{deleted text} shows text that was in SB0016 but was deleted in SB0016S01. inserted text shows text that was not in SB0016 but was inserted into SB0016S01.

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Senator Wayne L. Niederhauser proposes the following substitute bill:

STATE TAX COMMISSION TAX, FEE, OR CHARGE ADMINISTRATION AND COLLECTION AMENDMENTS

2011 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser

House Sponsor:

LONG TITLE

{Committee Note:

The Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee recommended this bill.

General Description:

This bill addresses the administration and collection of taxes, fees, or charges the State Tax Commission collects and enforces.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- defines terms;
- renames the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account to the State Tax Commission Administrative Charge Account;

- specifies the taxes, fees, and charges and the amount of the taxes, fees, and charges that the State Tax Commission shall retain and deposit into the State Tax Commission Administrative Charge Account;
- provides procedures and requirements for administering the State Tax Commission Administrative Charge Account;
- addresses the taxes, fees, and charges that are subject to certain sales and use tax collection and administration provisions;
- addresses the frequency with which certain taxes, fees, or charges are required to be paid to the State Tax Commission; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

10-1-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 142
10-1-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 212
19-6-715, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 283
19-6-716, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 283
19-6-808, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2002, Chapter 256
53-10-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 278
59-12-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 286, 382, and 384
59-12-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 212
59-12-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 284
59-12-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
59-12-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
59-12-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 7
59-12-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 296
59-12-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 384

59-12-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 384
59-12-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
59-12-1201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 203
59-12-1302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 384
59-12-1403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 192
59-12-2004, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 240
59-12-2103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 323
59-12-2207, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 263
59-26-104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 300
59-27-105, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 214
69-2-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 307
69-2-5.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 312

ENACTS:

59-1-306, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 10-1-307 is amended to read:

10-1-307. Administration, collection, and enforcement of taxes by commission --Distribution of revenues -- Administrative charge -- Collection of taxes by municipality.

(1) (a) [Except] Subject to Subsection (1)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (3), the commission shall administer, collect, and enforce the municipal energy sales and use tax from energy suppliers according to the procedures established in:

[(a)] (i) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

[(b)] (ii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection, except for Sections 59-12-107.1 and 59-12-123.

(b) If an energy supplier pays a municipal energy sales and use tax to the commission, the energy supplier shall pay the municipal energy sales and use tax to the commission:

(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(A) the energy supplier is required to file a sales and use tax return with the

commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(B) the energy supplier is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the energy supplier is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections 10-1-203(3)(d), 10-1-305(5), and 10-1-310(2) and subject to Subsection (6), the commission shall pay a municipality the difference between:

(i) the entire amount collected by the commission from the municipal energy sales and use tax authorized by this part based on:

(A) the point of sale of the taxable energy if a taxable sale occurs in a municipality that imposes a municipal energy sales and use tax as provided in this part; or

(B) the point of use of the taxable energy if the use occurs in a municipality that imposes a municipal energy sales and use tax as provided in this part; and

(ii) the [administration fee charged in accordance with] administrative charge described in Subsection (2)(c).

(b) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a), the commission shall transfer to the municipality monthly by electronic transfer the revenues generated by the municipal energy sales and use tax levied by the municipality and collected by the commission.

[(c) (i) The commission shall charge a municipality imposing a municipal energy sales and use tax a fee for administering the tax at the percentage provided in Section 59-12-206, except that the commission may not charge a fee for taxes collected by a municipality under Subsection (3).]

[(ii) The fee charged under Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be:]

[(A) deposited in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and]

[(B) expended to administer the municipal energy sales and use tax imposed under this part.]

(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from revenues the commission collects from a municipal energy sales and use tax under this part.

(ii) The commission may not retain or deposit an administrative charge from revenues a municipality collects under Subsection (3) from a tax under this part.

(3) An energy supplier shall pay the municipal energy sales and use tax revenues it collects from its customers under this part directly to each municipality in which the energy supplier has sales of taxable energy if:

(a) the municipality is the energy supplier; or

(b) (i) the energy supplier estimates that the municipal energy sales and use tax collected annually by the energy supplier from its Utah customers equals \$1,000,000 or more; and

(ii) the energy supplier collects the tax imposed by this part.

(4) An energy supplier paying a tax under this part directly to a municipality may retain the percentage of the tax authorized under Subsection 59-12-108(2) for the energy supplier's costs of collecting and remitting the tax.

(5) An energy supplier paying the tax under this part directly to a municipality shall file an information return with the commission, at least annually, on a form prescribed by the commission.

(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):

(i) "2005 base amount" means, for a municipality that imposes a municipal energy sales and use tax, the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds paid to the municipality for fiscal year 2005.

(ii) "2006 base amount" means, for a municipality that imposes a municipal energy sales and use tax, the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds paid to the municipality for fiscal year 2006, reduced by the 2006 rebate amount.

(iii) "2006 rebate amount" means, for a municipality that imposes a municipal energy sales and use tax, the difference between:

(A) the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds paid to the municipality for fiscal year 2006; and

(B) the 2005 base amount, plus:

(I) 10% of the 2005 base amount; and

(II) the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds paid to the municipality for fiscal year 2006 attributable to an increase in the rate of the municipal energy

sales and use tax implemented by the municipality during fiscal year 2006.

(iv) "2007 rebate amount" means, for a municipality that imposes a municipal energy sales and use tax, the difference between:

(A) the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds paid to the municipality for fiscal year 2007; and

(B) the 2006 base amount, plus:

(I) 10% of the 2006 base amount; and

(II) the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds paid to the municipality for fiscal year 2007 attributable to an increase in the rate of the municipal energy sales and use tax implemented by the municipality during fiscal year 2007.

(v) "Fiscal year 2005" means the period beginning July 1, 2004 and ending June 30, 2005.

(vi) "Fiscal year 2006" means the period beginning July 1, 2005 and ending June 30, 2006.

(vii) "Fiscal year 2007" means the period beginning July 1, 2006 and ending June 30, 2007.

(viii) "Gas supplier" means an energy supplier that supplies natural gas.

(ix) "Natural gas portion" means the amount of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds attributable to sales and uses of natural gas.

(b) (i) In December 2006, each gas supplier shall reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use gas proceeds to be paid to a municipality by the 2006 rebate amount.

(ii) If the 2006 rebate amount exceeds the amount of the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds for December 2006, the gas supplier shall reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds to be paid to a municipality each month thereafter until the 2006 rebate amount is exhausted.

(iii) For December 2006 and for each month thereafter that the gas supplier is required under Subsection (6)(b)(ii) to reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds to be paid to a municipality:

(A) each municipality imposing a municipal energy sales and use tax shall provide the gas supplier with the amount by which its municipal energy sales and use tax rate applicable to

the sales and uses of natural gas would need to be reduced in order to reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds by the same amount as the reduction to the municipality; and

(B) each gas supplier shall reduce the municipal energy sales and use tax rate applicable to sales and uses of natural gas by the amount of the tax rate reduction provided by the municipality.

(c) (i) In December 2007, each gas supplier shall reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds to be paid to a municipality by the 2007 rebate amount.

(ii) If the 2007 rebate amount exceeds the amount of the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds for December 2007, the gas supplier shall reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds to be paid to a municipality each month thereafter until the 2007 rebate amount is exhausted.

(iii) For December 2007 and for each month thereafter that the gas supplier is required under Subsection (6)(c)(ii) to reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds to be paid to a municipality:

(A) each municipality imposing a municipal energy sales and use tax shall provide the gas supplier with the amount by which its municipal energy sales and use tax rate applicable to the sales and uses of natural gas would need to be reduced in order to reduce the natural gas portion of municipal energy sales and use tax proceeds by the same amount as the reduction to the municipality; and

(B) each gas supplier shall reduce the municipal energy sales and use tax rate applicable to sales and uses of natural gas by the amount of the tax rate reduction provided by the municipality.

(d) Nothing in this Subsection (6) may be construed to require a reduction under Subsection (6)(b) or (c) if the rebate amount is zero or negative.

Section 2. Section 10-1-405 is amended to read:

10-1-405. Collection of taxes by commission -- Uniform interlocal agreement --Administrative charge -- Rulemaking authority.

(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the commission shall collect, enforce, and administer any municipal telecommunications license tax imposed under this part

pursuant to:

(a) the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the state sales and use tax under:

(i) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

(ii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection:

(A) except for:

(I) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(g);

(II) Section 59-12-104;

(III) Section 59-12-104.1;

(IV) Section 59-12-104.2;

(V) Section 59-12-104.3;

(VI) Section 59-12-107.1; and

(VII) Section 59-12-123; and

(B) except that for purposes of Section 59-1-1410, the term "person" may include a customer from whom a municipal telecommunications license tax is recovered in accordance with Subsection 10-1-403(2); and

(b) a uniform interlocal agreement [:(i)] between [:(A)] the municipality that imposes the municipal telecommunications license tax [;] and [(B)] the commission [;]:

[(ii)] (i) that is executed under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act;

[(iii)] (ii) that complies with Subsection (2)(a); and

[(iv)] (iii) that is developed by rule in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).

(2) (a) The uniform interlocal agreement described in Subsection (1) shall provide that the commission shall:

(i) transmit money collected under this part[: (A)] monthly[; and (B)] by electronic funds transfer by the commission to the municipality;

(ii) conduct audits of the municipal telecommunications license tax;

[(iii) charge the municipality for the commission's services under this section in an amount:]

[(A) sufficient to reimburse the commission for the cost to the commission in rendering the services; and]

[(B) that may not exceed an amount equal to 1.5% of the municipal

telecommunications license tax imposed by the ordinance of the municipality; and]

(iii) retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part; and

(iv) collect, enforce, and administer the municipal telecommunications license tax authorized under this part pursuant to the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the state sales and use tax as provided in Subsection (1)(a).

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall develop a uniform interlocal agreement that meets the requirements of this section.

[(3) The administrative fee charged under Subsection (2)(a) shall be:]

[(a) deposited in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and]

[(b) used for administration of municipal telecommunications license taxes under this part.]

(3) If a telecommunications provider pays a municipal telecommunications license tax to the commission, the telecommunications provider shall pay the municipal telecommunications license tax to the commission:

(a) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(i) the telecommunications provider is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(ii) the telecommunications provider is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(b) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the telecommunications provider is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

(4) If, on July 1, 2007, a municipality has in effect an ordinance that levies a municipal telecommunications license tax under this part at a rate that exceeds 3.5%:

(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), beginning on July 1, 2007, the commission shall collect the municipal telecommunications license tax:

(i) within the municipality;

(ii) at a rate of 3.5%; and

(iii) from a telecommunications provider required to pay the municipal telecommunications license tax on or after July 1, 2007; and

(b) the commission shall collect a municipal telecommunications license tax within the municipality at the rate imposed by the municipality if:

(i) after July 1, 2007, the municipality has in effect an ordinance that levies a municipal telecommunications license tax under this part at a rate of up to 3.5%;

(ii) the municipality meets the requirements of Subsection 10-1-403(3)(b) in changing the rate of the municipal telecommunications license tax; and

(iii) a telecommunications provider is required to pay the municipal telecommunications license tax on or after the day on which the ordinance described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) takes effect.

Section 3. Section 19-6-715 is amended to read:

19-6-715. Recycling fee collection procedures.

(1) [The] <u>A</u> lubricating oil vendor shall pay the fee collected under Section 19-6-714 to the commission [on or before the last day of the month following the calendar quarter in which the sale occurs.]:

(a) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(i) the lubricating oil vendor is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(ii) the lubricating oil vendor is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(b) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the lubricating oil vendor is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

(2) [The] <u>A</u> lubricating oil vendor may retain a maximum of 2% of the recycling fee it collects under Section 19-6-714 for the costs of collecting the fee.

(3) The payment of the fee to the commission shall be accompanied by a form provided by the commission.

Section 4. Section 19-6-716 is amended to read:

19-6-716. Fee collection by commission -- Administrative charge.

(1) The commission shall administer, collect, and enforce the fee authorized under Section 19-6-714 pursuant to the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, and Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(2) The commission [may retain a maximum of 2-1/2% of the fee collected under Section 19-6-715 for the costs of rendering its services under this part] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a fee under Section 19-6-714.

Section 5. Section 19-6-808 is amended to read:

19-6-808. Payment of recycling fee -- Administrative charge.

(1) [The] <u>A tire retailer shall pay the</u> recycling fee [shall be paid by the tire retailer] to the commission:

[(a) on or before the last day of the month following the calendar quarter in which the sale occurs for quarterly filers; and]

[(b) the last day of January following the end of the calendar year for annual filers.]

(a) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(i) the tire retailer is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(ii) the tire retailer is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(b) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the tire retailer is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

(2) The payment shall be accompanied by [the] a form prescribed by the commission.

(3) (a) The proceeds of the fee shall be transferred by the commission to the fund for payment of partial reimbursement.

(b) The commission [may retain an amount not to exceed 2-1/2% of the recycling fee collected under this part for the cost to it of rendering its services] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a fee under Section 19-6-805.

(4) (a) The commission shall administer, collect, and enforce the fee authorized under this part [pursuant to] in accordance with the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the [general] state sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, and [the provisions of] Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies. [The]

(b) A tire retailer may retain 2-1/2% of the recycling fee collected under this part for the cost of collecting the fee.

[(b)] (c) The exemptions [from the general state sales and use tax] provided [for] in Section 59-12-104 do not apply to this part.

(5) The fee imposed by this part is in addition to all other state, county, or municipal fees and taxes imposed on the sale of new tires.

Section 6. Section **53-10-604** is amended to read:

53-10-604. Committee expenses -- Division of Finance responsibilities.

(1) Committee expenses and the costs of administering grants from the restricted account, as provided in Subsection [(3)] (2), shall be paid from the restricted account.

[(2) (a) The expenses and costs of the State Tax Commission to administer and enforce the collection of the telephone levy imposed by Section 69-2-5.6 shall be paid from the restricted account.]

[(b) (i) The State Tax Commission may charge the restricted account the administrative costs incurred in discharging the responsibilities imposed by Section 69-2-5.6.]

[(ii) The charges in Subsection (2)(b)(i) may not exceed an amount equal to 1.5% of the charges imposed under Section 69-2-5.6.]

[(3)] (2) (a) The Division of Finance shall be responsible for the care, custody, safekeeping, collection, and accounting for grants issued by the committee under the provisions of Section 53-10-605.

(b) The Division of Finance may charge the restricted account the administrative costs incurred in discharging the responsibilities imposed by Subsection [(3)] (2)(a).

Section 7. Section 59-1-306 is enacted to read:

<u>59-1-306.</u> Definition -- State Tax Commission Administrative Charge Account --Amount of administrative charge -- Deposit of revenues into the restricted account --Interest deposited into General Fund -- {Unallocated balance at end of a fiscal year is

nonlapsing -- }Expenditure of money deposited into the restricted account.

(1) As used in this section, "qualifying tax, fee, or charge" means a tax, fee, or charge the commission administers under:

(a) Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act, other than a tax under Chapter 12, Part <u>1, Tax</u> Collection, or Chapter 12, Part <u>18</u>, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act;

(b) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;

(c) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;

(d) Section 19-6-714;

(e) Section 19-6-805;

(f) Section 59-27-105;

(g) Section 69-2-5;

(h) Section 69-2-5.5; or

(i) Section 69-2-5.6.

(2) There is created a restricted account within the General Fund known as the "State Tax Commission Administrative Charge Account."

(3) Subject to the other provisions of this section, the restricted account shall consist of administrative charges the commission retains and deposits in accordance with this section.

(4) For purposes of this section, the administrative charge is a percentage of revenues the commission collects from each qualifying tax, fee, or charge of not to exceed the lesser of:

(a) 1.50%; or

(b) an equal percentage of revenues the commission collects from each qualifying tax, fee, or charge sufficient to cover the cost to the commission of administering the qualifying taxes, fees, or charges.

(5) The commission shall deposit an administrative charge into the restricted account.

(6) Interest earned on the restricted account shall be deposited into the General Fund.

(7) {Any unallocated balance in the restricted account at the end of a fiscal year is nonlapsing.

(8) The commission shall expend money appropriated by the Legislature to the commission from the restricted account to administer qualifying taxes, fees, or charges.

Section 8. Section **59-12-108** is amended to read:

59-12-108. Monthly payment -- Amount of tax a seller may retain -- Penalty --

Certain amounts allocated to local taxing jurisdictions.

(1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 59-12-107, a seller that has a tax liability under this chapter of \$50,000 or more for the previous calendar year shall:

(i) file a return with the commission:

(A) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and

(B) for the month for which the seller collects a tax under this chapter; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), remit with the return required by

Subsection (1)(a)(i) the amount the person is required to remit to the commission for each tax, fee, or charge described in Subsection (1)(c):

(A) if that seller's tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year is less than \$96,000, by any method permitted by the commission; or

(B) if that seller's tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year is \$96,000 or more, by electronic funds transfer.

(b) A seller shall remit electronically with the return required by Subsection (1)(a)(i) the amount the seller is required to remit to the commission for each tax, fee, or charge described in Subsection (1)(c) if that seller:

(i) is required by Section 59-12-107 to file the return electronically; or

(ii) (A) is required to collect and remit a tax under Subsection 59-12-107(1)(a); and

(B) files a simplified electronic return.

(c) Subsections (1)(a) and (b) apply to the following taxes, fees, or charges:

(i) a tax under Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;

{}(ii){ a tax under Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;

(ii) a fee under Section [19-6-716] <u>19-6-714</u>;

(iii)(iii)(iv) a fee under Section 19-6-805;

{(v) a tax under Chapter 26, Multi-Channel Video or Audio Service Tax Act;

 $(iv) \{ (vi) \}$ a charge under Section 69-2-5;

 $\{ \{ v \} \}$ a charge under Section 69-2-5.5;

 $\{(vi)\}$ a charge under Section 69-2-5.6; or

 $\{ \{ \} (vii) \{ \} (ix) \}$ a tax under this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(ii) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules providing for a method for making same-day payments other than by electronic funds transfer if making payments by electronic funds transfer fails.

(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall establish by rule procedures and requirements for determining the amount a seller is required to remit to the commission under this Subsection (1).

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain each month the amount allowed by this Subsection (2).

(b) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain each month 1.31% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission:

(i) for a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) that is subject to a state tax and a local tax imposed in accordance with the following, for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1):

- (A) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a);
- (B) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b); and
- (C) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d); and
- (ii) for an agreement sales and use tax.

(c) (i) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain each month the amount calculated under Subsection (2)(c)(ii) for a transaction described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) that is subject to the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c).

(ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(c)(i), the amount a seller may retain is an amount equal to the sum of:

(A) 1.31% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission for:

(I) the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c);

(II) the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1); and

(III) an agreement sales and use tax; and

(B) 1.31% of the difference between:

(I) the amounts the seller would have been required to remit to the commission:

(Aa) in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a) if the transaction had been subject to the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a);

(Bb) for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1); and

(Cc) for an agreement sales and use tax; and

(II) the amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission for:

(Aa) the state tax and the local tax imposed in accordance with Subsection

59-12-103(2)(c);

(Bb) the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection (1); and

(Cc) an agreement sales and use tax.

(d) A seller subject to Subsection (1) or a seller described in Subsection (4) may retain each month 1% of any amounts the seller is required to remit to the commission:

(i) for the month for which the seller is filing a return in accordance with Subsection(1); and

(ii) under:

(A) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;

(B) Subsection 59-12-603(1)(a)(i)(A); or

(C) Subsection 59-12-603(1)(a)(i)(B).

(3) A state government entity that is required to remit taxes monthly in accordance with Subsection (1) may not retain any amount under Subsection (2).

(4) A seller that has a tax liability under this chapter for the previous calendar year of less than \$50,000 may:

(a) voluntarily meet the requirements of Subsection (1); and

(b) if the seller voluntarily meets the requirements of Subsection (1), retain the amounts allowed by Subsection (2).

(5) Penalties for late payment shall be as provided in Section 59-1-401.

(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), for any amounts required to be remitted to the commission under this part, the commission shall each month calculate an amount equal

to the difference between:

(i) the total amount retained for that month by all sellers had the percentages listed under Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(ii) been 1.5%; and

(ii) the total amount retained for that month by all sellers at the percentages listed under Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c)(ii).

(b) The commission shall each month allocate the amount calculated under Subsection (6)(a) to each county, city, and town on the basis of the proportion of agreement sales and use tax that the commission distributes to each county, city, and town for that month compared to the total agreement sales and use tax that the commission distributes for that month to all counties, cities, and towns.

(c) The amount the commission calculates under Subsection (6)(a) may not include an amount collected from a tax that:

(i) the state imposes within a county, city, or town, including the unincorporated area of a county; and

(ii) is not imposed within the entire state.

Section 9. Section 59-12-128 is amended to read:

59-12-128. Amnesty.

(1) As used in this section, "amnesty" means that a seller is not required to pay the following amounts that the seller would otherwise be required to pay:

(a) a tax, fee, or charge under:

(i) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal Energy Sales and Use Tax Act;

(ii) Title 10, Chapter 1, Part 4, Municipal Telecommunications License Tax Act;

- (iii) Section 19-6-714;
- (iv) Section 19-6-805;

(v) Chapter 26, Multi-Channel Video or Audio Service Tax Act;

[(v)] <u>(vi)</u> Section 69-2-5;

[(vi)] <u>(vii)</u> Section 69-2-5.5;

[(viii)] (viii) Section 69-2-5.6; or

[(viii)] (ix) this chapter;

(b) a penalty on a tax, fee, or charge described in Subsection (1)(a); or

(c) interest on a tax, fee, or charge described in Subsection (1)(a).

(2) The commission shall grant a seller amnesty under this section if the seller:

(a) was not licensed under Section 59-12-106 at any time during the 12-month period prior to the effective date of the state's participation in the agreement;

(b) obtains a license under Section 59-12-106 within a 12-month period after the effective date of the state's participation in the agreement; and

(c) is registered under the agreement.

(3) A seller may not receive amnesty under this section for a tax, fee, or charge:

(a) the seller collects;

(b) the seller remits to the commission;

(c) that the seller is required to remit to the commission on the seller's purchase; or

(d) arising from a transaction that occurs within a time period that is under audit by the commission if:

(i) the seller receives notice of the commencement of the audit prior to obtaining a license under Section 59-12-106; and

(ii) (A) the audit described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) is not complete; or

(B) the seller has not exhausted all administrative and judicial remedies in connection with the audit described in Subsection (3)(d)(i).

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), amnesty the commission grants to a seller under this section:

(i) applies to the time period during which the seller is not licensed under Section 59-12-106; and

(ii) remains in effect if, for a period of three years, the seller:

(A) remains registered under the agreement;

(B) collects a tax, fee, or charge on a transaction subject to a tax, fee, or charge described in Subsection (1)(a); and

(C) remits to the commission the taxes, fees, and charges the seller collects in accordance with Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(B).

(b) The commission may not grant a seller amnesty under this section if, with respect to a tax, fee, or charge for which the seller would otherwise be granted amnesty under this section, the seller commits:

(i) fraud; or

(ii) an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact.

(5) (a) If a seller does not meet a requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(ii), the commission shall require the seller to pay the amounts described in Subsection (1) that the seller would have otherwise been required to pay.

(b) Notwithstanding Section 59-1-1410, for purposes of requiring a seller to pay an amount in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), the time period for the commission to make an assessment under Section 59-1-1410 is extended for a time period beginning on the date the seller does not meet a requirement of Subsection (4)(a)(ii) and ends three years after that date.

Section 10. Section 59-12-206 is amended to read:

59-12-206. Collection of taxes by commission -- Administrative charge.

(1) [All] <u>The commission shall transmit the</u> sales and use [taxes collected by] <u>tax</u> revenues the commission [pursuant to] <u>collects in accordance with a</u> contract with any <u>county</u>, city, <u>or</u> town[, or county shall be transmitted by electronic funds transfer by the commission to such city, town, or county monthly, and the commission shall charge the city, town, or county for the commission's services specified in this part an amount sufficient to reimburse the commission for the cost to it in rendering the services. This charge may not exceed an amount equal to <u>1-1/2%</u> of the sales or use tax imposed by the ordinance of the applicable city, town, or county] <u>monthly by electronic funds transfer</u>.

[(2) Beginning July 1, 1994, this administrative charge shall be placed in a restricted account, called the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account. Appropriations may be made from this account for sales tax administration.]

(2) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

Section 11. Section 59-12-302 is amended to read:

59-12-302. Collection of tax -- Administrative charge -- Penalties -- Commission to interpret, audit, and adjudicate transient room tax.

(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) or (c), the tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:

(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

- (A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
- (B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(b) (i) [Notwithstanding Section 59-12-206, each] <u>A</u> county may collect <u>revenues from</u> the tax imposed by the county and need not transmit the [tax] revenues to the commission or contract with the commission to collect the [tax] revenues.

 (ii) [The amount of tax collected shall be reported] <u>A county shall report the amount of</u> revenues the county collects from the tax to the commission as provided in Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(c) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

(d) (i) If the commission collects a tax under this part, the commission:

(A) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B), shall distribute the revenues
 [generated by] collected from the tax to the county within which the revenues were [generated]
 collected; and

[(B) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(d)(i)(A), may retain an amount of tax collected under this part of not to exceed the lesser of:]

[(I) 1.5%; or]

[(II) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part.]

[(ii) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B) shall be:]

[(A) placed in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and]

[(B) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).]

(B) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

(ii) The commission may not retain or deposit an administrative charge from revenues a county collects under Subsection (1)(b)(i) from a tax under this part.

(2) (a) The tax ordinance adopted by a county pursuant to Section 59-12-301 may include provisions for the imposition of penalties and interest if a person or entity required to pay a tax under this part fails to timely remit the tax to the collecting agent.

(b) A county legislative body may not establish penalties and interest by ordinance that exceed the penalties and interest rates authorized for the commission in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.

(3) A county may adopt an ordinance imposing penalties and interest under Subsection(2) only if the county does not contract with the commission to collect the tax.

(4) If a county elects to collect the tax as provided in Subsection (1), the commission shall interpret, audit, and adjudicate the tax imposed under this part.

Section 12. Section 59-12-354 is amended to read:

59-12-354. Collection of tax -- Administrative charge -- Penalties -- Commission to interpret, audit, and adjudicate transient room tax.

(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), the tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:

(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(2) [Notwithstanding Section 59-12-206, a] <u>A</u> municipality imposing a tax under this part:

(a) may collect [the tax] revenues collected from a tax under this part and is not required to:

(i) transmit the revenues [generated by the tax] to the commission; or

(ii) contract with the commission to collect the [tax] revenues;

(b) shall report the revenues [it] <u>the municipality</u> collects to the commission as provided in Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215; and

(c) subject to the limitations of Subsections (4) and (5), may adopt an ordinance imposing penalties and interest on a person who:

(i) is required to pay the tax under this part; and

(ii) does not remit the tax to the collecting agent in a timely manner.

(d) (i) If the commission collects a tax under this part, the commission:

(A) except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B), shall distribute the revenues [generated by] collected from the tax to the municipality within which the revenues were [generated] collected; and

[(B) notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(i)(A), may retain an amount of tax collected under this part of not to exceed the lesser of:]

[(I) 1.5%; or]

[(II) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part.]

[(ii) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (2)(d)(i)(B) shall be:]

[(A) placed in the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and]

[(B) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).]

(B) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(ii), shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

(ii) The commission may not retain or deposit an administrative charge from revenues a municipality collects under Subsection (2) from a tax under this part.

(3) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

(4) A governing body of a municipality adopting an ordinance imposing penalties and interest under Subsection (2)(c) may impose penalties and interest in amounts that are less than or equal to the penalties and interest rates authorized for the commission under Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.

(5) A municipality may adopt an ordinance imposing penalties and interest under Subsection (2)(c) only if the municipality does not contract with the commission to collect the tax.

(6) If a municipality elects to collect the tax as provided in Subsection (2), the commission shall interpret, audit, and adjudicate the tax imposed under this part.

Section 13. Section 59-12-403 is amended to read:

59-12-403. Enactment or repeal of tax -- Tax rate change -- Effective date --Notice requirements -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax --Administrative charge.

(1) For purposes of this section:

(a) "Annexation" means an annexation to a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part4, Annexation.

(b) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a city or town.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) or (d), if, on or after April 1, 2008, a city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment,

repeal, or change shall take effect:

(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (2)(b) from the city or town.

(b) The notice described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii) shall state:

(i) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;

(ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i);

(iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and

(iv) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (2)(b)(i), the rate of the tax.

(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under:

(I) Section 59-12-401; or

(II) Section 59-12-402.

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:

(I) Section 59-12-401; or

(II) Section 59-12-402.

(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (2)(a) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under Subsection (2)(a).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (d), if, for an annexation that occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(ii) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(b) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.

(b) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall state:

(i) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(a) will result in an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;

(ii) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i);

(iii) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i); and

(iv) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (3)(b)(i), the rate of the tax.

(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under:

(I) Section 59-12-401; or

(II) Section 59-12-402.

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal

of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:

(I) Section 59-12-401; or

(II) Section 59-12-402.

(d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (3)(a) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under Subsection (3)(a).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:

(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

(5) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

Section 14. Section 59-12-603 is amended to read:

59-12-603. County tax -- Bases -- Rates -- Use of revenues -- Adoption of ordinance required -- Advisory board -- Administration -- Collection -- Administrative charge -- Distribution -- Enactment or repeal of tax or tax rate change -- Effective date --Notice requirements.

(1) (a) In addition to any other taxes, a county legislative body may, as provided in this part, impose a tax as follows:

(i) (A) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 3% on all short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days, except for leases and rentals of motor vehicles made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor

vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement; and

(B) beginning on or after January 1, 1999, a county legislative body of any county imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) may, in addition to imposing the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), impose a tax of not to exceed 4% on all short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days, except for leases and rentals of motor vehicles made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair or an insurance agreement;

(ii) a county legislative body of any county may impose a tax of not to exceed 1% of all sales of the following that are sold by a restaurant:

(A) alcoholic beverages;

(B) food and food ingredients; or

(C) prepared food; and

(iii) a county legislative body of a county of the first class may impose a tax of not to exceed .5% on charges for the accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).

(b) A tax imposed under Subsection (1)(a) is subject to the audit provisions of Section 17-31-5.5.

(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), revenue from the imposition of the taxes provided for in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii) may be used for:

(i) financing tourism promotion; and

- (ii) the development, operation, and maintenance of:
- (A) an airport facility;
- (B) a convention facility;
- (C) a cultural facility;

(D) a recreation facility; or

(E) a tourist facility.

(b) A county of the first class shall expend at least \$450,000 each year of the revenues from the imposition of a tax authorized by Subsection (1)(a)(iii) within the county to fund a marketing and ticketing system designed to:

(i) promote tourism in ski areas within the county by persons that do not reside within the state; and

(ii) combine the sale of:

(A) ski lift tickets; and

(B) accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).

(3) A tax imposed under this part may be pledged as security for bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness incurred by a county, city, or town under Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, or a community development and renewal agency under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds, to finance:

(a) an airport facility;

(b) a convention facility;

(c) a cultural facility;

(d) a recreation facility; or

(e) a tourist facility.

(4) (a) In order to impose the tax under Subsection (1), each county legislative body shall adopt an ordinance imposing the tax.

(b) The ordinance under Subsection (4)(a) shall include provisions substantially the same as those contained in Part 1, Tax Collection, except that the tax shall be imposed only on those items and sales described in Subsection (1).

(c) The name of the county as the taxing agency shall be substituted for that of the state where necessary, and an additional license is not required if one has been or is issued under Section 59-12-106.

(5) In order to maintain in effect its tax ordinance adopted under this part, each county legislative body shall, within 30 days of any amendment of any applicable provisions of Part 1, Tax Collection, adopt amendments to its tax ordinance to conform with the applicable amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.

(6) (a) Regardless of whether a county of the first class creates a tourism tax advisory board in accordance with Section 17-31-8, the county legislative body of the county of the first class shall create a tax advisory board in accordance with this Subsection (6).

(b) The tax advisory board shall be composed of nine members appointed as follows:

(i) four members shall be appointed by the county legislative body of the county of the first class as follows:

(A) one member shall be a resident of the unincorporated area of the county;

(B) two members shall be residents of the incorporated area of the county; and

(C) one member shall be a resident of the unincorporated or incorporated area of the county; and

(ii) subject to Subsections (6)(c) and (d), five members shall be mayors of cities or towns within the county of the first class appointed by an organization representing all mayors of cities and towns within the county of the first class.

(c) Five members of the tax advisory board constitute a quorum.

(d) The county legislative body of the county of the first class shall determine:

(i) terms of the members of the tax advisory board;

(ii) procedures and requirements for removing a member of the tax advisory board;

(iii) voting requirements, except that action of the tax advisory board shall be by at least a majority vote of a quorum of the tax advisory board;

(iv) chairs or other officers of the tax advisory board;

(v) how meetings are to be called and the frequency of meetings; and

(vi) the compensation, if any, of members of the tax advisory board.

(e) The tax advisory board under this Subsection (6) shall advise the county legislative body of the county of the first class on the expenditure of revenues collected within the county of the first class from the taxes described in Subsection (1)(a).

(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a)(ii), a tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:

(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(ii) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

(b) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c):

(i) for a tax under this part other than the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the commission shall distribute the revenues to the county imposing the tax; and

(ii) for a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B), the commission shall distribute the revenues according to the distribution formula provided in Subsection (8).

(c) The commission shall [deduct from the distributions under Subsection (7)(b) an administrative charge for collecting the tax as provided in Section 59-12-206] retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

(8) The commission shall distribute the revenues generated by the tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) to each county collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) according to the following formula:

(a) the commission shall distribute 70% of the revenues based on the percentages generated by dividing the revenues collected by each county under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) by the total revenues collected by all counties under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B); and

(b) the commission shall distribute 30% of the revenues based on the percentages generated by dividing the population of each county collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) by the total population of all counties collecting a tax under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B).

(9) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (9):

(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2,[Annexation to County] Part 2, County Annexation.

(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.

(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(c), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a county enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(b)(ii) from the county.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(b)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).

(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(e), if, for an annexation that occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(d)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(d)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (9)(d)(i) will result in an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the county enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (9)(d)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

(e) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).

Section 15. Section 59-12-704 is amended to read:

59-12-704. Distribution of revenues -- Advisory board creation -- Determining operating expenses -- Administrative charge.

(1) Except as provided in Subsections (3)(b) and (5), and subject to the requirements of this section, any revenues collected by a county of the first class under this part shall be distributed annually by the county legislative body to support recreational and zoological facilities and botanical, cultural, and zoological organizations within that first class county as follows:

(a) 30% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed by the county legislative body to support recreational facilities located within the county;

(b) (i) subject to Subsection (1)(b)(ii) and except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(iii), 12-1/8% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed by the county legislative body to support no more than three zoological facilities and organizations located within the county, with 94.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual operating expenses of \$2,000,000 or more and 5.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual operating expenses of \$2,000,000 or more and 5.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual operating expenses of \$2,000,000 or more and 5.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual operating expenses of \$2,000,000 or more and 5.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual operating expenses of \$2,000,000 or more and 5.5% of that revenue being distributed to zoological facilities and organizations with average annual operating expenses of less than \$2,000,000;

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b)(iii), the county legislative body shall distribute the money described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) among the zoological facilities and organizations in proportion to their average annual operating expenses as determined under Subsection (3); and

(iii) if a zoological facility or organization is created or relocated within the county after June 1, 2003, the county legislative body shall distribute the money described in Subsection (1)(b)(i) as it determines appropriate;

(c) (i) 48-7/8% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed to no more than 23 botanical and cultural organizations with average annual operating expenses of more than \$250,000 as determined under Subsection (3);

(ii) subject to Subsection (1)(c)(iii), the county legislative body shall distribute the money described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) among the organizations and in proportion to their average annual operating expenses as determined under Subsection (3); and

(iii) the amount distributed to any organization described in Subsection (1)(c)(i) may not exceed 35% of the organization's operating budget; and

(d) (i) 9% of the revenue collected by the county under this section shall be distributed to botanical and cultural organizations that do not receive revenue under Subsection (1)(c)(i); and

(ii) the county legislative body shall determine how the money shall be distributed among the organizations described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).

(2) (a) The county legislative body of each county shall create an advisory board to advise the county legislative body on disbursement of funds to botanical and cultural organizations under Subsection (1)(c)(i).

(b) (i) The advisory board under Subsection (2)(a) shall consist of seven members appointed by the county legislative body.

(ii) In a county of the first class, two of the seven members of the advisory board under Subsection (2)(a) shall be appointed from the Utah Arts Council.

(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), to be eligible to receive money collected by the county under this part, a botanical, cultural, and zoological organization located within a county of the first class shall, every three years:

(i) calculate their average annual operating expenses based upon audited operating expenses for three preceding fiscal years; and

(ii) submit to the appropriate county legislative body:

(A) a verified audit of annual operating expenses for each of those three preceding fiscal years; and

(B) the average annual operating expenses as calculated under Subsection (3)(a)(i).

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the county legislative body may waive the operating expenses reporting requirements under Subsection (3)(a) for organizations described in Subsection (1)(d)(i).

(4) When calculating average annual operating expenses as described in Subsection(3), each botanical, cultural, and zoological organization shall use the same three-year fiscal

period as determined by the county legislative body.

(5) (a) By July 1 of each year, the county legislative body of a first class county may index the threshold amount in Subsections (1)(c) and (d).

(b) Any change under Subsection (5)(a) shall be rounded off to the nearest \$100.

(6) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2001, in a county except for a county of the first class, the county legislative body shall by ordinance provide for the distribution of the entire amount of the revenues generated by the tax imposed by this section as provided in this Subsection (6).

(b) Pursuant to an interlocal agreement established in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, a county described in Subsection (6)(a) may distribute to a city, town, or political subdivision within the county revenues generated by a tax under this part.

(c) The revenues distributed under Subsection (6)(a) or (b) shall be used for one or more organizations or facilities defined in Section 59-12-702 regardless of whether the revenues are distributed:

(i) directly by the county described in Subsection (6)(a) to be used for an organization or facility defined in Section 59-12-702; or

(ii) in accordance with an interlocal agreement described in Subsection (6)(b).

(7) A county legislative body may retain up to 1.5% of the proceeds from a tax under this part for the cost of administering the provisions of this part.

(8) The commission [may retain an amount not to exceed 1-1/2% of the tax collected under this part for the cost of administering this part] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

Section 16. Section 59-12-802 is amended to read:

59-12-802. Imposition of rural county health care facilities tax -- Expenditure of tax revenues -- Base -- Rate -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax -- Administrative charge.

(1) (a) A county legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1%:

(i) on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the county; and

(ii) subject to Subsection (3), to fund:

(A) for a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class, rural county health care facilities in that county; or

(B) for a county of the sixth class:

(I) emergency medical services in that county;

(II) federally qualified health centers in that county;

(III) freestanding urgent care centers in that county;

(IV) rural county health care facilities in that county;

(V) rural health clinics in that county; or

(VI) a combination of Subsections (1)(a)(ii)(B)(I) through (V).

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on:

(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104;

(ii) a transaction to the extent a rural city hospital tax is imposed on that transaction in a city that imposes a tax under Section 59-12-804; and

(iii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.

(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(d) A county legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

(2) (a) Before imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a), a county legislative body shall obtain approval to impose the tax from a majority of the:

(i) members of the county's legislative body; and

(ii) county's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.

(b) The county legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures and requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.

(3) (a) The money generated by a tax imposed under Subsection (1) by a county

legislative body of a county of the third, fourth, or fifth class may only be used for the financing of:

(i) ongoing operating expenses of a rural county health care facility within that county;

(ii) the acquisition of land for a rural county health care facility within that county; or

(iii) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a rural county health care facility within that county.

(b) The money generated by a tax imposed under Subsection (1) by a county of the sixth class may only be used for the financing of:

(i) ongoing operating expenses of a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) within that county;

(ii) the acquisition of land for a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection(1)(a)(ii)(B) within that county;

(iii) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a center, clinic, or facility described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) within that county; or

(iv) the provision of rural emergency medical services within that county.

(4) (a) A tax under this section shall be:

(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:

(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year period by the county legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this section is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

(5) The commission [may retain an amount not to exceed 1-1/2% of the tax collected under this section for the cost of administering this tax] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this section.

Section 17. Section **59-12-804** is amended to read:

59-12-804. Imposition of rural city hospital tax -- Base -- Rate -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax -- Administrative charge.

(1) (a) A city legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to 1%:

(i) on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the city; and

(ii) to fund rural city hospitals in that city.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a city legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on:

(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.

(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(d) A city legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

(2) (a) Before imposing a tax under Subsection (1)(a), a city legislative body shall obtain approval to impose the tax from a majority of the:

(i) members of the city legislative body; and

(ii) city's registered voters voting on the imposition of the tax.

(b) The city legislative body shall conduct the election according to the procedures and requirements of Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act.

(3) The money generated by a tax imposed under Subsection (1) may only be used for the financing of:

(a) ongoing operating expenses of a rural city hospital;

(b) the acquisition of land for a rural city hospital; or

(c) the design, construction, equipping, or furnishing of a rural city hospital.

(4) (a) A tax under this section shall be:

(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), administered, collected, and enforced in

accordance with:

(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(I) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(II) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

(ii) levied for a period of 10 years and may be reauthorized at the end of the ten-year period by the city legislative body as provided in Subsection (1).

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this section is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

(5) The commission [may retain an amount not to exceed 1-1/2% of the tax collected under this section for the cost of administering the tax] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this section.

Section 18. Section 59-12-1102 is amended to read:

59-12-1102. Base -- Rate -- Imposition of tax -- Distribution of revenue --

Administration -- Administrative charge -- Commission requirement to retain an amount to be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Effective date -- Notice requirements.

(1) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), and in addition to any other tax authorized by this chapter, a county may impose by ordinance a county option sales and use tax of .25% upon the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1).

(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), a county may not impose a tax under this section on the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104.

(b) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(c) The county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:

(i) upon transactions that are located within the county, including transactions that are located within municipalities in the county; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d) or (5), beginning on the first day of January:

(A) of the next calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the ordinance is adopted on or before May 25; or

(B) of the second calendar year after adoption of the ordinance imposing the tax if the ordinance is adopted after May 25.

(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(c)(ii), the county option sales and use tax under this section shall be imposed:

(i) beginning January 1, 1998, if an ordinance adopting the tax imposed on or before September 4, 1997; or

(ii) beginning January 1, 1999, if an ordinance adopting the tax is imposed during 1997 but after September 4, 1997.

(2) (a) Before imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1), a county shall hold two public hearings on separate days in geographically diverse locations in the county.

(b) (i) At least one of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall have a starting time of no earlier than 6 p.m.

(ii) The earlier of the hearings required by Subsection (2)(a) shall be no less than seven days after the day the first advertisement required by Subsection (2)(c) is published.

(c) (i) Before holding the public hearings required by Subsection (2)(a), the county shall advertise:

(A) its intent to adopt a county option sales and use tax;

(B) the date, time, and location of each public hearing; and

(C) a statement that the purpose of each public hearing is to obtain public comments regarding the proposed tax.

(ii) The advertisement shall be published:

(A) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once each week for the two weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings; and

(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for two weeks preceding the earlier of the two public hearings.

(iii) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) shall be no less than 1/8 page in size, and the type used shall be no smaller than 18 point and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.

(iv) The advertisement described in Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A) may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.

(v) In accordance with Subsection (2)(c)(ii)(A), whenever possible:

(A) the advertisement shall appear in a newspaper that is published at least five days a week, unless the only newspaper in the county is published less than five days a week; and

(B) the newspaper selected shall be one of general interest and readership in the community, and not one of limited subject matter.

(d) The adoption of an ordinance imposing a county option sales and use tax is subject to a local referendum election and shall be conducted as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures.

(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is less than 75% of the state population, the tax levied under Subsection (1) shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected.

(b) Subject to Subsection (5), if the aggregate population of the counties imposing a county option sales and use tax under Subsection (1) is greater than or equal to 75% of the state population:

(i) 50% of the tax collected under Subsection (1) in each county shall be distributed to the county in which the tax was collected; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), 50% of the tax collected under Subsection(1) in each county shall be distributed proportionately among all counties imposing the tax, based on the total population of each county.

(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the amount to be distributed annually to a county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), does not equal at least \$75,000, then:

(i) the amount to be distributed annually to that county under Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be increased so that, when combined with the amount distributed to the county under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the amount distributed annually to the county is \$75,000; and

(ii) the amount to be distributed annually to all other counties under Subsection(3)(b)(ii) shall be reduced proportionately to offset the additional amount distributed under Subsection (3)(c)(i).

(d) The commission shall establish rules to implement the distribution of the tax under Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c).

(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b) or (c), a tax authorized under this part shall be administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:

(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a tax under this part is not subject to

Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

[(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the fee charged by the commission under Section 59-12-206 shall be based on]

(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

(ii) Notwithstanding Section 59-1-306, the administrative charge described in Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall be calculated by taking a percentage described in Section 59-1-306 of the distribution amounts resulting after:

[(i)] (A) the applicable distribution calculations under Subsection (3) have been made; and

[(ii)] (B) the commission retains the amount required by Subsection (5).

(5) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2009, the commission shall calculate and retain a portion of the sales and use tax collected under this part as provided in this Subsection (5).

(b) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall calculate a percentage each month by dividing the sales and use tax collected under this part for that month within the boundaries of that county by the total sales and use tax collected under this part for that month within the boundaries of all of the counties that impose a tax under this part.

(c) For a county that imposes a tax under this part, the commission shall retain each month an amount equal to the product of:

(i) the percentage the commission determines for the month under Subsection (5)(b) for the county; and

(ii) \$6,354.

(d) The commission shall deposit an amount the commission retains in accordance with this Subsection (5) into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 9-4-1409.

(e) An amount the commission deposits into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund shall be expended as provided in Section 9-4-1409.

(6) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (6):

(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County Consolidations and Annexations.

(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county.

(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a county enacts or repeals a tax under this part:

(A) (I) the enactment shall take effect as provided in Subsection (1)(c); or

(II) the repeal shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (6)(b)(ii) from the county.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(b)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the county will enact or repeal a tax under this part;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the county enacts the tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the

tax.

(c) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).

(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).

(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of

sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (6)(b)(i) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under Subsection (6)(b)(i).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment or repeal of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment or repeal shall take effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (6)(e)(ii) from the county that annexes the annexing area.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (6)(e)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) will result in an enactment or repeal of a tax under this part for the annexing area;

- (B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A);
- (C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A); and
- (D) the rate of the tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii)(A).

(f) (i) The enactment of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax under Subsection (1).

(ii) The repeal of a tax shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax imposed under Subsection (1).

(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment or repeal of a tax described in Subsection (6)(e)(i) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment or repeal under Subsection (6)(e)(i).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

Section 19. Section 59-12-1201 is amended to read:

59-12-1201. Motor vehicle rental tax -- Rate -- Exemptions -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax -- Administrative charge -- Deposits.

(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), there is imposed a tax of 2.5% on all short-term leases and rentals of motor vehicles not exceeding 30 days.

(b) The tax imposed in this section is in addition to all other state, county, or municipal fees and taxes imposed on rentals of motor vehicles.

(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for the tax imposed under Subsection (1) shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter.

(b) (i) For a transaction subject to a tax under Subsection (1), a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).

(ii) For a transaction subject to a tax under Subsection (1), the repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).

(3) A motor vehicle is exempt from the tax imposed under Subsection (1) if:

(a) the motor vehicle is registered for a gross laden weight of 12,001 or more pounds;

(b) the motor vehicle is rented as a personal household goods moving van; or

(c) the lease or rental of the motor vehicle is made for the purpose of temporarily replacing a person's motor vehicle that is being repaired pursuant to a repair agreement or an insurance agreement.

(4) (a) (i) The tax authorized under this section shall be administered, collected, and

enforced in accordance with:

(A) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under Part 1, Tax Collection; and

(B) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-103(4) through (12) or Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123.

(b) The commission [may retain a maximum of 1-1/2% of the tax collected under this section for the costs of rendering its services under this section] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

(c) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(b), all revenue received by the commission under this section shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited monthly to the Transportation Corridor Preservation Revolving Loan Fund under Section 72-2-117.

Section 20. Section **59-12-1302** is amended to read:

59-12-1302. Imposition of tax -- Base -- Rate -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Tax rate change -- Effective date -- Notice requirements -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax -- Administrative charge.

(1) Beginning on or after January 1, 1998, the governing body of a town may impose a tax as provided in this part in an amount that does not exceed 1%.

(2) A town may impose a tax as provided in this part if the town imposed a license fee or tax on businesses based on gross receipts under Section 10-1-203 on or before January 1, 1996.

(3) A town imposing a tax under this section shall:

(a) except as provided in Subsection (4), impose the tax on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the town; and

(b) provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Subsection (5).

(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a town may not impose a tax under this section on:

(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.

(b) For purposes of this Subsection (4), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(c) A town imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

(5) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (5):

(i) "Annexation" means an annexation to a town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation.

(ii) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a town.

(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (d), if, on or after July 1, 2004, a town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (5)(b)(ii) from the town.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(b)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of a tax under this part;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

(c) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last

billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).

(d) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under Subsection (5)(b)(i).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f) or (g), if, for an annexation that occurs on or after July 1, 2004, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (5)(e)(ii) from the town that annexes the annexing area.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (5)(e)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) will result in an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection(5)(e)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

(f) (i) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(A) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase imposed under Subsection (1).

(ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(A) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease; and

(B) if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1).

(g) (i) If a tax due under this chapter on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (5)(e)(i) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under Subsection (5)(e)(i).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(6) The commission shall:

(a) [except as provided in Subsection (6)(c),] distribute the revenues generated by the tax under this section to the town imposing the tax; and

(b) except as provided in Subsection [(7)] (8), administer, collect, and enforce the tax authorized under this section in accordance with:

(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies[; and].

[(c) deduct from the distribution under Subsection (6)(a) an administrative charge for collecting the tax as provided in Section 59-12-206.]

(7) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

[(77)] (8) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b), a tax under this section is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

Section 21. Section 59-12-1403 is amended to read:

59-12-1403. Distribution of revenues -- Administrative charge.

(1) (a) The city or town legislative body shall by ordinance provide for the distribution of the entire amount of the revenues generated by the tax imposed by this part in accordance with this section.

(b) A city or town may participate in an interlocal agreement provided for under Section 59-12-704 and distribute the revenues generated by the tax imposed by this part to participants in the interlocal agreement.

(c) The revenues generated by the tax shall be used for one or more organizations or facilities defined in Section 59-12-702.

(2) The commission [may retain an amount not to exceed 1-1/2% of the tax collected under this part for the cost of administering this part] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

Section 22. Section 59-12-2004 is amended to read:

59-12-2004. Enactment or repeal of tax -- Effective date -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax -- Administrative charge.

(1) Subject to Subsections (2) and (3), a tax rate repeal or a tax rate change for a tax imposed under this part shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter.

(2) (a) The enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase under this part.

(b) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under this part.

(3) (a) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part takes effect:

(i) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(ii) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under this part.

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(4) The commission shall administer, collect, and enforce a tax under this part in accordance with:

(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under Part 1, Tax Collection;

(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

(c) Section 59-12-210.1.

(5) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

Section 23. Section 59-12-2103 is amended to read:

59-12-2103. Imposition of tax -- Base -- Rate -- Expenditure of revenues collected from the tax -- Administration, collection, and enforcement of tax by commission --Administrative charge -- Enactment or repeal of tax -- Annexation -- Notice.

(1) (a) Subject to the other provisions of this section and except as provided in Subsection (2), beginning on January 1, 2009 and ending on June 30, 2016, if a city or town receives a distribution for the 12 consecutive months of fiscal year 2005-06 because the city or town would have received a tax revenue distribution of less than .75% of the taxable sales within the boundaries of the city or town but for Subsection 59-12-205(3)(a), the city or town legislative body may impose a sales and use tax of up to .20% on the transactions:

(i) described in Subsection 59-12-103(1); and

(ii) within the city or town.

(b) A city or town legislative body that imposes a tax under Subsection (1)(a) shall expend the revenues collected from the tax for the same purposes for which the city or town may expend the city's or town's general fund revenues.

(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.

(2) (a) A city or town legislative body may not impose a tax under this section on:

(i) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and uses

are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and

(ii) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.

(b) A city or town legislative body imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients.

(3) To impose a tax under this part, a city or town legislative body shall obtain approval from a majority of the members of the city or town legislative body.

(4) The commission shall transmit revenues collected within a city or town from a tax under this part:

(a) to the city or town legislative body;

(b) monthly; and

(c) by electronic funds transfer.

(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the commission shall administer, collect, and enforce a tax under this part in accordance with:

(i) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:

(A) Part 1, Tax Collection; or

(B) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(ii) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.

(b) A tax under this part is not subject to Subsections 59-12-205(2) through (6).

[(6) (a) The commission may retain an amount of tax collected under this part of not to exceed the lesser of:]

[(i) 1.5%; or]

[(ii) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this part.]

[(b) Any amount the commission retains under Subsection (6)(a) shall be:]

[(i) deposited into the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and]

[(ii) used as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2).]

(6) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

(7) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b) or (c), if, on or after January 1, 2009,

a city or town enacts or repeals a tax or changes the rate of a tax under this part, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (7)(a)(i) from the city or town.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(a)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the city or town will enact or repeal a tax or change the rate of the tax under this part;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

(b) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase under Subsection (1), the enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.

(ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.

(c) (i) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (7)(a)(i) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of the tax under Subsection (7)(a)(i).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."

(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(e) or (f), if, for an annexation that occurs on or after January 1, 2009, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take

effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (7)(d)(ii) from the city or town that annexes the annexing area.

(ii) The notice described in Subsection (7)(d)(i)(B) shall state:

(A) that the annexation described in Subsection (7)(d)(i)(B) will result in the enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax under this part for the annexing area;

(B) the statutory authority for the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A);

(C) the effective date of the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A); and

(D) if the city or town enacts the tax or changes the rate of the tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(ii)(A), the rate of the tax.

(e) (i) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the enactment of the tax or a tax rate increase under Subsection (1), the enactment of a tax or a tax rate increase shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the tax or the tax rate increase.

(ii) If the billing period for a transaction begins before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under Subsection (1), the repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period that began before the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease.

(f) (i) If a tax due under this part on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, an enactment, repeal, or change in the rate of a tax described in Subsection (7)(d)(i) takes effect:

(A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the enactment, repeal, or change under Subsection (7)(d)(i).

(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale".

Section 24. Section 59-12-2207 is amended to read:

59-12-2207. Administrative charge.

[(1)] The commission [may retain a percentage of revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this part of not to exceed the lesser of:] shall retain and deposit an administrative

charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this part.

[(a) 1.50%; or]

[(b) a percentage of revenues collected from a sales and use tax under this part sufficient to cover the cost to the commission of administering this part.]

[(2) The commission shall:]

[(a) deposit any revenues the commission retains under Subsection (1) into the Sales and Use Tax Administrative Fees Account; and]

[(b) expend the revenues described in Subsection (2)(a) as provided in Subsection 59-12-206(2):]

Section 25. Section 59-26-104 is amended to read:

59-26-104. Collection of tax.

A multi-channel video or audio service provider shall:

(1) collect the tax imposed by Section 59-26-103 from the purchaser; [and]

(2) [remit] pay the tax collected under Subsection (1) to the commission:

[(a) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of each calendar quarter; and]

[(b) on a return prescribed by the commission.]

(a) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(i) the multi-channel video or audio service provider is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(ii) the multi-channel video or audio service provider is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(b) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the multi-channel video or audio service provider is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108; and

(3) pay the tax collected under Subsection (1) using a form prescribed by the commission.

Section 26. Section 59-27-105 is amended to read:

59-27-105. Sexually explicit business and escort service fund -- Administrative

charge.

(1) There is created a restricted special revenue fund called the "Sexually Explicit Business and Escort Service Fund."

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the fund consists of all amounts collected by the commission under this chapter.

(b) (i) The money in the fund shall be invested by the state treasurer pursuant to Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act.

(ii) All interest or other earnings derived from the fund money shall be deposited in the fund.

(3) Notwithstanding any other [provisions] provision of this chapter, the commission [may retain an amount of tax collected under this chapter of not to exceed the lesser of:] shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the commission collects from a tax under this chapter.

[(a) 1.5%; or]

[(b) an amount equal to the cost to the commission of administering this chapter.]

(4) (a) Fund money shall be used as provided in this Subsection (4).

(b) The Department of Corrections shall use 60% of the money in the fund, in addition to existing budgets, to provide treatment services to nonworking or indigent adults who:

(i) have been convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses; and

(ii) are not currently confined or incarcerated in a jail or prison.

(c) The Adult Probation and Parole section of the Department of Corrections shall use 15% of the money in the fund to provide outpatient treatment services to individuals who:

(i) have been convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses; and

(ii) are not currently confined or incarcerated in a jail or prison.

(d) The Department of Corrections shall use 10% of the money in the fund, in addition to existing budgets, to implement treatment programs for juveniles who have been convicted of an offense under Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses.

(e) The attorney general shall use 15% of the money in the fund to provide funding for any task force:

(i) administered through the Office of the Attorney General; and

(ii) that investigates and prosecutes individuals who use the Internet to commit crimes against children.

Section 27. Section 69-2-5 is amended to read:

69-2-5. Funding for 911 emergency telecommunications service -- Administrative charge.

(1) In providing funding of 911 emergency telecommunications service, any public agency establishing a 911 emergency telecommunications service may:

(a) seek assistance from the federal or state government, to the extent constitutionally permissible, in the form of loans, advances, grants, subsidies, and otherwise, directly or indirectly;

(b) seek funds appropriated by local governmental taxing authorities for the funding of public safety agencies; and

(c) seek gifts, donations, or grants from individuals, corporations, or other private entities.

(2) For purposes of providing funding of 911 emergency telecommunications service, special service districts may raise funds as provided in Section 17D-1-105 and may borrow money and incur indebtedness as provided in Section 17D-1-103.

(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and subject to the other provisions of this Subsection (3) a county, city, or town within which 911 emergency telecommunications service is provided may levy monthly an emergency services telecommunications charge on:

(i) each local exchange service switched access line within the boundaries of the county, city, or town;

(ii) each revenue producing radio communications access line with a billing address within the boundaries of the county, city, or town; and

(iii) any other service, including voice over Internet protocol, provided to a user within the boundaries of the county, city, or town that allows the user to make calls to and receive calls from the public switched telecommunications network, including commercial mobile radio service networks.

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an access line provided for public coin telecommunications service is exempt from emergency telecommunications charges.

(c) The amount of the charge levied under this section may not exceed:

(i) 61 cents per month for each local exchange service switched access line;

(ii) 61 cents per month for each radio communications access line; and

(iii) 61 cents per month for each service under Subsection (3)(a)(iii).

(d) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(d) the following terms shall be defined as provided in Section 59-12-102 or 59-12-215:

(A) "mobile telecommunications service";

(B) "place of primary use";

(C) "service address"; and

(D) "telecommunications service."

(ii) An access line described in Subsection (3)(a) is considered to be within the boundaries of a county, city, or town if the telecommunications services provided over the access line are located within the county, city, or town:

(A) for purposes of sales and use taxes under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and

(B) determined in accordance with Section 59-12-215.

(iii) The rate imposed on an access line under this section shall be determined in accordance with Subsection (3)(d)(iv) if the location of an access line described in Subsection (3)(a) is determined under Subsection (3)(d)(ii) to be a county, city, or town other than county, city, or town in which is located:

(A) for a telecommunications service, the purchaser's service address; or

(B) for mobile telecommunications service, the purchaser's place of primary use.

(iv) The rate imposed on an access line under this section shall be the lower of:

(A) the rate imposed by the county, city, or town in which the access line is located under Subsection (3)(d)(ii); or

(B) the rate imposed by the county, city, or town in which it is located:

(I) for telecommunications service, the purchaser's service address; or

(II) for mobile telecommunications service, the purchaser's place of primary use.

(e) (i) A county, city, or town shall notify the Public Service Commission of the intent to levy the charge under this Subsection (3) at least 30 days before the effective date of the charge being levied.

(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(e):

(A) "Annexation" means an annexation to:

(I) a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation; or

(II) a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County Consolidations and Annexations.

(B) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county, city, or town.

(iii) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(C) or (D), if on or after July 1, 2003, a county, city, or town enacts or repeals a charge or changes the amount of the charge under this section, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(I) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(II) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the State Tax Commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B) from the county, city, or town.

(B) The notice described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(A) shall state:

(I) that the county, city, or town will enact or repeal a charge or change the amount of the charge under this section;

(II) the statutory authority for the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B)(I);

(III) the effective date of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B)(I); and

(IV) if the county, city, or town enacts the charge or changes the amount of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B)(I), the amount of the charge.

(C) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(A), the enactment of a charge or a charge increase under this section shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(I) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge increase; and

(II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge increase imposed under this section.

(D) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(A), the repeal of a charge or a charge decrease under this section shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(I) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the charge or the charge decrease; and

(II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the repeal of the charge or the charge decrease imposed under this section.

(iv) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(C) or (D), if for an annexation that

occurs on or after July 1, 2003, the annexation will result in the enactment, repeal, or a change in the amount of a charge imposed under this section for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect:

(I) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

(II) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the State Tax Commission receives notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B) from the county, city, or town that annexes the annexing area.

(B) The notice described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A) shall state:

 (I) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A) will result in an enactment, repeal, or a change in the charge being imposed under this section for the annexing area;

(II) the statutory authority for the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B)(I);

(III) the effective date of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B)(I); and

(IV) if the county, city, or town enacts the charge or changes the amount of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B)(I), the amount of the charge.

(C) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A), the enactment of a charge or a charge increase under this section shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:

(I) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge increase; and

(II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge increase imposed under this section.

(D) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A), the repeal of a charge or a charge decrease under this section shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:

(I) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the charge or the charge decrease; and

(II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the repeal of the charge or the charge decrease imposed under this section.

(f) Subject to Subsection (3)(g), an emergency services telecommunications charge levied under this section shall:

(i) be billed and collected by the person that provides the:

(A) local exchange service switched access line services; or

(B) radio communications access line services; and

(ii) except for costs retained under Subsection (3)(h), remitted to the State Tax Commission.

(g) An emergency services telecommunications charge on a mobile telecommunications service may be levied, billed, and collected only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.

(h) The person that bills and collects the charges levied under Subsection (3)(f) may:

(i) bill the charge imposed by this section in combination with the charge levied under Section 69-2-5.6 as one line item charge; and

(ii) retain an amount not to exceed 1.5% of the levy collected under this section as reimbursement for the cost of billing, collecting, and remitting the levy.

(i) The State Tax Commission shall:

(i) collect, enforce, and administer the charge imposed under this Subsection (3) using the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the state sales and use taxes under:

(A) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and

- (B) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection, except for:
- (I) Section 59-12-104;
- (II) Section 59-12-104.1;
- (III) Section 59-12-104.2;
- (IV) Section 59-12-107.1; and
- (V) Section 59-12-123; <u>and</u>

(ii) transmit money collected under this Subsection (3)[: (A)] monthly[; and (B)] by electronic funds transfer [by the commission] to the county, city, or town that imposes the charge[; and].

(j) A person that pays a charge under this section shall pay the charge to the commission:

(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(A) the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(B) the person is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

(k) A charge a person pays under this section shall be paid using a form prescribed by the State Tax Commission.

[(iii) charge the county, city, or town for the State Tax Commission's services under this Subsection (3) in an amount:]

[(A) sufficient to reimburse the State Tax Commission for the cost to the State Tax Commission in rendering the services; and]

[(B) that may not exceed an amount equal to 1.5% of the charges imposed under this Subsection (3).]

(1) The State Tax Commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the State Tax Commission collects from a charge under this section.

(4) (a) Any money received by a public agency for the provision of 911 emergency telecommunications service shall be deposited in a special emergency telecommunications service fund.

(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the money in the emergency telecommunications service fund shall be expended by the public agency to pay the costs of:

(A) establishing, installing, maintaining, and operating a 911 emergency telecommunications system;

(B) receiving and processing emergency calls from the 911 system or other calls or requests for emergency services;

(C) integrating a 911 system into an established public safety dispatch center, including contracting with the providers of local exchange service, radio communications service, and vendors of appropriate terminal equipment as necessary to implement the 911 emergency telecommunications service; or

(D) indirect costs associated with the maintaining and operating of a 911 emergency telecommunications system.

(ii) Revenues derived for the funding of 911 emergency telecommunications service may be used by the public agency for personnel costs associated with receiving and processing calls and deploying emergency response resources when the system is integrated with any public safety dispatch system.

(c) Any unexpended money in the emergency telecommunications service fund at the end of a fiscal year does not lapse, and must be carried forward to be used for the purposes described in this section.

(5) (a) Revenue received by a local entity from an increase in the levy imposed under Subsection (3) after the 2004 Annual General Session:

(i) may be used by the public agency for the purposes under Subsection (4)(b); and

(ii) shall be deposited into the special emergency telecommunications service fund described in Subsection (4)(a).

(b) Revenue received by a local entity from grants from the Utah 911 Committee under Section 53-10-605:

(i) shall be deposited into the special emergency telecommunications service fund under Subsection (4)(a); and

(ii) shall only be used for that portion of the costs related to the development and operation of wireless and land-based enhanced 911 emergency telecommunications service and the implementation of wireless E-911 Phase I and Phase II services as provided in Subsection (5)(c).

(c) The costs allowed under Subsection (5)(b)(ii) include the public safety answering point's or local entity's costs for:

(i) acquisition, upgrade, modification, maintenance, and operation of public service answering point equipment capable of receiving E-911 information;

(ii) database development, operation, and maintenance; and

(iii) personnel costs associated with establishing, installing, maintaining, and operating wireless E-911 Phase I and Phase II services, including training emergency service personnel regarding receipt and use of E-911 wireless service information and educating consumers regarding the appropriate and responsible use of E-911 wireless service.

(6) A local entity that increases the levy it imposes under Subsection (3)(c) after the 2004 Annual General Session shall increase the levy to the maximum amount permitted by

Subsection (3)(c).

Section 28. Section 69-2-5.5 is amended to read:

69-2-5.5. Emergency services telecommunications charge to fund the Poison Control Center -- Administrative charge.

(1) Subject to Subsection (7), there is imposed an emergency services telecommunications charge of 7 cents per month on each local exchange service switched access line and each revenue producing radio communications access line that is subject to an emergency services telecommunications charge levied by a county, city, or town under Section 69-2-5.

(2) (a) [The] Subject to Subsection (7), an emergency services telecommunications charge imposed under this section shall be[: (a) subject to Subsection (7),] billed and collected by the person that provides:

(i) local exchange service switched access line services; or

(ii) radio communications access line services[;].

(b) A person that pays an emergency services telecommunications charge under this section shall pay the emergency services telecommunications charge to the commission:

(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(A) the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(B) the person is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

[(b) remitted to the State Tax Commission at the same time as the person remits to the State Tax Commission money collected by the person under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and]

 (c) <u>An emergency services telecommunications charge imposed under this section shall</u> <u>be</u> deposited into the General Fund as dedicated credits to pay for:

(i) costs of establishing, installing, maintaining, and operating the University of Utah

Poison Control Center; and

(ii) expenses of the State Tax Commission to administer and enforce the collection of the emergency services telecommunications charges.

(3) Funds for the University of Utah Poison Control Center program are nonlapsing.

(4) Emergency services telecommunications charges remitted to the State Tax

Commission pursuant to Subsection (2) shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the State Tax Commission.

(5) (a) The State Tax Commission shall administer, collect, and enforce the charge imposed under Subsection (1) according to the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the state sales and use tax under:

- (i) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
- (ii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection, except for:
- (A) Section 59-12-104;
- (B) Section 59-12-104.1;
- (C) Section 59-12-104.2; and
- (D) Section 59-12-107.1.

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the State Tax Commission may make rules to administer, collect, and enforce the emergency services telecommunications charges imposed under this section.

(c) The State Tax Commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the State Tax Commission collects from an emergency services telecommunications charge under this section.

(6) A provider of local exchange service switched access line services or radio communications access line services who fails to comply with this section is subject to penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.

(7) An emergency services telecommunications charge under this section on a mobile telecommunications service may be imposed, billed, and collected only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.

Section 29. Section 69-2-5.6 is amended to read:

69-2-5.6. Emergency services telecommunications charge to fund statewide unified E-911 emergency service -- Administrative charge.

(1) Subject to Subsection 69-2-5(3)(g), there is imposed a statewide unified E-911 emergency service charge on each local exchange service switched access line and each revenue producing radio communications access line that is subject to an emergency services telecommunications charge levied by a county, city, or town under Section 69-2-5 or 69-2-5.5 at:

(a) 13 cents per month until June 30, 2007; and

(b) 8 cents per month on and after July 1, 2007.

(2) (a) [The] <u>An</u> emergency services telecommunications charge imposed under this section shall be:

[(a)] (i) subject to Subsection 69-2-5(3)(g); and

[(b)] (ii) billed and collected by the person that provides:

 $\left[\frac{(i)}{(A)}\right]$ (A) local exchange service switched access line services;

[(ii)] (B) radio communications access line services; or

[(iii)] (C) service described in Subsection 69-2-5(3)(a)(iii).

[(c) except for costs retained under Subsection (3), remitted to the State Tax Commission at the same time as the person remits to the State Tax Commission money collected by the person under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; and]

(b) A person that pays a charge under this section shall pay the charge to the commission:

(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous month if:

(A) the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

(B) the person is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or

(ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-108.

[(d)] <u>(c) A charge imposed under this section shall be</u> deposited into the Statewide Unified E-911 Emergency Service [Fund restricted account in the General Fund] <u>Account</u> created by Section 53-10-603.

(3) The person that bills and collects the charges levied by this section pursuant to Subsections (2)(b) and (c) may:

(a) bill the charge imposed by this section in combination with the charge levied under Section 69-2-5 as one line item charge; and

(b) retain an amount not to exceed 1.5% of the charges collected under this section as reimbursement for the cost of billing, collecting, and remitting the levy.

(4) The State Tax Commission shall collect, enforce, and administer the charges imposed under Subsection (1) using the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the emergency services telecommunications charge to fund the Poison Control Center under Section 69-2-5.5.

(5) Notwithstanding Section 53-10-603, the State Tax Commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the State Tax Commission collects from a charge under this section.

 $\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (6) This section sunsets in accordance with Section 63I-1-269.

Section 30. Effective date.

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2011.

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Legislative Review Note

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel}