1	TAX LAW MODIFICATIONS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Ryan D. Wilcox
5	Senate Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions in the Revenue and Taxation title to address certain issues
10	related to the Utah Supreme Court case Ivory Homes v. Utah State Tax Commission.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 amends the circumstances under which a person who pays a tax, fee, or charge
14	liability may receive a credit or refund;
15	 addresses the construction of a statute involving a tax, fee, or charge by the State
16	Tax Commission or a court;
17	 addresses sales and use tax refund procedures; and
18	 makes technical and conforming changes.
19	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill provides an effective date.
23	This bill provides for retrospective operation.
24	Utah Code Sections Affected:
25	AMENDS:
26	59-1-1410 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 212
27	59-1-1417 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 212

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 59-1-1410 is amended to read:
59-1-1410. Action for collection of tax, fee, or charge Action for refund or
credit of tax, fee, or charge Denial of refund claim under appeal Appeal of denied
refund claim.
(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) through (7) and Sections 59-5-114,
59-7-519, 59-10-536, and 59-11-113, the commission shall assess a tax, fee, or charge within
three years after the day on which a person files a return.
(b) Except as provided in Subsections (3) through (7), if the commission does not
assess a tax, fee, or charge within the three-year period provided in Subsection (1)(a), the
commission may not commence a proceeding to collect the tax, fee, or charge.
(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), for purposes of this part, a return filed
before the last day prescribed by statute or rule for filing the return is considered to be filed on
the last day for filing the return.
(b) A return of withholding tax under Chapter 10, Part 4, Withholding of Tax, is
considered to be filed on April 15 of the succeeding calendar year if the return:
(i) is for a period ending with or within a calendar year; and
(ii) is filed before April 15 of the succeeding calendar year.
(3) The commission may assess a tax, fee, or charge or commence a proceeding for the
collection of a tax, fee, or charge at any time if:
(a) a person:
(i) files a:
(A) false return with intent to evade; or
(B) fraudulent return with intent to evade; or
(ii) fails to file a return; or
(b) the commission estimates the amount of tax, fee, or charge due in accordance with
Subsection 59-1-1406(2).
(4) The commission may extend the period to make an assessment or to commence a
proceeding to collect a tax, fee, or charge if:

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59	(a) the three-year period under Subsection (1) has not expired; and
60	(b) the commission and the person sign a written agreement:
61	(i) authorizing the extension; and
62	(ii) providing for the length of the extension.
63	(5) The commission may make an assessment as provided in Subsection (6) if:
64	(a) the commission delays an audit at the request of a person;
65	(b) the person subsequently refuses to agree to an extension request by the commission;
66	and
67	(c) the three-year period under Subsection (1) expires before the commission
68	completes the audit.
69	(6) An assessment under Subsection (5) shall be:
70	(a) for the time period for which the commission could not make the assessment
71	because of the expiration of the three-year period; and
72	(b) in an amount equal to the difference between:
73	(i) the commission's estimate of the amount of tax, fee, or charge the person would
74	have been assessed for the time period described in Subsection (6)(a); and
75	(ii) the amount of tax, fee, or charge the person actually paid for the time period
76	described in Subsection (6)(a).
77	(7) If a person erroneously pays a liability, overpays a liability, pays a liability more
78	than once, or the commission erroneously receives, collects, or computes a liability, the
79	commission shall:
80	(a) credit the liability against any amount of liability the person owes; and
81	(b) refund any balance to:
82	(i) the person; or
83	(ii) (A) the person's assign;
84	(B) the person's personal representative;
85	(C) the person's successor; or
86	(D) a person similar to Subsections (7)(b)(ii)(A) through (C) as determined by the
87	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
88	Rulemaking Act.
89	(8) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(b) or Section 19-2-124, 59-7-522,

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90	59-10-529, or 59-12-110, the commission may not make a credit or refund unless a person files
91	a claim with the commission within the later of:
92	(i) three years from the due date of the return, including the period of any extension of
93	time provided in statute for filing the return; or
94	(ii) two years from the date the tax was paid.
95	(b) The commission shall extend the time period for a person to file a claim under
96	Subsection (8)(a) if:
97	(i) the time period described in Subsection (8)(a) has not expired; and
98	(ii) the commission and the person sign a written agreement:
99	(A) authorizing the extension; and
100	(B) providing for the length of the extension.
101	(9) If the commission denies a claim for a credit or refund, a person may request a
102	redetermination of the denial by filing a petition or request for agency action with the
103	commission:
104	(a) (i) within a 30-day period after the day on which the commission mails a notice of
105	denial for the claim for credit or refund; or
106	(ii) within a 90-day period after the day on which the commission mails a notice of
107	denial for the claim for credit or refund, if the notice is addressed to a person outside the
108	United States or the District of Columbia; and
109	(b) in accordance with:
110	(i) Section 59-1-501; and
111	(ii) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
112	(10) The action of the commission on a person's petition for redetermination of a denial
113	of a claim for credit or refund is final 30 days after the day on which the commission sends the
114	commission's decision or order, unless the person seeks judicial review.
115	Section 2. Section 59-1-1417 is amended to read:
116	59-1-1417. Burden of proof.
117	(1) In a proceeding before the commission, the burden of proof is on the petitioner
118	except for determining the following, in which the burden of proof is on the commission:
119	[(1)] (a) whether the petitioner committed fraud with intent to evade a tax, fee, or
120	charge;

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121	[(2)] (b) whether the petitioner is obligated as the transferee of property of the person
122	that originally owes a liability or a preceding transferee, but not to show that the person that
123	originally owes a liability is obligated for the liability; and
124	[(3)] (c) whether the petitioner is liable for an increase in a deficiency if the increase is
125	asserted initially after a notice of deficiency is mailed in accordance with Section 59-1-1405
126	and a petition under Part 5, Petitions for Redetermination of Deficiencies, is filed, unless the
127	increase in the deficiency is the result of a change or correction of federal taxable income:
128	[(a)] (i) required to be reported; and
129	[(b)] (ii) of which the commission has no notice at the time the commission mails the
130	notice of deficiency.
131	(2) Regardless of whether a taxpayer has paid or remitted a tax, fee, or charge, the
132	commission or a court considering a case involving the tax, fee, or charge shall:
133	(a) construe a statute imposing the tax, fee, or charge strictly in favor of the taxpayer;
134	and
135	(b) construe a statute providing an exemption from or credit against the tax, fee, or
136	charge strictly against the taxpayer.
137	Section 3. Section 59-12-110 is amended to read:
138	59-12-110. Refunds procedures.
139	(1) A seller that files a claim for a refund under Section 59-12-107 for bad debt shall
140	file the claim with the commission within three years from the date on which the seller could
141	first claim the refund for the bad debt.
142	(2) A seller that files a claim for a refund for a repossessed item shall file the claim
143	with the commission within three years from the date the item is repossessed.
144	[(3) A taxpayer may obtain a refund under Section 59-1-1410 of a tax paid under this
145	chapter on a transaction that is taxable under Subsection 59-12-103(1) if:]
146	[(a) the sale or use is exempt from sales and use taxes under Section 59-12-104 on the
147	date of purchase; and]
148	[(b) the taxpayer files a claim for a refund with the commission as provided in Section
149	59-1-1410.]
150	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (1) or (2), procedures and requirements for a
151	taxpayer to obtain a refund from the commission are as provided in Section 59-1-1410.

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- 152 Section 4. Effective date -- Retrospective operation.
 153 (1) Subject to Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 8, 2012.
 154 (2) This bill applies retrospectively to a refund request that is pending on, or filed on or
 155 often Sectorsher 27, 2011
- 155 <u>after, September 27, 2011.</u>

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Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel