DISPOSAL OF ELECTRONIC WASTE
2011 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart
House Sponsor: Michael E. Noel
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill enacts provisions related to consumer electronic device collection and
recycling programs and consumer electronic device manufacturers.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
► defines terms;
 prohibits a manufacturer from offering a consumer electronic device for sale in the
state unless the manufacturer meets certain reporting requirements to the
Department of Environmental Quality;
 requires the Department of Environmental Quality to report on the manufacturer's
reporting to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim
Committee and the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee;
 prohibits a manufacturer from offering a consumer electronic device for sale in the
state unless the manufacturer establishes and implements a public education
program on collection and recycling programs; and
 authorizes a local government to enter into an arrangement with a manufacturer to
facilitate consumer electronics recycling.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:



S.B. 184 02-24-11 6:13 AM

28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	ENACTS:
31	19-6-1201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	19-6-1202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	19-6-1203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	19-6-1204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	19-6-1205 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 19-6-1201 is enacted to read:
39	Part 12. Disposal of Electronic Waste Program
40	<u>19-6-1201.</u> Title.
41	This part is known as the "Disposal of Electronic Waste Program."
42	Section 2. Section 19-6-1202 is enacted to read:
43	<u>19-6-1202.</u> Definitions.
44	As used in this part:
45	(1) "Collection":
46	(a) means the aggregation of consumer electronic devices from consumers; and
47	(b) includes all the activities up to the time a consumer electronic device is delivered to
48	a recycler.
49	(2) (a) "Computer" means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other
50	high-speed data processing device performing a logical, arithmetic, or storage function,
51	including:
52	(i) a laptop computer;
53	(ii) a desktop computer; or
54	(iii) a tablet computer.
55	(b) "Computer" includes the following permanently affixed to or incorporated into a
56	device described in Subsection (2)(a):
57	(i) a cable cord;
58	(ii) permanent wiring;

02-24-11 6:13 AM S.B. 184

59	(iii) a central processing unit; or
60	(iv) a monitor.
61	(c) "Computer" does not include an automated typewriter or typesetter, a portable
62	hand-held calculator, a portable digital assistant, a server, or similar device.
63	(3) "Consumer" means a person who owns or uses a covered electronic device that is
64	purchased primarily for personal or home business use.
65	(4) "Consumer electronic device" means the following products sold to a consumer:
66	(a) a computer;
67	(b) a computer peripheral;
68	(c) a television; or
69	(d) a television peripheral.
70	(5) "Eligible program" means a collection, reuse, or recycling system for a consumer
71	electronic device, including:
72	(a) a system by which a manufacturer, manufacturer's designee, or other private entity
73	offers a consumer an option to return a consumer electronic device by mail;
74	(b) a system using a physical collection site that a manufacturer, manufacturer's
75	designee, or other private or public entity provides for a consumer to return a covered
76	consumer electronic device; or
77	(c) a system that uses a collection event held by a manufacturer, manufacturer's
78	designee, or other private or public entity at which a consumer may return a consumer
79	electronic device.
80	(6) "Manufacturer" means a person who:
81	(a) manufactures a consumer electronic device under a brand the person owns or is
82	licensed to use; $\hat{S} \rightarrow \underline{or} \leftarrow \hat{S}$
83	(b) $\hat{S} \rightarrow [$ sells a consumer electronic device manufactured by others under a brand the person
84	owns or is licensed to use; or
85	(c) ←\$ assumes the responsibilities and obligations of a person described in Subsection
86	$\underline{(6)(a)} \ \$ \rightarrow [\underline{\text{or } (b)}] \leftarrow \$ \underline{.}$
87	(7) "Peripheral" means a keyboard, printer, or other device that:
88	(a) is sold exclusively for external use with a television or computer; and
89	(b) provides input into or output from a television or computer.

S.B. 184 02-24-11 6:13 AM

90	(8) (a) "Recycling" means the process of collecting and preparing electronic products
91	<u>for:</u>
92	(i) use in a manufacturing process; or
93	(ii) recovery of reusable materials followed by delivery of reusable materials for use.
94	(b) "Recycling" does not include destruction by incineration, waste-to-energy
95	incineration, or other similar processes or land disposal.
96	(9) "Reuse" means electronic waste:
97	(a) that is tested and determined to be in good working order; and
98	(b) that is removed from the waste stream to use for the same purpose for which it was
99	manufactured, including the continued use of the whole system or components.
100	(10) (a) "Sell" or "sale" means any transfer for consideration of title or of the right to
101	use by lease or sales contract of a consumer electronic device to a consumer.
102	(b) "Sell" or "sale" does not include:
103	(i) the sale, resale, lease, or transfer of used consumer electronic devices; or
104	(ii) a manufacturer's or a distributor's wholesale transaction with a distributor or retailer
105	involving a consumer electronic device.
106	(11) "Television" means a display system primarily intended to receive video
107	programming via broadcast, cable, or satellite transmission.
108	Section 3. Section 19-6-1203 is enacted to read:
109	19-6-1203. Reporting requirements.
110	(1) On or after July 1, 2011, a manufacturer may not offer a consumer electronic device
111	for sale in the state unless the manufacturer, either individually \$->, through a group
111a	manufacturer organization, ←\$ or through the manufacturer's
112	industry trade group, prepares and submits, subject to Subsection (2), a report on or before
113	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{October}] \underline{August} \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{1} \underline{of each year to the department.}$
114	(2) The report required under Subsection (1):
115	(a) shall include Ĥ→:
115a	(i) $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ a list of eligible programs, subject to Subsection (3); $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\mathbf{and}]$
115b	(ii) for each manufacturer, annual number of products by unit sold; and
115c	(iii) for each manufacturer, annual collection totals; and ←Ĥ
116	(b) may include:
117	(i) an existing collection, transportation, or recycling system for a consumer electronic
118	device; and
119	(ii) an eligible program offered by:
120	(A) a consumer electronic device recycler:

- 4 -

02-24-11 6:13 AM S.B. 184

121	(B) a consumer electronic device repair shop;
122	(C) a recycler of other commodities;
123	(D) a reuse organization;
124	(E) a not-for-profit corporation;
125	(F) a retailer; or
126	(G) another similar operation, including a local government collection event.
127	(3) The list required in Subsection (2)(a) may be in the form of a geographic map
128	identifying the type and location of an eligible program.
129	(4) The department shall:
130	(a) compile Ĥ→ [the report required] all reports submitted ←Ĥ under Subsection (1); and
131	(b) beginning on $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{December}]$ October $\leftarrow \hat{S}$ 31, 2012, submit annually on or before
131a	$\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{December}}] \underline{\text{October}} \leftarrow \hat{S} \underline{31 \text{ the}}$
132	compiled report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee
133	and the Public Utilities and Technology Interim Committee.
134	Section 4. Section 19-6-1204 is enacted to read:
135	19-6-1204. Public education program.
136	(1) Effective January 1, 2012, a manufacturer may not offer a consumer electronic
137	device for sale in the state unless the manufacturer individually \$→, through a group
137a	manufacturer organization, ←\$ or through the manufacturer's
138	industry trade group establishes and implements, in accordance with Subsection (2), a public
139	education program regarding the eligible programs.
140	(2) (a) The public education program required under Subsection (1) shall:
141	(i) inform a consumer about eligible programs; and
142	(ii) use manufacturer-developed customer outreach materials, such as packaging
143	inserts, company websites, and other communication methods, to inform a consumer about
144	eligible programs.
145	(b) A manufacturer described in Subsection (1) shall work with the department and
146	other interested parties to develop educational materials that inform consumers about an
147	eligible program.
148	Section 5. Section 19-6-1205 is enacted to read:
149	19-6-1205. Local government arrangement.
150	If a local government enters into an arrangement with a manufacturer to facilitate
151	consumer electronics recycling in accordance with this part, the local government may enter

S.B. 184 02-24-11 6:13 AM

into the arrangement without requiring a request for proposal or similar competitive

procurement process required by law.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-23-11 3:20 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

FISCAL NOTE

S.B. 184

SHORT TITLE: Disposal of Electronic Waste

SPONSOR: Urquhart, S.

2011 GENERAL SESSION, STATE OF UTAH

STATE GOVERNMENT (UCA 36-12-13(2)(b))

Enactment of this bill likely will not materially impact the state budget.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTS (UCA 36-12-13(2)(c))

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

DIRECT EXPENDITURES BY UTAH RESIDENTS AND BUSINESSES (UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)) Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable expenditures by Utah residents or businesses.

3/1/2011, 05:01 PM, Lead Analyst: Bleazard, M./Attorney: VA

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst