Senator Benjamin M. McAdams proposes the following substitute bill:

1	SECURITIES FRAUD REPORTING PROGRAM ACT
2	2011 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Benjamin M. McAdams
5	House Sponsor: Jim Bird
6	Cosponsor: Karen W. Morgan
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill modifies the Utah Uniform Securities Act to address reporting of securities
11	violations.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 enacts the Securities Fraud Reporting Program Act, including:
15	• defining terms;
16	• establishing a procedure for disclosing information as a reporter;
17	 providing protections against adverse employment action;
18	• establishing remedies if adverse action is taken;
19	• creating an award process for reporters;
20	 imposing notice requirements;
21	 prohibiting waiver of rights; and
22	• establishing the scope of the program; and
23	 makes technical and conforming amendments.
24	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
25	None



26	Other Special Clauses:
27	None
28	Utah Code Sections Affected:
29	AMENDS:
30	61-1-18.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 351
31	ENACTS:
32	61-1-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	61-1-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	61-1-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	61-1-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	61-1-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	61-1-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
38	61-1-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	61-1-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
40	
41	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
42	Section 1. Section 61-1-18.7 is amended to read:
43	61-1-18.7. Funding of securities investor education, training, and enforcement.
44	(1) (a) There is created a restricted special revenue fund known as the "Securities
45	Investor Education [and], Training, and Enforcement Fund" to provide revenue for [educating
46	the public and the securities industry as provided] the purposes stated in this section.
47	(b) For purposes of this section, "fund" means the Securities Investor Education [and],
48	Training, and Enforcement Fund.
49	(2) [All money] Money received by the state by reason of civil penalties ordered and
50	administrative fines collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the fund, and is
51	subject to the requirements of Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act.
52	(3) A fine collected by the division after July 1, 1989, pursuant to a voluntary
53	settlement or administrative order shall be deposited into the fund.
54	(4) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
55	(b) [All interest] Interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
56	(5) Notwithstanding Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the director may

57	use money in the fund, upon concurrence of the commission and the executive director of the
58	Department of Commerce, in a manner consistent with the duties of the division and
59	commission under this chapter and only for any or all of the following and the expense of
60	providing them:
61	(a) education and training of Utah residents in matters concerning securities laws and
62	investment decisions, by publications or presentations;
63	(b) education of registrants and licensees under this chapter, by:
64	(i) publication of this chapter and rules and policy statements and opinion letters issued
65	under this chapter; and
66	(ii) sponsorship of seminars or meetings to educate registrants and licensees as to the
67	requirements of this chapter; [and]
68	(c) investigation and litigation[-]; and
69	(d) to pay an award to a reporter as provided in Part 1, Securities Fraud Reporting
70	Program Act.
71	(6) If the balance in the fund exceeds $[\$100,000]$ $\$500,000$ at the close of any fiscal
72	year, the excess shall be transferred to the General Fund.
73	Section 2. Section 61-1-101 is enacted to read:
74	Part 1. Securities Fraud Reporting Program Act
75	<u>61-1-101.</u> Title.
76	This part is known as the "Securities Fraud Reporting Program Act."
77	Section 3. Section 61-1-102 is enacted to read:
78	<u>61-1-102.</u> Definitions.
79	As used in this part:
80	(1) "Adverse action" means to:
81	(a) discharge, threaten, or directly or indirectly harass an employee; or
82	(b) otherwise discriminate against an employee in any manner that affects the
83	employee's employment, including:
84	(i) compensation;
85	(ii) terms;
86	(iii) conditions;
87	(iv) location;

88	(v) rights;
89	(vi) immunities;
90	(vii) promotions; or
91	(viii) privileges.
92	(2) "Covered judicial or administrative action" means a judicial or administrative
93	action brought under this chapter that results in a monetary sanction exceeding \$50,000.
94	(3) "Employee" means an individual who performs a service for wages or other
95	remuneration under a contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied.
96	(4) "Fund" means the Securities Investor Education, Training, and Enforcement Fund
97	created in Section 61-1-18.7.
98	(5) "Original information" means information that is:
99	(a) derived from the independent knowledge or analysis of an individual;
100	(b) not known to the division or commission from a source other than the individual;
101	and
102	(c) unless the individual is the source of the information, not exclusively derived from:
103	(i) an allegation made in a judicial or administrative hearing:
104	(ii) a government report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or
105	(iii) the media.
106	(6) "Monetary sanction" means money required to be paid under this chapter as the
107	result of a judicial or administrative action, including a penalty or disgorgement.
108	(7) "Reporter" means an individual who provides original information relating to a
109	violation in accordance with Section 61-1-103.
110	Section 4. Section 61-1-103 is enacted to read:
111	61-1-103. Procedure for disclosure.
112	(1) To be a reporter for purposes of this part, the individual shall:
113	(a) provide original information to the division or commission;
114	(b) reasonably believe that the act that is disclosed by the original information is a
115	violation of this chapter; and
116	(c) provide the original information to the division or commission:
117	(i) in writing; and
118	(ii) in accordance with the procedures established by rule made by the division in

119	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.		
120	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and		
121	Management Act, and except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the division, commission, or an		
122	employee of the division may not disclose information that could reasonably be expected to		
123	reveal the identity of a reporter.		
124	(b) This Subsection (2) is not intended to limit, and may not be construed to limit, the		
125	ability of the attorney general or division to present evidence to a grand jury or to share		
126	evidence with potential witnesses or defendants in the course of an ongoing criminal		
127	investigation.		
128	Section 5. Section 61-1-104 is enacted to read:		
129	61-1-104. Reporter protected from adverse action Exceptions.		
130	(1) An employer may not take adverse action against an employee who is a reporter		
131	because of a lawful act of the employee, or a person authorized to act on behalf of the		
132	employee, to:		
133	(a) provide original information to the division or commission in accordance with		
134	Section 61-1-103;		
135	(b) initiate, testify in, or assist in any investigation, judicial action, or administrative		
136	action based on or related to original information provided to the division or commission;		
137	(c) disclose information required or protected under:		
138	(i) Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7201 et. seq.;		
139	(ii) Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78a et seq.;		
140	(iii) 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1523(e);		
141	(iv) a regulation issued by the Securities Exchange Commission; or		
142	(v) this chapter or a rule made under this chapter.		
143	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an employee is not protected under this section if:		
144	(a) the employee knowingly or recklessly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent		
145	statement or misrepresentation;		
146	(b) the employee uses a false writing or document knowing that, or with reckless		
147	disregard as to whether, the writing or document contains false, fictitious, or fraudulent		
148	information;		
149	(c) the employee knows that, or has a reckless disregard as to whether, the disclosure is		

150	of original information that is false or frivolous; or
151	(d) the employer or entity in the covered judicial or administrative action that relates to
152	the information provided by the reporter is subject to the jurisdiction of the Securities and
153	Exchange Commission under Section 21F of the Securities Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec.
154	78u-6, and regulations issued under that section.
155	Section 6. Section 61-1-105 is enacted to read:
156	61-1-105. Remedies for employee bringing action.
157	(1) As used in this section, "actual damages" means damages for injury or loss caused
158	by a violation of Section 61-1-104.
159	(2) (a) An employee who alleges a violation of Section 61-1-104 may bring a civil
160	action for injunctive relief, actual damages, or both.
161	(b) An employee may not bring a civil action under this section more than:
162	(i) four years after the day on which the violation of Section 61-1-104 occurs; or
163	(ii) two years after the date when facts material to the right of action are known or
164	reasonably should be known by the employee alleging a violation of Section 61-1-104.
165	(3) An employee may bring an action under this section in the district court for the
166	county where:
167	(a) the alleged violation occurs;
168	(b) the employee resides; or
169	(c) the person against whom the civil complaint is filed resides or has a principal place
170	of business.
171	(4) To prevail in an action brought under this section, an employee shall establish, by a
172	preponderance of the evidence, that the employee has suffered an adverse action because the
173	employee, or a person acting on the employee's behalf, engaged or intended to engage in an
174	activity protected under Section 61-1-104.
175	(5) A court may award as relief for an employee prevailing in an action brought under
176	this section:
177	(a) reinstatement with the same fringe benefits and seniority status that the individual
178	would have had, but for the adverse action;
179	(b) two times the amount of back pay otherwise owed to the individual, with interest;
180	(c) compensation for litigation costs, expert witness fees, and reasonable attorney fees;

181	(d) actual damages; or
181	
	(e) any combination of the remedies listed in this Subsection (5).
183	(6) (a) An employer may file a counter claim against an employee who files a civil
184	action under this section seeking attorney fees and costs incurred by the employer related to the
185	action filed by the employee and the counter claim.
186	(b) The court may award an employer who files a counter claim under this Subsection
187	(6) attorney fees and costs if the court finds that:
188	(i) there is no reasonable basis for the civil action filed by the employee; or
189	(ii) the employee is not protected under Section 61-1-104 because:
190	(A) the employee engaged in an act described in Subsections 61-1-104(2)(a) through
191	<u>(c); or</u>
192	(B) Subsection 61-1-104(2)(d) applies.
193	Section 7. Section 61-1-106 is enacted to read:
194	61-1-106. Award for reporter.
195	(1) Subject to Section 61-1-108 and the other provisions of this section, the
196	commission may award an award to one or more reporters who voluntarily provide original
197	information to the commission or division that leads to the successful enforcement of a covered
198	judicial or administrative action.
199	(2) The division shall pay an award under this section from the fund.
200	(3) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the commission may determine
201	the amount of award paid under this section, except that in determining the amount the
202	commission shall consider:
203	(i) the significance of the original information provided by the reporter to the success
204	of the covered judicial or administrative action;
205	(ii) the degree of assistance provided by the reporter in relation to the covered judicial
206	or administrative action;
207	(iii) any costs of legal representation for the reporter in relation to the covered judicial
208	or administrative action;
209	(iv) the programmatic interest of the commission in deterring a violation of this chapter
210	by making an award to a reporter who provides original information that leads to the successful
211	enforcement of this chapter; and

212	(v) any other relevant factor that the division may establish by rule.
213	(b) The aggregate amount of awards that the commission may award for a specific
214	covered judicial or administrative action may not exceed:
215	(i) the balance in the fund as of the date the awards are determined; or
216	(ii) 30%, in total, of what is collected of the monetary sanction imposed in the judicial
217	or administrative action.
218	(4) The commission may not award a reporter under this section if the reporter:
219	(a) is convicted of a criminal violation related to the covered judicial or administrative
220	action for which the reporter otherwise could receive an award;
221	(b) gains the original information through the performance of an audit of financial
222	statements required under securities laws and for whom providing the original information
223	would violate 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78j-1;
224	(c) fails to provide the original information to the commission or division in
225	accordance with Section 61-1-103;
226	(d) knowingly or recklessly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or
227	misrepresentation;
228	(e) uses a false writing or document knowing that, or with reckless disregard as to
229	whether, the writing or document contains false, fictitious, or fraudulent information;
230	(f) knows that, or has a reckless disregard as to whether, the disclosure is of original
231	information that is false or frivolous; $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{or}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
232	(g) has a legal duty to report the original information to the commission or division $\hat{S} \rightarrow ; or$
232a	(h) the employer or entity in the covered judicial or administrative action that relates to the
232b	information provided by the reporter is subject to the jurisdiction of the Securities and
232c	Exchange Commission under Section 21F of the Securities Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 78u-6,
232d	and regulations issued under that section $\leftarrow \hat{S}$.
233	Section 8. Section 61-1-107 is enacted to read:
234	61-1-107. Procedures related to an award to a reporter.
235	(1) If the commission determines to make an award under Section 61-1-107, the
236	commission shall make the award in accordance with a procedure adopted by the division by
237	<u>rule.</u>
238	(2) A contract with the commission is not necessary for a reporter to receive an award
239	under Section 61-1-107, unless otherwise required by the division by rule made under
240	Subsection (1).
241	(3) A reporter who makes a claim for an award under this section may hire an attorney
242	to represent the reporter.

243	(4) (a) The commission has discretion when making a determination under this section
244	or Section 61-1-107, including whether, to whom, or in what amount to make an award.
245	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, a person
246	aggrieved by a determination of the commission, except for a determination of the amount of
247	the award, may appeal the determination in the same manner as a formal adjudicative
248	proceeding.
249	(5) This part may not be construed to require the division or commission to
250	compensate a reporter for participation in an investigation, hearing, or inquiry held under this
251	chapter.
252	(6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
253	division shall make the rules described in Subsection (1) and Subsection 61-1-108(3)
254	consistent with this part.
255	Section 9. Section 61-1-108 is enacted to read:
256	61-1-108. Notice of contents of this part May not waive Nonexclusive.
257	(1) An employer who is licensed under this chapter shall post a notice and use other
258	appropriate means to inform an employee of rights, protections, and obligations under this part.
259	(2) An individual may not waive a right or protection provided by this part by
260	agreement, policy form, or condition of employment, including by a predispute arbitration
261	agreement.
262	(3) This part may not be considered to diminish the rights, privileges, or remedies of a
263	reporter under federal or state law, or under any collective bargaining agreement.

FISCAL NOTE

S.B. 100 2nd Sub. (Salmon)

SHORT TITLE: Securities Fraud Reporting Program Act

SPONSOR: McAdams, B.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

Enactment of this bill could result in additional fines collected. Assuming an increase of 25 percent from new reported investigations and fines, the Department would collect an additional \$600,000. The annual net revenue to the State would be \$420,000 after the 30% award. However, with the limit on the Securities Investor Education, Training, and Enforcement Fund balance increased to \$500,000, the General Fund would experience a one-time loss of up to \$400,000.

STATE BUDGET DETAIL TABLE	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013
Revenue:			
General Fund	\$0	\$420,000	\$420,000
General Fund, One-Time	\$0	(\$400,000)	\$0
Restricted Funds	\$0	\$180,000	\$180,000
Total Revenue	\$0	\$200,000	\$600,000
Expenditure:			
Restricted Funds	\$0	\$180,000	\$180,000
Total Expenditure	\$0	\$180,000	\$180,000
Net Impact, All Funds (RevExp.)	\$0	\$20,000	\$420,000
Net Impact, General/Education Funds	\$0	\$20,000	\$420,000

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) To the extent that this legislation encourages more reporting of information, affected businesses would be required to pay the fines and sanctions. Employees who report violations under this act would be eligible to receive up to 30% of the fines subsequently collected.

2/23/2011, 08:12 AM, Lead Analyst: Pratt, S./Attorney: PO

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst