

2627	58-17b-309 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 76
28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
29	Section 1. Section 58-17b-309 is amended to read:
30	58-17b-309. Exemptions from licensure.
31	(1) For purposes of this section:
32	(a) "Cancer drug treatment regimen":
33	(i) means a prescription drug used to treat cancer, manage its symptoms, or provide
34	continuity of care for a cancer patient;
35	(ii) includes:
36	(A) a chemotherapy drug administered intravenously, orally, rectally, or by dermal
37	methods; and
38	(B) a drug used to support cancer treatment, including to treat, alleviate, or minimize
39	physical and psychological symptoms or pain, or to improve patient tolerance of cancer
40	treatments or prepare a patient for a subsequent course of therapy; and
41	(iii) does not mean a drug listed under federal law as a Schedule I, II, or III drug.
42	[(a)] <u>(b)</u> "Cosmetic drug":
43	(i) means a prescription drug that is:
44	(A) for the purpose of promoting attractiveness or altering the appearance of an
45	individual; and
46	(B) listed as a cosmetic drug subject to the exemption under this section by the division
47	by administrative rule; and
48	(ii) does not include a prescription drug that is:
49	(A) a controlled substance;
50	(B) compounded by the physician; or
51	(C) prescribed or used for the patient for the purpose of diagnosing, curing, mitigating,
52	treating, or preventing a disease.
53	[(b)] (c) "Injectable weight loss drug":
54	(i) means an injectable prescription drug:
55	(A) prescribed to promote weight loss; and
56	(B) listed as an injectable prescription drug subject to exemption under this section by

57	the division by administrative rule; and
58	(ii) does not include a prescription drug that is a controlled substance.
59	[(c)] (d) "Prescribing practitioner" means an individual licensed under:
60	(i) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, as an advanced practice registered nurse with
61	prescriptive practice;
62	(ii) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
63	(iii) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
64	(iv) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act.
65	(2) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following
66	individuals may engage in the acts or practices described in this section without being licensed
67	under this chapter:
68	(a) a person selling or providing contact lenses in accordance with Section 58-16a-801
69	(b) an individual engaging in the practice of pharmacy technician under the direct
70	personal supervision of a pharmacist while making satisfactory progress in an approved
71	program as defined in division rule;
72	(c) a prescribing practitioner who prescribes and dispenses a cosmetic drug or an
73	injectable weight loss drug to the prescribing practitioner's patient in accordance with
74	Subsection (4); [and]
75	(d) an optometrist, as defined in Section 58-16a-102, acting within the optometrist's
76	scope of practice as defined in Section 58-16a-601, who prescribes and dispenses a cosmetic
77	drug to the optometrist's patient in accordance with Subsection (4)[-]; and
78	(e) (i) a prescribing practitioner who:
79	(A) treats a patient who is currently undergoing chemotherapy in an outpatient clinic
80	setting:
81	(B) prescribes a cancer drug treatment regimen to the patient:
82	(C) determines that providing the cancer drug treatment regimen to the patient in the
83	outpatient clinic setting is in the best interest of the patient, or provides better access to care for
84	the patient;
85	(D) discloses to the patient that the cancer drug treatment regimen may be obtained
86	from a pharmacy unaffiliated with the prescribing practitioner;
87	(E) does not directly or indirectly mark up, charge a commission, or make a profit on

88	providing the cancer drug regimen, but may obtain payment for expenses and services related
89	to providing the cancer drug regimen;
90	(F) provides the cancer drug treatment regimen to the patient, or directs another person
91	under Subsection (2)(e)(ii) to provide the cancer drug treatment regimen to the patient;
92	(G) is certified or eligible to be certified by the American Board of Internal Medicine
93	in medical oncology;
94	(H) reports to the Utah Controlled Substance Database in the same manner as required
95	by Section 58-37f-203, and follows labeling, recordkeeping, patient counseling, and storage
96	requirements established by administrative rule adopted by the division in consultation with the
97	board; and
98	(I) for drugs described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) only, follows the USP-NF \$→ [979]
98a	<u>797</u> ←Ŝ
99	standards for sterile compounding if the drug dispensed to the patient is reconstituted or
100	compounded; and
101	(ii) a person who is not a prescribing practitioner who:
102	(A) is employed as a healthcare provider by a prescribing practitioner or the outpatient
103	clinic setting in which the prescribing practitioner works and is acting within the individual's
104	scope of practice;
105	(B) is acting under the direction of a prescribing practitioner who is immediately
106	available on site for any necessary consultation, and who has complied with Subsection
107	(2)(e)(i);
108	(C) prepares or provides the cancer drug treatment regimen to the patient at the
109	outpatient clinic setting; and
110	(D) follows Subsections (2)(e)(i)(E) and (H).
111	(3) In accordance with Subsection 58-1-303(1)(a), an individual exempt under
112	Subsection (2)(b) must take all examinations as required by division rule following completion
113	of an approved curriculum of education, within the required time frame. This exemption
114	expires immediately upon notification of a failing score of an examination, and the individual
115	may not continue working as a pharmacy technician even under direct supervision.
116	(4) A prescribing practitioner or optometrist is exempt from licensing under the
117	provisions of this part if the prescribing practitioner or optometrist:
118	(a) (i) writes a prescription for a drug the prescribing practitioner or optometrist has the

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119 authority to dispense under Subsection (4)(b); and 120 (ii) informs the patient: 121 (A) that the prescription may be filled at a pharmacy or dispensed in the prescribing 122 practitioner's or optometrist's office; 123 (B) of the directions for appropriate use of the drug; 124 (C) of potential side-effects to the use of the drug; and 125 (D) how to contact the prescribing practitioner or optometrist if the patient has 126 questions or concerns regarding the drug; 127 (b) dispenses a cosmetic drug or injectable weight loss drug only to the prescribing 128 practitioner's patients or for an optometrist, dispenses a cosmetic drug only to the optometrist's 129 patients; and 130 (c) follows labeling, record keeping, patient counseling, and storage requirements 131 established by administrative rule adopted by the division in consultation with the boards listed 132 in Subsection (5)(a). 133 (5) (a) The division, in consultation with the board under this chapter, the Physician 134 Licensing Board, the Osteopathic Physician Licensing Board, the Physician Assistant Licensing 135 Board, the Board of Nursing, and the Optometrist Licensing Board shall adopt administrative 136 rules pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act to designate: 137 (i) the prescription drugs that may be dispensed as a cosmetic drug or weight loss drug 138 under this section; and 139 (ii) the requirements under Subsection (4)(c). 140 (b) When making a determination under Subsection $(1)[\frac{(a)}{(a)}](b)$, the division and boards 141 listed in Subsection (5)(a), may consider any federal Food and Drug Administration indications 142 or approval associated with a drug when adopting a rule to designate a prescription drug that 143 may be dispensed under this section. 144 (c) The division may inspect the office of a prescribing practitioner or optometrist who 145 is dispensing under the provisions of this section, in order to determine whether the prescribing 146 practitioner or optometrist is in compliance with the provisions of this section. If a prescribing 147 practitioner or optometrist chooses to dispense under the provisions of this section, the 148 prescribing practitioner or optometrist consents to the jurisdiction of the division to inspect the

prescribing practitioner's or optometrist's office and determine if the provisions of this section

150	are being met by the prescribing practitioner and optometrist.
151	(d) If a prescribing practitioner or optometrist violates a provision of this section, the
152	prescribing practitioner or optometrist may be subject to discipline under:
153	(i) this chapter; and
154	(ii) (A) Chapter 16a, Utah Optometry Practice Act;
155	(B) Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act;
156	(C) Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act;
157	(D) Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
158	(E) Chapter 70a, Physician Assistant Act.
159	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), this section does not restrict or limit the
160	scope of practice of an optometrist or optometric physician licensed under Chapter 16a, Utah
161	Optometry Practice Act.