AMENDMENT TO UTAH OPTOMETRY PRACTICE ACT	
2012 GENERAL SESSION	
STATE OF UTAH	
Chief Sponsor: James A. Dunnigan	
Senate Sponsor:	
LONG TITLE	ł
Committee Note:	
The Business and Labor Interim Committee recommended this bill.	
General Description:	
This bill amends the Utah Optometry Practice Act to permit certain people in limited	
circumstances to sell $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{eyeglasses}}]$ an ophthalmic lens $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ without being licensed under the	
chapter.	
Highlighted Provisions:	
This bill:	
▶ allows a person in certain circumstances to sell, fit, adjust, and dispense $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\text{eyeglasses}]$	
or spectacles] an ophthalmic lens ←Ĥ without being licensed under the chapter;	
► requires a prescription for $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [eyeglasses]$ an ophthalmic lens $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$; and	
 specifies the activities that the unlicensed person may engage in regarding the sale 	
or dispensing of $\hat{H} \rightarrow [eyeglasses \text{ or spectacles}]$ an ophthalmic lens	
Money Appropriated in this Bill:	
None	
Other Special Clauses:	
None	
Utah Code Sections Affected:	
AMENDS:	
58-16a-305 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 160	
58-16a-501 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005. Chapter 71	





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59	established place of business;
60	(e) he performs the work involved in fitting contact lenses himself and does not
61	delegate the contact lens fitting to any other individual who is not qualified under this
62	Subsection (3);
63	(f) he does not use in the testing of the eye any lenses or instruments other than the
64	lenses he actually will sell;
65	(g) he provides services only to a patient who:
66	(i) presents an unexpired contact lens prescription; or
67	(ii) has had an eye examination within the prior six months by an optometrist or
68	ophthalmologist meeting the requirements under Section 58-16a-306;
69	(h) he maintains a copy of the patient's contact lens prescription for not less than seven
70	years;
71	(i) he enters into a written agreement with an optometrist or an ophthalmologist before
72	July 1, 2000, to fit contact lenses prescribed by that optometrist or ophthalmologist;
73	(j) he fits contact lenses for at least two years under the direct supervision of the
74	optometrist or ophthalmologist identified in Subsection (3)(i) before July 1, 2000, as
75	documented in the written agreement; and
76	(k) the optometrist or ophthalmologist described in Subsection (3)(i):
77	(i) ensures that the final contact lens is accurate;
78	(ii) presents a written copy of the prescription to the person fitting the contact lens; and
79	(iii) ensures that a copy of the prescription is provided to the patient, except as
80	provided in Section 58-16a-306.
81	Section 2. Section 58-16a-501 is amended to read:
82	58-16a-501. Unlawful conduct.
83	"Unlawful conduct" includes, in addition to the definition in Section 58-1-501:
84	(1) buying, selling, or fraudulently obtaining, any optometry diploma, license,
85	certificate, or registration;
86	(2) aiding or abetting the buying, selling, or fraudulently obtaining, of any optometry
87	diploma, license, certificate, or registration;
88	(3) selling or providing contact lenses $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{, \text{ eyeglasses, or spectacles}}]$
88a	or an ophthalmic lens ←Ĥ in a manner
89	inconsistent with Section 58-16a-801 or intentionally altering a prescription unless the person

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90	selling or providing the lenses is a licensed optometrist or ophthalmologist; or
91	(4) representing oneself as or using the title of "optometrist," "optometric physician,"
92	"doctor of optometry," or "O.D.," unless currently licensed under this chapter.
93	Section 3. Section 58-16a-801 is amended to read:
94	Part 8. Contact Lenses and Ĥ→ [Eyeglasses] Ophthalmic Lenses ←Ĥ
95	58-16a-801. Contact lens and $\hat{H} \rightarrow [eyeglass]$ ophthalmic lens $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ seller or provider.
96	(1) A person may sell or provide contact lenses if the person:
97	(a) does so in the ordinary course of trade from a permanently located and established
98	place of business;
99	(b) does not perform refractions, over-refractions, or attempts to traffic upon assumed
100	skill in testing the eye;
101	(c) provides all contact lenses consistent with and in accordance with a valid contact
102	lens prescription;
103	(d) does not fit contact lenses;
104	(e) provides a contact lens to a patient after:
105	(i) receiving an unexpired verbal or written prescription; or
106	(ii) sending a contact lens prescription verification to the prescribing optometrist or
107	physician, regardless of whether the prescribing optometrist or physician responds to or
108	confirms the verification, provided that:
109	(A) the person has all of the information necessary to fill the prescription;
110	(B) the prescribing optometrist or physician has not informed the person that the
111	prescription has expired or is otherwise inaccurate prior to the person shipping or
112	hand-delivering the contact lens to the patient;
113	(C) the person confirms a valid, unexpired contact lens prescription for the patient if
114	the person is aware that the patient provided inaccurate prescription information in his last
115	order; and
116	(D) the person informs the patient that the prescription has expired or that there is a
117	medical problem associated with the prescription if the information is communicated by the
118	prescribing optometrist or physician to the person within 72 hours of the contact lens
119	prescription verification being sent; and
120	(f) maintains patient information, including the method and date of any prescription

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121	verification, for no less than seven years.
122	(2) (a) A person may engage in the activities described in Subsection (2)(b), without a
123	license under this title, if the person:
124	(i) provides the $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{eyeglasses or spectacles}}]$ ophthalmic lens $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ consistent with and in
124a	accordance with Ĥ→ [an
125	eyeglass] an unexpired $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ prescription from a licensed physician or optometrist;
126	(ii) dispenses the Ĥ→ [eyeglasses or spectacles] ophthalmic lenses ←Ĥ within or
126a	from the state;
127	(iii) does so in the ordinary course of trade from a permanently located and established
128	place of business:
129	(iv) does not perform refractions, over-refractions, or attempt to traffic upon assumed
130	skill in licensed physician or optometrist testing of the eye; and
131	(v) complies with impact tolerance standards based on ANSI Z80.1-2010, American
132	National Standard for Ophthalmics - Prescription spectacle lenses.
133	(b) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a), a person may:
134	(i) sell, reproduce, or dispense $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{eyeglasses or spectacles}}]$ ophthalmic lenses $\leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$;
135	(ii) fit or adjust $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{eyeglasses}}, \underline{\mathbf{spectacles}}, \underline{\mathbf{ophthalmic lenses}} \leftarrow \hat{\mathbf{H}}$ or frames;
136	(iii) assist with the selection of frames for $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{eyeglasses}}\ \mathbf{or}\ \mathbf{spectacles}]$
136a	ophthalmic lenses ←Ĥ ;
137	(iv) measure pupillary distance and interpret pupillary distance measurements; or
138	(v) measure or interpret the reading segment height in bifocal, tri-focal, progressive, or
139	multi-focal Ĥ→ ophthalmic ←Ĥ lenses.
140	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ Nothing in this section may be construed as requiring a person to be licensed
141	or certified in any way under this or any another chapter of this title to sell contact lenses in
142	accordance with Subsection (1), or to sell $\hat{\mathbf{H}} \rightarrow [\underline{\mathbf{eyeglasses}} \ \mathbf{ophthalmic} \ \mathbf{enses}]$
142a	accordance with
143	Subsection (2).

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel