewater Projects Subaccount, which consists
7438	of:
7439	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
7440	(ii) money received from the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount applied to
7441	meet match requirements for federal funds under 33 U.S.C.A. 1251 et seq., federal Clean
7442	Water Act;
7443	(iii) money received from the repayment of loans made by the Water Quality Board
7444	under Section 73-10c-4 from the Utah State Revolving Fund for Wastewater Projects
7445	Subaccount;
7446	(iv) money received from the repayment of loans made by the Water Quality Board
7447	under Section 73-10c-4.5;
7448	(v) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
7449	(vi) money received under and subject to the restrictions of 33 U.S.C.A. 1251 et seq.,
7450	federal Clean Water Act, and which is eligible for use in state revolving loan funds established
7451	to meet the requirements of the act; and
7452	(vii) all investment income derived from money in the Utah State Revolving Fund for
7453	Wastewater Projects Subaccount;
7454	(c) the Hardship Grant Program for Wastewater Projects Subaccount, which consists
7455	of:
7456	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
7457	(ii) money received as interest payments on loans made by the Water Quality Board
7458	under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6, from the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount;
7459	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
7460	(iv) the Hardship Grant Assessment charged to State Revolving Fund loan recipients;
7461	and
7462	(v) all investment income derived from money in the Utah Wastewater Loan Program
7463	Subaccount or the Hardship Grant Program for Wastewater Projects Subaccount; and
7464	(d) the Water Quality Origination Fee Subaccount, which consists of the origination
7465	fee paid under Section 73-10c-10.
7466	(3) The Drinking Water Security Subaccount consists of four subaccounts:
7467	(a) the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount, which consists of:

7408	(1) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
7469	(ii) money received from the repayment of the principal of loans made by the Drinking
7470	Water Board under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6, from the Drinking Water Loan Program
7471	Subaccount; and
7472	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
7473	(b) the State Revolving Fund for Drinking Water Projects Subaccount, which consists
7474	of:
7475	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
7476	(ii) money received from the Utah Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount and
7477	applied to meet match requirements for federal funds under 42 U.S.C.A. 300f et seq., federal
7478	Safe Drinking Water Act;
7479	(iii) money received from the repayment of loans made by the Drinking Water Board
7480	under Section 73-10c-4 from the State Revolving Fund for Drinking Water Projects
7481	Subaccount;
7482	(iv) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
7483	(v) money received under and subject to the restrictions of 42 U.S.C.A. 300f et seq.,
7484	federal Safe Drinking Water Act, and which is eligible for use in state revolving loan funds
7485	established to meet the requirements of the act; and
7486	(vi) all investment income derived from money in the State Revolving Fund for
7487	Drinking Water Projects Subaccount;
7488	(c) the Hardship Grant Program for Drinking Water Projects Subaccount, which
7489	consists of:
7490	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
7491	(ii) money received from interest payments on loans made by the Drinking Water
7492	Board under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6, from the Drinking Water Loan Program
7493	Subaccount;
7494	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
7495	(iv) the Hardship Grant Assessment charged to State Revolving Fund loan recipients;
7496	and
7497	(v) all investment income derived from money in the Drinking Water Loan Program
7498	Subaccount or the Hardship Grant Program for Drinking Water Projects Subaccount; and

- 7499 (d) the Drinking Water Origination Fee Subaccount, which consists of the origination fee paid under Section 73-10c-10.
 - (4) State [monies] money in the Water Quality Security Subaccount and the Drinking Water Security Subaccount may be applied to meet match requirements for federal funds under the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq. and the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300f et seq.
 - (5) If the money in the security fund is insufficient for the purposes for which the security fund is established, the council shall ask the governor to request the Legislature to appropriate additional money to the account.
 - (6) (a) The Drinking Water Board and Water Quality Board may use the money in the appropriate security fund subaccount only to the extent of the money available in the account, for the support of drinking water projects and wastewater projects in accordance with the terms of credit enhancement agreements, grant agreements, and loan agreements.
 - (b) Repayments to the security fund from loans made by the acting board, [monies] money allocated by the Legislature, and interest accrued on [these monies] the money shall remain available for use by that board for further project funding.
 - (c) The Drinking Water Board and Water Quality Board may use the money in the origination fee subaccount to administer this chapter.
 - (7) Funds received under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300f et seq. may be used for providing financial assistance to community water systems and nonprofit noncommunity water systems as defined and within the limits of that act.
 - Section 149. Section **73-26-302** is amended to read:
 - 73-26-302. Construction contingent upon sale or lease of water -- Preconstruction may proceed if funded.
 - (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the division may not expend [monies] money for construction costs on any phase of a project until:
 - (a) contracts have been made for the sale or lease of at least 70% of the water developed by that phase; and
 - (b) all permits required by the environmental impact statement have been obtained.
- 7528 (2) Construction of the project and implementation of the environmental mitigation plan shall proceed concurrently.

7530	(3) The division may make expenditures for preconstruction costs if [monies are]
7531	money is expressly appropriated or earmarked by statute for that purpose by the Legislature.
7532	Section 150. Section 73-28-202 is amended to read:
7533	73-28-202. Construction contingent upon sale of water.
7534	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the board may not expend [monies] money
7535	for construction costs for any phase of the project until:
7536	(a) the board has contracted with the districts for the sale of at least 70% of the water
7537	developed by that phase of the project; and
7538	(b) all permits required by the environmental impact statement have been obtained.
7539	(2) Construction of the project and implementation of any environmental mitigation
7540	requirements may proceed concurrently.
7541	(3) The board may make expenditures for preconstruction costs if [monies are] money
7542	is expressly appropriated or earmarked by statute for that purpose by the Legislature.
7543	Section 151. Section 73-28-404 is amended to read:
7544	73-28-404. Repayments returned to Water Resources Conservation and
7545	Development Fund Establishment of an enterprise fund.
7546	(1) The board shall deposit, in accordance with Section 51-4-1, into the Water
7547	Resources Conservation and Development Fund:
7548	(a) repayments of preconstruction and construction costs; and
7549	(b) the interest charged.
7550	(2) (a) There is created an enterprise fund, as defined in Subsection 51-5-4(8), entitled
7551	the "Lake Powell Pipeline Project Operation and Maintenance Fund."
7552	(b) The fund consists of:
7553	(i) revenues received from the sale of developed water that is designated for project
7554	operation, maintenance, repair, and replacement costs;
7555	(ii) revenues received from the sale of electricity that are deposited in the fund in
7556	accordance with Subsection 73-28-203(3); and
7557	(iii) all interest earned by the fund.
7558	(3) (a) Any unexpended [monies] money remaining in the fund at the end of the fiscal
7559	year [are] is nonlapsing.
7560	(b) Notwithstanding Section 63J-1-211, the Legislature may not appropriate any

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7561	[monies] money from the Lake Powell Pipeline Project Operation and Maintenance Fund.
7562	(4) The state treasurer shall:
7563	(a) invest the [monies] money in the enterprise fund by following the procedures and
7564	requirements of Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act; and
7565	(b) deposit all interest or other earnings derived from those investments into the Lake
7566	Powell Pipeline Operation and Maintenance Fund.
7567	(5) The committee shall approve the expenditure of fund [monies] money to cover the
7568	project operation, maintenance, repair, and replacement costs, subject to:
7569	(a) [monies] money available in the fund; and
7570	(b) rules established by the board under Subsection 73-28-104(2).
7571	(6) If title to the project is transferred under Section 73-28-405, the agreement shall
7572	direct the disposition of the [monies] money remaining in the fund.
7573	Section 152. Section 76-8-401 is amended to read:
7574	76-8-401. "Public money," "public funds," and "public officer" defined.
7575	As used in this title:
7576	(1) "Public [monies] money" and "public funds" [mean monies] means money, funds,
7577	and accounts, regardless of the source from which they are derived, that are owned, held, or
7578	administered by the state or any of its boards, commissions, institutions, departments,
7579	divisions, agencies, bureaus, laboratories, or other similar instrumentalities, or any county, city
7580	school district, political subdivision, or other public body. "Public [monies] money" also
7581	includes [monies] money, funds, or accounts that have been transferred by any of those public
7582	entities to a private contract provider of programs or services. [Those monies] The money,
7583	funds, or accounts maintain the nature of public [monies] money while in the possession of the
7584	private entity that has contracted with a public entity to provide programs or services.
7585	(2) "Public officer" means:
7586	(a) all elected officials of the state, a political subdivision of the state, a county, town,
7587	city, precinct, or district;
7588	(b) a person appointed to or serving an unexpired term of an elected office;
7589	(c) a judge of a court of record and not of record including justice court judges; and

(d) a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole.

Section 153. Section 77-18-1.1 is amended to read:

7592	77-18-1.1. Screening, assessment, and treatment.
7593	(1) As used in this section:
7594	(a) "Assessment" has the same meaning as in Section 41-6a-501.
7595	(b) "Convicted" means:
7596	(i) a conviction by entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, guilty and mentally ill,
7597	or no contest; and
7598	(ii) conviction of any crime or offense.
7599	(c) "Screening" has the same meaning as in Section 41-6a-501.
7600	(d) "Substance abuse treatment" means treatment obtained through a substance abuse
7601	program that is licensed by the Office of Licensing within the Department of Human Services.
7602	(2) On or after July 1, 2009, the courts of the judicial districts where the Drug Offender
7603	Reform Act under Section 63M-7-305 is implemented shall, in coordination with the local
7604	substance abuse authority regarding available resources, order offenders convicted of a felony
7605	to:
7606	(a) participate in a screening prior to sentencing;
7607	(b) participate in an assessment prior to sentencing if the screening indicates an
7608	assessment to be appropriate; and
7609	(c) participate in substance abuse treatment if:
7610	(i) the assessment indicates treatment to be appropriate;
7611	(ii) the court finds treatment to be appropriate for the offender; and
7612	(iii) the court finds the offender to be an appropriate candidate for community-based
7613	supervision.
7614	(3) The findings from any screening and any assessment conducted under this section
7615	shall be part of the presentence investigation report submitted to the court prior to sentencing
7616	of the offender.
7617	(4) [Monies] Money appropriated by the Legislature to assist in the funding of the
7618	screening, assessment, substance abuse treatment, and supervision provided under this section
7619	[are] is not subject to any requirement regarding matching funds from a state or local
7620	governmental entity.
7621	Section 154. Section 77-28-1 is amended to read:
7622	77-28-1. Compact enacted into law Text of compact.

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7623	The Western Interstate Corrections Compact as contained herein is enacted into law and
7624	entered into on behalf of this state with any and all other states legally joining therein in a form
7625	substantially as follows:
7626	ARTICLE I
7627	PURPOSE AND POLICY
7628	The party states, desiring by common action to improve their institutional facilities and
7629	provide programs of sufficiently high quality for the confinement, treatment and rehabilitation
7630	of various types of offenders, declare that it is the policy of each of the party states to provide
7631	such facilities and programs on a basis of cooperation with one another, thereby serving the
7632	best interests of such offenders and of society. The purpose of this compact is to provide for the
7633	development and execution of such programs of cooperation for the confinement, treatment
7634	and rehabilitation of offenders.
7635	ARTICLE II
7636	DEFINITIONS
7637	As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
7638	(a) "State" means a state of the United States or, subject to the limitation contained in
7639	Article VII, Guam.
7640	(b) "Sending state" means a state party to this compact in which conviction was had.
7641	(c) "Receiving state" means a state party to this compact to which an inmate is sent for
7642	confinement other than a state in which conviction was had.
7643	(d) "Inmate" means a male or female offender who is under sentence to or confined in a
7644	prison or other correctional institution.
7645	(e) "Institution" means any prison, reformatory or other correctional facility (including
7646	but not limited to a facility for the mentally ill or mentally defective) in which inmates may
7647	lawfully be confined.
7648	ARTICLE III
7649	CONTRACTS
7650	(a) Each party state may make one or more contracts with any one or more of the other

- (a) Each party state may make one or more contracts with any one or more of the other party states for the confinement of inmates on behalf of a sending state in institutions situated within receiving states. Any such contract shall provide for:
- 7653 (1) Its duration.

(2) Payments to be made to the receiving state by the sending state for inmate maintenance, extraordinary medical and dental expenses, and any participation in or receipt by inmates of rehabilitative or correctional services, facilities, programs or treatment not reasonably included as part of normal maintenance.

- (3) Participation in programs of inmate employment, if any; the disposition or crediting of any payments received by inmates on account thereof; and the crediting of proceeds from or disposal of any products resulting therefrom.
 - (4) Delivery and retaking of inmates.

- (5) Such other matters as may be necessary and appropriate to fix the obligations, responsibilities and rights of the sending and receiving states.
- (b) Prior to the construction or completion of construction of any institution or addition thereto by a party state, any other party state or states may contract therewith for the enlargement of the planned capacity of the institution or addition thereto, or for the inclusion therein of particular equipment or structures, and for the reservation of a specific percentum of the capacity of the institution to be kept available for use by inmates of the sending state or states so contracting. Any sending state so contracting may, to the extent that [monies are] money is legally available therefor, pay to the receiving state, a reasonable sum as consideration for such enlargement of capacity, or provision of equipment or structures, and reservation of capacity. Such payment may be in a lump sum or in installments as provided in the contract.
- (c) The terms and provisions of this compact shall be a part of any contract entered into by the authority of or pursuant thereto, and nothing in any such contract shall be inconsistent therewith.

ARTICLE IV

PROCEDURE AND RIGHTS

(a) Whenever the duly constituted judicial or administrative authorities in a state party to this compact, and which has entered into a contract pursuant to Article III, shall decide that confinement in, or transfer of an inmate to, an institution within the territory of another party state is necessary in order to provide adequate quarters and care or desirable in order to provide an appropriate program of rehabilitation or treatment, said officials may direct that the confinement be within an institution within the territory of said other party state, the receiving

state to act in that regard solely as agent for the sending state.

- (b) The appropriate officials of any state party to this compact shall have access, at all reasonable times, to any institutions in which it has a contractual right to confine inmates for the purpose of inspecting the facilities thereof and visiting such of its inmates as may be confined in the institution.
- (c) Inmates confined in an institution pursuant to the terms of this compact shall at all times be subject to the jurisdiction of the sending state and may at any time be removed therefrom for transfer to a prison or other institution within the sending state, for transfer to another institution in which the sending state may have a contractual or other right to confine inmates, for release on probation or parole, for discharge, or for any other purpose permitted by the laws of the sending state; provided that the sending state shall continue to be obligated to such payments as may be required pursuant to the terms of any contract entered into under the terms of Article III.
- (d) Each receiving state shall provide regular reports to each sending state on the inmates of that sending state in institutions pursuant to this compact including a conduct record of each inmate and certify said record to the official designated by the sending state, in order that each inmate may have the benefit of his or her record in determining and altering the disposition of said inmate in accordance with the law which may obtain in the sending state and in order that the same may be a source of information for the sending state.
- (e) All inmates who may be confined in an institution pursuant to the provisions of this compact shall be treated in a reasonable and humane manner and shall be cared for and treated equally with such similar inmates of the receiving state as may be confined in the same institution. The fact of confinement in a receiving state shall not deprive any inmate so confined of any legal rights which said inmate would have had if confined in an appropriate institution of the sending state.
- (f) Any hearing or hearings to which an inmate confined pursuant to this compact may be entitled by the laws of the sending state may be had before the appropriate authorities of the sending state, or of the receiving state if authorized by the sending state. The receiving state shall provide adequate facilities for such hearings as may be conducted by the appropriate officials of a sending state. In the event such hearing or hearings are had before officials of the receiving state, the governing law shall be that of the sending state and a record of the hearing

H.B. 186

or hearings as prescribed by the sending state shall be made. Said record together with any recommendations of the hearing officials shall be transmitted forthwith to the official or officials before whom the hearing would have been had if it had taken place in the sending state. In any and all proceedings had pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision, the officials of the receiving state shall act solely as agents of the sending state and no final determination shall be made in any matter except by the appropriate officials of the sending state. Costs of records made pursuant to this subdivision shall be borne by the sending state.

- (g) Any inmate confined pursuant to this compact shall be released within the territory of the sending state unless the inmate, and the sending and receiving states, shall agree upon release in some other place. The sending state shall bear the cost of such return to its territory.
- (h) Any inmate confined pursuant to the terms of this compact shall have any and all rights to participate in and derive any benefits or incur or be relieved of any obligations or have such obligations modified or his status changed on account of any action or proceeding in which he could have participated if confined in any appropriate institution of the sending state located within such state.
- (i) The parent, guardian, trustee, or other person or persons entitled under the laws of the sending state to act for, advise, or otherwise function with respect to any inmate shall not be deprived of or restricted in his exercise of any powers in respect of any inmate confined pursuant to the terms of this compact.

ARTICLE V

ACTS NOT REVIEWABLE IN RECEIVING STATE -- EXTRADITION

- (a) Any decision of the sending state in respect of any matter over which it retains jurisdiction pursuant to this compact shall be conclusive upon and not reviewable within the receiving state, but if at any time the sending state seeks to remove an inmate from an institution in the receiving state there is pending against the inmate within such state any criminal charge or if the inmate is suspected of having committed within such state a criminal offense, the inmate shall not be returned without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from prosecution or other form of proceeding, imprisonment or detention for such offense. The duly accredited officers of the sending state shall be permitted to transport inmates pursuant to this compact through any and all states party to this compact without interference.
 - (b) An inmate who escapes from an institution in which he is confined pursuant to this

compact shall be deemed a fugitive from the sending state and from the state in which the institution is situated. In the case of an escape to a jurisdiction other than the sending or receiving state, the responsibility for institution of extradition proceedings shall be that of the sending state, but nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent or affect the activities of officers and agencies of any jurisdiction directed toward the apprehension and return of an escapee.

7753 ARTICLE VI

7754 FEDERAL AID

Any state party to this compact may accept federal aid for use in connection with any institution or program, the use of which is or may be affected by this compact or any contract pursuant hereto and any inmate in a receiving state pursuant to this compact may participate in any such federally aided program or activity for which the sending and receiving states have made contractual provision provided that if such program or activity is not part of the customary correctional regimen the express consent of the appropriate official of the sending state shall be required therefor.

7762 ARTICLE VII

7763 ENTRY INTO FORCE

This compact shall enter into force and become effective and binding upon the states so acting when it has been enacted into law by any two contiguous states from among the states of Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming. For the purposes of this article, Alaska and Hawaii shall be deemed contiguous to each other; to any and all of the states of California, Oregon and Washington; and to Guam. Thereafter, this compact shall enter into force and become effective and binding as to any other of said states, or any other state contiguous to at least one party state upon similar action by such state. Guam may become party to this compact by taking action similar to that provided for joinder by any other eligible party state and upon the consent of congress to such joinder. For the purpose of this article, Guam shall be deemed contiguous to Alaska, Hawaii, California, Oregon and Washington.

ARTICLE VIII

WITHDRAWAL AND TERMINATION

This compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon a party state until it shall

have enacted a statute repealing the same and providing for the sending of formal written notice of withdrawal from the compact to the appropriate officials of all other party states. An actual withdrawal shall not take effect until two years after the notices provided in said statute have been sent. Such withdrawal shall not relieve the withdrawing state from its obligations assumed hereunder prior to the effective date of withdrawal. Before the effective date of withdrawal, a withdrawing state shall remove to its territory, at its own expense, such inmates as it may have confined pursuant to the provisions of this compact.

7785 ARTICLE IX

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OTHER ARRANGEMENTS UNAFFECTED

Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to abrogate or impair any agreement or other arrangement which a party state may have with a non-party state for the confinement, rehabilitation or treatment of inmates nor to repeal any other laws of a party state authorizing the making of cooperative institutional arrangements.

ARTICLE X

CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this compact shall be liberally construed and shall be severable. If any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any participating state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any state participating therein, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining states and in full force and effect as to the state affected as to all severable matters.

Section 155. Section **79-5-503** is amended to read:

79-5-503. Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program.

- (1) There is created the Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program.
- (2) The program shall be funded from the following sources:
- 7805 (a) appropriations made to the program by the Legislature; and
- 7806 (b) contributions from other public and private sources.
- 7807 (3) All [monies] money appropriated to the Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program [are] is nonlapsing.

7809 (4) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail is intended to:
7810 (a) follow on or near the old Lake Bonneville shoreline terrace near the foot of the
7811 Wasatch Mountains from Juab County through Cache County; and
7812 (b) provide continuous and safe trails.
7813 (5) (a) The program [monies] money shall be used to provide grants to local

(5) (a) The program [monies] money shall be used to provide grants to local governments for the planning, development, and construction of the Bonneville Shoreline Trail.

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(b) Grant recipients shall provide matching funds in accordance with Section 79-5-501.

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H.B. 186