1	POSSESSION OF GRAFFITI PARAPHERNALIA
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Criminal Code regarding the possession of instruments used in
10	making graffiti.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	<ul> <li>modifies the damage amounts for the levels of graffiti offenses;</li> </ul>
14	<ul> <li>prohibits a person from possessing any instrument, tool, or device that is commonly</li> </ul>
15	used to make graffiti with the intent to deface the property of another; and
16	<ul><li>provides that the punishment for this offense is a class B misdemeanor.</li></ul>
17	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
18	None
19	Other Special Clauses:
20	None
21	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
22	AMENDS:
23	<b>76-6-107</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 142
24	ENACTS:
25	<b>76-6-107.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
26	



Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

27

28	Section 1. Section <b>76-6-107</b> is amended to read:
29	76-6-107. Graffiti defined Penalties Removal costs Reimbursement
30	liability.
31	(1) "Graffiti" means any form of unauthorized printing, writing, spraying, scratching,
32	affixing, or inscribing on the property of another regardless of the content or nature of the
33	material used in the commission of the act.
34	(2) "Victim" means the person or entity whose property was defaced by the graffiti and
35	bears the expense for its removal.
36	(3) Graffiti is a:
37	(a) second degree felony if the damage caused is in excess of \$5,000;
38	(b) third degree felony if the damage caused is in excess of [\$1,000] \$1,500, but not
39	greater than \$5,000;
40	(c) class A misdemeanor if the damage caused is equal to or in excess of [\$300] \$500
41	but not greater than \$1,500; and
42	(d) class B misdemeanor if the damage caused is less than [\$300] \$500.
43	(4) Damages under Subsection (3) include removal costs, repair costs, or replacement
44	costs, whichever is less.
45	(5) The court, upon conviction or adjudication, shall order restitution to the victim in
46	the amount of removal, repair, or replacement costs.
47	(6) An additional amount of \$1,000 in restitution shall be added to removal costs if the
48	graffiti is positioned on an overpass or an underpass, requires that traffic be interfered with in
49	order to remove it, or the entity responsible for the area in which the clean-up is to take place
50	must provide assistance in order for the removal to take place safely.
51	(7) A person who voluntarily and at his own expense, removes graffiti for which he is
52	responsible may be credited for the removal costs against restitution ordered by a court.
53	Section 2. Section <b>76-6-107.5</b> is enacted to read:
54	76-6-107.5. Possession of instrument for making graffiti.
55	(1) Any person who possesses any material, instrument, tool, device, article, or other
56	item with the intent that it be used in the violation of Section 76-6-107, is guilty of a class B
57	misdemeanor.
58	(2) Intent that the item is to be used in graffiti may be inferred from the totality of the

59 <u>circumstances under which the person possesses it.</u>

Legislative Review Note as of 12-19-11 6:35 AM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel