Representative Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	TAX REVISIONS
2	2011 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
5	House Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends the Property Tax Act, the Individual Income Tax Act, and related
10	provisions to address procedures related to the property tax residential exemption and
11	the determination of domicile for individual income tax purposes.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 requires a property owner to provide certain notice to the county board of
15	equalization and make a declaration on the property owner's individual income tax
16	return if the property owner is no longer eligible to receive a property tax residential
17	exemption for the property owner's primary residence;
18	 allows the State Tax Commission to provide information to a county on a property
19	owner's declaration on an individual income tax return that the property owner is no
20	longer eligible to receive a property tax residential exemption for the property
21	owner's primary residence;
22	 addresses the determination of domicile for purposes of Title 59, Chapter 10,
23	Individual Income Tax Act; and
24	 makes technical and conforming changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:

26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:
28	This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	59-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 6 and 67
32	59-2-103.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
33	59-10-103.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 84
34	ENACTS:
35	59-10-136 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	
37	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
38	Section 1. Section 59-1-403 is amended to read:
39	59-1-403. Confidentiality Exceptions Penalty Application to property tax.
40	(1) (a) Any of the following may not divulge or make known in any manner any
41	information gained by that person from any return filed with the commission:
42	(i) a tax commissioner;
43	(ii) an agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of the commission; or
44	(iii) a representative, agent, clerk, or other officer or employee of any county, city, or
45	town.
46	(b) An official charged with the custody of a return filed with the commission is not
47	required to produce the return or evidence of anything contained in the return in any action or
48	proceeding in any court, except:
49	(i) in accordance with judicial order;
50	(ii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding under:
51	(A) this title; or
52	(B) other law under which persons are required to file returns with the commission;
53	(iii) on behalf of the commission in any action or proceeding to which the commission
54	is a party; or
55	(iv) on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under this title if the report or
56	facts shown by the return are directly involved in the action or proceeding.

57	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), a court may require the production of, and may
58	admit in evidence, any portion of a return or of the facts shown by the return, as are specifically
59	pertinent to the action or proceeding.
60	(2) This section does not prohibit:
61	(a) a person or that person's duly authorized representative from receiving a copy of
62	any return or report filed in connection with that person's own tax;
63	(b) the publication of statistics as long as the statistics are classified to prevent the
64	identification of particular reports or returns; and
65	(c) the inspection by the attorney general or other legal representative of the state of the
66	report or return of any taxpayer:
67	(i) who brings action to set aside or review a tax based on the report or return;
68	(ii) against whom an action or proceeding is contemplated or has been instituted under
69	this title; or
70	(iii) against whom the state has an unsatisfied money judgment.
71	(3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and for purposes of administration, the
72	commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
73	Rulemaking Act, provide for a reciprocal exchange of information with:
74	(i) the United States Internal Revenue Service; or
75	(ii) the revenue service of any other state.
76	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and for all taxes except individual income tax and
77	corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, made in accordance with Title 63G,
78	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, share information gathered from returns and
79	other written statements with the federal government, any other state, any of the political
80	subdivisions of another state, or any political subdivision of this state, except as limited by
81	Sections 59-12-209 and 59-12-210, if the political subdivision, other state, or the federal
82	government grant substantially similar privileges to this state.
83	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and for all taxes except individual income tax and
84	corporate franchise tax, the commission may by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
85	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, provide for the issuance of information concerning the
86	identity and other information of taxpayers who have failed to file tax returns or to pay any tax
87	due.

88	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide to the Solid and
89	Hazardous Waste Control Board executive secretary, as defined in Section 19-6-102, as
90	requested by the executive secretary, any records, returns, or other information filed with the
91	commission under Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act, or Section 19-6-410.5
92	regarding the environmental assurance program participation fee.
93	(e) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), at the request of any person the commission shall
94	provide that person sales and purchase volume data reported to the commission on a report,
95	return, or other information filed with the commission under:
96	(i) Chapter 13, Part 2, Motor Fuel; or
97	(ii) Chapter 13, Part 4, Aviation Fuel.
98	(f) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), upon request from a tobacco product manufacturer,
99	as defined in Section 59-22-202, the commission shall report to the manufacturer:
100	(i) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the
101	manufacturer and reported to the commission for the previous calendar year under Section
102	59-14-407; and
103	(ii) the quantity of cigarettes, as defined in Section 59-22-202, produced by the
104	manufacturer for which a tax refund was granted during the previous calendar year under
105	Section 59-14-401 and reported to the commission under Subsection 59-14-401(1)(a)(v).
106	(g) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall notify manufacturers,
107	distributors, wholesalers, and retail dealers of a tobacco product manufacturer that is prohibited
108	from selling cigarettes to consumers within the state under Subsection 59-14-210(2).
109	(h) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may:
110	(i) provide to the Division of Consumer Protection within the Department of
111	Commerce and the attorney general data:
112	(A) reported to the commission under Section 59-14-212; or
113	(B) related to a violation under Section 59-14-211; and
114	(ii) upon request, provide to any person data reported to the commission under
115	Subsections 59-14-212(1)(a) through (c) and Subsection 59-14-212(1)(g).
116	(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall, at the request of a committee
117	of the Legislature, Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, or Governor's Office of Planning
118	and Budget, provide to the committee or office the total amount of revenues collected by the

119	commission under Chapter 24, Radioactive Waste Facility Tax Act, for the time period
120	specified by the committee or office.
121	(j) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall make the directory required
122	by Section 59-14-603 available for public inspection.
123	(k) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may share information with
124	federal, state, or local agencies as provided in Subsection 59-14-606(3).
125	(l) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide the Office of
126	Recovery Services within the Department of Human Services any relevant information
127	obtained from a return filed under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, regarding a taxpayer
128	who has become obligated to the Office of Recovery Services.
129	(ii) The information described in Subsection (3)(1)(i) may be provided by the Office of
130	Recovery Services to any other state's child support collection agency involved in enforcing
131	that support obligation.
132	(m) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), upon request from the state court
133	administrator, the commission shall provide to the state court administrator, the name, address,
134	telephone number, county of residence, and Social Security number on resident returns filed
135	under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act.
136	(ii) The state court administrator may use the information described in Subsection
137	(3)(m)(i) only as a source list for the master jury list described in Section 78B-1-106.
138	(n) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall at the request of a
139	committee, commission, or task force of the Legislature provide to the committee, commission,
140	or task force of the Legislature any information relating to a tax imposed under Chapter 9,
141	Taxation of Admitted Insurers, relating to the study required by Section 59-9-101.
142	(o) (i) As used in this Subsection (3)(o), "office" means the:
143	(A) Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst; or
144	(B) Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel.
145	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1) and except as provided in Subsection (3)(o)(iii),
146	the commission shall at the request of an office provide to the office all information:
147	(A) gained by the commission; and
148	(B) required to be attached to or included in returns filed with the commission.
149	(iii) (A) An office may not request and the commission may not provide to an office a

150	person's:
151	(I) address;
152	(II) name;
153	(III) Social Security number; or
154	(IV) taxpayer identification number.
155	(B) The commission shall in all instances protect the privacy of a person as required by
156	Subsection (3)(o)(iii)(A).
157	(iv) An office may provide information received from the commission in accordance
158	with this Subsection (3)(o) only:
159	(A) as:
160	(I) a fiscal estimate;
161	(II) fiscal note information; or
162	(III) statistical information; and
163	(B) if the information is classified to prevent the identification of a particular return.
164	(v) (A) A person may not request information from an office under Title 63G, Chapter
165	2, Government Records Access and Management Act, or this section, if that office received the
166	information from the commission in accordance with this Subsection (3)(o).
167	(B) An office may not provide to a person that requests information in accordance with
168	Subsection (3)(o)(v)(A) any information other than the information the office provides in
169	accordance with Subsection (3)(o)(iv).
170	(p) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide to the governing
171	board of the agreement or a taxing official of another state, the District of Columbia, the United
172	States, or a territory of the United States:
173	(i) the following relating to an agreement sales and use tax:
174	(A) information contained in a return filed with the commission;
175	(B) information contained in a report filed with the commission;
176	(C) a schedule related to Subsection (3)(p)(i)(A) or (B); or
177	(D) a document filed with the commission; or
178	(ii) a report of an audit or investigation made with respect to an agreement sales and
179	use tax.
180	(q) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide information

181	concerning a taxpayer's state income tax return or state income tax withholding information to
182	the Driver License Division if the Driver License Division:
183	(i) requests the information; and
184	(ii) provides the commission with a signed release form from the taxpayer allowing the
185	Driver License Division access to the information.
186	(r) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide to the Utah [State]
187	911 Committee the information requested by the Utah [State] 911 Committee under Subsection
188	53-10-602(3).
189	(s) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide to the Utah
190	Educational Savings Plan information related to a resident or nonresident individual's
191	contribution to a Utah Educational Savings Plan account as designated on the resident or
192	nonresident's individual income tax return under Section 59-10-1313.
193	(t) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission shall provide an eligibility worker
194	with the Children's Health Insurance Program with the adjusted gross income of an individual
195	if:
196	(i) an eligibility worker with the Children's Health Insurance Program requests the
197	information from the [Utah State Tax Commission] commission; and
198	(ii) the eligibility worker has complied with the identity verification and consent
199	provisions of Section 26-40-105.
200	(u) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the commission may provide to a county, as
201	determined by the commission, information declared on an individual income tax return in
202	accordance with Section 59-10-103.1 that relates to eligibility to claim a residential exemption
203	authorized under Section 59-2-103.
204	(4) (a) Reports and returns shall be preserved for at least three years.
205	(b) After the three-year period provided in Subsection (4)(a) the commission may
206	destroy a report or return.
207	(5) (a) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
208	(b) If the person described in Subsection (5)(a) is an officer or employee of the state,
209	the person shall be dismissed from office and be disqualified from holding public office in this
210	state for a period of five years thereafter.
211	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a) or (b), an office that requests information in

212	accordance with Subsection (3)(0)(iii) or a person that requests information in accordance with
213	Subsection (3)(o)(v):
214	(i) is not guilty of a class A misdemeanor; and
215	(ii) is not subject to:
216	(A) dismissal from office in accordance with Subsection (5)(b); or
217	(B) disqualification from holding public office in accordance with Subsection (5)(b).
218	(6) Except as provided in Section 59-1-404, this part does not apply to the property tax.
219	Section 2. Section 59-2-103.5 is amended to read:
220	59-2-103.5. Procedures to obtain an exemption for residential property
221	Procedure if property owner or property no longer qualifies to receive a residential
222	exemption.
223	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a county legislative body may by
224	ordinance require that in order for residential property to be allowed a residential exemption in
225	accordance with Section 59-2-103, an owner of the residential property shall file with the
226	county board of equalization a statement:
227	(a) on a form prescribed by the commission by rule;
228	(b) signed by all of the owners of the residential property;
229	(c) certifying that the residential property is residential property; and
230	(d) containing other information as required by the commission by rule.
231	(2) (a) Subject to Section 59-2-103 and except as provided in Subsection (3), a county
232	board of equalization shall allow an owner described in Subsection (1) a residential exemption
233	for the residential property described in Subsection (1) if:
234	(i) the county legislative body enacts the ordinance described in Subsection (1); and
235	(ii) the county board of equalization determines that the requirements of Subsection (1)
236	are met.
237	(b) A county board of equalization may require an owner of the residential property
238	described in Subsection (1) to file the statement described in Subsection (1) only if:
239	(i) that residential property was ineligible for the residential exemption authorized
240	under Section 59-2-103 during the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year for
241	which the owner is seeking to claim the residential exemption for that residential property;
242	(ii) an ownership interest in that residential property changes; or

243	(iii) the county board of equalization determines that there is reason to believe that that
244	residential property no longer qualifies for the residential exemption in accordance with
245	Section 59-2-103.
246	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), if a county legislative body does not enact an
247	ordinance requiring an owner to file a statement in accordance with this section, the county
248	board of equalization:
249	(a) may not require an owner to file a statement for residential property to be eligible
250	for a residential exemption in accordance with Section 59-2-103; and
251	(b) shall allow a residential exemption for residential property in accordance with
252	Section 59-2-103.
253	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
254	the commission shall make rules providing:
255	(i) the form for the statement described in Subsection (1); and
256	(ii) the contents of the form for the statement described in Subsection (1).
257	(b) The commission shall make the form described in Subsection (4)(a) available to
258	counties.
259	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), if a property owner no longer qualifies to
260	receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property owner's
261	primary residence, the property owner shall:
262	(a) file a written statement with the county board of equalization of the county in which
263	the property is located:
264	(i) on a form provided by the county board of equalization; and
265	(ii) notifying the county board of equalization that the property owner no longer
266	qualifies to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property
267	owner's primary residence; and
268	(b) declare on the property owner's individual income tax return under Chapter 10,
269	Individual Income Tax Act, for the taxable year for which the property owner no longer
270	qualifies to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property
271	owner's primary residence, that the property owner no longer qualifies to receive a residential
272	exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property owner's primary residence.
273	(6) A property owner is not required to file a written statement or make the declaration

274	described in Subsection (5) if the property owner:
275	(a) changes primary residences;
276	(b) qualified to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for
277	the residence that was the property owner's former primary residence; and
278	(c) qualifies to receive a residential exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for
279	the residence that is the property owner's current primary residence.
280	Section 3. Section 59-10-103.1 is amended to read:
281	59-10-103.1. Information to be contained on individual income tax returns or
282	booklets.
283	(1) The commission shall print the phrase "all state income tax dollars fund education"
284	on:
285	[(1)] (a) the first page of [the] an individual income tax return; and
286	[(2)] (b) the cover page of $[the]$ an individual income tax forms and instructions
287	booklet.
288	(2) The commission shall include on an individual income tax return a statement for a
289	property owner to declare that the property owner no longer qualifies to receive a residential
290	exemption authorized under Section 59-2-103 for that property owner's primary residence.
291	Section 4. Section 59-10-136 is enacted to read:
292	59-10-136. Domicile Temporary absence from state.
293	(1) (a) An individual is considered to have domicile in this state if:
294	(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a dependent with respect to whom the
295	individual or the individual's spouse claims a personal exemption on the individual's or
296	individual's spouse's federal individual income tax return is enrolled in a public kindergarten,
297	public elementary school, or public secondary school in this state; or
298	(ii) the individual or the individual's spouse is a resident student in accordance with
299	Section 53B-8-102 who is enrolled in an institution of higher education described in Section
300	<u>53B-2-101 in this state.</u>
301	(b) The determination of whether an individual is considered to have domicile in this
302	state may not be determined in accordance with Subsection (3) if the individual:
303	(i) is the noncustodial parent of a dependent:
304	(A) with respect to whom the individual claims a personal exemption on the

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305	individual's federal individual income tax return; and
306	(B) who is enrolled in a public kindergarten, public elementary school, or public
307	secondary school in this state; and
308	(ii) is divorced from the custodial parent of the dependent described in Subsection
309	<u>(1)(b)(i).</u>
310	(2) There is a rebuttable presumption that an individual is considered to have domicile
311	in this state if:
312	(a) the individual or the individual's spouse claims a residential exemption in
313	accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for that individual's or individual's spouse's
314	primary residence;
315	(b) the individual or the individual's spouse is registered to vote in this state in
316	accordance with Title 20A, Chapter 2, Voter Registration; or
317	(c) the individual or the individual's spouse asserts residency in this state for purposes
318	of filing an individual income tax return under this chapter, including asserting that the
319	individual or the individual's spouse is a part-year resident of this state for the portion of the
320	taxable year for which the individual or the individual's spouse is a resident of this state.
321	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), if the requirements of Subsection (1) or (2) are not
322	met for an individual to be considered to have domicile in this state, the individual is
323	considered to have domicile in this state if:
324	(i) the individual or the individual's spouse has a permanent home in this state to which
325	the individual or the individual's spouse intends to return after being absent; and
326	(ii) the individual or the individual's spouse has voluntarily fixed the individual's or the
327	individual's spouse's habitation in this state, not for a special or temporary purpose, but with the
328	intent of making a permanent home.
329	(b) The determination of whether an individual is considered to have domicile in this
330	state under Subsection (3)(a) shall be based on the preponderance of the evidence, taking into
331	consideration the totality of the following facts and circumstances:
332	(i) whether the individual or the individual's spouse has a driver license in this state;
333	(ii) whether a dependent with respect to whom the individual or the individual's spouse
334	claims a personal exemption on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal individual
335	income tax return is a resident student in accordance with Section 53B-8-102 who is enrolled

336	in an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 in this state;
337	(iii) the nature and quality of the living accommodations that the individual or the
338	individual's spouse has in this state as compared to another state;
339	(iv) the presence in this state of a spouse or dependent with respect to whom the
340	individual or the individual's spouse claims a personal exemption on the individual's or
341	individual's spouse's federal individual income tax return;
342	(v) the physical location in which earned income as defined in Section $32(c)(2)$,
343	Internal Revenue Code, is earned by the individual or the individual's spouse;
344	(vi) the state of registration of a vehicle as defined in Section 59-12-102 owned or
345	leased by the individual or the individual's spouse;
346	(vii) whether the individual or the individual's spouse is a member of a church, a club,
347	or another similar organization in this state;
348	(viii) whether the individual or the individual's spouse lists an address in this state on
349	mail, a telephone listing, a listing in an official government publication, other correspondence,
350	or another similar item;
351	(ix) whether the individual or the individual's spouse lists an address in this state on a
352	state or federal tax return;
353	(x) whether the individual or the individual's spouse asserts residency in this state on a
354	document, other than an individual income tax return filed under this chapter, filed with or
355	provided to a court or other governmental entity:
356	(xi) the failure of an individual or the individual's spouse to obtain a permit or license
357	normally required of a resident of the state for which the individual or the individual's spouse
358	asserts to have domicile; or
359	(xii) whether the individual is an individual described in Subsection (1)(b).
360	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections (1) through (3) and subject to the other provisions
361	of this Subsection (4), an individual is not considered to have domicile in this state if the
362	individual meets the following qualifications:
363	(i) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a)(ii)(A), the individual and the individual's
364	spouse are absent from the state for at least 761 consecutive days; and
365	(ii) during the time period described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), neither the individual nor
366	the individual's spouse:

367	(A) return to this state for more than 30 days in a calendar year;
368	(B) claim a personal exemption on the individual's or individual's spouse's federal
369	individual income tax return with respect to a dependent who is enrolled in a public
370	kindergarten, public elementary school, or public secondary school in this state, unless the
371	individual is an individual described in Subsection (1)(b);
372	(C) are resident students in accordance with Section 53B-8-102 who are enrolled in an
373	institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 in this state;
374	(D) claim a residential exemption in accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for
375	that individual's or individual's spouse's primary residence; or
376	(E) assert that this state is the individual's or the individual's spouse's tax home for
377	federal individual income tax purposes.
378	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), an individual that meets the qualifications of
379	Subsection (4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state may elect to be considered
380	to have domicile in this state by filing an individual income tax return in this state as a resident
381	individual.
382	(c) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), an absence from the state:
383	(i) begins on the later of the date:
384	(A) the individual leaves this state; or
385	(B) the individual's spouse leaves this state; and
386	(ii) ends on the date the individual or the individual's spouse returns to this state if the
387	individual or the individual's spouse remains in this state for more than 30 days in a calendar
388	year.
389	(d) An individual shall file an individual income tax return or amended individual
390	income tax return under this chapter and pay any applicable interest imposed under Section
391	<u>59-1-402 if:</u>
392	(i) the individual did not file an individual income tax return or amended individual
393	income tax return under this chapter based on the individual's belief that the individual has met
394	the qualifications of Subsection (4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state; and
395	(ii) the individual or the individual's spouse fails to meet a qualification of Subsection
396	(4)(a) to not be considered to have domicile in this state.
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397 (e) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(e)(ii), an individual that files an individual

398	income tax return or amended individual income tax return under Subsection (4)(d) shall pay
399	any applicable penalty imposed under Section 59-1-401.
400	(ii) The commission shall waive the penalties under Subsections 59-1-401(2), (3), and
401	(5) if an individual who is required by Subsection (4)(d) to file an individual income tax return
402	or amended individual income tax return under this chapter:
403	(A) files the individual income tax return or amended individual income tax return
404	within 105 days after the individual fails to meet a qualification of Subsection (4)(a) to not be
405	considered to have domicile in this state; and
406	(B) within the 105-day period described in Subsection (4)(e)(ii)(A), pays in full the tax
407	due on the return, any interest imposed under Section 59-1-402, and any applicable penalty
408	imposed under Section 59-1-401, except for a penalty under Subsection 59-1-401(2), (3), or
409	<u>(5).</u>
410	(5) (a) If an individual is considered to have domicile in this state in accordance with
411	this section, the individual's spouse is considered to have domicile in this state.
412	(b) For purposes of this section, an individual is not considered to have a spouse if:
413	(i) the individual is legally separated or divorced from the spouse; or
414	(ii) the individual and the individual's spouse claim married filing separately filing
415	status for purposes of filing a federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
416	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), for purposes of this section, an
417	individual's filing status on a federal individual income tax return or a return filed under this
418	chapter may not be considered in determining whether an individual has a spouse.
419	(6) For purposes of this section, whether or not an individual or the individual's spouse
420	claims a property tax residential exemption under Chapter 2, Property Tax Act, for the
421	residential property that is the primary residence of a tenant of the individual or the individual's
422	spouse may not be considered in determining domicile in this state.
423	Section 5. Effective date.
424	This hill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2012

424 This bill takes effect for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2012.