1080	uncle, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, stepparent, first cousin, sibling, or stepsibling of a child;
1081	<u>and</u>
1082	(b) in the case of a child defined as an "Indian" under the Indian Child Welfare Act, 25
1083	U.S.C. Sec. 1903, "relative" also means an "extended family member" as defined by that
1084	statute.
1085	[(1)] (2) Upon entry of an order under this part the court may:
1086	(a) place the child in the legal custody and guardianship of a licensed child placement
1087	agency or the division for adoption; or
1088	(b) make any other disposition of the child authorized under Section 78A-6-117.
1089	[(2) All] (3) Subject to the requirements of Subsections (4) through (7), all adoptable
1090	children shall be placed for adoption.
1091	(4) If the parental rights of all parents of an adoptable child have been terminated, the
1092	court:
1093	(a) shall determine whether there is a relative who desires to adopt the child; and
1094	(b) may Ĥ→ , if a suitable placement is not already available, ←Ĥ order the division to
1094a	conduct a reasonable search $\hat{H} \rightarrow$, in addition to any search that occurred when the child was
1094b	initially taken into protective custody, $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ to determine whether there
1095	are relatives who are willing to adopt the child.
1096	(5) A relative of an adoptable child shall receive preference in adoption placement,
1097	unless the placement is not in the best interest of the child. If a relative desires to adopt the
1098	child, the court shall:
1099	(a) make a specific finding regarding the fitness of the relative to adopt the child; and
1100	(b) place the child for adoption with that relative unless it finds that adoption by the
1101	relative is not in the best interest of the child.
1102	(6) This section does not guarantee that a relative will be permitted to adopt the child.
1103	(7) If the court does not place the child with a relative, the court shall make a specific
1104	finding, on the record, explaining why the relative was not a suitable adoptive parent.
1105	(8) If no suitable relative is found to adopt the child, the court shall consider the child's
1106	foster parents, in accordance with Section 78B-6-132, or any other adult in accordance with
1107	Section 78B-6-117.
1108	Section 13. Section 78A-6-902 is amended to read:
1109	78A-6-902. Appointment of attorney guardian ad litem Duties and
1110	responsibilities Training Trained staff and court-appointed special advocate

1204	(e) The child's parents, parent, or legal guardian may appeal the court's determination,
1205	under Subsection (6)(c), of fees, costs, and expenses.
1206	(7) An attorney guardian ad litem appointed under this section, when serving in the
1207	scope of the attorney guardian ad litem's duties as guardian ad litem is considered an employee
1208	of the state for purposes of indemnification under Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental
1209	Immunity Act of Utah.
1210	(8) (a) An attorney guardian ad litem shall represent the best interest of a minor.
1211	(b) If the minor's wishes differ from the attorney's determination of the minor's best
1212	interest, the attorney guardian ad litem shall communicate the minor's wishes to the court in
1213	addition to presenting the attorney's determination of the minor's best interest.
1214	(c) A difference between the minor's wishes and the attorney's determination of best
1215	interest may not be considered a conflict of interest for the attorney.
1216	(d) the guardian ad litem shall disclose the wishes of the child unless the child:
1217	(i) instructs the guardian ad litem to not disclose the child's wishes; or
1218	(ii) has not expressed any wishes.
1219	[(d)] (e) The court may appoint one attorney guardian ad litem to represent the best
1220	interests of more than one child of a marriage.
1221	(9) An attorney guardian ad litem shall be provided access to all Division of Child and
1222	Family Services records regarding the minor at issue and the minor's family.
1223	(10) (a) An attorney guardian ad litem shall conduct an independent investigation
1224	regarding the minor at issue, the minor's family, and what constitutes the best interest of the
1225	minor.
1226	(b) An attorney guardian ad litem may interview the minor's Division of Child and
1227	Family Services caseworker, but may not:
1228	(i) rely exclusively on the conclusions and findings of the Division of Child and Family
1229	Services; or
1230	(ii) $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbf{except}}$ as provided in Subsection (10)(c), $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ conduct a visit with the client in
1230a	conjunction with the visit of a Division of Child
1231	and Family Services caseworker.
1231a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{(c)}$ A guardian ad litem may meet with a client during a team meeting or court
1231b	hearing when a Division of Child and Family Services caseworker is present. ←Ĥ
1232	[(10)] (11) (a) An attorney guardian ad litem shall maintain current and accurate
1233	records regarding:
1234	[(a)] (i) the number of times the attorney has had contact with each minor; and

1235	[(b)] (ii) the actions the attorney has taken in representation of the minor's best interest.
1236	(b) In every hearing where the guardian ad litem makes a recommendation regarding
1237	the best interest of the child, the court shall require the guardian ad litem to disclose the factors
1238	that form the basis of the recommendation.
1239	$[(11)]$ (12) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection (11)(b)] $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{Subsections}} (11) \underline{\mathbf{and}}]$
1239a	Section $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ (12)(b),
1240	all records of an attorney guardian ad litem are confidential and may not be released or made
1241	public upon subpoena, search warrant, discovery proceedings, or otherwise. This subsection
1242	supersedes Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
1243	(b) Consistent with Subsection [(11)] (12)(d), all records of an attorney guardian ad
1244	litem:
1245	(i) are subject to legislative subpoena, under Title 36, Chapter 14, Legislative
1246	Subpoena Powers; and
1247	(ii) shall be released to the Legislature.
1248	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(11)] (12)(c)(ii), records released in
1249	accordance with Subsection [(11)] (12)(b) shall be maintained as confidential by the
1250	Legislature.
1251	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(11)] (12)(c)(i), the Office of the Legislative Auditor
1252	General may include summary data and nonidentifying information in its audits and reports to
1253	the Legislature.
1254	(d) (i) Subsection [(11)] (12)(b) constitutes an exception to Rules of Professional
1255	Conduct, Rule 1.6, as provided by Rule 1.6(b)(4), because of:
1256	(A) the unique role of an attorney guardian ad litem described in Subsection (8); and
1257	(B) the state's role and responsibility:
1258	(I) to provide a guardian ad litem program; and
1259	(II) as parens patriae, to protect minors.
1260	(ii) A claim of attorney-client privilege does not bar access to the records of an attorney
1261	guardian ad litem by the Legislature, through legislative subpoena.
1262	Section 14. Section 78B-6-131 is amended to read:
1263	78B-6-131. Child in custody of state Placement.
1264	(1) Notwithstanding Sections 78B-6-128 through 78B-6-130, and except as provided in
1265	Subsection (2), a child who is in the legal custody of the state may not be placed with a

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