1	PROVISIONAL TEACHING MODIFICATIONS
2	2011 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Christopher N. Herrod
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions of the Utah Orderly School Termination Procedures Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>prohibits a school district from granting career employee status to a school district</li> </ul>
13	employee on or after July 1, 2011;
14	<ul> <li>reduces the notification time for a school district to notify a provisional employee</li> </ul>
15	that the provisional employee's contract will not be extended for a subsequent term
16	of employment from 60 days to 30 days; and
17	makes technical changes.
18	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
19	None
20	Other Special Clauses:
21	None
22	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
23	AMENDS:
24	53A-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 348
25	53A-8-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 348
26	53A-8-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 183
27	<b>53A-10-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 287



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29	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
30	Section 1. Section <b>53A-8-102</b> is amended to read:
31	53A-8-102. Definitions.
32	As used in this chapter:
33	(1) "Career employee" means an employee of a school district who on or before June
34	30, 2011, has obtained a reasonable expectation of continued employment based upon Section
35	53A-8-106 and an agreement with the employee or the employee's association, district practice,
36	or policy.
37	(2) "Contract term" or "term of employment" means the period of time during which an
38	employee is engaged by [the] $\underline{a}$ school district under a contract of employment, whether oral or
39	written.
40	(3) "Dismissal" or "termination" means:
41	(a) termination of the status of employment of an employee;
42	(b) failure to renew or continue the employment contract of a career employee beyond
43	the then-current school year;
44	(c) reduction in salary of an employee not generally applied to all employees of the
45	same category employed by the school district during the employee's contract term; or
46	(d) change of assignment of an employee with an accompanying reduction in pay,
47	unless the assignment change and salary reduction are agreed to in writing.
48	(4) "Employee" means a career or provisional employee of a school district, but does
49	not include:
50	(a) the district superintendent, or the equivalent at the Schools for the Deaf and the
51	Blind;
52	(b) the district business administrator or the equivalent at the Schools for the Deaf and
53	the Blind; or
54	(c) a temporary employee.
55	(5) "Provisional employee" means an individual, other than a career employee or a
56	temporary employee, who is employed by a school district.
57	(6) "School board" or "board" means a [district] local school board or its equivalent at
58	the Schools for the Deaf and the Rlind

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- 59 (7) "School district" or "district" means:
- 60 (a) a public school district; or

- (b) the Schools for the Deaf and the Blind.
- (8) "Temporary employee" means an individual who is employed on a temporary basis as defined by policies adopted by the local board of education. If the class of employees in question is represented by an employee organization recognized by the local <u>school</u> board, the board shall adopt its policies based upon an agreement with that organization. Temporary employees serve at will and have no expectation of continued employment.
  - Section 2. Section **53A-8-104** is amended to read:

## 53A-8-104. Dismissal procedures.

- (1) [The] A district shall provide employees with a written statement of:
- (a) causes under which a career employee's contract may not be renewed or continued beyond the then-current school year[, under which];
- (b) causes under which a contract of each class of personnel may not be renewed or continued beyond the then-current school year[, and under which]:
- (c) causes under which a contract can be otherwise terminated during the contract term[7]; and
- (d) the orderly dismissal procedures which are used by the district in cases of contract termination, discontinuance, or nonrenewal.
- (2) (a) If the district intends to terminate a contract during its term or discontinue a career employee's contract beyond the then current school year for reasons of unsatisfactory performance, the unsatisfactory performance must be documented in at least two evaluations conducted at any time within the preceding three years in accordance with <u>school</u> district policies or practices.
- (b) [The]  $\underline{A}$  district shall notify a career employee, at least 30 days prior to issuing notice of intent not to renew or continue the employee's contract beyond the then-current school year, that continued employment is in question and the reasons for the anticipated nonrenewal or discontinuance.
- (c) [The] A local school board shall give the career employee an opportunity to correct the problem in accordance with the district evaluation policies.
  - (d) [The] A local school board may grant the career employee assistance to correct the

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deficiencies, including informal conferences and the services of school personnel within the district consistent with Subsections 53A-1a-104(7) and 53A-6-102(2)(a) and (b).

- (3) (a) If [the] <u>a</u> career employee does not correct the problem as determined in accordance with the evaluation and personnel policies of the <u>school</u> district and the <u>school</u> district intends to not renew or discontinue the contract of employment of a career employee at the end of the then-current school year, it shall give notice of that intention to the employee.
- (b) [The] A school district shall issue the notice at least 30 days before the end of [the] a career employee's contract term.
- (4) A district shall notify a provisional employee at least [60] 30 days before the end of the provisional employee's contract if the employee will not be offered a contract for a subsequent term of employment.
- (5) In the absence of a notice, an employee is considered employed for the next contract term with a salary based upon the salary schedule applicable to the class of employee into which the individual falls.
- (6) If [the] <u>a</u> district intends to not renew or discontinue the contract of a career employee or to terminate a career or provisional employee's contract during the contract term:
  - (a) the district shall give written notice of the intent to the employee;
- (b) the notice shall be served by personal delivery or by certified mail addressed to the individual's last-known address as shown on the records of the district;
- (c) except as provided under Subsection (3)(b), the district shall give notice at least 30 days prior to the proposed date of termination;
- (d) the notice shall state the date of termination and the detailed reasons for termination;
- (e) the notice shall advise the [individual that he] employee that the employee has a right to a fair hearing and that the hearing is waived if it is not requested within 15 days after the notice of termination was either personally delivered or mailed to the [individual's] employee's most recent address shown on the district's personnel records; and
- (f) the notice shall state that failure of the employee to request a hearing in accordance with procedures set forth in the notice constitutes a waiver of that right and that the district may then proceed with termination without further notice.
  - (7) The procedure under which a contract is terminated during its term may include a

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provision under which the active service of the employee is suspended pending a hearing if it appears that the continued employment of the [individual] employee may be harmful to students or to the district.

- (8) (a) Suspension pending a hearing may be without pay if an authorized representative of [the] a district determines, after providing the employee with an opportunity for an informal conference to discuss the allegations, that it is more likely than not that the allegations against the employee are true and will result in termination.
- (b) If termination is not subsequently ordered, the employee shall receive back pay for the period of suspension without pay.
- (9) The procedure shall provide for a written notice of suspension or final termination including findings of fact upon which the action is based if the suspension or termination is for cause.
  - Section 3. Section **53A-8-106** is amended to read:

- 53A-8-106. Career employee status for provisional employees.
- (1) (a) A provisional employee must work for a school district on at least a half-time basis for three consecutive years on or before June 30, 2011, to obtain career employee status.
- (b) A school district may not grant career employee status to an employee on or after July 1, 2011.
  - [(b)] (c) A school district may extend the provisional status of an employee up to an additional two consecutive years in accordance with a written policy adopted by the school district's <u>local</u> school board that specifies the circumstances under which an employee's provisional status may be extended.
  - (2) Policies of an employing school district shall determine the status of a career employee in the event of the following:
  - (a) the employee accepts a position which is substantially different from the position in which the employee's career status was achieved; or
    - (b) the employee accepts employment in another school district.
- (3) If an employee who is under an order of probation or remediation in one assignment in a school district is transferred or given a new assignment in the district, the order shall stand until its provisions are satisfied.
  - (4) An employee who is given extra duty assignments in addition to a primary

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152	assignment, such as a teacher who also serves as a coach or activity advisor, is a temporary
153	employee in those extra duty assignments and may not acquire career status beyond the primary
154	assignment.
155	(5) A person is an at-will employee and is not eligible for career employee status if the
156	person:
157	(a) is a teacher who holds a competency-based license pursuant to Section 53A-6-104.5
158	and does not hold a level 1, 2, or 3 license as defined in Section 53A-6-103; [or]
159	(b) holds an administrative/supervisory letter of authorization pursuant to Section
160	53A-6-110[ <del>-</del> ]; or
161	(c) does not obtain career employee status on or before June 30, 2011.
162	Section 4. Section <b>53A-10-102</b> is amended to read:
163	<b>53A-10-102.</b> Definitions.
164	As used in this chapter:
165	(1) "Career educator" means a licensed employee:
166	(a) entitled to rely upon continued employment under the policies of a local school
167	board[:]; and
168	(b) who obtained career employee status, as described in Chapter 8, Utah Orderly
169	School Termination Procedures Act, on or before June 30, 2011.
170	(2) "Educator" means an individual employed by a school district who is required to
171	hold a professional license issued by the State Board of Education, except:
172	(a) a superintendent; or
173	(b) an individual who:
174	(i) works fewer than three hours per day; or
175	(ii) is hired for less than half of a school year.
176	(3) "Probationary educator" means an educator employed by a school district who,
177	under local school board policy, has been advised by the district that the educator's
178	performance is inadequate.
179	(4) "Provisional educator" means an educator employed by a school district who has
180	not achieved status as a career educator within the school district.

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Legislative Review Note as of 2-28-11 9:27 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

FISCAL NOTE

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SHORT TITLE: Provisional Teaching Modifications

SPONSOR: Herrod, C.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

Enactment of this bill likely will not materially impact the state budget.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses.

3/1/2011, 02:42 PM, Lead Analyst: Leishman, B./Attorney: AOS

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst