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### Senator Stephen H. Urquhart proposes the following substitute bill:

1	TORTIOUS ACT ARBITRATION
2	2011 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Stephen H. Urquhart
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill creates a new chapter in Title 78B to promote arbitration in specific tort cases.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	<ul> <li>enacts a new chapter, Tort Arbitration, in Title 78B;</li> </ul>
3	<ul> <li>creates filing and notice limits;</li> </ul>
4	<ul> <li>prohibits claims for punitive damages;</li> </ul>
5	<ul> <li>sets guidelines for rescinding an arbitration election;</li> </ul>
6	<ul> <li>provides for the selection of a single arbitrator or panel of arbitrators;</li> </ul>
7	<ul> <li>states that decisions by arbitrators are final, but still allows for a trial de novo;</li> </ul>
8	<ul> <li>specifies payment obligations for parties; and</li> </ul>
9	<ul> <li>addresses pre- and postjudgment interest.</li> </ul>
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	None
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	ENACTS:

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26	78B-10a-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953
27	78B-10a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
28	78B-10a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
29	78B-10a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
30	78B-10a-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
31	78B-10a-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
32	78B-10a-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	78B-10a-108, Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	78B-10a-109, Utah Code Annotated 1953
35	
36	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
37	Section 1. Section <b>78B-10a-101</b> is enacted to read:
38	CHAPTER 10a. TORT ARBITRATION
39	<u>78B-10a-101.</u> Title.
40	This chapter is known as "Tort Arbitration."
41	Section 2. Section <b>78B-10a-102</b> is enacted to read:
42	<u>78B-10a-102.</u> General provisions Filing Notice Limits.
43	(1) As used in this chapter, "personal injury" means bodily injury which:
44	(a) occurs on the residential property of another; or
45	(b) is caused by an animal owned or kept by a property owner, regardless of where the
46	injury occurred.
47	(2) A person who suffers a personal injury may elect to submit all personal injury
48	claims to arbitration by filing a notice of the submission of the claim to binding arbitration in a
49	district court if:
50	(a) the claimant or the claimant's representative has:
51	(i) previously and timely filed a complaint in a district court that includes a claim for
52	personal injury; and
53	(ii) filed a notice to submit the claim to arbitration within 14 days after the complaint is
54	answered; and
55	(b) the notice required under Subsection (2)(a)(ii) is filed while the action under
56	Subsection (2)(a)(i) is still pending.

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57	(3) If a party submits a personal injury claim to arbitration under Subsection (2), the
58	party submitting the claim or the party's representative is limited to an arbitration award not to
59	<u>exceed \$50,000.</u>
60	Section 3. Section <b>78B-10a-103</b> is enacted to read:
61	78B-10a-103. Punitive damages.
62	A claim for punitive damages may not be made in an arbitration proceeding in
63	accordance with this chapter or any subsequent proceeding, even if the claim is later resolved
64	through a trial de novo in accordance with Section 78b-10a-108.
65	Section 4. Section <b>78B-10a-104</b> is enacted to read:
66	78B-10a-104. Recission Discovery.
67	(1) (a) A claimant who has elected arbitration in accordance with this chapter may
68	rescind the election if the rescission is made within:
69	(i) 90 days after the election to arbitrate; and
70	(ii) not less than 30 days before any scheduled arbitration hearing.
71	(b) A claimant seeking to rescind an election to arbitrate in accordance with this
72	chapter shall:
73	(i) file a notice of the rescission of the election to arbitrate with the district court where
74	the matter was filed; and
75	(ii) send copies of the notice of the rescission of the election to arbitrate to all counsel
76	of record in the action.
77	(c) All discovery completed in anticipation of the arbitration hearing shall be available
78	for use by the parties as allowed by the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and Utah Rules of
79	Evidence.
80	(d) A claimant who has elected to arbitrate in accordance with this chapter and then
81	rescinded the election to arbitrate may not elect to arbitrate the claim again.
82	(2) (a) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or by order of the court, an arbitration
83	process elected in accordance with this chapter is subject to Rule 26, Utah Rules of Civil
84	Procedure.
85	(b) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or ordered by the court, discovery shall be
86	completed within 150 days after the date arbitration is elected in accordance with this chapter
87	or the date the answer is filed, whichever is longer.

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88	Section 5. Section <b>78B-10a-105</b> is enacted to read:
89	78B-10a-105. Selection of arbitrator or panel Costs.
90	(1) (a) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties, a claim submitted to
91	arbitration shall be resolved by a single arbitrator.
92	(b) Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties or ordered by the court, all parties shall
93	agree on a single arbitrator within 90 days of the answer of the defendant.
94	(c) If the parties are unable to agree on a single arbitrator as required by Subsection
95	(1)(b), a panel of three arbitrators shall be selected in accordance with Subsection (1)(d).
96	(d) If a panel of three arbitrators is selected:
97	(i) each side shall select one arbitrator; and
98	(ii) the arbitrators appointed under Subsection (1)(d)(i) shall jointly select one
99	additional arbitrator to be included on the panel.
100	(2) Unless otherwise agreed to in writing:
101	(a) each party shall pay an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected
102	under Subsection (1)(a); and
103	(b) if an arbitration panel is selected under Subsection (1)(d), each party shall pay:
104	(i) the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected by that party's side; and
105	(ii) an equal share of the fees and costs of the arbitrator selected under Subsection
106	<u>(1)(d)(ii).</u>
107	Section 6. Section <b>78B-10a-106</b> is enacted to read:
108	<u>78B-10a-106.</u> Governing provisions.
109	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and unless otherwise agreed to in
110	writing by the parties, an arbitration proceeding conducted in accordance with this chapter shall
111	be governed by Title 78B, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform Arbitration Act.
112	(2) (a) Subject to the provisions of this chapter, the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and
113	Utah Rules of Evidence apply to arbitration proceedings.
114	(b) The Utah Rules of Civil Procedure and the Utah Rules of Evidence shall be applied
115	with the intent of concluding the claim in a timely and cost-efficient manner.
116	(c) Discovery shall be conducted in accordance with Rules 26 through 37 of the Utah
117	Rules of Civil Procedure and shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the district court in which
118	the matter is filed.

118 <u>the matter is filed.</u>

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119	(d) Dispositive motions shall be filed, heard, and decided by the district court prior to
120	the arbitration proceeding in accordance with the court's scheduling order.
121	Section 7. Section <b>78B-10a-107</b> is enacted to read:
122	78B-10a-107. Decision Award Court action.
123	(1) A written decision by a single arbitrator or by a majority of the arbitration panel
124	shall constitute a final decision.
125	(2) An arbitration award issued in accordance with this chapter shall be the final
126	resolution of all personal injury claims between the parties and may be reduced to judgment by
127	the court upon motion and notice unless:
128	(a) either party, within 20 days after service of the arbitration award:
129	(i) files a notice requesting a trial de novo in the district court; and
130	(ii) serves the nonmoving party with a copy of the notice requesting a trial de novo; or
131	(b) the arbitration award has been satisfied.
132	Section 8. Section 78B-10a-108 is enacted to read:
133	<u>78B-10a-108.</u> Trial de novo.
134	(1) (a) Upon filing a notice requesting a trial de novo in accordance with Subsection
135	<u>78B-10a-107(2):</u>
136	(i) unless otherwise stipulated to by the parties or ordered by the court, an additional 90
137	days shall be allowed for further discovery:
138	(ii) the additional discovery time under Subsection (1)(a)(i) shall run from the notice of
139	the request for a trial de novo; and
140	(iii) the claim shall proceed through litigation pursuant to the Utah Rules of Civil
141	Procedure and Utah Rules of Evidence in the district court.
142	(b) In accordance with Rule 38, Utah Rules of Civil Procedure, either party may
143	request a jury trial with a request for trial de novo filed in accordance with Subsection
144	<u>78B-10a-107(2)(a)(i).</u>
145	(2) (a) If the plaintiff, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested under Subsection
146	78B-10a-107(2), does not obtain a verdict that is at least \$5,000 and 30% greater than the
147	arbitration award, the plaintiff is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
148	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the costs under Subsection (2)(a) shall
149	include:

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150	(i) any costs set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
151	(ii) the costs of expert witnesses and depositions.
152	(c) An award of costs under this Subsection (2) may not exceed \$6,000.
153	(3) (a) If a defendant, as the moving party in a trial de novo requested in accordance
154	with Subsection 78B-10a-107(2), does not obtain a verdict that is at least 30% less than the
155	arbitration award, the defendant is responsible for all of the nonmoving party's costs.
156	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c), the costs under Subsection (3)(a) shall
157	include:
158	(i) any costs set forth in Rule 54(d), Utah Rules of Civil Procedure; and
159	(ii) the costs of expert witnesses and depositions.
160	(c) An award of costs in accordance with this Subsection (3) may not exceed \$6,000.
161	(4) For purposes of determining whether a party's verdict is greater or less than the
162	arbitration award under Subsections (2) and (3), a court may not consider any recovery or other
163	relief granted on a claim for damages if the claim for damages:
164	(a) was not fully disclosed in writing prior to the arbitration proceeding; or
165	(b) was not disclosed in response to discovery contrary to the Utah Rules of Civil
166	Procedure.
167	(5) If a district court determines, upon a motion of the nonmoving party, that the
168	moving party's use of the trial de novo process was filed in bad faith as defined in Section
169	78B-5-825, the district court may award reasonable attorney fees to the nonmoving party.
170	(6) (a) If a defendant requests a trial de novo under Subsection 78B-10a-107(2), the
171	total verdict at trial may not exceed \$15,000 above any available limits of insurance coverage
172	and the total verdict may not exceed \$65,000.
173	(b) If a plaintiff requests a trial de novo under Subsection 78B-10a-107(2), the verdict
174	at trial may not exceed \$50,000.
175	Section 9. Section <b>78B-10a-109</b> is enacted to read:
176	<u>78B-10a-109.</u> Interest.
177	All arbitration awards issued in accordance with this chapter shall bear prejudgment
178	interest pursuant to Sections 15-1-1 and 78B-5-824, and postjudgment interest pursuant to
179	Section 15-1-4.