1	INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR AMINO ACID-BASED
2	FORMULA
3	2011 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Carol Spackman Moss
6	Senate Sponsor:
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends the Insurance Code to require coverage for the use of an amino
11	acid-based elemental formula, regardless of the delivery method of the formula, for the
12	diagnosis or treatment of an eosinophilic gastrointestinal disorder.
13	Highlighted Provisions:
14	This bill:
15	 defines terms;
16	 requires that a health benefit plan shall provide coverage for the use of an amino
17	acid-based elemental formula, regardless of the delivery method of the formula, for
18	the diagnosis or treatment of an eosinophilic gastrointestinal disorder if a licensed
19	physician issues a written order stating that the formula is medically necessary;
20	 grants rulemaking authority to the Insurance Commissioner;
21	 requires the coverage described in this bill to be similar to, or identical to, the
22	coverage provided for other illnesses or diseases;
23	 provides that exemptions to insurance coverage mandates for health benefit plans do
24	not apply to the insurance coverage described in this bill; and
25	 makes technical changes.
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None



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8	Other Special Clauses:
9	None
0	Utah Code Sections Affected:
1	AMENDS:
2	31A-22-618.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 68
3	31A-22-724 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 12
4	ENACTS:
5 6	31A-22-640 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
0 7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
8	Section 1. Section 31A-22-618.5 is amended to read:
9	31A-22-618.5. Health benefit plan offerings.
)	(1) The purpose of this section is to increase the range of health benefit plans available
	in the small group, small employer group, large group, and individual insurance markets.
2	(2) A health maintenance organization that is subject to Chapter 8, Health Maintenance
3	Organizations and Limited Health Plans:
1	(a) shall offer to potential purchasers at least one health benefit plan that is subject to
)	the requirements of Chapter 8, Health Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans;
)	and
	(b) may offer to a potential purchaser one or more health benefit plans that:
	(i) are not subject to one or more of the following:
	(A) the limitations on insured indemnity benefits in Subsection 31A-8-105(4);
	(B) the limitation on point of service products in Subsections 31A-8-408(3) through
	(6);
	(C) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii), basic health care services as defined in
3	Section 31A-8-101; or
1	(D) except for the insurance coverage required in Section 31A-22-640, coverage
5	mandates enacted after January 1, 2009, that are not required by federal law, provided that the
5	insurer offers one plan under Subsection (2)(a) that covers the mandate enacted after January 1,
7	2009; and
8	(ii) when offering a health plan under this section, provide coverage for an emergency

59	medical condition as required by Section 31A-22-627 as follows:
60	(A) within the organization's service area, covered services shall include health care
61	services from non-affiliated providers when medically necessary to stabilize an emergency
62	medical condition; and
63	(B) outside the organization's service area, covered services shall include medically
64	necessary health care services for the treatment of an emergency medical condition that are
65	immediately required while the enrollee is outside the geographic limits of the organization's
66	service area.
67	(3) An insurer that offers a health benefit plan that is not subject to Chapter 8, Health
68	Maintenance Organizations and Limited Health Plans:
69	(a) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-617(2), may offer a health benefit plan that
70	groups providers into the following reimbursement levels:
71	(i) tier one contracted providers;
72	(ii) tier two contracted providers who the insurer must reimburse at least 75% of tier
73	one providers; and
74	(iii) one or more tiers of non-contracted providers; and
75	(b) notwithstanding Subsection 31A-22-617(9) may offer a health benefit plan that is
76	not subject to Section 31A-22-618;
77	(c) beginning July 1, 2012, may offer products under Subsection (3)(a) that:
78	(i) are not subject to Subsection 31A-22-617(2); and
79	(ii) are subject to the reimbursement requirements in Section 31A-8-501;
80	(d) when offering a health plan under this Subsection (3), shall provide coverage of
81	emergency care services as required by Section 31A-22-627 by providing coverage at a
82	reimbursement level of at least 75% of tier one providers; and
83	(e) except for the insurance coverage required in Section 31A-22-640, are not subject
84	to coverage mandates enacted after January 1, 2009, that are not required by federal law,
85	provided that an insurer offers one plan that covers a mandate enacted after January 1, 2009.
86	(4) Section 31A-8-106 does not prohibit the offer of a health benefit plan under
87	Subsection (2)(b).
88	(5) (a) Any difference in price between a health benefit plan offered under Subsections
89	(2)(a) and (b) shall be based on actuarially sound data.

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90	(b) Any difference in price between a health benefit plan offered under Subsections
91	(3)(a) and (b) shall be based on actuarially sound data.
92	(6) Nothing in this section limits the number of health benefit plans that an insurer may
93	offer.
94	Section 2. Section 31A-22-640 is enacted to read:
95	31A-22-640. Insurance coverage for amino acid-based formula.
96	(1) As used in this section:
97	(a) "Amino acid-based elemental formula" means a nutrition formula:
98	(i) made from individual non-allergenic amino acids that are broken down to enhance
99	absorption and digestion; and
100	(ii) designed for individuals who have a dysfunctional gastrointestinal tract and are
101	unable to tolerate and absorb whole foods or formulas composed of whole proteins, fats, or
102	carbohydrates.
103	(b) (i) "Eosinophilic gastrointestinal disorder" means a disorder characterized by
104	having above normal amounts of eosinophils in one or more specific places anywhere in the
105	digestive system.
106	(ii) "Eosinophilic gastrointestinal disorder" includes:
107	(A) eosinophilic esophagitis;
108	(B) eosinophilic gastritis;
109	(C) eosinophilic gastroenteritis;
110	(D) eosinophilic enteritis; and
111	(E) eosinophilic colitis.
112	(2) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for the use of an amino acid-based
113	elemental formula, regardless of the delivery method of the formula, for the diagnosis or
114	treatment of an eosinophilic gastrointestinal disorder if a licensed physician issues a written
115	order stating that the use of an amino acid-based elemental formula is medically necessary.
116	(3) The commissioner shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
117	Administrative Rulemaking Act, that set minimum standards for the coverage described in
118	Subsection (2).
119	(4) The rules described in Subsection (3) shall require that all cost sharing provisions
120	for the coverage described in Subsection (2), including deductibles, coinsurance, annual

121	maximums, and lifetime maximums, are similar to, or identical to, the coverage provided for
122	other illnesses or diseases.
123	Section 3. Section 31A-22-724 is amended to read:
124	31A-22-724. Offer of alternative coverage Utah NetCare Plan.
125	(1) For purposes of this section, "alternative coverage" means:
126	(a) the high deductible or low deductible Utah NetCare Plan described in Subsection
127	(2) for conversion policies offered under Section 31A-22-723; and
128	(b) the high deductible and low deductible Utah NetCare Plans described in Subsection
129	(2) as an alternative to COBRA and mini-COBRA policies offered under Section 31A-22-722.
130	(2) The Utah NetCare Plans shall include:
131	(a) healthy lifestyle and wellness incentives;
132	(b) the benefits described in this Subsection (2) or at least the actuarial equivalent of
133	the benefits described in this Subsection (2);
134	(c) a lifetime maximum benefit per person of not less than \$1,000,000;
135	(d) an annual maximum benefit per person of not less than \$250,000;
136	(e) the following deductibles:
137	(i) for the low deductible plans:
138	(A) \$2,000 for an individual plan;
139	(B) \$4,000 for a two party plan; and
140	(C) \$6,000 for a family plan;
141	(ii) for the high deductible plans:
142	(A) \$4,000 for an individual plan;
143	(B) \$8,000 for a two party plan; and
144	(C) \$12,000 for a family plan;
145	(f) the following out-of-pocket maximum costs, including deductibles, copayments,
146	and coinsurance:
147	(i) for the low deductible plans:
148	(A) \$5,000 for an individual plan;
149	(B) \$10,000 for a two party plan; and
150	(C) \$15,000 for a family plan; and
151	(ii) for the high deductible plan:

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152	(A) \$10,000 for an individual plan;
153	(B) \$20,000 for a two party plan; and
154	(C) \$30,000 for a family plan;
155	(g) the following benefits before applying any deductible requirements and in
156	accordance with IRC Section 223:
157	(i) all well child exams and immunizations up to age five, with no annual maximum;
158	(ii) preventive care up to a \$500 annual maximum;
159	(iii) primary care and specialist and urgent care not covered under Subsection (2)(g)(i)
160	or (ii) up to a \$300 annual maximum; and
161	(iv) supplemental accident coverage up to a \$500 annual maximum;
162	(h) the following copayments for each exam:
163	(i) \$15 for preventive care and well child exams;
164	(ii) \$25 for primary care; and
165	(iii) \$50 for urgent care and specialist care;
166	(i) a \$200 copayment for emergency room visits after applying the deductible;
167	(j) no more than a 30% coinsurance after deductible for covered plan benefits for
168	hospital services, maternity, laboratory work, x-rays, radiology, outpatient surgery services,
169	injectable medications not otherwise covered under a pharmacy benefit, durable medical
170	equipment, ambulance services, in-patient mental health services, and out-patient mental health
171	services; and
172	(k) the following cost-sharing features for prescription drugs:
173	(i) up to a \$15 copayment for generic drugs;
174	(ii) up to a 50% coinsurance for name brand drugs; and
175	(iii) may include formularies and preferred drug lists.
176	(3) The Utah NetCare Plans may exclude:
177	(a) the benefit mandates described in Subsections 31A-22-618.5(2)(b) and (3)(b); and
178	(b) unless required by federal law, mandated coverage required by the following
179	sections and related administrative rules:
180	(i) Section 31A-22-610.1, Adoption indemnity benefits;
181	(ii) Section 31A-22-623, Inborn metabolic errors;
182	(iii) Section 31A-22-624, Primary care physicians;

183	(iv) Section 31A-22-626, Coverage of diabetes;
184	(v) Section 31A-22-628, Standing referral to a specialist; and
185	(vi) except for the insurance coverage required in Section 31A-22-640, coverage
186	mandates enacted after January 1, 2009, that are not required by federal law.
187	(4) (a) Beginning January 1, 2010, and except as provided in Subsection (5), a person
188	may elect alternative coverage under this section if the person:
189	(i) is eligible for continuation of employer group coverage under federal COBRA laws;
190	(ii) is eligible for continuation of employer group coverage under state mini-COBRA
191	under Section 31A-22-722; or
192	(iii) is eligible for a conversion to an individual plan after the exhaustion of benefits
193	under:
194	(A) alternative coverage elected in place of federal COBRA; or
195	(B) state mini-COBRA under Section 31A-22-722.
196	(b) The right to extend coverage under Subsection (4)(a) applies to any spouse or
197	dependent coverages, including a surviving spouse or dependent whose coverage under the
198	policy terminates by reason of the death of the employee or member.
199	(5) If a person elects federal COBRA coverage, or state mini-COBRA coverage under
200	Section 31A-22-722, the person is not eligible to elect alternative coverage under this section
201	until the person is eligible to convert coverage to an individual policy under the provisions of
202	Section 31A-22-723 and Subsection (1)(a).
203	(6) (a) If the alternative coverage is selected as an alternative to COBRA or
204	mini-COBRA under Section 31A-22-722, the provisions of Section 31A-22-722 apply to the
205	alternative coverage.
206	(b) If the alternative coverage is selected as a conversion policy under Section
207	31A-22-723, the provisions of Section 31A-22-723 apply.
208	(7) (a) An insurer subject to Sections 31A-22-722 through 31A-22-724 shall, prior to
209	September 1, 2009, file an alternative coverage policy with the department in accordance with
210	Sections 31A-21-201 and 31A-21-201.1.
211	(b) The department shall, by November 1, 2009, adopt administrative rules in
212	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to develop a
213	model letter for employers to use to notify an employee of the employee's options for

alternative coverage.

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel