CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT AND IMPROVEMENT PROCESS
APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS AMENDMENTS
2011 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
House Sponsor: Gage Froerer
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill amends provisions related to the capital development and improvement
process.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 modifies the circumstances under which legislative approval is not required for a
capital development project; and
 makes technical and conforming changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
63A-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 338
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 63A-5-104 is amended to read:
63A-5-104. Definitions Capital development and capital improvement process
Approval requirements Limitations on new projects Emergencies.
(1) As used in this section:

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30	(a) "Capital developments" means a:
31	(i) remodeling, site, or utility project with a total cost of \$2,500,000 or more;
32	(ii) new facility with a construction cost of \$500,000 or more; or
33	(iii) purchase of real property where an appropriation is requested to fund the purchase.
34	(b) "Capital improvements" means a:
35	(i) remodeling, alteration, replacement, or repair project with a total cost of less than
36	\$2,500,000;
37	(ii) site and utility improvement with a total cost of less than \$2,500,000; or
38	(iii) new facility with a total construction cost of less than \$500,000.
39	(c) (i) "New facility" means the construction of a new building on state property
40	regardless of funding source.
41	(ii) "New facility" includes:
42	(A) an addition to an existing building; and
43	(B) the enclosure of space that was not previously fully enclosed.
44	(iii) "New facility" does not mean:
45	(A) the replacement of state-owned space that is demolished or that is otherwise
46	removed from state use, if the total construction cost of the replacement space is less than
47	\$2,500,000; or
48	(B) the construction of facilities that do not fully enclose a space.
49	(d) "Replacement cost of existing state facilities" means the replacement cost, as
50	determined by the Division of Risk Management, of state facilities, excluding auxiliary
51	facilities as defined by the State Building Board.
52	(e) "State funds" means public money appropriated by the Legislature.
53	(2) The State Building Board, on behalf of all state agencies, commissions,
54	departments, and institutions shall submit its capital development recommendations and
55	priorities to the Legislature for approval and prioritization.
56	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(b), (d), and (e), a capital development
57	project may not be constructed on state property without legislative approval.

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58	(b) Legislative approval is not required for a capital development project that consists
59	of the design or construction of a new facility if the State Building Board determines that:
60	(i) the requesting [higher education] state agency, commission, department, or
61	institution has provided adequate assurance that:
62	(A) state funds will not be used for the design or construction of the facility; and
63	(B) the [higher education] state agency, commission, department, or institution has a
64	plan for funding in place that will not require increased state funding to cover the cost of
65	operations and maintenance to, or state funding for, immediate or future capital improvements
66	to the resulting facility; and
67	(ii) the use of the state property is:
68	(A) appropriate and consistent with the master plan for the property; and
69	(B) will not create an adverse impact on the state.
70	(c) (i) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall maintain a record
71	of facilities constructed under the exemption provided in Subsection (3)(b).
72	(ii) For facilities constructed under the exemption provided in Subsection (3)(b), $[a]$
73	higher education] a state agency, commission, department, or institution may not request:
74	(A) increased state funds for operations and maintenance; or
75	(B) state capital improvement funding.
76	(d) Legislative approval is not required for:
77	(i) the renovation, remodeling, or retrofitting of an existing facility with nonstate
78	funds[;] that has been approved by the State Building Board;
79	(ii) a facility to be built with nonstate funds and owned by nonstate entities within
80	research park areas at the University of Utah and Utah State University;
81	(iii) a facility to be built at This is the Place State Park by This is the Place Foundation
82	with funds of the foundation, including grant money from the state, or with donated services or
83	materials;
84	(iv) a capital project that:
85	(A) is funded by:

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86	(I) the Uintah Basin Revitalization Fund; or
87	(II) the Navajo Revitalization Fund; and
88	(B) does not provide a new facility for a state agency or higher education institution; or
89	(v) a capital project on school and institutional trust lands that is funded by the School
90	and Institutional Trust Lands Administration from the Land Grant Management Fund and that
91	does not fund construction of a new facility for a state agency or higher education institution.
92	(e) (i) Legislative approval is not required for capital development projects to be built
93	for the Department of Transportation as a result of an exchange of real property under Section
94	72-5-111.
95	(ii) When the Department of Transportation approves those exchanges, it shall notify
96	the president of the Senate, the speaker of the House, and the cochairs of the Capital Facilities
97	and Administrative Services Subcommittee of the Legislature's Joint Appropriation Committee
98	about any new facilities to be built under this exemption.
99	(4) (a) (i) The State Building Board, on behalf of all state agencies, commissions,
100	departments, and institutions shall by January 15 of each year, submit a list of anticipated
101	capital improvement requirements to the Legislature for review and approval.
102	(ii) The list shall identify:
103	(A) a single project that costs more than \$1,000,000;
104	(B) multiple projects within a single building or facility that collectively cost more than
105	\$1,000,000;
106	(C) a single project that will be constructed over multiple years with a yearly cost of
107	\$1,000,000 or more and an aggregate cost of more than \$2,500,000;
108	(D) multiple projects within a single building or facility with a yearly cost of
109	\$1,000,000 or more and an aggregate cost of more than \$2,500,000;
110	(E) a single project previously reported to the Legislature as a capital improvement
111	project under \$1,000,000 that, because of an increase in costs or scope of work, will now cost
112	more than \$1,000,000; and
113	(F) multiple projects within a single building or facility previously reported to the

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114	Legislature as a capital improvement project under \$1,000,000 that, because of an increase in
115	costs or scope of work, will now cost more than \$1,000,000.
116	(b) Unless otherwise directed by the Legislature, the State Building Board shall
117	prioritize capital improvements from the list submitted to the Legislature up to the level of
118	appropriation made by the Legislature.
119	(c) In prioritizing capital improvements, the State Building Board shall consider the
120	results of facility evaluations completed by an architect/engineer as stipulated by the building
121	board's facilities maintenance standards.
122	(d) The State Building Board may require an entity that benefits from a capital
123	improvement project to repay the capital improvement funds from savings that result from the
124	project.
125	(e) The State Building Board may provide capital improvement funding to a single
126	project, or to multiple projects within a single building or facility, even if the total cost of the
127	project or multiple projects is \$2,500,000 or more, if:
128	(i) the capital improvement project or multiple projects require more than one year to
129	complete; and
130	(ii) the Legislature has affirmatively authorized the capital improvement project or
131	multiple projects to be funded in phases.
132	(5) The Legislature may authorize:
133	(a) the total square feet to be occupied by each state agency; and
134	(b) the total square feet and total cost of lease space for each agency.
135	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b) or (c), the Legislature may not fund the
136	design or construction of any new capital development projects, except to complete the funding
137	of projects for which partial funding has been previously provided, until the Legislature has
138	appropriated 1.1% of the replacement cost of existing state facilities to capital improvements.
139	(b) (i) As used in this Subsection (6)(b):
140	(A) "Education Fund budget deficit" is as defined in Section 63J-1-312; and
141	(B) "General Fund budget deficit" is as defined in Section 63J-1-312.

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142	(ii) If the Legislature determines that an Education Fund budget deficit or a General
143	Fund budget deficit exists, the Legislature may, in eliminating the deficit, reduce the amount
144	appropriated to capital improvements to 0.9% of the replacement cost of state buildings.
145	(c) The requirements under Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply to the 2008-09,
146	2009-10, and 2010-11 fiscal years.
147	(7) (a) If, after approval of capital development and capital improvement priorities by
148	the Legislature under this section, emergencies arise that create unforeseen critical capital
149	improvement projects, the State Building Board may, notwithstanding the requirements of Title
150	63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, reallocate capital improvement funds to address
151	those projects.
152	(b) The State Building Board shall report any changes it makes in capital improvement
153	allocations approved by the Legislature to:
154	(i) the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst within 30 days of the reallocation; and
155	(ii) the Legislature at its next annual general session.
156	(8) (a) The State Building Board may adopt a rule allocating to institutions and
157	agencies their proportionate share of capital improvement funding.
158	(b) The State Building Board shall ensure that the rule:
159	(i) reserves funds for the Division of Facilities Construction and Management for
160	emergency projects; and
161	(ii) allows the delegation of projects to some institutions and agencies with the
162	requirement that a report of expenditures will be filed annually with the Division of Facilities
163	Construction and Management and appropriate governing bodies.
164	(9) It is the intent of the Legislature that in funding capital improvement requirements
165	under this section the General Fund be considered as a funding source for at least half of those
166	costs.